THE DAILY PRESS.

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THE DAILY PRESS

IS AN EVENING EDITION OF THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTIONALIST AND IS ISSUED EVERY DAY—EXCEPTING SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS—AT FIVE O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON; SENT THROUGH THE POST OFFICE AT $5.00 A YEAR, OR DELIVERED BY CARRIER AT 10 CENTS A WEEK. SINGLE COPIES 2 CENTS.

IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—The sleighing continues good today, but the mild weather is fast telling on it.

—Regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Y. M. C. A., to-morrow (Thursday) evening at 8 o'clock.

—Be patient, girls, a list of the old maids, it is said, is in course of preparation by our John L. Sullivan contemporary.

—A regular meeting of the O. A. F. will be held in the parlors of Zephyr Hook and Ladder company, to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

—The seduction case which was set down for a hearing before Justice Nash this morning was dismissed, the complainant failing to appear and press the charge.

—Following our custom of each Wednesday, we give in full today on our last page, Dr. Talmage's fourth sermon "to the women of America, with important hints to men."

—Mr. Charles Bock, whose buildings on East Second street, were destroyed by fire a few days ago, will rebuild the same as soon as his losses are adjusted by the insurance companies.

—At the evening service in Warren Mission chapel on Sunday, Mr. James R. Perrine was in charge. A choir composed of young ladies rendered several vocal selections in a very pleasant manner.

—The regular monthly meeting of Gazelle Engine Co., No. 1, will be held in their parlors, this evening, at 7:30 o'clock. A full attendance is requested as business of importance is to be transacted.

—The waiting room at the depot is being improved. Masons are busily engaged patching up the cracks in the walls and the interior is to be freshened by a coat of paint. The building is also being wired for incandescent purposes.

—We are informed that the costs in the case of the Borough of North Plainfield *vs.* Tunis J. Carey, recently decided in favor of Chief Carey, will not exceed $100, which by virtue of the decision will very naturally fall on the borough.

—The semi-annual convocation of the diocese was held in Trinity church at Cranford, yesterday. Special services were held in the church during the day and evening. Manuel Munoz entertained the visiting clergymen at his residence.

—The steep hill at the extreme eastern end of Broadway is in an excellent condition for coasting, and every pleasant evening many young people amuse themselves riding down the steep incline and the accompanying pleasure (?) of walking back a quarter of a mile to the starting point.

—On Sunday, acting under instructions from Chief Waters of the Fire Department, William Grattin made another tour of the city and salted the covers of the fire wells. William will not have to trust to Providence for his pay, as members of the Fire Board have personally become responsible for it.

—"The Legislative Manual," presented to us by ex-City Judge John Ulrich, from Trenton, places the total number of newspapers in the State at 254. Of this number, according to the manual, 76 are independent in politics; 57 are Republican; 57 are Democratic; three are neutral; forty, politics not stated; six religious; five Prohibition; three educational; two labor, and one each Anti-Monopoly, Odd Fellow, Masonic, Law and Mechanical.

—Persons unable to indulge their desire for a sleigh-ride, says an exchange, are recommended to try the following substitute: Sit on the top step of the porch, where the wind has a fair crack at you, put your feet in a pail of ice water, now and then slip an icicle down your back, have some one pelt you in the face with a hunk of snow occasionally, and get your little boy to jingle a string of bells, and you have all the leading features of a sleigh-ride and not a cent of cost.

RETRIBUTION OVERTAKES HIM.

The City Sentences the Editor of the (?) to Pay a Fine of $50 or Spend 20 Days In the County Jail.

As Judge Suydam was engaged with his partner, Counsellor Stillman, in an important case at Newark, yesterday morning, it was announced that the City Court would hold a hearing of the case of the City against T. W. Morrison for fighting on the public street, at 2:30 p. m. Morrison left town, however, on the 2:25 train, and after vain watching by officer Lynch for the accused, Court adjourned at 5:30 until this morning at nine o'clock. The accused then appeared and plead *non cult*, stating, at the same time, that he did not mean to strike the complainant and was sorry afterwards.

At the request of Judge Suydam, Chief of Police Carey, who was an eye witness, made a statement of the affair. He said he was standing on the curb talking with the accused when the complainant passed. The latter had gone about twenty-feet, when the former called out: "Demmie, see here; I want to speak to you." The complainant turned and came up to Morrison who said, "If you mention my family I'll smash your head."

"I think," continued Mr. Carey, "he made some reply, but, anyway, all in an instant Morrison struck him and knocked *him down.*" The witness then went on to say that he seized the accused and led him away, and that he said he was sorry. [Just how sorry did not appear until his editorial of the next day, wherein he states after reflection, "The affair might have occurred to any of the responsible publishers had they happened along at the time."] In reply to a question of the complainant, Chief Carey said that he believed if he had not seized Morrison he (the accused) would have again struck complainant as he was getting up.

The Court in passing sentence implied it should be more severe because of the bringing up and intelligence of the accused, but it was inclined to be lenient because of Chief Carey's statement of the sorrow afterwards expressed. Judge Suydam continued: "I shall sentence you to a fine of $50, and in case it is not paid forthwith, shall commit you to the County Jail for twenty days."

Dying on the Street.

Another affecting scene was witnessed by a large number of persons on North avenue this afternoon. John Mills, with his wife and two small children, arrived in town from Worcester, Mass., expecting to take up their residence here. One of the children, a boy, but a few years of age, was at the point of death with diphtheria. When the family arrived in town, they learned that their furniture, shipped several days ago, had not yet arrived, and consequently they knew not where to go. A physician was consulted who pronounced the child's illness a malignant form of diphtheria. For fully an hour the father stood on North avenue with the dying child in his arms, while the mother, a frail woman, carried the other. Tears trinkled down their cheeks as they beheld their baby's life slowly passing away, and aware of the fact that they were without a home in the midst of strangers. Ex-Mayor Rockfellow, acting on behalf of the Board of Health, exerted himself to find a place where the family could at least be sheltered. He succeeded in procuring quarters for them in a house in the rear of Fairchild's furniture store, where Officer Lynch took them. The child has since died.

Burned to Death.

The three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Snedecker of Sixth street and Plainfield avenue, was so terribly burned last evening, that Dr. Charles H. Penfield, who is in attendance, has no hopes of saving its life. While the mother was absent from the room for a few moments, the little boy in playing about came in contact with the cook-stove, and his clothing was soon a mass of flames. Before the calamity was discovered, the child was so horribly burned that he cannot open his eyes and suffers no pain. Two-thirds of the body being entirely burned, there is no possibility of saving its life.

He Always Remembers Himself.

In one article alone in the *Evening (?)* of yesterday, THE PRESS is called "A Blackguard Sheet," and its staff—

"Cowards;"
"Contemptible objects:"
"Blackguards;"
"Cowardly Blackmailers."

And the writer of that article says he only forgot himself once in forty years.

A Fraternal Reception.

A reception to Commander-in Chief John P. Rae of the G. A. R., of Minnesota, will be held at the rooms of Aaron Wilkes Post No. 23, of Trenton, next Monday afternoon, from two to six o'clock. Commander Atwood of Post 73, of this city, with a delegation will be present.

A Courageous Act.

A runaway horse on Somerset street, yesterday afternoon, was stopped by the bravery of Mr. Teddy Smith, and the lives of a woman and two children who were in the sleigh behind the infuriated animal, were probably saved.

A man who was too frightened to be sure that his name was Mantz when questioned by a PRESS reporter, had started out with his wife and two little children to visit friends over the hills back of North Plainfield. On Somerset street the horse he was driving became frightened by the boys "cutting behind" with their sleds, and started at a mad pace towards the Notch. A cutter, in which was seated a former and a present government official, gave chase, and on the way picked up Mantz who had been thrown out of the runaway sleigh.

Meanwhile the woman had carefully placed her baby and five-year-old child on the seat, and crawling over the dashboard was vainly endeavoring to reach the reins that hung loose about the flying heels of the running horse. Some distance up Somerset street Mr. Teddy Smith, by a great effort, was successful in jumping on the rear of the sleigh and climbing in. He drew the woman back from her perilous position, and got there himself. Quickly but carefully crawling out on the shafts and the back of the horse, he was able so to seize the angry animal and by main force arrest his progress. When those who were following in the other sleigh arrived, the woman and children were taken in and brought back to their home on Pearl street, safe and sound. The mother was somewhat shocked, but the little ones thoroughly enjoyed their rapid ride.

Repairs to Trinity Reformed Church.

The Sunday school room of Trinity Reformed church is at present occupied by a corps of workmen who are engaged in converting the interior of the place into more desirable and comfortable accommodations. The room is being thoroughly renovated, the ceiling kalsomined, and the uncomfortable benches are to be replaced by easy chairs. New carpet will cover the entire surface of the floor. Among other improvements, the Superintendent's desk will be located in another part of the room, thus making an entire change in appearance of the room. These repairs are intended as a surprise for the pastor, when he returns with his bride. The committee having the matter in charge is composed of the following persons: Miss Ella Benedict, Miss Lizzie Brooks, Miss Nettie Mattison, Mrs. S. C. Baker, Mr. E. E. Anthony, and Mr. Daniel Van Winkle, all giving undivided time and attention to the work in order to make the surprise a most agreeable one. The expense will be paid by the Sunday school and the Ladies Christian Work Society of the church.

The Jolly 4.

The evening sociable, under the auspices of the "Plainfield Jolly Four" which is composed of the following: J. C. Pennington, E. I. Vroom, J. Totten, and L. Bunn, held at French's Hall, Somerset street, last evening, was a success in every particular. The programme included thirty-eight dances, the music for which was furnished by Prof. Frazee. Mr. L. C. Beekman ably performed the duties of Floor Manager, to the satisfaction of everyone present. Shortly after midnight the guests sat down to a sumptuous supper, gotten up in Ramonetti's best style, after which the dancing was continued until daylight this morning, when the guests returned to their homes well pleased with the jolly, good time they had received invitations for and participated in.

As He Judges So Shall He be Judged.

The *Evening (?)* of Saturday published a list which placed on the same level ministers of the gospel and others of culture and refinement, with men of all grades and morals. Because the same treatment is offered his, as was given us, the Whyo editor starts out to jump on the smallest responsible PRESS reporter he can find. If he proposes to pose before this community as a model husband and father, he will hear of something to his disadvantage.

A Total Loss Prevented.

During Friday night of last week a fire was discovered in a closet of the back kitchen of a small dwelling belonging to the Moorcraft estate at Bloomington. The fire is said to have been started by the carelessness of a young child of Mr. Dennis McLaughlin the occupant of the premises. The father had little difficulty in putting out the flames. There was no insurance on the house or furniture.

Brotherly Aid.

The members of the G. A. R., of this city will tender all the assistance in their power to the bereaved family of Mr. Norman C. Mague whose daughter died in the waiting room of the station, yesterday, as told in THE PRESS. The dejected father is a member of the Massachusetts division of the G. A. R., and his comrades in this city proffered their aid at once.

The Second of This Season's Philharmonic.

Season after season, and concert after concert, of the New York Philharmonic Club given in this city, have we written of. Nothing remains to be said. A criticism clipped from a back-number, would fit last night's perfect entertainment as truly as it fitted the concert that called it forth. Last evening's was the second of this season's series under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., as arranged by Messrs. E. St John and H. P. Reynolds. The audience was large, and the programme was one of the most enjoyable ever presented in this city.

Part first opened with a sextette by Gernsheim, that included an andante movement that was most tender and at times dreamy. Appassionata and scherzo movements, later in the programme, by the entire Club, displayed a charming contrast—the one soulful, and the other lively and brilliant. An air and minuet from Gluck's "Orpheus" was very fine, but the bright and pretty "Spanish Dance" that followed was the most popular of the evening. The Beethoven Quartette was no doubt extremely classical if that means every man for himself in one harmonious whole. Parts of the andante movement were worthy the great master, but the theme of the scherzo was merely a fair imitation of the bag-pipes.

Mr. Schenck's 'cello solos were finely executed, of course. The first number was thoughtful and the second delightful. An encore was spontaneous—the audience beginning its applause before the last note had faded.

Mrs. Emil Gramm—as THE PRESS must insist despite the statement of her advertisements—possesses a mezzo voice, full and rich. She is also a lady of fine presence and graceful carriage. Her voice is carefully trained and skillfully used, and the audience showed its appreciation of it all by enthusiastic recalls after her numbers. She sang as an encore to her first piece, "O, Happy Day."

A PRESS reporter believing that an opinion of the entertainment from the other side of the footlights, would be of novel interest, interviewed one of the inner circle. We herewith present his criticism below, for comparison with that above. After reading the opinion of THE PRESS layman, that of the professional is doubly interesting. The latter said:

"The audience evidently labored under the depression of the chilly temperature and gloomy lighting of the Hall—conditions which the managers of the Hall cannot too soon remedy. The poor acoustics of the house are, perhaps, irremediable; insufficient heat and light, however, will be attributed to bad judgment or—poverty. Mr. Arnold and his associates were in their usual good form and every selection was unexceptionably rendered, though the programme as a whole was, perhaps, less interesting than some with which the musicians have favored you. To my thinking, the gem of the evening was the andante movement of the Beethoven Quartette (No. 16, Op. 135) a movement full of haunting melodies. But the only selection which served to fully stir you Plainfielders from the depression I mentioned, was the lively Spinning Song of Popper, the second part of Mr. Emil Schenck's violoncello solo. Evidently people were glad to be stirred out of their sadness."

Bitten by a Dog.

A workman employed on the Percy Ohl farm, situated about a mile to the South of the city, was horribly bitten by a fourteen-months-old St. Bernard dog on Friday. The animal is one of the largest straight-haired St. Bernard dogs in the country, and was owned by a gentleman in New York city. The dog has never before been considered dangerous, but on Friday he became vicious, and bit the keeper eleven times on the right leg between the knee and ankle, terribly lacerating the flesh. The owner of the dog was notified, and on Saturday two men came out from New York and killed the vicious brute. When the animal was but five months old an offer of $750, it is said, was refused.

Reform Club Executive Committee Meeting.

The Executive Committee of the Reform Club have for some time past had under consideration the matter of re-modeling the basement of Reform Hall. A partition is to be erected, in the centre of the large room, and other improvements made. Bids for the work were solicited and on Friday evening the Executive Committee met in the hall and opened them. The result of the meeting was not stated, but as yet the contract for the work has not been awarded.

Held For the Grand Jury's Action.

Immediately after conviction by the city and the payment of a fine of $50, this morning, as recorded elsewhere, the editor of the *Evening (?)* was arrested by a constable on a charge of atrocious assault and battery, which is a crime against the State. The prisoner was taken before Justice Nash and held under $200 bail to await the action of the next Grand Jury. Mr. Joseph E. Cutter was secured as bondsman, and Morrison was released.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mr. Chas. H. Pratt has been appointed Registry Clerk in the Post Office.

Miss Ada Cairncross of this city has gone to Augusta, Ga., to spend the Winter.

Mr. Charles Goodman and family who were rendered homeless by fire, last week, are stopping at the City Hotel.

Mr. Charles Goodman, whose home was destroyed by fire on Thursday last, is the owner of a handsome life-size statue of Emperor William. The statue is of wax, and is pronounced very life-like. Mr. Goodman purchased the image in Liverpool, some time since, at a cost of about $225.

Mrs. Clarissa A. Hawley, of Hammontown, N. J., whose husband is a night-watchman in this city, has been visiting, for the past month, her daughter, Mrs. George Stowe, of Stoneham, Mass. On Friday morning last George was presented with a nine-pound son and heir, and joins with his wife and mother-in-law in complete happiness.

A Supper of Mixed Dishes.

That "things are seldom what they seem," is realized upon a perusal of the *menu* to be served at the "Anagram Supper" of the Seventh Day Baptist church, announced for this evening. Five hundred large appetites are wanted, with money sufficient to satisfy them. The prices of all dishes are most reasonable—"Naked Babes" are ten cents, while "E. P. Slick" are free. We give below a portion of the bill of fare, verbatim. Those of our readers who cannot be present at the feast, may enjoy the puzzle of its dishes. The entire *menu* is printed in anagram, except these words at the bottom about which no mistake is desired—"Please pay at the desk."

STEAM CLOD.
Kurrey Toast, Cend Before,
One rich Stack, Noble to Guide.
LAD SAS.
Bolster, Hic neck.
REBAD.
A birth weed, It is cubs,
Bend Barrow, Wished cans.
Shock Tea with Up Spry Male.
TRY SAP.
Lake Carey, Pine Mice,
Sell Curr, Ratts.
SHRINK DOT, WITH MAD GUS LARKIN.
Efoce Puff Co., Dime Taxe.

New Jersey Game Laws.

A Trenton "special" to a New York *Journal* yesterday says: "New Jersey is forever changing her game laws, and amateurs from sister States are at a loss often to know exactly when and where they can shoot. A bill recently introduced in its Legislature divides the State into two game sections, the northern comprising the counties of Essex, Bergen, Hudson, Hunterdon, Middlesex, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Union and Warren, where no one shall take or kill game except between Oct. 15 and Dec. 1. The southern section comprises the counties of Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Mercer, Monmouth, Ocean and Salem, where it is proposed to limit the open season to twenty-one days, or between Nov. 14 and Dec. 5."

A New Lodge Instituted.

A delegation from Unity Lodge, No. 102, K. of P. of this city went to Jersey City last evening and instituted a new lodge at that place. The new lodge is to be known as Hancock Lodge No. 114, K. of P., and starts out with 125 charter members. The following Past Chancellors from Unity Lodge, conducted the ceremony: Fred Sears, J. F. Evans, H. J. Martin, J. F. Sheppard. Messrs. D. W. Rogers from Unity Lodge, and L. DeCamp from Perseverance Lodge, accompanied the delegation. The work of instituting the new lodge was not completed until after 3 o'clock this morning.

A Dividend Declared.

The Board of Directors of the City National Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of three and one-half per cent. The dividend is paid out of the earnings of the institution during the past six months, and is made payable on and after Tuesday, Feb. 7. The Board under its present efficient management is run on a paying basis, and its list of depositors is like THE PRESS' subscription list—rapidly growing.

—Edward Kennedy, otherwise known as the Mayor of Bull-Frog city, requests us to state that he made a demand on Street Commissioner Angleman for ten cents yesterday, which the latter refused him, because he would not promise to put the aforesaid dime to good use.

—Messrs. Jones & Co's men have been called upon several times within the past few days to remove dead horses. The old gray horse formerly owned by the late William B. T. Lane, died of old age on Saturday. The animal was 22 years old. On Monday a valuable horse belonging to Mr. Frederick W. Gray of Hillside avenue, had to be killed. The animal had a leg broken in the stable, by being kicked by another horse.

The New Driving Track.

The New York *Tribune* yesterday published the following denial concerning the establishment of a mile straight-away course in this city by the Jerome Driving Park Association:

A special dispatch from Plainfield, N. J., published yesterday, surprised turf-patrons generally with the information that the Jerome Park Association was negotiating the purchase, near Plainfield, of a tract of land to be used for the projected one mile straight-away-course. The agents of the Association in the transaction were said to be A. B. Raymond and Charles W. Barthgate, who were provided with $200,000 to complete the purchase.

It did not require much effort on the part of lovers of racing to enumerate a score of good reasons why the Jerome Park Association should not make any purchase now, and especially not one in New Jersey. Their arguments led them to suppose that the great fizzle known as the Turf Alliance was really endeavoring to put into execution its threat of starting an opposition course of its own. The only reason to be cited against this theory was improbability that A. B. Raymond and Charles W. Barthgate would act as representatives of the bookmakers.

F. A. Lovecraft said: 'I can deny most positively that the Jerome Park Association has anything whatever to do with the alleged negotiations at Plainfield. The idea is absurd. If the bookmakers are going to start a course down there, they will please everybody. They can have a thorough monopoly of all the business, betting, results, etc., and no one will raise an objection.'

Notwithstanding the above denial, as a matter of fact it may be stated that the two above named gentlemen visited this city a few days ago on a prospecting tour, in the interest of the Jerome Park Driving Association, and before leaving expressed themselves as well pleased with Plainfield and the facilities offered for the location of a track here. Right here, THE PRESS may as well give its readers a quiet "tip" with reference to the project. The Jerome Park Driving Association may in all probability purchase land in this city for a mile straight-away-track, provided, of course, exorbitant rates are not exacted. Furthermore it has come to our knowledge that the Manning farm, lying along Clinton avenue is not the location sought for, but a farm in an altogether different locality is the one now under consideration. Some of the influential managers of the Association are now in Europe, and until they return negotiations will not be entered into. It is stated that in case the Manning farm was purchased for the purpose, and the adding thereto of an adjoining farm, this would not enable the association to lay out a mile straight-away-course without crossing the public highways. This as a matter of course, could not be done, under any consideration. On Sunday a quartette of gentlemen well known in sporting circles alighted from a morning train in this city and at once, in a barouche, proceeded to the Manning farm on Clinton avenue. They made known their mission to no one, not even the driver, but when they arrived at the farm they disembarked and made a tour, by foot, of the premises. On the way back, one of the gentlemen was heard to remark, "This is the right place."

A Warning to Coasters.

The hill road leading from Washington Valley into Scotch Plains was on Saturday the scene of an almost fatal accident. The hill is long and steep, and bobs glide down, it is estimated, at the rate of a mile a minute. On the day mentioned a bob-load of young people rushing down the hill at a frightful speed, collided with a sleigh belonging to Mr. John Spencer, but fortunately none of the coasters were seriously injured. Pilots on "jumpers" were sent out in advance of the bob, and although warning was given, the young man named Hall who was steering the bob, seemed to lose all control of it for the time being. By the collision the hind "knee" on Mr. Spencer's sleigh was torn away. Mr. Spencer came to this city and consulted a lawyer with reference to having the dangerous practice abated. The conference resulted in Mr. Aaron Allen, road overseer of District No. 1, posting notices along the hill, yesterday, prohibiting coasting parties from using the hill for that purpose.

New Appointments on the Central Railroad.

Several changes go into effect on the Central Railroad today. Mr. Griggs, Superintendent of motive power at the Elizabethport shops, retires, and will be succeeded by W. L. Hoffecker, formerly of the L. and S. Division. L. B. Barstow is to have general superintendency of motive power. W. H. Peddle retires from the New Jersey Southern Division and will be succeeded by W. V. Clark, who will have entire charge of this branch of the Central. Edward Seiss, night baggage-master for the Central Company at Elizabeth, is promoted to assistant day baggage-master. The vacancy is filled by the appointment of Christian Otto.

—The Executive Committee of the New Jersey Board of Agriculture has decided not to hold the annual meeting at Trenton until today and to-morrow, owing to the rush of business in the Supreme Court, in which court room the session is held.

THE BIG READING STRIKE

AN EFFORT TO START THE WILLIAM PENN COLLIERY.

But Little Confidence Placed in the Success of This Undertaking—A Letter Asking Miners to Stand Firm.

READING, Feb. 1.—To-day witnesses a test case, and one of considerable importance in the present trouble in the coal regions. Yesterday one of the William Penn colliery officials said:

"We intend to start our colliery in the morning. We will employ all who apply, union or non-union, and if they go to work for us it will be with the express understanding that we intend shipping all our mined coal on the Reading Company's cars. We shall have ample police protection, and I hardly think any of the non-union men will be assaulted with loaves of bread or anything else by the wives of the strikers, as was the case at the Glendower colliery on Monday evening. We shall see that there will be no interference from any source."

It is evident that the largest owners of this colliery, the Brooke Iron Company, have very little confidence in the success of the effort, or they would not have blown out their large furnaces yesterday. It was this colliery, thirty-five miles away, from which they receive their coal supply, and had they thought there was any likelihood of successful resumption they would have bought a few more cars of high priced coal, and continued their furnace in operation.

The following circular letter, drawn up by the Advisory Board, has been sent to all the men:

BROTHERS:—

We address you in the name of humanity and a long-suffering and outraged public. During the last four months of 1887 you received a percentage on your wages ranging from eight to twenty per cent. That, you know, was got through organization; much more will be gained now if you all stand firm. Loss of wages and social degradation will be yours if you lose this fight. Remember that this is one of the decisive battles of the labor war.

To those who will insist on working contrary to the orders of the joint committee and the wishes of the laboring people, we will say you cannot serve God and Mammon. You are with us or you are against us, and if not with us, we must necessarily treat you as enemies. There are no extenuating circumstances.

You must, by the force of circumstances, be in the fight one way or the other. If we win, you win; if we lose, you lose. Your duty is to stand by your fellow men.

If any of you be forced to work because you are in want, let it be known and your wants will be amply provided for. We know that some of you have been decieved and some of you have been coaxed, while others have been forced to go in the place of others.

Who are most likely to be your true friends, those who labor with you or those who in the past have taken every opportunity to reduce your wages and degrade your manhood.

Brothers, do you think you are asked to work because the coal baron feels for your misery, or because he wants to break the ranks of labor with a view to its ultimate destruction? Those who are not members of a union are subject to the same conditions. They will rise or fall with the majority.

Now, brothers, the Joint Committee have not authorized you to do any "scabbing." On the contrary, they denounce it, and they ask you not to believe every silly story that is started. We know that our local papers are against us, and we ask you and the public at large not to pay any attention to them.

When there is any official information you will get it at the office of the Advisory Board.

Stay away from the collieries until you get orders from the Joint Committee.

The Reading is being flooded with chiefs of the Pinkerton detectives and their hands with a view to guarding scabs. Your duty is plain; stay away from the breakers until a settlement is made. Do not be cajoled into betraying your best interests.

Very respectfully,

THE ADVISORY BOARD.

"SCABS" STONED BY WOMEN.

Wives and Daughters of the Strikers Attack Non-Union Men.

GLEN CARBON, Pa., Feb. 1.—The wives and daughters of the striking miners made an attack yesterday on the "scabs" or non-union men who went to work in the Reading Company's Glendower Colliery. When the "scabs" came out of the mines about seventy-five excited women met them. Each carried a loaf of bread. One young woman advanced and read an address to the frightened men on the shame of taking the places of their husbands and brothers and offering to share their last crust with them. They then offered the loaves, which were refused.

The women then showered the loaves upon the heads of the "scabs," used opprobrious epithets and chased the "scabs" pell mell to the miners' train that just then arrived and took the scared men out of the reach of their infuriated pursuers.

This was the first outbreak of the strike.

Parade of the Jibboom Club.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Feb. 1.—The most unique and exciting procession ever seen in New England was witnessed here last night, when the Jibboom Club, composed of whaling captains, ancient mariners and sailors, paraded, headed by the Third Regiment Band. In the line were signal lights and fog horns, and, to add to the drollery, all the participants were clad in rough weather sea toggery. Along the line of march to the Grand Army Fair—for that was their objective point—they were greeted with Roman candles, red and green fire, &c., burned in honor of the mariners.

Mike Kelly S.

BOSTON, Feb. 1.—Michael [illegible]ly called on Director Billings yesterday and appended his signature to a Boston contract to play ball for the Boston Club in 1888. The figures were the same as last year, $4,500. Treasurer Billings drew a check for "Kel" for $1,000, which Michael takes as advance money.

Additions to the Investigating Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Pro tempore Speaker Cox has appointed Messrs. Cummings, of New York, and Gallinger, of New Hampshire, as additional members of the Printing Committee to investigate the Government Printing Office.

Smallpox on the Pacific Slope.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—Two more cases of smallpox occurred here yesterday. Five other cases are reported from Martine.

Tom Nast Imparts a Lesson.

When Thomas Nast was in Kansas City recently he was annoyed by the rudeness of the elevator boy, and said as much. On a later visit the boy was all politeness, and asked Mr. Nast for his unique autograph. Mr. Nast drew him a hasty pen and ink sketch of himself bowing to the elevator boy, and wrote under the drawing: "Those who elevate others must be polite themselves." The boy learned a lesson.

DEMPSEY WON THE FIGHT

HE BESTS M'CAFFREY THE TEN ROUNDS THROUGHOUT.

Fully Five Thousand People Witness the Struggle and Half As Many Unable to Gain Admission to the Building.

JERSEY CITY, Feb. 1.—Jack Dempsey, the "Nonpariel," defeated Dominick McCaffrey in a ten-round contest at the Pavonia Rink in the presence of fully five thousand spectators including sporting men from all over the country. Owing to trouble in deciding upon a referee the fight did not begin until nearly midnight and it was 12:30 this morning before the contest was finished.

Jere. Dunn acted as referee and announced that ten rounds Marquis of Queensberry rules, was to be the battle. Three-ounce gloves were used. McCaffrey was attended by Alf. Lunt and Jimmy Paterson, and Dempsey by Denny Costigan and Billy Madden.

Among the New Yorkers were: Harry Hill, Billy O'Brien, Billy Madden, Billy Edwards, Charley Davis, Dave Gilloh, Jimmy Hanly of Providence, and Joe Coburn.

A party of 300 came over from Philadelphia with McCaffrey.

Dempsey was stripped to the waist. His tights were blue and he wore white fighting shoes. McCaffrey had on a white shirt, pink tights and black shoes. Dempsey's weight was 153 and his opponent's 172. McCaffrey looked rather pale.

The men were introduced and cheered again, and then time was called and they sprang to the center of the stage.

In the opening round the men sparred very carefully. McCaffrey led for Dempsey's body, but he fell short. Then Dempsey let go his left, which landed on McCaffrey's face. Both men then played for the body until time was called.

Dempsey forced matters in the second round and sent his left home on McCaffrey's forehead and face over half a dozen times, without getting a blow in return. McCaffrey seemed very mad. He was working hard to get in his right on Dempsey, but the latter kept running around the ring away from the heavy weight.

In the third and fourth round, both men sparred very cautiously. Dempsey did all the leading and landed repeatedly on McCaffrey's face. Whenever the latter tried to counter the middle-weight champion, they would come to a clinch. McCaffrey only hit Dempsey about six times, and the blows were not very effective.

In the fifth round, Dempsey, by a well-directed left-hander, landed on McCaffrey's nose, which drew the first bloop. Matters then progressed quietly.

In the tenth and last round the men appeared as fresh as when they commenced. McCaffrey began leading, but Dempsey knocked off his blows in splendid shape. Referee Dunn decided that Dempsey was the winner on points, and the crowd made for the door.

Although Dempsey won the fight the financial arrangements were such that McCaffrey can console himself with the fact that he carried away considerable money.

The financial arrangements were these: Dempsey received, $1,560 from McCaffrey, who took the entire gate receipts and paid all the expenses.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH.

The Bill Referred to a Sub-Committee—No Demand For Postal Telegraphy.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The Senate Committee on Postoffices has referred the Postal Telegraph bills to a sub-committee consisting of Sawyer, Chace and Saulsbury. It is not going too far to say that this sub-committee is opposed to postal telegraphy, and the indications are that the greatest concession it will be likely to make will be to report a bill which will favor the contract system. Such a bill was reported from this committee two years and four years ago, but it failed to attract much attention in the Senate. "The fact is," said a member of the sub-committee who is likely to be as influential as any one in determining what the final action of the Committee will be, "there does not seem to be any demand in the country for a postal telegraph, and the figures relating to the subject seem to me to be unanswerable. The statistics of the telegraph service in this country show that only 2 per cent. of our entire population are the regular patrons of the telegraph, and of this comparatively small number 85 per cent. is composed of brokers, bankers, and persons who use the telegraph for speculative and business purposes, and who prefer to pay higher rates for insured speed in transmission and accuracy. It is my opinion that no postal-telegraph bill will be adopted by Congress at this session."

Law to Punish Overcrowing of Steamboats.

ALBANY, Feb. 1.—Assemblyman Rannow, of New York, seeks by legislative enactment to prevent the overcrowing of excurs on steamboats plying on the waters of this State. His bill introduced provides that such vessels shall file in the County Clerk's office a verified copy of the certificate, and that the original permit shall also be filed with the same officer. A turnstile or register shall be upon each boat at the entrance thereto, and plainly indicate in figures the number of persons on board. The masters of such boats shall within five days after the use of their boats for excursion purposes, file a sworn statement with the County Clerk as to the number of passengers carried. Failure to comply with the act is made a misdemeanor.

Ground to Pieces in the Ice.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 1.—A heavy mass of ice has been accumulating in the river upon the city front for the past three weeks and is gorged from shore to shore twenty feet thick. Yesterday the gorge moved about 500 yards down the river and the result was very disastrous to river craft. The St. Louis and New Orleans passenger steamer, Will. S. Hays, valued at $80,000, was ground to pieces. The loss now aggregates over $150,000.

Scarlet Fever's Deadly Work.

BRISTOL, Pa., Feb. 1.—Scarlet fever of a malignant type has broken out in the outskirts of this town, and many deaths are reported. The fever obliterated one entire family of the name of Vandergrift in a short time. The last of the family and the youngest was buried a few days ago. They consisted of a mother and five children, and some of them only lived a few hours after they were attacked.

The Signal Service Discontinued.

BOSTON, Feb. 1.—The signal service display men at the six stations ordered discontinued from Jan. 20 to July 1 next, because the appropriations for paying their salaries has run out, will, with the possible exception of those at the Highland lights signal station, continue to hoist storm signals without compensation until Congress makes provision for paying them.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING JAN. 27, 1887.

Adams, Miss Lena	McNamara, John
Allen, Miss Mary	Martin, Mrs M J
Angle, D A	Ritter, Jacob (2)
Box 5009	Richards, Jas. (2)
Carman, Mrs Henry	Ruchman, Wm
Cheney, L W	Randolph, Miss Annie
Compton, W A	Taylor, Mrs Agnes E
Clark, Mrs M M	Turner, Miss Alice (2)
Kilkmann, H H	Valentine, Bros.
Moore, A S	Wiltz, Henry

Word, Miss Katie M

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9:30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Windows. Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

LOST—On Tuesday evening, a Lady's Hunting Case Gold Watch: initials, M. B. S. on case. Also, short gold chain attached. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at this office.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork in a family of three persons. Apply at No. 19 Duer street. 1-28-tf

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use: in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

TRY THE "O. A. F." CIGAR; MADE FROM the finest Havana filler, without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best 5-cent cigar in the world. 11-16-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORB. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 169 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street N. Y. city.—my20tf

To the A. O. H. and the E. B. S.

At a special meeting of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society held Sunday evening, January 29, 1888, it was resolved to extend an invitation to the members of the A. O. H. and the Emerald Benefical Society, to meet with them in St. Mary's Hall at 7 p. m. on Thursday next, and march in a body to the Church, to be present at the blessing of the new bell.

Members are requested to be in full regalia.

JOHN O'ROURKE,
P. CASEY,
Committee.

1-31 2

Rutgers Glee Club

THE ST. ANDREW'S

SOCIETY of GRACE CHURCH

Have secured the services of this GLEE CLUB to give one of their Concerts in

MUSIC HALL,

On Monday, February 6th.

THEY WILL BE ASSISTED BY

Miss Maude Agnes Bowers,

WHO WILL GIVE TWO RECITATIONS

"Tarpeia," and "The Last String."

☞ Tickets can be obtained of any Member of the Society at 50 cents each, general admission. Reserved Seats at 25 or 50 cents additional can be secured at the Drug stores of J. G. Miller, or Field & Randolph. 2-1-tf

GOSPEL MEETING

Cutter's Hall.

FIFTH WEEK.

PLAINFIELD

BEREAN BIBLE CLASS

Gives you hearty invitation.

GOOD SINGING!

SOCIAL SPEAKING!

Testimony from new converts. COME!

1-30-6

MUSIC HALL,

THURSDAY, FEB. 2nd.

FUNNIER AND BETTER THAN EVER!

The best invasion of the drama by Chas H. Hoyt, author of "A Hole in the Ground," "A Rag Baby," "A Brass Monkey," etc., entitled

A TIN SOLDIER.

Under the Management of Messrs. Hoyt & Thomas. Overflowing with New Music, New Songs, New Specialties and Pretty Dances! Rats and the Plumber, Violet and Victoria, and all the pretty girls. Prices as usual. Tickets on sale at Fields & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's drug stores, January 31.

SKATES!

Club Skates!

Ladies' Skates!

And all other Kinds of SKATES!

Sleighs! Coasters!

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

—AND—

Sporting Goods!

Can be obtained at the new firm of

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.,

At 33 PARK AVENUE.

(*Successors to A. Vanderbeek.*)

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

my10-1y

GO TO

"ADAMS',"

10 PARK AVENUE,

For PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, WINDOW GLASS, ETC.

Fine lot of

Paper Hangings

IN STOCK.

Orders Taken for Paper Hanging and Decorating.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

7-11-tf

DROP IN

and see for yourself my superior stock of

HATS, CAPS,

AND

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

Also our elegant line of

NECK-WEAR.

A. C. HORTON,

(*Successor to F. A. Pope.*)

NO. 5 W. FRONT STREET.

9-20-y

J. P. Laire & Co.

SPECIAL SALE,

Parlor Stoves,

Horse Blankets and Robes,

Plush Laps, Sleigh Bells,

kates, Sleighs, Etc.

Will be sold Below Cost!

—TELEPHONE CALL, NO. 72.—

10my1

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave

my10t

TRY OUR

QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-16-t

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES

From the BEST MANUFACTU[illegible]

To which he calls the attention of a[illegible] Buyers, fully confident of being a[illegible] to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE.

PECK'S CORNER.

PECK'S EMBROIDERIES.

HEADQUARTERS FOR RUBBER Boots and Shoes.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

C. FRANK FRENCH,

69 SOMERSET ST.,

Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box* 1,062.

DEALER IN

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.

Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

THE SHAWMUT.

Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*

TRY IT!

Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm.

1-30 tf

GREEN'S Furniture Warerooms

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

10-29-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST.

12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.

21 *WEST FRONT STREET. PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only.* Telephone Call 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
PROPRIETORS.

12-2-tf

SILVERWARE FOR HIRE,

AT COLLIER'S,

No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

ESTABLISHED NINETEEN YEARS.

1-14-tf

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

[Successor to T. J. Casey.]

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT St.,
Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. ☞ Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

YOU
CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?
TRY
DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL AT DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price.

12-21-tf

W. MESSERSCHMIDT,

Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing Goods,

23½ West Front Street, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

CLOTHING CLEANED AND REPAIRED.

10-4-tf

CHANGING THE OPENING DAYS.

An Amendment to the Constitution—Inauguration Day to Be April 30th.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Senator Hoar has reported to the Senate favorably from the Judiciary Committee the joint resolution to provide for the opening of Congressional sessions on the 15th of October and the close of the short session on the 30th of April, and also changing Inauguration Day to April 30. In conversation about the proposed amendment Senator Hoar said:

"I have no doubt that the amendment will pass both houses of Congress this session and become as it should a part of the Constitution. The amendment, as is known, passed the Senate during the last session and was referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary. There, although the majority of the Committee were in favor of it, it was delayed for one cause or another, until it was too late for the House to act upon it. There are a good many reasons why I think it should be passed. The short session of Congress is entirely inadequate for the consideration of necessary public business, and the long session extends too far into the heated term and subjects representatives in both houses to great inconvenience. The amendment, with a bill which is to supplement it, will equalize the sessions and render the time much more ample. The long session will begin on the 15th of October, and, if necessary, can be continued until June. The short session will begin on the 15th of October and last until the 30th of April!"

FROM THE FIELD OF LABOR.

Iron Company Employes Refuse a Reduction—Rubber Works Started Again.

TROY, Feb. 1.—The blast furnaces of the Troy Steel and Iron Company have been banked, the employes having refused to accept the 10 per cent. reduction in wages. About 3,500 employees are out of work.

WORCESTER, Mass., Feb. 1.—The factory of M. E. Shattuck & Co. closed down on Saturday night. This is the largest cigar factory in Worcester County. The local union refused to accept the price list submitted by the firm.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 1.—The Bristol Rubber Works, which have been shut down for a week past have been started up again, a needed supply of coal having arrived. About 420 hands will now be employed.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 1.—Frank J. Hern, manager of the Riverside Steel Works at Benwood, W. Va., has notified the officials of the Knights of Labor Ironworkers' District that he will sign last year's scale. He asks for a conference on the 10½ ton question and time and a half for Sunday work, and it will be granted.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 1.—The Solar Iron Works of William Clark & Co., which have been closed down for several weeks on account of trouble with the Amalgamated Association in regard to the "two job system," have resume operations in all departments. About 800 men are employed at the works.

McGlynn's Talk Attracts Little Attention.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Dr. McGlynn's reiteration of his statement that General Master Workman Powderly sent an embassador to the Pope in behalf of the Knights of Labor attracts but little attention. Even the Doctor's friends are beginning to deplore the frequency with which he allows himself to be led into making rash utterances. The facts of the matter appear to be these: Cardinal Gibbons, when in Rome, presented the arguments of Mr. Powderly—whom he knew as a good Catholic—in behalf of the Knights to the Pope, and induced him to refrain from the interference with them which Cardinal Taschereau favored. It is needless to say that the Cardinal in this matter was not controlled by Mr. Powderly or by the treasury of the Knights.

The New Jersey Legislature.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 1.—In the Senate a bill was introduced providing that city bonds, when held by residents of the city, shall be exempt from taxation. The five per cent. interest bill and the bill appropriating $10,000 to the State Industrial School for Girls were favorably reported. Bills were passed to enable savings banks to extend their charter existence; to make it a misdemeanor to deface books, papers, etc., belonging to any public library, and to give trust companies power to discount bills and notes when there is no National or State bank in the city.

Engineers Ask for More Pay.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 1.—A committee representing the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, of the Pittsburg division of the Pennsylvania Railroad left for Philadelphia yesterday to present the petition for an advance in wages and a change of hours to General Manager Pugh. The superintendent is considering the demands of the employes.

Favorable Report on Mr. Dingley's Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The House Committee on Banking and Currency yesterday reported favorably to the House Mr. Dingley's bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to invest the money deposited by national banks for the retirement of their circulation in the purchase of United States bonds at current market rates.

Has a Coke Syndicate Been Formed?

PITTSBURG, Feb. 1.—The report of a formation of a coke syndicate is officially denied. J. F. Acheson, general manager for Moore & Co., says a strong effort in this direction is being made, but there is not sufficient progress yet to say that a combination will be formed.

Fulton Charged With Feigning Blindness.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Feb. 1.—The enemies of Joseph Fulton, who was recently granted $13,000 back pension money, are writing to Washington that his claim of blindness is fraudulent. As a result a government inspector has been sent here.

The Italians in Abyssinia.

ROME, Feb. 1.—It is officially announced from Mastowah that the Italians will occupy Saati to-morrow, and that Gen. San Marzano, Commander-in-chief of the Italian expeditionary corps, will transfer his headquarters thither.

Arrested for Counterfeiting.

WATERBURY, Conn., Feb. 1.—William Atkinson, a young man of this city, was arrested last night for passing counterfeit money. The police found a complete outfit at his house. He was held in $750 bail.

A Brakeman Instantly Killed.

CAMDEN, N. J., Feb. 1.—Benjamin Challandar, a brakeman employed on the Pennsylvania railroad, was instantly killed yesterday afternoon by a drill engine in the freight yard.

Limerick City's Member to Resign.

DUBLIN, Feb. 1.—It is officially announced that on account of private business interests Henry Joseph Gill of Limerick city will resign his seat in Parliament.

HIDDEN FROM THE WORLD

A YOUNG GIRL SHIPPED TO A NUNNERY AT VIGO.

Against Her Parents' Wishes She Puts Herself Under Clerical Advice—A Priest Charged With Abduction.

DUBLIN, Feb. 1.—A summons has been served on a Catholic priest who lives in the County Cork for the abduction of a young girl and the case will be brought before the courts at Cork. The young lady is an heiress, and the reverend father was instrumental in sending her to a convent at Vigo, Spain, where she became a novice of her own will but against that of her family.

Her parents went to Spain and endeavored to secure her release before she took the final vows, after which, according to the laws and religion of the country, she would become dead to her family and the world and could not go beyond the convent walls. The father appealed to the tribunals and procured a warrant for the possession and removal of his daughter on the ground of ill health.

On arriving at the convent gate with the officers of the law to serve the warrant the lady abbess declared that the bishop had granted a dispensation shortening the term of her novitiate, and, thus authorized to take the vows, the young lady had done so—"of her own free will," said the abbess in conclusion.

The unhappy father retired, his entreaties to see his daughter even being refused, and the officers of justice being helpless in the face of the law. He waited upon the bishop, laid the circumstances of the case before him, and made a pathetic appeal for the return of the child, but in vain. The bishop declined to interfere.

The parents, broken-hearted, have returned to Cork and commenced the action against the priest, who, they charge, induced their daughter to enter the convent.

The sad case has caused a general feeling of indignation here and in England. The subject will be brought directly before Parliament by leading Liberals, who will ask the Government if a British subject can be thus taken from her family and imprisoned in a foreign convent, whether by her own misdirected will or not, and no remedy be found.

Even the Spanish press are loud against it and demand that the Madrid government interfere and call upon the bishop to release the maiden. The people of Vigo are indignant and threaten to storm the convent. Reports have been spread, apparently to allay public feeling, that the young lady has died. A vigorous investigation is demanded at the hands of the Spanish authorities.

JOHN L. AND JEM TO FIGHT.

The Englishman's Friends Have Finally Accepted Sullivan's Challenge.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The backers of Jem Smith have after much consideration, announced their acceptance of John L. Sullivan's latest challenge. The terms of the challenge were so liberal that to decline them would have been a confession of lack of confidence in their champion on the part of the Englishmen. The terms proposed by Sullivan are briefly, that he will knock Smith out in six rounds or forfeit $,00 in case he fails.

In their excessive caution, however, the backers of Smith have surrouded their acceptance with such conditions that Sullivan would be fully justified in declining the match even now, but it is not likely that he will do so. He is so anxious to get a chance at that "duffer," as he terms him, that he would agree to almost any sort of handicap to make a match. Even at the best, the American champion could get nothing out of the event but the satisfaction of demonstrating to the world his superiority by knocking Smith out, but he has made so much money since coming here that he feels that the luxury would be cheap even at the risk of having to pay a thousand dollars.

Preparations will be at once begun and it is expected that the event will come off at an early date.

The Trial of Joseph Cox.

DUBLIN, Feb. 1.—During the trial of Joseph Cox, M. P., at Kildysart yesterday, for addressing proclaimed meetings, the people, headed by a number of priests, marched to the court house, but the police charged upon them with their batons and attempted to clear the streets. A free fight ensued, in which many were wounded and the police finally allowed the people to remain in the streets and the priests to fill the court house.

Blane Sentenced to Four Months.

DUBLIN, Feb. 1.—The trial of Alexander Blane, Member of Parliament for South Armagh, on charges under the Coercion Act, ended in conviction yesterday. Mr. Blane was sentenced to four months imprisonment. He has appealed from the judgment. Rev. Father McFadden, who has been convicted of one charge under the Coercion Act, viz., inciting to riot, is now being tried on another charge.

M. Vigneaux Simply Censured.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—The Court of Cassation has sentenced M. Vigneaux, who was removed from the office of Judge d'Instruction for illegal procedure in the Legion of Honor decoration cases, for the extraordinary means he took to get information against M. Wilson, to simply censure—the lightest penalty that it could inflict.

An Eviction Skirmish in County Clare.

DUBLIN, Feb. 1.—Two evictions were made at Kilmihill, County Clare, yesterday. The Sheriff was protected by 200 policemen. A mob in sympathy with the tenants tolled the chapel bell, groaned, and threw missiles at the evictors. The police charged the people and a hot skirmish took place.

Advancing in Abyssinia.

MASSOWAH, Feb. 1.—The preparations for making Saati the general headquarters of the expeditionary column will be completed to-day. General San Murzard, commander-in-chief, will remove his quarters thither. Everything looks like an immediate advance.

Two Merchants Sentenced.

DUBLIN, Feb. 1.—Two merchants of Longford, Messrs. Boland and Roche, have been sentenced to three months each for taking part in an unlawful assemblage on the occasion of Father Egan's release. Nine farmers got one month each for the same offense.

Several Heads Broken at Kildycart.

DUBLIN, Feb. 1.—A riot occurred at Kildycart yesterday in which the people, headed by their priests, were charged by the police. Several heads were broken, but the police were weak and compelled to give way.

CAPTURED BY THE SOCIALISTS.

Western Knights of Labor Assemblies Suspended by a Socialist Master Workman.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—The Socialists, or the anti-Powderly element, have succeeded in securing control of District Assembly 53, which includes all the Knights of Labor in San Francisco, Alameda, Contra Costa and Santa Clara counties. The incidents leading up to this successful coup are these: After the failure of the strike on the street-car lines last February, District Master L. C. Wynegar, who was a conservative or Powderly man, resigned and Thomas Poyser was chosen to fill the vacancy. Poyser is an avowed Socialist, and at once set to work to eliminate the conservative element from the councils of the Knights. He suspended several assemblies and made things so unpleasant for others that they withdrew of their own accord, until in little less than a year the membership of District 53 was reduced from 1,000 to less than 400 members in good standing. Poyser became an active candidate for re-election to the post of District Workman. The election took place to-day, but before the ballot was taken it is alleged that Poyser arbitrarily suspended one Powderly assembly and reinstated another, the delegates from which he could count on. The result was that he was elected by a close vote, and for the coming year Socialists will be in full control of District 53, which, notwithstanding its small membership, still embraces the chief local assemblies in California. The collapse of the order in this district is predicted by conservative members.

THE SHARON DIVORCE.

A Decision that Gives Sarah Althea Hill a Fortune.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—The Supreme Court yesterday filed its decision in the celebrated Sharon divorce case, in which the lower court granted to Sarah Althea Hill a divorce from the late United States Senator William Sharon and allowed alimony and a large amount of money as counsel fees. The Supreme Court affirms the decision of the lower court, but reverses the order relating to counsel fees. The amount of counsel fees allowed was $55,000 and the amount of alimony was $7,600 and an annual allowance of $2,500. The Supreme Court fixes the alimony at $1,500 and an annual allowance of $500. Three of the Supreme Judges filed dissenting opinions, finding that Sharon and Sarah Althea were never legally married.

The principal point made by the court in its decision is that it is not necessary, under the laws of the State, to have the fact of marriage by contract and the assumption of connubial relations by the parties made public. They say: "To make public the marriage relation, notwithstanding a mutual assent to privacy, may be conceded a duty when a claim to publicity is asserted, but it is not an absolute duty to be performed while the mutual consent to privacy continues." This decision, says Gen. Barnes, chief counsel for Sharon, makes secret cohabitation equivalent to marriage in California.

Still Rioting Over Paper Money.

PANAMA, Feb. 1.—It is reported that the trouble in Peru over paper money is still producing riots and disorder. A state of anarchy prevails in several towns. The government sees the necessity of doing something, and ten per cent. monthly of the custom house fees, paid in silver, are to be applied for the purchase of the deposit notes, which will be burned. This course will also be taken with the five per cents., which the custom house receives now for duties in bank notes. The coining of fraction silver money in the mint has been declared free for the next six months.

A Question of Boundary.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 1.—George M. Dawson, of the Geological Survey Commission, has left for Washington on business connected with Alaska. Mr. Dawson was engaged this Summer on the survey in the Yukon District, and his departure for Washington is regarded as indicating that the question of the boundary between British Columbia and Alaska is being considered by the Commission.

Dismantling the Shenandoah.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—The old cruiser, Shenandoah, which saw such gallant service on the Atlantic coast during the civil war, is at the Pacific Mail dock refitting for services as a Chinese quarantine hulk. Her machinery has been torn out, and everything of value removed. Only the hulk remains. Workmen are busy dividing off compartments for the accomodation of the Celestials.

Peru's Harsh Conscription Law.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—The steamer Sanbliss from Panama brings advices of the Military Conscription law passed by the last Congress, which provides that all Peruvians between the ages of 21 and 30 must serve five years in the regular army, after which they will pass into the National Guards. This is the first time such stringent military steps have ever been taken in that country.

Conference of Protestant Missionaries.

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 1.—A general assembly of clergymen, representing all the Protestant missions in Mexico, opened here to-day. This is the first time that such a union of the various Protestant sects operating in missionary work here has been possible, and it has been brought about largely by the efforts of Rev. John Buller, head of the Methodist mission.

Canada's Financial Standing.

OTTAWA, Feb. 1.—The Dominion public accounts of last year, just issued, show a surplus of $58,000 and a revenue for the year of $35,000,000 gross. The debt of the Dominion was not increased and still stands at $3,3,164,000. Four million dollars were spent for public works.

Jesuit's Confiscated Property.

QUEBEC, Feb. 1.—It is positively asserted that the question of restoring the confiscated property of the Jesuit Fathers will be before the Legislature in the approaching session. The property is now held by the Government, and is worth $3,000,000.

Kentucky Has Much Untaxed Land.

CHATTANOOGA, Feb. 1.—A Kentucky official here yesterday, returning from a tour of investigation in his State, says he has found over fifteen million acres of land in the State not on the tax duplicates. It represents $40,000,000 in values.

Pfeffer Will Play With Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Fred Pfeffer, the second baseman of the White Stocking team last year, signed a contract this afternoon to play with the Chicago team during 1888.

Stovemakers to Meet at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 1.—The National Stovemakers' Association meets here to-day. Every State in the Union will be represented.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE,
Architect,
North avenue, opposite depot.
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist.
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder.
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work. 9-15-tf

C. J. NOEL,
Carpenter and Builder
OFFICE—4 WEST THIRD STREET,
Shop, South Second St., PLAINFIELD, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED. 11-22-tf

C. E. JOHNSON,
[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,]
CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

C. NIELSEN,
Carpenter and Builder.
31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder.
Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37. Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 29 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44. Personal attendance night or day by GEORGE M. STILES. my9tf

P. HOAGLAND'S
City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City; at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

S. E. FLOWER,
Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

CARL PETERSON,
Florist
Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Cut Flowers at Low Prices Beautiful designs for weddings and funerals. 10-28m3

A. SWALM.
Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,
Paper Hanging A Specialty.
No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,
Bookseller and Stationer.
No. 7 Park Avenue.
A full line Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,
Livery Stables.
North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

CHARLES E. RUNK,
Coal Dealer.
39 NORTH AVENUE.
Coal from the Lehigh region. Free [illegible] from the Wyoming region. All [illegible] and prepared. 8-30 y

USE
CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON
Best Six Cord,
For Hand and Machine use. For sale by
I. LEDERER.
1-2-6m No. 9 WEST FRONT STREET.

TO-DAY
I WILL COMMENCE A
GREAT MARK DOWN SALE
to clear out most of our Large Stock of
WINTER GOODS,
in order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.
A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT. has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEW-MARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.
An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.
LEDERER'S,
No. 9 West Front Street.
1-2-6m

GEO. D. MORRISON,
FLOUR AND FEED STORE,
NORTH AVE., OPP. RAILROAD DEPOT.
JUST RECEIVED—A full line of POULTRY FOOD, BEEF SCRAPS, BONE MEAL, OYSTER SHELLS, EGG FOOD, ETC. 11-29-tf

WEST END COAL YARD
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.
Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1
WALTER L. HETFIELD. JOHN M. HETFIELD.

FRANK LINKE,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

H. C. DRAKE,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,
Furniture and Freight Express.
P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

The Excitement Not Over.
The rush at R. J. Shaw's still continues and daily scores of people call for a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Kemp's Balsam, the standard family remedy, is sold on a guarantee and never fails to give entire satisfaction. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial size free.

ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

CHRISTMAS WONDERLAND AND SANTA CLAUS HEADQUARTERS now opened at
ALLEN'S, the Stationer,
No. 23 EAST FRONT STREET.
ADMISSION FREE. COSTS STILL LESS IN PROPORTION TO GET OUT. 10my

J. C. POPE & CO,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,
Lumber and Coal Merchants,
CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,
PLAINFIELD.
All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m8

DON A. GAYLORD,
DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

WEAVER BROS.,
House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc.
PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.
OFFICE AND SHOP IN THE REAR OF
16½ EAST FRONT STREET.
D. WEAVER. [P. O. BOX 331.] P. WEAVER. my10tf

J. W. VANSICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—9 28-tf

-:Black Stockings:-
That will NOT FADE, CROCK, or STAIN the FEET. Try a Pair of
SMITH & ANGELL'S
Black Stockings, and you will wear no other kind.
The color cannot be removed by acids—in fact washing improves the color.
The dye being vegetable does not INJURE the GOODS.
Every pair warranted as above, and if not found as represented, RETURN THEM and your MONEY will be REFUNDED.
SOLD ONLY BY
Howard A. Pope,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
my10y1

FISHER & MONFORT,
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
15 East Front St., near the Post Office.
CABINETS, $3.50 PER DOZEN.
All the latest improvements in Photography.
No extra charge for Children or Babies.
CHAS. W. FISHER. G. WM. MONFORT, my10y1

A. F. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.
WARDEN & FOWLER,
Wholesale and Retail
CONFECTIONERS,
NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,
between North ave. and Second street,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-10-tf

GOLD AND SILVER
WATCHES,
Opera Glasses,
Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,
Gold and Silver Jewelry,
—Solid and Plated.
PRICES WAY DOWN!
AT DOANE'S,
9 PARK AVENUE. 12-16-tf

R. W. RICE & Co.,
[Successor to Wm. H. Shotwell.]
FINE GROCERIES,
Fruits and Vegetables
IN THEIR SEASON.
North Plainfield, - New Jersey.
CORNER DUER & EMILY STREETS.
1-12-tf

P. H. BENNETT,
(*Successor to B. H. Bachman*)
DEALER IN
BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,
MEATS OF ALL KINDS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.
42 PARK AVENUE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Goods Delivered to any part of the city.
8-2-tf

George R. Rockafellow,
(*Successor to W. N. Rowe.*)
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
9-8-t

Howell & Hardy,
Fancy and Staple Groceries,
CHOICE TEA, COFFEE AND SPICES.
Creamery and Dairy Butter,
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.,
North Avenue, Opposite Depot,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
11-26-tf

A. M. GRIFFEN,
Stoves & Ranges,
Cutlery,
Sleigh Bells,
Skates,
13 EAST FRONT STREET,
Next Post Office.

MANY CONVICTS IDLE.

Work at Sing Sing Suspended For an Indefinite Period.

SING SING, Feb. 1.—The failure of the Legislature to pass the prison appropriation bill is working great mischief. One of its results was the order promulgated by Warden Brush of the Sing Sing prison at the close of work yesterday afternoon that all work would cease until the appropriation was made. This was the order to the citizen employes of the institution. Of these 85 are in the shoe shop, 30 in the stove works, and 7 in the laundry, or 122 in all. There were yesterday 1,627 convicts in the prison, and of these 490 were in the shoe shop, 489 in the stove works, and 226 in the laundry, the others being utilized as waiters, hall boys, etc.

In explanation the Warden said that he had no money to go on and could do nothing else, and he had telegraphed Superintendent Lathrop to that effect. The loss to the State, he said, would be at the rate of $1,600 net profit a month.

The convicts did not learn of this order until this morning. They were then marched around the yard for exercise and locked up. At 11 o'clock they were taken out and given their dinner, and at 12 another exercise march was had. Again, at 4:30, they will be taken out for supper. The Warden says this idleness will demoralize the prisoners, and even a few days' idleness will do more injury than they can counteract in a year.

To Extend the Suffrage in Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 1.—The State Senate yesterday unanimously voted to submit to the people an amendment to the constitution which is a practical abolition of the property qualification for voters. Heretofore no person not holding property valued at $134 was allowed to vote for state officers. This was a relic of old colonial law. By the bill passed yesterday every male citizen of the United States of the age of twenty-one years, who has had the requisite residence and registry, may vote for all civil officers. The people will probably ratify this amendment, and in 1892 it may change the political complexion of the state.

Discussing the Alaska Boundary.

OTTAWA, Feb. 1.—At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, it is understood that the fishery question was discussed, but it is impossible to learn anything about that, except that Professor Dawson of the Geological Survey has been ordered to Washington. As he was in British Columbia last summer, his trip is taken to indicate that the Columbia-Alaska boundary question is being considered by the commission.

Great Demand For Fuel.

DULUTH, Feb. 1.—So urgent has the demand for fuel become west of here, especially along the Northern Pacific, that orders have been issued by this road to the Duluth agents to ship nothing but coal. All its motive power and equipment is to be used for coal shipment, and other freight must wait until the coal famine is checked. Some 200 cars of coal are sent out daily.

Hartshorn as a Fire Extinguisher.

CALUMET, Mich., Feb. 1.—President Agassiz has decided to send twenty-five tons of concentrated ammonia down the burning shafts of the Calumet and Hecla mine at once, to put out the fire completely if possible.

Warm Weather in the Northwest.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 1.—A regular January thaw is prevailing all over the Northwest high temperature and bright, pleasant weather being reported from all parts of Montana, Dakota, and Minnesota.

Chili's Serious Cholera Epidemic.

SANTIAGO, Chili, Feb. 1.—The cholera plague is diminishing, though on an average fifty cases a day are reported still, with a mortality of twenty per cent.

Tennessee's Poultry Exhibition.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 1.—The State Poultry and Pet Stock Association opened its annual exhibition yesterday at the Olympic Theatre.

Murderer Barnes Out On Bail.

CHATTANOOGA, Feb. 1.—J. M. Barnes, who killed Capitalist Lewis Owens, was released on $12,000 bail yesterday.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—For New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania, and New Jersey, slight changes in temperature, fair weather, light to fresh variable winds.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Money on call o-day 3½ per cent.

BONDS.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
3½s.	1891, reg	108¾	109
4½s.	1891, coup	109¾	109
4s.	1907, reg	126½	126¾
4s.	1907, con	126½	126¾

STOCK MARKET.

THREE O'CLOCK.—To-day's stock market was characterized by extreme dulness and a drooping tendency, on which prices fell off fractionally throughout the list. Bonds were dull and featureless; sterling exchanges was further reduced ½ cent.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	58¾	57½
Central Pacific	31½	31½
Chicago, Bur. & Q	128¾	128¼
Delaware & Hudson	111¾	110¾
Del. Lack. & West	132⅞	132⅝
Erie	28⅛	27⅝
Erie, pref	65	63
Lake Shore	96⅝	93¼
Louis. & Nash	61½	60¾
Michigan Central	84⅞	84½
Missouri Pacific	85⅞	85¼
New Jersey Central	79⅝	79¼
New York Central & Hud	109⅛	108¾
New York & New Eng	38¼	37⅝
Northwestern	110⅞	110¾
Oregon Navigation	94	92¾
Pacific Mail	36½	36¼
Reading	67⅞	66¾
Rock Island	114¾	114
St. Paul	76⅞	76¼
Union Pacific	57¼	56⅞
Western Union	78⅝	78⅜

PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat—Market quiet. No. 1 red, 93 c.a— c.; xtra red, 91½c.a— c.; No. 2 red, 89c.a89¼c.; in elevator, 90⅝c.a90¾c. delivered; No. 3, 87½c.a88c.; state white, 91¼c.a93c.; No. 1 white, 91c.a91½c.

February, 88⅞c.; March, 90 c.; April, 91⅝ c.; May, 92 c.; June, 92 c.; December, 94¾c.

Corn—Market slow. No. 2, at 61¾c.; in elevator and 61½c. delivered; No. 3, 59c.a59½c.; and steamer, 59c.a59½c, spot.

February 60 c.; March, 60½c.; May, 60¾.

Oats—Market quiet. No. 1 white, 42½c.; No. 2 white, 41¾c.a42 c.; Nor. 3 white, 39¼c.a40 c.; No. 1 mixed, 41 c.; No. 2 mixed, 39½c.a41 c.; No. 3 mixed, 38¾c.; rejected, 37 c.; No. 2 Chicago, 40½c.

January, 38½c.; February, 38¾c.; March, 39 c.; May, 39¾c.

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market steady. Creamery—Eastern,—c.a—c.; western, 23c.a32c.; Elgin, 32c.a34c.; imitation, 21c.a25c. Dairy—Eastern, half-firkin tubs, 20c.a28c.; eastern, Welsh tubs, 20c.a25c; eastern firkins, 18c.a23c; eastern dairies, complete, 20c.a25c.; western, 18c.a22c. Factory—Fresh, 15c.a23½c.

Cheese—Market steady. Factory—New York, cheddar, 12 c.a12½c.; western, flat, 11½c.a12 c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 5 c.a10 c., skims, 1 c.a1½c.; state skims, 2 c.a6.

Eggs—Market steady. Fresh—Eastern firsts, 24 c.; southern first, 23 c.a23½d.; western firsts, 22 c.a24 c. Limed—Eastern firsts, 16 c.; western firsts, 15 c.a16 c.; Canadian firsts, 15 c.a16 c.; imported, 17 c.a19c.

"DOMINION OF FASHION."

Dr. Talmage Discourses Upon Woman's Attire.

What It Means to Keep Up With Fashion —A Man or Woman Who Does Not Regard It, Unfit for Good Neighborhood.

The subject of Dr. Talmage's fourth discourse in the series of "Sermons to the Women of America," was "Dominion of Fashion." The text chosen was from Deuteronomy xxii. 5: "The woman shall not wear that which pertaineth unto a man, neither shall a man put on a woman's garment; for all that do so are abomination unto the Lord thy God." Dr. Talmage said:

In this, the fourth sermon of the series of sermons, I wish those who hear to bear in mind that I take into consideration not only those whom I have before me on Sabbath days, but the wider audience spread through the printing press, and while some things may not be particularly appropriate for one locality, they are appropriate for many other localities. And here I will tell a secret that I have never before told to the public. About twenty years ago I began to pray that God would open to me the opportunity of preaching through the secular newspaper press. The religious papers in which my sermons had been published chiefly went to positively religious families. So I asked God for the wider field in which to proclaim the great truths of religion and good morals. In a strange way the answer came. And the syndicates having charge of these matters inform me that every week there are now thirteen million six hundred thousand copies of my discourses published in this country, and about four million in other lands, whether English-speaking countries or by translation in many foreign tongues. I want people to understand that it is all in answer to prayer to God that this opportunity has come, and I pray for grace to occupy the field. It is not, therefore, presumptuous when I give wide scope to these discourses and address them "to the women of America, with important hints to men."

God thought womanly attire of enough importance to have it discussed in the Bible. Paul the Apostle, by no means a sentimentalist, and accustomed to dwell on the great themes of God and the resurrection, writes about the arrangement of woman's hair and the style of her jewelry, and in my text Moses, his ear yet filled with the thunder of Mount Sinai, declares that womanly attire must be in marked contrast with masculine attire, and infraction of that law excites the indignation of high heaven. Just in proportion as the morals of a country or an age are depressed is that law defied. Show me the fashion plates of any century from the time of the deluge to this, and I will tell you the exact state of public morals. Bloomerism in this country years ago seemed about to break down this divine law, but there was enough of good in American society to beat back the indecency. Yet ever and anon we have imported from France, or perhaps invented on this side the sea, a style that proposes as far as possible to make women dress like men, and thousands of young women catch the mode, until some one goes a little too far in imitation of masculinity, and the whole custom by the good sense of American womanhood is obliterated.

The costumes of the countries are different, and in the same country may change, but there is a divinely ordered dissimilarity which must be forever observed. Any divergence from this is administrative of vice and runs against the keen thrust of the text, which says: "The women shall not wear that which pertaineth unto man, neither shall a man put on a woman's garments; for all that do so are abomination unto the Lord thy God."

Many years ago a French authoress, signing herself George Sand, by her corrupt but brilliant writings depraved homes and libraries innumerable, and was a literary grandmother of all the present French and American authors who have written things so much worse that they have made her putrefraction quite presentable. That French authoress put on masculine attire. She was consistent. Her writings and her behavior were perfectly accordant.

My text by implication abhors masculine women and womanly men. What a sickening thing it is to see a man copying the speech, the walk, the manner of a woman. The trouble is they do not imitate a sensible woman, but some female imbecile. And they simper and they go with mincing step, and lisp, and scream at nothing, and take on a languishing look, and bang their hair, and are the nauseation of honest folks of both sexes. O man, be a man! You belong to quite a respectable sex. The startling figure of the human race was a man! Do not try to cross over, and so become a hybrid, neither one nor the other, but a failure, half way between.

Alike repugnant are masculine women. They copy a man's stalking gait and go down the street with the stride of a walking-beam. They wish they could smoke cigarettes, and some of them do. They talk boisterously and try to sing bass. They do not laugh, they roar. They can not quite manage the broad profanity of the sex they rival, but their conversation is often a half swear; and if they said "O Lord" in earnest prayer as often as they say it in lightness, they would be high up in sainthood. Withal there is an assumed rugosity of apparel, and they wear a man's hat, only changed by being in two or three places smashed in and a dead canary clinging to the general wreck, and a man's coat tucked in here and there according to an unaccountable esthetics. O, woman, stay a woman! You also belong to a very respectable sex. The second figure of the human race was a woman and sometimes a second edition of a volume is the first edition improved and corrected. Do not try to cross over. If you do you will be a failure as a woman, and only a nondescript of a man. We already have enough intellectual and moral bankrupts in our sex without your coming over to make worse the deficit.

In my text, as by a parable or figure of speech, it is made evident that Moses, the inspired writer, as vehemently as ourselves, reprehended the effeminate man and the masculine woman: "The woman shall not wear that which pertaineth unto a man; neither shall a man put on a woman's garment; for all that do so are abomination unto the Lord thy God."

My text also sanctions fashion. Indeed, it sets a fashion! There is a great deal of senseless cant on the subject of fashion. A woman or man who does not regard it is unfit for good neighborhood. The only question is, what is right fashion and what is wrong fashion? Before I stop I want to show you that fashion has been one of the most potent of reformers and one of the vilest of usurpers. Sometimes it has been an angel from Heaven, and at others it has been the mother of abominations. As the world grows better there will be as much fashion as now, but it will be a righteous fashion. In the future life white robes have been and always will be in the fashion.

There is a great outcry against this submission to social custom, as though any consultation of the tastes and feelings of others were deplorable; but without it the world would have neither law, order, civilization, nor common decency. There has been a canonization of bluntness. There are men and women who boast that they can tell you all they know and hear about you, especially if it be unpleasant. Some have mistaken rough behavior for frankness, when the two qualities do not belong to the same family. You have no right with your eccentricities to crash in upon the sensitiveness of others. There is no virtue in walking with hoofs over fine carpets. The most jagged rock is covered with blossoming moss. The storm that comes jarring down in thunder strews rainbow colors upon the sky and silvery drops on orchard and meadow.

There are men who pride themselves on their capacity to "stick" others. They say: "I have brought him down; didn't I make squirm!" Others pride themselves on their outlandish apparel. They boast of being out of the fashion. They wear a queer hat. They ride in an old carriage. By dint of perpetual application they would persuade the world that they are perfectly indifferent to public opinion. They are more proud of "being out of fashion" than others of being in. They are utterly and universally disagreeable. Their rough corners have never been worn off. They prefer a hedgehog to a lamb.

The accomplishments of life are in no wise productive of effeminacy or enervation. Good manners and a respect for the tastes of others are indispensable. The Good Book speaks favorably of those who are a "peculiar" people, but that does not sanction the behavior of queer people. There is no excuse, under any circumstances, for not being and acting the lady or gentleman. Rudeness is sin. We have no words too ardent to express our admiration for the refinements of society. There is no law, moral or divine, to forbid elegance of demeanor, or ornaments of gold, or gems for the person, artistic display in the dwelling, gracefulness of gait and bearing, polite salutation or honest compliments; and he who is shocked or offended by these had better, like the old Scythians, wear tiger skins and take one wild lean back into midnight barbarism. As Christianity advances there will be better apparel, higher styles of architecture, more exquisite adornments, sweeter music, grander pictures, more correct behavior, and more thorough ladies and gentlemen.

But there is another story to be told. Wrong fashion is to be charged with many of the worst evils of society, and its path has often been strewn with the bodies of the slain. It has often set up a false standard by which people are to be judged. Our common sense, as well as all the divine intimations on the subject, teach us that people ought to be esteemed according to their individual and moral attainments. The man who has the most nobility of soul should be first, and he who has the least of such qualities should stand last. No crest, or shield, or escutcheon, can indicate one's moral peerage. Titles of duke, lord, esquire, earl, viscount or patrician, ought not to raise one into the first rank. Some of the meanest men I have ever known had at the end of their name D. D. LL. D. and F. R. S. Truth, honor, charity, heroism, self-sacrifice, should win highest favor; but inordinate fashion says: "Count not a woman's virtues; count her adornments." Look not at the contour of the head, but see the way she combs her hair." "Ask not what noble deeds have been accomplished by that man's hand; but is it white and soft?" Ask not what good sense is in her conversation, but, "In what was she dressed?" Ask not whether there was hospitality and cheerfulness in the house, but: "In what style do they live?"

As a consequence, some of the most ignorant and vicious men are at the top, and some of the most virtuous and intelligent at the bottom. During the last war we suddenly saw men hurled up into the highest social positions. Had they suddenly reformed from evil habits, or graduated in science, or achieved some good work for society? No, they simply had obtained a government contract!

This accounts for the utter chagrin which people feel at the treatment they receive when they lose their property. Hold up your head amid financial disaster like a Christian! Fifty thousand subtracted from a good man leaves how much? Honor; truth; faith in God; triumphant hope; and a kingdom of ineffable glory over which he is to reign forever and ever.

If the owner of millions should lose a penny out of his pocket would he sit down on a curbstone and cry? And shall a man possessed of everlasting fortunes wear himself out with grief because he has lost worldly treasure? You have only lost that in which hundreds of wretches of misers surpass you; and you have saved that which the Cæsars, and the Pharaohs, and the Alexanders could never afford.

And yet society thinks differently, and you see the most intimate friendships broken up as the consequence of financial embarrassments. You say to some one: "How is your friend?" The man looks bewildered and says: "I do not know." You reply: "Why, you used to be intimate." "Well," says the man, "Our friendship has been dropped. The man has failed."

Proclamation has gone forth: "Velvets must go up and plain apparel must come down," and the question is: "How does the coat fit?" not, "Who wears it?" The power that bears the tides of excited population up and down our streets, and rocks the world of commerce, and thrills all nations, Trans-Atlantic and Cis-Atlantic, is clothes. It decides the last offices of respect; and how long the dress shall be totally black; and when it may subside into spots of grief on silk, calico or gingham. Men die in good circumstances, but by reason of extravagant funeral expenses are well nigh insolvent before they get buried. Many men would not die at all if they had to wait until they could afford it.

Wrong fashion is productive of a most ruinous strife. The expenditure of many households is adjusted by what their neighbors have, not by what they themselves can afford to have; and the great anxiety is as to who shall have the finest house and the most costly equipage. The weapons used in the warfare of social life are not Minie rifles and Dahlgren guns, and Hotchkiss shells, but chairs, and mirrors, and vases, and Gobelins and Axminsters. Many household establishments are like racing steamboats propelled at the utmost strain and risk, and just coming to a terrific explosion. "Who cares," say they, "if we only come out ahead?"

There is no one cause to-day of more financial embarrassment and of more dishonesties than this determination at all hazards to live as well as or better than other people. There are persons who will risk their eternity upon one pier mirror or who will dash out the splendors of Heaven to get another trinket.

"My house is too small." "But," says some one, "you can not pay for a larger." "Never mind that, my friends have a better residence and so will I." "A dress of that style and material I must have. I can not afford it by a great deal; but who cares for that? My neighbor had one from that pattern, and I must have one." There are scores of men in the dungeons of the penitentiary who risked honor, business, everything in the effort to shine like others. Though the heavens fall they must be "in fashion."

The most famous frauds of the day have resulted from this feeling. It keeps hundreds of men struggling for their commercial existence. The trouble is that some are caught and incarcerated if their larceny be small. If it be great they escape and build their castles on the Rhine. Men get into jail, not because they steal, but because they did not steal enough.

Again: Wrong fashion makes people unnatural and untrue. It is a factory from which has come forth more hollow pretenses and unmeaning flatteries and hypocrisies than the Lowell mills ever turned out shawls and garments. Fashion is the greatest of all liars. It has made society insincere. You know not what to believe. When people ask you to come, you do not know whether or not they want you to come. When they send their regards you do not know whether it is an expression of their hearts, or an external civility. We have learned to take almost everything at a discount. Word is sent "not at home" when they are only too lazy to dress themselves. They say: "The furnace has just gone out" when, in truth, they have had no fire in it all winter. They apologize for the unusual barrenness of their table when they never live any better. They decry their most luxurious entertainments to win a shower of approval. They apologize for their appearance, as though it were unusual, when always at home they look just so. They would make you believe that some nice sketch on the wall was the work of a master-painter. "It was an heirloom and once hung on the walls of a castle; and a Duke gave it to their grandfather." People who will not lie about any thing else will lie about a picture.

On a small income we must make the world believe that we are affluent, and our life becomes a cheat, a counterfeit, and a sham.

Few people are really natural and unaffected. When I say this I do not mean to slur cultured manners. It is right that we should have more admiration for the sculptured marble than for the unhewn block of the quarry. From many circles in life fashion has driven out vivacity and enthusiasm. A frozen dignity instead floats about the room and iceberg grinds against iceberg. You must not laugh outright; it is vulgar. You must smile. You must not dash rapidly across the room, you must glide. There is a round of bows, and grins, and flatteries, and ohs and ahs, and simperings and namby-pambyism—a world of which is not worth one good, round, honest peal of laughter. From such a hollow round the tortured guest retires at the close of the evening and assures his host that he has enjoyed himself.

Thus social life has been contorted and deformed until, in some mountain cabin where rustics gather to the quilting or the apple-paring, there is more good cheer than in all the frescoed icehouses of the metropolis. We want, in all the higher circles of society, more warmth of heart and naturalness of behavior and not so many refrigerators.

Again: Wrong fashion is incompatible with happiness. Those who depend for their comfort upon the admiration of others are subject to frequent disappointment. Somebody will criticise their appearance, or surpass them in brilliancy, or will receive more attention. O, the jealousy and detraction, and heart-burnings of those who move in this bewildered maze!

Poor butterflies! Bright wings do not always bring happiness. "She that liveth in pleasure is dead while she liveth." The revelation of high life that come to the challenge and the fight are only the occasional croppings out of disquietude that are underneath, like the stars of heaven for multitude, but like the demons of the pit for hate. The misery that will to-night in the cellar cuddle up in the straw is not so utter as the princely disquietude which stalks through splendid drawing-rooms, brooding over the slights and offenses of luxurious life. The bitterness of life seems not so unfitting when drunk out of a pewter mug as when it pours from the chased lips of a golden chalice. In the sharp crack of the voluptuary's pistol, putting an end to his earthly misery, I hear the confirmation that in a hollow, fastidious life there is no peace.

Again, devotion to wrong fashion is productive of physical disease, mental imbecility, and spiritual withering. Apparel insufficient to keep out the cold and the rain, or so fitted upon the person that the functions of life are restrained, late hours filled with excitement and feasting, free draughts of wine that make one not beastly intoxicated, but only fashionably drunk, and luxurious indolence are the instruments by which this unreal life pushes its disciples into valetudinarianism and the grave. Along the walks of prosperous life death goes amowing—and such harvests as are reaped! Materia medica has been exhausted to find curatives for these physiological devastations. Dropsies, cancers, consumptions, gout and almost every infirmity in all the realm of pathology, have been the penalties paid. To counteract the damage pharmacy has gone forth with medicament, panacea, elixir, embrocation, salve and cataplasm.

To-night, with swollen feet upon cushioned ottoman and groaning with aches innumerable, will be the votary of luxurious living, not half so happy as his groom or coal-heaver. Wrong fashion is the world's undertaker, and drives thousands of hearses to Greenwood, and Laurel Hill and Mount Auburn.

But, worse than that, this folly is an intellectual depletion. This endless study of proprieties and etiquettes, patterns and styles, is bedwarfing to the intellect. I never knew a woman or a man of extreme fashion that knew much. How belittling the study of the cut of a coat, or tie of a cravat, or the wrinkle in a sleeve, or the color of a ribbon! How they are worried if something gets untied, or hangs awry, or is not nicely adjusted! With a mind capable of measuring the height and depth of great subjects: able to unravel mysteries, to walk through the universe, to soar up into the infinity of God's attributes—hovering perpetually over a new style of cloak! I have known men reckless as to their character, and regardless of interests momentous and eternal, exasperated by the shape of a vest button. What is the matter with that woman wrought up into the agony of despair? O, her muff is out of fashion!

Worse than all—this folly is not satisfied until it has extirpated every moral sentiment and blasted the soul. A wardrobe is the rock upon which many a soul has been riven. The excitement of a luxurious life has been the vortex that has swallowed up more souls than the maelstrom off Norway ever destroyed ships. What room for elevating themes in a heart filled with the trivial and unreal? Who can wonder that in this haste for sun-gilded baubles and winged thistle-down, men and women should tumble into ruin? The travelers to destruction are not all clothed in rags. On that road chariot jostles against chariot; and behind steeds in harness gold-plated and glittering, they go down, coach and four, herald and postillion, racketing on the hot pavements of hell. Clear the track! Bazars hang out their colors over the road, and trees of tropical fruitfulness overbranch the way. No sound of woe disturbs the air, but all is light, and song, and wine, and gorgeousness. The world comes out to greet the dazzling procession with: "Hurrah! Hurrah!" But suddenly there is a halt and an outcry of dismay, and an overthrow worse than the Red Sea tumbling upon the Egyptians. Shadow of gravestones upon finest silk! Wormwood squeezed into impearled goblets! Death with one cold breath withering the leaves and freezing the fountains.

In the wild tumult of the Last Day—the mountains falling, the heavens flying, the thrones uprising, the universe assembling; amid the boom of the last great thunderpeal, and under the crackling of a burning world—what will become of the disciple of unholy fashion?

But watch the career of one thoroughly artificial. Through inheritance, or perhaps his own skill having obtained enough for purposes of display, he feels himself thoroughly established. He sits aloof from the common herd, and looks out of his window upon the poor man and says: "Put that dirty wretch off my steps immediately!" On Sabbath days he finds the church, but mourns the fact that he must worship with so many of the inelegant, and says: "They are perfectly awful!" "That man that you put in my pew had a coat on his back that did not cost five dollars!" He struts through life unsympathetic with trouble, and says: "I can not be bothered." Is delighted with some doubtful story of Parisian life, but thinks that there are some very indecent things in the Bible. Walks arm-in-arm with the successful man of the world, but does not know his own brother. Loves to be praised for his splendid house, and when told that he looks younger than ten years ago, says: "Well, really; do you think so?"

But the brief strut of his life is about over. Upstairs, he dies. No angel wings hovering about him. No gospel promises kindling up the darkness; but exquisite embroidery, elegant pictures, and a bust of Shakespeare on the mantel. The pulses stop. The minister comes in to read of the resurrection, that day when the dead shall come up—both he that died on the floor and he that expired under princely upholstery. He is carried out to burial. Only a few mourners, but a great array of carriages. Not one common man at the funeral. No befriended orphan to weep a tear on his grave. No child of want pressing through the ranks of the weeping, saying: "He is the last friend I have and I must see him."

What now? He was a great man. Shall not chariots of salvation come down to the other side of Jordan and escort him up to the palace? Shall not the angels exclaim: "Turn out! A prince is coming." Will the bells chime? Will there be harpers with their harps, and trumpeters with their trumpets?

No! No! No! There will be a shudder, as though a calamity had happened. Standing on heaven's battlement, a watchman will see something shoot past, with fiery downfall and shriek, "Wandering star—for whom is reserved the blackness of darkness forever!"

But sadder yet is the closing of a woman's life that has been worshipful of worldliness, all the wealth of a lifetime's opportunity wasted. What a tragedy! A woman on her dying pillow, thinking of what she might have done for God and humanity, and yet having done nothing! Compare her demise with that of Harriet Newell going down to peacefully die in the isle of France, reviewing her lifetime sacrifices for the redemption of India; or the last hours of Elizabeth Harvey having exchanged her bright New England home for a life at Bombay amid stolid heathenism, that she might illumine it, saying in her last moments: "If this is the dark valley, it has not a dark spot in it; all is light, light!" or the exit of Mrs. Lennox, falling under sudden disease at Smyrna, breathing out her soul with the last words: "O, how happy!" or the departure of Mrs. Sarah D. Comstock, spending her life for the salvation of Burmah, giving up her children, that they might come home to America to be educated, and saying as she kissed them good-bye, never to see them again: "O Jesus, I do this for Thee!" or the going of ten thousand good women, who in less resounding spheres have lived not for themselves, but for God and the alleviation of human suffering. That was a brilliant scene when, in 1485, in the campaign for the capture of Ronda, Queen Elizabeth of Castile, on horseback side by side with King Ferdinand, rode out to review the troops. As she in bright armor rode along the lines of the Spanish host and waved her jeweled hand to the warriors, and ever and anon uttered words of cheer to the worn veterans who, far away from their home, were risking their lives for the kingdom, it was a spectacle that illuminates history. But more glorious will be the scene when that consecrated Christian woman crowned in Heaven shall review the souls that on earth she clothed, and fed, and medicined, and evangelized, and then introduced into the ranks celestial. As on the white horse of victory, side by side with the King, this queen unto God forever shall ride past the lines of those in whose salvation she bore a part, the scene will surpass any thing ever witnessed on earth in the life of Joan of Arc, or Penelope, or Semiramis, or Aspasia, or Mariamne, or Margaret of Anjou. Ride on, victor!

Gathering Heavenly Bread.

Mr. Cole, of Bitlis, a missionary of the American Board in Eastern Turkey, in describing a journey from Harpoot to Bitlis, says: "We traveled for four days through a region where had newly fallen a remarkable deposit of heavenly bread, as the natives sometimes call it—manna. There were extensive forests of scrubby oak, and most of the deposit was on the leaves. Thousands of poor peasants, men, women and children, were out upon the plains gathering the sweet substance. Some of them plunge into kettles of boiling water the newly cut branches of the oaks, which washes off the deposit, until the water becomes so sweet as to remind the Yankee of a veritable sugaring-off in the old Granite State as he takes sips of it. Other companies of natives may be seen vigorously beating with sticks the branches, which from having been spread upon the ground have so dried that the glistening crystals fall readily upon the carpet spread to receive them. The crystals are separated from the pieces of leaves by a sieve, and then the manna is pressed into cakes for use. The manna is in great demand among these Oriental Christians. As we were traveling through a rather dry region, the article came in play for our plain repasts." —*N. Y. Post.*

—If it is a great blessing to a country to have rulers who will make and execute good and wholesome laws, then how much greater the blessing to have the infinitely wise and perfect God, as the great ruler of this and of all worlds? He can make no mistake and suffer no defeat. We have never been able to see why anybody should wish, if he could, to dispense with such a God.—*N. Y. Independent.*

—No amount of wealth sets one free from the obligation to work—in a world the God of which is ever working. He who works not has not yet discovered what God made him for, and is a false note in the orchestra of the universe.—*George MacDonald.*

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

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W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—On and after April first the masons of the city will demand $3.50 per day, instead of $3.25 the present rate.

—The regular monthly meeting of the Reform Club will be held this evening. A full attendance is desired.

—The employes at the toboggan slide will be tendered a benefit to-morrow evening, weather permitting.

—A number of coal cars jumped the track at Raritan on Tuesday, but travel over the Central road was not seriously delayed.

—General admission to the toboggan slide—to-morrow afternoon and evening—will be ten cents. This is the last time the slide will be open.

—The meeting of the O. A. F. will be held in Zephyr's parlors, Thursday evening of next week, instead of this evening, as announced yesterday.

—Plainfield appears to be a popular resort for sleighing parties, judging from the large numbers that have visited this city within the past few days.

—A regular meeting of the Somerset County Teachers' Association will be held at Raritan on Saturday. An interesting list of subjects will be discussed.

—The reputation of Sweet & Orr's pantaloons is so great that we do not need to comment upon them. Schwed Brothers are the agents in this city for them.

—Since the fire in Charles Goodman's saloon and dwelling on East Second street, last week, a man has been engaged continually day and night to watch the place.

—Postmaster Vanderveer of Somerville, forwarded his bond to Washington on Saturday. The bond is in the sum of $16,000, and the bondsmen are Dumont Freilinghuysen, Esq., Hon. Calvin Corle, Cashier LaRue Vredenburgh and Mr. John V. Veghte.

—Today is known as Candlemas, a day set apart from remote times by the Church of Rome as the festival of the purification of the Virgin Mary. It gets its name from the tapers and candles to be used in the church throughout the year being consecrated on this day.

—Representatives of all the building material firms on the line of the Central R. R. of New Jersey, held a meeting at Force's Hotel yesterday afternoon to discuss Assembly bill 44, relating to the amendment of the mechanics' lien law now before the Legislature.

—A pretty good test of a man's character for generosity may be had by looking at the big sleds which are fringed by a bevy of boys as they pass through the streets. Boys are pretty good judges of a man's disposition, and they rarely "catch on" to a mean man's sled.

—Bishop Wigger, who is announced to bless St. Mary's bell to-night, has appointed Rev. Fathers Von Schiegan and Carroll, of Elizabeth, Commissioners to visit all parish schools in the Newark Diocese and report on the proficiency of the pupils. The clergymen have begun their labors at St. Patrick's School, Elizabeth.

—To-morrow evening the Borough Council will hold its regular meeting for February. Chief of Police T. J. Carey will at that time present to the Council a bill for damages resulting from the long litigation in the Courts, during which time his business, he claims, has suffered to the extent of several hundred dollars. Mr. Carey says he intends to push the matter.

—Judge Dixon decided in a trial at Paterson last Thursday that a man who cuts down a telegraph pole in front of his premises because it is obnoxious cannot be convicted of *malicious mischief*, but that the company's remedy is by a civil action. This decision will give new hope to property owners, who have long supposed that they had no rights which the telegraph people were bound to respect.

1788 - - 1888.

THE FIRST BUILDING ERECTED IN PLAINFIELD.

Preparations by the Friends to Celebrate the Centennial of Their Meeting House—Some Interesting Particulars of a Hundred Years Ago.

At the corner of Peace and East Third streets, adjacent to the present railroad stands a modest, little, one-story frame building, where the Hicksite Society of Friends hold their meetings. The date of its erection "1788," announced in weather-beaten letters on its exterior, has for years attracted the attention of residents and visitors of the city, and strangers passing in the cars. A reporter of THE PRESS, remembering that this year would be its centennial anniversary, has interviewed those in a position and of the knowledge necessary to furnish facts of interest in such connection. The result is given below.

The surviving members of the society who worship in the building, propose to celebrate—during the latter part of the coming Summer—the one-hundreth anniversary of the erection of the meeting house and its first occupancy. Those interested will then present a full account of all the facts in relation to the building and the rise and progress of the society that occupies it. Until this celebration is more fully arranged, THE PRESS only feels at liberty to publish the following matters of history in its possession.

It is known to but few of the present inhabitants of Plainfield that the erection and occupation of the now venerable meeting house at Peace and East Third streets in 1788, was the foundation and beginning of our beautiful and prosperous city. Prior to that time it was not known by its present name, but only as a locality or neighborhood. The original Plainfield was located between what was formerly known as "Morris Frazee's Corner" and the present residence of Isaac W. Laing, Esq., in the Township of Piscataway, and the County of Middlesex.

It was there the first and original "Plainfield Meeting House" was built more than one hundred and fifty years ago on land given by John Laing for that purpose and for a burial ground. Previous to the erection of this meeting house, Friend's meetings were for many years held in the dwelling house of Mr. Laing, near by. After the erection of the present building in 1788, meetings were then held therein, and the name of "Plainfield" was retained although removed from the County of Middlesex into what was then the County of Essex but now the County of Union.

Less than fifty years ago there were yet visible old land marks of the original meeting house lot and burial ground where are interred the remains of the ancestors of the old families of Fitz Randolph, Shotwell, Vail, Laing, Webster, Pound and others. One of the oldest members of the Society told a PRESS reporter—in answer to inquiries regarding the boundaries of the property—"I have never known by what right or authority, if any, adjacent land holders have entered upon and taken possession of this property, without an emphatic and successful protest from the descendants of the families buried there."

Our readers will appreciate from the brief sketch above, how full of interesting reminiscences will be the centennial celebration in preparation. In these columns will be given the same accuracy of detail, but at greater length, when the event is more completely arranged.

Doubly Afflicted.

Mr. John Mills and family who arrived in this city from Worcester, Mass., yesterday, as related in THE PRESS, are to be sympathized with in their sad bereavement. Although the members of the Board of Health exerted themselves to find shelter for the homeless family, whose furniture was delayed on the road, it was not until last evening that Mr. Mills, his wife and remaining child found quarters in the house recently occupied by the family of the late George Foster, in the rear of Fairchild's furniture store on East Front street. Even then there was some hesitancy about allowing the family to enter by the other occupants of the house, who had several small children. Nearly all of Mrs. Foster's furniture was purchased at a fair price, and the family will continue to occupy the place until their own household effects arrive. The exposure the sick baby was subjected to on North avenue, undoubtedly hastened its death. The body was buried in St. Mary's cemetery this afternoon.

—Judging from the number of idle men who line the curb stones these pleasant afternoons and puff foul tobacco smoke into the faces of the fair sex as they pass, their must be a general suspension of business among the laboring classes.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mr. T. E. Morgan, the West Front street newsdealer, was this morning made the happy father of a girl baby.

Mr. Deuse Van Vleit and bride (*nee* Miss Charlotte Groendyke) have returned from their wedding tour and taken up their residence in Plainfield.

Mr. James E. White of this city, is at present prospecting in Southern California with a view of purchasing land and locating his family there.

The young son of Mr. Alex. Snedecker of Sixth street and Plainfield avenue, who was so horribly burned on Tuesday evening, died this morning.

The Misses Josephine D. and Mary H. Bedle of Freehold, are visiting their cousins, Messrs. W. D. and George H. Craig of Somerset street.

The service of blessing St. Mary's new bell will take place in St. Mary's church this evening. The Bishop will be in attendance and conduct the service.

Miss J. Etta Cleveland of Norwich, Conn., is visiting at the residence of her sister, Mrs. F. H. Gray of New street. The young lady arrived in town last evening.

Mr. Frank Cook, who has just closed a successful engagement with the Frank A. Robbins circus in New York city, has signed an agreement to travel with the Forepaugh show next Summer.

Mr. John Enright the newly appointed Superintendent of the Post Office Department at Washington, D. C., arrived in this city last evening. He will return to his future home in Washington, with his family to-morrow.

A Newark paper says: "Editor Demarest of Plainfield yesterday made a complaint of atrocious assault against Editor Morrison, who attacked him Monday night. Morrison is said to have left Plainfield." *No such good luck, brethren.*

David F., the seventeen-year-old son of David Drake of North Plainfield died yesterday, after an illness dating since Monday. Acute kidney disease was the direct cause of death. The funeral will take place from the Holy Cross church on Saturday at 2 p. m.

The funeral arrangements for the burial of the young daughter of Mr. Norman C. Mague, who died in the waiting room at the depot on Tuesday, will be completed this evening. The service will in all probability be held at the house near the Pond Tool Works on Saturday afternoon.

At Syracuse, the bride's place of residence, will take place this evening the marriage of Mr. George Titsworth, of this city, and Miss Fannie VanHoesen. The bride is the twin sister of Mrs. Arthur Titsworth whose husband is a brother of the groom. The newly wedded couple will arrive in this city to take up their permanent residence, in a few days.

A School Teacher Seriously Injured.

Miss Alice H. Burt, one of the efficient teachers at the Bryant School building on East Sixth street, met with a painful accident while sleigh riding last evening. Miss Burt in company with a lady named Miss Smith of Broadway and Tenth street, and another lady and child, were seated in a sleigh driving in the vicinity of Evona, when an overgrown urchin attempted to catch on to the passing sleigh. He grasped the rear end of the vehicle, and in doing so, wrecked the entire back portion of it, allowing Miss Burt and the child, who were occupying the back seat, to fall backward, striking with force on the icy road bed. Fortunately the child was not injured, but Miss Burt received a severe shock and was considerably bruised about the right hip and lower limb. A peculiar incident in connection with the accident was that one of the young lady's shoes was literally torn from her foot. Dr. T. S. Davis was called in during the evening and found the patient suffering from severe strains she received by the fall, in addition to the injuries above enumerated. He did not, however, discover any fractured bones. Miss Burt had a severe shock by falling on the icy pavement about two weeks ago, from the effects of which she had not fully recovered.

He Always Remembers Himself.

Monday evening the editor of the *Evening* ——, who condemned the striking plumbers for beating one of their trade because successful where they had failed —tried the same method of suppression on the editor of THE PRESS. Yet he never forgot himself but once in forty years.

Tuesday evening he called us all "cowardly blackmailers," "contemptible objects" and "blackguards." But still he never forgot himself but once in forty years.

Wednesday he ridiculed one of the proprietors of THE PRESS for being a consistent Christian and the other for not, and accused them of hiring "irresponsible blackguards to do their filthy work." And so on is continued his record of never forgetting himself but once in forty years.

It is unfortunate for the sake of a disgusted community that he does not forget *himself* oftener, and remember what *respectable folks* are like.

BEGINNING THE TEN DAYS' SERVICE.

Rev. Dr. Van Meter Delivers the First Discourse in the New M. E. Chapel.

The handsome new chapel annexed to the M. E. church as a Sunday school room, was formerly opened to the public last evening. The structure was described in detail in THE PRESS of Tuesday, and last evening it was thrown open for inspection. The room which is itself a model, both in design and style of architecture, was comfortably filled with people. Beautiful and brilliant rays shed from numerous incandescent lights distributed about the room, made a spectacle pleasing to the eye. The service opened with a hymn, followed by a prayer by Mr. James McGee and Scripture reading by the pastor. After another hymn and a prayer by Dr. H. K, Carroll, Rev. Dr. Van Meter made a few preliminary remarks.

He took his text from Genesis 12th chapter, and a part of the second verse: "I will bless thee and thou shalt be a blessing." Here, the divine began, commences the history of God's people in the world. These words were spoken to Abraham, not to command, but to establish as it were the house of God. It is legitimate for us to say that we are the children of this Covenant, and the descendants of Abraham. In Revelations, Paul says that they who believe in Abraham are more allied to him than those who descended from him by lineage. Another phase of the Gospel preached to Abraham, was the Gospel of service; the first principal laid down to him was the Gospel of salvation. God's blessing for mankind is specific and unchangeable; knowing for what he made us, God is certainly the one to choose what our blessings shall be; we think that a blessing is a present benefit, to take load from our hearts and make the moment brighter; God's thought of a blessing is something that is ultimate; he is seeking perfection for us; we aim for present goodness, but God in his superior wisdom is aiming to secure for us all good and a perfect condition. The blessing God offers is universal. Ask the capitalist what is needed for the prosperity of a country and he will say Home Rule; the Home Ruler will say an overthrow of the monetary government, and the laborer will say that the labor organizations should be recognized. These are local grievances—something changeable. God has offered but the one thing for man's blessing, not only supreme but inclusive. This blessing is beautifully illustrated in these words: "Fear not, I am thy shield, and thy exceeding great reward."

The church, the preacher continued, is the repository of this blessing for the World; it has the revealed truth, the message and the call; to the church is given the word of God; it stands before the World to protect; the church has the witnessing light, which is worthy of all acceptance; the spirit is bestowed on the church and the church is its abiding place; the church is the body through which the head, Jesus Christ, works. The mission of the church is not simply to receive the blessing and enjoy what God has given, but to diffuse the blessing on every side, following the text, "I will bless thee, and thou shalt be a blessing." The chief work of the church is found outside its walls; today it is a little band among those who have not yet received the blessing; it is our duty as a Christian church to carry this blessing to the community round about us; to fulfill that mission we must have that with which to bless the divine treasure in our own hearts. In concluding his discourse, the speaker said, the World is challenging the church. "What do you more than others?" We should give testimony by our lives, and in the exhibition of the fact that the peace and joy of God is ours.

One of Many.

One of the many sleighing parties that arrived in Plainfield last evening, was a four horse load from Bound Brook. The party was well equipped with tin horns and other lung expanders, and all apparently enjoyed themselves. Supper was had at the City Hotel, and the return trip was made about midnight. The following persons composed the company: Mr. I. W. Brokaw and lady, Mr. D. W. Chandler, wife and daughter, Dr. F. Hickman, wife and daughter, Mr. W. S. Negus and wife, Mr. B. C. Conwell and lady, Mr. E. J. Rutt and lady, Mr. L. L. Cook and lady, Mr. G. C. Garretson and lady, Mr. P. P. Lozier (and a dram), Mr. A. C. Thomas and lady, Mr. J. J. Livingston and wife, Mr. W. H. Brokaw and lady.

Girls, Wear Your Overshoes.

The city physicians are making a crusade against the habit which girls and women have of neglecting to wear their overshoes. The doctors all agree that the rubber overshoe is a decided preservative of health in winter. Wet and cold feet are the cause of half of Winter's serious sickness. The feminine sex are especially warned against neglecting their overshoes, not only because they are more delicately constituted but also on account of the thin and unsubstantial shoes they wear.

An Unprejudiced Opinion.

There are three papers in this city, of whom two disagree. As the statement of either of the latter might naturally be biased, and friends of either would not be convinced that the other was right, the community will turn to the third paper for its arbitration. The *Plainfield Central Times* of today gives the following unprejudiced observation and opinion of a recent matter that has been of more or less public interest. THE PRESS will, however, promise its readers to herewith drop its discussion.

(From The Central Times.)

On Monday evening while on Park avenue, near Front street, J. A. Demarest, managing editor of THE PRESS, was struck in the face and felled to the walk by T. W. Morrison, editor of the *News*. The immediate cause of the attack was a bit of satire in the first named paper on an alledged list of bachelors given in the other paper. The satire contained a brief list of names made up on the plan followed by the other paper of throwing together different classes of people. But it so happened that in the satirical list were two sons of the offended editor. It seems to have been considered all right to put J. A. Demarest's name in the *News* list among the "good, bad and indifferent," as the article characterizes its own list, but it was all wrong for Mr. Demarest to take a somewhat similar liberty with the name of the other editor, or his sons, in the satirical article. But it is the old story over again. The editor who is the most given to indulging in offensive personalities, is the quickest to resort to violent means to resent the attempt of another to show that what is sauce for the goose should be sauce for the gander. This journal has never had any disposition to demonstrate this last proposition to any of its newspaper assailants, but if any newspaper is so disposed to use its columns in retaliation, then it becomes the original offender gracefully to receive blows as well as to give them. But all such journalism might better be relegated to the shades.

Beyond Compare.

THE PRESS of yesterday was the only daily paper that published complete and accurate accounts of

The death of a child from malignant diphtheria after being carried up and down the streets of the city in the arms of its homeless and friendless parents.

How a woman and two children were saved from a possible death in a runaway accident.

The extensive repair and renovation of Trinity Reformed church, preparatory to the return of its pastor and his bride.

What the second of the Philharmonic concerts consisted of and how it was rendered and received.

The killing of a $750 St. Bernard dog at the Ohl Kennels, and what the animal did to deserve it.

The facts about the proposed new track in this city of the Jerome Driving Park Association of New York.

The coasting accident on one of Washington Valley's hills and the legal stopper put on the sport of the "double rippers" and others on that hill thereafter.

All that and more THE PRESS published exclusively, and there was not one word of news in other source, that it did not have.

Gazelle Engine Company's Meeting.

A regular monthly meeting of Gazelle Engine Co., No. 1, was held in their parlors last evening. After the call of the roll and reading of the minutes of a previous meeting a great deal of important business was transacted. After all the general business of the company was done away with the Treasurer presented and read his quarterly report, which shows the company to be in a good financial condition. The following is the

TREASURER'S REPORT:

Balance on hand at last report		$173.45
RECEIPTS.		
November, 1887	$ 9.50	
December	4.00	
January 1888	31.50	45.00
Total receipts		$218.45
DISBURSEMENTS.		
November 1887	$5.00	
December	5.00	
January 1888	5.00	15.00
Balance in treasury		$203.45

All of which is respectfully submitted,
V. L. FRAZEE, Treasurer.

St. Valentine's Day.

Inasmuch as Valentine day, Feb. 14, is rapidly approaching, and as our young lads and lassies will certainly comply with the usual custom of sending these tokens of love and friendship to their numerous friends, we take this method of directing them to our advertisers whose ads are located in various parts of the paper, where they can be found in every variety. In connection with these souvenirs they keep on hand a large and magnificent assortment of toys, confectioneries and fancy articles of every conceivable description. Read their advertisements and then go and see for yourselves.

—The long promised serial story of "A Brother's Keeper," is begun in THE PRESS today.

A Novel Entertainment.

The Anagram Supper given in the lecture room of the Seventh Day Baptist church, last evening, was attended by a large gathering so generous that from seventy-five to a hundred dollars is the amount realized. The novel entertainment was under the auspices of the Ladies' Benevolent Society of the Seventh Day Baptist church. Mrs. George H. Babcock was appointed to arrange the affair, and she called to her assistance, Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson and Mrs. John Titsworth. The room was handsomely decorated, and the *menus*, as published in these columns of yesterday, were of a style entirely due to the originality of Mrs. Babcock.

Mr. David Titsworth was chief cook, and browned the pan-cakes with a deal of delicacy and dexterity. Dr. Frank Wells was cashier, and the lady waiters were Mrs. J. G. Miller, Mrs. Cassie Stillman, and the Misses Jessie Utter, Florence Potter, Gracie Lewis, Mabel Potter, Ernie Smith, Mabel Maxson, May Tomlinson, Mamie Jennings, Lillie Dunham and Nancy Randolph. The Misses Anna Wooden and Florence Titsworth presided at the candy table.

Besides the eatables, there was music by a parlor orchestra led by Mr. George Rogers, and a spinning wheel that twirled round and never spoke, yet from each spoke was offered words of good advice printed in letters of gold on satin bookmarks.

Library Directors' Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Public Library and Free Reading Room was held in the Library building last evening, with President Male in the chair. The other members of the Board present were Messrs. Baldwin, Babcock, Dumont, Tracy, Stillman and Yates. The minutes of the previous meeting were adopted as read. Upon motion, the Board extended a vote of thanks to the Plainfield Electric Light Company for lighting the Art Gallery building during the loan exhibition, and the Secretary was instructed to notify the Company to that effect. The following claims were ordered paid: Miss E. L. Adams, salary, $41.66; E. M. Odam, $40; sundries $2.12. The Librarian's report for January was received and filed, and the Secretary was instructed to extend to Mr. L. Heyniger the thanks of the Board for a beautiful engraving and frame donated to the Art Gallery. A quantity of Congressional literature, such as the reports of the various Government departments, was received, after which the Board adjourned.

To-Night at Music Hall.

"A Tin Soldier" will be presented at Music Hall, this evening, with Eugene Canfield as *Rats*, but he is not the only one assisting the great work of development. The Misses Kate Davis, Fanny Johnstone, and Nellie Judson are also a trio of most accomplished assistants, beautiful and talented, and are all possessed of far more than ordinary accomplishments. Mr. Thos. Q. Seabrooke, this season's "plumber," is one of the best known and most popular comedians on the American stage, having at one time successfully starred in Nat Goodwin's repertoire. This is the third season of "A Tin Soldier," and it has been played in all the principal cities of the East, West, North and South, packed houses being the rule everywhere, and standing room often at a premium. If you want to laugh as you have never laughed before, see "A Tin Soldier."

On A Straw Ride.

A sleigh-riding party of 25 persons, male and female, from Somerville and Raritan, made Miller's hotel their objective point last night. After a bountiful supper, served in a manner for which the hotel is renowned, dancing was indulged in until a late hour, the party bringing their own musicians with them. The ladies of the party insisted that as it was leap year, they should be accorded the privilege of paying the bill, and one little damsel insisted that boniface Miller should receive his pay from her, but the "boys" finally carried their point, as they most always, sometimes, generally do, and settled the score.

BOUND BROOK.

The sleighing and coasting in this vicinity is in an excellent condition.

A series of stereopticon entertainments has been in progress in the Presbyterian church for the past few evenings.

The Bound Brook Philharmonic Society gave an entertainment in Cook's Hall on Tuesday evening, which consisted of music, recitations, etc. The event was an enjoyable one.

Take the Chances.

Ex-Councilman Cox's sidewalk on 7th street furnishes an example of cleanliness that might be followed throughout the city to the satisfaction of pedestrians. Scores of walks that could have been *swept* clean during yesterday's thaw, were allowed to remain covered to freeze up again last night. Property owners; seize the opportunity of cleaning your walks the next time the sun loosens the ice.

AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL

CONGRESS WILL INVESTIGATE THE READING STRIKE.

The British Extradition Trgaty—Investigating Steamboat Inspectors—Solicitor McCue's Denial.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The stormiest session of the present Congress occurred yesterday on the subject of the resolution to appoint a special committee of the House to investigate the Reading strike, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce several days ago and yesterday reported back. The galleries were filled to overflowing with men whose sturdy, muscular frames and plain, unostentatious attire indicated the typical workingman. All the local labor organizations were well represented and a delegation of the miners recently employed in the Schuylkill region occupied prominent seats. The discussion was noisy and turbulent. Members shouted back and forth and vied with each other in the effort to see who could call the loudest for recognition by the chair.

Mr. Raynor of Maryland said he did not believe in half-way measures on this subject. When monopolies combine to drive the ranks of labor to the starvation point, labor had an equal right, by every natural law of justice, to combine and strike for living wages.

Mr. Randall said, in his judgment the miners' case was a vast deal stronger than was that of the employes of the railroad, and he therefore suggested an amendment extending the investigation into the existing differences in the Lehigh and Schuylkill coal regions between the mining corporations and the miners.

Mr. S. V. White, of New York, suggested an amendment extending the inquiry into the question as to whether there has been any unlawful combination of large bodies of men to interrupt the business of the Reading Railroad Company, and to deprive it of freight destined for transportation to points outside of Pennsylvania; and if such combination is found to exist, the committee is directed to report what legislation is necessary to prevent and punish such combination in the future.

Mr. Brumm, of Pennsylvania—I don't object to that. I want a broad investigation.

Mr. Anderson, of Kansas—I do; there is too much Wall street about it.

After some delay the various propositions were consolidated into the following resolution, which was adopted without division:

Resolved, That a special committee of five members be appointed to investigate forthwith the extent, cause and effect upon interstate commerce of the continued failure by the Reading Railroad Company to transport such commerce, and report to the House by bill or otherwise, for consideration at any time, such legislation as is necessary to secure to the public the regular and complete execution by a railroad company of its obligations to serve as a common carrier of interstate commerce, and to investigate the differences existing in the Lehigh and Schuylkill Region of Pennsylvania between the corporation's mining and the miners, and further to investigate all facts relating to mining corporations and individual miners of anthracite coal in connection therewith, and all facts relating to the matter and report the same to the House with such recommendations as the committee may agree upon.

The Senate held an executive session for the purpose of considering the British extradition treaty. The discussion of this document consumed very little time because Mr. Riddleberger was again present as a cause of disturbance. The moment the doors were closed he took the floor and made an incoherent speech in favor of considering the treaty in open session. Half a dozen Senators endeavored to reason with him, but he would allow no one to speak. The Senators were opposed to considering Mr. Riddleberger's motion, and he was opposed to considering the treaty unless the doors were opened. He made all sorts of dilatory motions and endeavored to prevent any reference to the subject matter of the treaty. He consumed the time of the session for more than thirty minutes with his unreasonable demands, and it was then unnecessary to adjourn, simply to get rid of Riddleberger. Several Senators were quite anxious to deliver speeches which they had prepared on the subject of extradition, and were very indignant at Mr. Riddleberger for the manner in which he obstructed business. When the discussion of the extradition treaty is fairly under way it will require several days to dispose of it, as Vest and other Senators will make long speeches in opposition to its ratification.

The House Committee on Mines and Mining will on Friday have under consideration a bill which has been introduced by Delegate Smith, of Arizona, to enable aliens to hold mines and mineral lands in the United States. Mr. Smith, in introducing the bill, did not have the interests of the aliens at heart so much as those of his constituents. He says that the aliens who have bought mineral lands in Arizona have never got anything out of them. They have paid hundreds of thousands of dollars for the lands and are now employing a good many men in their development, but, he claims, they have not received any returns. He thinks that it should be perfectly legal and allowable for an Arizonian to unload on the innocent alien if he had the opportunity, and he therefore introduced the bill to exempt mines and mineral lands from the law passed last session prohibiting the owning of lands by aliens in the Territories of this country.

The members of the Invalid Pensions Committee who oppose granting pensions of $2,000 a year each to Mrs. Logan and Mrs. Frank P. Blair are Matson of Indiana, Pidcock of New Jersey and Walker of Missouri. The position of Mr. Walker on the subject has caused it be made warm for him in Missouri circles. Frank P. Blair was the idol of the Missouri Democracy. His widow lives in St. Louis with only her present pension of $500 a year for support, and the admirers of her late husband are writing and telegraphing here that the bill should pass.

Roscoe Conkling appeared yesterday for the Bell Telephone Company in an argument before the Commissioner of Patents regarding the right of the Bell telephone receiver. Robert G. Ingersoll was among the attorneys for the contestant, McDonough, and argued that the patent should have been issued to his client. The decision of the commissioner will be important, and if it is in McDonough's favor will probably make the Bell company change its receiver or come to an agreement.

Solicitor McCue of the Treasury denied yesterday morning the rumor that he was to be appointed Assistant Treasurer in New York in place of Charles D. Canda. "The story," said he, "is entirely without authority. I was in New York on Monday and called on ex-Treasurer Jordan purely as an act of courtesy. My visit to him may have been the foundation for the rumor."

MINERS RETURN TO WORK

THE STRIKE IN PRIVATE COLLIERIES DECLARED OFF.

The Reading Railroad Officers Claim to Have 2,500 Men at Work—Molly Maguirism Reviving.

SHENANDOAH, Feb. 2.—Trouble was feared yesterday at the William Penn colliery when operations were resumed with union and non-union men. A strong effort was made in the morning to induce the men not to go in. The various roads leading to the mines were patrolled by subcommittees, and in some cases money was offered to the miners and they turned back. The colliery officials claimed yesterday that they had 150 men and boys at work.

Many expected that the scabs would be attacked at the closing hour yesterday evening, but during the afternoon the colliery officials were informed that the subcommittee had declared the strike off at the William Penn and there were no molestations which amounted to anything. The report that the Strike had been declared off had the effect of quieting down the excitement.

The William Penn officials said:—"The strike has not only declared off for this colliery, but all private collieries willing to pay the eight per cent increase, no matter over what line we want to ship. We sent away 150 cars to day and expect to get away 300 to-morrow. When full handed we employ 700 people, and we will have no difficulty in securing that number."

Kehley Run also pays the increase and will start in full and commence shipping to-day. These two collieries will use Reading Railroad cars. The Big Mine Run colliery of the Taylor estate will, in all probability, also pay the eight per cent. advance and soon start in.

This new order only applies to the private collieries, and the strike committee will endeavor to keep all union miners out of the Reading Railroad Company's collieries, which strike is to be continued with unabated vigor. By yesterday's order the individual collieries will be able to capture all the Reading Company's local trade along the line, and it remains now to be seen whether the Reading Railroad will furnish the private operators all the empty coal cars they need.

Lawrence & Brown, at Mahanoy Plane will also be able to ship coal by the Reading Railroad, but, like the private collieries, are at the mercy of Mr. Corbin, who, if he chooses, can fail to furnish empty cars. Such a refusal will make it a proper subject for the Interstate Commerce Committee to investigate.

The Reading Railroad officials claim that they have 2,500 miners working in their collieries, about one-tenth the number of strikers. Of these they say 216 were in the Henry Clay, at Shamokin, 190 at Brookside, 160 at Suffolk, 90 at the Keystone and the remainder at the other collieries.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Feb. 2.—The intensity of the feeling growing out of the action of the women in stoning the "scabs" at Glendower Colliery can hardly be realized. Two old men named Ford and Reed have disowned their sons, and a public meeting was held in Mount Pleasant school-house in which the action of the women was indorsed. Ugly feeling prevails in more than one section, and an old fashioned Molly Maguire threatening letter, with skull, cross bones, coffin, revolver, &c., was sent to Mr. Christopher Honecker, who has been in the New Castle colliery.

READING, Pa., Feb. 2.—An inquiry into the condition of the furnaces in this section of the Schuylkill Valley, within a radius of about twenty-five miles of Reading has been made, and the result shows that out of sixty-three furnaces nineteen have gone out of blast since the miners's strike because the coal gave out.

Nearly all the others are using bituminous coal and coke, and are so situated that they can receive some coal over the Pennsylvania road or from the Lehigh mines. Three or four others are expected to go out of blast this week, because no more anthracite coal is obtainable.

Those already out of blast, it is estimated turned out weekly nearly 3,000 tons of pig iron before the strike.

SHORT IN HIS ACCOUNTS.

Cashier Roberts Confesses to the Embezzlement of $10,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 2.—A breach of trust involving the embezzlement of $10,000 is made public. The firm of Whiteall, Tatum & Co., druggists, are the sufferers, and the guilty one is J. Henry Roberts, the cashier of the house, a resident of Moorestown, N. J.

Recently the cashier was ill for a few days and remained at home. In his absence a slight discrepancy was discovered in his accounts. Closer investigation revealed that the footings of the books had been altered, and that the difference between the false and real balances amounted to about $10,000.

An expert accountant was engaged by the firm, but before his task was finished Mr. Robeats returned. He was accused of having used the firm's money.

Without a moment's hesitation the cashier confessed the truth of the charge and said he was willing to go to prison. He said he was ready to make all the restitution in his power, and he had transferred to the firm all the property he possessed.

The firm has not yet decided to prosecute him. Mr. Roberts is at his home in Moorestown.

They Object to Sunset Cox's Bill.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—The clerks in the Chicago Postoffice held a meeting yesterday and passed resolutions denouncing the bill introduced by Congressman S. S. Cox, of New York, to classify postoffice clerks. The objection urged against the bill was that it would compel the best men in the service either to submit to a reduction of pay or to resign. The resolutions, which are pretty vigorous, will be forwarded to Congress. Postmaster Judd is also against the bill tooth and nail.

Non-Union Men Assaulted.

ROCHESTER, Feb. 2.—As three non-union employes of Byrnes, Dugan & Hudson, shoe manufacturers, were leaving their hotel on their way to work yesterday they were knocked down and severely beaten by a gang of strikers. There were eight or ten men in the gang, and they were armed with clubs.

Dissatisfaction in a Republican Club.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 2.—James McManes and M. Hall Stanton have resigned as members of the Union Republican Club. It was stated that fifty resignations will follow. Those who propose to leave the club have been dissatisfied for some time with its factional management.

Coal Famine in Ottawa Expected.

OTTAWA, Feb. 2.—The prospects are that there will be a coal famine here. The supply on hand is nearly exhausted, all orders for January and February delivery have been cancelled, owing to the shortness of the output.

VARIED COMMENT.

SOME of the Sunday newspapers are assuming such huge proportions that the subscriber will soon have a chance to get his money back from the junk dealer.

BRASS BANDS have become an important factor in the great Western land booms. They are indispensable in all prominent colonization movements, and daily herald the breaking of soil for some new "city" site.

THE war dispatches from Europe are becoming a standing joke in this country. One day war is announced, the next it is peace. If they don't ease up those submarine cables will have to be renewed one of these days.

IT hardly reflects credit upon us as a nation of free institutions to have it related of us that we have a million citizens who can neither read nor write, yet who are entitled to cast a ballot in the elections of our Governmental officers.

UPON the death of one of Barnum's huge elephants, recently, the animal's stomach was found to contain some hundreds of one-cent pieces. This is a happy discovery, as it affords a new solution to the mysterious absorption of much of the fractional currency of the Nation.

WHILE they are getting up a new language would it not be a wise provision to leave out the slang. Volapuk may be a little difficult for us at the start, but if it is in such a state as to not necessitate a constant skimming process we ought to give it a fair trial.

AN enterprising real estate dealer out West got out an "ad" the other day announcing that the population was rapidly increasing. When he arrived home that evening and found a brand new pair of twins at his house he felt justified in making the assertion.

FASHIONABLE ladies now appear in the streets of New York bearing in their arms shaggy-looking cats. These are substituted for the "pugs" which has become passe. This new "fad" will, very likely, place a fancy value on certain varieties of the feline race. It is not only the dog that has his day.

WASHINGTON'S reputation as a city of plain-looking women is said to have been swallowed up in a cloud of feminine loveliness that has, of late, taken possession of the city. Report has it that the pretty girls of the country have taken the capital, and droves of them may there be encountered any day.

IN the language of the day "every thing goes" that is "English, you know." This applies not only to that that is worthy of emulation, but, sad to relate, to many things of a doubtful nature which, it viewed through the lenses of common sense and strict propriety, would assume outrageous proportions.

THE famous French physician, Pasteur, it is said, proposes to rid Australia of the plague of rabbits by inoculating a number of animals with the germs of chicken cholera, which he thinks will finally destroy them all. If this plan is adopted we may expect to hear of some new epidemic among Australian sheep.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING JAN. 27, 1887.

Adams, Miss Lena	McNamara, John
Allen, Miss Mary	Martin, Mrs M J
Angle, D A	Ritter, Jacob (2)
Box 500	Richards, Jas. (2)
Carman, Mrs Henry	Ruchman, Wm
Cheney, L W	Randolph, Miss Annie
Compton, W A	Taylor, Mrs Agnes E
Clark, Mrs M M	Turner, Miss Alice (2)
Kilkmann, H H	Valentine, Bros.
Moore, A S	Wiltz, Henry
Word, Miss Katie M	

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Windows. Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays. Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

DRAKE—In this city, Feb. 1st, 1888, of acute kidney disease, David F. Drake, Jr., aged 17 years, 11 months and 22 days.

Funeral services at Holy Cross Church, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

REWARD—Strayed or stolen, a small fox-terrier bitch. Return to J. Mortimer, 18 Putnam-ave. 2-2-2

A LOT SECOND-HAND LUMBER AND WINdow sashes for sale cheap. 20 Central avenue. 2-2-2

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork in a family of three persons. Apply at No. 19 Duer street. 1-28-tf

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. Dunn's Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 2-2-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use; in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

TRY THE "O. A. F." CIGAR; MADE FROM the finest Havana filler, without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best 5-cent cigar in the world. 11-16-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHUBE. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-12-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street N. Y. city. my2tf

City National Bank.

The Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of three and a half (3½) per cent. out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on and after Tuesday, February 7th, 1888.

F. H. GARDNER, Cashier.

Plainfield, Jan'y 31, 1888. 2-2-2-osw

MUSIC HALL,
TO-NIGHT!

FUNNIER AND BETTER THAN EVER!

The best invasion of the drama by Chas H. Hoyt, author of "A Hole in the Ground," "A Rag Baby," "A Brass Monkey," etc., entitled

A TIN SOLDIER.

Under the Management of Messrs. Hoyt & Thomas. Overflowing with New Music, New Songs, New Specialties and Pretty Dances! Rats and the Plumber, Violet and Victoria, and all the pretty girls. Prices as usual. Tickets on sale at Fields & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's drug stores, January 31.

Rutgers Glee Club

THE ST. ANDREW'S

SOCIETY of GRACE CHURCH

Have secured the services of this GLEE CLUB to give one of their Concerts in

MUSIC HALL,
On Monday, February 6th.

THEY WILL BE ASSISTED BY

Miss Maude Agnes Bowers,

WHO WILL GIVE TWO RECITATIONS

"Tarpeia," and "The Last String."

☞ Tickets can be obtained of any Member of the Society at 50 cents each, general admission. Reserved Seats at 25 or 50 cents additional can be secured at the Drug stores of J. G. Miller, or Field & Randolph. 2-1-tf

GOSPEL MEETING

Cutter's Hall.

FIFTH WEEK.

PLAINFIELD

BEREAN BIBLE CLASS

Gives you hearty invitation,

GOOD SINGING!

SOCIAL SPEAKING!

Testimony from new converts. COME! 1-30-6

To the A. O. H. and the E. B. S.

At a special meeting of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society held Sunday evening, January 29, 1888, it was resolved to extend an invitation to the members of the A. O. H. and the Emerald Beneficial Society, to meet with them in St. Mary's Hall at 7 p. m. on Thursday next, and march in a body to the Church, to be present at the blessing of the new bell.

Members are requested to be in full regalia.

JOHN O'ROURKE,
P. CASEY,
Committee.

1-31 2

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
PAYING 7 PER CENT.

ANNUALLY, NEGOTIATED BY THE

HAMILTON LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,

(Incorporated.)

Semi-Annual Coupon Bonds running five years Interest and principal payable at the office of BROWN BROTHERS & CO., N. Y.

DIRECTORS:

HENRY A. BARRY, Pres't Hamilton L. & T. Co., 150 Broadway, New York City.
GEO. L. WHITMAN, Pres't Mutual Fire Ins. Co., New York City.
E. C. DAVIDSON, Vice-Pres't Hamilton L. & T. Co. Kearney, Nebraska.
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JOHN T. GRANGER, Treasurer P. W. & D. C. R. R., 1 Broadway, New York City.

For pamphlets showing list of stockholders and giving full information, send to or call on

CRAIG A. MARSH, Attorney,
Corner Front and Somerset Sts.,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

--No. 8--
PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,
Worsteds,
Notions.

STAMPING!

PECK'S CORNER.

PECK'S
EMBROIDERIES.

HEADQUARTERS
FOR
RUBBER
Boots and Shoes.
DOANE & VANARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10mv

C. FRANK FRENCH,

69 SOMERSET ST.,

Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box* 1,062.

DEALER IN

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.

Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

THE SHAWMUT.

Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*

TRY IT!

Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm. 1-30 tf

GREEN'S
Furniture
Warerooms

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

10-29-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST. 12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.

21 *WEST FRONT STREET. PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only.* Telephone Call 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
PROPRIETORS.

12-2-tf

SILVERWARE
FOR HIRE,
AT COLLIER'S,
No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

ESTABLISHED NINETEEN YEARS.

1-14-tf

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

[Successor to T. J. Carey.]

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT ST.,
Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS OR TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. ☞ Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

YOU
CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?
TRY
DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL
AT
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S
JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price.

12-21-tf

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

Public Printing—Another Service Pension Bill—Chandler's Resolution Adopted.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—In the House a bill extending the leave of absence of employes of the Government Printing Office to thirty days gave rise to some discussion, based on a proposed amendment providing that the Public Printer, in an emergency, may require the employes to work twelve months, and grant them one month's extra pay.

Mr. Gallinger, of New Hampshire, in advocating the bill and opposing the amendment, criticized the Democrats for not making provision for the granting of pro rata leaves to Republicans who had been discharged from the printing office before the expiration of a year.

Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, regretted that the printing office could not be mentioned without some gentleman boiling over. The gentleman complained that a few Republicans had been discharged. He should remember that the people had decided at the last election that all Republicans ought to go and honest Democrats take their places. (Applause on the Democratic side.)

Mr. Gallinger suggested that the President had told the people the Republicans would not have to go.

The amendment was rejected and the bill passed.

In the Senate Mr. Chandler, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported a resolution directing the Secretary of the Navy to furnish a statement as to changes made from the original plans of the Chicago, Boston, Atlanta and Dolphin, in addition to those mentioned in former communications with the cost thereof, the reason therefor and the reports of boards and officers on the subject; also as to the present condition of the monitor Miantonomoh and her armament. Adopted.

Mr. Cameron introduced a bill to place on the pension roll all officers and enlisted men who served in the army or navy between March 4, 1861, and Feb. 1, 1863, at the rate of one cent per month for each day's service, this to be a "service pension bill" and "an addition to invalid pensions for disability."

Supervising Inspector General Dumont has appointed Supervising Inspectors Americus Warden of Cincinnati, William D. Robinson, of Buffalo, and Matthew O'Brien of New Orleans a committee to investigate the charges against the local steamboat inspectors of New York. They will begin work next week. The charges were preferred by Mr. Aspinwall Fuller, President of the National Marine Engineers' Beneficial Association.

It is stated at the White House and also at the State Department that there is no truth whatever in the report that the President has sent a message to the Senate on the Canadian fisheries, transmitting a draft of a treaty.

AGAINST THE BELL COMPANY.

The State of Pennsylvania Tries to Collect $20,000 in Taxes.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 2.—The Dauphin County Court was engaged yesterday in hearing the claims of the State against the American Bell Telephone Company of Boston for taxes on capital stock for 1884, 1885, and 1886, amounting to about $20,000.

The company, represented by Samuel B. Hoey, Wayne MacVeagh and M. E. Olmstead, contends that it is not doing business in Pennsylvania, and has no agent here or capital employed in the State.

It leases telephones to Pennsylvania corporations, which the latter connect with exchanges and supply to the public for use.

The Pennsylvania corporations were shown to have paid taxes to the amount of about forty thousand dollars for the years in question. The Boston company does not come in contact with the public here. The Attorney General contended that as the Boston company has an interest in the telephones used here it has to pay the tax. Decision reserved.

Proposed League of Democratic Clubs.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 2.—At a meeting of the Duckwarth Club the matter of forming a league, composed of Democratic organizations throughout the country came up for discussion. To the club is due the inauguration of the movement. A committee reported having received letters favoring the idea from almost every prominent Democratic club in the country. Particularly did Eastern organizations look kindly upon the scheme. Most of the letters received favored Indianapolis as the point at which to hold a convention of representations from the different clubs looking to the formation of such a league. It was suggested that it might be proper to first learn the opinion of the members of the National Democratic Committee, and the committee having the matter in charge was instructed to confer by mail with Eastern organizations and also call the matter to the attention of the National Committee.

An Epidemic of Scarlet Fever.

PITTSFIELD, Feb. 2.—The town of Lee, ten miles south of here, has been suffering from an epidemic of scarlet fever since Oct. 1. For nearly two months the public schools have been close. On Monday last Charles E. Morgan, proprietor of the Morgan House, the only hotel in town, returned from New York badly broken out with scarlet fever rash, and the hotel was closed and quarantined. One child died this week of the fever. The total number of cases since Oct. 1 is ninety, and there have been seventeen deaths. The schools were reopened on Monday, but it is thought will be closed again immediately.

Juvenile Robbers in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—On Tuesday night two officers discovered under a sidewalk near Wentworth avenue and Twenty-ninth street, the rendezvous of a gang of boy thieves. The place was guarded by a thirteen-year-old boy named James Dynes who drew a revolver on the officers and commanded them to halt. The boy was disarmed and marched to the station house. The underground room contained all sorts of plunder, the results of many robberies which have occurred recently in the neighborhood. The other members of the gang have not yet been captured.

Taxing Non-Resident Corporations.

ALBANY, Feb. 2.—A bill introduced by Senator Vedder provides that all corporations hereafter organized in other States but who do business in this State, shall pay a tax of one-eighth of one per cent. on their capital stock employed in this State. This bill is supplementary to the law passed two years ago, which imposes a State tax of one-eighth of one per cent. on the capital stock of all corporations doing busines in the State.

Chicago Making Ready for the Convention.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—Large additions have been made during the last few days to the force of men engaged upon the new Auditorium building, and no doubt now remains but that the building will be completed at least a week prior to the date set for the opening of the Republican National Convention.

SULLIVAN RELEASED

THE EX-MAYOR WELCOMED BY A GREAT CROWD.

Bismarck Surrenders on the Socialist Bill. Pope and Irish Pilgrims—The Crown Prince—Irishmen Boycotted.

DUBLIN, Feb. 2.—Ex-Lord Mayor Sullivan, of Dublin, was released from Tullamore prison yesterday after two months confinement. A large crowd was gathered in front of the building and greeted Mr. Sullivan with great enthusiasm. Mr. Sullivan afterward received addresses from various delegations.

Mr. Sullivan, in a speech after his release from prison, said that he once desired a greater measure of independence for Ireland, but now thought that Mr. Gladstone's proposals were a fair compromise, and would unite the two nations in peace and good fellowship. He urged the people to join the National League and to meet secretly if they could not mee openly.

Mr. Sullivan, in an interview, said that his health was good. He complained that he was not allowed to edit his papers while in prison, a privilege that was granted to Messrs. Stead and Yates during their imprisonment here. He declared that he was ready to undergo further imprisonment for Ireland's sake.

The committee having in charge the proposed demonstration in honor of Messrs. O'Brien and Sullivan have been boycotted by all the owners of large halls in London. The owner of Her Majesty's Theatre, who is a unionist, refused to rent the building to the committee; on the ground that he did not want "a lot of roughs" there.

Mr. John Morley and the Marquis of Ripon started for Dublin yesterday. They received ovations at the different stations at which their train stopped. On their arrival at Kingstown they received an address from the Town Commissioners and were enthusiastically greeted by a great crowd. After a short stay they went on to Dublin. On arriving there the visitors were escorted from the station to their hotel by a torchlight procession, in which fifty trades were represented. The procession passed through the principal streets, which were densely packed with enthusiastic crowds.

BISMARCK DEFEATED

The Government Surrenders on the Anti-Socialist Bill—Not Snubbed.

BERLIN, Feb. 2.—The tone of the Government organs on the anti-socialist bill indicates a complete surrender by the Government and a willingness to accept a two-years' prolongation of the operative period of the present law and to abandon the offensive amendments.

The *Nachrichten*, referring to the report that Lord Randolph Churchill desired to visit Prince Bismarck while in Germany, but received through Herbert Bismarck an intimation that the Chancellor was so fully occupied with public business that he could not receive him, say that those in a position to know the facts state that if Lord Churchill had intimated a desire to see Prince Bismarck the latter would have been ready to receive him, even although the visit might not be convenient on account of ill health or needful application to business.

An imperial edict just issued at Strasburg authorizes the formation of a Committee of Agriculture for Alsace-Lorraine, consisting of 15 members in each district. Branch associations will be formed, over which local magistrates will preside unless the Governor should decide to appoint other Presidents. The project appears to be tantamount to the creation of chambers of agriculture and trade, to be centralized at Strasburg.

The Pope and the Irish Pilgrims.

ROME, Feb. 2.—The Pope yesterday received the Irish pilgrims and clergy, who presented him with addresses expressing their devotion to the Holy See. The Pope descended from the throne and walked down the ranks formed by the visitors, giving each his benediction and adding a few kindly words. To the leaders he expressed his desire for a peaceful settlement of the Irish question. In Vatican circles the desire expressed by the Pope to the Irish pilgrims for a settlement of the Irish question is interpreted to mean that the Pope's advice to Irishmen is to make peace with England.

Sullivan Wants a Bare-Knuckle Fight.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—John L. Sullivan, replying to the proposals of Fleming, manager for Jem Smith, says he would prefer to fight Smith in the prize ring with bare-knuckles, the number of spectators to be limited on each side, and the battle to take place a fortnight after his meeting with Mitchell.

Persecution of Irish Youths.

DUBLIN, Feb. 2.—Sixteen youths Dromore have been sentenced to imprisonment for one week with hard labor for lighting bonfires to celebrate the release of William O'Brien.

ANOTHER EARTH TREMOR.

The Down-Easters Alarmed by an Earthquake But Nobody Hurt.

MONTPELIER, V. T., Feb. 2.—A sharp shock of earthquake was felt here at 11:02 yesterday morning. It was of brief duration and gave the buildings a very perceptible swaying east and west. The shock also occasioned some alarm among the workmen on a high building.

SKOWHEGAN, Me., Feb. 2.—An earthquake shock was experienced at 11 a. m. yesterday in the up-river towns of Solon, Bingham, North Anson and Moscow, and at Newport and Derby Line and Vermont.

LITTLETON, N. H., Feb. 2.—A severe shock of earthquake was felt here at 11 o'clock yesterday. Some people were so alarmed that they fled from their houses. No damage was done.

Will Pay Depositors Twenty Per Cent

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 2.—It is announced that the assignees of the Columbian Bank, which failed on account of its connection with Henry S. Ives & Co., will pay its depositors twenty per cent., and commence proceedings against the stockholders for the balance due on deposit.

To Improve the Hudson.

ALBANY, Feb. 2.—Assemblyman Hadley introduced a resolution memorializing Congress to appropriate $300,000 to improve the navigation of the Hudson. It was referred to the Ways and Means Committee.

Cincinnati's Big Coal Pool.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 2.—A coal pool is being formed here to make the price of coal uniform in summer and winter. Each dealer gives a bond for $10,000. All the dealers have gone in.

Shoemakers Locked Out.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 2.—The shoe manufacturers of this city have ordered a general lockout. Some 3,000 employes are thrown out of work.

BOSTON MEN FOR PROTECTION.

Speakers at the Home Market Club Declare for High Tariff.

BOSTON, Feb. 2.—The first public meeting ever held in Boston in support of a protective tariff was held last evening in Tremont Temple under the auspices of the Home Market Club. Gen. W. F. Draper presided, and the principal speakers were the Hon. J. W. Jarrett, of Pittsburg, Col. A. S. Colyar, of Nashville, and John F. Scanlan, of Chicago. Gen. Draper, after discussing the principle of protection, said:

"This surplus does not bother me as it does many people. It seems to me a favorable comment upon our present revenue system that we are troubled to dispose of a surplus while all other nations are troubled to make up deficits. But, granting the necessity of reducing our revenue, we have a remedy in the reduction or abolition of internal revenue taxes. To break down industries for the sake of reducing our surplus appears to me much as if a private citizen who thought he was accumulating too rapidly should cut off a finger or two so that he might produce less. The internal revenue tax is a tax that was made necessary by the exigencies of the war, and in the money is not required under present conditions we can safely abolish it.

Col. Colyar discussed the tariff question in the South, and summed up his view of the situation thus: "I think the people are beginning to appreciate the need of protection, and that the sentiment in that direction is rapidly growing. Henry Watterson won't believe it, but it is true nevertheless, though they cling to the old idea in Kentucky largely through his influence. They are coming to see things in their true light, however, or why should a majority of 80,000 a few years ago be reduced to 16,000 last year? The people want protection, and must have it."

THE DUTY ON SUGAR.

What the Louisiana Representatives Propose to Do About it.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The six Representatives from Louisiana met last night to discuss the tariff situation and to consider a letter from some of the Ways and Means Committee asking them if they would support a tariff bill containing a 20 per cent. reduction of the sugar tariff. Two of them—Blanchard and Newton—said at once they would, but the other four—Wilkinson, Lagan, Gay and Robertson—were at a loss what to do. They did not like the idea of any cut at all, but they were afraid that if they did not agree to the 20 per cent. they might be forced to accept 10 per cent. reduction. After some reflection they put off the evil day by sending a reply to the letter to the effect that they hoped some arrangement might be made by which the duty would remain as it is. They have not, therefore, committed themselves either way."

Found Frozen In the Snow.

SOMERSET, Pa., Feb. 2.—Rev. Cornelius Birkly, and aged minister of the German Baptist Church, was yesterday found dead on his farm half way between the country road and his house. He had been in Somerset on business, and in the evening started home on the sled of John Bruner, a near neighbor. His home is about seven miles from Somerset and a half a mile from Bruner's. When he reached Bruner's barn Mr. Birkly said he would take the near cut across the fields to his home. The snow was very deep, the weather was intensely cold, and a heavy wind was blowing. As he did not reach home a search was made, which resulted in the finding of his lifeless body lying face downward in the snow.

New York Appropriations.

ALBANY, Feb. 1.—The Assembly Appropriations Committee has submitted the annual appropriation bill, which is about three weeks earlier than was the case last year. The total sum appropriated for carrying on the State Government is $7,674,-895. The total of last year's appropriation bill as signed by the Governor was $8,037,-446.47. The only notable increase of this bill over that of last year is that of $62,800 for the State Regents, to be used for academic works. There is a decrease of $68,000 for charitable institutions, $15,000 for the State Board of Health, and $120,000 in the amount of dividends for common schools. Several smaller amounts make up the deficiency.

Ohio's Centennial.

MARIETTA, O., Feb. 2.—All the arrangements have now been made for the proper commemoration of April 7th, the day set apart by formal resolution of the Ohio Company in 1788 "to be forever celebrated," under the auspices of a Centennial Committee, of which Dr. I. W. Andrews is Chairman. Senator Hoar and Randolph Tucker will both be present and deliver addresses, and the annual meeting of the State Historical and Archæological Society will be held at Marietta at that date, which is the centennial of the first settlement in Ohio by white men.

Charges of Cruel Treatment Unsupported.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 2.—The Senate committee appointed for the purpose to hear evidence relative to charges of cruel treatment of the boys confined at the Sockanosset School and of the girls serving sentences at the Oaklawn School. The Senatorial charges made against Mrs. Butterworth and J. C. Eastman, former Superintendent of the Sockanosset School, were utterly unsupported.

Another Fidelity Bank Arrest.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 1.—Eugene Zimmerman, a Fidelity Bank Director, who has been in Europe for some time, arrived home Tuesday night quietly. Next morning he was arrested, taken before a United States Judge and put under a $20,000 bond to answer to the same indictment as the others. It had been charged that he fled the country under an assumed name.

More Pay For Legislators.

ALBANY, Feb. 2.—Assemblyman McKenna has introduced a concurrent resolution to submit to the people an amendment to the Constitution to provide for an increase of salary for legislators. The resolution fixes the salary of Assemblymen at $3,000 per annum, and of Senators at $5,000. The clause to lengthen the term of legislators was omitted.

Mysteriously Disappeared.

SACO, Me., Feb. 2.—Mr. and Mrs. Brenner, their two daughters and a son, living on a farm near here, have mysteriously disappeared. Recently Mr. Brenner received $7,000 from Holland from a relative. This money he kept in the house. For ten days they have all been missing, and the authorities think they have been murdered.

Chair Works Destroyed.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 2.—The Union City Chair Works, of Moore & Sheeney at Union City, Pa., were totally burned yesterday, together with a stable and a number of outbuildings. Loss, $70,000; insurance, $15,000.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE,
Architect,
North avenue, opposite depot.
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist.
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

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BY MARY HARTWELL CATHERWOOD,
AUTHOR OF "CRAQUE O' DOOM," "STEPHEN GUTHRIE," "THE LONE MAN'S CABIN," AND OTHER STORIES.

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CHAPTER I.

URLEY stepped out in the February dusk after spending a dull Sunday at home. His house rose between him and the western sky, and he paused a moment, as he often did, to look at it with some pride. It was an old building, abundantly large, with many after-thoughts of wings and porches.

Jesse Stone could be seen milking in the barn-lot, and the voice of Jesse's wife could be heard crooning a psalm tune as a farewell to the Sabbath, while she placed the tubs ready for next day's washing. Mrs. Stone kept holy day with Scotch Presbyterian rigor from five o'clock on Saturday evening until five o'clock on Sunday evening; and if she attended night service this was a free-will offering to Heaven.

The homes of Gurley's various neighbors appeared here and there, and down wooded hills still sparkled the college town's steeples. Below, culture was life's law. Up hill, amidst farms and scattered school-houses, quite another class of people made another law unto themselves. As refinement and coarseness may dwell side by side in a city, so had Greensburg and the hills elbowed each other several generations without perceptibly acting on each other. However solidly excellent those hill farmers might be, the college town despised their plane of living; while, on the opposite side, all hill farmers voted against appropriations for the improvement of the town.

Gurley took a short cut across the upward slope of his meadow to spend an hour with an old chum whose homestead lay on the border of the hill region. He reached the muddy road, and a few turns brought him to the gate which opened on Tom Holmes' lawn. Poplars staked out with their stiff pillars the path to the house. It was a staunch homestead, covered with knotty elbows of the trumpet vine. The sitting-room windows were flickering with firelight, and he ascended the wooden steps at that side and confidently knocked.

But two or three knocks brought no response, and, after waiting, Gurley opened the door and went in.

The familiar room was in a receptive attitude toward chance comers; chairs stood grouped for conversation; a platter of apples and a pile of plates and silver knives were on the round table. The fire-place was piled high with blazing sticks. The whole room so suggested invisible presences that Gurley felt convinced he should find the family at home. He threw the end of his cigar in the fire, and—having the freedom of the house at all times—opened another door into the kitchen. It was still warm with suggestions of the past supper; a kettle breathed in the dark. The door closed behind him and he was turning to open it for a retreat when a rod of light opposite and some subterranean voice calling made him venture ahead and lift a latch which gave entrance to the cellar.

"It's Randy, of course," said Gurley. "Is that you, Randy? Where are all the folks?"

At the foot of the stairs was a girl looking up. She held Tom Holmes' toddling child by one hand, and with the other lifted a candle over her head. She was very young, and had black hair curling away from an eager face. Her throat showed white above her black dress, even in shadow, and her sleeves were tucked above elbows soft and round. A large calico apron almost covered her.

The two looked steadily at each other a moment, he at the top, she at the foot of the stairs. Being a stranger, Gurley detected at once the sorrowful curve of mouth which she would have concealed from eyes familiar.

"Beg pardon," said he, hat in hand. "Aren't Tom and Mrs. Holmes in?"

"They've gone to church," said the girl. "I heard you and thought it was Mr. McArdle."

"Gurley, of the Mounds farm. I hope I haven't startled you?"

"Oh, no; if you wait a little while they will be home. Toddles and I are keeping house. I promised to take care of him and strain the milk."

Toddles, recognizing a play-fellow at the top of the stairs, shook a tin mug and uttered remarks in a dialect peculiar to himself.

"May I come down and help you?" inquired Gurley. "An offer," he thought, "which she may resent."

"If you would please lift the pails it would be a help;" she replied. "Toddles keeps stepping on my dress."

Gurley descended the stairs and they went back to the milk cellar. The crocks and pans were already in line, and along this line they progressed, Gurley carrying the pails and she the huge milk-strainer. Toddles, cuddling by, interposed his mug at such times as suited him. The blue veins started out on her arms under the weight

"I LIKE CELLARS," SHE SAID.

of the flowing liquid, but she attended to this most pastoral employment in pastoral quiet. The candle was set on a swinging shelf above. Jars, bottles and bins stretched their long shadows away from the light. The smell of apples and a spicy hint of cider-taps came through a half-shut door. Just over the candle flame a spider huddled, as if hiding his head in the gray blanket of his web.

Nothing was said during the milk-straining. Gurley wondered who this girl could be. Tom Holmes had said nothing to him recently of having a guest in the family, and she was certainly not a successor to Randy Thompson. She had the unconscious dignity of a lady, and there was something about her which made him in-

fer that she at least came of stock living on their own land, and, in the finest sense, agricultural.

The pails were rinsed and put away, and this young lady carried the light upstairs, while Gurley assisted Toddles and his mug.

"I like cellars," she said, lingering and looking back. "Though I met my first disappointment in one. There was a jar full of something black which ought to have been jam; but it was tar; and I'm so credulous I kept licking my finger and tasting it over and over before I would be convinced. Credulous people do get so much tar in their mouths."

Gurley laughed, and said he hoped she would have no further experiences in tar.

They went into the sitting-room, and she lighted the lamp. Gurley took an apple from the platter. With a housewifely air this young girl selected his knife and plate and brought him a fruit napkin.

"I do love to handle things about a house," she said, partially to herself.

"Housekeeping is your forte, perhaps?" said Gurley.

"It isn't my fate, then. I teach the school in this district, you know," she explained.

"Oh," remarked Gurley, to show that his impressions were corrected.

"Yes. But when Thorney and I begin our housekeeping, I shall help to farm."

"I wonder who Thorney is?" thought Gurley.

"Thorney is my brother," she continued. "He is two years older than I am. He is working for a farmer across Black Hollow, and saving all his money."

"That being the case," observed the young man, smiling, "he will some day be a capitalist."

"Oh, no," she replied, with pleased sincerity. "But it is nice to be really working toward an object."

At this moment a rap resounded on the front door of the sitting-room. There were no halls in the Holmes house, so the newcomer was distinctly visible to Gurley as soon as the door opened to admit him. Entertained as he felt himself to be by his temporary hostess, any body would have been unwelcome to him; but thrice unwelcome, though a kinsman of the house, was Milton McArdle. Gurley could not assert that McArdle was the meanest fellow in college, but that was his conviction. He loathed McArdle's lady-like languors, his general readiness to be taken care of, his pimply blondeness. McArdle had placed himself in the hands of his religious denomination and was allowing it to educate him for the ministry. Other students were supported by the church; but what seemed in their cases a generous stooping to use means for a public good, seemed in him a cunning and contemptible grasping of what could be got for nothing. Yet Gurley felt certain if McArdle had come to college riding on an elephant and having a nabob father, he would have been a greedy sneak just the same, inspiring Gurley with the desire to fly upon and kick and maltreat him as he deserved.

He was a long and nervous youth, with slight hands and drooping under lip.

"How do you do, Miss Phœbe?" said McArdle, unwinding a scarf from his neck, while he lingered in releasing the young girl's hand.

"So her name is Phœbe," thought Gurley. "There's McArdle's patronizing familiarity for you. Good evening, McArdle."

"Oh, are you here, Gurley! Good evening." He undulated toward the fire and warmed himself by the roaring logs quite as if he had come into his own.

"You are classmates, aren't you?" inquired Phœbe.

"Yes," said Gurley.

"But college toils are nearly over now," said McArdle, in a high and rather melancholy key, "and then I suppose our paths will widely diverge. I shall betake myself to a theological school to continue preparation for my humble calling. But with your friends and advantages you can do any thing you please, Gurley."

"Not quite," responded Gurley, indifferently, feeling he should never do that as long as he could not batter McArdle.

"All the family are at church?" said the divinity student, helping himself to apples.

"Yes," said Phœbe. "Even Randy has gone to chapel. I promised to take care of the house."

"I apprehended that they might be out," remarked McArdle, polishing an apple and softly slipping a knife under the rind.

"And that's why he intruded himself," thought Gurley. He watched his classmate's lean jaws working.

"Miss White and I have begun a series of readings together," explained McArdle.

"You couldn't take me into the class?" suggested Gurley.

"Oh, yes," responded McArdle, stiffly. "Certainly, if you wish it. You'd be an acquisition."

Phœbe White, who appeared to rest in no part of the room, carried off Mrs. Holmes' unwilling young son into his adjoining nursery.

The two young men, after talking awhile, with little interest in each other's remarks, dropped into silence and listened to her voice. First it was remonstrating with Toddles:

"O, my tiny son! How can Phœbe rock such a milky-faced boy to sleep? She'll think she has a calfie from the barn-yard; a real bossy calf that never will let its mamma wash its face and rub it nice and clean this way. And the cow's little child never has such pretty white clothes to put on, and doesn't get wrapped up and rocked."

So, above counter-remonstrances of Toddles, she began to sing half under her breath Tennyson's cradle song, and Toddles in due time began drowsily to echo her.

Gurley looked into the fire, fancying how she swung in a rocker, and how the curve of her throat swelled with the sweet, repressed crooning. He did not know much about domestic life, having passed most of his years with his farmer and housekeeper. But all this made him feel quite soft-hearted.

"Sweet and low, sweet and low,"
sung Phœbe.
"Sreet and ro,"
echoed Toddles.
"Wind of the western sea"
"Res'm sea."
"Low, low, breathe and blow,"
"Breave and bro,"
"Wind of the western sea,"
"Res'm sea.
"Over the rolling waters go,"
"Doe,"
"Come from the dying moon and blow,"
"Moony bro,"
"Blow him again to me:
While my little one, while my pretty one,"
"Pitty one."
"Sleeps!"
"Sleep and rest, sleep and rest,"
"Res'."
"Father will come to thee soon,"
"Soo-oon."
"Rest, rest on mother's breast,
"Mur' bes'."
"Father will come to thee, soon.
"Father will come to his babe in the west,"
"Babe 'a wes'."
"Silver sails all out of the west,"
"Silv' sail,"
"Under the silver moon.
Sleep my little one, sleep my pretty one,"
"Pitty one,"
"Sleep!"

The song was repeated until Toddles' responses grew far between and ceased altogether. Then a silence followed.

"It's a sloppy night," said McArdle.

"Yes, I suppose Tom will drive slowly from church."

"I apprehend that he will," responded McArdle, in the stilted English of his choice.

By the time Phœbe came back, however, a stamping on the steps proclaimed the family's return from church. Mrs. Holmes moved softly in, followed by her handmaid, Randy Thompson, who had been left and picked up again at the school-house meeting. Last appeared Tom Holmes, rosy and stimulating, ready to stir the fire and all animate things as well.

"How do you do, Jack? How do you do, Milton? Somebody give me a lift with this overcoat. Thanks, Drusie. How are things at the Mounds, Jack? You've been keeping yourself steadily at home."

"All going right. I've bought a pretty young saddle mare, Tom. I'd have ridden her over to show you, but I wanted you to see her first when she's fresh groomed. Jesse Stone has spoiled the old horses for the saddle."

"Ah, pshaw! Jack. Why didn't you tell *me* you wanted such an animal? A Gurley ought to know the points of a horse, but I could put you up to a thing or two."

"You'll say you couldn't have done better when you see her," said Gurley, warmly. "Slight limbs, head well up, good shoulders, and full of fire."

"Old, and weak in the knees, I'll be bound."

"Just three years, and as quick as a cat."

"There wasn't nothin' about horse dealin' in *our* sermon to-night," remarked Randy Thompson, with the freedom of a long-prized domestic.

"Is Toddles asleep?" asked Mrs. Holmes, warming her graceful hands.

"Yes, and snug in his crib," said Phœbe.

"I thank you so much for relieving Randy and me."

"I think of relieving Randy altogether," said Phœbe, with a laugh. "We will exchange work."

"I wouldn't be a school miss for no money," remarked Randy, bluntly. "Neither in this deestrick nor any other."

She was a bonny woman with one small blue eye; the other had been put out. Her

A PARTING GRIP OVER THE GATE.

sandy hair was knobbed tightly at the back of her head, and as to her features they greatly slandered a kind nature.

When Gurley started home the night was turning sharp and clear.

Tom Holmes, continuing his talk about the horse, walked to the lawn gate with his old chum.

"Good sugar weather," he commented, pausing there. "My men in the sugar camp are going to stir off a couple of kettles tomorrer evening. Come over, Jack, and try a paddle-full. Ride that nag and let me look at her."

"Perhaps I will," said Gurley.

"You know the place—on the woods road near Black Hollow. We'll all be over there."

"Well, count on me," said Gurley.

"You wouldn't expect to see any of the modern improvements. I haven't enough maples to make it pay. Adam and Mose Guy boil the old way, on the shares."

"The ground has turned stiff," said Gurley. "I shall have a bracing walk home. Who is this young teacher you've taken into the house, Tom?"

"I don't know," replied Holmes, indifferently. "She's some nice little thing from nowhere. The district doesn't pay enough to employ a man."

"McArdle seems to admire her."

"May be he does. McArdle's a kind of a sop. I guess, though, he thinks she admires him. Living directly by the schoolhouse as we do we're always pestered to board the teacher. Drusie was entirely willing to take this one into the family, and she does seem comfortable enough to have about."

"You don't know her people?"

"No. Barker—the old schoolmaster—vouches for her. She has nobody but an idiotic brother, I believe, and she put him out to work near her. Nice enough girl, too. Pity she's cumbered with the idiot. You've seen Psyche since her return?"

"Oh! yes; a number of times. She's more like swansdown than ever."

"You can't complain of ill-luck, my lad," said Tom Holmes, as they exchanged a parting grip over the gate.

The trivial experiences of common people, mere atoms in the universe, may seem scarcely worth the great reader's attention, until he remembers that he is himself merely one of those atoms, and that the ancient of all readers unceasingly cons this primer world and its simple combinations.

Several people were grouped around the deep red fire, over which hung three iron kettles breathing an odorous steam into the air. Beyond this stood a tent of poles covered with brush and blankets, where the men who tended camp slept. It was a closely wooded spot.

Tom Holmes, in one of his woolly overcoats, was stretched at the roots of a tree smoking. Randy Thompson, insulated by silence, sat upright and attentive near the fire. A sister of the two men who were boiling sugar occasionally helped them try a ladle-full in cold water, or took her turn at the long stirer. As Gurley approached the camp he noticed these people after he had seen that McArdle was there sitting by Phœbe White.

To her black dress Phœbe White had added a scarlet shawl, looping it around her waist and hooding one corner over her head. He felt sure no influence of the dark out-doors world was lost upon her. She was listening to other sounds besides McArdle's remarks. She heard the first sighings of spring in the tops of naked trees.

"You're late, my lad," said Holmes, rising to meet Gurley and his horse, and at once taking hold of the bridle.

"But 'tain't sugared yet," called out the elder of the boilers. "Mose, he poured a bucketful of cold sugar-water in the kittle when my back was turned."

"I didn't do no such thing," retorted Mose. "'Twas you went to sleep early in the evenin' 'at let the fire go out."

"*We* went to sleep! when everybody in the deestrick knows you ain't never half awake. Folks mind yet how you used to sit in school all day with your chin on your breast and the boys firin' wads down your throat."

"There ain't one word o' truth in it," muttered Mose, fixing his torpid regards on the fire.

"This looks like the gypsy scene in Trovatore," lifting his hat as he joined the party, "even to the anvil-chorus. Adam and Mose are going to fall to and hammer each other."

"It is rather picturesque," admitted McArdle, looking about him. "But I apprehend you find it different from Miss Fawcett's dining-room."

"Miss Fawcetts drawing-room is not to be allowed any picturesqueness, then?" responded Gurley.

"I only meant in point of fact," McArdle hastened to add, "that this is what you might call sylvan; while down at Fawcett House the refinements of life are—I would say—paramount."

"Who's Miss Fawcett," inquired Phœbe.

"She is a very beautiful, very wealthy young lady," explained McArdle, "who has just returned from foreign travel to her homestead not far from Gurley's. I believe it is understood," added McArdle, "that the proximity of those homesteads is considered a fortunate thing, under the circumstances."

"This 'sn't a bad nag, Jack," remarked Tom Holmes, finishing a critical examination of Gurley's saddle-horse. "But she'll never make a goer. You could have found more points for the money."

"Let me see her," said Phœbe, coming to look at the pretty animal. "She has a nose just like velvet. If I were buying a horse I should insist on a velvet nose." Phœbe put one arm across the shining neck and she and the horse exchanged a caress.

"My goodness!" exclaimed Randy. "Kiss a horse! That's most as simple as them heathens worshipin' dumb beasts."

"You like a horse, don't you?" said Gurley to Phœbe, with appreciation.

"Indeed, yes. What do you call her?"

"Bess. Do you ride?"

"I have always known how to ride—my fashion. It's as good as being like those Centaurs; and not half so clumsy."

"I'd consider it a favor if you'd ride her sometimes," said Gurley.

"Oh, would you!"

"Yes; I've really thought of making a lady's horse of her."

Phœbe rubbed her cheek against the mare's warm neck.

"I would so love to get upon her now."

"But she isn't properly saddled for you."

"I don't mind about saddles. If you don't object."

"Oh, I don't object," said Gurley, laughing, "except on account of your safety."

He stooped to receive her foot, and in an instant she and Bess had shot away through the trees.

"That girl will get her neck broke," exclaimed Randy Thompson, apprehensively.

"You were careless, Gurley," declared McArdle, coming forward with disapproval.

"Let her alone," said Tom Holmes, spreading smoke around himself. "I shouldn't be afraid to see that little thing mount a tiger if she took the notion. Besides, that nag of Jack's isn't going to run with anybody."

"I'll put up all I paid for her, Tom, that you'll be wanting to buy that nag of me before six months. It's a way you have of abusing my choice and then begging it away from me."

Phœbe came back in a few moments, slipping to the ground and taking the bridle on her arm, as the horse paused. Both were exhilarated by the run; and she tied the hitching-strap in a horseman's knot around a branch by the time Gurley was at hand to do it.

"Oh, it was delightful. We rushed like wind to the very edge of Black Hollow. And there we stood still and looked across at the lonesomest light that shone like some thing one-eyed just ready to spring at us. And then we scoured away from it as fast as we could go."

"The light in Painter's cabin," said one of the sugar-boilers.

"And who is Painter?"

"Painter," said Tom Holmes, waving aside his smoke, "is a natural curiosity of the hills. It's odd how such human fungi will spring up in the midst of wealthy civilization. Haven't you heard of him yet, Miss Phœbe? He's a hermit, and as ugly a creature as you would want to meet. They tell that some woman jilted him a century or so ago, and soured him against the race. But it's my opinion the old wretch was too stingy ever to get married. He is credited with keeping barrels of money in that old den. We don't know where he came from. He and his house were suddenly there, like a toadstool. Some of the neighbors think he is crazy, but his wits all come home when he makes a bargain. He keeps his own house, and I don't think anybody in this region has ever seen the inside of it."

"I seen it onct," said Nease, the sugar-boiler. "The boys said he'd melted all his money together and made a gold stove. So I peeked at the winder when he'd gone off, but jest then he come up behind me makin' that noise in his head, and I disremember what I seen or what I done."

"He's got an infirmity in his speech," said Randy, "and that's a great mercy, for folks can't tell what he's a sayin' when he abuses them."

Phœbe sat looking in the fire with her hands crossed on her lap. Adam and Mose piled on more brush and the boiling liquid bubbled louder.

"Hear what the kettles say. What do they say to you, Randy?"

"Nothin'."

"'Double, double, toil and trouble,' is the Shakespearean rendering of what boiling cauldrons say, I believe," answered McArdle, with lightness and grace.

"That's witch's nonsense," puffed Holmes.

"These here kittles," interpreted Adam, "says if they have good luck and Mose don't go to sleep and dip his head in them that they'll sugar off before long."

"This is what they say, said Phœbe: "Trouble, trouble, effort double; trouble,

"I NEVER COULD TELL A STORY TO ORDER."

trouble, effort double.' They say it over and over. Let's tell stories."

"Suppose we do tell a limited number," said McArdle, "and draw lots for the enviable opportunity."

"I never could tell a story to order," said Holmes.

McArdle had already taken out his notebook; he cut slips into his hat.

"Put the shadow of a subject on those fatal papers," urged Gurley, "so the victims may have a straw to cling to."

"Good," said McArdle, sharpening his pencil. "Subjects are in order."

"Injuns!" spoke up Mose.

"The thought of bein' scalped is wakenin' to Mose," remarked Adam.

"Give us something pathetic—with tears in it," proposed Tom Holmes, with a comfortable smile.

"Indians—Tears," voted McArdle. "One more will do."

"Something about the North, then," said Gurley, tipping his head to look up at the dark sky. "Any other point of the compass would do as well, but the lichens on the north side of this tree spoke first."

"Very well," said McArdle, and he arose and carried around his hat for the drawing.

"The Indians have me," confessed Gurley.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

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W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—To-night will occur the employees' benefit at the toboggan slide on East Front street. The gentlemen who send you shooting through space, at the rate of a mile a minute, are worthy of your patronage.

—Charles Cashen was arrested by Officer Grant early this morning for being helplessly drunk. Judge Suydam fined him five dollars this morning, and in case the fine is not forthwith paid, the prisoner to to be committed for 10 days.

—The advertisement of another attractive series of science lectures by Prof. W. C. Richards, is published in THE PRESS today. A ticket with reserved seat for the entire course, may be had at Reynolds' pharmacy, to-morrow, at fifty cents.

—The announcement is made today of the grand bazaar given under the auspices of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society, in St. Mary's Hall, beginning Monday, February 6th and continuing for several days thereafter. Good music and dancing will be features of the bazaar.

—A boy named Cahoone was seriously injured while coasting on the Broadway hill yesterday afternoon. He was descending the hill on a sled, when he collided with a cutter, and received serious scalp wounds in consequence. The unfortunate boy was taken home, and a doctor dressed the wounds.

—The first grand ball of the Columbia Social Club will be held at French's Hall, North Plainfield, on the evening of Monday, Feb. 13. Prof. Frazee will furnish the music and the Committee of Arrangements is composed of the following persons: W. Westerfield, J. Laughlin, Chas. Moore, Jas. Daly, U. Force, F. Moore.

—Chief Carey was called upon this morning by a lady residing on Elm Place, who stated that she was unable to get her fourteen-year-old son to attend school. She asked the Chief to give the boy a talking to, which he did. The youthful truant said to the Chief: "Put your hands on me, I'll break your —— neck." The boy when threatened with arrest, became more docile.

—The family of Mr. John Mague who were so unfortunate as to lose the thirteen-year-old daughter, whose death occurred in the waiting room at the depot on Tuesday, were provided with comfortable quarters at the residence of Mr. Garrett Eick, who is a member of Winfield Scott Post of this city. Yesterday a detail from the Post sent the family to their new home near the Pond Tool Works in a coach. The house had been arranged for their reception by the ladies of the W. R. C. and members of Winfield Scott Post.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Prosecutor W. R. Wilson of Elizabeth was in town today on official business.

It is said that Rev. A. V. V. Raymond, a former pastor of Trinity Reformed church, but now located at Albany, N. Y., has been extended a call to a church in New York city at a salary of $12,000. The reverend gentleman, it is said, is considering the call.

Wm. Sutton, a carpenter by trade, died at his home at Evona yesterday afternoon, after a lingering illness from consumption. The deceased was in the 44th year of his age, and leaves a wife and stepson to mourn his loss. He was a member of Plainfield Lodge No. 44, I. O. O. F. The remains will be taken to New Germantown on Tuesday, where the funeral will take place.

Maggie Mitchell Coming.

Mr. J. M. Barron, representing Maggie Mitchell, is in this city arranging for the appearance of Miss Mitchell on Thursday the 9th inst. The beautiful pastoral play of "Lorle, or the Artist's Dream," has been selected, and is we think the most perfect play in Miss Mitchell's repertoire. Sale of seats will begin on Monday next.

INAUGURATION OF THE NEW M. E. CHAPEL.

The Second Evening on the Programme Devoted to a Sermon by the Rev. J. H. Vincent, D. D., LL. D.

A large congregation composed of representatives of the various evangelican churches of this city, assembled in the new M. E. chapel last night. The services were opened by singing a hymn, after which the Rev. Mr. Richards of the Crescent Avenue Presbyterian church, led in prayer. The Rev. Dr. J. H. Vincent then stepped forward and preached a plain, practical discourse from Luke 2—46.

The Doctor paid a high tribute to the ancient Jews as the founders of schools. They taught their children what was their duty to God, to society and to their parents. For thousands of years before the temple of Jerusalem was built, these people had their schools; they existed back through the ages; they couldn't get along without them. Some people at the present time think they can get along without schools, and use as a substitute, altars and authority. The Jews kept up their schools during their captivity, and on their return to Jerusalem resumed their schools in the temple where it was their custom to meet to ask and answer questions. The temple has passed away, but the school has remained.

Christ, at 12 years of age, met the doctors of the law in the temple and asked and answered questions. They were wont to ask each other questions about abstract theories—useless, foolish and unprofitable. But what *He* talked about astonished the doctors of the law. The simple lad from the hills of Galilee, talked about "His Father's business." He spoke of error and truth—and of what was perishable and what was substantial; and 20 years later He reiterated these great truths to the Pharisees and doctors of the law. How far was He controlled by His divine nature? I believe in His divinity! *I worship Him as a divine being!* Yet He was in all respects human, for He exclaims, "My God! My God! why hast Thou forsaken me." His knowledge at first was limited, but progressive. As He grew in years he grew in knowledge. "He knows what sore temptations mean for He has felt the same." He was possessed by the Spirit of God, even while in the temple. But the door opens and the hand of His mother, the hand of authority, is laid upon His shoulder. While He was so busily engaged in His work, He was Himself surprised at being thus interrupted. "Son," said His mother, "why hast Thou thus dealt with us?" And He said unto them, "how is it that ye sought me? wist ye not that I must be about my Father's business?" What grand opportunities seemed to lie just before Him as He looked around Him in the temple. We would have called Him "The Boy Preacher."

But in heeding His mother's voice He obeyed His Father. He went down to Nazareth and was taught a trade. He was an ideal youth. Our American boy is not subject to restraint, and is too apt to say—*I won't;* but Christ obeyed His mother. I wish that boys cared more for country life and less for city life; and I wish that boys of 16, 18 or 20 years of age, at the present day, had more respect for parental authority—that they would be "about their fathers' business," not by being confined strictly to religious literature, but by embracing the many opportunities presented to them for acquiring knowledge. We find Jesus in the temple at Jerusalem as a student, and at Nazareth as a carpenter, obeying His mother. I honor Mary, but we do her great injustice by speaking of her as the "Mother of God." I honor her as the mother of Jesus. Christ is in the church—not that we come to church and find Him there and when we go home leave Him behind us—but He is in the church as He is in the individual.

"Behold, I stand at the door and knock." Knocking at the door of the Laodicean church, calling upon the sinners that were in the church. I pity the church with Christ on the outside! We need the truth of the word. There is a tendency at the present to lower the standard of religion to suit the tastes of the ignorant and illiterate, even in Sunday schools, in order to have larger attendance. For if the standard is raised too high, many will drop out. Well, let them drop; better have 100 who are content to be about their "fathers' business," than a great crowd with a low standard of religious ideas. We want Christ with the word, and the word with Christ.

The services were closed by the singing of hymn 92, and the benediction by Dr. Vincent. The pastor of the church, Dr. VanMeter, invited all present and as many more as possible, to be present at the sociable and reunion to-night, as a very enjoyable time is anticipated.

—A stag party from Raritan, with chief stags Hoagland and Brokaw in command, came to Plainfield on a straw ride last evening. The party numbered sixteen persons.

A Very Benevolent Society of Ladies.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Benevolent Society of the Seventh Day Baptist church, was held in the lecture room of the church, Wednesday afternoon. This Society holds one business meeting and two social meetings every month. The "Anagram Supper" of Wednesday evening took the place of the usual sociable. And the business meeting of Wednesday afternoon was the Annual meeting for the hearing of reports and the election of officers for the coming year.

By the statement of the Treasurer, it was shown that this little band of benevolent ladies had collected and disbursed for charity, during the past year, almost $300, besides $100 given towards the refurnishing of the church that is now going on. All this has been distributed among local associations like Muhlenburg Hospital, Children's Home and Relief Association, and upon the individual cases that have been brought to the special attention of this Society.

The election of officers resulted in the following choice:

President—Mrs. George H. Babcock.
Vice President—Mrs. John Titsworth.
Secretary—Mrs. Nathan Randolph.
Treasurer—Mrs. F. A. Dunham.
Directresses—Mrs Jane Dunham, Chairman, and Mrs. Charles Randolph, Mrs. J. F. Hubbard, Mrs. Cassie Stillman and Miss Hiscock.

No standing committees are appointed, but at each meeting some one is selected to arrange for the social entertainments. The next will take place, Wednesday evening, the 15th inst.

Parlor Minstrels for the Children's Home.

An entertainment was given by the Queen City Amateur Minstrels, last evening, at the residence of Mr. Charles J. Taggart, Sycamore avenue. The audience, which filled the parlors, assembled at the appointed hour when the curtain rose upon the troupe, whose opening chorus gave promise of the good things which followed. In the lecture on The Animal Kingdom, repeated by request from a former performance, a specimen of the Jersey mosquito, captured at Elizabeth and measuring eighteen by twelve inches, was exhibited. The farce of The Stupid Servant, in which Mr. H. T. Spencer won hearty applause by his impersonation of John Breakall, was followed by an amusing burlesque on our school commencements. W. E. MacClymont furnished a banjo interlude, and Othello and The Barber Shop, the latter introducing Geo. P. Taggart's parody of "Not English You Know," rivalled each other in exciting the risibilities of the audience. The whole concluded with the burlesque Alley Gory of the Great Republic, after which the audience dispersed to cool their enthusiasm in the night air. Subjoined is a list of the troupe, all of whom deserve the utmost praise and from whom we hope soon to hear again: Bones, W. E. MacClymont, H. B. Spencer, Frank W. Thompson. Middle, Geo. P. Taggart. Tambos, W. L. Spencer, Chas. Hazeltine, H. T. Spencer.

A Reception to a Batch of Brides.

During next Wednesday evening, at the residence of Elias R. Pope, Esq., on Park avenue, a reception will be tendered the recent brides of a number of young grooms of the Seventh Day Society. There will be present for additional congratulations, Mrs. Arthur Titsworth, *nee* Miss Francis Van Hoesen, and her twin sister who was yesterday Miss Fannie Van Hoesen, but now Mrs. George Titsworth. Also Mrs. John Dunham who is visiting Plainfield from the far West where her husband, formerly of this city, recently married her. It is also rumored that Miss Addie Lewis, daughter of the Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis, will be present with Dr. Russell to whom she is to be married in a fortnight. Dr. Russell is now one of the medical staff of the State Asylum for the insane, at Morris Plains. After the wedding he will locate with his bride at Minneapolis, Minn., and there speedily build up an extended and lucrative practice.

A number of invitations have been given for the enjoyable reception of next Wednesday evening.

The Boulevard Fighters Arraigned.

James Ennis, Michael Kelley and Thomas Kelly, three of the men who were implicated in the Boulevard fracas late on Saturday night, were arraigned before Judge Suydam at the station house this morning charged with quarreling and fighting on the streets. John Kelly, a brother of Thomas, did not answer the summons to appear in court and Officer Lynch was instructed to bring him into court to-morrow morning at ten o'clock. Thomas Kelly pleaded guilty and was fined ten dollars. The other two men pleaded not guilty at first but subsequently retracted their plea and entered one of guilty. Sentence was suspended in their case.

—This evening the Mayor and Council of the borough of North Plainfield will meet in regular session for the transaction of routine business, and to receive Chief Carey's bill for damages.

BLESSING ST. MARY'S BELL.

The Handsome New Bell Donated by the late Francis McIntyre Blessed by Bishop Wigger—An Address by the Bishop.

The commodious St. Mary's church was densely filled with its parishioners and friends last evening, on the occasion of blessing the new bell donated to the church by the late Francis McIntyre. The ceremonies attending the blessing of the bell were conducted by the Rt. Rev. W. M. Wigger, Bishop of Newark, and were both solemn and impressive. Rev. Fathers Smyth and Flood, and Rev. Father Lawrence, a visiting priest, assisted in the service. The sponsors for the bell were the two interesting grandchildren of the donor, Master Frank and Miss Alicia Mc Intyre. The inscription on the bell is in Latin as follows:

"*Quod audiste in aure, Maria, praedicabo super tecta.*"
In memoriam. Francisci McIntyre.
+ W. M. Wigger, Episcopo.
P. E. Smyth, Rectore.
A. D. 1888.

The bell was manufactured by McShane & Co., of Baltimore, and for quality and tone is said to be unsurpassed. Its weight is over 2,500 pounds. While the service of blessing the bell was in progress, the members of the various societies connected with the church, marched into the edifice and occupied seats assigned them in front at the extreme right. The bell occupied a position on the left of the pulpit. At the conclusion of the ceremony, which was conducted in Latin, Bishop Wigger delivered the discourse, in which he took occasion to speak in eulogy of the donor. He said in part: We have assembled here to witness the blessing of this new bell. That bell is the gift of a man who came to Plainfield over thirty years ago, a poor man. Poor as he was he was nevertheless rich in faith, and as he continued in that faith, so he died, a member of the Roman Catholic church. May his memory forever be blessed in this town; we can also show our appreciation of his generous gift to the parish by honoring his family. "No doubt you would like some explanation of the blessing of the bell," the learned Bishop continued, "a ceremony not often witnessed in this country. The Roman Catholic church has reasons for all of its services, from the least to the most important of them. In the first place you will have noticed the recital of the Psalms, and particularly the 51st—'Have mercy upon me God, according to thy loving kindness.' Again you will have noticed that the bell was washed externally and internally, signifying its purity. The church commands that the bell that calls the faithful to divine service shall be blessed in order to free it from malady, which exists in the remotest parts of the World; the church demands that all things shall be blest; there is no moral stain on the bell, but like ourselves all must be clean to enter the temple of Almighty God. Incense was also blessed and placed beneath the bell, the smoke ascending heavenward. By burning incense the church desires it known that souls like the smoke are ascending heavenward. At the end of the ceremony the church directs that the Gospel shall be sung which relates to the visit of the Master to the two sisters—Mary and Martha. At the first sight it would seem that the Gospel had nothing to do with the blessing of the bell, but the bell is to call the faithful to church on Sunday and on days of Holy Obligation; it is also to remind the children of the parish of the one great work to serve God and to save their souls; whatever else you do is of little significance compared with the work God has prepared for us; whenever you hear the bell, consider it the voice of the Almighty God, calling upon you to do this noble work of serving Him and of saving your own souls. The bell will be rung especially for you with an honor of holy obligation to God; it will ring for the young Catholic couple who will soon enter the church to be united in the bonds of holy matrimony; it will be tolled for every member of the parish whose lifeless body is brought here to receive for the last time the blessing of a priest; then let us remember the donor, whose soul has been called to the tribunal of God. May this bell be to every one the voice of God calling them to divine service, and may we all serve and honor Him and bow with reverence to His name."

At the close of Bishop Wigger's discourse the audience filed slowly out of the building, many persons remaining in the church to view the gift. The music for the occasion was of a special nature and included a duett by Miss Flanagan and Miss Keely. Mrs. J. L. Anderson and Mr. Dorsey W. Hyde presided alternately at the organ, and the following young ladies and gentlemen compose the regular church choir, who rendered efficiently the musical portion of the service: Misses May Flanagan, Kitty Carney, Nora Casey, Nellie Higgins, Alice Quinn, Alice Keely, Mary Hines, Kate McCann, Josie Miner and Messrs. Edward Harding and John O'Rourke.

The Masons Demand the Old Rate of Wages.

The bricklayers and masons of the Plainfield Union met in their rooms, Wednesday evening, for routine business in general, and, in particular, to receive the report of their delegate, Mr. Wm. H. Pangborn, who had represented them at the National Convention of the Masons and Bricklayers International Union, held at Boston during the early part of January. There were present at the Convention nearly 500 delegates, from all over the country; some from as far as Colorado, Manitoba and Canada. Reports were very favorable in relation to trade and members from all points, and in some places it was shown that as high as $7.50 per day of eight hours, was received.

On account of the demand for first-class men in New York and vicinity, the Plainfield Union masons—who number 45 in membership, most of whom were born and bred in this city—will demand that on and after April 1, their wages shall be $3.50 per day instead of $3.25. They say that the former was the standard of wages for years up to the "panic of '72," and they consider it but justice to return to such rates now that times have been prosperous again.

In justice to the public and the contractors, these men give notice of such intention two months in advance. They say that all responsible contractors will employ only competent men, but warn builders to be careful of other contractors who may give the work to hod-carriers at a lower rate.

Miss Thomas' Lectures.

The class in physical culture, under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., and in charge of Miss Thomas of New York, is attracting considerable attention. In the two lectures already given Miss Thomas discoursed upon the influence of the psychic force over the physical system, in maintaining health or producing disease, and resulting from this, its influence upon personal beauty. She spoke of the restful effects of the concentration of thought, an idea which harmonizes with the well-known French recipe for the prevention or removal of wrinkles. Miss Thomas also illustrated the normal pose of the body as shown in proper positions of hips and shoulders, dwelling at length upon harmonious muscular action and how produced. She spoke at some length of our having within us the curative powers of the universe; enumerating these as hope, love, cheerfulness and tranquility; and the disease producing forces as fear, hate, jealousy, etc. She then gave a number of physical exercises illustrative of the foregoing principles, designed for the daily practice of pupils at home, through which she guarantees the correction of deformed or diseased physical conditions. Her next lecture will be upon lung power as a synonym for endurance and long life; together with voice-training and its influence upon health. Miss Thomas' pleasing address and well modulated voice add greatly to the effectiveness of her instruction.

Under the Patronage of the Ladies.

Next Monday evening in Music Hall will take place the entertainment arranged by the St. Andrew's Society of Grace church in aid of the building fund. The Rutgers Glee Club will give a most varied and enjoyable programme of music, and the assistance of Miss Maude Agnes Bowers has also been secured. The reappearance in public as an elocutionist, of this admired and talented lady, is alone sufficient to attract a large audience. She will read "Tarpeia," and "The Last String," besides the *encores* all who hear her will insist upon.

The entertainment, as THE PRESS was the first to state some weeks ago, will be under the kind patronage of these ladies: Mrs. Rowland Cox, Mrs. F. O. Herring, Mrs. O. T. Waring, Mrs. Otto Arens, Mrs. W. E. Lowe, Mrs. E. L. Finch, Mrs. John B. Dumont, Mrs. E. B. Clark, Mrs. W. P. Smith, Miss Mary Tweedy, Mrs. Howard Fleming, Mrs. C. J. Ames, Mrs. C. E. Brooks, Mrs. Gen. VanBuren, Mrs. J. T. Scott, Mrs. Chas. A. Hart.

Appraising the Fire Department Apparatus.

President Marsh of the City Council, Chief Waters of the Plainfield Fire Department and Mr. Lyons Currier, an expert machinist from Newark, yesterday afternoon visited all the engine and truck houses of the Fire Department, both in this city and North Plainfield, for the purpose of appraising the Department apparatus. All of the engines, hose carts, the truck, hose, etc., belonging to the Department was carefully examined by Mr. Currier, who, it is expected, will make a report to the City Council at its meeting on Monday evening. All of the apparatus, it is said, was found to be in an excellent condition.

Notice to Grand Army Men.

Comrades of the Grand Army of the Republic desiring to extend the fraternity of our organization to our worthy Comrade Mague of Post 19, Dep't of Mass., will attend the obsequies of his daughter, at the M. E. church, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

W. R. MOORE, Chairman Detail.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

A POLISH CRANK WHO WANTS TO SHOOT THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3—Abraham Isaacs, the Polish Jew, who went into the White House with a loaded revolver to collect $4,000 from the President and was arrested with the weapon in his possession, is a crank of a very dangerous character. He says the Government owes him this money.

When arrested he was exclaiming:—"I will kill him, I will kill him!" The fellow appeared to be crazy and announced his determination of putting a bullet into Mr. Cleveland if his claims were not promptly settled.

LILY LANGTRY'S FENCE DEMOLISHED.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3—This morning before sunrise the seven-foot board fence which for the past month has prevented the prying eyes of the "vulgar" public from feasting upon the handsome brick, with white marble trimmings, residence of Mrs. Langtry, on West Twenty-third street, was torn down by order of the Bureau of Encumbrances of the Board of Public Works. It took a couple of hours to do the work, five men, under the superintendency of Frederick Rode, the man who built the fence, being engaged in it.

LOCAL OPTION.

The Provisions of the Law Proposed for New Jersey.

The following are the important parts of the text of the local option bill introduced by Assemblyman Goble of Ocean county, in the New Jersey Legislature, Jan. 16. It is in the hands of the Judiciary Committee, at present. It may become a law, and should; the high-license bill, however, will probably pass:

An act to provide for local option in the several counties in this state, by submitting the question of prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors to the qualified voters in said counties, and to provide for the enforcement of the same.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey*, That upon application by a petition, signed by one-tenth of the legal voters of any county in this state, as determined by the votes cast at the last previous election for member of the generally assembly, the judge of the circuit court in and for such county shall cause public notice of such application * * * and if he shall decide that said applicants are legal voters in said county, and that there is no legal cause why said application shall not be granted, he shall order an election to be held at the usual places of holding elections in said county, within forty days after the presentation of such petition, to determine whether or not any alcoholic, spirituous, vinous, malt or intoxicating liquors shall be sold within the limits of said county * * * *

SEC. 3. *And be it enacted*, That all persons voting at elections held under the provisions of this act who are against the sale of the articles mentioned in the fourth section of this act, shall have written or printed, or partly written and printed on their ballots, "against the sale of intoxicating liquors," and all who favor the sale of the articles mentioned in said fourth section, shall have written or printed, or partly written and printed on their ballots, "for the sale of intoxicating liquors."

SEC. 4. *And be it enacted*, That whenever, by return of the election, it shall appear that a majority of the votes cast in such county are against the sale of intoxicating liquors, it shall be unlawful, after sixty days from the said election, for any person within the limits of such county to sell, or expose for sale, or barter for valuable consideration, either directly or indirectly, or give away to induce trade at his place of business, or furnish at other public places, any alcoholic, vinous, spirituous, malt or intoxicating liquors; *provided*, that nothing contained in the provisions of this act shall prevent the purchase of liquors by druggists, or the sale of the same by druggists for medicinal purposes (such sale for medicinal purposes to be only upon a written prescription signed by a reputable physician), or for sacramental or manufacturing purposes only, said liquors not to be used on the premises; *provided further*, that persons holding licenses issued prior to such an election shall not be deprived thereof until the expiration of the same.

SEC. 5. *And be it enacted*, That any person who shall traffic in, sell, expose for sale or give away, with intent to violate any of the provisions of this act, or shall suffer to be trafficked in, sold or exposed for sale, or so given away, any liquors mentioned in the fourth section of this act, by whatever name called, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, for the first offense, forfeit and pay, upon conviction thereof, a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars and be imprisoned in the county jail for a term not exceeding six months, with costs of prosecution, and for each subsequent offense a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars and imprisonment in the state prison for a term not exceeding one year, with costs of prosecution.

SEC. 6. *And be it enacted*, That whenever it shall appear by proof, on any examination or trial for an alleged offense against the provisions of this act, that any intoxicating liquor has been sold, exposed for sale or supplied under any pretext whatever where the sale of intoxicating liquors would have been unlawful, it shall not be necessary to prove the particular kind of intoxicating liquor sold, or exposed for sale or given away.

SEC. 7. *And be it enacted*, That if the result of any election held under the provisions of this act, shall be either for the sale of intoxicating liquors or gainst the sale of intoxicating liquors, no other election for that purpose shall be held in the same prescribed limits in less time than three years thereafter, and then only upon the presentation of a new petition, as aforesaid.

SEC. 8. *And be it enacted*, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act be and same are hereby repealed.

SEC. 9. *And be it enacted*, That this act shall take effect immediately.

AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL

SENATOR KENNA DEFENDS THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Want Criminals and Paupers Debarred. Senator Hoar Declines—New Bills Signed by the President.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—A highly interesting scene was presented in the Senate yesterday afternoon when Senator Kenna, of West Virginia, delivered a long speech in defence of the tariff principles enunciated by President Cleveland in his annual message. At the opening of his speech Mr. Kenna devoted a few moments to a vigorous defence of the President's message, and then spent more than an hour in a caustic review of the tariff record of John Sherman during the past quarter of a century. The Ohio Senator once or twice interrupted and attempted answers, but Mr. Kenna told him to wait until he had concluded.

Mr. Kenna seemed to take delight in showing that Mr. Sherman's views had repeatedly and completely altered on great public questions, notably in regard to the repeal of the tobacco tax, which he fought in 1867 and favored in 1888. He referred to the tone of the Ohio Senator's politics by quoting his remark once made in a public speech, that "anything that would break down the Democratic party and build up my own is justifiable in morals and in law." This thrust at Sherman brought forth mingled applause and hisses from the gallery.

When Mr. Kenna had concluded, Mr. Sherman then took the floor. He admitted that his views had often changed, but said that he was controlled by circumstances, and if, he were not he would be unworthy to hold a seat in the Senate. He spoke for about fifteen minutes, and thanked God that at last the Democratic party was ready to come out fair and square in favor of the tariff as a political issue. The Republicans had long been waiting for the wings of that party to unite and present a fair, manly issue. They were ready and eager for the contest, and before the close of the year the people would have an opportunity to say who is right.

The bill amending the statutes so as to provide that no publications that are but books or reprints of book, whether they be issued complete or in parts, bound or unbound, or in series, or whether sold by subscription or otherwise, shall be admitted to the mails as second class matter, passed the house yesterday. The object of the bill is to prevent an evasion of the law which designates what shall constitute second and third class mail matter. Under the law, books must pass through the mails as third class matter, but the law has been evaded by publishers issuing books at stated intervals and passing them through the mails as second class matter on the ground that they were perodicals. While the Bible and educational books had to pay eight cents a pound, the yellow covered novel could go through the mails for one cent a pound.

The bill authorizing the reconsideration of the claims of all soldiers and their heirs who may have been denied the bounty of $100 granted by the act of April 23, 1872, under any construction of the act which has since been modified or rescinded, has been favorably reported by Senator Cockrell from the Committee on Military Affairs. It limits the benefits to be derived from the bill to soldiers who enlisted prior to July 22, 1861, under the President's proclamation of May 3, 1861.

The House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries expects to-day to have a hearing upon the three bills which have been introduced by Congressmen McAdoo, Kean and Hines, of New Jersey, for the protection of the menhaden fisheries on the Atlantic coast. The three members named will appear before the committee and several of the New Jersey fishermen as well. It is likely that some measure will be adopted to give relief to the fishermen at this Congress.

A circular bundle of papers a foot or more in diameter lay on the Clerk's desk in the Senate yesterday morning. It proved to be a memorial from Pennsylvania asking that the immigration laws be amended so as to deter criminals, paupers, and persons under contract to the United States, and that the naturalization laws be so changed as to require twenty-one years of residence as a prerequisite to eligibility to office of trust or profit under the general Government.

The special House committee to investigate the Reading strike will be named to-day. Judge Chipman, of Michigan, will probably be chairman. The chairmanship was first offered to Mr. Raynor, of Maryland, but he asked to be excused. An effort was then made to induce Mr. Randall to accept it, but he declared he could not spare the time from his regular committee work.

Senator Ingalls has appointed as members of the special committee to whom the President's message on the Pacific Railroad was to be referred, Senators Frye, Dawes, Hiscock, Davis, Morgan, Butler and Hearst. Senator Hoar, as the author of the resolution for the committee, would have been chairman, but he declined to serve.

Mr. J. A. Johnson, President of an agricultural implement firm at Madison, Wis., sends to Congress a petition praying for the abolition of all import duties upon harrows, threshing machines, farm wagons and all other kinds of implements used in agricultural pursuits.

United States Consul Elfwing, at Stockton, has informed the State Department that the Swedish Government has decared against the importation of pork from the United States unless it is well salted. The Consul says that the order is founded on a report that a hog pestilence is ranging in the United States.

The President signed a number of bills has, among them being the "urgent deficiency" act, making appropriations for the establishment of experimental agricultural stations in connection with colleges throughout the United States.

The sub-committee on Indian Affairs has reported favorably on the bill opening the Sioux Reservation in Dakota. The matter will be considered in full committee to-day.

The House Committee on Labor has reported favorably on the bill, introduced by Mr. Cox, to reduce to eight hours a day the labor of letter carriers.

Mr. Platt Appeals.

ALBANY, Feb. 3.—Messrs. McFarland, Boardman and Platt, counsel for Thomas C. Platt, have filed at the County Clerk's office a notice of appeal from the judgment of the ouster case, rendered in the Circuit Court on Jan. 13 last; also an appeal from the order denying the motion for a new trial.

DENNIS KEARNEY GOT ANGRY.

He Talks to the Committee on Foreign Affairs About Chinese Immigration.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Dennis Kearney of San Francisco talked to the House Committee on Foreign Affairs an hour yesterday morning in support of the Cummings bill prohibiting Chinese immigration. He declared there would be nothing for the 23,000 children in the San Francisco schools to do if something was not done to stop the inflow of Chinese, as no white person will learn a trade followed by a Chinaman.

Mr. Kearney displayed a map of Chinatown in the heart of San Francisco, and pictured the manner in which the inhabitants of that quarter burrowed in the ground, existed in filth, and spread disease, degredation and squalor, driving out all decent white people.

He said that in nine blocks in Chinatown there were 67 houses of prostitution, 150 gambling dens, and opium resorts innumerable.

During his argument Mr. Kearney became very earnest in his denunciations of the Chinese and almost violent against those who opposed absolute prohibition of immigration, and Mr. Hitt, of Illinois, a member of the committee, put a number of questions which tended to irritate the speaker to an almost uncontrollable degree.

Mr. Hitt does not believe in extreme legislation on the subject of immigration, and hence opened the floodgates of wrath upon the part of Mr. Kearney, who declared that he would go into the district of the Illinois member in the approaching campaign and make Mr. Hitt's constituents pelt their representative in Congress with dead cats, snakes and baked snails, which, the Californian declared, Mr. Hitt would have his constituents feed upon.

Mr. Kearney will ask for a hearing before the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations on the subject.

Who Discovered America?

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Mrs. Maria Brown does not believe that Christopher Columbus discovered America. She says that the honor of that discovery belongs to Leif Erikson, an Icelander, who landed in these parts A. D. 1000. She has spent several years abroad collecting evidence that has strengthened her case in Erikson's title to the discovery popularly attributed to Columbus. Mrs. Brown is an uncommonly energetic person, and has obtained a petition which will be presented to Congress, signed by scholars and prominent men of various callings, asking that there be an investigation to determine the authenticity of the rival claims of Mr. Columbs and Mr. Erikson. The petition asks that Congress make a thorough investigation of the records in the Vatican and other Roman libraries relating to the discoveries and early settlements made by Icelanders, and to make an appropriation for a worthy Icelandic celebration in 1889.

Wilkins' Bank Bill.

WASHINTON, Feb. 2.—Representative Wilkins, of Ohio, the father of the bill to allow National banks to issue circulation to the par value of the United States bonds-bonds held by them as security for circulation, is becoming despondent as to the fate of that measure. A majority of the House is in favor of it. But the opponents of any legislation calculated to benefit the National banks have shown themselves strong enough, by filibustering tactics, to defeat it. The bill will be recommitted to the Committee on Banking and Currency until such time as there seems to be a more favorable opportun ty for its passage.

The Knights on the Increase.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—The General Executive Board of the Knights of Labor have made their report for the January term relative to their membership of the various assemblies throughout the country. It issaid that when the footings are made up the order will show an increase of over 50,000 members. In this state the increase has been more noticeable. In New York, Massachusetts and New Jersey the decrease has been marked, but the report says it is less than was anticipated. In the Western and Southern states the Knights have grown rapidly.

The Weather Record at Concord.

CONCORD, N. H., Feb. 3.—The average minimum daily temperature for January was 6 degrees, and the average maximum daily temperature 34, the former being 6 degrees colder than the average of the last thirty-two years, and the latter 8 degrees colder than the average of the last twenty years. The whole amount of snow this winter was 54 inches. The total precipitation, "rain and melted snow," during the month was 4.93 inches. 1.79 inches more than the average for the last thirty-two years.

Those Rebel Flags.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The War Department has not completed its answer to the Coutelle battle-flag resolution, and may not for some days. The answer, when made, will undoubtedly show that it was the purpose of the Department to return the flags, and that some were returned before it was ascertained that a law forbade this. It will also be shown that the practice of returning such flags is not new, and that Mr. Stanton, when Secretary of War, returned a great many.

The Famous Palms Will Sustained.

DETROIT, Feb. 3.—The State Supreme Court has announced its decision in the famous Palms will case, which disposes of an estate of over $7,000,000. The will left the income of the estate to a son and daughter, but left the estate itself in the hands of trustees for their children. The Supreme Court sustains the will.

Illinois Zinc Mines to Resume Work.

GALENA, Ill., Feb. 3.—The Peru zinc diggings, one of the most extensive mines of the kind in the west, which was closed a year ago on account of the low prices of zinc ore, is to be operated again by the owners, the Peru Mining Company of La Salle. This will give employment to 125 men.

Anarchy and Pauperism Denounced.

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—At a meeting of the Chicago Turn Gemende resolutions denouncing Anarchism were adopted, and a resolution favoring the immigration of laboring classes from other countries and opposing the importation of paupers and crimnals was discussed.

A Prominent Maryland Lawyer Dead.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 3.—Francis Miller, one of the most prominent lawyers in this State, died at his home in Sandy Springs, Montgomery county, yesterday. Mr. Miller was the Republican candidate for Attorney General at last fall's election.

Speaker Carlisle Not in the Chair.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Speaker Carlisle is at the Capitol, but is not occupying the Speaker's chair. He is engaged upon his mail, which has accumulated largely during his illness.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 2, 1888.

Adams, Mattie V	Hargraves, Mr Wm
Barron, Miss Lizzie	Kruland, Miss K F
Beckyet, Mrs H	King, Miss Gracie
Cunningham, Mr	Mackey, Miss Lenore
Colenian, Mr Harry	McCaulley, Miss S M
Cables, Miss Rosa	Martin, Mr W W
Camp, Mrs Elken	Osmond, Miss Ella
Davis, Mr Robert	Plunn, W H
Drake, Mrs Frank	Precks, Mr Edward M
Eaton, Mrs M G	Rew, Mrs J M
Eggleston, Mr M P	Randolph, Miss S R (3)
Fagan, Mrs Maggie (2)	Schenecroff, M Johanne
Fitzgerald, Miss Maggie	Thompson, Mr James
Frazer, Mrs Maggie	Weir, Mr Thos
Grey, Miss Mary	Williams Mrs S B
Hermistage, Mrs	Wallis, Mr Thomas
Hitchcock, Mr J R W	Way, Franklin

persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Windows.

Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

MARRIAGES.

TITSWORTH—VAN HOESEN—On Thursday, Feb. 2d, 1888, at the residence of the bride's mother, 111 Seymour street, Syracuse, N. Y., by the Rev. Wm. A. Rice, Fannie Luella Van Hoesen, of Syracuse, to George Bailey Titsworth, of Plainfield, N. J. No cards.

DEATHS.

MAGUE—In this city, on Tuesday, January 31, 1888, Lillie B. Mague, in the 14th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the Methodist Episcopal Church, Front street, on Saturday, 4th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m. Interment at Hillside Cemetery.

DRAKE—In this city, Feb. 1st, 1888, of acute kidney disease, David F. Drake, Jr., aged 17 years, 11 months and 22 days.

Funeral services at Holy Cross Church, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

TO LET—BASEMENT—North avenue, suitable for barber or shoemaker. Box 902. 2-3-6

A SMALL FAMILY want Cottage, or part of house, by April 1st. P. Office, Box 6.

WANTED—About 4 rooms for light housekeeping. P. Office, Box 51.

AGENTS WANTED—"Recollections of a New York Chief of Police," by Geo. W. Walling. Caxton Book Concern, (Limited) 202 Broadway, N. Y. city. 2-3-2

A LOT SECOND-HAND LUMBER AND WINdow sashes for sale cheap. 20 Central avenue. 2-2-2

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork in a family of three persons. Apply at No. 19 Duer street. 1-28-tf

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET. with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that *there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had*, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND Division Streets, furnished or unfurnished for boarding or private use: in good order: all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

TRY THE "O. A. F." CIGAR: MADE FROM the finest Havana filler, without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best 5-cent cigar in the world. 11-16-tf

TO LET—HOUSE IN WASHINGTON PARK; 10 rooms, all improvements. Box 902. 2-3-6

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORR. 2-2-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO [HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 100 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street N. Y. city.—my20tf

GRAND BAZAAR!

OF

St. Mary's T. A. B. Society,

OPENS MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6.

Good Music and Dancing.

ADMITTANCE, - - 10 CENTS.

COMMITTEE—Peter Flynn, John Walsh, Elmore Staats, John Hickey, John Harding, Martin Roth, Thos. Fitzgerald.

AN ENJOYABLE TIME IS ANTICIPATED.

2-3-8

MUSIC HALL!

THURSDAY FEB'Y 9.

Engagement of America's *FAVORITE ARTISTE*,

MAGGIE MITCHELL,

Supported by *MR. CHAS. ABBOTT* and her own *EFFICIENT DRAMATIC COMPANY*, in the beautiful pastoral play entitled

LORLE,

OR THE

ARTIST'S DREAM.

Seats for sale at J. G. Miller's, and Field & Randolph's, Sale open Monday, 6th. Prices, 50, 75, and $1.00. 2-3-td

Rutgers Glee Club

THE ST. ANDREW'S

SOCIETY of GRACE CHURCH

Have secured the services of this GLEE CLUB to give one of their Concerts in

MUSIC HALL,

On Monday, February 6th.

THEY WILL BE ASSISTED BY

Miss Maude Agnes Bowers,

WHO WILL GIVE TWO RECITATIONS

"Tarpeia," and "The Last String."

☞ Tickets can be obtained of any Member of the Society at 50 cents each, general admission. Reserved Seats at 25 or 50 cents additional can be secured at the Drug stores of J. G. Miller, or Field & Randolph. 2-1-tf

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Cutter's Hall.

FIFTH WEEK.

PLAINFIELD

BEREAN BIBLE CLASS

Gives you hearty invitation.

GOOD SINGING!

SOCIAL SPEAKING!

Testimony from new converts. COME! 1-30-6

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JOHN T. GRANGER, Treasurer F. W. & D. C. R. R., 1 Broadway, New York City.

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Parlor Stoves,

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Plush Laps, Sleigh Bells,

kates, Sleighs, Etc.

Will be sold Below Cost!

—TELEPHONE CALL, No. 72.— 10my1

John A. Thickstun,

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AND

BLUESTONE

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my10t

A. WILLETT,

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From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

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C. FRANK FRENCH,

69 SOMERSET ST.,

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Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

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10-29-tf

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CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

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12-2-tf PROPRIETORS.

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AT COLLIER'S,

No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

ESTABLISHED NINETEEN YEARS.

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[Successor to T. J. Carey.]

Furniture and Freight Express,

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CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods

Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price.

THE COLLIERY TROUBLES

MINERS ATTACKED AND BEATEN ON THEIR WAY TO WORK.

Chairman Lee Making Strong Efforts to Prevent Resumption of Work in Private Collieries.

READING, Pa., Feb. 3.—Chairman Lee has been making strong efforts in the mining patches about the William Penn Colliery to arouse the miners against the order to resume. It was late before he had rallied the miners about him. Very few of the William Penn miners attended. Lee saw before him the miners, not of a private colliery, but of the Reading Company. They are doomed to idleness for a long time. Lee had no difficulty in arousing them to the highest pitch of excitement, and by a seven-eighths vote the meeting decided to continue the strike in all collieries the same as before. This news was not known by nine-tenths of the William Penn Colliery miners until yesterday.

They went to work, but when twenty of them were attacked, threatened to be shot, thrown down and kicked and beaten, and the contents of their dinner pails scattered over the highway, timid miners retreated. The Coal and Iron police hurried to the assistance of the foreigners and arrested several of the assailants, who were placed under bail at Shenandoah for court. In consequence of this the William Penn Colliery worked shorthanded all day, and last evening the employes were sent home under guard. To-day all roads leading to the colliery are being patrolled by the Coal and Iron police to protect miners and laborers applying for work.

Chairman Lee intends carrying on his meetings at all individual collieries. There is a probability that each and every meeting will be packed by Reading Railroad miners, and after a speech by Lee the vote not to resume work will be nearly unanimous, simply because the individual miners will not attend the meetings, but will remain away, content to obey the first order of the joint committee which gave them permission to go to work.

The individual miners want to go to work, but the railroad company's miners vote to remain out. It is believed that the individual miners, however, will continue to work, which affords the non-union men a most excellent opportunity to get to work also.

The William Penn shipped 125 cars, and Kehley Run about fifty cars of coal yesterday The same effort will be made to stop Kehley Run Collery.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 3.—H. J. Bennett, Joseph Cahill, and Edward Moore yesterday appeared before Attorney-General Kirkpatrick and presented a petition asking him to issue a writ of quo warranto against the Reading Railroad Company on the ground that it was violating the Constitution. The Reading Company was not represented. The petition says that the Reading Railroad Company is violating the Constitution by engaging in the business of mining and carrying coal.

The Attorney-General asked if these facts were all they had, and called attention to the fact that this right of the Reading Company was acquired prior to the Constitution of 1874 by legislative contract, which the Federal courts say cannot be annulled. The Attorney-General took the papers and said he would forward his answer.

POTTSVILLE, Feb. 3.—An authoritatiae relinquishment of the strike is still far off, the work of resumption is gradually progressing. The joint committee has authorised the resumption of work at any individual colliery conceding the 8 per cent. advance, stipulating only that the coal shipped shall be diverted from the Readihg Railroad at the nearest possible point. The Reading Company had thirteen collieries at work yesterday.

THE SUGAR TRUST.

Congress Will Investigate it as to its Effect Upon Prices and the Tariff.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—A gentleman, who was as instrumental as anyone in securing the investigation of trusts by the House, expresses the opinion that the Committee will begin its inquiry with an examination into the Sugar Trust, with special relation as to its effect upon prices and upon the tariff. The recent closing of one of the Eastern refineries and the varying arbitrary prices which have recently been fixed for importations of sugar have attracted attention in Congress. The opponents of the Sugar Trust have been very active, and already the members of the Committee have been furnished with an anonymous printed statement in which it is alleged "that the profits already realized by this Trust are equal to an annual dividend of 12 per cent. on the nominal capital of the concern, which is generally understood to be $50,000,000. The actual value of the property under the control of the Trust is said to be not greater than $20,000,000. Therefore, the profit of 12 per cent. on the nominal capital is equal to a dividend of 36 per cent. on the actual value of the property. No account need be taken of the actual amount of cash capital employed in the business, as it is understood that each refiner is allowed 7 per cent. interest on the amounts employed. During the active season, when the out-put of the refineries is larger, the profits of the concern, of course, will be largely increased. It is evident that these profits, in addition to the duty of 8 per cent. on the raw article, are too great to be borne by the people at large, who now justly consider sugar as one of the necessaries of life, and it seems to be the duty of the Government to inquire in behalf of consumers, and by a rearrangement of the tariff to frustrate any attempt on the part of the Trust to extort unreasonable profits from the county."

To the suggestion that persons connected with the Trust might avail themselves of the principles laid down in the Supreme Court decision in the Kilbourn case, and decline to furnish the information desired, the answer is made that if they did so a joint resolution would be passed, which would have the force of law, and which would compel answers to any questions which might be put. Those interested in the Trust investigation assume that the decision of the United States Supreme Court applies only to the action of one house, and does not cover the joint action of the two houses—of Congress itself—which is the view taken by most lawyers.

Flour Mills Destroyed.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Feb. 2.—C. H. Snyder & Son's flouring mills, located about three miles west of this city, were totally consumed by fire yesterday with all the outhouses. The mills and outhouses contained 8,000 bushels of wheat, 2,000 bushels of corn and 2,000 bushels of manufactured grain. Fire was first seen issuing from the cupula at 3 o'clock yesterday morning, and was probably caused by some defect in the machinery. Total loss $31,000; insurance, $15,000. These were the most extensive steam and water mills in Monmouth county.

FRITZ WILL RECOVER

THE CROWN PRINCE NOT A VICTIM TO CANCER.

Mr. Cox in Prison Garb Chopping Wood. Ready to Attack Italians—Earthquake in England.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Private as well as official advices from San Remo go more and more to confirm the hopes that the disease of the Crown Prince is not necessarily fatal, nor by any means so serious as had been supposed. While medical experts are still uncertain of its character the preponderance of opinion among them now is that it is not cancerous. This opinion is strengthened by a letter just received by Dr. Mackenzie from Professor Virchow, who reports the result of his analysis of the secretions taken from the throat a fortnight ago.

He says, after a careful examination, in which the particles were subjected to all the tests known to medical science, he could detect no evidence in them of a malignant disease.

A slight extension of the thickening has taken place in the larynx toward the front side. The curative process is always accompanied by a certain amount of fever. This has now entirely subsided.

The slough, which was about the size of an olive, was sent to Virchow, who, after examining it yesterday, reported that it presented no cancerous symptoms. It seems almost certain that the disease is perichondritis, aggravated by chronic inflamation of the mucous membrane. The cure must be slow, and must even last three or four years.

HE PUTS ON CONVICT GARB.

Cox Working in the Prison Yard Chopping Wood With Ordinary Criminals.

DUBLIN, Feb. 3.—Mr. Cox, M. P., who is in prison at Limerick, put on the jail dress without protest and went to work in the prison yard chopping wood and doing other labors of ordinary criminals in the company of Mr. Cutter. He was visited yesterday and was found in a cheerful mood.

Eight persons have been convicted at Kanturk, County Cork, of attending meetings of a suppressed branch of the National League and sentenced to two months' imprisonment at hard labor. Five arrests have been made in Donegal for offenses under the Crimes Act, and more are expected.

Despatches from Mr. William O'Brien, who is now on the Continent, show that he is greatly improved in health and will be present in the House of Commons on the reassembling of Parliament, on the 9th inst

The Pope Was Surprised.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The *Times* correspondent at Rome, in a despatch giving the text of the American pilgrims' address, says that the Pope has since been surprised to learn that the majority of the pilgrims were Protestants. The same correspondent says that Archbishop Walsh stated that in a private audience to the Irish bishops the Pope declared that the interests of Ireland would be protected.

Franco-Italian New Commercial Treaty.

ROME, Feb. 3.—The Italian and French Commission met here yesterday to arrange for the resumption of negotiations for a new commercial treaty. When the basis of negotiations is agreed to the French Commissioner will return to Paris, and the matter will be treated through the regular diplomatic channels.

Concessions of an Irish Landlord.

DUBLIN, Feb. 3.—The tenantry on the estate of the Countess of Kingston have expressed themselves satisfied with the terms offered by the landlord, who agrees to allow a twenty per cent. reduction in rents, to pay all costs, and reinstate the tenants who have been evicted.

England and Scotland Shakened.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—A sharp shock of earthquake was felt at various points in Scotland yesterday, being especially marked at Dingwall, County Ross and Inverness. Shocks were also felt at Birmingham, Coventry and at other places in England.

Ready to Attack the Italians.

MASSOWAH, Feb. 3, via Rome.—Scouting parties from Saati have penetrated to the vicinity of Ghinda. They report the Abyssinians numerous in and around that place. It is generally believed here that the Abyssinians will soon attack the Italians.

WANT 10 PER CENT ADVANCE.

Pennsylvania Trunk Line Engineers Make a Demand for an Increase of Wages.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—A most important session of delegates of the Brotherhood of Engineers has begun here. The delegates represented all the lodges on the line of the Pennsylvania road east of Pittsburg numbered between twenty and thirty.

There are delegates from Pittsburg, Allegheny, Altoona, Harrisburg, Columbia, Jersey City, Trenton, Baltimore, Camden, Wilmington and other places. The object of the Convention was to consider a bill of grievances which the engineers desired to lay before the Pennsylvania officials.

There are several things to be considered which, it is understood, involve an advance of about ten per cent. on the wages paid at present. The demand is to be in accord as nearly as possible with that already formulated by the members of the Brotherhood on the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg.

The demand, it is stated, has already been forwarded to the Pennsylvania officials, in this city, and a copy is now in the hands of Chief Arthur of the Brotherhood.

A delegate said:—"Within a few days a committee will go to the Pennsylvania office on Fourth street with a demand. What it will be I cannot say."

That Fish War.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 3.—The Minister of Customs stated last night in regard to the four United States fishing vessels that put into Halifax for repairs with perishable cargoes of frozen fish, which it is reported they had to throw overboard, having been refused permission to sell them, that the department here had received no information on the subject. The local Collector of Customs had evidently acted on his own responsibility. As the matter has not been reported to the Government the Minister of Customs was not prepared to say how far the treaty rules might be relaxed in a case of this kind.

A Deficit in Philadelphia Finances.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—The report of City Controller Dechert for 1887 shows that the revenue from all sources was $17,584,225.71; expenditures, $17,683,304.05 Excess of expenditures over receipts, $54,-8 .34. The [illegible] debt of the city was reduced $1,40 [illegible]

THE LAST OFFICIAL DINNER.

President Cleveland Entertains the Supreme Court Justices—Guests Present.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The President gave a dinner party last evening in honor of the Supreme Court Justices. It was the third and last of the state series for this season. The floral decorations of the White House were never more beautiful the table being especially effective. There were twenty-eight covers and six wines, except for Mrs. Cleveland and her guest, Miss Willard, at whose plates were water glasses. A floral canoe was the centre piece, and at the ends of the mirror on which it rested were floral scales of justice. The canoe and scales were of red and white carnations and azalea blossoms. At the ends of the table were mounds of tulips, above which were tipped umbrellas of lilies of the valley. Bouquets for the ladies were of roses. The guests were received in the East Room where the decorations were of palms and giant ferns filling the windows. Cut flowers banked the mantels on one side and bright leaf plants on the other. Two pyramids of leaf plants with the central divan broke the length of the room, and reduced the size to fit the dinner company. Music in the outer corridor gave a festive touch to the occasion. In the absence of Mrs. Waite, the President took in the wife of Justice Miller, who is the senior Associate Justice. Chief Justice Waite took in Mrs. Cleveland. The other couples were: Mr. Justice Miller and Mrs. Field, Mr. Justice Field and Mrs. Harlan, Mr. Justice Harlan and Mrs. Matthews, Mr. Justice Matthews and Mrs. Blatchford, Mr. Justice Gray and Mrs. Hoar, Mr. Justice Blatchford and Mrs. Lamar, Mr. Justice Lamar and Mrs. Pugh, Senator Hoar and Mrs. Buckalew, Senator Pugh and Mrs. Collins, Senator Coke and Mrs. Grace, Representative Collins and Mrs. McDonald, Representative Buckalew and Mrs. Angell, Mr. Putnam and Miss Cagger, of Albany, New York. Mr. Hugell and Miss Willard, ex-Senator McDonald, of Indiana, and Mrs. Lamont, ex-Mayor Grace, of New York, and Mrs. Putnam, the Hon. John E. Develin, of New York, and Miss Gray, the sister of Judge Gray. The Senators and Representatives were from the Senate and House Judiciary Committees. Mr. Putnam and Mr. Angell were from the Fisheries Commission.

CONNECTICUT'S GRAND ARMY.

Total Membership 6,482—Relief Funds on Hand $52,700—165 State Beneficiaries.

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 2.—The total Grand Army membership in this State is 6,482, being a gain of 578 during the past year. The relief fund in the hands of posts now aggregate $52,700, the gain being for the year $4,000. Twelve relief corps have been organized since the encampment of 1887, with a total increase of 577 in membership. There are a 165 State beneficiaries in Fitch's Home for Soldiers at Darien. The buildings will be enlarged this year so as to accomodate 225 soldiers, who will be supported at the expense of the State.

Department Commander Taintor will urge in his annual address before the Grand Army at Waterbury next week the adoption of a statute which shall give the veteran soldiers exemption from taxes on property to the amount of $1,000, whether such soldiers reside in the towns where the property is situated or not. The exemption is now in force when the soldier lives in the town where his property is situated.

Caught Robbing the Mails.

TROY, Feb. 3.—For some time residents in the upper part of the city have complained of the suspicious disappearance of mail matter. The carrier on that route was Fritz Pohl, a popular young German, who also acted in the capacity of a drum major in Maschke's Band. This morning a postoffice attache named Kennedy, who suspected Pohl, saw the latter open three letters. Then Kennedy prepared to intercept Pohl, and when the latter was accused he became very indignant and aggressive. Kennedy drew a revolver and compelled Pohl to submit. Pohl was then arrested.

A Republican Elected by Democrats.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 3.—The State Board of Education has elected Colonel Charles W. Fuller, present Assemblyman from the Sixth District of Hudson County, State Superinteedent of Public Instruction, in place of Edward O. Chapman, present incumbent. Colonel Fuller was nominated by Benjamin F. Randall. Mr. Chapman and Professor Green, of Long Branch, were also placed in nomination. Mr. Fuller is elected for three years. He was mentioned for office three days ago. The board is Democratic and Fuller is a stalwart Republican.

Ex-Secretary Stanton Ill.

STONINGTON, Conn., Feb. 3.—The news reached here that ex-State Senator and ex-Secretary of State Stiles S. Stanton, residing in this town, was lying in and unconscious condition at the Grand Union Hotel, New York, and there are no hopes for his recovery. He left here two weeks ago for New York, where he was taken sick, but it was not considered anything serious. He was one of the best known politicians in Eastern Connecticut, and was an admirer of J. G. Blaine.

Lumbermen Short of Supplies.

CHEYBOYGAN, Mich., Feb. 3.—Five hundred men are said to have been discharged from the cedar swamps near the Schneaux, this side of Prentiss Bay, and the camps have closed because it was unprofitable, on account of the deep snow, to run them. Supplies are insufficient in the vicinity to provide for them long, and the towns will have to provide for them if they fail to procure work, or they must suffer.

The High License Bill.

ALBANY, Feb. 2.—The final hearing on the Crosby high license bill was had yesterday before the Assembly Excise Committee. It was agreed to withdraw the favorable report on the bill in order to embody an amendment to make the bill operative respecting sales of liquors by druggists. The amendment will be embodied at the committee's meeting next Tuesday and the bill will be reported Wednesday.

The New York Hop Crop a Total Loss.

ALBANY, Feb. 3.—The hop growers in the town of Schoharie are greatly exercised over the coming season, which experts declare will be a total loss. They predict the return of the hop louse in great numbers and that they will destroy the entire crop of the season of 1888.

Gold Discovered in Alaska.

MONTREAL, Can., Feb. 3.—Ancon has arrived at Stika, and brought no news of importance other than that excitement prevailed at Juneaw over the discovery of large deposits of gold bearing black sand on the seashore 200 miles north.

Buncoed by a Pittsburg Business Man.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 3.—G. W. Barnett, a well-known business man, has been arrested, charged with buncoing William Murdoch out of $13,700.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

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Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE,
Architect,
North avenue, opposite depot.
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
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Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

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(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
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Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

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Shop, South Second St., PLAINFIELD, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED. 11-22-tf

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Undertakers and Embalmers.
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A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

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Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-30 y

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I WILL COMMENCE A
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An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.
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QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.
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Card of Thanks.
If the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam should publish a card of thanks, containing expressions of gratitude which come to him daily, from those who have been cured of severe throat and lung troubles by the use of Kemp's Balsam, it would fill a fair-sized book. How much better to invite all to call on R. J. Shaw and get a free sample bottle that you may test for yourself its power. Large bottles 50c. and $1.00

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Every pair warranted as above, and if not found as represented, RETURN THEM and your MONEY will be REFUNDED.
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A Brother's Keeper.

A WOMAN'S WORK OF LOVE AND DUTY.

BY MARY HARTWELL CATHERWOOD,
AUTHOR OF "CHAQUE O' DOOM," "STEPHEN GUTHRIE," "THE LONE MAN'S CABIN," AND OTHER STORIES.

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"And I've drawn the North," said Phœbe.

"But who has drawn tears?" inquired McArdle, looking carefully around.

"This fellow will draw blisters," exclaimed Adam, dragging his brother's shoe from the coals. "Held burn himself to ashes, and set smokin' two or three days before he found it out, if I didn't look after him."

Mose struck out at his brother with a fist which revealed the third penciled slip.

"Come, Moses," said Gurley; "let's have the mellowing story first."

"Oh, git out," muttered Mose, in discomfort.

"Some short and simple tale," added Holmes; "only let it be calculated to touch the heart."

"Oh, git out," repeated Mose, twisting uneasily.

"If you have tears prepare to shed them now," quoted McArdle.

"Oh, blame it, git out," growled Mose, looking helplessly on all sides of him.

"If you can't do nothing else cry a little," suggested Adam, secure in having drawn a blank.

"Here, Mose, give me your hat for a forfeit," said Phœbe White. "You'll redeem it some way. They shan't drive you to tears while I am by. It is Mr. Gurley's turn."

Mose gladly gave up his hat, and curling his shaggy head nearer the fire, prepared for unlimited basking.

"This is sudden," said Gurley. "But give me your attention and I will endeavor to follow the war-path."

Adam or his sister kept skimming the thick sirup, and the sound of the skimmer on the sides, or the stirrer on the bottom, of the kettle was Gurley's accompaniment.

"Only a few miles from the place where we now sit," said he, "there is, as you all know, a mound so ancient that the aborigines of this country could give no account of it. Trees of centuries' growth spring from it, and it is believed to be the work of an extinct race."

"He's stealing bodily from pioneer papers," sighed Tom Holmes. "Mose, bring us a pitcher of fresh sugar-water. We all love that mound. It has been written about and photographed, but we like to rest ourselves from it occasionally. We couldn't keep house without that mound, but when you attempt to give it to us for an Indian story, Jack, you are taking a mean advantage of local weakness."

"Only a few miles from the place where we now sit," repeated Gurley, with a deaf expression of countenance, "there is a mound so ancient that the aborigines of this country could give no account of it. Trees of centuries' growth spring from it, and it is believed to be the work of an extinct race. That ought to give me a fair start unless the judges persist in ringing me back."

"The Gurleys were always horsey," commented Tom. "But I could stand turf talk better than I can quotations from old pioneer papers."

"Not many years ago the speaker was a youth who had a Familiar, and this Familiar, instead of being such a mentor as his age ought to have made him, acted rather as a tempter."

"Tempt a mulish Gurley!" murmured Tom Holmes.

"Mexican relics and Aztec tradition interested us greatly, and we laid up heaps of knowledge; only, one of us became positive that this old mound was merely a burial place of the native Indians, and the other became equally positive that it was of more ancient origin.

"After long quarreling we decided to dig until we found proofs to satisfy us. But as the law protected that mound from curious investigation, we decided to say nothing about our intentions, but to go quietly there in the night, with pick and spade, and avoid disturbing people.

"It was fall, and hardly a leaf remained on the sighing trees. I hugged my coat collar up to my ears, not because I was cold, but because the weirdness of the woods and season drove one in on himself. We found the spot previously agreed upon, and both of us fell to work, digging straight downward. Our slide-lantern was shut up and set at hand to flash on our discoveries. Before long we stood to our waists in the hole, and then to our armpits. The Familiar, being corpulent and lazy, now climbed out and said he would hold up the lantern."

"This story is a contemptible poor performance," continued Tom Holmes.

"It grows better as it gets on," promised Gurley. "The lazy, fat Familiar, I said, opened the lantern slide and fatigued himself throwing light into the hole while I threw dirt out. And presently the metal struck something which rang in response. The Familiar squatted in excitement and hissed directions over my panting head, threatening me with his lantern because I did not upheave the whole find at once. The spade scooped a great head over: and it continued turning slowly as if by its own will. The top of a helmet, on which I had been clinking, remained intact, but the lower part broke away and an under jaw fell from its ancient repose, shedding teeth on the spade with the rattle of over-ripe peas.

"We were wrapped in the emotions of the discoverer. I stooped down and took hold of the helmet, and I can still feel its peculiar metallic thrill. The skull was gigantic. We turned it in the lantern light. The ashen front head had a delicacy of texture which was almost infantine."

"But you ain't tellin' about In'juns," complained Mose, curling himself around in another attitude.

"Wait, Moses. Their moccasin soles make no noise, but step by step through the dark woods they are coming."

Mose glanced behind him.

"I whispered to the Familiar that both of us working together could hardly dig out his length in a week.

"'You could do it yourself in half the night,' hissed the Familiar, 'while I hold the lantern for you, if you'd only put to it. I hope the whole skeleton is in mail and as well preserved as the head. This proves my theory that Indian tribes buried their dead in mounds, and some of them had reached a high state of civilization.'

"'Don't deceive yourself,' said I. 'This proves my theory that an ancient race made this continent great when the old world was plunged in barbarism.'

"I threw out a shovelful of earth, and felt as if I had struck somebody. The Familiar lifted his lantern and flashed it around. We both saw, standing in unwinking gravity on the ridge of fresh earth, a tall Indian who never moved a muscle while the lantern pierced him. The Familiar turned our light around the circle of the pit, and behold, we were surrounded by a ring of savages. The searching lantern revealed their war-paint, their steady glittering eyes, their moccasin thongs and even tiny wrinkles in their skin.

"Neither the Familiar or I spoke; we felt under a spell. When the Familiar was

pushed into the pit, almost smothering me, I thought it was a trick. But some hand took my spade, and earth showered back into that hole with terrific swiftness. We endured the shower of clay, tramping it under our feet in a dance so rapid, or we should have been buried. The Familiar, as if bewitched, still moved his lantern around in a circle, and there stood every brave motionless while the spade clinked and the dirt fell in. In a brief time we stood on level earth, still tramping earth where the hole had been. But then the lantern was flung against a tree, the Indians seized us and we were tied to saplings before I could realize any thing except a deer-hide throng which cut palpably into my wrist.

"The elder Indians stood in a group, while limber, young ones collected chunks, twigs, whole stumps, to wall us in for burning. Instead of preparing my mind for death, I found myself ruminating on the Familiar's immense capacity for combustion, and wondering if he would not burn up richly like a barrel of tar.

"As our fires mounted, so did the spirits of our captors, who were so determined to keep from the white man the secrets of their ancient land. They danced and threw tomahawks awhile; then they paused and stared; then they fell upon their knees in two circles and all blew the flames. I can still see those aquiline noses bent to earth, those leathern cheeks distending and collapsing as they blew. But that ghostly fire of the past, rubbed in the beginning out of two hard sticks, would not take hold of the breathing present. It failed even to warm us. And when those wretched beings became convinced of that fact, they rose with one accord and tomahawked each other and threw each other into the fire, in true Indian fashion, until the Familiar and I were walled about by their charred figures and not one brave was left."

"I don't believe there's a word o' truth in it," commented Mose.

"How can you be so incredulous?" remonstrated Gurley.

"Why, it don't stand to reason," argued Mose.

"Imagination," said McArdle, spreading his hands airily, "is a fine thing, Moses."

"Oh, isn't it!" murmured Phœbe, watching the fire. "It's a kind of wonder palace that you can step into out of any thing. May be Lazarus had his head in such a palace. Whatever your self lacks you will find in a perfect self in that wonder palace. So that it seems as if God gave us a sixth sense with which we can enjoy things we don't possess."

"What on earth is the girl talkin' about?" said Randy Thompson.

"She is tuning her imagination for the story about the North," volunteered Gurley.

"I thought one out a long while ago," said Phœbe, "when I was reading Scandinavian things - about Thor and Sif and Wodin—but this is about a hill Troll."

"Now, what's a hill Troll?" complained Randy.

"He was a little spirit fellow, sometimes good and sometimes bad, who lived inside a hill."

"There ain't none of them things," said Mose, with conviction.

"There was this one Troll" insisted Phœbe, "and he quarried rock. And one night when he put up his quarrying tools a wrinkled dwarf came and offered to show him away down in the heart of the earth a diamond finer than any the sun ever saw. He did not hesitate to follow the dwarf. 'And if I find that diamond, I'll put up my quarrying tools for a hundred years," said the Troll.

"They went down and went down until the Troll began to distrust his guide and called a halt. They were under the very ribs of the earth. 'I'll go no further,' says the Troll.

"The dwarf laughed. 'Don't you hear a booming sound?' says he.

"'Yes.'

"Well, that's the sound made by people on the other side of the earth trying to pick this diamond out.'

"The Troll hurried on again until he felt smothered, and stopped again, saying:

"'I'll go no further.'

"'Don't you hear the lapping of water?' cries the dwarf.

"'Yes.'

"'Well, that's the wash of the open sea, contending with men for this priceless thing.'

"The Troll thought, 'if this way leads to the open sea, I can easily rise through that to the surface.' So on he went.

"But presently they came under a rock dome hung with stony icicles, and at their feet lapped a reservoir of water full of human fragments and pieces of ships.

"'Here's the end of the search,' grinned the dwarf. 'The diamond I brought you to seek is that whirling Maelstrom which cuts its plaines of waters on this coast. The way is closed up behind you; now get out if you can through the Maelstrom!'

"Then the dwarf disappeared just as if there never had been a dwarf, and the Troll stood under the roar of the Maelstrom, his knees shaking; he felt himself a dead Troll. For in those days the Maelstrom was a boiling whirlpool miles in circumference. When sailors became suddenly aware of gliding across a field of water depressed toward some unknown center, they knew the Maelstrom had them. First she described a huge circle, as if swinging them around her victim's head. Then they felt her fury. She whirled and beat them, she rolled them over and crunched them in her awful jaws, out of which no ship or man ever rose again.

"Pretty soon a voice near the Troll said: 'Who knows, Troll, but you may conquer this Maelstrom and quiet its rage for the remainder of the centuries.

"He looked around and saw a white child. 'You have worked in the quarries and knit your strength,' says the child, and I can show you the way to the ore-dwarfs, and in their furnace you will find a hammer and anvil ready for any body who wants to use them. Never mind what any dwarf does, but take your heart, your brain, your hands and feet one after the other, and beat and temper them on the anvil.'

"'They are all flesh,' objected the Troll. 'A nice temper I should beat into them on metal.'

"'The hammer and anvil are not metals,' says the child. 'You make yourself able to rise through the Maelstrom.'

"So the Troll went to the furnace of the ore-dwarfs. He saw them fuse and force into upper rock and soil the metals for which men dig. The black fellows would seize jets of fiery liquid, and leaping like meteors, fling them to force their way upward. They looked curiously at the Troll and made faces. But without speaking to them, he went to the hammer and anvil which the child showed him. These tools, while he worked with them, passed through all the colors of the rainbow. 'They must be made of light,' he thought.

"He beat away on his heart, but the more he thumped the larger it grew, and when he put it back into place it pushed out his chest and lifted him off the ground. At that the Troll dropped his tools, dashed out of the furnace and threw himself across the reservoir, which opened into the sea, sure that he could face the Maelstrom. His light heart carried him straight up the whirlpool, but before he had risen six fathoms he was pounded and suffocated—the sea threw him back into the reservoir and shook her witch's fist at him through the opening, as if saying: 'Is that enough for you?'

"The Troll limped back to the furnace, where every grinning dwarf capered at him. But he hammered his brains and condensed them until they became magnetic, forcibly drawing or repelling objects. And when he put them back in his head he saw himself differently, and did not attempt the whirlpool again until he had followed all the child's directions—beating his hands and feet to an amber glow, the very tint of light under water.

"Then he crept out and launched into the base of the Maelstrom. But it beat him down, and lashed him across the face with bodies, and stung him with sea-nettles, until he threw up his arms and was sucked among the dead in the reservoir, scarcely able to lift his nostrils over the brink. So stubborn was the Troll, however, that he crept again to the furnace, and this time the dwarfs stuck their flame-like tongues in his face, and bent over and slapping themselves and twisting their tiny black noses in derision.

"Without watching them, the Troll tempered himself a third time. And after that trial of the Maelstrom he would not have lifted a finger for his life and the whole world besides.

"The child came and smoothed his bruised limbs, saying, 'Poor little hill Troll.'

"'I'm ready to die,' said the Troll. But after he had rested a long time he added: 'I'll die trying it, though.'

"Over and over he tempered himself, over and over he tried the Maelstrom, astonished to find how life and determination did linger in him, until he rose through the whirlpool and drew up calm under his feet. To this day the Maelstrom remains conquered, and is no longer dangerous except in winter storms. And the whole world—who did not care a pin for the Troll when he was beaten just to death in his subterranean reservoir—could not praise him enough."

A prolonged snore from Mose covered the climax of this story. Adam dragged him up blinking like an owl.

"T'whoo-oo!" imitated Adam. "Wake up, chicken-eater. The story's told and the molasses is a waxin'. You help me sling off these kittles."

"You musn't let such back-achey, gruesome yarns get into your head, Miss Phœbe," said Tom Holmes. "It isn't healthy. Life's not a tug; it's pretty much as one makes it. Here's Painter over the Hollow. He could be living like a decent Christian, but shuts himself up like a wolf. What if things haven't gone to suit him? A man can't boss the world. A man expects to be trod on once in awhile, but let him take it with a good grace and kick back if he can, and if he can't, grin about it."

"People who are out of the water can give such lucid instructions how to escape drowning," retorted Gurley. "You've always had a good time yourself."

There was some bustle in taking off the kettles and helping the sugar. The party shifted about, talking. When Gurley brought Phœbe White her saucer of sugar, she said to him:

"I wonder what that hermit is doing across the Hollow? May be he's sitting before his fire with his heart all bitter."

"Perhaps he is," said Gurley, smiling indulgently. "I've been down in the mouth myself when I was lonesome."

Tom Holmes looked at her with the amused contempt which experienced people always bestow on visionaries.

"Go over and invite Painter to join us, Miss Phœbe," he suggested.

"I'd like to go and carry him some sugar, just to let him know there were human beings in the world who could take a thought for him."

"Do it," said Tom. "I'm curious to know how he'll receive you."

"I will," returned Phœbe White, nettled, "if some one pleases to show me the path. Mose, you forfeited your hat. Redeem it by going across Black Hollow with me."

"I don't care nothin' about that old hat," replied Mose, slouching into the lodge with a jarful of the grained sugar.

"What'll you be up to next!" disapproved Randy.

"Nobody will go with her," said McArdle, easily. "It is too absurd."

"Not at all absurd," said Gurley, ready with another saucer of sugar. "Will you take my arm, Miss White! I know every stepping-stone in the Black Hollow."

"Painter will shoot you both," said Tom

"WAKE UP, CHICKEN-EATER!"

Holmes, chuckling. "You are a pretty pair to go on such a fool's errand."

When they returned, Adam called as soon as he saw them at the edge of the camp.

"You better limp back here fast, you folks, what's left of you. Camp's breakin' up and the horspittle amb'lance is a-startin'."

"You didn't stay long," remarked Holmes, standing by his democrat wagon, which had just arrived to take his party home.

Mose stared at the adventurers, suspending his business of washing out the kettles.

"What did Painter do?"

"He took the sugar from Miss White and put some of it in his mouth," replied Gurley.

"And then he threw the rest of it at your head," said Holmes.

"But what's he got in his house?" inquired Randy.

"Bottled snakes," said Gurley; "Chemical retorts and a furnace. I had the merest glimpse before he shut the door on us. But we have a man of science over the Black Hollow; perhaps an inventor: one who has at any rate fooled everybody as to his character and pursuits."

"He ain't fooled nobody in his looks," asserted Mose.

Phœbe White was shivering close by the fire. She had not spoken a word since returning. McArdle approached and talked to her, and she turned her face toward him to listen with apparent effort.

Gurley was waiting to hand her into the democrat wagon where Randy Thompson already sat wrapped up like a sausage. After Phœbe had drawn up her scarlet wrap and fastened it more snugly around her for the ride, Gurley saw her take a shabby portemonnaie from her pocket and pass a crisp green note swiftly to McArdle's waiting hand.

"So McArdle borrows money of her," the young man thought, with scorn, as he cantered home after they had separated. "Makes a sort of tributary chapel of her little school-house, to swell the church's donations. I suppose he intends to marry her and sponge off her the rest of his life. O that I had my will of him!"

Psyche Fawcett rode over to return Mrs. Holmes' call, and she handed in a card for Miss Phœbe White also. Miss Fawcett would not be taken into the room of state, but snuggled to the sitting-room fire of logs which was always kept burning there until the heated season put it out.

"This is a sight that warms one's soul, Madam Drusie," said she. "And my soul

"THIS IS A SIGHT THAT WARMS ONE'S SOUL."

has been in a shiver ever since we came home."

"There is not much of you except your soul to shiver, my dear," laughed Mrs. Holmes.

"I thought I had grown vastly corpulent. But Cupid says I have wasted away. For his society."

The idea of calling Jack Gurley Cupid! It always annoyed him; it made him so helpless with fury—a big bluff fellow to be called Psyche's Cupid, especially when he was about sixteen, and all knuckles and feet.

"Is that your baby looking through the door?" said Miss Fawcett, twirling a willow twig which she had snapped off during her ride. "The great monster! how he has added to himself. Come here, Thomas Holmes, junior, and see your aunt."

Toddles slyly shut the door and patted away. The vision was too wonderful for him. Miss Fawcett was exceedingly slight, and tremblingly alive. She had a low-browed face, clear as alabaster, and the color of her eyes varied from yellow to violet, according to their expression. They followed every speaker with change and sparkle, and her playful nostril and rounded cheek and chin spoke in unison with them. Phœbe White thought her the most beautiful woman in the world, as she herself passed inside the door to be introduced. Miss Fawcett stirred in response to the introduction, and sent through the room a current of rose fragrance from the bunch of yellow roses at her belt.

"Yes, I came on Saturday so I should be sure of seeing you," she exclaimed. "Mr. Gurley has been telling me about you."

Mrs. Holmes lifted her eyebrows.

"I'm very glad he has," said Phœbe, so innocently pleased by the sight of Miss Fawcett that the young lady laughed.

"I believe we aren't going to be a bit strange. I always hate or adore people on sight. Madam Drusie here was a big girl at school when I was a little girl, but I pinned to her and have hung on ever since. I hardly let her be courted in peace. To this day I believe Tom Holmes considers me a long-legged girl to whom he must perforce offer his other arm if he wants a minute with Drusie."

"You forget how early Cupid began his siege of you," said Mrs. Holmes.

"Siege! I don't call it a siege when our people made the engagement and threw us at each other. You should have seen the way that fellow used to glower when his mother made him dance with me at children's parties, Miss White. He trod on my feet, too. I never forgave him."

"But he has improved," laughed Mrs. Holmes.

"You can't improve a Gurley. The old Irish is too strong in them. Can you both come and ride with me? I know this is a busy morning with you, Drusie, but I always made it a point to interfere with your affairs."

Mrs. Holmes excused herself on many accounts, so Phœbe White only went with Miss Fawcett behind her ponies.

"Where do you want to go?" inquired Miss Fawcett, as her low phaeton entered the road. "That is, after we have driven through Greensburg main streets. They are smooth, even at this time of the year, when other roads are full of ruts."

"Anywhere," said Phœbe. "I love to be out-doors in this humid air without having to feel the ground moist under my feet. Spring weather makes one feel so new."

She thought suddenly of Thorney, chopping wood across the Black Hollow, and half regretted being at ease herself and in the company of this untroubled girl.

Miss Fawcett observed her closely from time to time as they poked along the fence-corners.

"I've been abroad several years," she said, "and dropped all my old strings. The girls are changed about. In a school-town so many of one's intimates are transients. We used to have the house full. Now it is really lonesome for me. I haven't settled myself. Sometimes I think I never can settle myself. You know my aunt lives with me, of course. But we don't get on. She's so set on having her own way. She's mamma's sister. My father had no sister. Only a brother who went off and died, or he would have had half the property. It was real convenient of him. Besides he was so ugly, poor man, with a deformed mouth so he couldn't speak plain; and I know it would have torn me all to pieces. I can't even remember him. Mr. Gurley says you have no relations."

"I have a brother," said Phœbe.

"I'd like a sister," said Psyche. "An older sister who would take all the care and leave me nothing to do but spend money. How nice it must be for you! You can live just as Bohemian a life as you want to."

"I don't think I like a Bohemian life," said Phœbe.

"Oh, I do! I've always wanted to be a boot-black or an actress or a wandering poet."

"When you have your beautiful home?"

"Beautiful cage! who wants to be tied by her foot to a perch!"

"I should love every stick and every blade of grass on my homestead," exclaimed Phœbe. "It tears me up by the roots to change from one place to another. I should think you would be so happy to have your home and all sorts of ties provided for you. No strain, no uncertainty, no half-witted brother depending on your undisciplined brains."

"Is your brother half-witted? How ammusing he must be. And it would be perfectly delightful to me if I did not know what was coming to-morrow and the next day and the next."

"You wouldn't like," said Phœbe, forcibly, "to be dogged by an evil fate, to have your best wishes crossed, to run like a fugitive through the world."

"Yes, I should, said Miss Fawcett," watching her with interest. "I should dote on it. There would be some variety in that. I could come out a character instead of a tuft of swansdown—as Cupid calls me."

"And when you turned on this evil to fight it, suppose you had to fight, knowing it was part of you and you were part of it—and you never could get away from it!"

"That's rather mixed. But one thing I do see clearly. You and I are in the wrong skins. You ought to be me and I ought to be you. You dote on the respectable and are just soaked with domestic fervor. I would love to be in some mysterious mess, and every day I want to pitch our unexceptionable furniture through the conservatory sash and start out in the world and

[To be Continued].

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—Our columns are again so filled that much important news is crowded out.

—Howell & Hardy's new brand of flour is highly recommended as one of the finest in the market.

—The semi-monthly meeting of the local C. L. S. C., will be held at the "Y" rooms, this evening.

—The next holiday in the schools will take place on the 22d instant—two weeks from Wednesday.

—The members of the Executive Committee of the W. C. T. U., will meet at its rooms, Monday morning, at ten o'clock.

—Y. M. C. A. Monday; eight p. m. Praise Service. Leader—H. O. Newman. Crescent Glee Club, Three violins and cornet. All men welcome.

—The petit jurors will return to Court on Monday, when the case of James Roll of Westfield, indicted for an alleged assault upon his wife, will come up for trial.

—During Sabbath day and Sunday, the 18th and 19th insts., the Seventh Day Baptists will hold an anniversary in this city, of which THE PRESS will give further particulars.

—The Merry Five Social Club of Scotch Plains, eighteen in number, enjoyed a straw ride last evening. The pleasure seekers first visited Dog Tavern and then came to this city. They started for home late at night.

—The wiring for incandescent lighting by Messrs. Tidnan & Davis, and the fine mason work, by Martin W. Noble, in the interior of the railroad station, is rapidly approaching completion. It will be an attractive improvement.

—A special meeting of the Borough Council will be called for the 13th instant, when the ordinance introduced by Councilman McCutchen last evening, designating a place for holding the next election, will probably be adopted.

—The provisions of the local-option bill published in THE PRESS of yesterday, will fail to help the temperance cause in this city. It only submits the question to counties as a whole, and Union county—it is reasonable to suppose—is for license, first, last and all the time.

The Victoria Kennel.

Mr. James B. Reddie, who has the entire control of the Victoria Kennel, located on the Percy Ohl farm, about a mile south of the city, is the man who was so terribly bitten by "Lecco," the straight haired St. Bernard dog, recently. Mr. Reddie says the wounds on his leg, eleven in all, have not yet healed, but he does not anticipate any fatal results. The dog was owned by a New York millionaire, who upon hearing of the keeper's misfortune, promptly ordered the dog killed. The owner paid $750 when the animal was three months old. The dog was a mate of "Belle of Sterling," purchased by the same man for $1,180, who lost her by death on Dec. 9. Mr. Reddie now has 69 dogs in the kennel, including puppies, all of them being of royal blood. During the Winter many dogs have been shipped to various parts of the country for hunting purposes, and three valuable hunting dogs are expected to arrive from Denver, Col., on any train. Last September there were 110 dogs in the kennel.

Church Services.

The fourth day on the programme of the dedicatory services of the new M. E. Chapel, will occur to-morrow. The following is the order of exercises for the day:

10:30 a. m., REV. A. H. TUTTLE, D. D.
3 p. m., Sunday School Jubilee and Dedication. Addresses by REV. A. H. TUTTLE, D. D. and REV. J. L. HURLBUT, D. D.
7:30 p. m., Service of Praise.

In the Park Avenue Baptist church, to-morrow, there will be preaching by the pastor, Rev. Asa Reed Dilts, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Morning text: "If they hear not Moses and the prophets, neither will they be persuaded tho' one rose from the dead." Evening subject: "The Ministry of Service."

Services to-morrow in the Trinity Reformed church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The pastor's subject in the evening will be "Ante-diluvian Pedestrianism."

SOUTH PLAINFIELD.

Since the steam shovel got to work, the construction of the new railroad between this place and Roselle is progressing more rapidly. The shovel is located in a deep cut, and the cars are now loaded and run direct to Amboy. In the distance can be heard all day the loud reports of the blasters, who are at work blasting out stumps and rocks along the proposed route. Contractor McFadden has established his office next to the hotel, and is personally superintending the work. During the past few weeks South Plainfield has been decidedly changed in appearance, and what was formerly a prosperous farming section, is now transformed into a railroad centre.

SOCIETY'S EBB AND FLOW.

Mardi Gras Eve, Tuesday the 14th inst., will be no more brilliantly commemorated and gayly enjoyed, than at the residence of F. O. Herring, Esq., Ninth street, East. A masque ball will then and there be given by Mrs. Howard Fleming and Mrs. Herring, that promises to rival in splendor on a lesser scale, the Festival at New Orleans. Only the inner brotherhood—and sisterhood—of the most select society, will be invited. It is rumored that the invitations are to be sent out today.

The first reception to Mr. and Mrs. Deuse VanVliet, occurred at the residence of the bride's parents, on Mercer avenue, Thursday evening. Mrs. VanVliet was dressed elegantly but plainly. The attendance included representatives from the first families of the city, and members of Plainfield highest society who flocked to honor the popular bride and groom.

The high-tea at the residence of Mrs. Leander Lovell of Crescent avenue, during Thursday evening, was crowded in its attendance. Mrs. Gilbert, who is a sister of Mr. Lovell, Miss Borden of Third place, Mrs. and Miss Newhall of Seventh street, and two charming nieces from Fall River assisted the hostess in receiving her scores of friends.

The wedding of Miss Lewis, of this city, and Dr. Russell of Morris Plains, will take place in the Seventh Day Baptist church, Wednesday evening the 15th inst, at 7:30 o'clock. The ceremony will be performed by the bride's father, Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis, pastor of the church—her brother, Mr. Edwin H. Lewis giving her away. An informal reception will be held at the parsonage, immediately after the ceremony, when an opportunity will be given all friends to bid the couple farewell. Dr. and Mrs. Russell will permanently reside in Minneapolis, Minn.

Miss Erickson of Eighth street, gave a party to her numerous friends and associates, last evening, which was largely attended by the upper society's youth and beauty of this and adjacent cities. Many of the young ladies were elaborately attired. An orchestra from New York furnished excellent music for dancing which was only interspersed by a bounteous spread.

Reception to the Rev. and Mrs. Schenck.

The hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Demarest of Craig place, overflowed last evening with brilliancy, good cheer and the many who gathered to congratulate the Rev. Cornelius Schenck and to extend sincere good wishes to his bride. Mr. and Mrs. Schenck received in the front parlor from eight to ten o'clock, and on their right stood the host and hostess. Over 300 were present, among them the Rev. and Mrs. E. M. Rodman, the Rev. and Mrs. W. E. Honeyman, the Rev. and Mrs. A. Love, and the Revs. Dr. D. J. Yerkes, W. R. Richards, A. R. Dilts, C. L. Goodrich, and F. Koechl.

The ushers were Messrs. A. W. Demarest and J. B. Kline—gallant and graceful—while Mr. and Mrs. Frank Church, and Mr. and Mrs. Newton Drake, daughters of the hostess, and Mrs. Judson Overton, of Patchogue, L. I., formerly a daughter-in-law, were serving everywhere in successful effort to achieve the thorough pleasure and complete satisfaction of all.

A very bountiful supper was served later in the evening, and the table was a magnificent sight. The centre piece of rare fruits was surmounted by calla lilies, and surrounded by a wreath of salads, jellies and every delicacy of the season. A handsome bride's cake, from some unknown admirers of the handsome bride's, was displayed by itself. From the middle of the ornamentation of its top was suspended a real "wish-bone" as a harbinger of health and prosperity. Just before supper, Mr. Elmer Runyon favored the company with a tenor solo, "I Am Waiting."

Stole From Her Employer.

Mary Sweeney, an eighteen-year-old daughter of respectable parents living on East Third street, this city, was arrested on a charge of grand larceny, last evening. The girl for the past week had been employed by Mr. H. J. Martin of North Plainfield, and has at various times within the past few years been employed in the family. Early last night the girl donned a full set of clothing and a silk cloak belonging to her mistress, and after gathering up the loose change about the house, quietly took her departure. Mr. Martin when he returned home was informed of the theft. He at once sought Officer Lynch, who arrested the girl in the waiting room at the depot, just as she was about to board a train for Elizabeth. She was locked up in the station house and subsequently transferred to the North Plainfield authorities on a warrant issued by Justice Austin of the Borough and indorsed by Justice Nash of this city. This morning she was arraigned before Justice Austin, who committed her to the Somerville Jail to await the action of the Grand Jury, in default of $200 bail. Constable Bauersachs took the prisoner to Somerville on the 11:30 a. m. train.

A METHODIST RECEPTION AND REUNION.

The "Vincent Chapel" Dedicated to Social Interests Also—Addresses by Dr's J. B. Hurlbut and D. J. Yerkes, and Messrs. James McGee and J. W. Jackson—A Feast of Mind, Music and Matter.

Had any doubts existed in the minds of the Plainfield public as to the sociability of Plainfield Methodists, they would certainly have been dispelled last night, had they attended the sociable, reception and reunion held in their new chapel. The social part of the entertainment commenced when the first two persons arrived and ended when the last two had departed.

On the platform were large pots of flowers and plants, and on the wall back of the platform was hung a large American flag. After an hour's social intercourse on the part of the large number present, the pastor of the church, Rev. Dr. VanMeter, ascended the platform and stated that the service held on Wednesday night was of a devotional character, while the present service was designed to dedicate the building to the social interests of the church. He spoke earnestly of the necessity and advantages of cultivating the social side of Christian life. Miss Carrie Jackson then favored the company with a melody by Moszkowski, and a tambourin, by Raff.

Mr. James McGee was then called upon for a few remarks, and responded by a five minutes address, full of interest and instruction. He said that he was glad the old room was as bad as it was or they would never have the new building; that the latter was the outgrowth of necessity as well as sacrifice, and the new enterprise was not the result of any one man's effort; it was not any one man's idea. It was built for the use of all—rich and poor. All would be heartily welcomed within its walls, yet the building would be a failure did it not receive proper recognition and proper attendance, and cause us to know more of Christ. "I feel like pledging our pastor that we will be faithful in our attendance upon the various means of grace in this place. I am glad for the opportunity of speaking to you and I trust that all our expectations may be fully realized."

The pastor accepted Mr. McGee's pledge and said that the best way to fill our churches was to come ourselves. A duett was then sung by Mrs. Davis and Mr. Mitchell, entitled, "O that we two went Maying,"—Smythe. The pastor then announced that the name of the new chapel had by a vote of the official board of the church been called "Vincent Chapel," by which it will hereafter be known, in honor of Dr. Vincent, the man who had done more for Sunday schools than any man living. Mr. Mitchell then sang a solo, "Forever with the Lord," Mr. Davis, the organist of the church, acting as accompanist. Dr. Hurlbut then made a few remarks and was followed by Mrs. Davis, who sang a solo entitled, "Awake," by Dessauer. Mrs. Davis possesses a voice remarkable for its richness and power, and was heartily encored. Short addresses were delivered by Mr. James W. Jackson, Superintendent of the Sunday School, and also by Dr. Yerkes of the First Baptist church.

Dr. VanMeter then urged all present to feel at home and to always feel at home when they came to church or to any of the meetings; but they would never feel at home if they did not come regular. "Home, Sweet Home," with variations, was then given by Miss Carrie Jackson, and was performed in a most "masterly manner," eliciting rounds of well-deserved applause.

This ended the literary and musical part of the programme and the sociable was renewed, everybody proceeding to "mix up" with everybody else. The ladies of the church threw open one of the parlors of the chapel and disclosed tables loaded down with refreshments, to which all present were cordially invited to help themselves. Everybody congratulated everybody else and shook hands with each other, seeming to feel perfectly "at home." There were no "back-seats" in the house and all those present enjoyed themselves in the most hearty manner. The reception was voted to be a success in every sense of the word.

Last Night's Straw Riders.

A sleighing party composed of young people from Roselle, Elizabeth and New Brunswick, supped at the City Hotel last evening. They report the sleighing between Plainfield and Roselle as inferior and say that it was with much difficulty that they reached this city at all. The party was made up as follows: Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Schneeweiss of Elizabeth; Mr. and Mrs. G. W. D. Smith, A. A. Pope, A. B. Moore, B. I. Wood, Chas. A. Smith, Miss Bessie B. Smith, Miss Anna H Smith, Miss Addie T. Smith, Miss Louise Leonard, Miss Lizzie Warner, Miss Carrie Tumey, all of Roselle, and Messrs. W. G. Hill and F. M. W. Schneeweiss of New Brunswick.

TWO SOULS WITH BUT A —

A Plainfield Widow Lady Endorses Bachelor Justice Duffy's Notes of War Against Bangs.

A lady of this city upon whom a morning daily bestows the proud title of "Jersey Lily," has written a letter as below to Justice Duffy of New York. The Justice is a gallant little bachelor when off duty, but a stern little limb of legal authority when on his bench.

He is dead against bangs and down on any who disgrace the name of Duffy. "What's yer *name?*" is always his first question to the prisoner before his bar. "Me name is Duffee," answered a middle-aged woman with a smile above and carpet slippers below, the other day, expecting to be discharged at once for her name's sake, "Yer not a troo Duffee," thundered his honor; "ye ware bangs like er gote. Sixty days!"

For such antipathy the Plainfield lady writes to the Justice as follows:

DEAR SIR;—I have just read an article in the paper this morning in which you condemn some of your prisoners for wearing bangs on their foreheads and looking like goats. I admire you so much for your reproof and disgust that I can not refrain from writing a few lines to tell you. If every Judge in New York would do the same and not be afraid to condemn that hateful fashion girls would soon brush back their hair and look like Christians instead of animals. I keep an intelligence office, and I am provoked every day by girls coming for work who sometimes say they don't know how to wash a shirt or bake a loaf of bread, and make themselves look, as you say, like goats.

I thank you for what you have said, and I have cut it out of the paper, and mean to read it for all the girls who come to me with bangs for the future. Please excuse me intruding on your time, but I cannot help doing so. I admire your honest and straightforward way of speaking to those who are brought before you. I wish there were more like you.

Very respectfully yours,
A. CAIRNCROSS.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

The family of Prof. Frazee, the musician, including his wife and three children are confined to the house with pneumonia.

The Rev. Dr. Vincent, accompanied by his private Secretary, Rev. Wm. Bridge, left Plainfield this morning for a trip of several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Dollner, recently of Madison avenue, have left Plainfield for a three month's stay in Florida. The continued ill-health of Mrs. Dollner necessitated an entire change of climate.

Mr. H. C. Squires, of Broadway, sails for Europe on a business trip, Saturday of next week. During his absence, the presence of Ass'tant Superintendent Andrews of Hope Chapel will insure the continuance of the Mission's success.

Grace church is to be congratulated upon having secured as its soprano Miss Laura F. Baker, of this city, whose sweet voice was such a pleasant revelation to the audiences present at the recent Allegory. Miss Baker's engagement begins to-morrow morning.

Presiding Bishop Williams has appointed the Rev. T. Logan Murphy a member of the American Building Fund Commission. The honor is well deserved. Among the new member's associates on the Commission are Rev. Drs Dix, Leonard and McVickar, ex-Mayor Low and Cornelius Vanderbilt.

Mr. R. H. Depew, of Richmond street, is confined to the house with an attack of scarlet fever. The gentleman was taken sick at his mother's residence on Crescent avenue, a few days ago, and Dr. Fritts was called in. The doctor pronounced the complaint as one with symptoms of scarlet fever. He took the patient to the latter's home in a carriage, and at present Mr. Depew is reported in an improved condition.

False Claims, Again.

At the presentation of "A Tin Soldier," at Music Hall, Thursday evening, an actor took occasion from the stage to ring the chestnut bell on the *Evening* ——'s "personal column." The wild approval by the entire audience of the slur, was manifest by loud applause and audible jeers for many minutes.

THE PRESS made no mention, yesterday, of this latest bit of public humiliation heaped upon our unfortunate contemporary. But last evening's "——" instead of remaining modestly silent, pokes its head up from out its coils and unblushingly claims the incidental indignity as an "Ovation."

Why does not our unhappy contemporary devote its declining days to a deathbed repentence? THE PRESS *can* be pitiful and *will* be merciful (in its columns); and unless the *Evening* —— insists on claiming public derision as public approval, THE PRESS will promise to never, no never, record a single one of the straws that daily point the abasement of the *Plainfield Evening* ——.

—Department Commander John L. Wheeler, G. A. R., of New Jersey, has issued orders for the twenty-first annual encampment of the department in New Jersey, to be held in Trenton, on Thursday, February 9.

BOROUGH COUNCIL MEETING.

Chief Carey's Bill Referred to the Corporation Counsel—Reports from the Collector of Taxes, and the Annual Report of the Street Committee.

The Mayor and Council of the Borough of North Plainfield met in regular session last evening, all the members being present but Councilman McGee. The minutes of the previous meeting were approved after a slight alteration was made. Sundry petitions for peddlers license were referred to the License Committee and subsequently reported on favorably and granted. Petitions for sidewalks were received and referred to the Street Committee as follows: For a walk in front of the premises owned by Mr. Marsh at Somerset street and Grandview avenue; also for a walk on the South side of Summit avenue and the East side of Somerset street bordering property owned by Mrs. Verdon.

The following communication was received from Chief of Police T. J. Carey of this city, and upon motion of Mr. Slater it was referred to the Corporation Counsel, he to submit a written opinion to the Council:

To the Mayor and Common Council of the Borough of North Plainfield:

GENTLEMEN:—I have deferred sending my claim before your Honorable Body, until now that the Court of Errors and Appeals of this State has affirmed the decision of the Supreme Court, holding that your authorities had no lawful right to prevent me from doing business as a truckman, within the borough limits, in the same way, and under the same circumstances, for which I was complained against, I claim that my business as a truckman has been damaged to the extent of one thousand dollars, in the last two years, by being prevented from doing business within the borough limits. I hope you will give this your attention and adjust the matter without the aid of the *Courts.*

Very respectfully,
T. J. CAREY.

Claims were presented and referred as follows: Peter Wooden, rent, $20; Jno. A. Thickstun, coal and wood, $4.05; Geo. P. Becker, salary as Marshal, $37.50; N. Y. and N. J. Globe Gas Light Co., street lighting, $209.49.

Clerk Jas. K. Arnold submitted his monthly report. It was as follows, and with the accompanying report was ordered on file:

On hand at last report	$30.48
Received for licenses, etc.	9.50
Balance on hand	$39.98

Tax Collector, H. N. Spencer sent in the report hereunto appended:

To the Honorable the Mayor and Council of the Borough of North Plainfield:

GENTLEMEN—Herewith annexed please find statement of taxes collected for the year 1887 to date.

Road tax	$1,449.46
Borough tax	966.31
Total collections	$2,415.77

Respectfully submitted,
H. N. SPENCER, Collector.

The chair called for a report from the Special Committee on fire matters, and Councilman Slater stated that the committee had given the matter due attention but was unable to report this evening.

Mr. McCutchen, from the Committee on Laws and Ordinances, submitted "An ordinance to fix a place for holding Borough elections." The ordinance designates Vosselman's shop on Somerset street near Emily street as the place for holding such elections. It was put on its second reading, by Mr. Slater, and upon motion of Mr. McCutchen laid on the Clerk's desk, subject to amendment at a subsequent meeting of the Mayor and Council.

Mr. Milne, Chairman of the Committee on Streets and Public Health, submitted the annual report of the Committee. It was received, ordered on file and at the suggestion of Mr. Slater, ordered published in the local papers. The report was signed by Councilman Milne, McGee and Riker, constituting the Street Committee, and is a document worthy of commendation, showing that the committee has judiciously distributed the funds placed at its disposal. The document is a lengthy and itemized report, which space will not permit us to produce here. A summary is below affixed: Total pay roll for the year, $852.02; total expenditures for the year on streets, $1,662.26. Balance of unpaid claims, $128.28. Total amount for actual labor and material on streets, $1,538.18; cost of scraping streets, $7.20. The total amount of money expended for labor and material on Somerset street during the year was $1,227.13. Referring to sidewalks, the report says: 577 feet and six inches have been laid by the borough at a total cost of $86.62; property owners have laid 2,548 feet of walk. As to amount of tax to be raised for borough and road purposes—the Committee in the report recommends that $2,500 be raised by tax for road purposes for this, the following year, and at least $1,000 of that amount be used for stone of appropriate sizes to be used on Somerset street from Jackson avenue to Johnston Drive, and on Washington avenue from the bridge to Rockview avenue, and in such other localities as the Mayor and Council may be able to co-operate with private citizens who may desire macadamizing in front of their residences. The report went on to say that the amount of last year's taxes was insufficient to repair the twenty miles or more of roads in the borough and asked for the above appropriation.

Mr. McCutchen proposed, which proposition prevailed, that the report of the Street Committee be referred to the Auditing Committee for examination.

Mr. Slater from the Auditing Committee returned as correct the bills of Messrs. Thickstun, Wooden and Becker with the recommendation that the same be paid from the borough fund. The report was received and recommendation adopted. The same Councilman returned the bill of the Globe Gas Light Co., with the recommendation to pay it from any available fund.

Under the head of "New and unfinished business" Mr. Weaver offered a resolution in effect that the Clerk make the necessary arrangements for the coming election, such as collecting the keys to the ballot boxes, making poll book, etc. The resolution was adopted. A motion by Mr. Milne, authorizing the Mayor and Clerk to draw a warrant covering the amount of the second note of $550, falling due on Feb. 21st, prevailed.

The Council then adjourned.

A SURPRISE TO GOOD WILL.

The Scotch Plains Knights Presented With an Organ.

Last evening the worthy Knights of Good Will Lodge, K. of P. of Scotch Plains, were holding their regular convention and conferring the first rank on two candidates for Pythian honors. The work of the evening was finished and the various members were making due preparations to start for home, when there arose an alarm at the outer door. This proved to be a delegation of the wives, daughters, sisters and sweethearts of the Knights, bringing with them—as they said—"a bag of oats for the goat." After the ladies had gained an entrance into the Lodge room, they were immediately followed by willing and grateful hands bearing a handsome organ which, on behalf of the donors, Mr. Frank Hessinger briefly stated was a present to the Lodge from the lady friends and wives of the members. The surprise was gratefully accepted for the Lodge by C. C., George Polhemus.

After a programme of music and recitations, dancing was indulged in by many present and refreshments were furnished by the ladies, which showed they had forgotten nothing.

Westfield Would Get the Dead-Wood on Fanwood.

The first match game for the bowling championship of the neighborhood and country round, took place at Gale's Club House, Westfield, Thursday evening last. The excitement was intense, the contest close and the victory a gallant one for Westfield. THE PRESS reporter could not sleep from excitement the night after, and also laid awake all last night because the score was crowded out of yesterday's issue. It seemed to him more important than an address by Bishop Wigger or a sermon by Dr. Vincent.

We give the individual and total scores below. Westfield was the victor by 93 pins, but the return game, on Fanwood's own familiar alleys, will probably be as many the other way.

WESTFIELD.		FANWOOD.	
Hall	110	Stodard	125
Reese	100	H. Kyte	134
Miller	140	C. W. Smith	117
Brunner	138	Dr. Oliver	110
Pierson	164	A. P. Downer	107
Dennis	94	E. C. Kelb	125
Marsh	126	P. Oliver	105
Macquoid	113	W. S. Force	106
VanEmburg	158	G. W. Kyte	104
Stitt	121	J. Fancher	158
	1,264		1,171

The Worker's Training Class.

The Worker's Training Class of the Y. M. C. A. will meet on Sunday morning at the usual hour, 9 o'clock. Members and other young men are invited to be present. Rev. Dr. Vincent has during the present week presented the class with seventeen volumes, and one of the firm of Harper Bros., gave forty-one volumes for the reference library of the class, which is constantly receiving contributions from its friends.

Warden Dodd's Bondsmen.

The Board of Chosen Freeholders of Union county met yesterday afternoon at Elizabeth. The session occupied an hour or two and there was considerable business of a routine character transacted. The bond of Warden Chas. W. Dodd, ex-Chief of Police of this city, for $5,000, was accepted, the securities named being Messrs. Elias R. Pope, William Moore and Wm. McD. Corjell.

—Tuesday afternoon, of next week, at three o'clock, will take place the regular business meeting of the W. C. T. U., at its rooms, 55 East Front street. Everybody will be welcome.

RIOT AMONG THE MINERS

THE POLICE FIRE ON A CROWD OF THE STRIKERS.

Culmination of the Mine Troubles in Serious Bloodshed—Several Men Wounded With Pistol Shots.

SHENANDOAH, Feb. 4.—As a party of men who were working at Shenandoah City Colliery were returning from work at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. They had reached the neighborhood of the gas works, at the lower end of Main street, when a Polander, whose name is unknown, yelled "Scabs!" at them. He continued repeating it, coupling the epithet with others equally opprobious, when William H. Moyer of Mahonoy City, Lieutenant of the Coal and Iron Police Force, left the party and went out to arrest the Pole. No sooner had he laid hands on him than a mob of at least fifty of his countrymen rushed down the embankment, behind which they had been concealed. Almost every one had a fence paling, which he brandished. Coming up behind them at this time were Officers Shirey and Deibert escorting another party of workers. They shouted to the Poles and ran to the assistance of Moyer, who was still struggling with the man he had arrested, and who had been thrown and kicked by those who came to the aid of the Polander. Meanwhile the "scabs" had been ordered by the officers to proceed as quietly as possible up Main street. At this time a shot was fired from the mob. It took effect in the arm of young John Cathers, who had rushed down from his brother's store and was going to the aid of the police. Two other shots followed in quick succession from the mob, and they were answered by a volley from the police, two Polanders being struck. Michael Heffron, a young man, standing down the road, was also struck, the ball passing through his upper lip, carrying away several teeth, ploughing through the roof of his mouth, and lodging in the back of his neck. At the first fire the mob broke and ran.

The officers proceeded up town with their prisoner, and people living in the neighborhood cared for the wounded men. Only one was seriously injured.

It was 5 o'clock when the officers arrived at the office of Squire Shoemaker with their man, who kept shrieking to his countrymen and gesticulating wildly all the way. While the Justice of the Peace was writing out the information laid against the prisoner the mob had reformed and gathered with greatly increased numbers in front of the building. They demanded the release of the prisoner which was refused and the door shut in the faces of those who came to demand it. Instantly there was a shower of stones and pieces of ice that broke every window in the front part of the house. The officers, with the Squire and the prisoner beat a hasty retreat through the rear door, and by cutting across lots made their way to office of Squire Monoghan, on Centre street. They had only been there a few minutes when the mob learned of their whereabouts, and rushed there pell mell. Immediately on their arrival one man pulled off a loose weather board. The infuriated crowd caught the fever at once, and in two minutes and a half the side of the building was torn out. The officers deserted the house, and by a detour through private houses reached the station house, where they handcuffed their man and stood guard over him with drawn pistols.

Meanwhile Chief Burgess Boehm and Sheriff Duffy were not idle. The first named officer summoned his special police and the Sheriff called twenty men as a posse. They faced the mob in front of Squire Monoghan's office, and proceeded to disperse it at once.

Daniel Christian, Chief of the Coal and Iron Police, who had premonitions of trouble, left here at 4 o'clock, arriving in Shenandoah about 6. By this time the town was in the wildest state of excitement, though through the efforts of the law officers the rioters had been cleared off Centre street. Every group of half a dozen was broken up, no matter what class of people composed it. The officers went about the saloons requesting the proprietors to close them and all good people to return to their homes. By 9 o'clock last night order was restored and the streets have been pretty well cleared.

Attacked by a Pet Deer.

BOSTON, Feb. 4.—O. P. Ordway, an employe of the Boston and Albany Railroad, who lives in Saxonville, at about 3 o'clock yesterday morning heard a strange noise in his yard. He arose from bed and went out to investigate. He found a pet deer, which for some time past has been kept on the Simpson estate in Saxonville, trying to demolish a trellis in Mr. Ordway's yard. When he attempted to drive the animal away the deer turned savagely upon him. Mr. Ordway seized a snow shovel to protect himself, but the deer, a powerful animal soon got the better of him. Mr. Ordway grasped the deer by the antlers and called for help. Alfred Bradshaw, a neighbor, came to the rescue with a hatchet, broke both hind legs of the animal, which then gave up the fight and was killed.

A Masonic Quarrel Taken Into Court.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 3.—The contest between the Cleveland Scottish Rite Masons and the regular order, which has been carried on in this State for a period of two years, was taken into court yesterday by the serving of an injunction upon W. B. Hillman, Grand High Priest of the Royal Arch Masons in Ohio, restraining him from preventing the installation of the officers recently elected by Warren Chapter of Newark. Hillman had declared the election null and void because the officers chosen affiliated with the Scottish Rite Masons.

Seized Sealers to be Released.

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T., Feb. 4.—The District-Attorney of Alaska has received at Sitka an order from Attorney-General Garland for the courts to release all the seized sealing schooners now in Sitka, upon proper filing of bonds by Capt. Morrissey in behalf of responsible parties in Oregon and California. The bonds have been filed, and the release of the sealing schooner Sylvia Handy, now in Tacoma and advertised for Marshal's sale, has been ordered.

Forty Witnesses Called.

BOSTON, Feb. 4.—The second trial of Sarah Jane Robinson, the alleged Somerville wholesale poisoner, will begin in the Supreme Court in East Cambridge on Monday morning next. Forty witnhssses will be examined on a complaint charging the woman with poisoning her brother-in-law, Prince Arthur Freeman.

Hanged for Killing a White Child.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 4.—Jim Cornelius, a colored boy 14 years, was hanged in Webster Louisiana, yesterday, for the murder of Ernest Wren, a white child, aged beating his brains out with a club.

CIVIL SERVICE REVISION

THE NEW RULES AS ADOPTED BY THE PRESIDENT.

The Maximum Age Limitation Abolished and the Minimum Reduced—Ex-Soldiers and Sailors to Come First.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—President Cleveland yesterday approved and promulgated the new Civil Service rules which are to go into effect on the 1st day of March next.

The Civil Service regulations have also been revised to conform with the new rules. The general rules are nine in number, and are applicable, except in one or two particulars, to all parts of the classified service, and to some parts of the service not yet classified under the law or rules.

By these rules it is made an offense, punishable by dismissal, in any officer of the Executive Civil Service, to use his official authority or influence for the purpose of interfering with an election, or controlling the results thereof, or to dismiss or cause to be dismissed, or to use influence of any kind to procure the dismissal of any person from any place in said service, because such person has refused to be coerced in his political action, or has refused to contribute money for any political purpose, or to render political service. And it is especially provided that any officer, clerk or other employe who shall violate the section of the Civil Service act which prohibits any such officer, clerk or other employe from receiving or being in any manner concerned in soliciting or receiving any assessment, subscription or contribution for any political purpose whatever from any officer, clerk or other employe of any department, branch or bureau of the public service, or from any person receiving any salary or compensation from moneys derived from the Treasury of the United States. On account of or to be applied to the promotion of any political purpose whatever, shall be dismissed from the service.

It is also provided that no question in any examination shall be so framed as to elicit the political or religious opinion of competitors for place.

By the general rules several non-competitive examinations are provided for and compulsory examinations for promotion are directed. Persons in the classified service who were honorably discharged from the military or naval service of the United States and the widows and orphans of the deceased soldiers or sailors to be exempt from such examination.

Another important feature of the general rules gives authority to an appointing or nominating officer to whom the Commission may send the names of person declared by them to be eligible for a certain place, to object in writing to all or any one of the persons thus certified, stating that for reasons to be particularly specified such persons or any of them are not capable of performing the duties of the vacant place, and the Commissioners are directed to make certification of other names if the objections are ascertained to be good and well founded.

The general rules also provide that soldiers and sailors who have been honorably discharged because of sickness or wounds shall be certified for appointment in preference to other persons of higher grade in the examination, and that in making any reduction of force in any branch of the classified service, honorably discharged soldiers and sailors, and also the widows and orphans of the deceased soldiers and sailors, shall be retained in preference to others.

The maximum age limitation of 45 years is abrogated and the minimum age is raised from 18 to 20 years. Soldiers and sailors who have a claim of preference in civil appointments are let in at 65 per centum, but in all other cases the minimum grade of eligibility has been raised from 65 to 70 per cent. The number of names to be certified to an appointing officer from which to select for an appointment has been reduced from four to three.

A BOY FIEND'S ACT.

Seeking Revenge by Putting Muriatic Acid Where a Girl Would Drink It.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 4.—Michael O'Leary, a boy who will not be fourteen years old until April next, was employed by Sydney Walzel, a photographer, who missed on various occasions sums of money ranging from $1 to $10. His cashier, Miss Josephine Nair, told him she believed O'Leary was the thief. The boy was taken into custody, acknowledged his guilt, but was let go.

Yesterday he sought revenge and placed a tumbler containing muriatic acid near the drinking fountain expecting Miss Nair to drink of it. Instead, however, one of the operators, Joseph Bowers, came for the first drink. He noticed a colorless substance in the glass, and thinking it water held the tumbler under the fountain. The rush of the water forced some of the poison out, but a goodly portion remained. The moment Bowers got a mouthful, the poison burned him so that he spat it out. He immediately ran for an antidote and meeting O'Leary asked what stuff the tumbler contained. The boy's reply was "Did you get that? I wanted to burn her damned insides out."

Bower's mouth was fearfully burned. The boy had a hearing yesterday and was committed on charges of larceny and attempted murder.

Rough Treatment of a Robber.

DECATUR, Tex., Feb. 4.—James Anderson and Henry Harvey were arrested at Chico yesterday charged with burglary. The constable started for Decatur, taking Anderson with him and leaving Harvey with a guard at Chico. Late last night a party of twelve men took Harvey from the guard and strung him up twice. After he had been up some time he was cut down, nearer dead than alive. Harvey stoutly maintained his innocence and asked time to pray, after which he said he was ready to die. The county authorities will investigate the affair.

An Uncle of Mrs. Cleveland Dead.

BOSTON, Feb. 4—Herman F. Harmon, an uncle of Mrs. President Cleveland, her mother's brother, died yesterday at Charlestown of pneumonia, his illness having developed quite rapidly. Mr. Harmon was born in Wheatland, N. Y., and was 59 years of age. He has been engaged in business as a flour merchant in this city for several years. He leaves a widow. Funeral arrangements have not yet been made, pending advices from Mrs. Cleveland and her mother, who are expected to attend.

Westbrook Not Guilty

NEWTON, N. J., Feb. 4.—The trial of Robert Westbrook for the murder of Dennis Morris was continued yesterday. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty. The prisoners wife, on hearing the verdict, threw her arms around his neck and kissed him. She then embraced her husband's counsel in the same affectionate manner.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 2, 1888.

Adams, Mattie V	Hargraves, Mr Wm
Barron, Miss Lizzie	Kruland, Miss K F
Beckyet, Mrs H	King, Miss Gracie
Cunningham, Mr	Mackey, Miss Lenore
Coleman, Mr Harry	McCaulley, Miss S M
Cables, Miss Rosa	Martin, Mr W W
Camp, Mrs Elken	Osmond, Miss Ella
Davis, Mr Robert	Plunn, W H
Drake, Mrs Frank	Precks, Mr Edward M
Eaton, Mrs M G	Rew, Mrs J M
Eggleston, Mr M P	Randolph, Miss S R (3)
Fagan, Mrs Maggie (2)	Schoneyroff, M Johanne
Fitzgerald, Miss Maggie	Thompson, Mr James
Frazee, Mrs Maggie	Weir, Mr Thos
Grey, Miss Mary	Williams, Mrs S B
Hermistage, Mrs	Wallis, Mr Thomas
Hitchcock, Mr J R W	Way, Franklin

persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window. Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

GET A HOME IN THE COUNTRY.—I will sell building plots, 50 feet front by 200 feet deep each, at $400 and $600 a plot, at South Plainfield, N. J., 40 to 45 minutes from New York. Are great bargains; station on the premises. VOLNEY GREEN, 110 Front street, New York.

LOST—On January 30th, a small black woolly dog, bob tail; feet and legs trimmed. A reward will be paid for the return of the same to S. A. Doty, Dunellen, N. J. 2-4-3

TO LET—BASEMENT—North avenue, suitable for barber or shoemaker. Box 902. 2-3-6

AGENTS WANTED—"Recollections of a New York Chief of Police," by Geo. W. Walling. Caxton Book Concern, (Limited) 202 Broadway, N. Y. city. 2-3-2

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork in a family of three persons. Apply at No. 19 Duer street. 1-28-tf

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use; in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

TRY THE "O. A. F." CIGAR; MADE FROM the finest Havana filler, without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best 5-cent cigar in the world. 11-16-tf

TO LET—HOUSE IN WASHINGTON PARK; 10 rooms, all improvements. Box 902. 2-3-6

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORR. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street; about 100 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

Miss Thomas' Next Lecture

Before the Class in Physical Culture, will be on

"*LUNG POWER*, as a synonym for Endurance and Long Life, and Voice Training, in its relation to *HEALTH*."

Single Admission, - - 25 Cents.

HOURS—From 2:30 to 3:30 and from 4 to 5 o'clock p. m. on

IMONDAY, FEBRUARY 6,

At 55 EAST FRONT ST.

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Material—the best.

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Charges—moderate.

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New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

GRAND BAZAAR!

OF

St. Mary's T. A. B. Society,

OPENS MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6.

Good Music and Dancing.

ADMITTANCE, - - 10 CENTS.

COMMITTEE—Peter Flynn, John Walsh, Elmore Staats, John Hickey, John Harding, Martin Roth, Thos. Fitzgerald.

AN ENJOYABLE TIME IS ANTICIPATED. 2-3-8

MUSIC HALL!

THURSDAY FEB'Y 9.

Engagement of America's *FAVORITE ARTISTE*,

MAGGIE MITCHELL,

Supported by *MR. CHAS. ABBOTT* and her own *EFFICIENT DRAMATIC COMPANY*, in the beautiful pastoral play entitled

LORLE,

OR THE

ARTIST'S DREAM.

Seats for sale at J. G. Miller's, and Field & Randolph's. Sale open Monday, 6th. Prices, 50, 75, and $1.00. 2-3-td

Rutgers Glee Club

THE ST. ANDREW'S

SOCIETY of GRACE CHURCH

Have secured the services of this GLEE CLUB to give one of their Concerts in

MUSIC HALL,

On Monday, February 6th.

THEY WILL BE ASSISTED BY

Miss Maude Agnes Bowers,

WHO WILL GIVE TWO RECITATIONS

"Tarpeia," and "The Last String."

☞ Tickets can be obtained of any Member of the Society at 50 cents each, general admission. Reserved Seats at 25 or 50 cents additional can be secured at the Drug stores of J. G. Miller, or Field & Randolph. 2-1-tf

GOSPEL MEETING

Cutter's Hall.

FIFTH WEEK.

PLAINFIELD

BEREAN BIBLE CLASS

Gives you hearty invitation.

GOOD SINGING!

SOCIAL SPEAKING!

Testimony from new converts. COME! 1-30-6

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EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

10-29-tf

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Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

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21 *WEST FRONT STREET. PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only*. Telephone Call 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
PROPRIETORS.
12-2-tf

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FOR HIRE,

AT COLLIER'S,

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ESTABLISHED NINETEEN YEARS. 1-14-tf

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Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. ☞Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

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OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

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JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods

Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price.

12-21-tf

THE LITTLE GIRL FIREBUG.

May Wilson Committed to Await the Result of the Coroner's Inquiry.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—Eleven-year-old May Wilson, the confessed firebug, was arraigned at the Fifty-seventh Street Police Station yesterday before Judge Murray. May was an inmate of the Hospital for the Ruptured and Crippled at Lexington avenue and Forty-second street. Three fires have occurred at the hospital during the past week. The first one occurred on Sunday evening last, and resulted in the death of Mary Donnelly, a cook, who was smothered.

The suspicions of the hospital authorities having been awakened, Fire Marshal Sheldon was notified, and on Wednesday he began an investigation.

The result of the examination proved that May Wilson, a wry-necked little girl who has been an inmate of the institution for the past two years, had started the fires in each instance. Mr. Sheldon, who is a fatherly man and who has a winning way with children elicited a confession from May, in which she acknowledged that she was the author of the fires and that she could not tell why she had set fire to the building. She was taken yesterday to the Nineteenth sub-station in the Grand Central station and locked up for the night.

Accompanied by Fire Marshal Sheldon, her father Richard Wilson, who lives at 18 West 128th street, and by Frank G. Barkley, agent of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, she was taken to the Fifty-seventh Street Police Station.

May is a very pretty little girl. As she sat beside the iron railing of the court this morning she looked like anything but a criminal guilty of arson.

Little May was taken to Judge Murray's private room for examination. When questioned by the Judge, she looked piteously around the room as if frightened, and then burst into a fit of sobbing. The Judge remarked that it was a most extraordinary case, and committed the child to the care of Agent Barkley of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children to await the investigation by the Coroner's office into the cause leading to the death of Mary Donnelly, the suffocated cook.

Will Visit Florida.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—In conversation President Cleveland said that he had determined to accept the invitation of the Florida delegation to visit Jacksonville on Washington's birthday with Mrs. Cleveland. He will leave Washington on February 21, remain in Jacksonville a little less than a day, and return immediately to the capital. The whole trip will occupy less than three days. It is the President's intention not to stop on the way, either coming or going, and he will consider no invitations to visit Charleston, Savannah, or other southern towns which have desired to entertain him. The pressure of his official duties, he says, will prevent a longer absence from the White House, and his acceptance of the Florida invitation is based upon the expectation that Congress will adjourn over Washington's birthday.

Another Victim Appears.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Feb. 4.—Mrs. Hendricks, the princely borrower of Philadelphia, has another victim in Norristown, a Mr. Detweller, who several years ago loaned her about $5,000 with the promise from her of large returns, which as yet have not been realized. On these promises Mr. Detwiler bought an interest in a store here and started his son in business. A few days ago young Detwiler retired from the firm because of his father's loss through Mrs. Hendricks.

Twin Babies Murdered.

MEDIA, Pa., Feb. 4.—Section Boss Charles Reed, on the Media branch of the Pennsylvania road, discovered the bodies of two boys lying at the foot of the railroad bank near Fernwood. They were evidently twins. The bodies were entirely nude and less than three months old. Evidence of violence was on both bodies, and they were in all probability dead when placed there. The Coroner will hold an inquest to-day.

White May Hold His Seat.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The White-Lowry contested election case is under discussion in the House, with no prospect of reaching a conclusion. It is considered very doubtful if the Democratic members, led by Mr. Holman, of Indiana, who refuse to vote for the majority report.

C. P. Huntington Wants a Hearing.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The Committee on Pacific Railroads of the House received a letter from C. P. Huntington yesterday asking to be heard in connection with the project to extend the indebtedness of the Central Pacific. He will have a hearing on Friday next.

Favoring a Permanent Exposition.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Frederick Douglass, Colonel Anderson and Major Powell appeared before the District Committee of the House yesterday and favored a permanent exposition as the best way of celebrating the Constitutional Centennial.

A Reading Road Officer Resigns.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 4.—J. Lowrie Bell, General Traffic Manager of the Reading Railroad, has tendered his resignation, to take effect at the end of the present month. He has been connected with the road over thirty years.

Discussing the Mississippi Bridge.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—There were three hours of debate before the Senate Committeee on Commerce yesterday on the charter of a company to bridge the Mississippi at Memphis. No action was agreed upon.

Convicted of Perjury.

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 4.—John Hogencamp, jr., has been convicted of perjury. The jury had been out twenty-four hours. Hogencamp had denied under oath in the Paterson District Court his signature to a note for $100.

Threatened Suit for Infringement.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 4.—Mullin's Steel Company, of Belleville, Ill., threatents to sue the Pittsburg Steel Casting Company for an infringement of their patent in casting the great steel gun for the Government.

Two Persons Blown to Atoms.

TOMS RIVER, N. J., Feb. 4.—An explosion occurred in the mixing house of the Standard Explosive Company's Mill yesterday. Peter McCullough and a boy named Willie Page were blown to atoms.

The Ship Blanche Henderson Sinks.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 4.—The new ship Blanche Henderson sank in the Delaware River yesterday morning with seventeen people aboard, all of whom were rescued.

Coast Frozen Solid.

PORT[illegible], Feb. 4.—The entire Maine coast frozen solid.

CANADA'S BROKEN CONTRACT.

Reciprocal Trade With the United States Only a Farce.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 4.—In 1879 the Parliament of Canada placed an order on the statute book empowering the Dominion Government, without reference to Parliament, to admit certain articles free of duty from the United States when it was shown that such articles could be imported into the United States free of duty. Notwithstanding the existence of this statute the Dominion Government has failed to carry out its obligations, in which it offered to meet the United States half way whenever it would remove, or lower, the rate of duty on any of the following articles:

Animals of all kinds, green fruit, hay, straw, bran, seeds of all kinds, vegetables, plants, trees, shrubs, coal, coke, salt, hops, wheat, beans, peas, barley, rye, oats, Indian corn, buckwheat and all other grain flour of wheat or rye, Indian and oatmeal and flour of any other grain, butter, cheese, fish, lard, tallow, meats (fresh or smoked) and lumber.

Turning to the trade returns for the past year just published, it is found that the following articles, enumerated in the above list, and which are admitted into the United States free of duty, were imported into Canada from the United States subject to duty:—

Plants, fruit, shade and ornamental trees and shrubs; seeds of all kinds; fruit, dried and green; and berries, amounting to the aggregate to $261,672, upon which a duty to the value of $30,175 was imposed.

There appears to be a good deal of hypocrisy in the professed desire of the Dominion government to encourage reciprocal trade between Canada and the United States in national products.

Spiritual Aid Aids Him Not.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.—Dr. W. B. Farnham, for twenty years a dentist in this city, fell down stairs at his home last Wednesday night and sustained serious injuries. Last night he swallowed a dose of aconite, and died in a few moments. Dr. Farnham had been a Spiritualist all his life, and a heavy speculator on the Board for the past ten years. His losses soon ruined him financially, and his business passed to other dentists. In his speculations Dr. Farnham always claimed to be guided by the spirits, with whom he used to consult in a closet at his home after business hours each night. He lived in the hope of winning an immense fortune, and although he played the desperate game up to the day of his accident his wife says he never won a cent. While he was dying, Dr. Farnham talked cheerfully to those about him.

The Texas Immigration Association.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 4.—The Immigration Convention, at its session yesterday, effected a permanent organization to be known as the Southwest Texas Immigration Association with headquarters in this city. A resolution was adopted requesting the Senators and Representatives in Congress to use every endeavor to procure a geological survey of Texas as soon as practicable. The Executive Committee was instructed to arrange with the different railroads of the State for special immigration rates to Texas. After the adjournment of the Convention the Southwest Immigrant Association, convened and elected Col. H. B. Andrews, of San Antonio, President, and J. H. Copeland, Secretary.

Finding the Corpse of an Aeronaut.

DULUTH, Feb. 4.—A farmer living near here reports the discovery yesterday in the woods some distance from the public road of a stranded balloon, and near it, in the limb of a tree against which the balloon had caught, the half dressed corpse of a man, which had evidently fallen from the balloon. The body was wedged in between the branches, and had a deep gash across the forehead. It was that of a man probably thirty years of age, with dark hair and beard. There was nothing by which it could be identified. It is supposed that the balloon is the one that was sent up last spring from some southern point and never since heard from.

Gov. Oglesby's Advice to Farmers.

JOLIET, Ill., Feb. 4.—The Governor, in an address to the Farmers' Institute of this district of the State Board of Agriculture, said that the land question was the only serious one affecting the country. He said that in a few years, with our rapidly growing population, there would not be an acre of land, but a landed aristocracy, if farmers did not increase and hold what land they had.

Base Ball Men to Visit Florida.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 4.—A scheme is being carried out to have all the League base ball clubs come to the city for practice. Harry Wright of the Philadelphia nine notified the Jacksonville managers to-day that he desired to bring his club here in March. It is said that the New Yorks, the Bostons and the Quaker City boys would also be down this spring.

Capt. Tramper's Death.

BELVIDERE, Ill., Feb. 4.—Capt. Jacob H. Tremper of Kingston, N. Y., died here at the age of seventy-five years. He was one of the oldest steamboat men on the Hudson River, and for many years the commander of the James A. Baldwin. Captain Tremper was also the owner of the Tremper House, a large summer hotel in the Catskills.

Warm Weather Everywhere.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—For the first time this year, the signal service reports recorded no place in the country below zero. The very lowest was 6 degrees above at Bismarck, Dakota. It was 30 degrees at Chicago, 28 degrees at Boston, 26 degrees in this city, and 66 degrees at Jacksonville, Florida.

Landon Did It in Self Defense.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 4.—Richard Landon, aged 21 years, who shot and killed Peter W. Bursha, his benefactor, a year ago, was found not guilty by a jury yesterday. Bursha, who was a married man, became jealous of his wife's attentions to Landon, and on several occasions threatened to shoot him.

On the Shoals at Hatteras.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 4.—An unknown brig rigged steameer of sixteen hundred tons is reported aground on Hatteras shoals two miles below the Cape. A life saving crew are on their way to her asssistance. The steamer is in a dangerous position and must soon go to pieces.

Sugar Refineries at War.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 4.—There is war between the California and the American refineries here. A cut of one cent per pound on yellow sugars by the latter was met by one of one cent and a half by the former yesterday.

A Blunt League in Utah.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Feb. 4.—A number of patriotic Irishmen have organized a local branch of the Irish Land League, to be known as the Wilfred Blunt Land League of Utah.

DEMANDING THE HATFIELDS.

West Virginia Makes a Formal Request of Kentucky for Their Return.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb 4.—W. L. Mahan, of Charleston, W. Va., is in Frankfort with a message to Gov. Buckner from Gov. Wilson demanding formally the return of nine members of the Hatfield gang, who are now in jail at Pikeville awaiting trial for the murder of the McCoys. Gov. Wilson in his communication, relates that in his opinion the Hatfields were taken from Logan county without authority, and he seems to think that there is no just reason why they should be longer detained. He appears to have lost sight of the fact that the habeas corpus process is the only course the law lays down in such cases. Mahan was closeted with the Governor and Secretary of State Adams several hours, but as yet has received no answer. Gov. Buckner yesterday was on a visit to Lexington. Adjutant-General Hill has not returned from his investigation of the feud at Pikeville, and the Governor prefers to hear from him before acting. Hill will probably spend two weeks in the mountains.

Mahon was sent two weeks ago by Gov. Wilson to Logan county to investigate, but the Pike county officials, who are here, say he heard only one side. Mahan says the Hatfields claim they have been outrageously imposed upon and can cite justification for every shot fired. In the murder of Ellison Hatfield six years ago they charged that old man McCoy provoked the quarrel with Ellison, and afterwards set his three sons upon him, who stabbed him twenty-five times in the back and shot him fatally while he was down.

The High License Bill.

ALBANY, Feb. 4.—The final hearing on the Crosby high license bill was had yesterday before the Assembly Excise Committee. It was agreed to withdraw the favorable report on the bill in order to embody an amendment to make the bill operative respecting sales of liquors by druggists. The amendment will be embodied at the committee's meeting next Tuesday and the bill will be reported Wednesday.

The New Northern Railroad.

TROY, N. Y., Feb. 4.—Surveys of the proposed Housatonic Northern Railroad to run from the State line between New York and Massachusetts, through several towns in the eastern part of Rensselaer County to Burlington, Vermont, are now nearly completed. The road will be sixty miles long. It is backed by W. H. Barnum and other prominent New England railroad men.

Daring Robbing of a Safe.

FOREST HILLS, Mass.—Feb. 4.—Two men the depot of the Boston and Providence Railroad here at five yesterday morning, and while one was buying a ticket for Dedham the other placed a handkerchief saturated with chloroform over the face of the agent, rendering him unconscious. The money drawer was then rifled, the thieves securing a considerable amount of c[illegible]

-:Black Stockings:-

That will NOT FADE, CROCK, or STAIN the FEET. Try a Pair of

SMITH & ANGELL'S

Black Stockings, and you will wear no other kind.

The color cannot be removed by acids—in fact washing improves the color.

The dye being vegetable does not INJURE the GOODS.

Every pair warranted as above, and if not found as represented, RETURN THEM and your MONEY will be REFUNDED.

SOLD ONLY BY

Howard A. Pope,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

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A. P. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.

WARDEN & FOWLER,

Wholesale and Retail

CONFECTIONERS,

NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,

between North ave. and Second street,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

9-10-tf

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,

Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,

Gold and Silver Jewelry,

—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

AT DOANE'S,

9 PARK AVENUE.

12-16-tf

R. W. RICE & Co.,

[Successor to Wm. H. Shotwell.]

FINE GROCERIES,

Fruits and Vegetables

IN THEIR SEASON.

North Plainfield, - New Jersey.

CORNER DUER & EMILY STREETS.

1-12-tf

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong.

5-27-tf

WM. K. McCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law.

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.

Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot.

my9

B. FOSGATE,

Architect,

North avenue, opposite depot.

PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors-at-Law,

Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street.

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O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,

Homœopathist.

(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.

my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law.

Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.

Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts.

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DR. PLATT,

90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.

Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M.

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Carpenter and Builder.

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work. 9-15-tf

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter and Builder

OFFICE—4 WEST THIRD STREET,

Shop, South Second St., PLAINFIELD, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

11-22-tf

C. E. JOHNSON,

[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,]

CARPENTER and BUILDER.

Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.

JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

C. NIELSEN,

Carpenter and Builder,

31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder.

Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,

Undertakers and Embalmers.

58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37. Office of Hillside Cemetery.

A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon.

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FORD & STILES,

Funeral Directors.

and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 29 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44. Personal attendance night or day by GEORGE M. STILES.

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P. HOAGLAND'S

City Express.

Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

S. E. FLOWER,

Picture Frames.

of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

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Florist

Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Cut Flowers at Low Prices Beautiful designs for weddings and funerals. 10-28m3

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Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,

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A full line Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

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Livery Stables.

North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

CHARLES E. RUNK,

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39 NORTH AVENUE.

Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-30 y

USE

CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON

Best Six Cord,

For Hand and Machine use. For sale by

I. LEDERER.

1-2-6m No. 9 WEST FRONT STREET.

TO-DAY

I WILL COMMENCE A

GREAT MARK DOWN SALE

to clear out most of our Large Stock of

WINTER GOODS,

in order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.

A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT. has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEW-MARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.

An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.

LEDERER'S,

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1-2-6m

TRY OUR

QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-16-t

GEO. D. MORRISON,

FLOUR AND FEED STORE,

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JUST RECEIVED—A full line of POULTRY FOOD, BEEF SCRAPS, BONE MEAL, OYSTER SHELLS, EGG FOOD, ETC.

11-29-tf

WEST END COAL YARD

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.

Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1

WALTER L. HETFIELD. JOHN M. HETFIELD.

FRANK LINKE,

Bottler

of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention.

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House Painter.

Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,

Furniture and Freight Express.

P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

ROBERT JAHN,

Tin and Coppersmith,

Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

Card of Thanks.

If the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam should publish a card of thanks, containing expressions of gratitude which come to him daily, from those who have been cured of severe throat and lung troubles by the use of Kemp's Balsam, it would fill a fair-sized book. How much better to invite all to call on R. J. Shaw and get a free sample bottle that you may test for yourself its power. Large bottles 50c. and $1.00

ARNOLD,

The Grocer.

Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,

North Plainfield, N. J.

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CHRISTMAS WONDERLAND AND SANTA CLAUS HEADQUARTERS now opened at

ALLEN'S, the Stationer,

No. 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

ADMISSION, FREE. COSTS STILL LESS IN PROPORTION TO GET OUT. 10my

J. C. POPE & CO,

INSURANCE AGENTS,

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Lumber and Coal Merchants,

CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,

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All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.

ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,

WESTFIELD, N. J.

FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.

BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.

GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD,

DEALER IN

Lumber and Masons' Materials,

OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST.

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J. W. VANSICKLE,

(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats,

etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to m[illegible] my10tf

R. R. F[illegible]

ure Dealer,

21 East Fro[illegible] Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Fur[illegible] A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—8 12-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44, a. m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.05, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.23, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

FISHER & MONFORT,

PHOTOGRAPHERS,

15 East Front St., near the Post Office.

CABINETS, $3.50 PER DOZEN.

All the latest improvements in Photography.

No extra charge for Children or Babies.

CHAS. W. FISHER. G. WM. MONFORT.

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P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city.

8-2-tf

George R. Rockafellow,

(Successor to W. N. Rowe.)

HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE

PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

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Howell & Hardy,

Fancy and Staple Groceries,

CHOICE TEA, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Creamery and Dairy Butter,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.,

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11-26-tf

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves & Ranges,

Cutlery,

Sleigh Bells.

Skates,

13 EAST FRONT STREET,

Next Post Office.

A Brother's Keeper.

A WOMAN'S WORK OF LOVE AND DUTY.

BY MARY HARTWELL CATHERWOOD,

AUTHOR OF "CRAQUE O' DOOM," "STEPHEN GUTHRIE," "THE LONE MAN'S CABIN," AND OTHER STORIES.

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[CONCLUDED.]

seek my fortune. Travel cooled my noble rage, but didn't give me scope."

"I didn't say I was in any mysterious mess," remarked Phœbe.

"Look over yonder," said Miss Fawcett, pointing with her whip as they trotted in a level space below the hill. "That's Mr. Gurley's property. Cupid is a fair to middling young man. He is, in fact, not bad. But do you suppose any girl wants to settle down there and watch cows, and hear Jesse Stone's wife count the eggs, go to church on Sunday, give regular parties to the Greensburg folks—year after year the same? Or would you like that sort of thing?"

"Oh, no," said Phœbe, blushing, "that wouldn't do for me at all."

Psyche laughed. "When I get on with you a little more I think I'll call you Ruby," she observed. "You have the color of life in you and I feel what is almost the diamond's grit. Do you like this long-necked classmate of Cupid's — McArdle, Mrs. Holmes' cousin?"

"I am sorry for him," said Phœbe. "His position isn't comfortable."

"Poor dear," observed Miss Fawcett. "And it comes to you to complain?"

She shook the tassel of her whip over the ponies and added:

"Never knit your brows at me, but hearken. Thursday evening of next week I am having the class at the Place, informally. There are nine or a dozen young men, and some of them are nice, I believe, and some are what the English call nawsty. We shall have just as many girls, and I want you to come; and perhaps dancing."

"Oh, I don't know them," cried Phœbe.

"You will know them plenteously by the time the evening is over. And this McArdle, who, in common with myself, finds life a pair of Chinese shoes, will lean upon you for the occasion, and escort you forth and back, according to the custom of the country."

There was a double log-house standing at the edge of a cleared space, and, on Monday evening, Phœbe knocked at the door. She was now remote from Greensburg, up the hills, in the Barker district.

The door was opened by a raw-framed, thick-nosed woman, with large, white teeth, which she displayed in instant welcome. She kissed Phœbe White, and,

THE DOOR WAS OPENED.

though she was so uncomely, her dress looked full of snuggling places for children's heads, and her large shoulder like a pillow for the forlorn.

"Now, take off your things and be comfortable," she said. "I was afraid you couldn't come this evening, the weather's so raw."

"I don't mind the weather," said Phœbe, "when I am asked to supper with you. Here you are shut in princess-like, with a red-hot forest stacked in your fireplace, the woods outside breathing, and the kitchen kettle singing. I wish Thorney and I were set up in a log-house life."

"How is Thorney?" inquired Mrs. Barker.

"He is well. He is so stout and brawny." She looked at the hearth without brightening. "I am glad he has muscles, anyhow."

"Mr. Barker's late to-night," said the schoolmaster's wife. "His school is so full. He's fitting some of the young men for college, and often helps them after hours."

She hung up her guest's wraps on deer antlers. Several doors of various heights opened from this general room. Beyond one the kitchen showed its burnished stove and tin vessels; another, stooping downward a step, gave entrance to a bedroom, where Mrs. Barker's best finery hung on the log wall protected by a muslin curtain. Two more doors just like it probably opened on similar state-rooms. But the master's library was a bolder conception, cast out like a dormer-window from the main pile, to be entered by a pine archway hung with curtains of chintz calico. The shelves were very full. Rudely carved pyramids of pomegranates supported the master's row of Greek authors. His study-chair was a gnarly stump, chopped into shape and cushioned.

A long clock in a cherry case filled one corner beside the fire-place, its yellow dial marked in Arabic figures. One iron hand pointed to five, and with a deliberate, rasping voice, it told the hour.

Phœbe stood on the hearth to warm her hands, while Mrs. Barker drew a table from the wall and set up its leaves on extra legs. The broad-boarded floor showed the many grooves this table had made in its many journeys. The master's wife spread a cloth of unbleached linen, exactly balancing the ample folds at each table corner, and put her blue-edged dishes and horn-handled knives and forks in array upon it. Her talk with her guest was as brisk and constant as the firm leather pat of her footsteps on the naked floor. She brought jams and finally scented cake from her storeroom. The master's chair was dragged from his library to preside at the foot of the table like a throne over two splint-bottomed seats and one wooden chair with gilding on the back. The hostess' sewing-rocker stood near the fire for Phœbe's use.

"I told Mr. Baker if he saw your brother to ask him to supper along with you."

"Thorney would be too shy to come," said Phœbe, wistfully.

"You 'pear very different to me," remarked Mrs. Barker, candidly, as she set down the maple sirup in a glass dish and arranged in a goblet the silver spoons she had bought with her own first savings, before she married Mr. Barker. "I always tell girls," said the master's wife, standing back and admiring them, "the first thing they ought to do is to get a set of spoons. Take some of your earnings and buy 'em whether you're thinking of going to housekeeping or not. Then you have 'em."

"Thorney and I can hardly afford silver when we set up our house," said Phœbe.

"Merely to begin it will be a great undertaking. But we have saved more than a hundred dollars between us, Mrs. Barker."

"Well, that does first-rate for two orphans. And I hope you've put it out safe."

"I—loaned a little of mine," said Phœbe, hesitating. "The rest I keep by me; to be always ready."

"Mercy! you oughtn't to keep such a big sum in the house. You bear the spoons in mind," urged the master's wife, laughing. "You ain't going to keep old maid's hall with Thorney for ever."

"I hope I am. It would be almost too much to have a snug log-pile like this, and be sheltered up among trees, and never tormented by anybody. Thorney is a good boy, and I have only him. It would be nice," said Phœbe, locking her fingers, "if I could be proud of him: if he were bright and handsome, like such young men as Mr. Gurley, and could direct and advise me instead of my having to direct and advise him. But he can't help it, you know, and I must just cover up his weakness as well as I can and take him for his good qualities."

"You dear child!" said the master's wife.

"He's my brother," explained Phœbe, sincerely. "And even if he appeared disgusting to other people, it would be base for me to own to myself that I found him so. Other people do not know the best of him."

"Does he favor the father's or mother's side?" inquired the master's wife.

"I don't know," said Phœbe.

"But your kinfolks could tell."

"I don't know any of them," responded Phœbe, briefly, and a great stamping outside the door broke through this conversation.

The master entered with a second and smaller self at his heels, excepting that he was gray and stout and his son was light-locked and chubby. He wore a blue army overcoat, and the boy one of similar cut and color.

"Well, here you are, Ogre," said Mrs. Barker.

"The Ogre's late to-night," he responded, in a great bass. "He had five stupid fools to eat up. And here's Miss Phœbe." He advanced his square paw and shook her hand.

"Are you going to eat me for another fool, Mr. Barker?"

"I hope not. But we'll see how you have your German. Orcutt, Barker, take off your hat, sir, when you come under a roof, and speak to Miss Phœbe."

"I was waiting till you gave me a chance, sir," responded Orcutt, boldly, with the appearance of enjoying skirmishes with his burry father.

"Mind your tongue, sir, mind your tongue," growled the master, rolling his son's head between his palms. Neither of them could resist a tousling romp, which lasted until the elder felt sufficiently relaxed from his day's toil, when he at once resumed his mastiff-like demeanor, and Orcutt gravely shook hands with Phœbe and hung up their wraps.

"Well, Miss Phœbe," said the master, planting his feet on the hearth and gathering his coat-tails under his arms, "what is the height of a tree on the opposite side of the river, which forms one side of a triangle, the hypotenuse being——"

"Please, no, Mr. Barker. Try me with the German."

"What's the hypotenuse, pa?" inquired Orcutt, immediately bringing slate and pencil.

"There is nothing in the world," said the master, "so beneficial and strengthening to the mind as that same science of mathematics."

"What's the hypotenuse, pa?" repeated Orcutt, importunately, twitching his father's trousers.

The master turned and drew a long switch off the mantel, where, from a limber and juicy shoot it had dried in disuse to brittleness, and suggestively measured the distance between his outstretched hand and his son's fat legs.

"That's the hypotenuse," threatened the master. The son set down giggling to solve other imaginary problems.

Supper was coming upon the table.

Mr. Barker's basso seemed to reverberate among the dark joists.

"Now, Miss Phœbe, let us have that verb conjugated before we blunt our minds with eating."

Phœbe therefore plunged into German conjunction and afterwards produced her exercise from her pocket; he examined it frowning.

"What's this? This is too ambitious. A good student keeps his eye on the structure of the language; he doesn't run after sentiment."

"It's the last part of Schiller's 'Diver,' and is familiar enough to every body but me," said Phœbe. "I did enjoy it. The sense of much of it came to me without the dictionary."

"Yes, I don't doubt it!" commented the master, dissentingly snorting. "Let me hear you pronounce now."

"It bears one along," pleaded Phœbe, "even the foolhardiness which took him under the water a second time after he had brought up the cup in safety once."

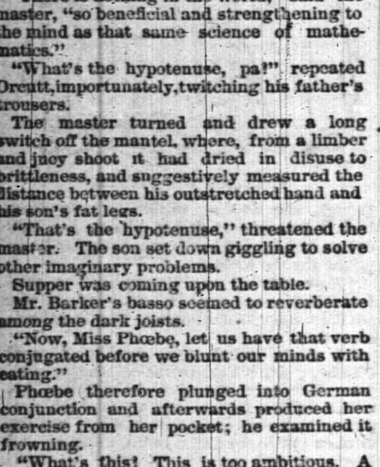
The master listened, to her reading, giving vent to gutteral corrections, while she took her momentary stand in his book alcove. The sash there was not so deeply imbedded in logs as were the other windows, and such late light as still straggled across the clearing illuminated her and her German text.

Mrs. Barker drew back her own chair from the table and announced with housewifely formality that supper was ready. Orcutt, having suspended his ciphering to hear Phœbe's exercise, now briskly laid aside his slate; and the master was willing to postpone further drill until he had filled the plates on the table.

"Come, Miss Phœbe," said he. "Some day, with constant practice and the chance of conversing with intelligent Germans, you may get a fair grip of the language."

"What's the matter, child?" exclaimed Mrs. Barker. "What do you see out there?"

"Oh, nothing, nothing," replied Phœbe, coming swiftly away from the window.



"WHAT'S THE MATTER, CHILD?"

"May be I fancied one of the diver's monsters had come up out of the whirlpool and was grinning at me. I wish I could plunge into some place and be hid and quiet forever."

She put her hands over her face, but not in time to stop a stray sob.

Mrs. Barker put her arm around Phœbe and petted the girl's head against her shoulder. The master, with his fists clasped, the thumbs pointing upwards, one at each side of the pile of plates, glared sternly at his pupil.

"You've been worried out," he pronounced. "The children of that whole district need killing. I've said so repeatedly. They're a noisy, scandalous set."

"Oh, no," said Phœbe.

"Yes, they do. Some of them ought to be skinned slowly and hung up in the sun to dry, Adam and Mose Guy, for instance."

"Adam and Mose Guy ain't children," piped Orcutt, "and they don't go to school any more."

"They used to," maintained the master.

"I can't control myself very well," pleaded Phœbe, drying her face. "But nobody is to blame."

"She has to carry too old a head" said Mrs. Barker, putting her guest in the gilt-backed chair and spreading her napkin: "She ought to be thinking of young folks and a good time, and here she is worrying to save money, and studying Dutch between whiles. Next time you come, Mr. Barker shan't hold a school examination over you."

"Do let him! How little I shall ever know if Mr. Barker does not train me. And I have been seeing young people."

She began to tell about Psyche Fawcett, and talked rapidly while the meal lasted.

After supper the master and his son went into the twilight, chopped wood and kindling, fed the pig, and carried fodder to and milked the cow. In the midst of these homely cares, and while the master's bass reverberated among solemn trees with Old Hundred, Phœbe's voice and presence broke into his hymn. She was standing wrapped in her scarlet shawl ready to go home."

"Good-night, Mr. Barker. I must hurry this evening."

"But you are not going home now. You are going to spend the evening, and may be stay all night."

"I must go," said Phœbe.

"Wait till I've milked the strippings, then," commanded the master. "You can't go alone. It's dusk."

But repeating good-night, Phœbe was already on the path through the woods when Mrs. Barker ran out of the cabin after her. However, the master had scarcely carried his frothing pails into the house when Mrs. Barker came back, drawing her shawl to a focus over her nose.

"She wouldn't let me go a piece with her," said the master's wife. "I don't know what possesses that child to-night."

She looked anxious as she hung her wrap on the deer-antler.

"I'll just step out and overtake her," said Mr. Barker.

"Don't."

"But she oughtn't to go alone through the woods, ought she?"

"She isn't alone, Ogre, dear. A man met her just out of the clearing. That's why I turned back. I saw she wanted me to."

"May be it was her brother, or one of the neighbors' boys."

"It was a stranger. I took a good look at him, and enough worse looking he is than her poor simple brother. I don't like it. And her getting so excited before supper, as if she saw something out of the window—and all."

"I don't like it either," said the master, rubbing his grizzly head.

The man took several steps beside Phœbe before either of them spoke. She drew her shawl close around her and shrunk off from him, but she did not look directly at him, but glanced sidewise, puckering her face in anguish.

He was a grotesque creature, with the various pieces of his clothing shabby and unmatched; but the most skillful of tailors could scarcely have molded him in garments suitable to his face. It was emaciated and withered, though neither by disease nor age. One corner of his mouth twisted downward as if in a continued jeer, and nervous spasms came and went over every atom of countenance which could be moved and distorted. Whenever he became excited in talk, this singular infirmity played faster and faster like evil lightning over his face.

"Well?" said Phœbe, in a high, agitated tone.

"All right," said her companion. "You saw me beckon to you through the window."

"You know I saw you."

"You were a long time getting out. If you hadn't come pretty soon I'd bolted in and asked for you."

"I knew you would. What do you want now?"

"What do I want now!" mimicked the twisted mouth. "When you ain't seen me for two years. Where's Thorney?"

"He's near me, of course," replied the shaking girl. "Why *can't* you let us alone?"

"What should I want to let you alone for. Ain't I got my rights?"

"Your rights," said Phœbe, fiercely. "O, you wicked millstone; you want to drag us under forever. You know when I was sorry for you and tried to help you. But you can't impose on me any more. And I'll defend Thorney against you."

"Oh, you will!"

Phœbe began to sob aloud, swallowing piteously, and using her hands against her throat to press back the explosive sounds.

"You look like defending any thing!" laughed the man. "Don't do that, now. You never made any thing bellowing at me. Didn't you know I'd drop around some day?"

"Oh, yes, I knew it—you always do—there's no help—and no escape!"

"Well, then, shut up your doleful racket. I ain't going to hurt you."

"No; I'm past being struck with your fist now—but never past being robbed and shamed."

The man broke off a bit of bark and chewed it, as he kept pace with her.

"How much money have you?" he inquired.

"You'll dog Thorney and me just the same if I give it to you. I've bought you off for the last time."

"You'll give me what money you have. I'm clear down. If you don't I'll make a stake the way you despise, and I'll take Thorney."

Phœbe faced about, and they stood still, with the path between them.

"There's a hundred other things I can do," added the man, grinning. "You know you don't want to own me around here."

"Not a drop of my blood owns a drop of yours," burst out Phœbe. "I have lived a blameless life. You do your worst. I won't give you my earnings, and you will leave my brother Thorney alone, too."

She walked rapidly ahead into the dusky woods. He was at no pains to overtake her but let the space widen between them, thrusting his hands into his pockets and breathing a crook-mouthed whistle on his chin.

Phœbe, feeling frozen in her last mood, and carrying her defiant head erect, entered the familiar sitting-room where Mrs. Holmes was rocking the baby to sleep. She entered as one who heard the cry of wolves behind her, and knew the wolves might yet burst in and claim her, notwithstanding an able-bodied man like Gurley was at hand to defend her.

"Mr. Gurley has called to see you," said Mrs. Holmes.

Phœbe had stopped at the sight of Toddles going to sleep. It hurt her to remember how lately she had rocked him herself, feeling almost as safe and happy as if well through with the world.

She turned and met Mr. Gurley with a dignity he could not add to her sincere and credulous image, and while she spoke she wondered how soon her pursuer would enter that room.

Mrs. Holmes silently thought, her too scarlet in cheeks, too dazzling in her eyes—altogether too powerful and pretty.

"I was just about to trace you," said Gurley. "Miss Fawcett has changed her programme. Instead of having us later in the week she wants us this evening, and as the little party's so informal I hope you'll be willing to substitute my escort for the other arrangement which was made for you."

"I should like to go to Miss Fawcett's," said Phœbe, choosing for herself like a princess. She thought she heard a new step in the kitchen.

"My horse and phaeton are ready," said Gurley. "I came early to make up for the lack of notice by giving you plenty of time to get ready in."

"Oh, I am always ready for any thing. I might wash my hands and beg Mrs. Holmes for a bit of geranium. I have just one dress," explained Phœbe. "And that makes it so easy to be ready."

Gurley laughed out with approval, but Mrs. Holmes secretly shuddered at such flinging of one's poverty at a man's sympathies. She had kindly planned docking Phœbe for this party in some of her own finery, and felt indignant at being robbed of such femmine pleasure and the self-approval which would have been consequent on it. At the very least her lace bertha or a sash might have relieved the girl's somberness, but now she felt too outraged to add even the bit of geranium.

"You are, in fact, an Ascensionist," commented Gurley, "and go about all the time becomingly robed for the day of judgment."

"You have said it exactly," Phœbe told him, smiling, holding her tears sternly in their cisterns. "And you haven't any idea what a feeling of companionship you can have towards a gown that is like yourself alone in the world."

"Your brother wants to see you, Miss White," said Randy, speaking at the kitchen door, a shade of patronage coloring her tone to the sister of such a brother.

Phœbe expanded, standing quite erect and high.

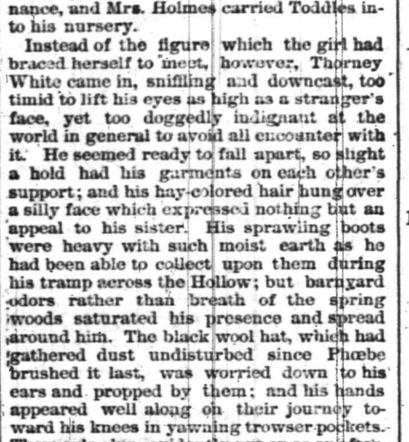
"Oh, does he! Bring him to me then. Bring him directly in here."

Randy withdrew her one-eyed countenance, and Mrs. Holmes carried Toddles into his nursery.

Instead of the figure which the girl had braced herself to meet, however, Thorney White came in, sniffling and downcast, too timid to lift his eyes as high as a stranger's face, yet too doggedly indignant at the world in general to avoid all encounter with it. He seemed ready to fall apart, so slight a hold had his garments on each other's support; and his hay-colored hair hung over a silly face which expressed nothing but an appeal to his sister. His sprawling boots were heavy with such moist earth as he had been able to collect upon them during his tramp across the Hollow; but barnyard odors rather than breath of the spring woods saturated his presence and spread around him. The black wool hat, which had gathered dust undisturbed since Phœbe brushed it last, was worried down to his ears and propped by them; and his hands appeared well along on their journey toward his knees in yawning trowser-pockets. Thorney's chin, evidently put on as an afterthought and scarcely belonging to his face, hung in moments of vacancy toward his breast; but just now, feeling the presence of unexpected society, he made successive efforts to hold it up and swallowed audibly in the struggle.

Gurley thought he had never seen a more repulsive creature. But if Thorney had been a shining and firm angel, Phœbe could not have run to him with swifter change of countenance and manner. She turned him towards Gurley maternally, as both touching for him and challenging his opponents.

"This is my brother, Mr. Gurley," she



"THIS IS MY BROTHER."

said. "My good little brother, though he is older than I am and looks so tall."

Gurley advanced his hand and greeted this good little brother.

"Shake hands, Thorney," prompted his sister, in a quick, low tone, "and say 'how do you do.'!"

Thorney shuffled forward a step and thrust his moist and dirty hand into Gurley's palm with a mumble, but without taking his eyes off the floor.

"He's so bashful," explained Phœbe, in the tone a mother uses when she says "he's cutting his teeth." And she added a swift admonition to Thorney to keep his hands out of his pockets and stand straighter.

"He's worse than McArdle," inwardly remarked the young gentleman. "Poor little mother hen! What unnatural chicks she has to scratch for!"

"And what was it, Thorney?" inquired Phœbe, "I'm going out this evening to stay until after our bed-time. You won't mind coming to the school-house to-morrow after school, will you? We can talk it over there."

Thorney, perhaps, had his attention occupied by the disposal of his hands; or he was too dull to see how she hastened to bar his telling what it was. Thrusting one fist under his chin, to support it, and sliding the other behind him, whence it soon wandered to the familiar pocket, he complained that Thane was around ag'in.

"Never mind!" exclaimed Phœbe.

Thorney muttered that he did care though.

"Come after school," repeated his sister. "I have very much to say to you, Thorney. And you can tell me all about it then. But go home now, won't you? And don't stop to speak anybody in the woods; don't linger around where anybody can get hold of you—waylay you."

"As if she were admonishing Red Ridinghood," thought Gurley. "What prowler would want this beautiful object?"

Thorney, however, absorbed all the solicitude his sister could pour over him, and departed then as if his injuries were but half salved. Phœbe leaned forward in the phaeton as it turned from Holmes' gate to watch his slovenly figure plodding into the woods.

"But Mr. McArdle," said Phœbe, returning to Gurley.

"Her mind reverts to her other dependent chick," thought he.

"Miss Fawcett said he was to bring me and take me back."

"There's many a slip betwixt the cup and McArdle's lip."

"I don't believe you like him," she observed. "I have noticed you taking him up short."

"Taking him up short only! Consider how virtuous that is of me when I suffer to beat and kick him."

"And he so inoffensive," laughed Phœbe. "He never injured you any way, did he?"

"No," replied Gurley, "I wish he would."

[*To be Continued*].

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ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

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W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—A single sleigh was noticed on the streets yesterday.

—The City Council will meet in regular session this evening.

—A regular meeting of the Exempt Firemen's Association will be held in the truck house, this evening.

—A short but important meeting of the Y. M. C. A. "Seniors" will be held to-morrow evening at 7.45 o'clock.

—The mild weather yesterday and today has loosened much of the ice on the sidewalk, rendering its removal comparatively easy.

—The condition of some of the sidewalks, last evening, particularly in the neighborhoods of the wealthy, was outrageous.

—The members of the Young People's Society of the First Baptist church will hold their regular monthly sociable at the pastor's residence this evening.

—A superintendent of one of the city's largest Sunday schools, turned out with a red shirt and a run, yesterday morning, at the ringing of the new bell in St Mary's church tower.

—The monthly devotional meeting of the "Y's" will be held to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock in their rooms on Front street. All members and friends will be very welcome.

—The *L. A. W. Bulletin*—the organ of the wheelmen of the country—informs Plainfield cyclers of the address of the journal's Jersey correspondent. Notes from this city are requested.

—The concert by the Rutgers College Club, this evening, at Music Hall, assures a great treat. Miss Bowers has recovered her usual, good health, and will attract a large attendance by the promise of her presence.

—We often find the N. Y. *World* hours behind in news from this section, but the invitation it sends THE PRESS to the inauguration of the largest press in the world, is a week behind the fair. The *menu* enclosed does not help our disappointment.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Miss Ella I. Philpitt, daughter of Mr. Robert Philpitt of Westervelt avenue, North Plainfield, died on Saturday afternoon, a victim of that terrible disease, consumption. The deceased was about nineteen years of age. Notice of funeral will be found in another column.

Mr. John H. Garretson, a new arrival in Plainfield from Virginia, died at the residence of his cousin with whom he was stopping, on North avenue, late on Saturday night Articular rheumatism is the cause of death assigned. Deceased was 23 years old and came to Plainfield on Tuesday last. The funeral arrangements have not yet been completed.

Miss Sarah Sheppard, a sister-in-law of Mr. W. B. Stewart of this city, died at her home in Newark on Friday. The deceased was well advanced in years and has been a resident of Newark for some time past. The remains will be brought to this city to-morrow, and the funeral will take place at the First Baptist church at twelve o'clock, noon. Interment at Samptown.

Fell From a Scaffold.

Mr. Randolph Marsh, a mason, in charge of the new Caspar building on E. Front street, met with a painful accident this morning. Mr. Marsh was at work plastering over a stairway, when the scaffold gave way, allowing him to fall about ten feet, severely wrenching his left foot. Mr. Marsh was taken in a carriage to his home on Plainfield avenue, where the wounds were dressed. Although no bones are thought to have been broken, the injuries are painful and will confine him to the house for a long time.

PUBLIC SCHOOL NOTES.

Some Matters of Interest to the Public, Exclusively Furnished THE PRESS.

The Treasurer of the City of Plainfield was looking for President Jacob Kirkner of the Board of School Trustees, Saturday. As the former had a check for the latter of $8,000, he will have no difficulty in finding him. The amount represented school taxes received from the City Collector to be paid over to the Board of Education.

The amount paid in for tuition in the public schools by those living outside the District, was $229.80 for the present term.

Of the money received from the late Allegory, $80 will be "officially appropriated" for library purposes and the authorities at Trenton will be notified of such action. The Board of Education here will then make a requisition on the State School fund, according to law, for a like amount—representing $20 for each of the four schools—and get it.

The Hon. John W. Dickinson, Secretary of the State Board of Education of Massachusetts, will stop in Plainfield on his way from Washington to Boston, this week, and enjoy an insight into the methods of instruction that are gaining such praise for Plainfield's schools all over the country. He has consented, with pleasure, to address the teachers of the schools, in Assembly Hall, Saturday evening. An invitation has been extended the members of the Board of Education, to be present, also.

The schools are all to be connected with the office of the Principal, Miss Bulkley, by telephone, and from thence to the central office.

Miss Christie of Bayonne, a graduate of the New York Normal College, and a teacher of much experience, will probably continue to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Miss Bass, during the balance of the term.

On the eve of Washington's Birthday, Tuesday, the 21st inst., an entertainment will be given in Assembly Hall in connection with an invitation reception to those who took part in the historical drama of the Great Republic. There will be a programme of literary efforts, singing by the Messrs. Smith Quartette, and undoubtedly dancing later in the evening. The Board in granting the request for the use of the Hall kindly asked no questions.

The receipts of school taxes by the City Collector, during the month of January, with interest, amounted to $1,158.46.

The net amount received from the sale of tickets for the Allegory was $1,026.50. The sum realized by the school after the payment of all expenses, and a check to Prof. Hagar of $360.60, is exactly $350.

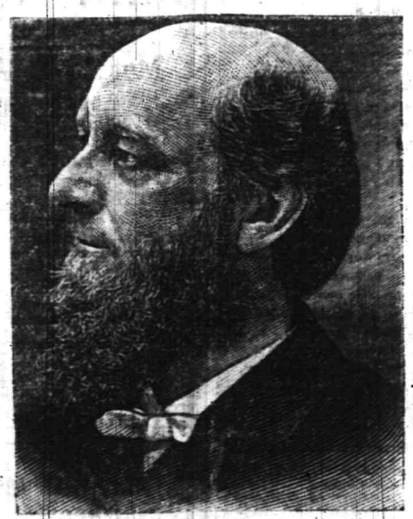
Copies of the new government map just issued by the Department of the Interior at Washington, will be ordered for each of the School buildings if found as desirable as supposed. They are of the United States and six feet square.

Stabbing a Dumb Animal.

A brutal stabbing affair took place at Bull Frog City, a suburb of North Plainfield, on Saturday afternoon, in which a half-starved horse was the victim. Wm. Dean, a baker employed in this city, while under the influence of liquor, it is alleged, besides stabbing the animal several times in the ribs, cut a deep gash fully six inches long in the neck, under the left ear, penetrating to the bone. The gash was an ugly looking one and was large enough to admit of a man's hand. The brute who owned the horse and did the stabbing, claimed that the animal was balky, but those who also know, say the horse was half-starved. Blood flowed profusely from the wounds, so that traces of the inhuman treatment the beast received could be followed for a long distance. Several persons who saw the wounds declare them to be sickening. Edward Baker interested himself in the matter, and swore out a warrant before Justice Austin for the arrest of the accused. Constable Bauersachs apprehended the accused yesterday, and arraigned him before Justice Austin, who held him in bail to the amount of $100 for a hearing this afternoon. Such treatment to animals cannot be too severely censured, and an example should be made in this instance so as to prevent a repetition of the offence.

A Change in the Fire Alarm System.

The ringing of the new bell on St Mary's church yesterday morning, caused some of the firemen to think that an alarm of fire was sent out, and not a few of them responded to the supposed alarm with their uniforms on, all ready for duty. The bell which called the faithful to divine service for the first time yesterday, in sound resembles the fire alarm bell, and in order to distinguish one bell from the other, Chief Waters of the Fire Department has arranged upon the following plan for sending out alarms in case of fire: First alarm, four taps in quick succession; one minute rest and four more, and so on until the first alarm is called off. The second alarm will be rung as heretofore.



REV. JOHN H. VINCENT, D. D., LL. D.

VINCENT CHAPEL.

THE M. E. SUNDAY SCHOOL IN ITS NEW HOME.

Occupation Exercises Yesterday Afternoon—Addresses by the Pastor and Others—The Sermons of the Week to Come.

Three hundred and seventy-nine members of the M. E. Sunday school assembled in the auditorium of the M. E. church at 2:30 p. m., yesterday, preparatory to taking formal possession of their new Sunday school home, in the Vincent Chapel adjoining. After everything had been arranged according to programme, the school was formed in a procession and marched two by two, down the back stairs, and into their new and beautiful home, keeping step to the music of the "Processional Hymn," accompanied by piano and cornet, played by Mr. Davis, organist of the church, and Mr. Benj. B. Dale, formerly of Gilmore's band of New York. The school took seats assigned them on the main floor, the galleries being occupied by those not members. After all had been seated Mr. James McGee led in prayer and the following order of exercises was carried out:

Responsive service appropriate to the following subjects: "Worship," "Prayer," "Creation," "Providence," "Redemption," "Forgiveness," "Adoption," "Sanctification" and "Glorification." There was appropriate music after each division or section of subjects.

The usual collection was then taken after which Messrs. Pangborn, McGee and Martin, on behalf of the board of trustees of the church, formally presented the building to the pastor of the church, Dr. Van Meter, for dedication, which was done in accordance with the ritual of the M. E. church. A cornet solo by Mr. Dale was then given, entitled "Bring Palms" —by Danks.

Dr. Tuttle, according to the programme, came forward and delivered an address full of interest and instruction. He said that as he had preached a long sermon in the morning, he was hardly fitted to deliver any lengthy address, but would congratulate the school on their beautiful home. He said he felt very much at home upon this occasion for, said he, "I can look around upon many familiar faces and the building itself does not seem strange, for our Sunday school room in the city of Wilkesbarre is very similar to this—a little larger perhaps, and a little more elaborate—but not quite equal to this building in architectural beauty." He was glad they called it a chapel instead of a hall as some one at first proposed. Methodism grew and thrived when the people had to worship in barns and vaults, but at the present day they had good comfortable buildings in which to worship; and places of worship should be made comfortable and convenient, if possible, because places of evil are made attractive to draw young men away from holy influences. It augured well for the future of the church when men came forward offering their money by $50, $100 and $1,000, and said—in the spirit of sacrifice—"take this and use it for the honor and glory of God." He urged that all connected with the church and Sunday school be faithful to God and to the trust reposed in them, and instanced the case of the church of which he is pastor—a church membership of 600, a Sunday school of 700, a congregation of from 1,000 to 1,400 every Sunday, and from 300 to 500 attending prayer meeting. He was surprised when he came two years ago. He supposed he was going to a place back in the country where the people were not up to the standard of Bible knowledge attained by those to whom he had been accustomed to minister, but he was agreeably mistaken for he found that they knew and loved the "word" and that they could enter right into the spirit of his preaching. It was their devotion to bible knowledge and study that made them successful in winning souls to Christ. He urged all present to study the "word" earnestly and prayerfully, and to be faithful in the discharge of their every duty.

Dr. Hurlbut then delivered a brief and pleasing address. He said that Dr. Tuttle had in his sermon that morning, said some things that he had intended to say at this service, and again the Doctor had just made some remarks, the substance of which he himself had intended to give; but, however, he was going to speak as originally intended, just the same. He said that although their beautiful chapel was all that was claimed for it, there was something more important and more valuable than the mere building, and that was the precious souls that would come there, every Sunday, for instruction. As a jewel casket without a jewel would be valueless, so this beautiful chapel would be valueless unless precious souls should be brought into the Kingdom of Christ. "I am glad," said he: "that I am here—that we have left the old vault, damp and cheerless, and have come into this beautiful chapel where we have plenty of light and fresh air. I even saw some people in the gallery shading their eyes from the sunlight that streamed in through the windows. Let us have an open Bible upon our desk—to let people know that Bible truth is open to all. Let us study the word carefully and prayerfully, that we may get at the simple truths therein contained, for the Bible is the book of all books. It has such a hold upon the people that a very large majority of our people without regard to their religious life, look to it as their guide." He urged all present to be faithful, so that their efforts in winning souls may be abundantly successful.

Dr. Vincent occupied a prominent position on the platform in the "person" of a beautiful life-size crayon, and he *seemed* —especially to one of a lively imagination —to be taking a very lively interest in the services. No doubt the Doctor *was* "present in spirit," if not in person, and that he does and will take a most lively interest in the success of the means used to build up the Kingdom of Christ in the chapel bearing his honored name. All sincerely hope that he may live long enough to see his anticipation fully realized.

The exercises were brought to a close by singing the hymn "Come ye that love the Lord," and the pronouncing of the benediction by Dr. Tuttle.

Further dedicatory exercises will be held in the Chapel during this week as follows—beginning each evening at eight o'clock:

Monday, Rev. Merritt Hulburd, D. D., of New York.

Tuesday, Rev. G. W. Miller, D. D., of Brooklyn.

Wednesday, Rev. S. F. Upham, D. D., of Drew Seminary.

Thursday, Rev. John Rhey Thompson, D. D., of New York.

Friday, Love Feast.

Released from the Somerville Jail.

Mary Sweeney, the young woman who was committed to the Somerville Jail from North Plainfield, on Saturday, to await the action of the Grand Jury, on a charge of grand larceny, in default of $200 bail, was released from that institution last evening on an order issued by Justice Austin. Bail was obtained yesterday to the required amount and last evening the unfortunate young woman's father went to Somerville and effected her release. The girl was accompanied to Somerville by her parents on Saturday, and on the way up the scene between the parents and daughter was so affecting, that several ladies were obliged to leave the car. At the jail Mrs. Sweeney became hysterical and a physician labored with her for two hours, before she was able to return home.

—A meeting of the North Plainfield Democratic Association will be held in French's Hall on Wednesday evening.

—An exchange says: "A leap-year sleigh ride has been arranged by a number of young ladies for to-night. The girls are to pay all expenses. Some of the boys are a little afraid the girls mean business." If the "girls" will send their name and address to this office, we will forward them a copy of Monday's PRESS containing a list of bachelors, "eligible for matrimonial honors."

REFORM CLUB MEETING.

Unfavorable Criticism in the "Evening (?)" the Cause of Disappointment to a Large Audience in Reform Hall—Home Talent Supply the Deficiency.

Mr. F. X. Schoonmaker of Putnam avenue, was secured as the speaker to address the Reform Club Meeting last evening, and a full house was present to greet him and listen to a promised lecture on temperance. President French was in charge, and Freeholder Vanderbeek and his full choir rendered especially interesting music. After a hymn by the choir, the President stated that owing to some unfavorable criticism which appeared in the *Evening (?)* concerning Mr. Schoonmaker's recent scientific address in Reform Hall, that gentleman had declined to deliver his lecture. General dissatisfaction was apparent on the part of the audience, and most persons were inclined to believe that Mr. Schoonmaker should not have taken cognizance of any criticism appearing in such a source. The criticisms referred to are alleged to have been written in the office, and signed by a fictitious name. President French further stated, that owing to the illness of Rev. W. E. Honeyman, the Chaplain of the Club, no other speaker had been secured, and home talent had to be resorted to. Messrs. Geo. W. F. Randolph, Ethan Lanphear and Judge Nathan Harper had kindly consented to speak, and all of the addresses would be impromptu, as none of the speakers had been given notice that they would be called upon. Mr. Lanphear led in prayer, after which Mr. G. W. F. Randolph was introduced as the first speaker. He said he was surprised to hear the announcement that Mr. Schoonmaker had declined to speak on account of certain criticisms published in a local sheet, which amounted to nothing, and could not in any way interfere with Mr. Schoonmaker's superior views of the subject he treated. Mr. Randolph said he hoped Mr. Schoonmaker would not hold the Club responsible, and looked forward to the time when the audience could again listen to an eloquent address from the latter gentleman. In closing his brief address, the speaker insisted upon all who had not previously signed the pledge, coming forward to attach their names to the total abstinence roll. Judge Nathan Harper was the next speaker. He gave several apt illustrations in support of temperance reform. He related, among other things, a touching incident that occurred in Wyoming territory a few days ago, where a woman, the daughter of a prosperous New York merchant had drowned herself, the victim of strong drink. He also gave as an illustration, an affecting scene that occurred in the Criminal Court at Elizabeth on Saturday, when a man once occupying a prominent position was sentenced to five months in jail for threatening the life of his family —a wife, two daughters and son. One of the daughters appeared in Court, and with tears streaming down her cheeks told how she had stood on the stairway at home, protecting her mother from bodily harm at the hands of her father. The Judge said that when the young lady was reiterating the occurrence there was scarcely a dry eye in the Court room. He also alluded to Rev. Dr. Ketcham's eloquent address in Reform Hall, recently—of his picturing out the mortality among the drinking. Judge Harper was the recipient of warm applause.

Mr. Ethan Lanphear, next held the attention of the audience for a short time, after which President French announced the forthcoming anniversary of the Reform Club on Feb. 22. He said that prominent speakers would be present on that occasion. He also gave notice of the musical and literary entertainment in the Hall on Thursday evening, and stated that the Rev. Sam Small would lecture in the Hall on Feb. 21. In answer to the President's appeal for signers to the pledge, several names were added to the list, after which the meeting closed.

Real Estate to Boom in So. Plainfield.

Mr. Volney Green, the shrewd real estate operator of New York, is already advertising building lots at South Plainfield. In THE PRESS of Saturday he offers plots 50 feet front by 200 feet deep, admirably located for dwellings, at $400 and $600 each—with, he says, "a station on the premises." In the New York *World* of yesterday, and in these columns of today, those whom it may concern are again advised to "get a home in the country" before the completion of the new railroad will advance prices out of the reach of those of modest means.

An Extra Edition.

We can still supply a few back numbers of THE PRESS containing complete and accurate accounts of the social services, Dr. Vincent's address and other exercises of last week in dedication of the new M. E. chapel. Of today's issue we have printed an extra edition to supply advance orders and all subsequent demands.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mr. J. W. Herr of Montreal, Canada, is visiting at the residence of Mr. J. C Dawe, on Orchard place, this city.

The Rev. Dr. J. L. Hurlbut leaves Plainfield, on Thursday, for Florida, to fill a fortnight's engagement in Chautauqua work.

Letters from Miss Shreve herself, received by friends in this city, contain the gratifying intelligence of her steady improvement in health.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. C. Mahon and daughter, Miss Bessie, of West Seventh street, have gone to Atlantic City for the benefit of Mrs. Mahon's health.

Miss Emma U. King occupied the place of Miss Baker in the Trinity Reformed choir, yesterday, to the complete gratification of the entire congregation.

The four o'clock meeting in Reform Hall, yesterday, was largely attended. Mr. Seely Edsall conducted the service, and Miss Clementine Yates led in prayer.

The Hon. and Mrs. H. J. Taylor, of New York, are at present visiting at the home of their daughter, the wife of ex-Senator Robert L. Livingston, of Broadway, this city.

The Rev. Dr. Ropes, of Bangor, Me., preached in the Crescent Avenue church, last evening, and the pastor, the Rev. Mr. Richards made a pleasing address to the members of Hope Mission.

Mrs. Gershom Frazee of Park avenue is very seriously ill, but the skill of physicians and the tender and untiring care of daughter and husband, are being exerted to bring about recovery if possible.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Loughlin, of Muhlenberg place, this city, was made happy on Thursday last by the arrival of a nine and a-half pound boy. Both mother and child are doing well.

Mr. H. C. Squires, Superintendent of Hope Chapel, has presented the Mission with an extensive Sunday school library that is not the least of the attractive features introduced for the success of the Mission.

Praise service this evening at 8 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. Leader, Mr. H. O. Newman. Singing led by Crescent male choir, accompanied by piano, three violins and cornet. Let the Association rooms be filled with young men.

Messrs. Frank Jones and Augustus Powlison will engaged in the furniture business under the firm name of Powlison & Jones, about April 1. The new firm has leased the store on West Front street, now occupied by Mr. W. H. Sebring.

Mrs. J. T. Ellis of Flemington, will conduct a series of evangelistic services in this city, under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., beginning on Sunday next and continuing throughout the week. A more extended notice will appear hereafter.

The Hon. John Ulrich, ex-City Judge, has opened new offices in the First National Bank building. He notifies his clientage and friends that personal consultations may be had until April 1, on Mondays, Fridays and Saturdays. After April 1, daily, excepting Sundays.

Mr. W. R. Codington, of the law firm of Jackson & Codington of this city, has purchased several building lots on Summit avenue, North Plainfield. Mr. Codington will erect a handsome brick residence on the land in the Spring, provided he does not dispose of the lots before that time.

Chauncey B. Ripley, Esq., of Westfield, sends a most entertaining letter to THE CONSTITUTIONALIST, about the President and his wife at church, and their pastor. Mr. Ripley has been in Washington for a week past on professional business with Senator Jones of Nevada, Judge Bradley of New Jersey, and Judge Field of California. He has been dining with Congressmen Phelps and Kean, of New Jersey, and also with Hon. Nelson J. Waterbury, of New York. Mr. Ripley is interested in some bills now before Congress, and matters in the line of his profession.

Science Without Technicality.

The Science Lectures of Prof. Richards, announced in our advertisement, will doubtless attract all who witnessed his brilliant series last year, and all who heard them praised by friends. Prof. R. is unequalled in presenting the marvels of science, freed from bothersome technicalities. He shows his hearers the very spirit of the age in which we live in a way to stimulate the slowest mind. Perhaps the Y. M. C. A., does no more useful work than in enabling all classes to share the instructive pleasure of these lectures. Tickets for the whole course only 50 cents, at Reynold's pharmacy.

A Lady Knocked Down.

Miss Florence Elden, residing on Grove street, in company with a gentleman friend, was crossing Front street, in the neighborhood of the Post Office, on Saturday evening, when she was knocked down and considerably bruised by a horse attached to a baker's wagon. The young lady's clothing was saturated with water, and a suit for damages is likely to follow.

NO RIOTING YESTERDAY

A DAY OF QUIET IN THE COAL REGIONS.

The Rioting Poles Spend the Day in Saloons Discussing Their Future Plans. Fears of Further Trouble.

SHENANDOAH, Feb. 6.—All was quiet here yesterday and nothing occurred to mar the peace of the Sabbath. The rioting Poles have kept themselves in the saloons that are their headquarters, drinking and discussing their plans for to-day. It is currently understood that they do not propose to allow anybody to work at either the Reading or individual collieries, either at "dead" or other work, if they can stop it. They believe, too, that they have the power to prevent it, and boast that the moral support of many others is at their back, and that the labor agitators have approved their acts. They speak in the warmest terms of admiration of Chairman Lee of the Railroaders' Committee, and insist that what they do is in consonance with his advice to maintain a solid strike, and will be adhered to. They will do their utmost to block Kehley Run and William Penn mines by whatever means they can. What will be done at Kehley Run to-day has not yet been determined, but it is believed by many that the superintendent will not attempt to start up. Some of his men have expressed themselves as ready to work if protected, but he has given no indication of his purposes. The William Penn mine will be worked, and no violence on the part of the strikers will be permitted. The Coal and Iron police are a picked body of men, armed with Winchester rifles, and they are determined to preserve order in the future, even if it is necessary to use their rifles.

The "Millington Penitentiary," a small operation south of town employing about one hundred men, has been shut down until it shall be determined whether or not the mob or the law is to rule here. The colliery was shipping coal over the Reading road and was paying its men more than 20 per cent. above the basis. The employes were to have been attacked on Saturday evening, but quit work at noon, and so outwitted their foes. In the absence of any indication that the local authorities will take precautionary measures against rioting, there is talk of forming vigilence committees to deal with the leaders of any further disturbances.

POTTSVILLE, Feb. 6.—In contrast with the excitement prevailing Saturday morning, yesterday has been characterized by stagnant quiet. But, while there has been no demonstrative excitement, there has nevertheless prevailed a strong feeling of uneasy suspense in anticipation of the possibilities.

Sheriff Duffy has issued a proclamation reciting the Shenandoah disturbances, cautioning the turbulent element to desist under pain of the penalties of the law, and calling upon all good citizens of the county to support and assist him in the maintenance of the peace. This legal formality is likely to have little practical effect upon the unruly element, but in the event of any further outbreak to-day it will probably be followed by sharper and sterner measures.

CAUSED BY A BROKEN FROG.

Fatal Wreck on the Pennsylvania and Ohio Railroad.

BRADFORD, Pa., Feb. 6.—Train 8, the fast day express for the east over the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio railroad, was wrecked at Steamburg station, twelve miles west of Salamanca, N. Y., yesterday forenoon. The train was running forty-five miles an hour. Near Steamburg station a broken frog or rail was struck.

The engine, baggage and smoker passed over in safety, but the day coach, which contained only ten passengers, was thrown off the rails with terrible force and into the side of a caboose attached to a freight train, which was standing on the siding waiting for train 8 to pass. One lady, a passenger, was instantly killed, and several others were more or less injured.

In the caboose, which was completely wrecked, were three men, one of whom had his neck broken by the shock. The dead and wounded were brought to Salamanca. The list of the dead and injured is as follows:

Hattie Abbott, aged 16, of Sheffield, Ill., and James Dean, fireman, of Meadville, killed; George A. Kimball, passenger, Bradford, Pa., body crushed, serious scalp wound, recovery improbable; George Ellis, conductor, Meadville, Pa., badly hurt about the head.

Henry Schaffer, Meadville, Pa., brakeman, cut about the face and head. Mrs. Cyra Battey, passenger, badly bruised about the head and body. Bertha Battey, slight injuries. William McNeill, passenger, Covington, Ky., injured about the limbs and body. Frank Williams, passenger, Columbus, Pa., leg injured.

The Dynamite Conspirator's Wife.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 7.—Michael Harkins, who, together with Thomas Callan, was sentenced to fifteen years' penal servitude for being concerned in a dynamite conspiracy in London, lived at 1,939 North Second street. His wife keeps a grocery store. When she heard of her husband's sentence she broke down completely. She said that her husband left home four or five months ago, but she did not know where or for what purpose. Mrs. Harkins added that she was not acquainted with Thomas Callan, her husband's accomplice. She said that her husband's friends would do all in their power for him, but she doubted whether their intercession would avail.

No Work For Furnace Men To Do.

EASTON, Pa., Feb. 6.—Owing to dull times a score of yardmen at the Glendon Iron Company's furnaces were laid off Saturday. The company selected unmarried men and those having no families depending on them for support. This is the third lot of hands suspended at these furnaces since the Lehigh coal strike began. Should the Wyoming miners go out every furnace in the Lehigh Valley would be compelled to close inside of two weeks.

George Dunham May Be Hanged.

WOODBURY, N. J., Feb. 6.—At noon Sunday the jury in the Dunham murder case returned with a verdict of murder in the first degree. The condemned man will be sentenced Thursday. Dunham heard the verdict without flinching. He murdered his mother-in-law, Barbara Kandle, last fall.

Fatal Explosion in a Mine.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 6.—A terrific explosion of fine gas occurred at slope No. 1 at Nanticoke Saturday night. Four men, David Evans, John Griffith, Joe Deber and Anthony Mulaski, were fatally burned.

Monster Snow Drifts in Dakota.

YANKTON, Dak., Feb. 6.—Along the lines of some of the railroads in this Territory the snow drifts are higher than the tops of the telegraph poles.

McGLYNN'S SUNDAY TALK

A SINGULAR ANONYMOUS CIRCULAR DISTRIBUTED.

The Doctor Promises Some Startling Revelations if He is Hounded Much More By the Machine.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Appeals, announcements, notices of lectures and circulars directed against the "machine" in the Anti-Poverty Society, were numerous at the meeting of the society last night. These, together with the excitement created by McGlynn's late address to his former parishioners forbidding them to hold the Friday night meetings in the parish, served to work up the large audience to a high state of excitement. The following circular was handed to each person as he approached the Academy:

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
SUNDAY EVENING, Feb. 5, 1888.

To the Members of the Anti-Poverty Society:

The financial affairs of the society are conducted by a ring of unscrupulous politicians. There are no more public business meetings or detailed statesments of receipts and expenditures. Dr. McGlynn is used as a catspaw to pull the wool over the eyes of the lambs of St. Stephen's Parish, while they are being fleeced by the "machine."

All the funds of the society are handed over by the ring, to the ring. The whole grist is taken for toll. About one half the receipts of Miss Munier's concert were lost to her—while passing through the "machine."

What are you going to do about it?

Dr. Jeremiah Coughlin, as chairman, made a long, rambling speech. Dr. McGlynn was then introduced, and began his address on "Strikes and the Labor Problem" by saying that strikes were violent eruptions and manifestations of a deadly disease; that strikes would never be able to remedy the trouble, but that they were valuable in making known the existence of the disorder.

Dr. McGlynn then talked for some time on the inalienable rights of men as set forth in the American Constitution. He showed how the poor man was trodden down by the powerful few and these rights denied him, and that he was prevented from an enjoyment of the bounties of the earth which God had destined for his use. He asked the question how shall men obtain the right to exert their energies and how they shall be secured in the enjoyment of the fruits of their labor, and showed that this will only be guaranteed when the doctrines of their party shall have been adopted.

Dr. McGlynn said that he was not there to justify the strike in the coal regions, but that he found much comfort in the existence of the strike. It shows that the strikers in that region, notwithstanding the ignorance and depravity into which their brothers have plunged them, still have spirit and manhood enough to turn and bite the heel that is crushing them to death. The doctor drew a wierd picture of time coming when this earth will be "more pleasing than the primeval paradise and better far than the times when man walked in the morning of creation hand in hand with God."

He then attacked Mr. Powderly for his action in sending men to Rome to head off the torrent of misrepresentation of the Knights of Labor which was pouring in upon the Pope. "What in God's name has the Pope, what have cardinals to do with this American business?" ask the doctor. "Powderly or Tom O'Reilly should not have bothered themselves with what the Pope thought about it."

He began to speak about his troubles with his church and went further than ever in his denunciation of the ecclesiastical machine. He told how ever since he protested against the parochial schools, seventeen years ago, he had been kept on the ragged edge, and, though no fault of his, at length expelled from the church. He said that he wrote a letter to his parishioners urging them to discontinue their efforts to have him restored to his parish, because they were useless, and that it would be years before he would ever be allowed to minister at the altar. He said that friends had been interceding for him at Rome, but he intended to write there disavowing their action and stating plainly that he had no case before them. "If," said the doctor in conclusion, "the ecclesiastical machine does not cease hounding me as it has I give fair warning I shall expose it. I have facts in my possession which, if they were made public, would make it too hot for the bosses of the machine to live in America. I shall make them public," said he, "not in my own defense, but in defense of the cause, which is more sacred to me than my honor or my life." The doctor's fiery utterances made a profound impression, and he was greeted throughout with great applause.

KILLED BY ELECTRICITY.

A Singular Accident Caused By a Broken Electric Light Wire.

BUFFALO, Feb. 6.—Isaac Morton, a colored employe on the New York Central vestibule train between New York and Buffalo, was killed by electricity early yesterday morning. Robert Taylor was driving a delivery wagon down Michigan street. Near Eagle street the horse suddenly fell to the pavement. Taylor applied the whip, and received an electric shock which made him unconscious. Morton saw the incident and went to the young man's assistance. Taylor quickly regained his senses, and Morton, who was a large, powerful men, then took hold of the horse, supposing it was alive, but as he did so an unearthly shriek rent the air and he fell dying on the animal. Policemen Haley and Hennessey, who thought there had been a murder, ran to the spot and found Taylor bewildered. They concluded that it was a case of electric shock, and sent for the Emergency Hospital doctors. Meanwhile they dragged Morton from the horse, receiving slight shocks, and took him to a drug store on the corner. Whiskey was used in a vain attempt to revive the unfortunate man. The doctors think that Morton received the shock through the horse, for both hands were burned, indicating that the circuit had passed through his body in that way. It was found that a telephone wire, broken by the weight of wet snow, had crossed a brush electric light wire and had fallen to the pavement. The horse, coming in contact with it, received the fatal shock. Morton's death was almost instantaneous. His watch, keys, money and knife were highly magnetized. He leaves a wife and two children, Taylor will recover.

The accident caused considerable excitement, and a large force of policemen was neceesary to keep the crowds away until the wires were fixed.

Deserting the Knights of Labor.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 6.—The butt welders, lap welders, and helpers employed at the Continental, Pennsylvania, Pittsburg, and National Tube Works, to the number of 1,000, have made application to the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers for a charter. At present they are connected with the Knights of Labor, but they have decided to leave that organization and form a lodge of the Amalgamated Association.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 2, 1888.

Adams, Mattie V	Hargraves, Mr Wm
Barron, Miss Lizzie	Kruland, Miss K F
Beckyet, Mrs H	King, Miss Gracie
Cunningham, Mr	Mackey, Miss Lenore
Coleman, Mr Harry	McCaulley, Miss S M
Cables, Miss Rosa	Martin, Mr W W
Camp, Mrs Elken	Osmond, Miss Ella
Davis, Mr Robert	Plunn, W H
Drake, Mrs Frank	Precks, Mr Edward M
Eaton, Mrs M G	Rew, Mrs J M
Eggleston, Mr M P	Randolph, Miss S R (3)
Fagan, Mrs Maggie (2)	Schoneuroff, M Johanne
Fitzgerald, Miss Maggie	Thompson, Mr James
Frazee, Mrs Maggie	Weir, Mr Thos
Grey, Miss Mary	Williams, Mrs S B
Hermistage, Mrs	Wallis, Mr Thomas
Hitchcock, Mr J R W	Way, Franklin

persons calling for above please say advertised.
W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

SUTTON—At Evona, on February 2d, 1888, Wm. Sutton, in the 44th year of his age.

Relatives, friends and Brothers of Plainfield Lodge No 44 I. O. O. F., are invited to attend the funeral at Germantown, N. J., on Tuesday, 7th inst., at 10:30 a. m. Train leaves Plainfield at 9.21.

PHILPITT—In this city, on February 4th, 1888, of hasty consumption, Ella Irene Philpitt, in the 19th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence Westervelt avenue on Wednesday, 8th inst., at 3 p. m. Brooklyn, E. D. papers please copy.
2-6-2t

SHEPPARD—At the residence of her niece, Mrs. D. F. Tobin, 190 Mt. Pleasant avenue, Newark, on Feb. 3d, Miss Sarah L. Sheppard, second daughter of the late Ercurius and Martha L. Sheppard and only sister of Mrs. J. P. Suydam of Bloomfield, N. J.

Funeral services from the First Baptist Church, Plainfield, Tuesday, February 7th, at 12 o'clock, noon.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

GET A HOME IN THE COUNTRY—Don't forget that there will be a great rush for my South Plainfield building plots as soon as the Lehigh Valley direct line is completed; secure one while you can before prices advance. Volney Green, 110 Front street, New York.

LOST—On January 30th, a small black woolly dog, bob tail; feet and legs trimmed. A reward will be paid for the return of the same to S. A. Doty, Dunellen, N. J. 2-4-3

TO LET—BASEMENT—North avenue, suitable for barber or shoemaker. Box 902. 2-3-6

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIVISION Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use; in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

TRY THE "O. A. F." CIGAR; MADE FROM the finest Havana filler, without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best 5-cent cigar in the world. 11-16-tf

TO LET—HOUSE IN WASHINGTON PARK; 10 rooms, all improvements. Box 902. 2-3-6

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORR. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECOND Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

Y. M. C. A. COURSE.

Three Popular Science Lectures

—BY—

Prof. W. C. RICHARDS,

AT STILLMAN MUSIC HALL.

TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 7th, at 8 o'clock.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, FEBRUARY 11th at 2:30 o'clock.

SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 11th, at 8 o'clock.

Course Tickets for the Three Lectures, with reserved seat, 50 cents. Single Admission, 25 cts. Tickets on sale at Reynold's Pharmacy. 2-6-2t

City National Bank.

The Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of three and a half (3½) per cent. out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on and after Tuesday, February 7th, 1888.

F. H. GARDNER, Cashier.
Plainfield, Jan'y 31, 1888. 2-2-2-oaw

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,
Worsteds,
Notions,

STAMPING!

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.

P. O. BOX 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

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OF

St. Mary's T. A. B. Society,

OPENS TONIGHT.

Good Music and Dancing.

ADMITTANCE, - - 10 CENTS.

COMMITTEE—Peter Flynn, John Walsh, Elmore Staats, John Hickey, John Harding, Martin Roth, Thos. Fitzgerald.

AN ENJOYABLE TIME IS ANTICIPATED.
2-3-8

MUSIC HALL!

THURSDAY FEB'Y 9.

Engagement of America's *FAVORITE ARTISTE,*

MAGGIE MITCHELL,

Supported by *MR. CHAS. ABBOTT* and her own *EFFICIENT DRAMATIC COMPANY,* in the beautiful pastoral play entitled

LORLE,

OR THE

ARTIST'S DREAM.

Seats for sale at J. G. Miller's, and Field & Randolph's, Sale open Monday, 6th. Prices, 50, 75, and $1.00. 2-3-td

Rutgers Glee Club

THE ST. ANDREW'S

SOCIETY of GRACE CHURCH

Have secured the services of this GLEE CLUB to give one of their Concerts in

MUSIC HALL,

TO-NIGHT!

THEY WILL BE ASSISTED BY

Miss Maude Agnes Bowers,

WHO WILL GIVE TWO RECITATIONS

"Tarpeia," and "The Last String."

☞ Tickets can be obtained of any Member of the Society at 50 cents each, general admission. *Reserved Seats at 25 or 50 cents additional can* be secured at the Drug stores of J. G. Miller, or Field & Randolph. 2-1-tf

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

PAYING 7 PER CENT.

ANNUALLY, NEGOTIATED BY THE

HAMILTON LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,

(Incorporated.)

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.
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Material—the best.

Workmanship—first-class.

Delivery—prompt.

Charges—moderate.

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FOR

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Boots and Shoes.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.
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C. FRANK FRENCH,

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Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box 1,062.*

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FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.

Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

THE SHAWMUT.

Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*

TRY IT!

Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm. 1-30 tf

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.
10-29-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST.
12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.

21 *WEST FRONT STREET. PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

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FIELD & RANDOLPH,
12-2-1f PROPRIETORS.

SILVERWARE

FOR HIRE,

AT COLLIER'S,

No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

ESTABLISHED NINETEEN YEARS.
1-14-tf

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

[Successor to T. J. Carey.]

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT St.,
Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. ☞ Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

YOU CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL AT DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NE R'S

PRESENTS. Their stock

Cannot be Beaten, either Price.

FURTHER WORK OF WHITE CAPS.

They Brutally Flog an Indiana Citizen and Leave Him in a Dying Condition.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 6.—A report has just reached this city of an outrage committed Friday night near Marengo, Howard County, this State, by the White Caps.

In that locality resides Thomas Williams and wife, who were subjected last year to great indignities, so it is said, at the hands of the White Caps. At the time Williams claimed to have recognized among his assailants a prominent young man, Thomas Courtney, Jr., the son of one of the leading physicians of the county. He immediately sought the arrest of young Courtney, who, fearing trouble, left for parts unknown. Nothing further had been heard of the young man, though it transpired that he had located with his father at Fort Scott, Kan., and a telegram from that point yesterday announced that he had been arrested upon a requisition from the Governor of Indiana and was back in Crawford County.

The news seems to have enraged the friends of the young leader, and they determined to wreak their vengeance on Williams, who was supposed to have secured the arrest. Reports received state that they went to his house last night at a late hour and demanded admittance which was refused, when they broke down the door just as Williams fired three shots into the crowd from his revolver. It is not known if any one was hurt, but it seemed to infuriate the masked men who proceeded to tie Mrs. Williams to the bedstead, and took Williams into the yard, where he was bound to a tree. They then told him that they had come for his written and sworn statement exonerating Courtney from all participation in the crime charged against him, and that his refusal would result in his being put out of the way.

Though thus intimidated he refused to yield, and their leader ordered that he should be flogged until he agreed to sign the statement. He was stripped and bound closely to the tree, with his face turned inward. The lash was applied vigorously, bringing the blood, for some moments, when the head of the poor man was noticed to fall backward, and it was ascertained that he had fainted. At that moment the sound of approaching people was heard and the White Caps decamped. Williams was cut down and the usual remedies applied, but he failed to regain consciousness, and at last accounts was reported in a dying condition. The White Caps made good their escape. The outrage is said to have aroused that section of the country, where a very strong feeling has sprung up against the repeated crimes of the White Caps.

An Expensive Breakfast.

TEXARKANA, Texas, Feb. 6.—An opera troupe has been playing here the past few days. Mrs. H. Mortimer wanted to go and see it. Her husband, who is engaged in merchandise, had just handed her $500. She wanted to put the money where the burglars could not find it, so she hid it in their cooking stove. Next morning when she awoke it was to find that her precious treasure was no more. The cook had come early and making a hot fire proceeded with the task of cooking breakfast. For the past 48 hours the husband has been engaged in denouncing cooks, cooking stoves, operas and burglars.

A Steamer Lost.

HELENA, Ark., Feb. 6.—The steamer Lee Howell, Capt. John James, master, left here Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock for Hurlburt with a good trip, consisting of 50,000 shingles, 10,000 feet of lumber, 2,000 empty sacks, and several tons of miscellaneous freight. About an hour later when a few miles above Friar's Point, she sprung a leak, her hold rapidly filling and in a few minutes she had sunk out of sight, the water running over her smokestacks. The boat and cargo will prove a total loss.

The Millionaire Acquitted.

SANTA ROSA, Cal., Feb. 6.—The second trial of Robert F. Morrow, the San Francisco millionaire, who was indicted by the Grand Jury in that city some months ago on a charge of attempting to bribe a jury, closed here Saturday. The jury rendered a verdict of acquittal. Morrow's first trial was held in San Francisco, and the jury disagreed. He then obtained a change of venue to Sonoma county, and the second trial has been in progress here for the past week.

Trying to Save Brooks.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 6.—John J. Martin left Saturday night for New York to meet Mr. Brooks, father of the man who is to hang for the murder of C. Arthur Preller. Mr. Brooks sailed Saturday week for this country. He will make a personal appeal for Executive clemency for his son. Petitions asking that Maxwell's sentence be commuted to imprisonment for life are now being circulated here.

An Absconding Treasurer Arrested.

TORONTO, Feb. 6.—Israel Lucas, the absconding treasurer of Anglaize county, Ohio, and his wife were arrested here last night by Detectives Reburn of this city and Bourquin of New Bremen, Ohio, at a boarding house. Lucas was living under the name of L. Wise. When he left the United States, on August 27 last, he had $32,000 in his possession.

Kentucky Horses Sold.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 6.—J. R. Graham of Boston, has purchased of W. J. Jones of Lexington, Nellie Carlos, a yearling gray filly by Don Carlos, dam by Edwin Forest and Jessie Wilkes 4 years by Denver Wilkes, dam by Sumpter Denmark. The price was $1,000 each.

An Ex-Senator Accused of Arson.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 6.—W. P. Sargeant was arrested at Albert Lea Saturday charged with setting fire to his store on Jan. 16. Mr. Sargeant was formerly a Senator from Freeborn county, and at present is one of the trustees of the Albert Lea College.

Burglars Make a Big Haul.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb 6.—The safe of Chapman & Gale, jewelers, was forced open by burglars between 12 and 6 o'clock yesterday morning, and robbed of $30,000 worth of watches, diamonds and jewelry.

The Memphis Spring Meeting.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 6.—The stakes for the Spring meeting of the new Memphis Jockey Club closed Saturday with 389 entries, among them being some of the best horses in the country.

He Gave Minneapolis Its Name.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 6.—Charles Hoag, the man who gave this city its name, was buried here yesterday. His funeral was one of the largest ever seen here.

Strawberries In Florida.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 6.—Strawberries are quoted at twenty cents per quart at Altoona, Lake County, and the price has a downward tendency.

OFF FOR A SIX DAYS' WALK.

Start at Midnight of the Walking Match in Madison Square Garden.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—The six days' walking match, for which preparations have been going forward for some time, began at midnight in the Madison Square Garden with forty-eight starters.

The utmost interest was manifested by the 6,000 spectators. The pens in which the contestants will rest during their weary tramp were the objective points of all at first and the bosths afterward.

Considerable betting was going on, the favorites being Cartwright, Connors, Sinclair, Hart and Hughes, in the order named. A good many, however, pinned their faith on Ranhofer of New York, an ex-champion walker, who has always shown great staying powers. He is in excellent condition. He stands five feet eleven inches.

As the contestants came out to take their positions the immense audience cheered. Campana, otherwise "old sport," was the first to come to the starting point at 11.55. Hart followed immediately and then came the others in a bunch. The start, a good one, was made exactly at midnight.

The first away was Field, followed by Cox, and then came Hughes, Cartwright, Albert, Panchot, Herty, Guerrero, Brodie's unknown, Hart, Sinclair, Elson, Hales, Heggleman, Strokel, Curran, Dillon, Campana, Tilly, Callahan, Ranhofer, McLaughlin, Selin, Paul, Dufrane, Keeslon, Call, Moran, Hoag, Johnson, Hoagland, Nawdart, Day, Burrell, Pettilla, Delrica, Lurkey, Swenk, Richards, Taylor, Munson, Stolpp, Thomas, Stout, Vint, Sullivan, Bird and Connors, who brought up in the rear, making forty-eight all told.

The leaders at the end of the first mile were Albert, Sinclair, Cartwright and Hart, who passed the scoring point in exactly five minutes. The score at the end of the first hour stood as follows:

Cartwright, 8 miles, 6 laps; Guerrerreo, 8 miles, 6 laps; Golden, 8 miles, 6 laps; Albert and Hegelman, 8 miles, 6 laps each; Hart and Strokel, 8 miles, 2 laps; Connors and Herty, 8 miles; Sinclair, 7 miles, 5 laps; Hughes, 6 miles, 7 laps.

Unable to Reach an Agreement.

BOSTON, Feb. 5.—The cigar manufacturers and their employes have as yet come to no satisfactory terms of settlement. A committee from Union 97 met a similar committee from the manufacturers, for the purpose of arriving if possible at some conclusion agreeable to both parties. The manufacturers, although feeling it necessary to make a reduction in pay, were disposed to make some concessions in order to prevent a strike. The men were evidently inclined not to concede anything. They were given until Wednesday next to bring the matter before their Union. Although there are rumors that a strike may result, no action to that effect has yet been taken.

A Church Opened to Dr. Fulton.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 6.—The failure of Dr. Justin D. Fulton to secure a hall in which to deliver his lectures against Romanism in this city was the cause of considerable discussion among the Baptist ministers, who indignantly declared that it was an attempt to throttle free speech. They therefore arranged to have him lecture in Emanuel Church, and gave him a public welcome. The Rev. Dr. Williams presided and a number of Baptist ministers were to be seen among the large audience present. Dr. Fulton made an address, and was announced to lecture on Monday and Tuesday evenings.

Pullman's New Industry.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—There are rumors that the Pullman Palace Car Company will in a few weeks begin the construction of an immense plant for the manufacture of locomotives. It is intimated that giant locomotives will now be constructed, capable of hauling from 75 to 100 loaded cars. No details are given beyond the confirmation from the officers of the company of the statement that they will certainly add the construction of locomotives to their present business.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Major William A. Marye, Ordnance Department, has been ordered to inspect certain hospital and medical property at the National Armory, Springfield, Mass., for which Acting Assistant Surgeon S. W. Bowles is responsible. Leave of absence for six months has been granted Captain Michael Leahy, Eighteenth infantry.

One-Armed Sluggers Meet.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 6.—Otto Johnson and John Geiger, two one-armed sluggers, fought three rattling rounds with small gloves in Opera House Hall early yesterday morning. Johnson was knocked out. The men had only their left arms to fight with. There were four clean knock downs in three rounds. Both were pretty badly punished.

Paralyzed at the Organ.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 6.—While playing the "Te Deum" at the morning service in St. Andrews' Church, in Meriden, Sunday, Prof. Henry A. Foster, the organist, was stricken with paralysis. He was carried home, and his recovery is doubtful. His entire left side is paralyzed. He is one of the best known musicians in the State.

Mrs. Cleveland Not Present.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—A service of prayer was held yesterday over the body of Homer F. Harmon which was taken to Houlton, Me., last night for interment. Mrs. Folsom was present. Mrs. Cleveland decided at the last moment not leave Washington. She sent a letter of sympathy.

Arming Postal Clerks.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The Post Office Department has resolved to arm, at the expense of the department, all postal clerks west of the Missouri and Mississippi rivers. This action is taken because of the frequent "holding up" of mail trains by robbers in that section.

Murder at a Soldiers' Home.

BATH, N. Y., Feb. 6.—Thomas Larny and William Lavery, inmates of the Soldiers' Home, came to blows and fought savagely. Lavery receiving injuries from which he died yesterday. A coroner's jury has found Larny guilty of murder and he is held on that charge.

Government Vessels in Collision.

FALMOUTH, Mass., Feb. 6.—The United States vessels Gallatin and Dexter collided yesterday in Wood's Holl Harbor. Two of the Gallatin's boats were stove and her rigging was torn. The Dexter was not injured.

Tramps in Winter Quarters.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 6.—There are now 255 tramps confined in the Cumberland county prison.

Four Feet of Snow on a Level.

KEENE, N. H., Feb. 6. Snow is four feet deep on a level in the woods at Bartlett.

TEXAS WOOL GROWERS.

They Object to Any Reduction of the Tariff—Resolutions Adopted.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Feb. 6.—The delegates to the Southwestern Immigration Convention, which adjourned Friday, held a largely attended meeting Saturday to take action regarding the proposed reduction of the tariff on wool. The meeting represented 5,000,000 sheep. The Hon. Columbus Upson and others spoke. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, It has been recommended to remove the tariff on wool; and

Whereas, Wool producing is one of the most important branches of industry in West Texas, and is the only "Cash Crop" that our secton of the country has to sustain its mercantile interests; therefore

Resolved, That our delegates in Congress be urged to do all in their power to sustain the wool industry.

Resolved, That the reduction of the tariff on wool in 1883 was a severe blow to that industry causing panic among those engaged in it, and has resulted in checking its development to an alarming degree, and unless proper protection is afforded must decline still more; that by a restoration of the tariff of 1867 the wool industry will be revived, and in a very few years the production will exceed the demand of our mills, and prices will naturally decline under the law of supply and demand.

Resolved, That by properly fostering this important industry for a few years with the characteristic enterprise of Americans our average yield per sheep will exceed that of Australia or any other foreign nation, which will naturally reduce the cost of production and will enable us to compiete on a more equal basis.

Resolved, That as the wool industry is one of such vital importance to the general welfare of Texas, we are determined to stand by it, regardless of political feeling, and do all in our power to protect it, as well as all other industries that may develop the great resources of our State.

Infatuated With Nina.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 6.—Not only has Miss Nina Van Zandt received several offers of marriage lately, but she has recently been the recipient of a proposition from one Johann Boracil, of Vienna, Austria, who says he is the owner of a medical spring, the location of which he does not give. He wants the fair Nina to lend him $30,000 for ten years, with the springs as security, and appeals to her generosity as "a brother Anarchist." He promises to devote a large percentage of the certain profits of the spring to "the holy cause." Miss Van Zandt will not lend the money, as she doesn't happen to have any.

A Plucky Cowboy.

CHEYENNE, W. T., Feb. 6.—A shooting affray occurred at Dayton, near Buffalo, W. T., yesterday morning, which resulted in the killing of Will Smith, a well known cattleman. The killing was done by Robert Atkinson, a boy seventeen years of age, in a fight which was the continuation of a quarrel commenced by the man a week ago. Smith beat Atkinson over the head with a beer bottle. Smith, with several comrades, rode up to the house where Atkinson was sleeping and fired through the window. Atkinson returned the fire with a Winchester rifle, killing Smith and wounding one of his companions.

-:Black Stockings:-

That will NOT FADE, CROCK, or STAIN the FEET. Try a Pair of

SMITH & ANGELL'S

Black Stockings, and you will wear no other kind.

The color cannot be removed by acids—in fact washing improves the color.

☞The dye being vegetable does not INJURE the GOODS.

Every pair warranted as above, and if not found as represented, RETURN THEM and your MONEY will be REFUNDED.

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WARDEN & FOWLER,

Wholesale and Retail

CONFECTIONERS,

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between North ave. and Second street,

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Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

9-10-tf

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,

Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,

Gold and Silver Jewelry,

—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

AT DOANE'S,

9 PARK AVENUE,

12-16-tf

R. W. RICE & Co.,

[Successor to Wm. H. Shotwell.]

FINE GROCERIES,

Fruits and Vegetables

IN THEIR SEASON.

North Plainfield, - New Jersey.

CORNER DUER & EMILY STREETS.

1-12-tf

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong.

5-27-tf

WM. K. McCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law.

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.

Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot.

my9

B. FOSGATE,

Architect,

North avenue, opposite depot.

PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors-at-Law,

Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street.

my10tf

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,

Homœopathist.

(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.

my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law.

Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.

Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts.

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11-22-tf

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[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN.]

CARPENTER and BUILDER.

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C. NIELSEN,

Carpenter and Builder,

31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. ☞Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

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Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 3.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44, a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. *Sundays, to Easton.*

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12,00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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8-2-tf

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Next Post Office.

A Brother's Keeper.

A WOMAN'S WORK OF LOVE AND DUTY.

BY MARY HARTWELL CATHERWOOD,

AUTHOR OF "CRAQUE O' DOOM," "STEPHEN GUTHRIE," "THE LONE MAN'S CABIN," AND OTHER STORIES.

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[CONTINUED.]

McArdle, in dress-coat and pumps, was the second person Phœbe greeted on entering Miss Fawcett's parlors. He stood talking with a young girl, one hand resting on a chair-back, the other hanging gracefully by his side, and self-consciousness radiating from him. No other member of the class was in evening attire.

Gurley saw with satisfaction that Phœbe was instantly admired. She moved dauntlessly into this little social sea, feeling that, like an iceberg, she carried sevenfold of her bulk of cold misery below the surface. Not for her were the timid vanity and erratic carriage of young girlhood.

"How alluring your Miss White is, Cupid," said Psyche, hooking her finger on his arm in the library. "I wish I had black eyes and a racy color—that moist, peach-like richness of the skin. They are so easily and simply dressed to. She looks as distinguished as a queen."

"I accept your approval as a personal compliment," said Gurley. "Now cast your eye on McArdle."

"Why should I cast my eye on Mr. McArdle? You know he sets my teeth on edge."

"Psyche," said Gurley, with gravity, "hadn't I better bring our old engagement ring back to you? There are some subjects on which our harmony is utter."

"Right there our harmony would break into discords. I never felt as kindly toward you in my life as I do to-night, and it's all because the annoying engaged feeling is off. I can't see why girls take pride in such discomfort. And if an almost endurable creature like yourself hampered me, Oh, consider what it might have been with that wraith of manhood yonder as the party of the second part!"

"I shall always remember gratefully, Swansdown, that you rate me a little above McArdle. McArdle denied before the fellows to-day that he had the slightest acquaintance with this young girl—when I had seen him take money from her hand which she had earned by hard days' work. He didn't want to identify himself with her or bring her out at all; he only wanted to make use of her good-will."

"Jack, why do you set me to despising people in my own house! It is so inhospitable. I didn't pull you in here to have my temper excited, but to ask you how to break that stiffness. Oh, *do* all the girls and young men in Greensburg stand up like that and freeze each other's marrow for politeness' sake when they meet at an easy social?"

"I am afraid they do," responded Gurley. "They never used to do it," mourned Psyche.

"We're trying to be polished," said Gurley. "And when we don't dance we pose and drop an occasional word to each other."

"Dance! If they only would. But you told me half the men are divinity students and not dancing men at all."

"Besides," added Gurley, "we are in some awe of our present hostess. We believe she comes straight from courts, and occupies herself comparing us common clods to duchesses and counts and so on."

"What shall I do? I would actually get upon a table and cut a caper if that would make them comfortable."

"Try it."

"Is this the way you help me!" exclaimed Psyche, flashing her rings as if through them she discharged her surplus electricity. "I would just love to bite you like I used to when we first fought each other."

"Yes, I carry the engraving of your lovely fingernail under my right ear yet," observed Gurley, with enjoyment. "But I was going to say that when we Greensburgers want to relax and limber ourselves thoroughly we take to charades and tableaux."

"Oh, how easy," said Psyche. "Why didn't you say so before?"

"And then we end with college songs and go home blessing our entertainer."

The company was accordingly soon divided in twain, one section chatting expectantly on rows of chairs, the other wrangling and eager in a green-room to which the house wardrobes were made tributary. Psyche's aunt, a quiet lady who scarcely impressed one's memory, was made manager of stage properties.

Miss Fawcett and Phœbe, who were to appear as the captive Queen of Scots and one of her Marys, remained together, while the rest of their company went forth to open the act.

When they had completed their own fantastic adornment they set down to wait, and Psyche smiled at Phœbe.

"These piles of old clothes look like the wreck of generations. And that's what they are. There's even my uncle's dressing-gown—the one I told you about, who ran away. See," said Psyche, spreading out the palm pattern, "he burnt these holes with some chemical stuff; they tell that he was wonderful at chemistry. Of course it was all before my time, and it doesn't seem as if I ever had such an uncle. But there's his picture hanging over your head."

Phœbe stood up to look at it. It was in oils and showed the profile of a young man

PHŒBE STOOD UP TO LOOK AT IT.

with clustering hair and a resolute cast of features which yet expressed melancholy.

"He was painted that way on account of his mouth," explained Psyche. "There was something dreadful the matter with it."

"I have seen him," said Phœbe, with slowly-worded conviction.

Miss Fawcett gazed at her.

"Do you know that I have always lived in fear of that man's coming back! Not on account of the money, but because I should be scared to death by such a horrid, queer, creepy relation! If he ever does come I shall hide on a closet shelf in my room and keep my hands tight over my eyes."

She clasped her hands over her eyes, and Phœbe laughed aloud, but suddenly changed expression. The curtains of a window be-

hind Psyche were so arranged that they left a triangle of glass in which the light did not fall. Through this she saw Painter stooping forward to look into the room. The shaggy beard reached his eyes. He moved his eyes from the portrait to look at Phœbe.

"Sometimes I dream about him," continued Miss Fawcett, "coming back of nights to stare in at the windows. He'd be just the man to ghost around and make one's hair rise."

"Look there!" whispered Phœbe, stretching out her hand. "But he's gone."

Psyche dropped her hands and flew with a faint scream to hold around her guest.

"Oh, what did you see!—one right behind my back!"

"Don't mind," said Phœbe, forming her lips to laugh. "That's only the second vision I've seen through a window this evening."

"But what was it?" Miss Fawcett palpitated.

"Just Painter: the man who lives alone up the hills."

"Oh! I've heard of him. He is harmless, isn't he? Was he looking in?"

"Yes. And how sorrowful his eyes were!"

"I should love to have him made sorrowful," said Miss Fawcett, relaxing her breath, "for prowling around here and terrifying us. Now I shan't sleep for a week."

"It might be I imagined it," said Phœbe. "This is an unlucky night for me to look out of a window."

"We are both perfectly silly," pronounced Miss Fawcett, "shut away here by ourselves. I am afraid of the dark and of spooks; and so are you if you would unbend your martial bearing and own it."

In the listening attitude which twenty-four hours had confirmed to a habit, Phœbe sat in the school-house and waited for Thorney. All the seats were empty, but ridges of dust around the bottom of the desks and clay tracks on the floor showed where young, restless feet had been. A sum in fractions remained upon the blackboard. The fire was dying in the gray and elderly stove, which seemed to deny having ever indulged in red-hot fits of roaring when wind and snow beat outside. A barky odor came from the wood-box, and from it also crept out a mouse to smell at crumbs dropped at noon. Perhaps Phœbe's moving a hand, perhaps the appalling dreariness of the school-house interior, terrified the mouse, and it flashed back in a gray streak. Somebody's cow in the woods, reminded by associations of sad experience in her life, uttered a mellow, plaintive lowing. Feet shuffled and bumped upon the step; then Thorney White brought them in and straight to the wood-box, where he stood digging the mud off by scraping his heels across the box's edge, as if this were the object of his entrance. Phœbe came down the aisle and took hold of his arm. The unshuttered windows threw plenty of light around them; it was not yet five o'clock.

Thorney gave a pettish jerk and continued digging with his heels. She stood patiently aside. Search as she might, she could never find comfort or support in his face, yet she could not bring herself to guide and control him with more firmness than tenderness. In the secret folds of her heart she owned he was a mortification and a pain; but being her brother he ought to have an average struck between them and be endowed with half of her abilities.

"You aren't cross to-night, are you, Thorney?" said Phœbe.

Thorney responded that he didn't see no sense in leaving his work to run at her beck and call.

"I didn't want you to leave your work. I would have waited till your work was done."

Thorney growled that his work was never done. *He* didn't have folks taking him to parties; he couldn't drive around big and proud and keep his brother a-hooping it.

"Oh," said Phœbe, with an accent of quiet despair. "Thane's been with you, hasn't he?"

"Yes, he has," growled Thorney. "And he took my tin whistle from me."

"Thorney, he didn't get your money?"

"He did, too. He made me bring out all my wages. And he took my tin whistle," sulked Thorney, grieving for the instrument with which he imitated birds in the woods. Many an hour when Thorney should have been chopping, he sat upon a stake-and-ridered fence or the high limb of a felled tree, and piped after his fashion as heartily as Pan.

"*Thane* don't know how to work it," sniffed Thorney, "but he made me give it up to him."

Phœbe looked at him, collapsing on his own muscles in abject helplessness; and at herself.

"Do you think we shall ever get away from it, Thorney?"

"Get away from what?"

"From all of it. Thane is so much stouter and older than we are. And he knows how to make us do things we hate to do. We ought to have some chance."

"You've got chance enough," frowned Thorney. "I wish *I* could set around and draw big wages. And go to parties. Why don't they invite *me* to their parties?" demanded Thorney, in sheepish sullenness, shaking his head at the wood-box.

"Yes, why don't they?" said a voice beneath one of the window-sashes, which began to go up with many a shuddering remonstrance and jar of glass. The man who had met Phœbe in the woods propped the sash with a stick and leaned on his arms so as to bring head and shoulders within the room, opposite Thorney. "And *me*, too. But my lady there has a way of putting herself above you and me, Thorney. She would like to shake us altogether. Only she can't."

"No," said Phœbe, all the repellant forces in her body roused by the sight of him. "We never can be rid of him, Thorney. Look at his hair getting gray; and he has robbed us of more hopes than he has hairs in his head. He has carried our names into prisons; he has tried to drag us into wickedness. I am scarcely more than a little girl, but I feel old and life-worn when I look at you, Thane White."

"And he went and took my tin whistle," said Thorney, adding his climax.

"See here," said Thane, his facial spasms in full play. Before proceeding he took out a piece of tobacco and worried it fiercely. "I dropped along to have an understanding. Last night you wouldn't give me a stake, my lady, bad as I needed it."

"So you robbed Thorney," said Phœbe, with scorn.

"Took what was my own by rights," corrected Thane, giving his tobacco a final wrench, after which he put it in his pocket. "You treated me mean. But I'll pass over all that if you'll divide up after-while. You always were smart, and I can see what you are up to now. If you will, I'm mum; if you won't I ain't takin' any such pains to help you on."

"I know what you mean," said Phœbe, her face suddenly covered with pallor as with a mask of strange features. "But understand at once that an honorable man can offer nothing but pitying kindness to *your* sister."

"I've got a strong purchase on you, and you know it," said the convict, smiling in a succession of facial spasms; "whatever you intend to do. I want you to get married. Thorney and me needs a rich brother-in-law. If you won't get married I'll have to take Thorney with me."

"Oh, no, you'd never do that," said Phœbe, lowering her voice defiantly.

"Oh, yes, I would. I'd do just that. My hair *is* turnin'. I ought to have a young hand in training for my old age. You've dragged him around at your apron string too long, anyhow. Now, see here, Thorney," Thane chewed rapidly at his tobacco, jerked his head as low as the window-sill and instantly reappeared with one cheek distended; "here stands your sister and her fine notions about honor and honesty that she's always preached at you. But has she done any thing *for* you?"

"She never took my tin whistle," muttered Thorney.

"Blast your tin whistle! I only took it to make you follow me 'round. You listen to me and you'll get your tin whistle back and the cash to buy plenty more. Don't you have to work hard for very little money?"

Thorney doggedly acknowledged his injuries.

"Go away," burst out Phœbe, "and let the boy alone. You are only trying to torment me through him. You *shan't* harm him."

"No. I want to do him good," said Thane. "You see it's herself always, and you and me counted out, Thorney. When you're as old as I am she'll want to drop you altogether like she does me. Her programme's work for you and easy times for my lady. *I'll* make your fortune for you."

"Now you're gittin' it down to a fine point," remarked Thorney, with a cunning grin.

"Why doesn't he make his own fortune," demanded Phœbe, "instead of constantly stripping us?"

Thorney's expression changed to blank and open-mouthed doubt. He could grasp but one idea at a time, and his feeble hold on that kept his head moving like a ball betwixt these two more powerful natures.

"You ought to be enjoying life," continued Thane, "instead of chopping and digging for a living. You ought to know where gold watches and full pocket-books grow, and you've wit enough to get at them if somebody gave you a few hints."

"He gets it down to a fine point," said Thorney, challenging Phœbe.

"Look into my eyes, Thorney," she said. He attempted to do so, but his gaze sank before her blazing earnestness. "Did he ever do any thing for us but get us into trouble? Have we not learned what we know, in spite of him? Haven't we always been happiest and safest when he was in prison? Is it likely that he will ever be different?"

Thorney now challenged Thane with a wag of the head.

"*She's* gittin' down to a fine point," he remarked.

"You and I must stand by each other. What have I in the world but you, Thorney? I have enough to bear without your deserting me."

"I ain't a desertin' you," said Thorney, dropping his head with a distressed pucker of the mouth.

"Hang to the apron string, sonny," exhorted his other mentor at the window.

Thorney menaced him with a slowly-clenched fist. "You ain't give up my tin whistle yet, any way."

"I'll blow on it when I want you," said Thane, removing his elbows from the window sill. "I'm staying round the neighborhood, and I'll see you both again. Keep an ear open for that whistle, Thorney."

The window-glass again shuddered and clinked as he drew down the sash. He paused a moment and laughed through the patched pane at them, a puttied crack contributing to the distortion of his face.

After he disappeared Phœbe cowered down in a seat with her head bowed.

"What ails you?" inquired Thorney, staring suspiciously. "You ain't afraid o' Thane, are you?"

Phœbe shook her head without lifting it.

"I ain't," said Thorney, stretching out his arm to feel the muscle. "He ain't no man beside of me. I won't let him hit you like he used to. And blame if he ain't got to give that tin whistle up; I won't stand it. He took my tin whistle, Thane did," announced Thorney, in a way calculated to impress his sister by the startling news.

She took her wrap from its nail near the water-bucket and stopped to look at her liquid reflection.

"You no account wretch," said Phœbe to the face thus meeting her from some lower world, "you can't do any thing but stare up from the pit you are in."

"That whistle cost me a quarter of a dollar," ruminated Thorney, bitterly.

"Be comforted about it, Thorney," said his sister, laying her head against his arm. "We will surely get our whistles back yet."

"Thane never took none from you."

"He has not left me even a penny whistle, Thorney, to amuse myself with since you and I were little children."

The spring days succeeded one another in monotony. There was change going on in the earth, and the buds swelled large upon the trees, though scarcely a flush of green, even in the awakening lichens, showed itself through the woods.

Phœbe felt another change growing around her. She was at first so alert for Thane's expected footstep that the meaning of whispers in her school, hints from Randy Thompson, and the silences of Mrs. Holmes, quite escaped her. He did not appear. Her breath by degrees grew freer, and she turned again to the simple pleasures of existence to find they were taken from her. If she coaxed Toddles to rock on her lap Mrs. Holmes had an errand with him out of the room. Her host looked at her with a puzzled expression and stinted his usual cordiality. She met Adam and Mose Guy once or twice, and, their curious insolence brought fire into her eyes.

There were such silences at table that her food choked her. It was no longer Randy's pleasure to wait on the pretty creature whom she considered such a child, and to sit in Phœbe's room when every body else was in bed, telling neighborhood traditions. No one wanted her to do any thing for him. An invisible circle of separation was drawn around her. Twice she walked to the farm-house where Thorney was hired, to make sure that no harm had befallen him, and enjoy his unthinking companionship. Mrs. Holmes spent an afternoon with Miss Fawcett, and brought not the slightest message from one girl to the other. "And I liked her so," thought Phœbe. "And she was so kind to me." Gurley called, and Mrs. Holmes gently devoted herself to his entertainment. Also, whatever latent solicitude she felt for her distant cousin, Milton McArdle, now became active. His readings with Phœbe were in some way overruled. She stayed much in her own room. When she came out she carried herself with helpless defiance.

"I will go to Mr. Barker," she resolved, lying awake at night crushed under her invisible load, "and tell him all about Thane. He may have mercy on me; I'm not wanted here."

"There's talk goin' round the neighborhood," Randy reluctantly volunteered, once when the girl's face touched her. Talk had never gone around the neighborhood about herself, and this enabled her to state the fact severely.

"Yes, I suppose there is," said Phœbe.

"Don't you care?" demanded Randy.

"Would my caring stop it?"

"It might stop some things."

"I don't think it would," said Phœbe. Randy fixed her eye in dismay upon so case-hardened a person.

"Folks don't like the looks," she further revealed. "Mrs. Barker, she seen him, too."

"Mrs. Barker is not talking about me!"

"Every body is. How can they help it?"

"They can't help it," replied Phœbe, bearing her head erect and undisturbed into privacy. There she hid it under her bedclothes, kneeling by the bed and clenching the mattress with her teeth while she stormed and sobbed alone.

That day, however, she prepared her note for Mr. Barker, saying:

"You knew when you got me this school, Mr. Barker, that I was a girl without friends, and you vouched for my character. There is a sore truth in my mind, and I know great tales are going around the neighborhood. As far back as Thorney and I can remember, Thane White, our elder brother, has been a criminal. Many people have been kind to me, or I could never have got on and kept Thorney out of his hands. We lived any way we could and in many places. Once I was nurse to some children in a nice family, and the lady taught me almost like a daughter, until Thane, as usual, shadowed me, and drove me off by attempting to make a thief of Thorney. Thorney was at work near me. The boy is not as bright as some boys, but he is all my family, and he likes me. I could not have him turned wicked, and Thane's deeds are more horrible than I can tell. At first I pitied Thane, and tried to help him. He always took our earnings; he wants them yet. I don't feel kin to him; I could let all my blood run out if that would free me from the relationship.

"Thane has followed us here. It doesn't seem any use to run from him, and he has all the advantage when I turn on him. There is nothing ahead of me, young as I am, because he can reach out and spoil whatever I do. I have thought over these things until they break me down. May I come to your house and ask advice of Mrs. Barker and you? Though there is talk in the neighborhood I can not help feeling you are both friendly toward me. He was in the woods the evening I took supper with you. If you can send some word to the school-house I shall be—as I have been this year past—yours grateful for many kindnesses. PHŒBE WHITE."

This message was intrusted to the hands of a boy who could not read script, and who, as a reward for his services, was delivered from school an hour before dismissal. He lived near Mr. Barker's house, and was charged not to lay the paper out of his hands until Mrs. Barker should receive it from him at her door; and his delighted heels at first spurned the dead leaves with true zeal. But he saw Painter tramping along the edge of the hollow, and being a boy he could not help feeling the leaf-mold for a chip, stick or stone, and having found a shrunken walnut, whizzed it after the hermit. Painter turned; so the boy was obliged to dodge behind a tree and skulk from one tree to another in following up his game, for he was not the boy to turn his back in the midst of sport. Other shrunken walnuts thumped the ground about Painter or pelted him right heartily. He concluded to come after his assailant; so just as the boy laid the note down to break a promising clod into handy chunks, the shaggy man towered directly over him. He was away like a darting hornet. The note, out of hand, was out of mind, until Barker's cabin appealed to both memory and invention; and the boy spent the rest of his homeward journey building a plausible tale about the document's fate.

Phœbe sat still after the last pupil was gone, dreading to go home. Perhaps she hoped Mr. Barker might come to her directly on the receipt of her message; and when the school-house door opened, it was this momentary expectation which lit her eyes, and left them as suddenly as life dies from a spark. McArdle tiptoed in.

His pale skin had taken an eager glow from the exercise of walking up hill. He gave her a propitiating smile, and came forward, removing his gloves.

"I came here instead of seeing you at the house," said McArdle, "because I have something very particular to say."

"Sit down," responded Phœbe, patiently.

"Thank you, I prefer to stand," said McArdle, leaning one arm on her desk and

"I PREFER TO STAND," HE SAID.

resting his right foot upon the platform. "You are looking rather used up."

Phœbe sat back in her chair. She had never before noticed how personally unpleasant Milton McArdle could be. She did not like his condescending kindness, and objected to his long neck and exaggerated lower lip. And it amused her that she in her position could afford to be so fastidious.

"I apprehend, Miss Phœbe," said McArdle, "that Gurley has been saying something to you about me."

Phœbe's smile became positive, and he hastened to confess with virtuous precision:

"I do not deny that I may have remarked something of the sort."

"You have been remarking, too, have you?" said Phœbe, her face settling back into quiet pallor.

"But it was because," explained McArdle, intent on his own object, "I apprehended it would be better for the present for us to—to conceal."

"What have we to conceal!" said Phœbe.

"Under the circumstances," he continued, growing red as if just grated, "We are both alone in the world, as it were. And there are people who would say it is unsuitable, but I can not agree with them. Therefore," said McArdle, with a flourish of his hand, "I apprehended I had better assume that our friendship was but a slight one."

"I don't know what you are talking about," said Phœbe. "If you have heard things against me, it would be kinder to stay away!"

"I *have* heard things, Miss Phœbe," acknowledged McArdle, magnanimously. He placed his hat on the desk and steadied himself in his position. "From what this—this brother Thorney of yours has let drop, and various circumstances, it appears there are matters which will need explanation betwixt you and me. But before those matters are explained," he hastened, silencing her, "I want to express my views and plans. In spite of the fact that the church will require me to make a very circumspect selection, and also in spite of the fact that I know my cousin Mrs. Holmes will oppose it, I am determined. I apprehend that you understand!"

"No," said Phœbe, lifting her eyes from a carved slit in her desk, which some unruly boy, while sitting there in durance, had turned into an ink canal. "I don't know what you mean."

The muscles of McArdle's face expressed vexation.

"Then I will explain. I hoped to be more cordially met by you, Miss Phœbe. You surely feel unhappy and unprotected."

"I can't remember ever feeling otherwise."

[*To be Continued*].

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THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

BY THE WAY.

—The mail was delayed one hour, this morning, by reason of the wreck at Church street.

—Mr. Stephen O. Staats, at his office, 39 North avenue, has a number of desirable houses on his list, for sale or to rent.

—Sustaining members of the Y. M. C. A., should avail themselves of their privilege of selecting tickets for the Richards Course of scientific lectures.

—On Thursday evening next will be held a regular meeting of the B. C. F. All members are requested to be present, as business of importance is to be transacted.

—Roy Cahoone, the lad who was caught in a coasting collision on the Broadway hill, Thursday, is all right again. His wounds were only on the surface, and kind friends dressed them.

—To-morrow at three o'clock p. m., on the premises, T. J. Gillies will sell at auction the frame house, lot and stable at the corner of Washington avenue and George street, Dunellen. An unusual chance is thus offered to obtain a home in the country at a low figure.

—The Praise Service held last evening at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms was well attended, as there were seventy men present. The orchestra and music generally was duly appreciated. A large representation of our new citizens (employees of the Pond Tool Works) were present, and heartily welcomed.

The Dedication of the German Church.

The services of dedication of the new Reformed church, on Craig place, that the Germans have erected for the purposes, mainly, of worship in their own language, will take place during next Sunday, the 12th inst., and the following Wednesday.

The services on Sunday morning will be held in German, at 10:30 o'clock. The Rev. John Oerter, D. D., of New York, and the Rev. J. W. Freund, of Hoboken, will address the congregation. The reports of the church will be read by the pastor, the Rev. F. Koechli, who will also conduct the ceremonies of dedication.

In the afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, there will be services in English, with addresses by the Rev. D. Waters, D. D., President of the Newark Classis, the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, pastor of the Trinity Reformed church of this city, and James McGee, Esq., of North Plainfield.

In the evening the Rev. Mr. Koechli will deliver a short sermon in German, and some speaker will be engaged to deliver an address in English.

The installation services on Wednesday will be participated in by the Rev. Drs. Waters and Vehslage, and the Revs. C. Schenck and C. Girtanner. The sermon will be in German, and the charge to the pastor and the congregation in English.

Science Without Technicality.

The Science Lectures of Prof. Richards, announced in our advertisement, will doubtless attract all who witnessed his brilliant series last year, and all who heard them praised by friends. Prof. R. is unequalled in presenting the marvels of science, freed from bothersome technicalities. He shows his hearers the very spirit of the age in which we live in a way to stimulate the slowest mind. Perhaps the Y. M. C. A., does no more useful work than in enabling all classes to share the instructive pleasure of these lectures. Tickets for the whole course only 50 cents, at Reynold's pharmacy.

Trial For Kidnapping. Postponed.

The case of the State against Jno. Clark came up for trial at Elizabeth, yesterday morning. Ex-Surrogate Gerber, for the defendant, secured a postponement until Friday, the 17th inst., by the presentation of a physician's certificate to the effect that Clark's sister, and most material witness, was too sick in New York to attend Court.

Our readers will remember that Clark was held by Judge Ulrich for kidnapping a child in this city, of which he claimed to be the father. He was indicted at the October term.

Adding to the Building Fund.

An audience of half-a-thousand people were most pleasingly entertained at Music Hall, last evening. Miss Maude Bowers' charming presence and delivery attained for her great appreciation as an elocutionist, and the Rutgers Glee Club added to its laurels already won in this city. The proceeds will be a very satisfactory addition to the building fund for the new Grace church.

A Sociable at the Pastor's.

The hospitable home of Dr. D. J. Yerkes was thrown open to the young people of the First Baptist church, last evening. The occasion was the usual monthly sociable, and a large gathering of Sunday school scholars, teachers and friends were present. Games and other social features added to the evening's entertainment, and it was long after ten o'clock before the company would consent to separate.

Two Coal Engines Wrecked.

A wreck occurred on the Central Railroad at the Church street crossing in this city early this morning which resulted in partially demolishing two coal engines and a number of freight cars. The accident was a peculiar one, happening as it did in broad daylight, but just who is responsible for it, is not known. It was evidently caused by gross negligence on the part of some one. Engine No. 195, in charge of Engineer Gorgous, attached to the East-bound Phillipsburg through freight train, took the siding at Grant avenue so as to allow passenger train No. 21, due in this city at 5:43 a. m., to pass on its way to Jersey City. When the passenger train left the depot, the switch at Church street was turned so as to allow No. 195 engine to pass out on the main track again. Just as No. 195 engine was crossing over from the East siding to the main track, Engine No. 81, in command of Engineer Jno. Richards, attached to the Bound Brook through freight, bound East, came thundering along, and with terrific force crashed into the tender of No. 195 engine. Both locomotives were thrown from the track, together with two freight cars in the rear of No. 81 engine. Fortunately no one was seriously injured, excepting Eugene Van Arsdale, a brakeman on the Bound Brook freight, who seeing that a collision was inevitable, jumped from the top of a freight car, and severely sprained an ankle. Both the East and West-bound tracks were blocked for several hours, and all trains were obliged to use the North siding in order to pass the wreck. A wrecking crew came up from Elizabeth, but not until noon was the main line thrown open for travel. The tender on No. 81 engine was badly wrecked, and the pilot on No. 195 engine was torn away. The accident will result in a loss of several thousand dollars to the railroad company.

Services at Trinity Reformed Church.

A large congregation greeted Rev. Cornelius Schenck and bride at both the morning and evening service in Trinity Reformed church, Sunday, and all who attended were well repaid by listening to two excellent sermons. At the morning service, the eloquent divine took for his text the single word, "without," as found in John 1st, 3d verse. In the evening he discoursed on "Ante-Diluvian Pedestrianism," taking his text from the fifth chapter of Genesis and a part of the 24th verse: "Enoch walked with God." The preacher graphically portrayed the Christian life, and showed the necessity of *walking* instead of standing still. Walking with God, he interpreted, as one who was always doing something to glorify God; one who is growing in grace; one who is gaining a knowledge of God's word, by studying it; one who is constantly striving to do something for God. In anticipation of the services in this church, a few of the ladies connected with the Christian Work Society of the church, braved the storm on Saturday evening, and arranged some beautiful floral decorations about the pulpit. These consisted of a motto of white immortelles bearing the simple inscription "Welcome" and a profusion of cut flowers, potted plants, evergreens, etc.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

To-morrow evening the Democrats of North Plainfield will meet at Saengerbund Hall, Somerset street. Organization for the coming campaign is intended, and a full meeting is therefore desirable.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lyman of Washington Park, will not go to Baltimore to take up their permanent residence as intended. They will remain here, and Mr. Lyman will probably enter business in New York.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Christian Work Society of Trinity Reformed church, held in the church yesterday afternoon, a unanimous vote of thanks was tendered Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Demarest for throwing open their house at the late reception tendered to Rev. and Mrs. Schenck, by the above society.

Wm. Dean, who was arrested on Sunday for brutally stabbing a horse, was arraigned before Justice Austin of North Plainfield, yesterday afternoon. He pleaded guilty to the charge and was committed for 30 days, besides being fined five dollars and costs, amounting in all to $12.17.

Accused of Leading his Sister-in-Law Astray.

A married man residing on Grove street, North Plainfield, whose name is withheld out of consideration for his family, was arrested by Constable Moffett this afternoon and arraigned before Justice Nash on a charge of taking advantage or her affections. The complainant in the suit is a sister-in-law of the defendant. The latter pleaded not guilty to the charge, and Justice Nash set down Friday afternoon as the time for the hearing. Bail was fixed in the sum of $500, but at the hour of going to press the defendant had not succeeded in finding a bondsman.

—The Ladies' Aid Society of the Dunellen M. E. church, will give a supper at that place this evening.

CITY COUNCIL MEETING.

Many Communications Considered—License Applications Presented and Ordered Published—The Mayor's Appointments All Confirmed—Ordinances Introduced—Among them One Compelling all Licensed Places to Close at Eleven P. M.

The City Council met in regular session last evening. President Marsh rapped for order at 8:30 o'clock. All the members were present excepting Councilmen Erickson, Randolph and Taylor. Clerk Leonard read the minutes of the last meeting, and they were approved as read.

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS.

Under this heading, communications were received as follows: From Chas. Place, representing the Board of Trustees of Crescent Avenue church, asking for electric lamp in front of Hope chapel on West Fourth street; referred to the Fire, Water and Lamps Committee, with power. Roll call, all aye.

From Henry Hansen, application for hack license, referred and later on granted; from H. H. Baker, estimates to tack up street sign at rate of $9 per hundred, referred to Street Committee; from residents on Arlington avenue, stating that although taxpayers, they received no police protection, work on streets or lights, the petition asked for two incandescent or gasoline lamps, referred to Street Committee; from L. F. Wadsworth, representing Board of Education, stating that Messrs. Murray and Wadsworth had been appointed a Committee to confer with the Council with reference to establishing rates for the collection of taxes, referred by Mr. Dumont to the Finance Committee; from Jos. R. Black and E. P. Boyer, representing the United States Cable Railroad Company, asking for privilege to construct and maintain a street railway. The Company agree to conform to the following conditions: To begin operation by June 1, of the present year, and have the road completed within one year from that time; to pave with stone the roadbed inside of the rails and for one foot on the outside; to furnish neat and attractive cars, the fare to be five cents; to pay taxes in the same proportion as other corporations, and to locate stables at extreme end of either East or West Front street, in such location as would least be obnoxious to the citizens. The communication named the territory over which the proposed road would run, and agreed to conform with many other conditions of minor importance; referred to Street Committee.

A communication was received from Stephen Cahoone, making application for apportionment of taxes assessed and cost of sales for certain part of the estate of Daniel Martine, situated at Broadway and Park place. The taxes run from 1881 to 1886 inclusive. Vincent W. Nash and Anna Martine join in the above application; referred to Finance Committee.

LICENSE APPLICATIONS.

The following license applications to keep an inn and tavern, accompanied by an application to sell spirituous and fermented liquors therein, with the usual certificate of recommendation and the required number of signers, were presented and ordered advertised:

Jno. E. Beerbower, City Hotel; Jacob Blimm, Farmer's Hotel, Somerset street; Fred Caspar, Nos. 24 and 26 East Front street; James H. Force, North avenue; J. B. Miller, Laing's Hotel; Edward Staats, in building to be known as Staats' Hotel, at Third and Liberty streets.

Applications for saloon licenses were presented as follows:

Jas. Connecly, No. 34 Park avenue; Patrick Day, West Third street; Chas. Goodman, No. 13 East Second street; James O'Neill, in building owned by James and Richard O'Neill, No. 178 South Second street, near Potter Press Works; Jno. Rafferty, No. 29 Park avenue, also privilege to keep one pool table; Chas. Smith, Front and Somerset streets; Jos. G. Sullivan, No. 66 West Third street; E. P. Thorn, No. 17 Park avenue.

CLAIMS.

The following bills were presented and referred to the proper Committees: Poor—Andrew Manning, $62.50; J. O. Nodyne, $77; Relief Association, $87; C. A. Hartpence, $17.50; Jos. Newman, $15; M. Moran, $12; B. Hickey, $4; J. B. Bulmer, $4.50; Chas. Thorp, Agt., $18.50; F. Conshay, $4.50; W. R. Jennings, $10; K. Conway, $4; B. Guttman, agt., $12; L. Scott, $7.50; Muhlenberg Hospital, $148; Elias Cole, $7; P. M. French, $10; Runyon & Son, $15; M. A. Cooper, $22; Hetfield Bros., $10.33; Alex. Willett, $5; Cook Bros., $30.61; Estate D. J. Boice, $19.01; C. S. Guion, $25.27; G. P. Suydam, $9; Ford & Stiles, $15; Mrs. A. Farlee, $4; Jas. McGinley, $3; D. S. Cole, $8; Mrs. Opdyke, $32; Jas. Cannon, $4; W. R. Connett, $7; W. G. Morse, $21.50.

Police—Hetfield Bros., coal for station house, $12; Jos. Noel, $10.75; W. R. Mattox, $36; T. Mc Cue, $60; P. Lynch, $60.50; G. W. Grant, $60; T. J. Carey, $75; C. Giese, $4.25.

Miscellaneous—Plainfield Electric Light Company, $343.72; Andrew Manning, for return of vital statistics to State Secretary, $19.50; Chas. E. Doane, services as clerk at Second ward polls, $9; Geo. M. Angleman, work on streets, $130.62; John Johnson, Commission on delinquent taxes, $62.67 and $17.39; Geo. M. Angleman, Salary, $41.66; C. A. Marsh, salary, $125; W. L. Force & Bro., advertising, $36; *Times* Printing and Publishing Co. advertising, $49; F. A. Dunham, collecting school tax, $127.54 and $35.35.

NOMINATIONS BY THE MAYOR.

Mayor Male communicated with the Council, making the following nominations, subject to approval by the Council, all of which were unanimously confirmed: For Corporation Counsel, Craig A. Marsh; for members of the Board of Health for two years, Messrs. S. A. Ginna, L. W. Serrell, Dr. Penfield; for Overseer of the Poor, J. Oakley Nodyne; for City Physician, Andrew Manning; for Street Commissioner, Geo. M. Angleman; for Pound Masters, L. M. Rocap and Daniel L. Allen.

City Physician Manning sent in his quarterly report of the patients treated by him, 13 in all, together with a description of the diseases. It was received and filed.

The monthly reports of the treasurer and collector were received, referred to the Finance Committee, and subsequently reported back as correct and filed.

Constable Flannigan's band with the names of Thos. Roan and Peter Flynn as sureties was accepted, and with the recommendation of the Laws and Ordinance Committee, it was filed.

Rule 30 was suspended so as to allow one member of a Committee to report, this action being necessary on account of the absence of two of the members on four different Committees.

The various Committees returned as correct the bills referred to them during the evening, and they were transferred into the hands of the Auditing Committee. The bills of Collector Johnson and Mr. F. A. Dunham, for collecting taxes were held by the Finance Committee, however, as no rate of compensation for the collection of taxes has yet been decided upon.

Mr. Dumont reported back the above petition of Stephen Cahoone and others and offered a resolution in effect that the petitioners be heard in the Council Chamber on the evening of March 5th at eight o'clock, said petitioners to be notified to that effect.

In referring to the petitions for street lights outside the district, presented at the last meeting, Mr. Dumont said the Committee was unable to report at present, as the Electric Light Company could not conveniently erect poles while the ground remains frozen. He also stated that the Committee recommended the location of an electric light between Park avenue and the station, in the place of the present gasolene lamp; also to contract for electric lights under the railroad bridges. The Committee's recommendation took the form of a resolution and was adopted. The same Councilman said the Fire, Water and Lamps Committee hoped to be able to make a report with reference to Fire Department matters, one week hence, and a motion by him to the effect that when the Council adjourn it be to meet again in regular session on Monday evening next, prevailed. He further reported, with the committee's recommendation, in favor of accepting the above proposition of Mr. H. H. Baker. The report was received and recommendation adopted.

Mr. Dumont submitted an ordinance to amend the ordinance providing for the removal of snow, hail, slush and ice from the sidewalks and gutters. The proposed new ordinance provides for the removal of snow and ice for the full width of the sidewalk up to and including a ten-foot walk. It was read for the first time and laid on the table.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

Mr. Dunham presented a resolution authorizing the Alms Committee to contract for the purchase of a burial plot to be used exclusively for the burial of paupers. He said a plot 100x30 feet had been offered in the Methodist cemetery for $300. Some discussion followed, Mr. Dumont suggesting that perhaps it would be well to consult the Hillside Cemetery Association before purchasing a lot elsewhere. Mr. Dunham said the committee had consulted the agent of the Association, but the terms were greatly in excess of the price asked for the proposed lot in the Methodist Cemetery. He said the Committee was unanimous in recommending the purchase of the lot. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Dumont called to its third reading the amendment to the general license ordinance, adopted at a subsequent meeting. It was read for the third time, after which Mr. Squires moved to refer it back for further consideration. He spoke at length on the matter of licensing an extra saloon in the neighborhood of the Potter Press Works, and the danger that was likely to result from it. He said opinion was divided on the question of license, and when a popular vote was taken the majority would be in opposition to it. "Every member of the Council," he said, "knows that the saloons should have some restrictions, and I believe I represent the majority of the citizens of Plainfield in demanding an increase in the license fee. It hardly seems possible that the gentlemen about me can vote to turn that quiet portion of our city over to crime. I may not be present when that petition is acted upon, but to-night I want to raise my voice in condemnation of granting a license in the locality of the Pond Tool Works."

Mr. Moffett spoke in support of the ordinance and said in his opinion most people were satisfied with it in its original form. Mr. Squiers' motion to lay the ordinance on the table was lost, Messrs. Marsh, Dunham and Squiers voting "aye." Mr. Moffett made a motion to pass the ordinance as read. The motion prevailed, all voting "aye" but Mr. Dunham, who subsequently changed his vote in the affirmative.

Mr. Dunham submitted another ordinance to amend the general ordinance relating to the license question, by making the hour of closing eleven p. m. instead of midnight. It was read for the first time and a rising vote was taken on passing it to its second reading, Messrs. Watson, Moffett and Wilbur voting "no." The ordinance passed to its second reading and Mr. Dunham's motion to adopt it on the second reading prevailed, the vote remaining the same as above. It was ordered engrossed and advertised.

Mr. Dunham presented an ordinance to amend the ordinance relating to the licensing of peddlers, hackmen, etc. It was read twice, adopted on its second reading, and ordered engrossed and duly advertised.

Mr. Dumont called from the table the ordinance referring to the removal of snow and ice. It was read twice, adopted, and ordered engrossed and advertised.

Mr. Watson, from the Auditing Committee, reported correct all bills referred to said Committee during the evening. The claims were ordered paid by warrants on the city treasury.

Council then adjourned at 10:45.

Another Public School Building.

The lines have been surveyed and the deeds are being drawn up, preparatory to a transfer, within a few days, to the Board of Education of this city, of the property in the vicinity of the Pond Tool Works on which the new public school building is to be erected within the coming Spring and Summer. During the present month, probably, architects will be requested to submit designs for consideration, and bids will be advertised for as soon as plans and specifications can be drawn up. The building will be more extensive than at first required, in anticipation of the necessities of the future. It is proposed to have it completed and ready for occupancy by October at the latest.

Miss Bulkley is daily in receipt of applications for the admittance to the present schools of the children of new-comers. The Board has authorized her to decline to receive pupils in classes that are full. The Trustees say, "If there is room in the grade the Principal cannot refuse them, but if there is no room, she cannot admit them." It is expected that about 400 scholars will be enrolled, upon the opening of the new building. This will necessitate eight new teachers. Applicants for these positions will be examined and considered during the coming months, and those selected will be engaged in advance of the building's completion.

Off His Base.

As others of THE PRESS staff were busy "working-up" the railroad wreck, the German church dedication, etc., the society reporter was entrusted with the price of an excursion ticket to Bull Frog city, and assigned the duty of a visit to the late residence of Wm. Dean who was taken to Somerville jail today for thirty days, as told elsewhere.

This is the way that reporter handed in his copy: A cursory and a casual glance in the suite of antique apartments erstwhile occupied by the equine-assassin of Bull Frog city, revealed a limpid pool of unfragrant water resting calmly in the centre of the reception room, suggesting the charming sail in humid Summer, or the fascinating slide in the more torrid atmosphere of today. In the midst of these silent shallows stood a nut-brown stove, a dying fire vainly struggling to exist within its perforated environs. The walls were treated in dim aesthetic tints—a dado of crushed tobacco smoke reached to a ceiling panelled with the soft soot of kerosene. In a distant corner-niche swung a total-eclipse lantern, that shed its sombre rays within the globe of dusky-glass it held. Upon the threshold of the entrance a noble goat browsed upon the frozen traces of the last sweep——

Hitting Back at Justice Duffy and Mrs. Cairncross.

The *Daily News* of New York city publishes the following protest from a young woman resident of Justice Duffy's precinct. She says:

SIR: I have just read the letter from A. Cairncross of Plainfield, N. J., to Judge Duffy, published in Friday's paper, thanking the Judge for condemning the bangs worn by some of his female prisoners. Mrs. Cairncross says if every Judge in New York would do the same girls would soon brush their hair back and look like Christians and not like goats. Now, I should like to ask Mrs. Cairncross which looks the more like a goat, a man with his face covered with a beard or a girl with a curly fringe across her forehead? Let Mrs. C. look at home, run her intelligence office with skill and let the girls and their fashions alone.

I also think that Judge Duffy goes a little too far with the unfortunates who are brought before him.

A HARLEM GIRL.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE

TO GIVE COMMON COUNCILS READY MONEY.

TRENTON, Feb. 7—The following is the full text of bill No. 221, introduced in the House, last night, by Assemblyman Ulrich of Plainfield. It was referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations:

AN ACT CONCERNING CITIES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

SEC. 1. That it shall be lawful for the Common Council, Board of Aldermen, or other governing body of any city, after the adoption of the annual ordinance for the assessment of taxes in such city, to borrow in anticipation of the taxes so ordered and assessed, any amount not exceeding one-half of the total amount ordered for that year; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to limit any power possessed by any city to borrow a larger sum.

The Anti-Poverty Society of Union Co.

A number of residents of Union county met at the District Court room, in Elizabeth, on Friday evening, February 3, and completed the organization of the Anti-Poverty Society of Union county. Previous meetings had already been held, at which the constitution was settled, and its methods of work considered. The following officers were elected: President, Benjamin Urner, of Elizabeth; Vice President, Read Gordon, of Roselle; Secretary, Matthew H. Davison, of Elizabethport; Treasurer, David L. Thompson, of Plainfield. The following five members were chosen to form, with the officers, the executive committee of the society: Joseph Gordon, of Roselle; T. L. McCready, of Plainfield; N. R. French, of Elizabeth, and W. H. Keenan and Andrew O'Shea, of Elizabethport.

The object of the society, as stated in its constitution, is "to spread, by such peaceable and lawful means as may be found most desirable and efficient, a knowledge of the truth that God has made ample provision for the needs of all men during their residence upon earth, and that poverty is the result of the human laws that allow individuals to claim as private property that which the Creator has provided for the use of all.

The Society contemplates an active campaign of propaganda throughout Union county, by means of public meetings, tract distribution, etc., and will commence its work immediately. Sympathizers with the movement, who may desire to join the organization, are invited to address the secretary.

Opening of the Bazaar.

St. Mary's T. A. B. Society opened its Grand Bazaar at St. Mary's Hall last evening, with every prospect of success. A good number of their friends attended and patronized the tables, which were prettily dressed with various articles of usefulness and ornamentation. Among the articles to go by chance are, a barrel of flour, a silver watch, a large wax doll. The contestants for the gold watch are Miss Mary Hickey and Miss Nodie Casey, both of whom are working diligently. As the proceeds will go toward defraying the expenses of the State convention which is to be held here in May next, the members are all working hard and are also receiving substantial help from sympathizers of the cause outside of the society. The Bazaar bids fair to be a great success and the society is confident of grand financial results. A good time is anticipated during the remaining nights of the Bazaar, as dancing, it is expected will prove an attractive feature. One of the features of the Bazaar is a galvanic battery, and a sure cure for rheumatism is guaranteed by Andrew Nolan, who presides over it. New articles will be added as soon as those now on exhibition are disposed of.

Trinity's New Sunday School Room.

The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of Trinity Reformed church, held their regular monthly meeting last evening, and were honored by being the first to use the new and handsomely furnished lecture room, a full description of which was published in THE PRESS of Wednesday last. A very large number of members were present, including Rev. and Mrs. Schenck. The meeting took the form of a consecration service, and was of a spirited and earnest nature, many consecrating themselves anew, and many for the first time agreeing to do something to glorify the Master. Mr. H. E. Gale, first Vice President of the Society, ably led the meeting. Ten new members were proposed, and after adjournment a social half-hour was indulged in by all. The room presents a very handsome and cheerful appearance and is a credit to all who took part in its completion, either by contribution or personal labor. Trinity's Sunday school was never so nicely fixed as at present.

Broke Her Other Wrist.

Mrs. S. O. Doane of East Fourth street, slipped on the ice in her yard, this morning, and sustained a severe fracture of her right wrist. Many months ago this same lady was so unfortunate as to trip over a cat in the cellar doorway, and falling to the bottom of the stairs she broke her left wrist.

INFLUENCED BY PRIESTS

RIOTOUS MINERS DISPERSED BY CLERGYMEN.

The Police, However, Were Ready For the Fray—The Expected Bloody Work For the Time Happily Averted.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Feb. 7.—Everyone was expecting a first-class riot last night and one that would have completely eclipsed those of Friday and Saturday. There were signs of disorder unchecked and unnoticed by the local authorities all day. The Coal and Iron police had no authority to interfere so long as there were no threats of violence towards the company's property or the men working at the only colliery in that section that was in operation.

The terror of the people and the strength with which the conviction that there would be bloody work last night took hold of them were apparent at the railroad stations early in the morning in the number of women and children who were leaving town with the express intention of seeking places of safety until the crisis had passed. The excitement was intense, only those on the ground could appreciate the fright of the fleeing families.

The Reading Company's officials decided not to start any of their mines. The Thomas Coal Company also decided not to start up Hehley Run with the desire to avoid a repetition of Saturday night's riot. The William Penn Company, however, started yesterday morning with a full force. The anticipated disturbances along the road to the mines were happily averted. Capt. Chryetian massed his force down at William Penn during the day and at 5 o'clock had a force of 130 men on the Turkey Run Bridge, the strategic point for a collision between the mob and the workingmen. When the whistle blew for quitting time the police moved forward and prepared for the approach of the mob, and they had every reason to expect one. They were very pleasantly disappointed, and the men walked to their homes from the colliery unmolested.

The failure of the mob to make the attack that every one looked for so impatiently and with so much certainty was soon after explained. A party of about sixty Poles and Hungarians had been marching about town at different times during the day, shouting as they passed along, "Bread or blood!" While they marched they drank, and by 5 o'clock were well filled with whisky and enthusiasm. They boasted repeatedly that they had met and defeated the police twice, and that the third time they would utterly rout them. When they finally reached the foot of Main street, and were turning out of town on the road to the William Penn, the two priests mentioned encountered them. Respect for the cloth was at once shown in halting at the command of the clergy, both of whom forthwith began to address the crowd in their different languages, speaking Polish-Lithuanian, and other Russian dialects and Greek. They told the mob that they were on their way to accomplish an unlawful object; that they would meet with armed resistance and a force of superior numbers; that this force had the laws of the country with them, and were authorized to shoot down every man who opposed them. If this errand were persisted in some would undoubtedly be killed, and the church would not give its rites or allow interment in consecrated ground to those killed.

When the priests, after pleading with the mob to turn back, suddenly became aggressive and commanded them to do so, and invoked calamity upon those who disobeyed, the mob melted away like snow under the rays of a hot sun. Both these priests had preached sermons to the same effect yesterday. This accounts for the smallness of to-day's crowd, compared with those of last week.

At a meeting of the joint committee held at Well's Hotel yesterday afternoon the following telegram was drafted and sent to W. J. Sweeny, Secretary of the Advisory Board, Shenandoah, Penn.:

The joint committee in session approve of your action in being sworn in as a body to uphold the law. We call upon the workingmen of Shenandoah through your body to obey the law and support the Sheriff's proclamation. Unlawful methods must be denounced and we repudiate the lawless action of Friday and Saturday. We urge all workingmen of Shenandoah and vicinity to preserve the peace. Actions of violence are an enemy to progress and stand condemned by the principles of organized labor. We appeal to our people to assist the lawful authorities in the support of law and order. JOINT COMMITTEE.

The approval expressed in the first sentence refers to the action of the Advisory Board in being sworn as Sheriff's deputies. Big Mine Run Colliery in the Ashland district, operated by the J. Taylor estate, resumed operations yesterday morning with about 500 hands. The North Ashland and Keystone Collieries, operated by the Reading Company are now working and no trouble is anticipated in this district. The East Colliery, operated by the Reading Company, will resume to-day.

ANOTHER BANK WRECKED.

The Metropolitan National Bank Suspends. The Vice-President Arrested.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 7.—The Metropolitan National Bank directors passed a resolution after eight o'clock last night to suspend. The bank is now in the hands of the Government. Vice-President J. R. Decamp has been arrested.

There was more than the usual demand upon the Metropolitan Bank all day, but at the Clearing House it was only $100,000 behind. While bankers agreed that the Metropolitan was solvent, they recognized the fact that it could not meet every possible demand in a day, so eight of the banks loaned it $25,000 each. The objection made to Mr. Decamp, the retiring Vice-President, was that he had been speculating too much in real estate.

Facts developing later compelled the suspension of the bank and the arrest of the Vice-President.

Celebrating His Hundredth Birthday.

WHITEHALL, Iowa, Feb. 7.—Vinis Hicks celebrated his one hundreth birthday here on Saturday. He was one of nineteen children, and has 300 descendants. He has voted for every Democratic Presidential nominee from Monroe down, and favors Cleveland for 1888. He is a veteran of the war of 1812 and of the Black Hawk War. He has been a cripple for many years and propels himself in a chair.

Mr. Watson's New Yacht.

GLASGOW, Feb. 7.—Mr. Watson, designer of the cutter Thistle, has completed the design of a cutter similar to the Thistle, but to be built of composite instead of steel. He has also completed the design of a steel yacht, which will have a centreboard.

Perkins Remanded For a Week.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 7.—Henry Perkins, accused of stealing jewelry in Boston, pleaded not guilty here yesterday, and was remanded for a week at the request of the United States Consul.

DID TYLER DIE TO WIN?

CONTESTING PAYMENT OF INSURANCE ON HIS LIFE.

A Story That He Committed Suicide That His Creditors Might Profit by the Heavy Insurance.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 7.—A case of considerable interest, and one of the most important insurance matters ever tried came up before the Supreme Court in this city yesterday. The title of the case is Frederick B. Smith against the National Benefit Society. The suit is a test one, growing out of the famous case of John Tyler, who the insurance companies claim, committed suicide in a room in the Mahackemo Hotel at South Norwalk, Conn., on November 12, 1886. Tyler had obtained policies of life insurance aggregating nearly $300,000 in a large number of companies, most of them being conducted on the co-operative or assessment plan. The policies ranged from $5,000 to $20,000, and were made out to numerous parties. The policy upon which the present suit is based is for $10,000 in favor of Frederick B. Smith in the National Benefit Society.

The beneficiaries claim that Tyler died from an overdose of morphine, taken accidentally. When the death of Tyler became known, and it was found that he had effected such an immense insurance upon his life, many of the old line companies involved compromised the claims against them. Among them were the Travellers' Insurance Company, who paid sixty cents for every dollar of the $20,000 policy, the Manhattan Insurance Company and others. The co-operative companies refused to settle, claiming that Tyler had obtained the policies with the intention of committing suicide. As the defense in all the cases is identical, the companies decided to make a test of the first one brought into court. A. J. Perry of New York and Lawyer Abel Crook appeared yesterday for the defence, and Hill, Wing and Shoudy for the plaintiff.

Mr. Hill opened the case for the plaintiff by giving a history of the death of Tyler in the hotel. He claimed that Tyler had been troubled with various nervous troubles, which necessitated the use of narcotics, such as opium in its different forms, and stated that all the facts went to prove that he had been attacked by one of his bad spells while at the hotel, and in endeavoring to relieve his pain had accidentally taken an overdose of morphine, which caused his death. Frederick R. Smith, the plaintiff, and Mrs. Smith, the widow of the deceased, testified in support of the assertions made by counsel. With the addition of some routine evidence the case for the plaintiff closed.

Lawyer Crook then moved for the defense that the case be dismissed, as he claimed that the testimony produced by the plaintiff showed fraud, in that the declaration of Tyler that he lived at 353 Beacon street, Boston, was false. Judge Cullen denied the motion, and Lawyer Crook opened for the defense. He claimed that Tyler's death was a cold and deliberate suicide, which he had contemplated for over six months. He said he would prove that Tyler falsified in his application as to his residence, in his statement that he was only insured in two other co-operative associations, and in saying that he had never been rejected by any company, whereas he had been rejected by the New York Equitable and other companies.

He further falsified by stating that he had no regular medical attendance, when he had, and by stating that he was not addicted to the use of spirituous liquors or opium, when he was afflicted by chronic catarrh, which caused him to suffer almost constantly from neuralgia, making him use morphine to allay the pain. Mr. Crook also stated that when Tyler agreed, when he became a member of the society, not to do anything which would shorten his life, and he claimed that it was undisputed that Tyler had committed suicide. Mr. Hill objected to such a statement, and, after a heated argument, Judge Cullen settled the dispute by saying that the question of suicide had no bearing upon the case, unless the jury found that Tyler premedited suicide, and took out the policy after he had decided to commit suicide. That, he said, would establish fraud, but the mere fact that a man had committed suicide after he had taken out a policy was not evidence of fraud.

The defense then called Dr. Albert Huntington, who testified that Tyler had been refused by the New York Insurance Company. John G. Wilson, an insurance agent, said that the Equitable had declined Tyler's risk. Dr. W. C. Burke, of South Norwalk, Conn., told the jury of the condition of Tyler's room when the dead man was found.

REFUSED TO RESIGN.

The Vestry Asked Him Because He Was Not Exclusive Enough.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Feb. 7.—The vestry of Grace Episcopal church, at Madison, has risen in revolt against the rector, the Rev. Albert F. Tenney, and last week a letter from that body requested him to tender his resignation at a meeting on Wednesday last. This he declined to do, and he occupied his pulpit as usual yesterday.

The ruling circle in the church is very exclusive socially, and for the past year there has been dissatisfaction because the rector has associated intimately with the pastors and members of the other churches in the village, and has aided in the reform movements in the community, which is contrary to the established custom of former rectors. Mr. Tenney says he is not ready to leave yet and will stand his ground. He says his position is justified by the established canons of the Church and by personal assurance of the Bishop.

Several months ago he was asked to resign and when he refused his salary was stopped and it was paid by a friend. It has been necessary to disband the choir, which Mr. Tenney had charge of, because the church authorities refused to expend any more money for that purpose. The vestrymen are very reticent on the subject, but the state of affairs has to some extent been made public.

Coal Operators Not Represented.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 7.—The Illinois coal operators have refused to send delegates to the Interstate Convention of Miners and Operators. The operators here say that unless they agree to abide by the decision of the convention uniform rates will not be maintained, and the work of the convention will be fruitless.

$100,000 Fire.

BOSTON, Feb. 7.—Fire destroyed the Holmes furniture factory at Charlestown yesterday afternoon. It was a wooden building, and one hundred men were at work in it at the time. They all escaped, after a hard fight with the flames. The loss is $100,000.

Killed by the Falling Walls.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 7.—The Chambers Planing Mill at Allegheny caved in yesterday, killing Patrick Cooley and wounding four others. There was a panic among the em[illegible]

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 2, 1888.

Adams, Mattie V	Hargraves, Mr Wm
Barron, Miss Lizzie	Kruland, Miss K E
Beckyet, Mrs H	King, Miss Gracie
Cunningham, Mr	Mackey, Miss Lenore
Coleman, Mr Harry	McCaulley, Miss S M
Cables, Miss Rosa	Martin, Mr W W
Camp, Mrs Elken	Osmond, Miss Ella
Davis, Mr Robert	Plunn, W H
Drake, Mrs Frank	Precks, Mr Edward M
Eaton, Mrs M G	Rew, Mrs J M
Eggleston, Mr M P	Randolph, Miss S R (3)
Fagan, Mrs Maggie (2)	Schoneuroff, M Johanne
Fitzgerald, Miss Maggie	Thompson, Mr James
Frazee, Mrs Maggie	Weir, Mr Thos
Grey, Miss Mary	Williams, Mrs S B
Hermistage, Mrs	Wallis, Mr Thomas
Hitchcock, Mr J R W	Way, Franklin

persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window. Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

PHILPITT—In this city, on February 4th, 1888, of hasty consumption, Ella Irene Philpitt, in the 19th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence Westervelt avenue on Wednesday, 8th inst., at 3 p. m. Brooklyn, E. D. papers please copy.

2-6-2t

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—A Young Girl to attend child three years old. Mrs. F. H. Martin, 49 East Fifth street.

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P. V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

LOST—On January 30th, a small black woolly dog, bob tail; feet and legs trimmed. A reward will be paid for the return of the same to S. A. Doty, Dunellen, N. J. 2-4-3

TO LET—BASEMENT—North avenue, suitable for barber or shoemaker. Box 902. 2-3-6

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. BOSS Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use; in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

TRY THE "O. A. F." CIGAR; MADE FROM the finest Havana filler, without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best 5-cent cigar in the world. 11-16-tf

TO LET—HOUSE IN WASHINGTON PARK 10 rooms, all improvements. Box 902. 2-3-6

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHOBB. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

Y. M. C. A. COURSE.

Three Popular Science Lectures

—BY—

Prof. W. C. RICHARDS,

AT STILLMAN MUSIC HALL.

TO-NIGHT!

at 8 o'clock.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, FEBRUARY 11th
at 2:30 o'clock.

SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 11th,
at 8 o'clock.

Course Tickets for the Three Lectures, with reserved seat, 50 cents. Single Admission, 25 cts. Tickets on sale at Reynold's Pharmacy. 2-6-2t

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,

Worsteds,

Notions,

STAMPING!

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—No. 16 West 2d Street.

P. O. Box 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

GRAND BAZAAR!

OF

St. Mary's T. A. B. Society,

OPENS TONIGHT.

Good Music and Dancing.

ADMITTANCE, - - 10 CENTS.

COMMITTEE—Peter Flynn, John Walsh, Elmore Staats, John Hickey, John Harding, Martin Roth, Thos. Fitzgerald.

AN ENJOYABLE TIME IS ANTICIPATED.

2-3-8

MUSIC HALL!

THURSDAY FEB'Y 9.

Engagement of America's *FAVORITE ARTISTE,*

MAGGIE MITCHELL,

Supported by *MR. CHAS. ABBOTT* and her own *EFFICIENT DRAMATIC COMPANY,* in the beautiful pastoral play entitled

LORLE,

OR THE

ARTIST'S DREAM.

Seats for sale at J. G. Miller's, and Field & Randolph's. Sale open Monday, 6th. Prices, 50, 75, and $1.00. 2-3-td

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

PAYING 7 PER CENT.

ANNUALLY, NEGOTIATED BY THE

HAMILTON LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,

(Incorporated,)

Semi-Annual Coupon Bonds running five years Interest and principal payable at the office of BROWN BROTHERS & CO., N. Y.

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12-21-tf

THE BIG WALK GOES ON.

Twenty-Four Men Only in the Race. Trouble Over the Scoring.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—Considerable dissatisfaction with the scoring at the big walking match in Madison Square Garden yesterday was manifest and in many instances with only too much reason, expressed.

Even Tilly, who alleges that he is a clergyman, was unbibical in his references to the men with the knobs and pencils, and intimated that if they didn't cease to be oblivious to the laps he was making they might as well be in a country that is not designated on the maps used in the public schools. Poor old "Lepper" Hughes, who sidled along in a pitiable condition, found abundant occasion to call attention to the inaccuracies in his score, as did also Sullivan. Little Vint and the Englishman, Cartwright, were of the very few who didn't complain at the scoring, but they had objections to offer to the management. Vint didn't relish having his lower lip split by Dempsey, and Cartwright very plainly said that if he was to be hustled off the sawdust he would walk on top of the fence rather than have his clothes torn by being rubbed up against it.

"The Lepper" was, as usual, in the front rank of the grumblers, and, though he was undoubtedly extravagant in his assertion that he was cheated out of twenty-five miles, any one who watched the very erratic way in which the scoring was performed could well understand how he might have some reason for his accusation.

For his sixty-eighth and sixty-ninth miles he walked eighteen instead of sixteen laps, and in his seventieth mile the lap scorer had to add a lap missed even in it to make it tally with the man calculating the miles. Panchot had only covered seven laps in his seventy-sixth mile when he was given a tally, and Elson's eightieth mile consisted of only six laps. Elson had been keeping a close eye on the scorer, which evidently so excited the latter that he gave him the credit of a lap again for the eighty-first mile, when in fact he was only starting out upon it.

Under the conditions of agreement the following men, who stayed till midnight, will be debarred for being under the one hundred miles score within the first twenty-four hours. Keeshon, Dufrane, Burrell, Atwood and Newhart.

Others dropped out rapidly between 6 and 10, when their score became hopeless.

Catholic Temperance Work.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—The fact is developed that Father Cleary, whose temperance work here for the past two weeks has created a sensation, has resigned the charge of his church at Kenosha, Wis., and will devote himself to a national temperance movement. Bishop Ireland, who is at the head of the movement, has appointed Father Cleary to lead the crusade. Cudahy, a wealthy packer, W. P. Rend, a "coal baron," and many other Catholic layman, have subscribed sums varying from $2,000 and upward to the fund. Bishop Ireland is determined on the fund as an outcome of the declaration of the plenary council that temperance work should be undertaken by the Catholic church and under church control. Father Cleary will go east next week.

Heratlng the Clergymen

ROCKPORT, Ill., Feb. 7.—Mrs. Gouger, a prominent woman's rights advocate, issued invitations to eight preachers in this vicinity asking them to meet and discuss with her the subject at a public meeting, and stating also that a refusal to accept on their part would be construed as a desire to avoid the issue. Yesterday she appeared on the platform at the place of meeting, and placed on the rostrum eight vacant chairs, each one labeled with the name of a minister who had failed to appear. In her address she criticised with much freedom the absentees, and declared that their wives would be justified in refusing to live with them.

Funds for Brave Nebraska Teachers.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 7.—Miss Louise Royce, a school teacher, three of whose pupils died in her arms during the recent blizzard, will lose both feet and a portion of one arm as the result of exposure. Nearly $4,000 has already been contributed to the fund for the teachers, Miss Freeman, Miss Royce and Miss Shattuck, who lost both her lower limbs. Over $3,000 of this amount goes to Miss Shattuck. Indications are that this fund will reach between $8,000 and $10,000 within the next ten days.

Cold Water Men at Work.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 7.—The annual business meeting of the State Temperance Alliance was held yesterday preparatory to electing a prohibition delegate to Wednesday's convention. The Alliance has a strong hold on the Republican party in primaries and nominating conventions. It will demand an amendment to the law making every drug store a saloon.

Iron Ore in Lookout Mountain.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Feb. 7.—There is excitement among capitalists over the discovery of a mammoth bed of iron ore on the eastern slope of Lookout mountain. Experts say it is of the finest grade, and greater than the beds of Birmingham, Ala. Two great blast furnaces and 2,000 coke ovens will be built immediately.

German Drama to Have a Chicago Temple.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—A movement is on foot to erect in this city a theatre devoted to the express purpose of giving a local status to German drama. It will cost $150,000, and its erection will be due to the efforts of Prof. Alexander Strakosch, of Vienna.

Young Kenna Will Recover.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 7.—The boy McKenna, who was supposed to have been fatally shot by Solar Iron Works' colored workers, is likely to recover. No more violence occurred yesterday, but another outbreak is feared by the police.

Artesian Wells of Mineral Water.

OTTUMWA, Ia., Feb. 7.—An artesian well drilled here has struck a flow of 1,200 gallons per minute. Water from another well in the vicinity shows an analysis almost identical with that of the Carlsbad water.

Twenty-four Sailors Drowned.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 7.—A British bark, supposed to be the Abercorn, and loaded with rails, sank yesterday in Gray's Harbor. Twenty-four of the crew were drowned. Two were rescued.

New York Boodler's Building Scheme.

MONTREAL, Feb. 7.—Bismarck Keenan, the New York boodler, has just completed arrangements to erect a block of six cut stone houses on Sherbrook street to cost nearly $100,000.

W. H. Chatfield Escapes.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 7.—When the United States Court met this morning the case against W. H. Chatfield, late director of the [illegible]

AN UNFORTUNATE POSTAL BILL.

Mr. Harris' Theory is That the Service Should Be Self-Sustaining.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—There is a great deal of comment upon the fact that the House has shown sufficient hostility to cheap postage to pass a law which increases by 800 per cent. the postage upon the new form of serial publications and reprints of classical authors, which have become so popular in all parts of the country, and have done so much to increase the popular knowledge of these writers. The point that under this law immoral literature is circulated is invalid, for there are abundant laws upon the statute books to prevent the circulation of immoral literature in any form, if Federal officials do their duty, and the most dangerous literature is not printed in the form which is subjected to postage at the low rates.

No one in the House on either side during the debate chose to state exactly the reason which lies behind the bill. That reason is that the Third-Assistant Postmaster-General H. R. Harris has adopted the theory that the Postoffice Department in all of its branches ought to be self-sustaining, and that the best postal system would be that which would yield a revenue. It is in accordance with this policy that the newspapers were issued, which the department was ultimately compelled to rescind, on account of the tremenous pressure of public opinion.

Mr. Harris has presented to the Postoffice Department figures to show that these serial publications and reprints are carried at a trifling loss, while on most other classes of matter there is a profit. The bill will meet with many obstacles in the Senate Committee on Postoffices. There are a number of members of that committee who do not agree with the theory of the postal service of which Mr. Harris is an exponent. Some of the members insist that the Postoffice Department should be used as an agency to benefit the people, and that if, in doing this, there should be no surplus, the Government, which is now in great distress to prevent further accumulations, should not complain.

The Famine in Turkey.

BOSTON, Feb. 7.—Mr. Judson Smith, Secretary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions has received the following from the Famine Relief Committee at Constantinople: "Adana people are dying from hunger. Our money is exhausted. Shall we stop?" Mr. Smith explains that the famine in central Turkey, resulting from drought and the devastation of ten thousand square miles by locusts is now culminating in death. No relief can come from the ground until about June 10. In January only $18,000 was sent the board for the sufferers, and four times that amount was needed. For the next four months $25,000 at least is necessary. Contributions are urgently solicited. If sent to Langdon S. Ward, the treasurer, at 1 Somerset street, Boston, they will be forwarded.

Brooks Returned to His First Love.

MONTREAL, Feb. 7.—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Dr. Brooks, a musical professor of Boston, who is alleged to have eloped with his former wife, from whom he was divorced ten years ago, after having married a second, whom he has since deserted. W. A. Bowers, of Boston, the lady's brother, arrived here yesterday to institute proceedings against him, saying that his sister obtained a divorce on account of the immoral character of Brooks, who has since, however, again won her affections and secured from her titles to valuable real estate which she possessed in Boston. Brooks left his second wife and children in Boston unprovided for.

A Colored Sailor Rewarded for Heroism.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 7.—The British Government has awarded Frank Bradshaw, colored, employed in a Thirteenth street restaurant, a handsome bronze medal and two pounds sterling for heroism in the Bay of Biscay in 1884. Bardshaw was a steward on the British bark Anabel, commanded by Captain Crimmins, who allowed his crew to leave their sinking craft to get on board the steamship Iberia, which happened to be near. When safe on board the Iberia Bradshaw was the only man who would return for Captain Crimmins, whose vessel was then foundering. Captain Clipportan, the English Consul, will present the medal and money for the Government.

Trouble Among Ice Cutters.

BUFFALO, Feb. 7.—There is trouble here—out on Lake Erie—among the rival ice cutters. There are a hundred men on each side. The men seek to stop each other from harvesting ice. A fight occurred yesterday, and the Superintendent of Police sent out a detail of men. Baker, a proprietor on one side, shot at Morris, a rival proprietor, and killed his horse. The police will remain on duty on the ice till the difficulty is settled. It is probable that the United States authorities may be called upon to intervene, as the locality is beyond the breakwater.

Seven Sailors Picked Up.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—The brig Carib, Capt. Montgomery, which has arrived in port from Truxillo, on January 21, at 10 o'clock in the morning, while near Point Castillo Bar, off Honduras, she fell in with an open boat containing seven of the crew of the Norwegian bark Hans, commanded by Capt. Ericksen. The bark was wrecked while off Serrano Bank. She was on the passage from Hamburg to Aspinwall. The men had been entirely without food or water for four days.

Massachusetts' Constitutional Centennial.

BOSTON, Feb. 7.—Yesterday was the one hundredth anniversary of the ratification of the Constitution of the United States by Massachusetts. Flags were displayed on the public buildings. The New England Historical Genealogical Society held a special meeting in commemoration of the event, at which President Goodell delivered an address.

A Denial from President Sard.

ALBANY, Feb. 7.—Mr. Grange Sard, President of the Stovemaker's Association of the United States said that there is no truth in the despatch published by the New York papers from St. Louis to the effect that the stove manufacturers of the United States have formed a "trust" or are meeting now in Cincinnati for that purpose.

Oil Prince Craig to Be Married.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 7.—Joe Craig, Pittsburg's young oil prince, will be married on Wednesday to Miss Mitchell of White Plains, N. Y., daughter of Winot Mitchell of the Consolidated Petroleum Exchange in New York city.

Forming a Coke Syndicate.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 7.—The coke operators met yesterday afternoon and practically agreed upon the formation of a syndicate to meet again on the 21st inst., to arrange its de[tails].

BECAUSE HE SMOKED.

A Massachusetts Minister Bounced for Using Tobacco.

MENDON, Mass., Feb. 7.—Rev. Mr. Wassail, of the orthodox church here, has been dismissed from his pastorate because of an unpardonable indulgence in tobacco. He administered the gospel in the only church in town to a little flock of worshippers. His salary was only $350 a year, with a not very pretentious parsonage, rent free. Besides this there was an annuity of $200, the gift of the Conference. Rev. Mr. Wassail learned to smoke while at college. He was not an inveterate smoker. As his small salary did not permit the use of the weed in the form of a cigar, he used a pipe, from which he derived much solace, although the practice was indulged in secretly.

His habits coming to the notice of his parishioners Mr. Wassail was called to account at a meeting of the church last week. There were some who recommended the retention of the parson in the church if he would agree to give up his pipe. The majority of the members, however, ruled that his sin could not be forgiven and it was voted to dismiss him.

The Rev. Mr. Wassail is a young man, and as his sermons are strong and original his friends believe he will have no difficulty in finding another pastorate, the members of which are more liberal-minded.

The Canadian Strike.

CORNWALL, Ont., Feb. 7.—There is no change in the situation regarding the strike of the cotton factory operatives. A committee of clergymen and citizens waited on the mill managers, but they refused to make any change in the figures submitted to the operatives. It has been suggested to the operatives that they endeavor to have the provisions of the Ontario Factory Act strictly enforced, as it said many children are employed in the mill under age, taking the places of other persons who would have to be paid more money.

What Hopkins Wants on His Tombstone.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 7.—Benjamin E. Hopkins is completely broken down. He said yesterday that he would not live a year. He wants it known that E. L. Harper is his murderer, and asks that this inscription be placed on his tombstone: "Murdered by E. L. Harper—Benjamin E. Hopkins."

A $200,000 Failure at Danvers.

BOSTON, Feb. 7.—C. G. Warwell & Co., manufacturers of boots and shoes at Danvers, have failed and made an assignment to C. H. Gould, of Boston, and Warren Shaw, of Peabody. Their liabilities are $200,000. Four hundred hands are thrown out of employment.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

A jam of logs in the Susquehanna River near Lancaster, Pa., threatens to cause an ice gorge.

Adam Spear was shot and killed Sunday night at Monticello, Ill., by James Mounce, who waylaid him.

Mason Pell Hembold, convicted at Albany of passing forged checks, is wanted on a similar charge at Boston.

Canadian fire insurance companies allege that the business under present conditions is a losing one. One company is closing and others soon will.

William Summerville, eighteen years old, touched with a piece of iron an electric light wire, at Memphis, Tenn., Sunday night, and was instantly killed.

Thomas Chase, colored, who was stabbed Sunday in Philadephia by his brother-in-law, John Williams, died Monday. Williams claims he acted in self-defense.

Israel Lucas, the absconding treasurer of Angiaize County, Ohio, was held Monday with his wife, at Toronto for examination on charges of bringing stolen money into Canada.

The town farm buildings at East Corinth, Me., were burned Monday with their contents, including thirty sheep. It is believed one of the pauper inmates perished in the flames.

In the Boston Superior Court Monday the trial was begun two suits by H. G. Littlejohn vs. The Litchburg Railroad Company, demanding $20,000 damages each for the killing of his son and daughter, at Deerfield, Mass., April 6, 1886.

The trial of Mrs. Sarah J. Robinson, the "Somerville Borgia," charged with poisoning her brother-in-law, Prince Arthur Freeman, was begun Monday at East Cambridge, Mass. She was tried six weeks ago for the murder of her son and the jury disagreed. There are still seven indictments [against her].

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Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.53, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44, a. m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.32, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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BY MARY HARTWELL CATHERWOOD,

AUTHOR OF "CRAQUE O' DOOM," "STEPHEN GUTHRIE," "THE LONE MAN'S CABIN," AND OTHER STORIES.

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[CONTINUED.]

"But more so now than at some previous date. I offer you my protection. We can be of mutual assistance. You could still teach or find some other congenial occupation, and I could:—assist—: ah—in cultivating your mind. It would be best for you to go away from here, no doubt. I should be at theological school, and for the present we would keep the matter quiet."

"What matter quiet?" inquired Phœbe.

"Our—marriage," replied McArdle, wiping his heated face with a handkerchief he had bought with money borrowed from her.

"Are you asking me to marry you?"

"I apprehended it would scarcely be necessary to explain that," he responded, with asperity.

"But I don't want to marry you."

"Consider what you are saying," impressed McArdle. "I know it may seem a strange proposition to you just now."

"It does," said Phœbe.

"But I mean it, and will take the risks. Only prudence seems to dictate," said McArdle, going over his ground again, "that for the present we keep our own counsel."

"I wish you'd go away," said Phœbe, upon which McArdle stared at her with startled eyes.

He waited in various uncomfortable attitudes while she put on her shawl and prepared to fasten the door. Then, stepping out, he picked his way along by her side, looking at her occasionally with increasing chagrin and indignation.

"I would like to know what I am to apprehend from the last remark you made."

"I don't want you to talk so to me."

"But under the circumstances, surely, Miss Phœbe"——

"Under any circumstances."

"You mean to convey a refusal."

As McArdle tried to ponder the fact his countenance hardened.

"You'll regret it."

"I regret almost every thing which ever happened to me," said Phœbe. "It would be a new experience if I didn't regret this."

"It's very foolish of you," said McArdle, pityingly. "Besides, you are treating me with great cruelty. You have engaged my feelings."

"But under the circumstances, you apprehend, it would be better to conceal that matter," flashed out Phœbe.

McArdle let his lower lip hang pendulous, while his sense of injury grew.

"I won't go any farther with you," he said, pausing. "I won't go up to the house to-night."

"Good-bye, then," said Phœbe.

"You utterly refuse!" meditated McArdle. "Who else, do you suppose, will come out as I have done, waiting for explanations to be made afterwards?"

"You seem to admire your conduct very much," she said.

He keenly glanced at her.

"You are attached to somebody else. I feel it. But it can be nobody but Gurley."

"I said good-bye," said Phœbe, standing taller. There was a thrill of anger in her voice.

"But one moment," insisted McArdle. He took out his handkerchief and wiped one eye after the other, holding a fold of it over his finger point. "When you discard me you are injuring yourself. Poor child! It will never profit you any to cherish these other feelings."

"Why did I never dispise you before!" exclaimed Phœbe, seeming to expand and blaze. "How could I feel a protecting kindness for you and take pleasure in doing you what little services I could!"

"I apprehend," he said, stiffly, "that you allude to the trifling sums I have been forced by an ungenial fate to borrow from you."

"No," said Phœbe, relenting. "I never thought of them. I am a miserable girl, but princess enough in my feelings to make you welcome to what you have had. Only don't speak another word to me to-night." She turned her back on him and ran toward the lawn gate.

McArdle stood with his hands in his overcoat pockets until the air grew dusker around him.

He walked down hill slowly, knowing how Phœbe must shrink at the supper table, how the constraint would drive her upstairs, and how shocked Mrs. Holmes would be if she knew what he had said to Phœbe.

A variety of stings kept him smarting, and he occupied so much time in his sauntering that it was night before he saw the lights of Greensburg.

Gurley turned his mare's head toward the hill road as McArdle passed the Mounds. They exchanged a word, barely distinguishing each other's faces.

McArdle could picture Gurley's horse standing by the Holmes hitching-post. But he could not picture Phœbe looking out at it from her chamber window as she did, and hesitating to answer the caller's demand for herself.

"Oh, the wonder palace!" whispered Phœbe to her unresponsive window-sill, her voice hissing softly through the darkness of the room. "I must put my head into it for a minute and imagine things. I must pretend I am a little happy. In the wonder palace I have always been a girl like Miss Fawcett, and a friend has come to call on me, and I am just trailing down stairs in a long soft dress to meet him—the friend. It is sunny weather, and I have flowers by my waist and in my hair. And now I am just reaching out my hand." She opened her eyes, the wonder palace being shattered by a noise outside. At first it appeared the friend was riding away, as friends so often do outside of wonder palaces; but when he silhouetted himself against the lighter background she saw it was her brother Thane White.

Phœbe threw her window up and penetrated the distance betwixt them with a low but distinct call.

He looked over his shoulder and drew rein. The young mare moved resentfully and kept describing uneasy half circles.

"You are not going to do that," said Phœbe.

"Come down here," he replied, cautiously beckoning.

"If I leave the window you will gallop off. But don't think I'll not tell."

He uttered a derisive hiss.

"I'm open to argument," he replied, "if you're quick."

Phœbe ran silently down the back stairway and approached him. He restrained the plunging animal, and leaning from the saddle struck a match upon his boot and held it to his face.

"See that!" he inquired, indicating a vivid welt across his cheeks and nose. "That's what your daisy in the house gave me as he was riding this way. I put my hand on his bridle and meant to borrow a little brotherly cash. It's your fault all 'round. I've been out along the road the last few days and couldn't raise anything. This horse'll even things, up."

"I'll call for help," said Phœbe.

"Call, and I'll be out of sight before you can draw your breath again. This is a roadster. Tell you what I'll do, though, if you insist. I'll sell you the horse for a hundred dollars. Thorney says you've got a hundred dollars hid away. 'Taint safe to wait, but I'll wait one minute, while you bring out the money."

"Thane, it's no use to tell you Thorney and I are destitute——"

"Not a bit. I don't want this horse particularly, but I must have him or money. You can buy me off cheap this time, and I'll honestly clear. There's a person in this neighborhood I don't want to have see me."

"How many times have you 'honestly cleared'?"

"A good many. But I'm telling you clear truth. It ain't healthy for me here now. So here's a good horse and the equipments thrown in going for less than half price, cash in hand. Run and fetch your money once, run and fetch your money twice"—

"I will," said Phœbe, desperately.

"Down to the gate," he stipulated. "I want a fair start if you're goin' to do any thing mean."

She ran up-stairs, groped in a bureau drawer, took out a sealed envelope and held it up against the window light. Then, setting her teeth she slipped down again.

"Get off," and give me the bridle in my hand," said Phœbe, when Thane reached from the saddle for her envelope.

He laughed, but dismounted, looking suspiciously toward the house. The sitting-room curtains muffled their lamp-light, but Randy's back-kitchen candle flared out on the wood-pile while she washed dishes and soared among the rafters of the tune called Hebron.

"I keep the bridle myself, my lady," said Thane, "till the money's counted out."

Whether Bess at this point utterly rebelled against him, or whether Phœbe frightened her, she reared directly over Thane and flung him by her bridle off his feet. Snort-

SNORTING AND NEIGHING, HE CLATTERED UP THE ROAD.

ing and neighing she clattered up the avenue, bringing Gurley out of the house followed by Tom Holmes, who paused on the step with Mrs. Holmes in the doorway behind him.

"Never mind," called back Gurley. "She'll let me catch her when she gets over her fright. Something's frightened her."

"Likely story!" exclaimed Tom Holmes. "I knew that mare'd have some trick, and now you see she's unhitched herself. Shall I come and help you?"

"No," replied Gurley, laughing. "I won't have you. She's just up here in a corner. Shut the door. Mrs. Holmes will catch cold."

"You better let me help you," repeated Tom Holmes, with merry laziness, withdrawing into the house as he spoke.

"We don't want you rolling about here in our way," responded Gurley. "Ho, Bess; come here," he coaxed, walking towards his favorite, as the closing door wiped its tablet of light from the ground.

But as he approached he traced another figure beside Bess, holding the bridle.

"I have her," said Phœbe.

"You didn't come out for that!" exclaimed Gurley.

"Here she is. Hold tight to her bridle, Mr. Gurley."

"Oh, Bess is no runaway. At least, she wasn't before you put a premium on her capers. I am obliged to her for bringing you down-stairs. May be I've been persecuting you with calls lately.

"No!" said Phœbe, earnestly.

"Not Take my arm back to the house, won't you? There's a harrow or part of an old wagon-bed wrecked hereabouts, and the starlight is hardly strong enough for us to see it. I know the bearings pretty well, though."

"Mr. Gurley, will you do a great, great service for me?"

"Don't you know I would do anything in the world for you?"

"But this is so risky, so dangerous, I ought not to ask it. I want you to take me to Mr. Barker's. I am afraid to stay here!"

"Afraid!" said Gurley. There he stopped, without dwelling even in thought upon the probable cause.

"You are not afraid of Bess, anyhow," he observed, with a slight laugh. "Or her present saddle, either. Will you ride her and let me lead?"

"Oh, thank you."

"Not at all. I assure you. And I know you can mount from the hand. That's it. Are you at all comfortable now?"

"Yes," replied Phœbe. I feel safe already."

"She must learn to walk, and she hates it," said Gurley, as they started, Bess giving an impatient jerk at her rein. I am having a lady's saddle made. Psyche Fawcett offered me hers, but it is hardly modern enough, so I'm having one made according to my notions. You said you'd ride with me. But I scarcely expected we'd set out this way."

Phœbe laughed.

"But I'm glad she hates to walk. When you go home, ride fast. There might be something on the road."

"I *did* have an adventure below here," said Gurley, recollecting. "Some fellow tried the prank of grabbing my bridle, but I marked him, and he'll probably get excused from chapel for a few days."

"What is that by the gate?" breathed Phœbe, shrinking toward the horse's neck.

"Nothing but a bush."

"Oh, yes; I remember."

"Our eyes will soon be accustomed to the dark. I don't believe I know the best route to Barker's. They live off the main road, don't they?"

"Yes, and if we turn into the woods here by the school-house there is a sled road which will lead us."

Into the woods near the school-house they accordingly turned. The night air made a far-away æolian sound among tree limbs, and beyond the Hollow, Guy's dogs could be heard barking at intervals.

Phœbe cowered once or twice again, but the sentinel object ahead of them always proved to be a stump instead of Thane. She glanced backward, suspecting that he had followed them; he had disappeared too soon after Bess overthrew him to be far off. As Gurley's and Bess' feet trod undisturbed ahead, however, Phœbe's confidence returned.

"If you come to harm on my account," she said, "I would not know how to endure it."

"Do you think these woods are full of wolves and robbers?" laughed Gurley. "As long ago as my jacket days they hadn't even a wildcat to make them interesting. Painter is the only monster that is supposed to haunt them now. Have you any wrap on? Aren't you cold?"

"Just a little cold, but I hadn't noticed it myself. I did not stop for a shawl. And what will they think when they find you are gone without any overcoat!"

"They'll think I'm chasing Bess toward her stable," replied Gurley, in amusement. "It was fortunate I snatched up my hat. Here: you must let me wrap this around your shoulders." He halted Bess.

"What is it?" inquired Phœbe, but the gleam of his shirt-sleeves was token enough.

"Indeed, I won't take your coat, Mr. Gurley. Indeed, I will not. If you don't put it on again I'll go back in the dark by myself. It is not a cold night. I don't shiver because I am chilly."

"As you please," said Gurley, throwing it across his arm and moving on. "It does smell of cigars. I feel like a grand woodchopper stalking along this way."

"It wasn't cigars. You know it wasn't cigars. I want you to put it on, please."

"Here," said Gurley, "is a conflict of wills. The fine-tempered but firm inelastic woman's will, and the big brutal man's will. If he gives way he creates a dangerous precedent, and in this case makes himself contemptible."

"It isn't any conflict," said Phœbe. "I'm only begging you to do as I want you to."

"That's the artful way in which the woman's will operates," laughed Gurley. "But I will obey you," he added, with gentle seriousness, "even in this case, because your slightest wish is going to have a life-long power over me."

"No," gasped Phœbe, feeling her heart close its muscles as with a grip.

"Yes. My place is at your bridle rein." He turned his face up toward her, his eyes smiling through the dark, and threw the coat around his shoulders, buttoning it under his chin. "I don't want to be too warm while you are not wrapped at all, though."

"And that's a man's obedience," said Phœbe, in a strange voice, which she could not make playful.

"Yes; his loyal obedience."

They moved forward in silence, save the sound made by walking. Phœbe felt the blood beat in every part of her body. The sheltering woods seemed warmer, having a spice of odorous barks and the breath of the first spring flower in the air.

"I never have been on this path before," said Gurley. "Have you?"

"No, never," breathed Phœbe. "Oh—what am I saying! I have been through these woods *often*."

"I'd like it," he continued, "if we were going straight on to Heaven knows where. Some happy valley, may be. So far as my interest in the matter is concerned the rest of creation may go by the board. This is an unusual ride, isn't it! How keen the starlight is. Two going down to Egypt to escape Herod."

"I feel quite safe from Herod," said Phœbe, rubbing an agitated palm on Bess' neck, "with you. But there isn't any happy valley or pleasant end to this ride. It's a very unhappy valley. And your place is not at my bridle rein."

"The existing fact disperses that statement."

"But I mean any more."

"Now is always the *beginning of* hereafter," said Gurley. "I am here now. Let a stronger man put me out of my place if he can."

"Listen!" said Phœbe, sitting alert. "And don't you see somebody coming yonder?"

As they crunched on, feet approaching them crunched also, and two figures wavered, now together and now apart, as they picked firmer footing about the roots of wayside trees.

Gurley drew a deep breath of regret as he looked up at Phœbe, and she said:

"It's Mr. and Mrs. Barker. I know his voice."

"Whom have we here!" demanded the master, as the parties encountered each other.

"Oh Mr. Barker, I was coming to your house. And you are going away."

"Yes, but you save us a walk, Miss Phœbe. We were setting out to see you. Is this young Gurley? Good evening, sir, good evening."

"Good evening," responded Gurley, carrying his white sleeved hand to his hat in saluting the master's wife. "It's flattering to have a convoy sent out for us. Miss Phœbe has been trembling through the woods, but she ought to feel safe in the heart of a party like this."

"Why, you surely didn't expect to be molested, child?" said Mrs. Barker, with a pang of anxiety in her tone.

"I didn't know," hesitated Phœbe. "Need you go any further now, Mr. Gurley? I can walk; it's but a step. You

"YES, MY PLACE IS AT YOUR BRIDLE REIN."

can ride fast through the woods going back, and watch the dark places along the road."

"He will proceed with us to the house," said Mr. Barker, decidedly.

"Certainly I shall," corroborated Gurley. "You shouldn't turn me off as a bad escort the moment you can better yourself, to encounter dark places along the road and so on."

"You'll have to see the fire," said Mrs. Barker. "It seems as if neither of you has on warm enough things."

"You got my note, did you, Mr. Barker?" inquired Phœbe, as they entered the cleared space and saw the cabin's bay window wavering with pleasant firelight.

"*I* got no note," replied the master, striding in the lead. His wife walked by Bess' right side and held the girl's hand in her woollen shawl.

"But I thought that was why you were coming. I sent you a note and wanted to see you. It was necessary for me to see you."

"We heard tales," explained Mrs. Barker, in a low voice. "And he thought, and I did, too, we ought to go over and see you."

"Then you were coming anyhow—before I told you any thing," said Phœbe, bearing heartily upon Mrs. Barker's hand.

"I got no *note*," the master repeated, changing his emphasis. "But impressions were received. There seems to be a demoralizing spirit abroad." Phœbe knew he was casting a quelling look around the horizon as around a large school-room. "And I considered it was time to investigate, and bring proper authority to bear on the ring-leaders."

"Thank you," said Phœbe.

They came up in front of the house, and she was lifted down by Gurley.

She begged that Bess should be put in the stable instead of tied carelessly to a tree. Therefore the master, carrying the padlock key, piloted Gurley to his log barn, where the cow had her stall and was sighing that low tune cattle seem to breathe to themselves over the cud.

"Orcutt is in bed," said Mrs. Barker, drawing chairs before the fire and shaking away some of the ashes with which she cautiously smothered the boldest flames before starting. "You don't look as pale as I expected to see you, but your eyes are too big."

"I've been stretching them open of nights," said Phœbe. "I haven't been sleeping as peacefully as your boy since we talked here the last time. The log house and all the plans are gone, Mrs. Barker. And much—much worse."

"Never you mind. Wait till he comes in. We didn't believe what we heard, but he's felt it, and you must tell him the whole trouble."

When he came in and threw his army overcoat on the deer-antlers and saw Gur-

HE STOOD AT THE END OF THE MANTEL.

ley placed in his own throne before the fire and Phœbe in the rocker, he stood at the end of the mantel and said:

"Now, Mrs. Barker, we'll have a taste of that root-beer you bottle away for the blood in the spring. My blood has been heated lately and I think it needs medicating. Mr. Gurley, I never had the pleasure of sprouting your jacket, but your father before you has run many a race with me; he was a long-legged, long-winded fellow, and fair in a wrestle. I know something of your stock, and I suppose you wouldn't be where you are to-night if you didn't mean to befriend this young lady."

"I think I've declared my friendship to her, sir."

"Heh!" said the master, keenly interrogative.

"And it's certainly a loss to me that I've never been here before, to cultivate the good will of my father's old friends."

"I didn't mean that," said the master, with massive sincerity. "The generation coming in never runs after the generation going out. But you're welcome for his sake."

Mrs. Barker brought not only the root-beer but a platter of nut-cakes. These she portioned on her flowered plates, and poured the beer into tumblers as heavy as lumps of quartz. This liquid might have been a tap of the very juice then coursing upward everywhere from the earth; it smelled so ripe of wood odors.

"There's all the roots and barks in it," explained the master's wife, "boiled down and strained, and cleared with yeast. And it saves a doctor bill every spring."

"Now, Miss Phœbe," said the master, standing on the hearth with his tumbler held before him and his nut-cakes handy on the mantel, "you're not to feel that you're on trial."

"I want to be put on trial," replied Phœbe, keeping her eyes on the plate in her lap.

"Let her eat her bite in peace first, Ogre," begged Mrs. Barker, pulling a splint-bottomed chair to the corner opposite her husband and sitting down with her own refreshment. "Then she can talk. The poor child, she never came here that she didn't have to stand an examination of some kind."

"I'd rather speak at once," said Phœbe.

"Tell us the rights of it, then, in as few words as you can, but remember you are not going to say any thing which will alter our impressions about yourself."

"I hope not, Mr. Barker."

"Certainly not," he affirmed, coming down with a mastiff-like crunch upon a nut cake.

"It's my older brother who has followed me here. And he is," said Phœbe, with effect, "just out of prison."

"Oh, dear!" murmured the master's wife, "that's worse than Thorney."

"I don't know what I should have done if Thorney hadn't been the boy he is," observed Phœbe, with maternal dignity. Gurley smiled at her.

"Stick to the analysis of the sentence and omit rules and explanations," commanded the master. "Miss Phœbe, what turned this brother to bad courses, and what bearing has his conduct had on your past history?"

"I don't remember when he ever turned to any thing else, and once his conduct bore so heavily on our history that I thought I would end my part of it. It was when I first grew sure—that he meant to make us—worse than he was."

Gurley's great stump chair faced about with a jerk toward the rocker. But Phœbe met the other man's eyes, continuing:

"I could not get out of the trouble that way, though, and leave Thorney. I've lived right ahead."

"Have you no recollection of your parents?"

"Only a glimmer, like fancying you see a star between clouds."

"In order that we may thoroughly understand your position, Miss Phœbe, give us a skeleton outline of what you do recollect."

"I recollect first, Thane's whipping me and Thorney doubling his fists at him. We were in a great many places which seem dim to me. When I was seven or eight years old we lived in Pittsburgh at an orphan asylum. Thane was gone for several years. I knew afterwards he was serving out a sentence. A lady in Allegheny City took a liking to me and had me among her children to help nurse. She got a place for Thorney, too, right across the street, because I was unwilling to be quite away from him. But folks were never so kind to him; and the rude talk he heard stayed in his mind. You can not cultivate Thorney," Phœbe admitted, dropping her sincere glance to the level of Gurley's eyebrows.

"I lived in that family until I was in my teens. They were refined people and taught me almost like a daughter. I don't let myself think their name aloud, I made such a poor return for all their care. Thane came back. I was studying regularly and the lady said I could in time be a governess. But he followed me when I was with the children on the street. He could take Thorney and make a thief of him. I was young and foolish. That was four years ago. I thought we could run off from him, and tried it. Before I really went the children and the children's mother used to look at me so. And the servants whispered behind my back. I guess she was discouraged when she got a hint of Thane, for she said before that Thorney was bad enough. I remembered that when I took Thorney away without telling her. For you see I didn't know then it was useless to run; and I was not convinced until we tried it so many times. We didn't run very far at first. We went into the country to a Dutch farmer whom the asylum matron knew. They made us work hard, but let us go to school in the winter, and the next summer I taught school near by. Thorney kept on working for the farmer and we saved every cent except what we bought clothing with, and it was well we did, for Thane hunted us out. I bought him off that time and had enough money left to bring Thorney and me to this State. I thought if we went to another State he must lose track of us. We went to the Dutch farmer's relatives, and I taught school there and Thorney worked. We staid a year before Thane found us. Every [illegible] he found us he took our mone[illegible]

[To be Continued].

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ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

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W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—The Plainfield Browning Club met in the Chautauqua rooms, last evening.

—Mr. M. Estil's store on Park avenue has been wired for incandescent lighting.

—It begins to look now as if the Winter of 1888 had passed its climax of severity.

—The Central Railroad of New Jersey has seventeen branches, aggregating 394 miles.

—All those who were born on the 29th of February, will be entitled to a birthday celebration this year.

—A coal wagon collided with another vehicle on Park avenue, this morning, and the result was a dished wheel.

—A few of the last edition of the new city directory, are still for sale at the office of its compiler, City Clerk Leonard.

—At this time of the year the farmer can remain at home and quietly enjoy the comforts of his fireside and read the family newspaper.

—Are you square with the printer? How many of our readers can ask themselves this question without a wrench at their conscience? Speak up, brethren.

—The next and the last of the Science Lectures will be given Saturday afternoon and evening. The third of the four Philharmonics will be rendered the 21st inst.

—On Thursday and Friday of this week the National Convention of the Women's Relief Corps will be held in this city. Mrs. Hampton, the National President, will be present.

—The "Y's" will give another social entertainment at their rooms on East Front street, Tuesday evening of next week. Particulars will be announced later, in THE PRESS.

—Prof. Conde, assisted by Prof. Henry Neilson, will furnish delightful music for the Grand Lodge K. of P. entertainment at Reform Hall, on Thursday evening, the 16th inst.

—The Central Railroad officials will make an investigation into the cause of yesterday's railroad accident, and whoever is to blame will probably be "laid off" from duty or expelled.

—"Man's character is determined by his appreciation of woman," is one of the many declarations of truth and wisdom in the Rev. Dr. Talmage's fifth sermon to the women of America, published on our last page today.

—Auctioneer Gillies did not sell the frame house, lot and stable at the corner of Washington avenue and George street, Dunellen, yesterday. The sale will take place on the 15th of Feb., as announced. A fine bargain for anyone.

—The Y. M. C. A. rooms, free to all young men, are open day and evening. Reading room library (for use in rooms), parlor music, amusement rooms well supplied with games. Special privileges to members. Members from other associations are received into full membership without charge, until expiration of their term.

She Won't Go As One of the Seasons.

A society gentleman who had received an invitation to the coming fancy-dress ball at the residence of Mrs. F. O. Herring, announced to his wife his intention of getting up a sort of crazy-work suit out of remnants of calico and cretonne, and going as "Job Lot." He, however, changed his mind when his better-half responded, "Well, I shan't go as Lot's wife; nor do I propose to be, as a pillar of salt, a foil to your freshness."

Has He Confessed?

Private advices from Trenton, received by friends in this city, state that Horace Van Nest, one of the Plainfield fire-bugs now serving out a five-year sentence in State Prison, has made an open confession to the prison officials, exonerating Louis Van Nest, his brother, from all blame. It is also said that by the confession, incendiarism and arson are laid at the door of several other Plainfield men.

The Poetry and Philosophy of Flame.

The few people who braved the wretched weather last night to attend the first of the Y. M. C. A. science lectures, were richly rewarded. In a brief preamble Prof. Richards recounted the various theories which had been held in the past in regard to the nature of combustion, and then defined it as the union of oxygen with any substance capable of being oxidized. He showed that all processes of decay and of rusting, were but slow forms of combustion, and that, if hastened in point of time, they would all yield the visible phenomena of light and heat which are manifest in flame. In the burning of a candle we saw the whole operation of a gas-works; it was, in fact, a perfect miniature gas-plant, and, by a simple contrivance, the gas formed in the interior of a candle-flame was "piped off" and burned at a distance from the candle. The heat of the animal system is sustained by the oxidizing of blood within the lungs, another form of combustion.

After these remarks ensued a series of brilliant illustrations. The hollow form of a gas flame was shown by a striking experiment in which gunpowder enclosed within the cone of flame, remained unignited. The nature of the miner's or Davy's safety lamp was explained. Then followed an exhibition of the singing flames with trombone-like notes; the sensitive flame dancing to the notes of a whistle; combustion of a cold gas by merely impinging upon a cold metal surface; the fierce burning of phosphorous under water by mere contact with oxygen gas; the combustion of gas from water; the beautiful scintillation of steel and charcoal in an atmosphere of pure oxygen; and finally the magical illumination of phosphorous burning in the same element—the "mock-sun," as it is termed. We have not space to name the charming illustrations which rapidly succeeded each other.

The Saturday matinee and evening lecture will be even more brilliant and entertaining. In offering these entertainments at such a trifling cost the Y. M. C. A. is doing a useful work which should receive a more cordial support than has thus far been given. The pupils of our schools especially should avail themselves of Saturday's matinee. Tickets as usual at Reynolds pharmacy.

Wanted—A Public Meeting.

Some sort of legislation must be obtained during the present session to assist the Common Council and the Fire Board out of the latter's complication of affairs and the former's inability and lack of means to assume control of the Plainfield Fire Department.

Assemblyman Ulrich has in his hands, it is said, a half-dozen bills drawn for the purposes outlined above, but which conflict with one another and with themselves. The Corporation Counsel and the Council's representatives approve of one bill, the Borough authorities and their Attorney endorse another, while some are a sort of go-as-you-please laws with provisions more or less operative.

Assemblyman Ulrich, if THE PRESS mistakes not, is "of the people, by the people and for the people." He wants to serve the interests of the entire community, and if a public meeting could be held, open to public discussion and consideration of what is best, Mr. Ulrich would know just what to do.

A Black Sheep Doesn't Soil the Flock.

A correspondent urges us to reply to the attack made upon us by the *Evening (?)* because THE PRESS protested against those who stand on the street corners and curbs, puffing smoke in the faces and expectorating tobacco on the apparel of passers-by.

We must decline. The public understand why the (?) arrays itself in protection of street loafers. Intelligent laborers also understand that because some laboring men are corner nuisances THE PRESS does not mean that *all* are.

Neither because one newspaper man has been fined for similar characteristics, does it imply that other newspaper men are rowdies.

Music That Comes Rather High.

Many weeks ago, we are informed, the W. C. T. U., sought to engage Josef Hoffman, the piano prodigy, for a concert in this city. His price, however, $300, was at that time too high for the Union to see its way clear for any profit. Since then, a date being open in the succession of Plainfield entertainments, the W. C. T. U. wrote again to the manager of the phenomenon, and received in answer the announcement that the price per night was now "two thousand dollars." It is unnecessary to state that Master Hoffman will not have the honor of playing to a Plainfield audience this season.

Sixth Week.

The prayer meetings at Cutter's Hall continue nightly, commencing at 7.30 with service of song. Great good is being done, and the meetings grow more interesting every night, with many converts. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Come early.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Thomas F. McCormick, Law Judge of Union County, was confirmed by the Senate in Executive session at Trenton, last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Maynard will tender an evening sociable, to-morrow, at their residence on North avenue, to a large number of their friends.

Fire Commissioner Wm. H. Brower, who has been confined to his house for some weeks, is improving slowly and will soon be able to be out again.

Miss Franketta Stanford of Middletown, N. Y., is visiting at the residence of Councilman and Mrs. David R. Weaver of Manning avenue in the borough.

Mr. George Titsworth and bride (*nee* Miss Fannie VanHousen) have returned from their wedding tour, and taken up their residence with the groom's parents, West Seventh street.

The latest addition to the *Central New Jersey Times* sanctum, is a handsome new Herring safe. Brother Huntsman of the reportorial staff will lock his valuables in the safe along with the office cat, every night.

Mrs. D. C. Green of Eighth street, fell on the ice yesterday and sustained a severe sprain of the left ankle. She was descending a flight of steps leading from her residence, when the accident occurred. Dr. Hedges is the attending physician.

To-morrow evening at the residence of the bride's parents on Mercer avenue, will take place the last of the "at home" receptions of Mr. and Mrs. Deuse VanVliet. Mr. and Mrs. VanVliet's residence on E. Front street, will be completed for their occupancy by May 1.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Church of the Borough have the honor of being the first of the Trinity Reformed congregation to entertain their pastor and his new bride. Last evening Mrs. Church gave a high-tea at which were present the Rev. and Mrs. Schenck and a few friends and relatives of the hostess.

Mrs. Jennie Milliken, widow of the late John Milliken, died at the home of her parents near Martinville, Monday evening last at 9 o'clock. Deceased had been ailing for a long time past. Funeral to-morrow at 1 o'clock from the house and 2 o'clock from the church. Interment will be made in Bound Brook.

The Fiftieth Anniversary.

On Sabbath Day and Sunday, the 18th and 19th instants, the fiftieth anniversary of the organization of the Seventh Day Baptist church in this city, will be observed by appropriate exercises. Arrangements are making to have the affair crowned with success and to make it a memorable event in the history of the church. Reports on church work will be heard from the various departments, and it is expected that all or most of the three living pastors of the church will be present and make addresses. Those who cannot attend, have kindly consented to send in a communication which will be read at the forthcoming anniversary. A feature of the celebration will be special music by the church choir. Three services—morning, afternoon and evening—will be held on Sabbath day, and two on Sunday.

Voice and Organ In Aid of Muhlenberg.

The members of Anchor Lodge, F. A. M., of this city, have arranged a concert in aid of Muhlenberg Hospital, to be given in the Lodge rooms next Monday evening. The programme is almost entirely of vocal music of the lighter strain—parts first and second, however, commencing with instrumental selections on the very beautiful organ that graces the Anchor rooms, performed by Mr. Lewis H. Moore, formerly of this city. Those who take part in the programme compose the excellent choir of the Central Congregational church, Brooklyn, N. Y.

A limited number of tickets, only, have been placed on sale at the pharmacies of H. P. Reynolds and R. J. Shaw.

Political Meetings.

To-morrow evening in Spencer's Hall, North Plainfield, the U. S. Grant Republican Club of North Plainfield will hold its regular monthly meeting. Propositions for membership will then be in order, and the approaching campaign talked over.

The Democratic voters of North Plainfield Township are requested to meet in Saengerbund Hall on Somerset street, this evening. The association will organize for the Fall campaign, and transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

Credit to Nobody.

The cut of Dr. Vincent published by the *Evening* —— a day after THE PRESS, may have been a good likeness when he was many years younger. But then our back-number contemporary cannot be expected to do credit to anybody, as it is no credit even to itself. In last evening's issue it also fails to give credit to the publication of months ago from which the *Evening* —— copies verbatim a disjointed history of Dr. Vincent's life.

PLAINFIELD VS. NEW BRUNSWICK.

A Prize Fight Between Two Bulldogs Which Resulted in Favor of the Plainfield Dog—The New Brunswick Animal Taken from the Ring Covered with Gore—Betting, Etc.

A prize fight between two professional bull-dogs, took place in a barn about a mile from Bound Brook, early last evening, and was witnessed by about one hundred persons, mainly sporting men from this city and New Brunswick. The dogs were owned, one by a man on East Front street, this city, and the other by a New Brunswick sport. They were about evenly matched, although bets of $20 to $2 were freely offered on the New Brunswick dog. The conditions were for $50 a side, fight to a finish. Early in the evening carriages containing the Plainfield spectators were driven hurriedly along West Front street in the direction of Dunellen, but this attracted no unusual attention. The "Elm Park Hotel," this side of Bound Brook, was selected as the meeting place, and from there the spectators with ropes and other necessary paraphernalia, walked to a barn about a half-mile distant, where the battle took place. The brutes fought desperately for over an hour, and while it lasted it was very exciting. The Plainfield dog, although not the favorite, had the best of the fight from the start, and showed himself to be the better of the two, while the animal from New Brunswick was worsted to such an extent that the owner was obliged to drag him from the ring, covered with gore. Considerable money changed hands on the result, and with a single exception, the Plainfield betters wagered their money on the New Brunswick dog. The Plainfield delegation arrived home before midnight.

He'll Wish He'd Been Interviewed.

A statement appeared in the New York *Evening Post* to the effect that the heir's of the late John Roach have begun suit for $2,500,000 against the United States government for losses in business sustained by the refusal of the government to accept the Roach vessels. A "Plainfield gentleman," whose name was not given, was quoted as authority for the statement.

A pair of active and enterprising reporters—residents of this city and representing the New York *Tribune, Times, Sun, World* and Philadelphia *Press*—traced the source of the statement to the door of Mr. Sinclair Stuart of Park avenue, and were therein admitted by a servant, last evening.

But Mr. Stuart would neither endorse his statement nor decline an interview.

He is reported by the reporters as flying into a rage—calling them everything they are not and anything but the gentlemen they are. Therefore they could only telegraph Mr. Stuart's indisposition to the papers employing them, with his address in New York. For a few days that gentleman's office will be so overrun by reporters, he'll wish he had submitted to a quiet interview at home.

Evangelistic Services.

The W. C. T. U., has secured Mrs. J. T. Ellis, of Flemington, to conduct a series of evangelistic services, in this city, every afternoon and evening of next week. All are invited to come and bring their friends. The places of holding the meetings are announced as follows:

Sunday, 9 a. m., 4 and 8 p. m., Reform Hall.

EVENING MEETINGS.

Monday,.....Trinity Reformed Church.
Tuesday,..... " " "
Wednesday,.....Bethel Mission.
Thursday,.....Hope Chapel.
Friday,..... " "
Saturday,.....Trinity Reformed Church.
Sunday,.....Warren Mission.

Evening meetings commencing at 8 o'clock.
Afternoon Bible Readings, at 3 o'clock,
55 East Front street.

Maggie Mitchell in a Dream.

To-morrow evening Maggie Mitchell again appears in Music Hall, but there is nothing new to be said. She has so endeared herself to Plainfield's public as she has to all others, that even her voice is forgiven and her age forgotten. She appears, however, in a new play, and in a character true to life, vividly realistic, and attractive in every sense. Those who have not seen Miss Mitchell as *Lorle* in "The Artist's Dream," have not seen her in all her best parts of the present day. In the 1st and 2d acts, the Artist and the girl he loves and marrys are real, while during the three intermediate acts they are in a dream.

Placing Them On a Level.

The Elizabeth *Herald* says: "Dempsey, in Jersey City last evening, 'knocked out' the redoubtable McCaffrey. Dempsey is a 'light weight,' and should go to Plainfield, where he has a growing rival in the person of Horizontal Morrison."

—On passing up Front street the other night, a reporter was dazzled by a bright light coming from J. C. Pierson, Jr's new hardware store and thought it was a fire; but on examining he found it to be the light from a Rochester lamp.

Somerset County Teachers' Meeting.

The regular meeting of the Somerset County Teachers' Association was held at the Raritan Public School building, last Saturday. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, there assembled about forty of Somerset's teachers to listen to the interesting exercises which the Programme Committee had carefully prepared for that occasion. The President, Mr. Gains Hoffman, called the meeting to order at 10:30 a. m. After the usual devotional exercises the minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Miss O. C. Bartolette, gave an instructive exercise with a class of pupils in Manual Training, after which an essay on Washington Irving, written by Miss Eleanor Compton, was read by Mr. George A. West; the paper was ably written and the style and character of it displayed the literary taste of the writer. As "spelling" has in the past, and will in the future, hold a prominent position in the Public School training, that subject was treated of by Miss Anna Hudson whose experience in that branch had enabled her to give methods that could not fail to arouse the ideas of all present.

Mr. C. E. Boss, Principal of the North Plainfield Public School, read a paper entitled "A Plan for Literary Exercises." Mr. Boss' superior genius, and broad education, together with his experience as a teacher, enabled him to dispose of his subject to the approbation of the entire Association. Next followed a "Sketch of Horace Mann," by Miss Ginn of the North Plainfield School, The subject was one which every *man* should know more or less about, and Miss Ginn in her clear, terse, original style read a highly interesting production. Last and not least, the President, Mr. Hoffman, spoke upon the subject of "Geography." In his introduction he reminded his hearers that Raritan was only seventy feet above the sea level, and that the faculty of the mind most exercised in the study of geography was the imagination. The speaker alluded to clay moulding and said, if the pupils only tried to excel in *construction*, the teaching was a farce. Teachers should make their pupils see the physical condition of the countries they were moulding, as if they were traveling over them. Mr. Hoffman made the subject particularly interesting and instructive.

The meeting adjourned to meet at Somerville the first Saturday in May.

Entertaining Knights.

The crowded condition of these columns for the past two days, has prevented the publication before of further particulars, as promised, concerning the organ presentation to Good Will Lodge of Scotch Plains. After the ladies had taken possession of the rooms, as told in THE PRESS of Saturday, the festivities of the evening were commenced.

Mrs. James Buckley kindly consented to preside at the organ, where she rendered some very pleasing selections. Mrs. Buckley was then joined by Mr. Joseph Sattels who performed on the violin. Mr. John McNair gave an excellent rendition of "Widow Brady's Piano Fortay," followed by "Ted" Flannery, who brought to mind "Down upon the Suwanee river." Mr. Wm. Trainor sang the comic ditty, "Sauer kraut"—finishing with an enjoyable break-down. This was followed with a duett by Miss Annie Hossinger and Mr. George Polhemus, succeeded with the sweet singing of "Rockaby Baby" by Mr. Flannery and his daughter, Miss Nellie Flannery.

Both the surprise and the entertainment were so great and successful, that nothing of the kind has equalled the enjoyment of the affair in the history of the Plains. Even "Grandma" Flannery who came in with the invaders, was never more happy in her life although able to only join in the smiles of the gathering. That Good Will Lodge is not excelled in good fellowship is evidenced by the fact that so many Plainfielders belong to it, and weekly make their pilgrimage to that Mecca.

January 1888 will be long remembered as a red-letter month in the history of the Lodge. A few weeks ago, as stated in THE PRESS, the Lodge was presented with a superb set of officers' jewels, and now with a handsome parlor organ. Among those present last Friday evening, were:

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hossinger, Mr. and Mrs. John McNair, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schreiner, Mr. and Mrs. John Sheppard, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Drexler, Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Hess, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kitchen, Mr. and Mrs. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. John Bowman, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Moore, Miss Maggie Potts, Miss Meddie Clark, Miss Nellie Flannery, Miss Mamie Waterson, Miss Annie Hissnger.

Almost a Conflagration.

Mr. Isaac Oltman of Elizabeth street, this city, was awakened by the ringing of a bell, a few mornings recently, and on going into the kitchen discovered a fire nestling behind the kitchen stove. The fire which had resulted from an overheated stove, was fast eating its way up the wooden partition to the second floor, when discovered by Mr. Oltman, and his prompt action in extinguishing it, probably averted a serious conflagration.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE

THE SIX DAYS WALK.

Albert Still Leading—Guerrero Only Third.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8, 11.30 a. m.—The score of the walking match stands at this moment: Albert, 285 miles; Panchot, 278; Guerrero, 275; Herty, 270; Hart, 269; Moore, 249; Golden, 249; Strockel, 236; Day, 232; Noremac, 229.

FANWOOD JOLLITIES.

The Four-in-Hand Club Takes a Ride—A Slight Coasting Accident.

The continued cold weather has kept the roads in excellent condition for sleighing, and there are plenty to take advantage of it. It is several years since we have had good sleighing for so long at once. The Baptist Sunday School had a very jolly sleigh ride on Monday afternoon. The principal event of the week in sleighing circles was the straw ride of the Four-in-hand Club one night last week. The Fanwood Literary Society was invited to attend, and the invitation was unanimously accepted. The big sleigh, twenty feet long, drawn by six horses, stopped at Mr. Downer's, at which place the members of the F. L. S. were to come on board. After a slight delay they filed out in spectacles and rubbers, with Browning's Works (Vols. LVI—LXXVII) under their arms. The leader inquired in a sepulchral tone "How doth the muchness?" to which the driver replied "It doth some beans." The Society greeted the Four-in-hands in *Volapuk, and sat down.* The horses started up and then the fun commenced. For Mr. D—— had deliberately and with malice aforethought placed under his *overcoat an immense tin horn—a fog horn,* compared with which the regulation tin horn is as six below zero to Summer heat. It was upon hearing this horn and being threatened with a repetition of the offence that Ruskin, or whoever it was, growled out his famous query, "Is life worth living?" Patrick Henry could only shriek out in despair, "Give me liberty or give me death," and on a like occasion David gave utterance to the passionate longing expressed in Psalm 55, 4-7. That horn was blown at intervals during the night, but except for this nothing very serious happened. There was a short stretch of bare ground, but when the sleigh came to good snow where she could slide, she slode. There were twenty-eight in the sleigh, including the dog, so no one suffered for lack of company. Some one struck up "Swanee River," and everybody joined in; but the sleigh was so long that the people at one end couldn't hear very distinctly what was going on at the other, so the impression prevailed that the song was "Bring Back my Bonnie to Me." Attention was divided between these two tunes, so there was a little confusion. At this point some one brought out a box of ginger snaps; the box went the round of the sleigh and came back empty. Other things of like character met with the same fate. More singing, more horn blowing, and more ginger snaps, and so they went on, right through Plainfield and into Dunellen, at which place it was decided to return. Another sleigh load of, presumably, Plainfielders, was directly behind, and sundry greetings were exchanged. As the sleighs drove around the circle at the Dunellen depot, a cry went up from the Fanwood contingent of Rats! The Plainfielders at once responded R-A-T-S-Rats, M-I-C-E-Mice. Things were going on very quietly when some one called out "Here's a bridge," but at that point a tree cast a deep shadow across the road, so that it was impossible to see what happened next. Two other bridges were crossed during the evening, and strangely enough, something seemed to be the matter each time. The party was almost home, having met with no serious accident, when some one started that horn again. The feeling of despair which this produced was hardly relieved by an attempt at song. Although they declared most emphatically that they weren't going home till morning, till daylight did appear, every one was home by half-past eleven. The Four-in-hand Club is to be congratulated on the success of its straw ride.

The Fanwood Club bowled with the Monday Nights of Westfield at the Club House of the former, on Wednesday last. Fanwood won by a score of 1321 to 1295.

Jersey lightning struck on Spencer's Hill last Saturday morning. A party of boys were coasting down the hill on what is known as a bob, which is simply two sleds connected by a plank. They were rounding the last curve when a horse and sleigh were seen about opposite Hollingsworth's Hill, coming up the hill. The momentum of a coaster at that point is terrific, and of course the boys could not stop. But the sleigh down below did not turn out; one instant of suspense, and the bob came crashing against the sleigh, four boys described four separate and distinct parabolas through the air, the driver of the sleigh felt a dull thud, and the bob went on in its course—alone. The coasters were discovered at various points, imbedded in about two feet of snow, and murmuring, "Where am I." They succeeded in extricating themselves and unless something happened to the sleigh, no very serious harm was done.

SUBURBAN SAUNTERER.

CONGRESS HARD AT WORK

A STRICTLY BUSINESS SESSION IN THE HOUSE YESTERDAY.

The Chaplain in His Prayer Makes Special Mention of the Speaker's Recovery—A Resume of the Business of the Day.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—In his opening prayer in the House yesterday the Chaplain said: "Oh, God, we render Thee our devout and hearty thanks that Thou hast brought back to us our Speaker with renewed health. Increase his bodily strength that he may be equal to the arduous duties of his responsible trusts, and may all the members yield him their sympathy and support in maintaining the dignity, order and efficiency of the House."

The Breckinridge bill for the consolidation of Customs Collection Districts was formally reported by the Ways and Means Committee.

A resolution was adopted calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information whether at the date of the act of 1878 fixing the amount of United States notes at the limit issue of $346,681,000, such amount was actually in existence as circulating medium, and whether any portion of said amount had been at that time lost or destroyed. Also, whether since 1877 there has been any loss or destruction of said notes.

Mr. Rogers, from the committee on Judiciary, reported back a Senate bill in relation to marriage between white men and Indian women. House calendar.

A bill providing for a fourth assistant Postmaster-General was referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Springer, Ill., from the Committee on Territories, reported a bill to organize the Territory of Oklahoma out of the portion of the Indian Territory not occupied by the five civilized tribes. A temporary government is to be formed, with a Governor, Legislature and territorial officers, to be appointed by the President in the usual way. A legislative assembly and delegates to Congress are to be elected in the future upon the President's order. It provides for the opening of land offices in the Territory not to exceed four in number.

Mr. Dorgan, from the Committee on Civil Service Reform, reported a bill to improve the Civil Service law.

Mr. O'Ferrall, of Virgina, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported a bill for the relief of William McGarrahan. Private calendar.

Mr. Compton, of Maryland, from the Committee on Labor, reported a bill to limit the hours of Labor of letter carriers. House calendar.

The resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for detailed information relative to the recent policy of the department in purchasing bonds with the surplus, and the present policy of depositing public funds in a large number of national banks, was adopted.

A bill was passed amending revised statutes providing punishment for defaulting or negligent bank officials, so as to include bank examiners; also, a bill to provide for the recovery of internal revenue taxes and penalties erroneously assessed and paid in certain cases; a bill amending the international revenue laws by abolishing the minimum punishment in internal revenue cases by prohibiting the issue of warrants upon information and belief, except upon information and belief, except upon affidavit made by a collector, deputy, or revenue agent, and authorizing the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to compromise any case under the internal revenue laws.

A bill was passed for the appointment of eleven division superintendents of the railway mail service, at a salary, of $2,500 each. There are now nine superintendents in this service.

A bill was passed relieving from the charge of desertion any appointed or enlisted man in the naval service who can show upon satisfactory evidence that he served until the expiration of his term of enlistment or until the 1st of May, 1865, or was prevented from completing his term of service by reason of wounds received or disease contracted in the line of duty, and who failed to be mustered out. When the charge of desertion is removed, such man, or in case of his death, his heirs shall receive all pay or bounty withheld on account of the charge of desertion. All applications for relief under this act must be filed within five days after its passage.

THE SENATE.

Mr. Platt resumed his speech on the President's message, and consumed nearly the whole session in impugning the motives of the President. He charged that the accumulation of the surplus was a sly scheme of the Democracy to force tariff reduction.

The bill to pension army nurses was favorably reported.

Among the petitions and memorials presented and referred were several from the Women's Christian Temperance Union of various States asking for the abolition of internal revenue taxes on all alcoholic liquors; one against the construction of the Nicaragua Ship Canal, and the usual number for prohibition in the District of Columbia.

Richard K. Fox Arrested.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Richard K. Fox, editor of the *Police Gazette*, was arrested yesterday, charged with a violation of section 400 of the Penal Code, in aiding and abetting prize fighting. The complaint was based on an article published in the *Police Gazette* of Feb. 4, 1888, reading as follows: "A large crowd of sporting men assembled at the *Police Gazette* office recently to witness Patrick Farley, of Brooklyn, and Tom Davis, of Yonkers, arrange a match to fight for $500." The case was set down for the 14th inst. and Mr. Fox was released on his own recognizance.

The Chinese Don't Cut.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 8.—There is war among the laundries of this city. It was begun a few days ago, and they are now washing collars and cuffs at two dozen for one cent and the shirts for two cents each. The Chinese laundries have refused to cut rates. It is thought by some that the fight is a scheme to run the Celestials out.

Dynamite Breaks the Blockade.

BATH, Me., Feb. 8.—The ice blockade between this city and the Woolwich shore was raised yesterday by the liberal use of dynamite. This raises the embargo between the Maine Central and the Knox and Lincoln railroads which has existed since the 27th ult.

Knight Litchman to Be Arrested.

MALDEN, Mass., Feb. 8.—A warrant was issued yesterday for the arrest of ex-Recording Secretary Litchman of the Knights of Labor Assembly at Wakefield. It is alleged that he misappropriated the funds of the assembly.

Greenwald Granted a New Trial.

ALBANY, Feb. 8.—The Court of Appeals has reversed the judgment of conviction of John Greenwald for the murder of Lyman S. Weeks, and sent the case back for a new trial.

THEY ALSO WANT MORE PAY.

Employes on the Pennsylvania East of Pittsburg After an Increase.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 8.—The acquiesence in the demand of the employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad west of Pittsburgh for an increase of wages has encouraged those east that point to make a similar petition to the company, and a committee representing the middle and western divisions of the main line have gone to Philadelphia and expect to have an audience with President Roberts. They will set forth that when a reduction of 10 per cent. was made some time ago it was allowed by the men on the promise that as soon as business improved the old rates of wages would be re-established.

The business of the road is now more extensive and lucrative than at any former period in the history of the corporation; in fact, the company's facilities for handling freight are taxed beyond its capacity, and a condition exists that was never known before. The company has been obliged to avail itself of every siding between this point and Altoona for storing cars that it is unable to move. Heretofore a siding at Elizabeth furnace, near Altoona, has been found adequate to meet this service, but now it has been found necessary to resort to other sidings, and last night twenty trains of seventy cars each were put on a siding this side of that point, and the engines that had hauled them that far were sent forward to move the cars stored at Elizabeth bound westward. All these things, the committee will insist, justify their demand for a return to the old rates, and the company has already indicated a disposition to accede to it. The result of the conference will be known in a day or two, and the employes of the road are confident that it will be in their favor.

Steel for the New Cruisers.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 8.—The Bessemer steel mill of Carnegie, Philips & Co., at Homestead, Pa., will soon be a centre of attraction. It is at these works that the heaviest armor plates are to be made, the new machinery for the work being very nearly ready. The ingots from which some of the plates are to be made will weigh 30,000 pounds, something hitherto unheard of in the history of steel manufacture in this country. The ordinary steel ingot weighs from three thousand to six thousand pounds, the latter weight being considered very great, though within the last year ingots have been cast weighing over ten thousand pounds. The 30,000 pound ingots at the Bessemer are to be each four feet square. They will be cast in sand moulds instead of iron, but are made in the mould pit in such a way that the liquid steel flows from one melting furnace directly into the mould below.

A Strike Compromised.

TROY, N. Y., Feb. 8.—The trouble between the Troy Steel and Iron Company and its employes is practically settled, and the works, except the Albany mill, will start up this week. The men accept a ten per cent. reduction, and the company agrees to the proposition of Mr. Donovan, of the State Board of Arbitration, to refer future differences to a committee appointed annually, half by the employes and half by the company. The Albany mill employes still hold out, but Mr. Donovan addressed them last night, and it is expected that they will accept the agreement made in the other departments.

New Bills Before the Senate.

ALBANY, Feb. 8.—The only bills introduced in the Senate yesterday were these: By Senator Cantor, allowing the American Baptist Home Society of New York to hold property devised to it to the amount of $50,000, and only for the purpose specified; also, including the courts of the First Judicial District among those who are to participate in the benefit of the appropriation for State law libraries; by Senator Reilly, providing that all foreign companies doing business in this State shall pay the same taxes as the home companies.

The Massachusett's Borgia.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 8.—Damaging evidence was given in the Robinson case yesterday. Dr. Davidson thought Freeman died from arsenical poisoning, but found no traces of it. The court allowed evidence of the death of Mrs. Freeman, for which the prisoner was also indicted. Belle Clough testified that the prisoner said that she wouldn't be surprised if something happened to the deceased. Mrs. Robinson attended Freeman in his sickness and gave him all his medicines.

The Quarantine Commission.

ALBANY, Feb. 8.—Prominent Republicans who are managing the quarantine legislation agree that the death of Commissioner Judd does not in any way complicate or change the situation of this question. The vacancy offers the Governor an opportunity to nominate a candidate for the Senate to confirm or reject. Mr. Judd's place was never considered as a feature in the quarantine problem.

A Whole Family Perish in the Flames.

BRADFORD, Pa., Feb. 8.—Monday night fire destroyed the residence of George D. Hill, three miles northwest of Bolivar, N. Y. Mrs. Hill and two small children perished in the flames. The house was heated by natural gas direct from the wells, and it is supposed an over pressure came suddenly, causing the fire. The father is so badly burned that he is not expected to recover.

Cost to Finish the South Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 8.—The terms of the agreement which have been effected by the Vanderbilts, Hostetter and Andrew Carnegie to finish the South Pennsylvania road are that the parties named put up $3,000,000 and issue $10,000,000 of thirty year six per cent. gold bonds. The Vanderbilts take $3,000,000 and the others $1,2 0,000. The work will begin at once.

Masons Meet at Albany.

ALBANY, Feb. 8.—The Royal Arch Masons assembled for the ninety-first convention of the Grand Chapter of the State in the Masonic Temple here yesterday. The attendance was large. M. E. William Sherer, Grand High Priest, read his annual address.

Tube Works Resume Operations.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 8.—The Pittsburg Tube Works have resumed operations in several of the departments. The question of wages remains unsettled for the present, but it is expected that a satisfactory conclusion will be reached.

Physicians in Convention.

ALBANY, Feb. 8.—The annual meeting of the New York State Medical Society was held in the City Hall yestesday. The attendence was unusually large. Professor Loomis read an inaugural address.

Mr. Connery May Be Reappointed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Minister Bragg leaves for Mexico on Feb. 17. He is said to have announced his intention to reappoint T. B. Connery as Secretary of Legation.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 2, 1888.

Adams, Mattie V	Hargraves, Mr Wm
Barron, Miss Lizzie	Kruland, Miss K F
Beckyet, Mrs H	King, Miss Gracie
Cunningham, Mr	Mackey, Miss Lenore
Coleman, Mr Harry	McCaulley, Miss S M
Cables, Miss Rosa	Martin, Mr W W
Camp, Mrs Elken	Osmond, Miss Ella
Davis, Mr Robert	Plunn, W H
Drake, Mrs Frank	Precks Mr Edward M
Eaton, Mrs M G	Rew, Mrs J M
Eggleston, Mr M P	Randolph, Miss S R (3)
Fagan, Mrs Maggie (2)	Schoneuroff, M Johanne
Fitzgerald, Miss Maggie	Thompson, Mr James
Frazee, Mrs Maggie	Weir, Mr Thos
Grey, Miss Mary	Williams Mrs S E
Hermistage, Mrs	Wallis, Mr Thomas
Hitchcock, Mr J R W	Way, Franklin

persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window. Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

MILLIKEN—At Martinville, Monday, Feb. 6th Jennie Milliken, in the 28th year of her age. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, Martinville on Thursday, Feb. 9th, at 1 p. m.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

WANTED—A man to do plain gardening. Must understand care of horse. Address, stating wages wanted. Must have reference. P. O. Box 1598.

MY WIFE BEING ABOUT TO LEAVE MY Bed and Board, I hereby notify all whom it may concern not to trust her in my name. HARRY COUCH, 38 East Fourth street. 2-8-2

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P. V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

TO LET—BASEMENT—North avenue, suitable for barber or shoemaker. Box 902. 2-3-6

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision Streets, furnished or unfurnished: for boarding or private use: in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

TRY THE "O. A. F." CIGAR; MADE FROM the finest Havana filler, without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best 5-cent cigar in the world. 11-16-tf

TO LET—HOUSE IN WASHINGTON PARK; 10 rooms, all improvements. Box 902. 2-3-6

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORR. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO [HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

Parlor Concert!

IN AID OF

MUHLENBERG HOSPITAL,

BY THE

Choir of the Central Congregational Church of Brooklyn, New York,

In Anchor Lodge Room,

[STILLMAN BUILDING,]

Monday Eve., February 13, 1888.

A Limited number of tickets for sale at Shaw's and Reynolds' Drug Stores. 2-8

MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday Evening, Feb'y 14.

A NIGHT OF FUN! First appearance here of the *NATURAL IRISH COMEDIAN,*

DANIEL SULLY,

In his Domestic Play,

"DADDY NOLAN."

Supported by an Excellent Company of Comedians, introducing incidentally, New Songs, Music, Dances, and showing an exact "Working Model of the Great Brooklyn Bridge."

Sale of seats will begin Friday, Feb. 10, at J. G. Miller's and Field & Randolph's Drug Stores. Prices—35, 50, 75 and $1.00. 2-8-6

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,

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Notions,

STAMPING!

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

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Good Music and Dancing.

ADMITTANCE, - - 10 CENTS.

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AN ENJOYABLE TIME IS ANTICIPATED. 2-3-8

MUSIC HALL!

THURSDAY FEB'Y 9.

Engagement of America's *FAVORITE ARTISTE,*

MAGGIE MITCHELL,

Supported by *MR. CHAS. ABBOTT* and her own *EFFICIENT DRAMATIC COMPANY,* in the beautiful pastoral play entitled

LORLE,

OR THE

ARTIST'S DREAM.

Seats for sale at J. G. Miller's, and Field & Randolph's. Sale open Monday, 6th. Prices, 50, 75, and $1.00. 2-3-td

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Corner Front and Somerset Sts.
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Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-10-tf

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WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,

Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,

Gold and Silver Jewelry,

—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

AT DOANE'S,

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J. P. Laire & Co.

SPECIAL SALE,

Parlor Stoves,

Horse Blankets and Robes,

Plush Laps, Sleigh Bells,

kates, Sleighs, Etc.

Will be sold Below Cost!

—TELEPHONE CALL, No. 72.— 10my1

John A. Thickstun,

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All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE. 10-29-tf

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CITY PHARMACY.

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CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

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12-2-tf PROPRIETORS.

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CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL

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DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. The stock of Goods

Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price. 12-2-tf

CINCINNATI'S HARD LUCK

FURTHER DETAILS REGARDING THE METROPOLITAN BANK.

President Means Under Arrest Charged With Misappropriating the Bank's Funds—E. L. Harper Interviewed.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 8.—William Means, president of the Metropolitan Bank, surrendered to the United States Marshal yesterday afternoon. A warrant for his arrest had been issued in the morning charging him with misappropriating $24,000 of the bank's funds. At noon District Attorney Burnet told Mr. Means that he was to be arrested, and that it was the desire of the Government to spare him all the mortification possible in the matter. Mr. Means did not want to have the Marshal come to the bank for him, and he promised to go to the Marshal's office in the afternoon and give himself up. The president came in later and surrendered himself, and was arraigned before United States Commissioner Dorger, and gave bonds for $10,000.

Vice-president De Camp, who was arrested the night before, will go to Washington and endeavor to explain his wrongdoing to the Controller of Currency, and thinks so far as he is concerned, matters can be satisfactorily adjusted.

For two days there had been a heavy run upon the ill-fated Metropolitan Bank. It commenced on Saturday and was continued to the amount of at least $150,000. Even then it might have pulled through, but the bank inspector had run across a strong scent of criminality, and following the trail saw that it was sufficient to cause the arrest of Vice-President De Camp.

The amount of cash in the bank vaults yesterday morning would not be disclosed, but from parties who claimed to know it was placed at $10,000, all in coin. Receiver Armstrong said he was not fully acquainted with the condition of affairs, but remarked:

"It seems to be another case parallel with the Fidelity."

A Government expert who entered the private office at the time of the conversation, presented a whole handful of notes to Examiner Sanders and Receiver Armstrong, who made a remark, the purport of which was that the directors of the Metropolitan had been feathering their own nests quite extensively.

City Treasurer Bohrer said this morning that $100,000 of the city's money had been in the Metropolitan over two years now. It was there on deposit, and was not a loan to the bank. "A few days ago I began to hear rumors of mismanagement at the bank and I then demanded and got collateral security for the city's deposit. I now hold to secure it $150,000 in paper discounted by the bank, which is the same security taken by the associated banks. The city will not lose a cent."

The impression is growing stronger than ever that the December statement was falsified, and that Cashier Edwards may follow his president on the list of Government victims.

A matter that interests thousands of people in this city is the fact that the cashier and assistant cashier are both connected with several building associations that had deposits at the Metropolitan.

E. L. Harper Interviewed.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 8.—E. L. Harper, the former Vice-President of the Fidelity Bank, was interviewed at the penitentiary concerning the Metropolitan National Bank. He said: "That the Metropolitan Bank failure proves something is very apparent. I always considered the Metropolitan crowd my friends, and for ten years I was on Vice-President John De Camp's bond for $25,00. I considered it very strange that none of them came to me, even with bare consolation, when I was arrested. I suppose they were afraid. It was the Fidelity's money that kept the Metropolitan from failing last summer, and when De Camp was temporary receiver of the Fidelity all remittances received by De Camp for the Fidelity were deposited in the Metropolitan and it was this money, some very large amounts, once or twice being $50,000 a day, which kept the Metropolitan afloat. When De Camp gave up the receivership and Armstrong demanded the Fidelity money on deposit in the Metropolitan, that bank nearly failed. It could not give up this money promptly, but finally the Metropolitan folks got together and saved themselves.

"If the Metropolitan bank was so rotten what kept it going?"

"Because the general public did not know what I did, and because the Bank Examiner failed to do his duty. About a year ago Bank Examiner Powell was in Cincinnati, but he did not examine"—this with a contemptuous snap of the finger. "There are a great many more banks in the same fix. I venture to say that nine-tenths of the bankers of the country could be put in prison to-day for these technical violations of the statutes, the same as I was. If it be true," continued Harper, "that the Metropolitan directors speculated in land with the bank funds, and they are tried and the Court applies the same ruling as in my case, every one of them will join me here in prison.

May Appoint a Receiver.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8—The Comptroller of the Currency is now considering the question of appointing a receiver to wind up the affairs of the Metropolitan National Bank of Cincinnati.

Will Amount to Nothing.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—The attempt to make an issue of the employment of non-union men and the use of material manufactured by non-union workmen on the new Auditorium Building, is confined to a very small fraction of organized labor. An obscure assembly of the Knights of Labor passed a resolution to the effect that any candidates nominated by any convention held in that building be "boycotted" by organized labor. This resolution was passed by Local Assembly No. 6,383. An attempt will be made to force a similar resolution through the central organizations, but it is said that the plan will amount to little.

A Flurry in Oil.

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 8.—The oil wells in the vicinity of Wood, Johnston county, are reported as being violently disturbed and to be boiling and bubbling with loud noises. At a distance of eighty yards from the mouth of some of the wells this noise is plainly perceptible. Particularly is this the case at the wells of J. B. Hood and J. W. Rose. The phenomenon was observed ten days ago, and nothing like it was ever known before.

They Are With Us.

TORONTO, Feb. 8.—It appears that Allan, the absconding cashier of the wrecked Central Bank, owed the institution $40,000. Director McDonald's indebtedness is $113,000. Director Barnett owes it $100,000. All are safe across the United States border.

"Petroleum V. Nasby" Dying.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 8.—Dr. Locke, "Petroleum V. Nasby," editor and proprietor of the Toledo *Blade*, is dying.

COMMENTS OF THE PRESS

ON THE GREAT SPEECH OF THE IRON CHANCELLOR.

The Pope's Friendship for Ireland—Why Austria Tried to Hide the Treaty. The English Turf Scandal.

BERLIN, Feb. 8. The *North German Gazette* says that yesterday's manifestations in the Reichstag reflects not only the agreement of the whole German people with Prince Bismarck's policy, but it also testifies to the unity and strength with which they are ready in every way to accomplish their task and act as guardians of the peace.

The *National Zeitung* says, "Prince's Bismarck's declarations against every aggressive war are and will remain the permanent guiding star of the German policy."

The *Deutsches Tageblatt* says that no German ever appreciated the value of the spirits of living in national strength as Prince Bismarck showed that he did.

Prince Bismarck in his speech referred to certain other powers with which Germany has concluded treaties of alliance similar to those between Germany and Austria and Germany and Italy. It is rumored to-day that Spain, Roumania and Sweden are the countries referred to.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 8.—In political and official circles here it is believed that the profoundly pacific tone of Prince Bismarck's speech in German Reichstag yesterday, which agrees with Russia's aspirations, will produce an excellent and tranquillizing impression everywhere.

PARIS, Feb. 8.—Several newspapers say Bismarck's speech is more peaceful in appearance than in reality, and contrast his words with his acts, including the Military Loan bill and the increase of the army. Statesmen express the belief that Germany sincerely desires peace equally with France, but they ask whether Prince Bismarck really serves the cause of peace in proclaiming Germany's military superiority in terms which wound the *amour propre* of other nations and justly Russia's armament.

The *Temps* says it does not doubt the sincerity of Bismarck's endeavors to maintain peace, because peace signifies the continuance of the territorial status quo of Europe. And what, it asks, can Germany desire more? The *Temps* declines to advert to the "superficial judgments" that the chancellor produced with regard to France. They are, it says, unworthy of a great politician. It continues: "The foremost object of Prince Bismarck seemed to be to make Europe aware of the immensity of the military resources that Germany places at the service of her policy of status qua."

The Pope's Friendship for Ireland.

DUBLIN, Feb. 8.—Most Rev. John McEvilly, Archbishop of Tuam, in opening the annual retreat of the clergy in the cathedral at that place yesterday, declared that he was authorized to deny emphatically the rumors that the Pope opposed the legitimate aspirations of the people of Ireland to a distinctive nationality. Never, he asserted, had their been a fouler calumny invented than the report he denied, and not in Ireland, nor in the world, he proclaimed, did a heart beat that was more friendly to Ireland and her people than the heart of Pope Leo XIII.

Why Austria Tried to Hide the Treaty.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—A correspondent of the *Times*, writing from St. Petersburg, says the reason Austria withheld its consent so long to the publication of the treaty of alliance was because she did not wish it to appear that there was a lack of unity between Germany and herself on Bulgarian affairs. While the question is of prime importance to Austria, Germany will not take the same interest that she does; hence a want of harmony which Austria wished to conceal.

The English Turf Scandal.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—The Jockey Club has directed Sir George Chetwynd to bring a suit for libel against Lord Durham on account of the charges the latter made touching the riding of Sir George Chetwynd's horses in various races. After the suit has been concluded the club will refer the matter to arbitration.

Romero May Fight Gen. Cassola.

MADRID, Feb. 8.—An exciting scene occurred in the Chamber of Deputies here yesterday between General Cassola and Signor Romero, who was accused by the former of insulting the army. A duel is likely to occur.

France's Little Revenge on Austria.

VIENNA, Feb. 8.—The French government refuses to take part in the art exhibition here as a reprisal for Austria's refusal to participate in the French exhibition.

A French Politician Dead.

PARIS, Feb. 8.—Georges Braine, member of the Chamber of Deputies is dead.

A REMARKABLE CASE.

Mrs. C. I. Scott Enters Suit Against Her Father, J. C. Wagner, For $20,000.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Feb. 8.—Mrs. Clara I. Scott's suit against her father, John C. Wagner, of Cincinnati, to recover some $20,000 worth of property which she charges him with obtaining by fraud, was called up in Greensburg yesterday on a change of venue from this county. The property in dispute is a brick house, valued at $18,000, of which Mrs. Scott claims five-sixths interest, as well as the same interest in the rental collected since 1868, amounting to $3,550.

The plaintiff claims that in 1868 her grandmother, Mrs. Mary C. Kepple, gave to Wagner $900 to purchase the lot on which the house now in dispute stands, under the condition that he should have it deeded to his wife, her daughter, and the two children, of which the plaintiff was one. Soon after the wife and one child died, leaving the plaintiff alone. Wagner married, and his second wife dying, he married again.

The third wife learned of the girl's interest in the property, and they made life a burden for her. She was locked in the cellar, scantily fed and cruelly worked. Some of her schoolmates discovered her condition and took food to her and finally told their parent. On May 5, 1878, a mob was formed and it was with difficulty that Wagner was escorted to a train for Cincinnati, where he has since lived and where his third wife and her daughter both died in the last two years.

Allowed to Purchase Supplies in Canada.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 8.—Collector Ross has received instructions from Ottawa to allow all American fishing vessels putting into this port for repairs to purchase supplies sufficient for them to complete their voyage. [illegible] Gloucester vessels here registering who will be entitled to take advantage of this.

SKATES!

Club Skates!

Ladies' Skates!

And all other Kinds of SKATES!

Sleighs! Coasters!

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

—AND—

Sporting Goods!

Can be obtained at the new firm of

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.,

At 33 PARK AVENUE.

(*Successors to A. Vanderbeek.*)

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

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That will NOT FADE, CROCK, or STAIN the FEET. Try a Pair of

SMITH & ANGELL'S

Black Stockings, and you will wear no other kind.

The color cannot be removed by acids—in fact washing improves the color.

The dye being vegetable does not INJURE the GOODS.

Every pair warranted as above, and if not found as represented, RETURN THEM and your MONEY will be REFUNDED.

SOLD ONLY BY

Howard A. Pope,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

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R. W. RICE & Co.,

[Successor to Wm. H. Shotwell.]

FINE GROCERIES,

Fruits and Vegetables

IN THEIR SEASON.

North Plainfield, - New Jersey.

CORNER DUER & EMILY STREETS.

1-12-tf

W. MESSERSCHMIDT,

Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing Goods,

23½ West Front Street, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

CLOTHING CLEANED AND REPAIRED.

10-4-tf

GO TO

"ADAMS',"

10 PARK AVENUE,

For PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, WINDOW GLASS, ETC.

Fine lot of

Paper Hangings

IN STOCK.

Orders Taken for Paper Hanging and Decorating.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

7-11-tf

DROP IN

and see for yourself my superior stock of

HATS, CAPS,

AND

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

Also our elegant line of

NECK - WEAR.

A. C. HORTON,

(*Successor to F. A. Pope.*)

NO. 5 W. FRONT STREET.

9-20-y

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE.

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Professional Cards.

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.: 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong.

5-27-tf

WM. K. McCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law.

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.

Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot.

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B. FOSGATE,

Architect,

North avenue, opposite depot.

PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors-at-Law,

Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street.

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O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,

Homoeopathist.

(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.

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CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law.

Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.

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90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.

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Carpenter and Builder.

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work. 9-15-tf

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Carpenter and Builder

OFFICE—4 WEST THIRD STREET,

Shop, South Second St., PLAINFIELD, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

11-22-tf

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[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN.]

CARPENTER and BUILDER.

Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.

JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

C. NIELSEN,

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31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 5-13-tf

THEODORE GRAY,

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Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,

Undertakers and Embalmers.

58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37. Office of Hillside Cemetery.

A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon.

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FORD & STILES,

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and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 29 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44. Personal attendance night or day by GEORGE M. STILES.

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City Express.

Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

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of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

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Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,

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A full line Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

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North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

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39 NORTH [illegible] region. Free burning Coal from the [illegible] region. All well screened and prep[illegible]

8-30 y

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CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON

Best Six Cord,

For Hand and Machine use. For sale by

I. LEDERER.

1-2-6m No. 9 WEST FRONT STREET.

TO-DAY

I WILL COMMENCE A

GREAT MARK DOWN SALE

to clear out most of our Large Stock of

WINTER GOODS,

in order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.

A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT. has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEWMARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.

An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.

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QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-16-t

GEO. D. MORRISON,

FLOUR AND FEED STORE,

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JUST RECEIVED—A full line of POULTRY FOOD, BEEF SCRAPS, BONE MEAL, OYSTER SHELLS, EGG FOOD, ETC. 11-29-tf

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ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.

Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1

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ROBERT JAHN,

Tin and Coppersmith,

Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

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ADMISSION, FREE. COSTS STILL LESS IN PROPORTION TO GET OUT. 10my

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DEALER IN

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OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST.

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J. W. VANSICKLE,

(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all *kinds of*

Fresh and Salt Meats,

etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

R. B. FAIRCHILD,

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21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—8 25-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.22, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00 a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.22, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.05, 3.30, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.30, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44, a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.60, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, *night*.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

FISHER & MONFORT,

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CABINETS, $3.50 PER DOZEN.

All the latest improvements in Photography.

No extra charge for Children or Babies.

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DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city.

8-2-tf

George R. Rockafellow,

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PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER,

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

9-8-t

Howell & Hardy,

Fancy and Staple Groceries,

CHOICE TEA, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Creamery and Dairy Butter,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.,

North Avenue, Opposite Depot,

PLAINFIELD, N, J.

11-26-tf

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves & Ranges,

Cutlery,

Sleigh Bells.

Skates,

13 EAST FRONT STREET,

Next Post Office.

THE END NOT YET IN VIEW.

No New Phases in the Big Miners' Strike. Everything Orderly.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Feb. 8.—There is no new phase in the miners' strike. The company had twelve collieries at work yesterday. There are now al ogether nearly 3,000 men at work for the company. None of the Shenandoah collieries, company or individual, resumed work yesterday, with the one exception of William Penn, where there are 1, 00 men employed. They were unmolested either going or coming from work. The town was orderly all day.

Some arrests have been contemplated at Shenandoah, and warrants are out for a dozen leaders in the riots. The execution of the documents seems to be unnecessarily delayed, and it is doubted whether it would not be better policy, now that quiet seems to be restored, to let well enough alone.

The nearest approach to an outbreak since the battle of Kehley's Run was a demonstration made Monday evening by about a hundred strikers at Tremont. They marched to the outskirts of the town with fife, drum and flag, and when the two men working at Middle Creek Colliery came in surrounded them and, to the tune of the "Rogues' March" and yells of "Scab, scab, scab," escorted them through town. No personal violence was offered.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 8.—The General Executive Board of the Knights of Labor yesterday formally indorsed both the strike of the Reading miners and of the Reading Railroad employes. "We have indorsed both," said a member, "although Mr. Powderly and Aylesworth were absent. Whether or not they will approve of our action remains to be seen. The Reading's employes have grievances as well as the miners, and we, as the head officials of the Knights of Labor, consider it our duty to stand by them.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Speaker Carlisle agreed last night to appoint as the Special Committee on the Reading Railroad strike, Messrs. Tillman, of South Carolina, Chapman, of Michigan, Stone, of Missouri, Parker, of New York, and Anderson, of Kansas. The announcement will be made to-day, and the committee will leave at once for Pennsylvania, to be absent about a month.

American Merchants to be Published.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 8.—One of the worst difficulties the customs authorities have to contend with is undervaluation and fraudulent invoices. It is understood that in view of increasing attempts at fraud, the Dominion Government intends publishing the black list of over one hundred American exporters who have been detected in supplying false invoices to their Canadian customers for customs purpose. This list contains the names of some of the largest exporting houses in New York, Boston, Chicago and other United States cities, which, when published, will create some excitement in business circles on the other side of the line. The United States is also being defrauded.

Allison, the Scout, on Custer's Death.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—The celebrated government scout, Edward H. Allison, was in the city en route to Washington to collect $1,000 due him for accomplishing the surrender of Sitting Bull and his band. He has obtained more facts regarding the massacre than any man in the country. He blames the Indian agents for bringing about the war. Citing instances of their treachery, he says that an agent at the Standing Rock Agency made $50,000 in eighteen months by forging certificates. He declares that Rain-in-the-Face did not kill Custer, as alleged, and that Major Reno was responsible for the massacre.

Local Option in Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 8.—In joint caucus yesterday the Republican members of the State Legislature decided to pass a High License and Local Option law. It has already been introduced, and provides that each county shall vote on the question whether it shall have license or no license, and if it is decided by a vote of the people to have license, the amount paid by each dealer must conform with the terms of the bill. The Judiciary Committee reported the bill Tuesday night, and to-day it will come up on its second reading and be generally discussed.

Declared War Against Saloons.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 8.—The temperance people of this county have taken up the war against saloons again. Under the new act the number of applications for liquor licenses has fallen to 820 from 1,080 last year. The temperance people will file a separate remonstrance against every license and will fight the applications in the courts. They have had men at work copying the names of the bondsmen and signers of the liquor petitions and will challenge many of them as being not duly qualified.

The Police Did Not Interfere.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 8.—While the Salvation Army was parading here Monday evening it was assaulted by a gang of rowdies with rotten eggs, dead cats and decayed vegetables. One girl was knocked senseless by blows. The city authorities leave the army unprotected, because the Mayor and the Chief of Police were recently defeated in an effort to suppress the Salvationists.

Railroads Must Post Time Tables.

DELHI, Ohio, Feb. 8.—J. P. Dehner has sued the "Big Four" railroad for failure to post a shcedule of times of trains. The Ohio law makes the penalty ten dollars for each failure, and the company has neglected it for ten years. The fines, if imposed will aggregate $50,000. Similar suits will be brought against other railroads.

A Prominent Lawyer's Downfall.

BOSTON, Feb. 8.—John C. Crowley, a member of the School Board and President of the Catholic Union, has been found a defaulter to the amount of $75,000. He is trustee for six estates, and misappropriated the funds.

Butchers to Have a Big Barbecue.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 8.—The butchers of this city are arranging for a monstrous barbecue, to be held here next May, as a demonstration against the dressed beef companies. Fifty oxen are to be roasted whole.

The Age of Consent.

BOSTON, Feb. 8.—Petitions and papers were read by the women of the Temperance Union in the Legislature to raise the age of consent from 13 to 18 years. One speaker suggested 25 years as the age.

Debating the Supply Bill.

ALBANY, Feb. 8.—The Appropriation Committee held its first hearing on the Supply bill yesterday, when a number of interested persons were heard on the several items.

Two Generals to Be Retired.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The House Military Committee has decided to report favorably the bills to place Gen. Avery and Gen. Pleasant on the retired list.

"THE VEIL OF MODESTY."

The Fifth of Dr. Talmage's Series of Sermons to Women.

The Story of Vashti, the Queen, and Some of the Lessons Which Every Woman Can Learn From It.

The subject of Rev. Dr. Talmage's fifth sermon in the "Series of Sermons to the Women of America, with Important Hints to Men," was "The Veil of Modesty," and his text, Esther i., xii.: "The Queen Vashti refused to come." He said:

If you will accept my arm I will escort you into a throne-room. In this fifth sermon of the series of sermons there are certainly womanly excellencies which I wish to commend, but, instead of putting them in dry abstraction, I present you their impersonation in one who seldom, if ever, gets sermonic recognition.

We stand among the palaces of Shushan. The pinnacles are aflame with the morning light. The columns rise festooned and wreathed, the wealth of empires flashing from the grooves, the ceilings adorned with images of bird and beast, and scenes of prowess and conquest. The walls are hung with shields and emblazoned until it seems that the whole round of splendors is exhausted. Each arch is a mighty leap of architectural achievement. Golden stars, shining down on glowing arabesque. Hangings of embroidered work in which mingle the blueness of the sky, the greenness of the grass, and the whiteness of the sea foam. Tapestries hung on silver rings, wedding together the pillars of marble. Pavilions reaching out in every direction. These for repose, filled with luxuriant couches, in which weary limbs sink until all fatigue is submerged. These for carousal, where kings drink down a kingdom at one swallow. Amazing spectacle! Light of silver dripping down over stairs of ivory on shields of gold. Floors of stained marble, sunset red and night black, and inlaid with gleaming pearl. Why, it seems as if a heavenly vision of amethyst, and jacinth, and topaz, and chrysoprasus had descended and alighted upon Shushan. It seems as if a billow of celestial glory had dashed clear over heaven's battlements upon this metropolis of Persia. In connection with this palace there is a garden, where the mighty men of foreign lands are seated at a banquet. Under the spread of oak, and linden, and acacia, the tables are arranged. The breath of honey-suckle and frankincense fills the air. Fountains leap up into the light, the spray struck through with rainbows falling in crystalline baptism upon flowering shrubs—then rolling down through channels of marble, and widening out here and there into pools swirling with the finny tribes of foreign aquariums, bordered with scarlet anemones hypericums, and many colored ranunculus. Meats of rarest bird and beast smoking up amid wreaths of aromatics. The vases filled with apricots and almonds. The baskets piled up with apricots, and dates, and figs, and oranges, and pomegranates. Melons tastefully twined with leaves of acacia. The bright waters of Eulaeus filling the urns, and sweating outside the rim in flashing beads amid the traceries. Wine from the royal vats of Ispahan and Shiraz, in bottles of tinged shell, and lily-shaped cups of silver, and flagons and tankards of solid gold. The music rises higher, and the revelry breaks out into wilder transport, and the wine has flushed the cheek and touched the brain, and louder than all other voices are the hiccough of the inebriates, the gabble of fools, and the song of the drunkards.

In another part of the palace Queen Vashti is entertaining the princesses of Persia at a banquet. Drunken Ahasuerus says to his servants: "You go out and fetch Vashti from that banquet with the women, and bring her to this banquet with the men, and let me display her beauty." The servants immediately start to obey the king's command, but there was a rule in Oriental society that no woman might appear in public without having her face veiled. Yet here was a mandate that no one dare dispute, demanding that Vashti come in unveiled before the multitude. However, there was in Vashti's soul a principle more regal than Ahasuerus, more brilliant than the gold of Shushan, of more wealth than the realm of Persia, which commanded her to disobey this order of the king; and so all the righteousness, and holiness, and modesty of her nature rises up into one sublime refusal. She says: "I will not go into the banquet unveiled." Of course Ahasuerus was infuriate; and Vashti, robbed of her position and her estate, is driven forth in poverty and ruin to suffer the scorn of a nation, and yet to receive the applause of after generations, who shall rise up to admire this martyr to kingly insolence. Well, the last vestige of that feast is gone: the last garland has faded: the last arch has fallen: the last tankard has been destroyed, and Shushan is a ruin, but as long as the world stands there will be multitudes of men and women, familiar with the Bible, who will come into this picture gallery of God and admire the divine portrait of Vashti the queen, Vashti the veiled, Vashti the sacrifice, Vashti the silent.

In the first place, I want you to look upon Vashti the queen. A blue ribbon rayed with white drawn around her forehead indicated her queenly position. It was no small honor to be queen in such a realm as that. Hark to the rustle of her robes! See the blaze of her jewels! And yet, my friends, it is not necessary to have palace and regal robes in order to be queenly. When I see a woman with stout faith in God, putting her foot upon all meanness and selfishness and godless display, going right forward to serve Christ and the race by a grand and glorious service, I say: "That woman is a queen," and the ranks of heaven look over the battlements upon the coronation, and whether she come up from the shanty on the commons or the mansion of the fashionable square I greet her with the shout, "All hail, Queen Vashti." What glory was there on the brow of Mary of Scotland, or Elizabeth of England, or Margaret of France, or Catharine of Russia compared with the worth of some of our Christian mothers, many of them gone into glory! or of that woman mentioned in the Scriptures, who put her all into the Lord's treasury!—or of Jepthah's daughter, who made a demonstration of unselfish patriotism!—or of Abigail, who rescued the herds and flocks of her husband!—or of Ruth, who toiled under a tropical sun for poor, old, helpless Naomi! or of Mrs. Adomrain Judson, who kindled the lights of salvation amid the darkness of Burmah!—or of Mrs. Hemans, who poured out her holy soul in words which will forever be associated with hunter's horn, and captive's chain, and bridal hour, and lute's throb, and curfew's knell at the dying day!—and scores and hundreds of women, unknown on earth, who have given water to the thirsty, and bread to the hungry, and medicine to the sick, and smiles to the discouraged—their footsteps heard along dark lane and in government hospital, and in almshouse corridor, and by prison gate! There may be no royal robe—there may be no palatial surroundings. She does not need them, for all charitable men will unite with the crackling lips of fever struck hospital and plague-blotched lazaretto in greeting her as she passes: "Hail! hail! Queen Vashti."

Among the queens whom I honor are the female day school teacher of this land. I put upon their brow the coronet. They are the sisters and the daughters of our towns and cities, selected out of a vast number of applicants, because of their especial intellectual and moral endowments. There are in none of your homes women more worthy. These persons, some of them, come out from affluent homes, choosing teaching as a useful profession; others, finding that father is older than he used to be, and that his eyesight and strength are not so good as once, go to teaching to lighten his load. But I tell you the history of the majority of the female teachers in the public schools when I say "Father is dead." After the estate was settled the family, that were comfortable before, are thrown on their own resources.

It is hard for men to earn a living in this day, but it is harder for women—their health not so rugged, their arms not so strong, their opportunities fewer. These persons, after tremblingly going through the ordeal of an examination as to their qualifications to teach, half-bewildered step over the sill of the public school to do two things—instruct the young and earn their own bread. Her work is wearing to the last degree. The management of forty or fifty fidgety and intractable children, the suppression of their vices and the development of their excellencies, the management of rewards and punishments, the sending of so many bars of soap and fine-tooth combs on benignant ministry, the breaking of so many wild colts for the harness of life, sends her home at night weak, neuralgic, unstrung, so that of all the weary people in your cities for five nights of the week, there are none more weary than the public school teachers. Now, for God's sake, give them a fair chance. Throw no obstacles in the way. If they come out ahead in the race, cheer them. If you want to smite any, smite the male teachers; they can take up the cudgels for themselves. But keep your hands off of defenseless women. Father may be dead, but there are enough brothers left to demand and see that they get justice.

Within a stone's throw of this building there died years ago one of the principals of our public schools. She had been twenty-five years at that post. She had left the touch of refinement on a multitude of the young. She had, out of her slender purse, given literally thousands of dollars for the destitute who came under her observation as a school teacher. A deceased sister's children were thrown upon her hands, and she took care of them. She was a kind mother to them, while she mothered a whole school. Worn out with nursing in the sick and dying room of one of the household, she herself came to die. She closed the school-book and the same time the volume of her Christian fidelity; and when she went through the gates they cried: "These are they who came out of great tribulation, and had their robes washed and made white in the blood of the Lamb."

Queens are all such, and whether the world acknowledges them or not, Heaven acknowledges them. When Scarron, the wit and ecclesiastic, as poor as he was brilliant, was about to marry Madame de Maintenon, he was asked by the notary what he proposed to settle upon Mademoiselle. The reply was: "Immortality! the names of the wives of kings die with them; the name of the wife of Scarron will live always." In a higher and better sense, upon all women who do their duty God will settle immortality! Not the immortality of earthly fame, which is mortal, but the immortality celestial. And they shall reign forever and ever! O, the opportunity which every woman has of being a queen! The longer I live the more I admire good womanhood. And I have come to form my opinion of the character of a man by his appreciation or non-appreciation of woman. If a man have a depressed idea of womanly character he is a bad man, and there is no exception to the rule. The writing of Goethe can never have any such attractions for me as Shakspeare, because nearly all the womanly characters of the great German have some kind of turpitude. There is his Mariana, with her clandestine scheming, and his Mignon, of evil parentage, yet worse than her ancestors, and his Theresa, the brazen, and his Aurelia, of many intrigues, and his Philina, the ter magant, and his Melina, the tarnished, and his Baroness, and his Countess, and there is seldom a womanly character in all his voluminous writings that would be worthy of residence in a respectable coal cellar, yet pictured, and dramatized, and emblazoned till all the literary world is compelled to see. No. No. Give me William Shakspeare's idea of woman, and I see it in Desdemona, and Cordelia, and Rosalind, and Imogen, and Helena, and Hermione, and Viola and Isabella, and Sylvia, and Perdita, all of them with enough faults to prove them human, but enough kindly characteristics to give us the author's idea of womanhood, his Lady Macbeth only a dark background to bring out the supreme loveliness of his other female characters. O, women of America, rise to your opportunity. Be no slave to pride or worldliness, or sin. Why ever crawl in the dust when you can mount a throne? Be queens unto God forever. Hail Vashti!

Again: I want you to consider Vashti, the veiled. Had she appeared before Ahasuerus and his court on that day, with her face uncovered, she would have shocked all the delicacies of Oriental society, and the very men who in their intoxication demanded that she come, in their sober moments would have despised her. As some flowers seem to thrive best in the dark lane and in the shadow, and where the sun does not seem to reach them, so God appoints te most womanly natures a retiring and unobtrusive spirit. God once in a while does call an Isabella to a throne, or a Miriam to strike the timbrel at the front of a host, or a Marie Antoinette to quell a French mob, or a Deborah to stand at the front of an armed battalion, crying out: "Up! Up! This is the day in which the Lord will deliver Sisera into thy hands." And when women are called to such outdoor work, and to such heroic positions, God prepares them for it; and they have iron in their soul, and lightnings in their eye, and whirlwinds in their breath, and the borrowed strength of the Lord Omnipotent in their right arm. They walk through furnaces a though they were hedges of wild flowers, and cross seas as though they were shimmering sapphire, and all the harpies of hell sink down to their dungeon at the stamp of their womanly indignation. But these are exceptions. Generally, Dorcas would rather make a garment for the poor boy; Rebecca would rather fill the trough for the camels: Hannah would rather make a coat for Samuel; the Hebrew maid would rather give a prescription for Naaman's leprosy; the woman of Sarepta would rather gather a few sticks to cook a meal for famished Elijah; Phebe would rather carry a letter for the inspired apostle; Mother Lois would rather educate Timothy in the Scriptures. When I see a woman going about her daily duty—with cheerful dignity presiding at the table; with kind and gentle, but firm, discipline presiding in the nursery; going out into the world without any blast of trumpets, following in the footsteps of Him who went about doing good—I say: "This is Vashti with a veil on." But when I see a woman of unt ushing boldness, loud-voiced, with a tongue of infinite clitter-clatter, with arrogant look, passing through the streets with a masculine swing, gayly arrayed in a very hurricane of millinery, I cry out: "Vashti has lost her veil." When I see a woman struggling for political preferment, and rejecting the duties of home as insignificant, and thinking the offices of wife, mother and daughter of no importance, and trying to force her way on up into conspicuity, I say: "Ah, what a pity! Vashti has lost her veil." When I see a woman of comely features, and of adroitness of intellect, and endowed with all tha the schools can do for one, and of high social position, yet moving in society with supercilliousness and hauteur, as though she would have people know their place, and an undefined combination of giggle, and strut, and rhodomontade, endowed with allopathic quantities of talk, but only homeopathic infinitesimals of sense, the terror of dry goods clerks and railroad conductors, discoverers of significant meanings in plain conversation, prodigies of badness and innuendo—I say: "Vashti has lost her veil."

But do not misinterpret what I say into a depreciation of the work of those glorious and divinely called women who will not be understood till after they are dead, women like Susan B. Anthony, who are giving their life for the betterment of the condition of their sex. Those of you who think that women have under the laws of this country an equal chance with men are ignorant of the laws. A gentleman writes me from Maryland, saying: "Take the laws of this State. A man and wife start out in life full of hope in every respect; by their joint efforts, and as is frequently the case, through the economic ideas of the wife, succeed in accumulating a fortune, but they have no children; they reach old age together, and then the husband dies; what does the law of this State do then? It says to the widow, hands off your late husband's property, do not touch it, the State will find others to whom it will give that, but you, the widow, must not touch it, only so much as will keep life within your aged body, that you may live to see these others *enjoy what rightly should be your own.*" And the State seeks the relatives of the deceased husband, whether they be near or far, whether they were ever heard of before or not, and transfers to them, singly or collectively, the estate of the deceased husband and living widow.

Now, that is a specimen of unjust laws in all the States concerning womanhood. Instead of flying off to the discussion as to whether or not the giving of the right of voting to woman will correct these laws, let me say to men, be gallant enough, and fair enough, and honest enough, and righteous enough, and God loving enough to correct these wrongs against woman by your own masculine vote. Do not wait for woman suffrage to come, if it ever does come, but so far as you can touch ballot boxes, and Legislatures, and Congresses, begin the reformation, but until justice is done to your sex by the laws of all the States, and women of America take the platforms and pulpits, and no honorable man will charge Vashti with having lost her veil.

Again, I want you this morning to consider Vashti the sacrifice. Who is this that I see coming out of that palace-gate of Shushan? It seems to me that I have seen her before. She comes homeless, houseless, friendless, trudging along with a broken heart. Who is she! It is Vashti the sacrifice. O, what a change it was from regal position to a wayfarer's crust! A little while ago approved and sought for, now none so poor as to acknowledge her acquaintanceship. Vashti the sacrifice. Ah, you and I have seen it many a time. Here is a home emplaced with beauty. All that refinement and wealth can do for that home has been done; but Ahasuerus, the husband and the father, is taking hold on paths of sin. He is gradually going down. After a while he will flounder and struggle like a wild beast in the hunter's net—further away from God, further away from the right. Soon the bright apparel of the children will turn to rags; soon the household song will become the sobbing of a broken heart. The old story over again, brutal Centaurs breaking up the marriage feast of Lapithae. The house full of outrage, and cruelty, and abomination, while trudging forth from the palace gate are Vashti and her children. There are homes represented in this house this morning that are in danger of such a breaking up. O, Ahasuerus, that you should stand in a home, by a dissipated life destroying the peace and comfort of that home. God forbid that your children should ever have to wring their hands, and have people point their finger at them as they pass down the street, and say: "There goes a drunkard's child." God forbid that the little feet should ever have to trudge the path of poverty and wretchedness. God forbid that any evil spirit born of the wine cup or the brandy-flask, should come forth and uproot that garden, and, with a blasting, blistering, all-consuming curse, shut forever the palace gate against Vashti and her children.

O, the women and men of sacrifice are going to take the brightest coronals of heaven! This woman of the text gave up palatial residence, gave up all for what she considered right. Sacrifice! Is there any thing more sublime? A steamer called the Prairie Belle, burning on the Mississippi river. Bludso, the engineer, declared he would keep the bow of the boat to the shore till all were off, and he kept his promise. At his post, scorched and blackened, he perished, but he saved all the passengers. Two verses of pathetic poetry describe the scene, but the verses are a little rough, and so I changed a word or two:

"Through the hot black breath of the burning
Jim Bludso's voice was heard,
And they all had trust in his stubbornness
And knew he would keep his word.
And sure's you're born they all got off
Afore the smoke-stacks fell;
And Bludso's ghost went up above,
In the smoke of the 'Prairie Belle.'

"He weren't no saint, but as judgment
I'd run my chance with Jim,
Alongside of some pious gentlemen
That wouldn't shake hands with him.
He seen his duty, a dead sure thing,
And went for it there and then,
And Christ is not going to be too hard
On a man that died for men."

Once more: I want you to look at Vashti the silent. You do not hear any outcry from this woman as she goes forth from the palace gate. From the very dignity of her nature you know there will be no vociferation. *Sometimes in life it is necessary to make a* retort; sometimes in life it is necessary to resist; but there are crises when the most triumphant thing to do is to keep silence. The philosopher, confident in his newly-discovered principle, waited for the coming of more intelligent generations, while men should laugh at the lightning-rod, and cotton-gin and steamboat—waiting for long years through the scoffing of philosophical schools, in grand and magnificent silence. Galileo, condemned by mathematicians, and monks, and cardinals, caricatured every where, yet waiting and watching with his telescope, to see the coming up of stellar reinforcements, when the stars in their courses would fight for the Copernican system; then sitting down in complete blindness and deafness to wait for the coming on of the generations who would build his monument and bow at his grave. The reformer, execrated by his contemporaries, fastened in a pillory, the slow fires of public contempt burning under him, ground under the cylinders of the printing press, yet calmly waiting for the day when purity of soul and heroism of character will get the sanction of earth and the plaudits of heaven. Affliction, enduring without any complaint the sharpness of the pang, and the violence of the storm and the heft of the chain, and the darkness of the night—waiting until a divine hand shall be put forth to soothe the pang, and hush the storm, and release the captive. A wife abused, persecuted, and a perpetual exile from every earthly comfort—waiting, waiting, until the Lord shall gather up his dear children in a heavenly home, and no poor Vashti will ever be thrust out from the palace gate. Jesus, in silence, and answering not a word, drinking the gall, bearing the cross, in prospect of the rapturous consummation when

"Angels thronged his chariot wheel,
And bore Him to His throne;
Then swept their golden harps and sang
The glorious work is done."

An Arctic explorer found a ship floating helplessly about among the icebergs, and going on board he found that the captain was frozen at his log-book, and the helmsman was frozen at the wheel, and the men on the lookout were frozen in their places. That was awful, but magnificent. All the Arctic blasts, and all the icebergs could not drive them from their duty. Their silence was louder than thunder. And this old ship of a world has many at their posts in the awful chill of neglect, and frozen of the world's scorn, and their silence shall be the eulogy of the skies, and be rewarded long after this weather-beaten craft of a planet shall have made its last voyage.

I thank God that the mightiest influences are the most silent. The fires in a furnace of a factory, or of a steamship roar though they only move a few shuttles or a few thousand tons, but the sun that warms a world rises and sets without a crackle or faintest sound. Travelers visiting Mount Etna, having heard of the glories of sunrise on that peak, went up to spend the night there, and see the sun rise next morning, but when it came up it was so far behind their anticipations they actually hissed it. The mightiest influences to-day are like the planetary system—completely silent. Don't hiss the sun!

O, woman! does not this story of Vashti the queen, Vashti the veiled, Vashti the sacrifice, Vashti the silent, move your soul? My sermon converges into the one absorbing hope that none of you may be shut out of the palace gate of heaven. You can endure the hardships, and the privations, and the cruelties, and the misfortunes of this life, if you can only gain admission there. Through the blood of the everlasting covenant you go through these gates, or never go at all.

When Rome was besieged the daughter of its ruler saw the golden bracelets on the left arm of the enemy, and she sent word to them that she would betray her city, and surrender it to them if they would only give her those bracelets on their left arms. They accepted the proffer, and by night this daughter of the ruler of the city opened one of the gates. The army entered, and, keeping their promise, threw upon her their bracelets, and also their shields, until under their weight she died. Alas, that all through the ages the same folly has been repeated, and for the trinkets and glittering treasures of this world men and women swing open the portals of their immortal soul for an everlasting surrender, and die under the shining submergement.

Through the rich grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, may you be enabled to imitate the example of Rachel, and Hannah, and Abigail, and Deborah, and Mary, and Vashti. Amen!

EYES OF THE BEE.

One of the Most Marvelous and Grandest Works of the Creator.

Any one who will take the trouble to examine with a lens the head of a bee will see on either side the large, rounded compound eye, and on the forehead or vertex three bright little simple eyes. The latter are, as their name implies, comparatively simple in structure, each with a single lens. But the compound eyes have a complex structure. Externally the surface is seen to be divided up into a great number of hexagonal areas, *each of which is called a facet, and forms a* little lens. Of these the queen bee has on each side nearly 5,000, the worker some 6,000 and the drone upward of 12,000. Beneath each facet is a crystalline cone, a so-called nerve-rod, and other structures too complex to be here described, which pass inward toward the brain. It will be seen, then, that the so-called compound eye, with its thousands of crystalline cones, its thousands of "nerve-rods" and other elements, is a structure of no little complexity. The question now arises: Is it one structure or many? Is it an eye or an aggregate of eyes? To this question the older naturalist answered confidently—an aggregate. And a simple experiment seems to warrant this conclusion. Puget, quoted in Goldsmith's "Animated Nature, adapted the facets of the eye of a fl—pardon me, fair reader, of a minute aphampterous insect, of the genus pulex—so as to see objects through it under the microscope. "A soldier thus seen appeared like an army of pigmies, for while it multiplied it also diminished the object; the arch of a bridge exhibited a spectacle more magnificent than human skill could perform and the flame of a candle seemed the illumination of thousands of lamps." Although Cheshire, in his book on the bee, adopts this view and supports it by reference to a similar experience, it numbers to-day but few supporters. One is tempted to marvel at the ability of the drone to coordinate twenty-four thousand separate images into a single distinct object. Picture the confusion of images of one who had sipped two freely of the sweet but delusive dregs of the punch-bowl! Under similar circumstances human folks are reported to see double. Think of the appalling condition of an inebriate drone! Those who believe the faceted eye to be one organ with many parts contend that each facet and its underlying structures give not a complete image of the external object as a whole, but the image of a single point of that object. Thus there is formed, by a juxtaposition of contiguous points, a stippled image or an image in mosaic. Hence this view is known as Miller's mosaic hypothesis: Lowne has experimented with fine glass threads arranged like the cones and nerve-rods of the bee's eye, and finds that (even when they are not surrounded by pigment, as are the elements in an insect's eye) all oblique rays are got rid of by numerous reflections and the interference due to the different lengths of the rays. Some modification of the mosaic hypothesis is now generally adopted, and Dr. Hickson has recently worked out with great care the structure of the optic tract which lies between the crystalline cones and the brain.—*Murray's Magazine.*

—The God who made this world will never detach Himself from it nor cease to be its Supreme Ruler; and it can never detach itself from Him, nor cease to be subject to His power and authority. Men may forget God, but this will not change their relations to Him, nor withdraw them from His power.—*N. Y. Independent.*

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THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—Sam Small's coming.

—The coasting in this locality was tolerably good yesterday.

—The usual weekly meeting of the Reform Club will be held this evening.

—On Monday evening next both the Borough and City Councils will meet in adjourned session.

—Valentines both high and low, but at prices only low, are offered in full assortment at Allen's.

—A couple of tramps found lodging in the station house last night. This morning they were started on their journey.

—The B. C. F. Society will meet this evening, and at the close of the meeting a concert will be tendered the members.

—About a dozen members of the G. A. R., of this city, left this morning for Trenton to take part in the encampment there.

—There was an air of Spring and Italian melody on the streets, Tuesday, brought to town by and Italian and a hand organ.

—The Executive Committee of the New Jersey Brewers' Association has distributed a pamphlet entitled "Why we oppose high license."

—The Central Railroad Company has sustained many losses within the past week, on account of wrecks on its main line and branches.

—By consulting our cent-a-word column our readers will find, daily, some interesting news items which do not creep into our local columns.

—Young men interested in athletics are invited to meet the Base Ball nine of the Y. M. C. A., at their rooms this, Thursday, evening at 8 o'clock.

—The season of Lent begins on Wednesday, when devout Catholics will abstain from certain articles of food for the following forty days.

—Alexander Williams (colored), of North Plainfield, now serving out a sentence, assaulted another of the prisoners in the Somerville Jail, yesterday.

—A regular meeting of the Order of American Firemen of this city, will be held in the parlors of Zephyr Hook and Ladder Company this evening.

—St. Valentine's Day will be celebrated on Tuesday. Perhaps the old-fashioned pronunciation ("Chewsday") may be applicable in this leap year of grace.

—The fourth anniversary of the Somerville Reform Club will be held in the Baptist church at Somerville on Sunday afternoon next. Prominent clergymen will make addresses.

—The entire $50,000 capital for the new National Bank at Bound Brook, was subscribed on Monday. A meeting was held Tuesday evening with a view to taking steps for organization.

—The annual meeting of the Somerset County Agricultural Society will take place on the 18th instant. Prof. Cook will deliver an address on "County Boards of Agriculture, and what they can do for farmers."

—In the Orphans' Court at Elizabeth on Monday next, a case of considerable magnitude will be heard. The case to come up for consideration is one of a contested will, and the testimony occupies 1,200 pages of legal cap.

—In these days of enlightenment and silver weddings, it is customary to add the characters "R. S. V. P." on the invitations. This, however, must not be misconstrued as meaning that Real Silver is Vastly Preferred, as one young lady has deciphered it.

—The *Hunterdon County Democrat* says: "'Bock's' beer shop in Plainfield was totally destroyed by fire last Friday a week, and Bock's family had a narrow escape. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss is nearly $5,000. [P. S.—We feel safe in promising the usual supply of 'Bock beer' next May, notwithstanding this disaster."]

Reception to Brides of the Past and a Bride to Come.

A large and brilliant gathering of people filled the residence of Elias R. Pope, Esq., last evening. The occasion was the reception, announced in THE PRESS of last week, tendered three young brides and a coming one, all connections by birth or marriage with the society of Seventh Day Baptists.

At dinner early in the evening, Mrs. Pope acted as hostess of a small party of invited guests consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur L. Titsworth, Mr. and Mrs. John Dunham and Miss Addie Lewis and Dr. Wm. L. Russell. Mr. and Mrs. George B. Titsworth could not be present at both the dinner and the reception following, because the bride has not yet entirely recovered from the illness she has so long suffered. Later in the evening, however, the four couple mentioned united in receiving the congratulations and best wishes of a gay and congenial assemblage.

The entire house was illuminated from top to bottom, the spacious and richly furnished rooms were thrown wide open into one another, and the extensive crowd of church friends was made thoroughly at home by the warm welcome of a generous hostess and the hospitable nature of all surroundings. The choicest of plants from Mrs. Pope's renowned conservatories, were scattered through the main reception rooms, and their brilliancy of foilage and exotic perfume, added to the charm of the scene. In the rooms above, orchestral music, led by Rogers of this city, discoursed sweet harmony that mingled with the low laughter and soft speeches of compliment and graciousness below. Supper was served at ten, and the guests left shortly before eleven.

Advancing the Grace Church Building Fund.

The gross receipts from the concert and reading in Music Hall, Monday evening, was $300; which is most favorable in view of the identical lack of success of all entertainments of the present season. The credit of this success is mostly due to the lady patronesses and the admiration and esteem in which the public holds the stellar attraction of the evening's programme—Miss Maude Agnes Bowers.

The St. Andrew's Society of Grace church, under whose auspices the entertainment was arranged and carried out, labored faithfully and effectively. The Society will net about $125 as its contribution towards the building fund of the church, which is rapidly growing. Those interested feel confident that before many months the first steps will be taken towards the erection of the new Grace church which is to greatly grace the city.

Death of an Old Lady.

Mrs. Julia A. Halstead, an aged woman, died at her home, corner of Fourth and New streets, about two o'clock yesterday afternoon. The deceased was the wife of Thos. J. Halstead, and was in the eighty-third year of her age at the time of her death. She had been ailing for about a year past, but not until Monday was her condition considered dangerous. Apoplectic paralysis is the direct cause of death assigned. The deceased had been a resident of this city for the past eight years, and besides the husband, leaves four children, two sons and two daughters, to mourn her loss. The funeral will take place from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Theodore F. Gambling, on Friday at seven o'clock p. m. Interment at New Brunswick, on the following day.

Adoption Doesn't Enforce.

The height of absurdity was reached when the Common Council proceeded, Monday evening, to adopt an ordinance requiring sidewalks to be kept free from snow and ice to their entire width. There is already "in force" an ordinance that is never enforced, requiring a clean path of four feet. Just a small favor of that sort would have been thankfully appreciated by church-goers of last Sunday evening, who waded through snow, slush and water, that still covered the walks after days of thaw.

New York Getting Anxious.

The sporting editor of the New York *Mail and Express*, says: "The new race track spoken about for Plainfield, N. J., has not as yet taken shape, and, it is probable, will not if the projectors of the scheme succeed in carrying out their designs in Westchester county. I fancy that if we are to have a new race track it will be in Westchester, and not in New Jersey—that is, if the American Jockey Club people are to have anything to do with it."

Repairs to the First Presbyterian Sunday School Room.

The Sunday School room connected with the First Presbyterian church has recently been improved and made more homelike in appearance. Among other improvements made, the floor has been newly carpeted and comfortable chairs have been placed in the room. The Young People's Society of the church is arranging for a sociable in the near future, due notice of which will be given in these columns.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Elder Livermore, pastor of the Seventh Day Baptists of Dunellen, was present at the reception at the residence of ex-Postmaster Pope, last evening.

Ex-Councilman Rowland Cox of West Seventh street, will give a whist party this evening; and Mrs. Cox will give a euchre party to-morrow evening.

The time of year is drawing nigh when the farmer sits up the best part of the night with Mary's little lamb, while the neighbor's son sits up with Mary.

Gov. Robt. S. Green is confined to his home at Elizabeth with another severe attack of rheumatism, and will not be able for a few days to leave his home.

Mrs. T. J. Ellis of Flemington, a lady of acknowledged ability, and an officer of the State W. C. T. U., will address the Reform Club meeting on Sunday evening.

Mrs. J. Edgar Corlies will give a cotillion at her home, "Roadending," Monday night. A large addition to the residence having been just completed, the affair will also partake of the nature of a house-warming.

Mrs. Frank Willetts Runyon, of East Fifth street, received the sad news by telegraph, this morning, of the death of her father, Dr. Wm. Munnelle, late of Wheeling, Va. The deceased expired during yesterday at the residence of another daughter, at Brookville, Ind.

Mr. W. O. Worth of Grove street, North Plainfield, will tender an informal social to his friends and acquaintances, at his residence, on the evening of Monday, Feb. 13. A large number of invitations have been sent out, and a large number of persons will doubtless respond.

The "Evening ——" Wandering Again.

We read in our day-late local contemporary that "The —— was the first paper in the world to acquire the information that the heirs of John Roach, the deceased great ship builder, were about to sue the United States Government for $2,500,000."

Our local back-number contemporary had better stay at home and get along as best it may with such local news as is sent in or may be copied from THE PRESS. The "——" always get lost out of town.

The Roach heirs won't sue the Government for anything of the sort. They already have their hands full in the prosecution of a claim against the Government for $30,000.

The Plainfield *Evening* —— also makes use of its erroneous statement above, to misrepresent the Democratic administration for refusing to use the people's money in the purchase of a ship of war that experts—without regard to party—condemned.

Yet the *Evening* —— unblushing announces itself as "independent" in politics. The intelligent community is the reading public of which there are two classes—those who read understandingly and acquire knowledge therewith, and those who read the New York *Tribune*.

The staff of the Plainfield *Evening* ——, reads the New York *Tribune*.

North Plainfield Democratic Meeting.

The Democratic voters of North Plainfield Township met in regular session in French's Hall on Somerset street, last evening, with President Townsend in the chair. The meeting throughout was spirited and much enthusiasm was manifested. Besides the President, all the other newly elected officers were present. The reports of the standing committees showed the organization to be in a flourishing condition, with encouraging prospects of grand results in the future. The President called for an expression of opinion from the members, and Messrs. E. C. Morse, W. T. Banks and John Bodine responded in a few telling remarks. Each advised that a straight Democratic ticket be nominated with no affiance to any party. The speakers were greeted with much applause. When quiet was restored, an elderly gentleman, apparently unknown to any at the meeting, arose on his feet and after making a general survey of the surroundings, said: "I have voted the Democratic ticket for forty-seven years, and I always expect to. I once lived in a town with 310 voters, seventeen of whom were Democrats. I voted there some time later, when there were 400 voters with a Democratic majority of fifty—all done through hard work and unity." The speaker went on to relate several amusing instances and at the close of his address, he was warmly applauded.

Netherwood Demands Lights.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—The story of a politician's promises prior to election is somewhat ancient, and consequently is well understood. The residents of Netherwood are familiar with the story. Indeed, we know all about it. We have learned by experience. We expect very little and are seldom disappointed. But we would ask through your valuable paper where, oh where, are the electric lights, that were to illumine our streets this Winter. Are we condemned to utter darkness for our opinions, or is it that we receive not because we ask not? LIGHT.

A Leap Year Hop.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, Tuesday evening, a merry party of maids and youths of Plainfield, went to Dunellen on the 9:29 train to enjoy a Leap Year Hop at Maier's Hotel. There were about twenty couple, all bent on having a good time, which began at the depot by the young ladies, who had invited the gentlemen, purchasing the tickets—the gentlemen remaining modestly in the background. On the cars the ladies sat in the outside seats, handing out the tickets to the conductor, the bashful young men being pushed to the window, just to let them see how they liked it themselves. This leap-year reversion of affairs causing much merriment all along the route.

Arrived at the hospitable hostelry, dancing became at once the proper thing to do, and for once in their lives the dauntless lords of creation found they had to wait to be asked. As the young ladies were generous, however, no "wall flowers" were allowed to (dis)grace the sides of the room; all were provided with partners. Just to keep them in practice the gentlemen were allowed two dances, in the course of the evening, in which to choose their own partners. The ladies having assessed themselves for expenses, the gentlemen saw that a bountiful supper was prepared, to which all joyously sat down at 12:30, with great relish for the good things so temptingly spread before them; after which dancing was resumed. On starting the programme partners had been allotted by a dainty apron worn by each gentleman, and a grab-bag of cravats having been supplied, the lady drawing the cravat to match the apron took that gentleman for her first partner, thus gently hinting to proud man that the proper humility of a secondary position was the order of the day for him. The merry party returned by the 3:18 a. m. train in the best of spirits.

It is worthy of notice that during the entire evening the ladies did their duty by "treating to drinks," every few minutes some fair damsel inviting a gentleman to take a soda, and paying for it "like a man."

Exempting Firemen From Jury Duty.

Among the bills considered in the Senate at Trenton Tuesday evening, was Senate bill No. 92, exempting from jury duty any paid or volunteer fireman, after seven years' service. This measure was opposed by Senator Griggs, who thought that too many citizens were exempt already. If the thing continues, he said, only the lame, the lazy and the loafers will be chosen for jury duty. Senator Thompson, the introducer of the bill, favored the measure, but, after a discussion, allowed the bill to lie over until Monday evening.

Senate bill No. 24, which allows $2 per day to grand jurors, was reported on adversely by the Judiciary Committee. Mr. Griggs held that good citizens should be willing to serve on grand juries for honor and not money. The bill, he said, would enable bad men to be selected for grand jurors, and the jury would be in session nearly every day in the year. Senator Edwards favored the report and Senators Rue and Baker opposed the same. The committee's report was concurred in.

The Disagreement of Dr. Tuttle, Dr. Hurlbut and Mr. Jackson.

EDITOR PRESS:—In the course of his remarks at the dedication of "Vincent Chapel," on Sunday afternoon, Rev. Dr. Tuttle alluded to a discussion which had occurred between himself, Dr. Hurlbut and Mr. Jackson as to the meaning of the word "chapel." Dr. Hurlbut gave it a Greek derivation, and Mr. Jackson a French one—from *chapeau*. If I remember rightly, Dr. Tuttle said he could not see the application of the latter. It may appear improbable but I am sure investigation will prove the correctness of Mr. Jackson's hypothesis, as I believe our work chapel is from the French *chapelle*, which is from *capella*—a little hat.

CRITIQUE.

Supper at Dunellen.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Dunellen M. E. church gave a supper in the parlors of the church Tuesday evening. The *menu* included many appetizing dishes, and was evidently relished by those who were served. A beautiful hand-made quilt was disposed of during the evening. The affair was one of general sociability and will result in a financial benefit to the Society.

To be Heard on Tuesday.

Mary Ann Sweeney, the young woman who was committed to the Somerville Jail for grand larceny, by Justice Austin of North Plainfield, on Saturday, and released under $200 bail on the following day, will be arraigned on Tuesday next for a hearing. The occurrence is an unfortunate one, inasmuch as the young woman's parents are spoken of as respectable.

—Assembly Bill, No. 4, giving judges of common pleas courts the right to receive presentments and indictments from the grand jury and discharge that body, is now a law, having been signed by the Governor.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

BEATING THE RECORD.

A Prospect That Albert Will Make 625 Miles in the Six-Days' Walk.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9, 11.30 a. m.—At this hour in the six-day walking match, Albert is ahead of all previous records in the World. The score now stands:

	Miles
ALBERT	395
PANCHOT	384
HERTY	374
GUERRERO	369
HART	345
MOORE	335
GOLDEN	334
STROKEL	317

"The Artist's Dream."

This is the story of *Lorle*—the character to be enacted by Miss Mitchell, at Music Hall, this evening: Lorle is the tiny belle of a Swiss canton, whose beauty and sweet childish simplicity causes a German artist (Reinhart) to fall in love with her. He offers her his heart and hand, she blushingly accepts, and together they gain the father's (Linderhost) consent to the union. After the parents have bestowed the customary blessing, the twain are separated, night draws on, the artist retires to the summer house to smoke a cigar, and, as the curtain goes down, to fall asleep and—dream. The next three acts are a representation of the dream, which reveals the young couple married and in their city home. Reinhart meets Countess Ida, whose hand he has once sought; the smouldering fire is rekindled, duty is trampled upon, and Lorle, his peasant wife, ill-treated in consequence. While at the home of the Countess, the artist finally allows his passion to get the better of his judgment, and a declaration of love to the high-born lady is overheard by Lorle, who becomes insane through great grief. She gradually sinks under the great shock her confiding nature has received, and dies surrounded by the repentant husband, the honest old father, and the ever faithful Barbel. In this death-scene, which is extremely touching, even thrilling, Miss Mitchell displays an emotional element of marvelous yet singularly quiet power. The tableau is one of the most impressive that is ever seen. The opening of the fifth act discloses the sleeping artist once more, who awakes to find it morning and his misery all a dream. He expresses his gratitude to Heaven that it is so, renews his vows to the pretty Lorle, and the curtain goes down on a scene of general festivity.

What Will Happen If He Disturbs the Meeting Again.

During the delivery of his sermon in the M. E. church, last Sunday morning, the Rev. Dr. Tuttle, in speaking of the development of love in the heart towards God, and of its bearing upon his own general character, took occasion to use—as an illustration—the case of a young man he once knew, who was dull, uninteresting, and with no ambition whatever. Although a professing Christian he seemed to make no progress in anything he undertook, but after a while a "kindred spirit" came along which aroused the young man. Love began to develop in his heart, his whole being seemed to have been quickened into a new life, etc. Just at this point, however—the most pathetic passage in the whole discourse—some fellow in the rear of the auditorium, who probably had an idea that he had been there and knew just how it was himself, seemed to "catch on" with both hands—not to the subject under consideration, but only to the illustration by which the preacher sought to bring out the central truth or idea of his subject—and yelled out, "A-men!—A-men! A-men!"

These words were fired right into the left ear of an innocent and inoffensive PRESS man who sat immediately in front of the fellow; and numerous heads in the audience were turned in the direction from whence the noise came. But the preacher was not in the least disconcerted, and went right on and finished his sermon.

It is understood however, that the next time this man makes a disturbance in the same place and manner, a "bouncing committee" of one will assume the responsibility of taking him by the nap of the neck and "piking" him out into the street.

Educational Classes.

Primary and advanced classes in German taught by Rev. F. Koechli (free to members) meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening. The former at 7:30 o'clock, and the latter at 8:30 o'clock. Class in English branches Tuesday's 8 p. m. For information in regard to class in Mechanical Drawing and other privileges of the Association, apply at the Rooms.

Notice.

The Board of Directors of the Middlesex Gun Club will hold a meeting at Force's Hotel next Saturday evening at 8 o'clock for the transaction of important business.

MIDDLESEX GUN CLUB.

Although the weather on Wednesday was anything but pleasant for pigeon shooting, there was a good attendance on the grounds of the Middlesex Gun Club at Dunellen to witness and participate in the shooting for the Club's badge and in sweepstakes. The inclement weather prevailing did not deter from being present such manipulators of the trigger as Uncle Billy Siegler, of Montclair; Gus Manitz and Harry Quad, of Orange Valley; Enoch Miller, of Springfield; Capt. Jones, of New York, and Dickens, Smith, Forrest, Terry and Robinson, of Plainfield. The birds were a strong lot of good flyers, and left the traps with a rush through the blinding snow that sometimes prevailed. Yet, in spite of all this, there were some excellent scores made, as the appended figures show. Forrest was unfortunate in having three birds fall stone dead just at the boundary line, which were scored lost to him. Dickens was also unfortunate the same way. As usual, Charley Smith shot in good form, and retains his grip on the badge. In a former contest Forrest and Miller tied for it on 7 straight birds. In the next shoot Miller killed 6 and Forrest 5, Miller being accorded the honor of winning it once. Charley Smith, the representative of the great German element, captured it with 7 straight. Yesterday he tied Miller on 7 straight, and in the shoot off both killed 7 more each. On account of the scarcity of bird sit was agreed that these two should shoot off their tie for the trophy at the next Club shoot. The absence of a lunch counter on the grounds is sadly felt, as is also the absence of intoxicating liquors to be commended. The Board of Directors will meet on Saturday evening next at Force's Hotel, when arrangements will be made for a grand day's entertainment on the grounds, February 22d, when it is not improbable that Miss Annie Oakley, the world-renowned shooter, will be present and participate. Further particulars after the meeting. Following are the scores:

First Event.

Five dollars entrance fee—Club rules (gun below the armpit; both barrels allowed;) 29 and 30 yards rise; 80 yards boundary; two monies; three live birds each.

Capt. Jones	1 1 1—1 1 1 1 1
Dickens	0 1 1
Day	0 0 w
Siegler	1 1 1—1 1 1 0
Quad	1 0 1
Manitz	1 1 1—1 1 1 1 0

Capt. Jones took 1st and Dickens and Quad, divided 2d.

Second Event—Same terms.

Capt. Jones	1 1 1—1 1
Dickens	1 1 0
Day	0 1 1
Quad	1 1 1—1 0
Manitz	1 1 1—0
Siegler	1 0 1—0

Capt. Jones took 1st; Dickens and Day divided 2d.

Third Event—Same terms.

Capt. Jones	1 1 1
Dickens	1 1 1
Day	0 1 0
Siegler	0 1 1—1 1 0
Quad	1 0 1—1 0
Manitz	1 0 1—1 1 1

Dickens and Capt. Jones divided 1st; Manitz, 2d.

Fourth Event—7 birds each; same entrance.

Capt. Jones	1 1 0 1 1 1 1—1 1 0 0
Quad	1 1 0 1 1 1 1—1 1 0
Siegler	1 1 1 1 0 1 1—1 1 0 0
Manitz	1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Dickens	1 1 1 1 0 1 1—1 1 0 1

Manitz took 1st; Dickens, 2d.

Fifth Event—4 birds each; same entrance; two monies.

Charley Smith	0 1 1 0
Forrest	1 1 1 0
Quad	0 1 0 1
Siegler	1 1 0 0
Capt. Jones	1 0 1 0
Manitz	1 0 0 w
Dickens	1 1 0 1
E. Miller	1 1 1 1
D. Terry	0 1 1 1

Miller took 1st; Forrest, Dickens and Terry divided 2d.

Sixth Event.

Shooting for trophy in Class A. Additional sweepstakes of $5 each. Terry not contesting for trophy, as he was the winner of Class B in last shoot. Three dollars entrance fee. Seven birds each.

C. Smith	1 1 1 1 1 1—1 1 1 1 1 1
Miller	1 1 1 1 1 1—1 1 1 1 1 1
Capt. Jones	1 1 1 1 1 0
Manitz	1 1 1 1 1 0
Quad	1 1 1 1 0 1 1
Forrest	1 1 1 0 0 1 0
Siegler	1 1 1 1 1 1—1 1 1 0
Dickens	1 1 0 0 1 1 1
D. Terry	1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Smith, Miller and Terry divided 1st money in $5 sweepstakes; Quad, Manitz and Jones divided 2d, and Dickens took third. Miller and Smith tieing on seven each, agree to shoot the same off for the trophy at the next shoot, on account of scarcity of birds.

Seventh Event—Same conditions as 5th event. Miss and out on shoot off.

Manitz	0 1 0 0
Miller	1 1 1 1—1 1 1
Capt. Jones	1 1 1 1—0
Forrest	1 1 1 1—0
Siegler	1 1 1 0
C. Smith	1 1 1 1—1 1 1
Quad	1 1 0 1
D. Terry	1 1 0 0
Dickens	1 1 1 1—1 1 1
Robby	0 0 1 1

Miller, Smith and Dickens divided 1st; Quad and Siegler 2d, and Terry and Robby 3d.

DOINGS IN CONGRESS

RIDDLEBERGER GETS ANGRY AND SAYS HARSH WORDS.

Big Appropriation for Public Buildings in Kansas City—Tabulated Statement of the Militia Force of the U. S.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—When the Senate calendar was taken up yesterday for the consideration of bills in their regular order Mr. Riddleberger interrupted with a renewed attempt to secure consideration of his resolution in reference to the British extradition treaty, and created a scene, accompanied by much laughter in the galleries. He declared that he had been unfairly treated; that his resolution was entitled to consideration; that one set of rules applied to him, another to Senators, and that there was a combination to prevent action upon his resolution. He criticized the Chair and snubbed Senators who endeavored to interrupt him until the Chair repeatedly ruled him out of order, and finally directed him to take his seat. Mr. Riddleberger remained standing, and appealed from the action of the Chair. The Chair did not entertain the appeal; but allowed other business to proceed, and Mr. Riddleberger withdrew from the chamber without resuming his seat.

The bill appropriating $1,200,000 for the erection of a public building in Kansas City, Mo., was passed.

The Senate decided to take a vote on the Blair Educational bill at 3 p. m. next Wednesday.

The senate in secret session disposed of the British Extradition treaty by postponing further consideration of it until next December.

The bill for the relief of importers of animals for breeding purposes in certain cases was passed by the Senate, yesterday. It directs the Secretary of the Treasury to omit all duties upon importations of animals for breeding purposes, whether imported for the importer's own use or for sale, and it provides that the fact of such importation shall be sufficient defense in any pending action.

The House passed the bill making bills of lading conclusive evidence. The bill sets forth that whenever any common carrier or its authorized agent delivers a bill of lading purporting to be for merchandise received for transportation from one State to another, such bills of lading in the hands of any bona fide holder, who acquires the same in the course of trade without notice of defect, shall be conclusive evidence that the goods decribed therein were actually received by such a carrier.

A petition was presented asking for a historic investigation of the Icelandic discovery of America.

A huge petition was presented to the House yesterday from the manufacturers of furniture of the United States praying for the reduction of the tariff on French plate glass, and the placing on the free list coal, sponges, burlaps, looking-glass plate, etc.

The Secretary of War yesterday transmitted to Congress a tabulated statement of the militia force of the United States, which shows that at the last returns there were eighty-two general officers, 1,115 officers of the general staff, 1,638 officers of the regimental field and staff, and 5,395 company officers, making a total of 8,211 commissioned officers. There were 18,331 non-commissioned officers, 2,900 musicians, and 71,396 privates, making in all 92,627 enlisted men, and a grand total, officers and men, for the militia force of 100,837 men. The number of men available for military duty, unorganized, is set down at 7,928,368, but in some cases the figures are based upon estimates of the War Department.

Fatal Accident on the Erie.

NEWBURGH, Feb. 9.—A passenger train on the Erie Railroad, due here at 10:40, stopped at Newburgh, and before it could get away again a freight locomotive and caboose came backing down to get its train, with which to go west. It crashed into the rear of the passenger train. There were four men in the caboose, which was broken into kindling wood. Two were killed, Conductor Melvin Quick, and Trainman Eugene Thomas; two were seriously injured, Flagman Wm. Magee and Peter Cooney. All of the men are residents of Port Jervis, where Quick leaves a wife and child.

Royal Arch Officers Elected.

ALBANY, Feb. 9.—The Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of the State of New York concluded its meeting yesterday. The officers elected for the ensuing year are as follows: M. E. William Scherer, Buffalo, G. H. P.; M. E. Richard H. Parker, Syracuse, D. G. H. P.; R. E. J. Leavitt Lambert, Hoosaic Falls, G. K.; R. E. Marvin J. Greenwood, Newark, G. O.; R. E. Herman H. Russ, G. T.; R. E. Christopher G. Fox, Buffalo, G. O.; R. E. Rev. James Bellamy, S. C.

Boston Cigarmakers Win.

BOSTON, Feb. 9.—The backbone of the cigarmakers' strike was broken last night when Allen & Fisher sent for their seventy men and informed them that they could return to work to-day on the Union bill of prices. The strikers are jubilant and feel justified in believing that the balance of the Association will not hold out longer than Saturday night.

Sullivan Wants Patsey Sheppard.

BOSTON, Feb. 8.—Patsey Sheppard has received a letter from Arthur Magnus, of London, written at the request of John L. Sullivan. The champion has sent on for his brother Mike, and wants Mr. Sheppard to go to England and second him in his fight with Charley Mitchell, which Magnus says will take place between March 8 and 12. Mr. Sheppard will probably accept the invitation.

Gambling in the Church Tower.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 9.—It has been found necessary to discharged Joe, the colored sexton of the Walnut street Presbyterian Church, in this city, because he had fitted up the church tower as a poker room, and even so far forgot himself as to indulge with his friends in the enticing game while the congregation was at worship in the church below.

Opium-Smugglers in Jefferson County.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 9.—The United States customs officials have captured $5,500 worth of opium, together with horses and a sleigh, and arrested a smuggler and the livery stable man who accompanied him, at Redwood, in this county, last night. They were taken to Ogdensburg.

A Heroine of the Blizzard.

PLAINVIEW, Neb., Feb. 9.—Miss Louie M. Royce, the school teacher who lay on the prairie all night during the recent blizzard with three of her pupils, all of whom died in her arms, has had both feet amputated.

Two Hundred Knights on Strike.

RANDOLPH, Mass., Feb. 9.—The Knights of Labor, about 200 employed at the boot and shoe factory of George H. Burt & Co., have left work. The trouble was caused by the discharge of an employe.

SHOT DOWN BY BURGLARS

A WEALTHY CHICAGO CITIZEN KILLED IN HIS HALLWAY.

Awakened By Thieves He Surprises Them in His Parlor and is Shot Through the Head and Heart.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—The murder of Amos J. Snell, one of Chicago's wealthiest residents, who was shot down in his own house early yesterday morning, is still the all-absorbing topic.

It was more than four hours before the police knew of the tragedy and when they had once reached the scene they found little to aid them in their search for the murderers and burglars. All they could learn with certainty was that the house had been broken into, that a safe had been ransacked, that the owner of the dwelling had tried to drive off the intruders, and that he had been slain. Several shots had been exchanged and a servant in the upper room had heard the noise of the affray, but from 2:30 o'clock until daylight no effort had been made to warn the authorities of what had taken place.

The police learned, too, that Mr. Snell's course was the third that the burglars had visited in rapid succession. The Snell residence is in Washington Boulevard, at the corner of Ada street, on the west side. It is a substantial structure, and the neighborhood is an eminently respectable one, which, although it is so quiet, enjoys the luxury of a private watchman, as well as the city police. But as it happened the burglars had no trouble from the gurdians of the peace. When the murder was committed there were, besides Mr. Snell and his assassins, four persons in the house.

Mr. Snell went to bed about 10 o'clock, the servants following his example about half an hour later. A little after 2 o'clock Rosa Bergstuyler was awakened by the sound of five or six pistol shots fired at short but irregular intervals. Between the shots she could distinguish Mr. Snell's voice, crying "Get out! Get out!" She jumped out of bed and roused Ida, who was asleep. Both girls crept out into the hall on the fourth floor and listened. They could hear nothing, and no answer was made to their calls. They were much alarmed, and half an hour later they thought they heard a door slowly opened and closed in the lower hall. But they made no attempt to investigate the noise.

Early in the morning Henry Winklocke, the coachman, came to the house to start the fires. He went to the basement door, and found that just above the latch an oblong block was cut out of the door and through this a burglar's hand had been inserted and the bolt pushed back with ease. The door stood partly ajar. The coachman entered and passed through the inside hall to the front room in the basement which Mr. Snell used as his office. Here he saw that the safe had been ransacked while the floor was strewn and littered with papers. Winklocke ran to the hallway on the parlor floor, where he stumbled and almost fell over the dead body of his employer, who lay there cold and rigid. His revolver was lying on the floor about six inches from his shoulder. It had five chambers. Four were filled and one was empty.

There was a bullet wound in his head and another in his heart. His white night garment was stained with his blood. Blood also had run down into little pools on the floor. Winklocke dashed up stairs. He roused the servants, telling them that Mr. Snell had been murdered, and was lying dead in the hall.

An examination of the premises revealed the manner in which the killing had been done. By means of a chisel the burglars had broken open the doors and secreted themselves in the parlor. On hearing Mr. Snell descend the staircase, for the noise they made opening the doors had evidently awakened him, they had shut the doors and taken refuge behind them. This was after they had opened the safe in the basement office. Coming down with his loaded revolver Mr. Snell discovered the presence of the thieves. He shouted to them to get out, and fired a shot through a panel in the door. The bullet lodged in the wall on the opposite side of the room, passing through a silk decoration hanging there. Two other bullet holes were in the door, having been fired from the inside by the intruders, one of the bullets lodging in the opposite wall of the hallway on a range with the stair rail.

Then it appeared that Mr. Snell had attempted to force open the doors, when another shot was fired from within, plowing a small furrow in the edge of one door as it swung ajar, and probably entering his body. While he was reeling and staggering along the hall from this fatal wound the assassins must have stepped out and sent another bullet crashing through his brain. Mr. Snell's death was as near instantaneous as it was possible to be. The assassin and his accomplices then walked out of the house as they came and made their escape, taking their booty with them and leaving no trace behind. Detectives worked all day in the case and arrested suspicious characters on a wholesale scale. Two men, John Burke and Frank Walters, were arrested yesterday morning in that neighborhood, armed with a chisel and a revolver, but they declare that they know nothing of the murder.

Detectives also discovered that the thieves had visited two houses near Mr. Snell's earlier in the night, but that they had been driven away. Chief Ebersold said last night that the department was doing its best to discover the culprits. He believes the job was one of expert burglars. Lieut. Henshaw, Chief of Detectives, says that he has no promising clue yet. His theory is that there were two men who entered the house, and that they got out of town as soon as possible after the shooting.

The burglars secured $2,000 in county warrants, two notes on the First National Bank for $250 each, and some bonds, the value of which is unknown. Payment on these has been stopped as far as possible.

Canada Will Furnish a Sensation.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 9.—One of the biggest sensations the Dominion has had for a long time is to be ventilated in a few weeks before the Supreme Court here. Penal action has been entered against Sir Adolph Caron, Minister of Militia, who is charged with bribery in securing his last election. The Canadian laws are very severe on this point.

In Canada and Ohio Wants Him.

TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 9.—Sheriff Shulanberg and several witnesses arrived here last night from Wapukoneta, Ohio. They will give evidence against Israel Lucan, the absconding Auglaize County Treasurer. A charge of forgery and an effort to extradite Lucan will likely be made.

Could Attend to Her Own Affairs.

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 9.—Members of the Womans' Christian Temperance Union asked Maria Parloa not to use liquor in her cooking recipes. She replied that she was capable of attending to her own affairs.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 2, 1888.

Adams, Mattie V	Hargraves, Mr Wm
Barron, Miss Lizzie	Kruland, Miss K F
Beckyet, Mrs H	King, Miss Gracie
Cunningham, Mr	Mackey, Miss Lenore
Coleman, Mr Harry	McCaulley, Miss S M
Cables, Miss Rosa	Martin, Mr W W
Camp, Mrs Elliza	Osmond, Miss Ella
Davis, Mr Robert	Plumn, W H
Drake, Mrs Frank	Precks, Mr Edward M
Eaton, Mrs M G	Rew, Mrs J M
Eggleston, Mr M P	Randolph, Miss S R (3)
Fagan, Mrs Maggie (2)	Schoneuroff, M Johanne
Fitzgerald, Miss Maggie	Thompson, Mr James
Frazee, Mrs Maggie	Weir, Mr Thos
Grey, Miss Mary	Williams, Mrs S B
Hermistage, Mrs	Wallis, Mr Thomas
Hitchcock, Mr J R W	Way, Franklin

persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7:30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

HALSTEAD—In this city, Feb. 8, 1888, of apoplectic paralysis, Mrs. Julia A. Halstead, aged 82 years, 1 day.

Service on Friday, at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Theo. F. Gambling, 4th and New streets, at 7:30 p. m. Her remains will be taken to New Brunswick on Saturday for interment. New Brunswick papers please copy.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

LOST—January 29th, Red Irish Setter, with black points. Was lame in one hind leg. Reward by returning to A. M. Vanderbeek & Co., 33 Park ave.

MY WIFE BEING ABOUT TO LEAVE MY Bed and Board, I hereby notify all whom it may concern not to trust her in my name. HARRY COUCH, 38 East Fourth street. 2-8-2

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good references and bond required. P. V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

TO LET—BASEMENT—North avenue, suitable for barber or shoemaker. Box 202. 2-3-6

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. BOSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use: in good order: all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

TRY THE "O. A. F." CIGAR: MADE FROM the finest Havana filler, without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best 5-cent cigar in the world. 11-16-tf

TO LET—HOUSE IN WASHINGTON PARK: 10 rooms, all improvements. Box 902. 2-3-6

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORB. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" lever. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 102 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my29tf

MUSIC HALL!
TO-NIGHT!

Engagement of America's *FAVORITE ARTISTE*,
MAGGIE MITCHELL,
Supported by *MR. CHAS. ABBOTT* and her own *EFFICIENT DRAMATIC COMPANY*, in the beautiful pastoral play entitled
LORLE,
OR THE
ARTIST'S DREAM.

Seats for sale at J. G. Miller's, and Field & Randolph's. Sale open Monday, 6th. Prices, 50, 75, and $1.00. 2-3-tf

--No. 8--
PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,
Worsteds,
Notions,
STAMPING!

STEPHEN O. STAATS,
Real Estate Broker
AND
FIRE INSURANCE.
No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.
Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.
P. O. Box 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.
New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

MUSIC HALL,
Tuesday Evening, Feb'y 14.
A NIGHT OF FUN! First appearance here of the *NATURAL IRISH COMEDIAN*,
DANIEL SULLY,
In his Domestic Play,
"DADDY NOLAN."
Supported by an Excellent Company of Comedians, introducing Incidentally, New Songs, Music, Dances, and showing an exact "Working Model of the Great Brooklyn Bridge."
Sale of Seats will begin Friday, Feb. 10, at J. G. Miller's and Field & Randolph's Drug Stores. Prices—35, 50, 75 and $1.00. 2-8-6

GRAND BAZAAR!
OF
St. Mary's T. A. B. Society,
OPEN TONIGHT.
Good Music and Dancing.
ADMITTANCE, - - 10 CENTS.
COMMITTEE—Peter Flynn, John Walsh, Elmore Staats, John Hickey, John Harding, Martin Roth, Thos. Fitzgerald.
AN ENJOYABLE TIME IS ANTICIPATED. 2-3-8

A. F. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.
WARDEN & FOWLER,
Wholesale and Retail
CONFECTIONERS,
NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,
between North Ave. and Second street,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-10-tf

GOLD AND SILVER
WATCHES,
Opera Glasses,
Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,
Gold and Silver Jewelry,
—Solid and Plated.
PRICES WAY DOWN!
AT DOANE'S,
9 PARK AVENUE. 12-16-tf

J. P. Laire & Co.
SPECIAL SALE,
Parlor Stoves,
Horse Blankets and Robes,
Plush Laps, Sleigh Bells,
kates, Sleighs, Etc.
Will be sold Below Cost!
—TELEPHONE CALL, No. 72.— 10my1

John A. Thickstun,
DEALER IN
BEST QUALITIES
COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave
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Printing!
Material—the best.
Workmanship—first-class.
Delivery—prompt.
Charges—moderate.
PRESS AND CONSTITUTIONALIST
PRINTING HOUSE.

PECK'S CORNER.
PECK'S
CORSET STORE!
HEADQUARTERS
FOR
RUBBER
Boots and Shoes.
DOANE & VANARSDALE,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.
10mv

C. FRANK FRENCH,
69 SOMERSET ST.,
Telephone, 32. P. O. Box 1,062.
DEALER IN
FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.
Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,
THE SHAWMUT.
Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*
TRY IT!
Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm. 1-30 tf

GREEN'S
Furniture
Warerooms
EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.
All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.
REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.
10-29-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,
Manufacturer of
Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.
No. 17 SOMERSET ST. 12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.
21 *WEST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.*
CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.
COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.
CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.
SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m. for the Sale of *Medicines Only.* Telephone Call 109.
FIELD & RANDOLPH,
12-2-tf PROPRIETORS.

SILVERWARE
FOR HIRE,
AT COLLIER'S,
No. 3 PARK AVENUE.
ESTABLISHED NINETEEN YEARS. 1-14-tf

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,
[Successor to T. J. Carey.]
Furniture and Freight Express,
OFFICE—51 W. FRONT St.,
Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.
LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. ☞Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

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CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?
TRY
DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL
AT
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S
JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,
To select your
CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS. Their Stock of Goods
Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price. 12-2-tf

CINCINNATI'S WRECKED BANK.

A Ring Among the Officials that Used the Funds in a Shameful Way.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 9.—John R. De Camp, Vice-President of the Metropolitan Bank, after being in custody for three hours yesterday, obtained four bondsmen and was released. District Attorney Burnet resents the statement that the arrest of Mr. De Camp on Monday night was the cause of the suspension. He says that two weeks ago the Government was in possession of information that warranted an arrest, but the arrest was not made. In the mean time the causes for suspension were in operation, and on Monday afternoon, after practically exhausting the help from other banks, the Metropolitan failed to pay its Clearing House checks. The other banks offered to advance $5,000 for Tuesday, but it was difficult to find securities for that loan. There were also telegraphic orders to change balance of correspondents to other banks, which would have eaten up the $50,000 and more, and a suspension was inevitable. The arrest was made after this fact became clear to the Government officers.

Mr. Louis Krohn, who served four hours as Vice-President of the bank after De Camp's arrest, speaks plainly about the way he was deceived. He says he knew nothing of any cause of embarassment until informed by the bank examiner that the reserve was impaired. He insisted on its being made good, and it was done. Then he thought all was right, but on Friday the bank examiner told him there was a ring among the directors that had borrowed and loaned the funds of the bank in a shameful manner to the amount of between $500,000 and $600,000. The bank examiner then said that Mr. De Camp would have to resign and perhaps would be called on to answer to a criminal charge. Mr. Krohn says that he and Col. Dayton that night saw Means and the other directors named as belonging to the syndicate, and insisted upon having better securities for loans.

Cashier Edwards says that after all claims are paid there will remain a total of $820,000 for the stockholders, or 82 per cent.

Mrs. Robinson on the Stand.

BOSTON, Feb. 9.—The Robinson murder trial promises to come to an early conclusion. The Government closed its side of the case yesterday. The defense introduced several witnesses, and late in the afternoon placed Mrs. Robinson on the stand. Her examination was not concluded at adjournment. There will be few, if any, other witnesses examined. Neither side has summoned Dr. Beers. The chief interest, of course, centered upon Mrs. Robinson. She gave her evidence clearly and, so far as can be seen, without seriously contradicting herself. She sticks to her claim that she never used arsenic, does not know what it looks like, and that she did not give Prince Arthur Freeman 5 the rthan what was ordered by the doctor. She cannot be led to make any other admission in this respect. It appears doubtful if the Government will secure a conviction in this case. In case they do not it is understood that another charge against her will be tried at an early day.

The Cincinnati Shoe Strike Settled.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 9.—District Master-Workman Hugh Cavanaugh of the Knights of Labor says that the shoe lock-out that has been on for a week has been settled. At a mass meeting, with 1,200 shoemakers present, Mr. Cavanaugh spoke for an hour, showing the shoemakers the folly of their position in refusing to abide by the agreement entered into by the District Executive Board last December. The matter was finally placed in the hands of the District Executive Board, who, after a short conference with the Joint Executive Board of Shoe Locals, waited on the Manufacturers' Association and obtained an agreement declaring the lock-out over, pending the decision of the General Executive Board as to the legality of rules entered into last December. Mr. Cavanaugh says the outlook for a settlement is favorable.

Sailors Drink Poisonous Water.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 9.—The officers, their families and the crew of the English ship Standard, that came into this port a few days ago, have been using for drinking and culinary purposes sewage poison diluted by something less than 70 per cent of river water. Captain Percy intended to sail for San Francisco. The water barrels were all filled several days ago from the river near the mouth of a sewer. This water was used, and yesterday the captain was taken violently ill with griping pains and vomiting, as were several of the crew. Health Officer Patterson countermanded her sailing orders and ordered the tanks to be emptied. The crew of the schooner Viola Reppard are also ill from the same cause.

Blair's Educational Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The Blair Bill continues to block the way in the Senate, and there does not seem to be any disposition on the part of those who have charge of it to force it to a vote. There has not been any time for an indefinite period when Mr. Blair could not have secured a vote had he asked for it. A number of persons had indicated their desire to speak, but they could have spoken long ago, and some of them are not so strenous about speaking that they would not yield almost any time for a vote. It seems as if there was a reluctance to bring the measure to a vote, because of the probability that the result would show that the measure has much less strength than it had in the last Congress.

Denial of the Anti-Standard Oil Story.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 9.—There appears to be but little foundation for the rumor emanating from Toledo regarding the formation of a company to compete with the Standard Oil Company. The story doubtless had its origin in the fact that a meeting of the International Oil Company held in this city Saturday last for the purpose of completing the contract with M. R. La Forte, representing a syndicate of French, German and Russian capitalists for the use of Hall patents in Europe. Refineries are to be built in the principles cities of Europe for the purifying of Russian petroleum and probably the manufacture of gas by means of the Hall process.

Pastor Downs's Damage Suit.

BOSTON, Feb. 9.—In the Superior Court yesterday a nonsuit was entered in the suit of the Rev. W. W. Downs against Abbie Campbell, George E. Stackpole, and Alice Nepton, members of the Bowdoin Square Church Society, to recover $10,000 damages for injury to the plaintiff's person and estate in consdiring to charge him with adultery and obtaining his indictment therefor.

Addition to the Home Rule Ranks.

DUBLIN, Feb. 9.—There was great rejoicing among the Home Rulers last night over the action of Sir Thomas Grove, member for Wilton, and Mr. Benjamin Hingley, member for North Worcester, who have deserted the Liberal Unionists and joined the Gladstonians.

ALL QUIET AT SHENANDOAH.

The Knights Ask For a Conference With Mr. Corbin With a View of Arbitrating.

POTTSVILLE, Feb. 9.—Shenandoah has resumed its ordinary quiet, but none of the collieries except the William Penn has resumed work.

The Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company had eleven collieries at work yesterday. A committee of miners called on Mr. Williams, the operator of the Draper Colliery yesterday and asked him to start up. A party of miners will leave Pottsville on Friday to work in the mines at Coahuila, Mexico.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 9.—The General Executive Board of the Knights of Labor has prepared a letter addressed to President Corbin, of the Reading Company, asking him if it would be agreeable to meet a representative of the Board, in company with a committee of the strikers, with a view to arbitrating the present difficulties. This letter will be sent to the company's office to-day.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The Special House Committee yesterday decided to hold the first formal meeting at 2 o'clock to-day, when Representative Brumm, of Minersville, Pa., will be heard. At subsequent meetings statements will be made by two or three selected representatives of the miners, the railroad employes and the corporations, who will be summoned to Washington. The committee will then probably visit the field and continue its researches in the region where the troubles exist.

CONSIDERABLY OVERDUE.

Three Tramp Steamers and Eighty Men Missing Since Early in December.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 9.—Shipping circles in this city are greatly alarmed as to the whereabouts of the British steamers Darien, Captain McKie; Lufra, Captain Grimstead, and Algitha, Captain Barwise. All three, each with a crew of about twenty-five men, sailed from Cardiff early in December for Carthagena to load ore for Philadelphia, having been chartered by Messrs. Naylor & Co., of this city for that purpose. No tidings have been received from them since and they are posted in Lloyds, London, as "missing."

No one seems to be able to account for their disappearance. They have not been seen or heard from. Such a mystery has not been known since "tramp" steamers have become frequent. The steamer Elpis, which left England at the same time, reached Carthagena and loaded, arriving here a week ago. Her captain reported having experienced very temperate weather, both in the Mediterranean and the Atlantic, and is unable to give any account of the missing craft.

Messrs. Naylor & Co., the consignees of the ill-fated steamers, have no information about them, except a cablegram which they received from their London house, saying the vessels were missing. The three captains are well known here, where they have been constant traders.

Albert Still Leads.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—The pedestrians in the Madison Square walking contest are growing beautifully less as the hours go by in the six-day race. Yesterday was one of considerable excitement among the tramps themselves. They ceased in a great measure to preserve the fellowship begotten in the first few hours of the race, and the scenes of acrimony were quite marked and quite frequent. On one point only there seemed to be any degree of unanimity, and that was that all who should succeed in covering 625 miles would test in a legal manner, the right of the management to sell reserved seat tickets inside the Garden and refuse to count the money thus received as part of the "gate receipts." Albert continued to hold his lead throughout the entire afternoon with Panchot a good second. Hart slipped behind and Herty, who was very robust, got ahead of the greaser.

Scott to Run the Campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—It is reported that William L. Scott, of Pennsylvania, will be elected Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, to succeed Senator Barnum, of Connecticut. The Committee will meet here on the 22d inst. Members of the Committee who are now in the city will neither confirm nor deny the rumor, but they appear exceedingly anxious that nothing shall be said about it at this time. One of the Committeemen remarked a few days ago that nothing less than a marvel can prevent the renomination of Cleveland, and in view of that fact "Scott seemed to be just the man."

The Canadian Pacific Attacked.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 9.—The annual report of President Ashdown, read before the Board of Trade, fiercely attacks the Canadian Pacific Railroad and the Dominion Government on the monopoly question. The only remedy, he said, was a free railway system. The illiberal policy of the Canadian Pacific railroad had driven tens of thousands of Canadian settlers into Dakota. In conclusion he broadly intimated that a continuation of the present policy of the Dominion Government might result in a strong movement towards annexation to the United States.

No Civil Pension List.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—In reporting adversely Mr. Crain's bill to create a civil service retired list the House Committee on Reform in the Civil Service says that the ultimate effect of the bill would probably be the building up of a burdensome civil pension list unnecessary to the service and unjust to those who bear the burden of government. The established pay of employes is sufficient compensation for the labor exacted of them and sufficient to secure efficiency and faithfulness in the service as far as compensation can do this.

In Favor of Professor Patton.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 9.—Great interest is felt in the selection of the new president for Princeton college. It is understood that at a private meeting here yesterday a majority of the trustees and professors expressed themselves in favor of the candidacy of Dr. Patton of the Theological Seminary. The younger element, however, still hope that Professor Sloane or Dr. Henry J. Van Dyke, Jr., will be chosen.

Titles to Mineral Lands.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 9.—A convention of delegates from every Western mining territory met at Helena, Mont., last evening to consider the question of railroad proprietorship of mineral lands and to investigate the methods of the Northern Pacific Road in acquiring title to this class of property. Only a preliminary organization was affected.

The Male Commissioner Loses.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Feb. 9.—The former County School Commissioner, who was defeated at the last school election for the office by Miss Ida L. Griffin, and who filed protest claiming to the office on the ground that she was ineligible because of her sex, has abandoned the contest.

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Club Skates!

Ladies' Skates!

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The color cannot be removed by acids—in fact washing improves the color.

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Orders Taken for Paper Hanging and Decorating.

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9-20-y

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SHOES,

the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

calls the attention of all Shoe fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

Professional Cards.

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Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Pritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

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Attorney-at-Law,

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.

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B. FOSGATE,

Architect,

North avenue, opposite depot.

PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

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Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 6-30 y

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Best Six Cord,

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I WILL COMMENCE A

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to clear out most of our Large Stock of

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In order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.

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An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.

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Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44, a. m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

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WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. 9-8-t

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Fancy and Staple Groceries,

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Creamery and Dairy Butter,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.,

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11-26-tf

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves & Ranges,

Cutlery,

Sleigh Bells.

Skates,

13 EAST FRONT STREET,

Next Post Office.

THE new language, Volapuk, although backed by numerous societies and publications, will hardly attain to any thing above a vehicle of expression in commercial intercourse. From specimens examined it appears easy of acquisition, yet it is safe to say the so-called language of the universe will be regarded by the English-speaking people more as an accomplishment than any thing else.

THERE is much fear existing in the minds of the natives of Lower California that the American flag will one day wave above the peninsula. This fear is occasioned by the inroads of the Yankees who have, of late, been acquiring much of their territory for colonization schemes. Possibly, after they have had their spat in Europe, things will be so the Yankees can reach over and get a piece of the Old World.

A Brother's Keeper.

A WOMAN'S WORK OF LOVE AND DUTY.

BY MARY HARTWELL CATHERWOOD,

AUTHOR OF "CRAQUE O' DOOM," "STEPHEN GUTHRIE," "THE LONE MAN'S CABIN," AND OTHER STORIES.

[*Copyrighted, 1887, by the A. N. Kellogg Newspaper Company.*]

"A[illegible]cted you!" said Gurley.

"N[illegible]"

"Coward!" roared the master. "Wait till the scoundrel comes around here."

"You shouldn't have allowed him to blackmail you," said Gurley. "Any friend understanding your relative positions would have driven him off."

"But I never wanted to talk about our relative positions. The sight of him made me shuddering sick. You don't know how horrible it first seemed to me that I should feel so toward my own brother. So it went on until he was sent to prison for a long time. I think he has been pardoned out; his time would not expire for years. Do you know I was very glad they sentenced him! Thorney and I drew some easy breaths. I spent some money to go to a normal school, and Mr. Barker was the lecturer on mathematics. So I got acquainted with him."

The master nodded.

"Your ignorance of common geometrical rules was so marked," said he, "and your general intelligence so fair that I felt impelled to take you in hand."

"You know you said she looked like the sister that died when you were a boy," mused Mrs. Barker.

The master drank his root-beer and made only a distant response to this allusion.

"Man is a queer bundle of associations. I love this old cabin and I love this old district. I've had one or two very good offers from colleges. Mr. Gurley," he owned with frowning and shame-faced pride," but school term after school term sees me at the same old desk. I suppose I'll die in my rut. It seems good enough to me for a man to grow fast in the spot where he was born. I know it ain't progressive. I know it narrows me. My opinions might not be so pat if I circulated more. But the wrench of tearing up would be more than I could stand. This is not sentiment," denied the master, sternly; "but a simple physical fact which I can not get around. Who's that, now?"

Phœbe cornered toward Mrs. Barker.

"You haven't any ceremonious passage way," said Gurley, smiling. "You can open your door and kick intruders right off the threshold like they can at Tom Holmes'. I've always envied that arrangement."

"Now, Miss Phœbe," said the master, visibly warming to the occasion, as a second and very loud knock bumped the door," don't let me see you do that. It hurts me as a man."

"I know it is Thane," whispered Phœbe.

"What if it is Thane! What if it's a thousand Thanes! I will now," declared the master, striding to the door and motioning his wife back, "gratify myself with a good grip on the collar of his coat and the active use of my right foot."

"But it may be one of the neighbors," objected Mrs. Barker.

"We shall see," responded Mr. Ogre, jerking the door toward him and concentrating his frowning sight upon the dark.

Phœbe looked an instant, and hid her face against Mrs. Barker.

"Phœbe White is here," said a voice outside.

"Don't mind—don't mind!" whispered the master's wife, feeling a strong shudder shake the girl.

"Well, sir!" said Mr. Barker, gathering himself.

"I want to see her. She cheated me. She gave me an envelope full of blank paper awhile ago."

"I did," said Phœbe, facing toward him. "I meant to have told that, too."

"Who are you, sir, and what should she give you?" demanded the master, making himself sure.

"I'm her dear brother," responded Thane, with insolent jocularity, "and she was to give me money that she knows she owes me."

"Sir!" snorted the master, grabbing into the dusk, "I'll give—you—something—else—that has been—owing to you a good while!"

"Oh, Mr. Barker!" screamed his wife, for in excessive zeal her husband disappeared over the steps and was heard to strike the ground.

Before Gurley could help him he had risen up, and he calmly brushed off his coat with his palms as Mrs. Barker held the lamp on high and gazed with anxiety into the clearing.

"Come in," begged Phœbe, "come in!" Her clutch fell upon Gurley's arm as well

"A PISTOL!" SHOUTED THE MASTER.

as upon Mr. Barker's, and Gurley brought her back to the fire-place.

"Don't be terrified," said he. "You see how easy it is to deal with this miserable coward. He shall never annoy you again while I live."

Phœbe drew a deeper breath as Mrs. Barker shut the door behind her husband.

"I only got two fair kicks," said the master. "The third found no opposing solid in space, while the impetus continued according to physical law. So I fell over."

"He will kill you for it, Mr. Barker, whispered Phœbe.

"I saw the man myself," said the mas-

ter's wife, white and excited, "standing out in the clearing with a pistol in his hand! And he was making faces."

"Oh, I wish I had not brought the trouble here!" quivered Phœbe.

"Nonsense," said Gurley. "He'll not dare to harm any one. If he had been going to shoot he would have done it at once."

"A pistol!" shouted the master. "I'll take it from him if he flourishes any such contraband article under *my* eye."

"He's very angry," said Phœbe. "I knew he would be and that's why I wanted to come here instead of staying at Holmes'. He might have got into the house then, without knocking. And I was afraid he would follow us in the woods. I did cheat him about the money. When I put my hand in the drawer there was a sealed envelope full of blank paper which I fixed once, thinking about Thane, but scarcely believing I could ever use it. He knew I kept my money so; and the moment my hand touched it I took that instead of the hundred dollars. I wish I'd given it to him now."

"I begin to understand the transaction," said Gurley, "and Bess' part in it. But if he tries to storm this house the garrison outnumbers him. They both look as if we had a painted savage at bay, Mr. Barker."

At the door another demand was made for admission, but this time timid and fumbling, unlike the bold knock Thane gave.

"Painted savage or unpainted," responded the master, starting, "this unruly rascal shall feel discipline."

"Oh, Mr. Barker!" besought Phœbe.

"Ogre, dear," said his wife, apparently in the act of expanding her large person to place before him, "the man will shoot."

"Let me open the door," said Gurley.

"I open my own door, sir," interposed the master.

"Now, you scoundrel, what do you want *this* time?"

He made a heavy dash at the person on the step, recovering himself with difficulty.

Those inside saw it was a man quite clean-shaven excepting his upper lip; that his clothes were black, fine, and old-fashioned; and though he held his tall hat in one hand as he recoiled from the master's onset, the hat had evidently been lifted before the door opened and his recoil meant surprise.

"Oh!" Mr. Barker snarled suspiciously. "Good evening, good evening, sir. Good evening."

The stranger made some response in a nasal blur of words, concluding with an eager question.

Mr. Barker turned toward the other inmates, his fierceness cooled to the temperature of combativeness.

"Is this man speaking Latin with the continental pronunciation, Gurley, or is it Welsh?"

"Step in, sir," invited Mrs. Barker. "Ogre! perhaps the door better be shut."

"The door will not be shut," responded her husband, "until this man can intelligibly state his business."

"It is Painter. Good evening, Mr. Painter," said Gurley.

Painter, seeing Phœbe, stepped upon the sill with an exclamation.

During the rest of her life, when she tried to set the action of the next five minutes in its true light, and to see the facts as they occurred by the clock instead of through the medium of a terror which had no regard for time, she thought Mrs. Barker exclaimed that the other man was behind this one; that Painter turned, saw Thane and seized him; then they struggled together without apparent reason; that she ran and hid her face in the lounge pillow; and a shot, the voices of Gurley and the master, and the bounding steps of some one running away all mingled together.

Mrs. Barker looked ghastly when Painter was laid on the lounge. Phœbe herself sat a moment on the floor beside the lounge. She heard Gurley ride off for a physician and officers of justice.

Afterwards she waited by the kitchen stove while Mr. Barker and his wife attended to the wounded man. There was no fire in the stove, but she could see the hearth shine through the open sitting-room door, and count bricks along the front of the chimney.

Here Mrs. Barker brought her a bit of paper and in agitation told her that Painter wrote it and sent it. She bent toward the distant firelight to make out the characters, and noticed that, though traced by an unsteady hand they were clear and beautiful. At first merely the name James Fawcett attracted her; then she walked to the fireplace intent only on reading what was written, and it was: "You are my child.—James Fawcett."

"No!" said Phœbe, turning toward the wounded man and questioning him with negatives: "No! No!"

One of Mrs. Barker's quilts covered him up to the armpits. He was looking at Phœbe with wide open and agonized blue eyes. His sensitive lower face she saw was like the portrait in the Fawcett library.

"No!" she repeated, twisting the paper in her fingers, "I!"

He nodded his head, and besought her by a gesture to come nearer. In his hands were a pencil and paper tablets which Mrs. Barker had taken out of his pocket for him. He was shot through the body, and the doctor, brought later by Gurley, could do little more for him than had already been done.

Mr. Barker sat near his patient's feet, ruggedly silent and stern as if justice were gathering all forces in him. His wife held a light, resting her elbow in her palm, and looked anxiously from Phœbe to the wounded man. She stood behind his head and let her lamp shine on his tablets. Sometime during the confusion Orcutt had been waked. Phœbe remembered hearing his mother command his return to bed.

As Painter beckoned again Phœbe went to him, not reluctant but unconvinced, and rested on the floor looking at him.

His hand flew from side to side of his tablets, and when he gave them to her Mrs. Barker moved a step to shift the light.

"If I tried to talk," he said on paper, "you could not understand my voice. My deformity still mortifies me so I can not bear to display it before my child. I used to talk thus to your mother. We had long, silent conversations, sitting side by side. Her name was Phœbe. You are her over again, a little expanded. Do you remember when you brought me the maple sugar?"

Instead of replying aloud Phœbe took his pencil and wrote:

"Yes. But why have you been away from me always?"

He put swiftly down, "because I thought you were dead. When you came to me with that maple sugar I was startled, and my thoughts began to work. Then I heard your name was Phœbe White. I found the boy Thorney was with you. Still I had no certain proof until this afternoon when I read a note you had sent by a boy through the woods. I unfolded it as some trifling property of his, and read your history, even to Thane White's name. Then I got ready to come after you. I brought in my breast-pocket the papers which will identify me. I went to the house nearest the school-house where I knew you lived; but they could not find you. So, as you had written to Mr. Barker for help, I came directly here. You are my child, and your name is Phœbe Fawcett. You were born eighteen years ago in San Francisco, and your mother died when you were two-and-a-half years old. I spent much time in Nevada, where I was interested in mines. Your mother was devoted to me. I took pleasure in enterprise then. I left home when a boy, determined to make my family proud of me when I came back, in spite of my defect. It turned out differently. I have lived here in the woods, not caring even to claim my rights in the estate. There was no one to inherit after me. I have covered my identity up as much as possible. Now it would be different. But when I could live I must die."

He gave the tablets to Phœbe and covered his eyes with one hand, his mouth set with physical agony. She flashed over the words, and advanced a little nearer to him on her knees.

"But, father," she said, aloud.

He started from head to foot, immediately whitening with the pang this start gave him.

"Father," she said again, this time affirmatively, "father, *father!*"

She arched one arm over his head and was held to his breast. Mrs. Barker, making a sympathetic grimace, shifted the lamp unsteadily, but her husband sat astounded.

Phœbe caught her breath with a sob and explained to them, raising her face: "All this time he has lived alone when I ought to have been with him. I'm his child and he needed my care! O, father!"

In her excess of mother-like passion her palm constantly smoothed his lean cheek and her fluttering finger-tips petted him. She felt fierce toward his persecutors. The tears dripped from her cheeks upon him.

"How you have been cheated, you dear! and I never suspected such a thing. And we'd have been such friends together! I thought Thorney and I had all the hard times, when you were living that lonesome life! We can have our relationship now, father, we can have our relationship now!"

Mrs. Barker shook her head at Phœbe to indicate that it was bad for the patient to be agitated. She then turned away, holding the lamp at arm's length, and wiped her face carefully: and Phœbe leaned in silence against the pillow.

With pencil and tablets her father resumed:

"When your mother died I lost heart and every thing went badly with me. I wanted to stay by myself and experiment in chemicals. It was my dissipation. There was nobody to take proper care of you, so I concluded to bring you home and make all

PHŒBE, READING WHILE HER FATHER WROTE.

my arrangements. Thane White was in California then. He was a third or fourth cousin of your mother's, a worthless creature, but we helped him on account of his distant relationship."

Phœbe, reading while her father wrote, inquired at once:

"Isn't Thorney my brother, then?"

"No; Thorney is Thane's son. Your mother was kind to the miserable little soul. We kept him with us; his father was brutal to him. I gave Thane employment for several years. He bore a bad name when he came to the coast, and was probably worse than I knew; but we could hardly shake him off. I never imagined then that he would separate my child from me and finally shoot me. Your mother had known his wife in the States, a poor, dejected young woman who died early: and the boy Thorney was only half-witted. When I read in your note how Thane had used you, it seemed as if I had never suffered before in my life! And you forced to appeal to a stranger while your father lived! The sight of him filled me with such fury I don't know what I might have done if he had not shot."

"Does he look as he used to, father?"

"I scarcely noticed. I knew it was Thane White. The muscles of his face look exposed, and twitched."

"It must have been you he meant when he told me there was somebody in the neighborhood he wanted to avoid."

"If he saw me as I ordinarily go he did not recognize me to-night until I turned on him. What did he do with you when he landed in the States?"

"He must have put Thorney and me in that orphan asylum at Pittsburgh. He has been in prison often. Did you know that, father?"

"Yes, I hunted him up behind the bars, and he repeated to me on oath that you were dead. You were lost overboard at sea. I sent him from Virginia City a week before I intended to start, to take passage for us on an isthmus steamer. May be I gave him enough money to make it a temptation. May be the idea came into his head suddenly, and he carried it out, intending to make me pay him well for restoring you. It is hard to read all the motives of a man like Thane White. Afterwards he found I was poor, and dropped you where it was most convenient, revenging himself for his disappointment by declaring you were dead. He went over to San Francisco and engaged passage two days ahead of the time I wanted to sail. Then he delivered my letter to the lady who had you in charge: she was a friend of your mother's. I asked her to have you ready against I came for you. Thane's boy—I kept him at the same place—and you were allowed to go on the street with Thane. You were about three years old. He never brought you back. The family sent for me. We found he had sailed with you, and I believe he took no nurse. I could not discover what vessel brought him to New York; and he said you were lost overboard between the isthmus and that port. I spent months tracking him, and, finally, a letter from him, which had followed me around, brought news of your death. I never believed it until I saw him in prison, and he swore it to me without having any conceivable object in doing so. May be I was more readily disheartened than when your mother lived."

"Father," wrote Phœbe on the tablets, "we seem so well acquainted. My heart ached so about you the night we took you that maple sugar that I could hardly endure it. Do I look at all like I used to?"

"Yes," he wrote in reply. "From the day of your birth your face was very distinctly marked. I can see your baby face in your features yet."

"Psyche Fawcett is my own cousin, isn't she?"

"Yes. And she must divide with you. There was another thing which struck me like conviction before I could be certain. I saw you standing before my portrait, and you showed the Fawcett as well as your mother's blood. It was young Gurley who came with you the first time I saw you—was it?"

"Yes."

"And he was here to-night?"

"Yes. He is bringing the doctor. The bullet will be taken out and you will get well."

"I like to see him about you. He's a man. Remember I said this."

"But, dear, your pain is not very great now, is it?"

"Not very. My mind feels easy. If you push the quilt in there is room enough for you to sit on the lounge beside me."

Phœbe sat there until the doctor came. It was twelve o'clock by the time the examination was finished, and the doctor remained by his patient.

Phœbe resumed her seat by her father and watched him all night. He dozed or sunk into unconsciousness, and woke with a smile to write recollections about her mother. He lived over the San Francisco honeymoon, and he was in the mountains assaying ore. Several times he was recalled to the present by strong anguish. The doctor then dealt with him, and his girl afterward wiped the dampness from his face.

Neither Mrs. Barker nor the master left her. The lamp burned on the table until a growing pallor outside betokened morning.

"Miss Fawcett will come to see him to-morrow," said Phœbe to the doctor, speaking as if the day were still remote. "Mr. Gurley intends to bring her. Will that disturb him too much?"

"Oh, no," replied the doctor, "no."

"Don't you think he is better?" inquired Phœbe, when the cocks in the master's chicken-house began to crow.

"Perhaps I ought to tell you," the physician said aside to her," that I dread a hemorrhage."

She compressed her mouth and suddenly felt the effect of her vigil, her excitement, and her days of contest with Thane.

Still, her father was quiet in half-conscious slumber when Mrs. Barker lighted the breakfast fire and the master brought a pail of water from the well.

All animate things out doors were beginning to stir, and the air which came in was fresher than ever before as if it blew out of Paradise full of odors and promises. The early spring birds were all about, and the flicker's thrill was heard close by the window.

"That bird's song always smells of Johnny-jump-ups—the early blue violets," said Phœbe, with a smile, to the doctor.

The doctor's answering smile was transient, for his patient awoke in a struggle.

"Father!" cried Phœbe. "Dear! Why, father"——

In four months the bird-songs had deepened in color and odor until an imaginative person might find them vivid as scarlet and bursting with fragrance. Summer spread up from the tropics transforming the Northern world. The yearly miracle, which never ceases to be marvelous, was nearly completed: not a spear of grass was lacking to the wide fleece of verdure: the leaves were at their darkest: stalwart rag-weed grew in the fence corners: the roses were long ago tired of blooming at their freshest: the corn stood as high as a man's shoulder, and only yellow stubble showed where the wheat had been. Mrs. Barker's garden was rank with onions, late beans and cabbages. The potato vines had even begun to droop in token that their fruit was ripening. Tom Holmes' farm swarmed with threshers, and his house was swallowed by vines waving their aspiring tendrils over their fine-knotted joints. The apple trees had formed green fists to shake at every passing boy. Improvements, independent of summer, were going forward about Gurley's homestead. A fish-pond was being erected and the front drive ornamented. The sash-frames for a conservatory were starting out at one side of the house. Jesse Stone tramped across the hay fields, noticing the second growth, and speculating in unison with Mrs. Stone—appalled in her place by coming upholsterers and paper-hangers—on what might happen before another year.

But if summer merely triumphed otherwheres, it rioted around Psyche Fawcett's home. The graperies, orchards and flower borders were at their vividest. An awning shaded the stone steps and dimmed and cooled the hall, within which was visible half the massive stairway.

Psyche sat in a hammock under the thickest foliage, white from her hair to the toe of her slipper, both extremes being tipped with pale blue ribbon. She gave two large palm fans to Gurley and told him he could employ both hands in her service until Phœbe came down.

"Languidly for me, Cupid, but you'll have to raise a hurricane over her; she has so much more strength and color than I have. The question at first was who shall be called Miss Fawcett; we're almost of one age; I'm scarcely a month younger. But she insisted I shall, and it won't make any difference a few months from now. When I think of that I would kick you, Cupid, if I could only make it hurt. And she so precious, and so much time wasted when I didn't know she was my cousin!"

"Or even that I was to be your cousin," said Gurley.

"*Drusie Holmes is so reconciled to it,*" said Psyche, with a laugh. "You must notice the anxious attitudes she takes toward Cousin Phœbe and the distant sweetness with which Cousin Phœbe treats her. There has been a coldness between them, but I suppose they will outlive it."

"On account of the persecutions she endured from the animal," said Gurley, sternly.

Psyche shivered, and set her hammock to swinging.

"That cooled me better than both fans. But don't say another word about him. I wish he was executed as well as sentenced. It's hard to see our name printed with his, and head-lines made of what he eats and talks about. If I made the laws I should smother such creatures in silence and decency, as soon as they committed their crimes. Poor Uncle Fawcett! Do you mind if I say *something* wicked?"

"Not at all," said Gurley.

"I can't say it to Cousin Phœbe, for she wouldn't sympathize with me, but it's been in my mind so long I feel as if I must express it. Of course it was fearful for him to be treated so, but—do you mind my saying *something startlingly wicked?*"

"On the contrary," replied Gurley, "there are few things I enjoy more than your startling wickedness."

"Well, I'm glad he died. I guess it was best for him. He wasn't comfortable at all, and he would have made it so uncomfortable for all other folks. *I'd got into the habit of* being afraid of him. You don't know what a bereaved sense of relief I had when he was actually covered up in the family lot. We knew just where he was, then! He would not want to look in at the window any more. Now, Cupid, you *know* I could not feel toward him as I do toward Cousin Phœbe. He has been the bugaboo of my life. And the instant I saw her I was in love with her. She grows more delicious as we get on, too, and even Auntie can find no fault with her. Don't mention it anywhere that you saw me out of my mourning to-day, will you!"

"I not feel some change in your appearance," said Gurley.

"Oh, the black and somberness would kill me if I never slipped out of it. And she doesn't take offense as perhaps I should with *my* disposition if it were *my* father. Speaking about death"——

"You were speaking about resignation, Swansdown."

"Well, speaking about resignation, then, you don't know *how* resigned I could be if that pet gorilla of Cousin Phœbe's would only—only."

"I *hope* you don't refer to me," said Gurley, throwing himself back in the arbor chair. "I assure you I will not only—only."

"You know perfectly well whom I mean. She treats the tall beast as if he were no only human but of average intelligence. I do all I can to terrify him on the sly. The flutter of my garments inclines him to take to his native wilds. Cupid, how any one refined and really exquisite in manner and nature as Cousin Phœbe is, can nourish a kindness for that half-witted being, passes my comprehension."

"She has always protected him," said Gurley. "His uncouthness and stupidity she long ago accepted and tried to piece out with her own gifts."

"Do you know," exclaimed Psyche, sitting upright, "I almost believe she would bring him to the table if he could be coaxed there without a ring in his nose. I shouldn't say a word; it would be hard to go against what she liked. But thank Heaven he is too untamed to forage beyond the kitchen. There, however, he has a porcelain service to himself, and regularly breaks a cup like those old heathen we read about after they had poured a special libation."

"Thorney will be comfortably provided for by and by," said Gurley, laughing. "We have thought of giving him the cabin and land where your Uncle Fawcett lived. He was kind to the poor boy himself. I think it would please him. Thorney would always depend on us, but on the other hand, such a primitive base will suit him better than porcelain surroundings. But you do touch a responsive chord. The first time I saw Thorney she called him her good little brother, and in a dim, half-conscious way I gauged him as a brother-in-law. He went against my proud stomach worse than McArdle, and when I've said that I've said every thing."

"Cupid," said Psyche, arraigning him with one finger, "it's very warm weather and I don't like to think of any kind of ex-

PSYCHE SAT IN A HAMMOCK.

ertion; but you know you have been doing something dreadful to McArdle that you haven't told us. There are rumors of it. It catches like morning gossamer across one's nose. What was it?"

"You don't want me to be the historian of my own exploits!"

"Then you really did kick him or cuff him in some brutal way!"

"Such unstinted happiness was not for me," said Gurley. "I barely allowed myself to do what I had good reason for doing. He made a sufficiently insulting remark, and the palm of my hand gave him a sufficiently ready reply. Then he apologized. That's all there is about it."

"How I despise him!" flashed Psyche; "the disagreeable thing, to heat up one's blood so in midsummer! Fan me. There comes Cousin Phœbe, and I don't want to look blowzed beside her."

Phœbe was trailing a long soft black dress over the steps to meet the friend who had come. She had flowers by her waist and in her hair; they did not quarrel with her mourning, but matched her young cheeks. In that sunny weather it seemed as if her lot had never been different.

[THE END.]

FACTS ABOUT MOSS.

The Important Part Which It Performs in the Work of the World.

We are accustomed to thinking of the lovely moss as one of the ornamenting devices of nature; a pretty covering for surfaces that would otherwise be hard and bare, or else dank and repulsive, and a graceful drapery for rocks and trees. In the hundreds of varieties of mosses which are known to the botanists, there are many which are so exquisitely beautiful in themselves, so delicate in tint and texture, and so soft and warm in effect, that we transfer them to our houses for the uses of decoration.

The mosses, however, perform a part in the work of the world which is more important than that of decoration. In them nature often makes a beautiful beginning toward clothing utterly waste places with a soil upon which plants and trees may live, and which may become capable of supporting human life.

Upon the rocky surface of a ledge, in spots where the force of the sun is least strong, and where most moisture is found, we see thin mosses forming. Gradually they grow thicker and stronger. The patches that they have made extend and meet each other until a considerable surface is covered over. As they develop, their growths decay, and a rich, dark mold is formed beneath. The seeds of other plants lodge in the moss, which holds them fast, and the moisture makes them sprout and grow, sending their roots along the layer of mold. A beginning has been made for a vegetation upon the rocks. Gradually the mosses are driven out by stronger plants, which run their roots into the crevices of the rock; but the moss, by its death, makes the life of the herbage that follows it possible.

The grass grows where the moss made its soft, feeble beginning; the decay of the grass thickens the turf from year to year, and thus makes a soil at last upon which beasts may graze, or which may be cultivated. Or if, as is more likely, the surroundings tend to make a forest on the spot rather than a grassy slope, the tiny shrubs yield to larger bushes, and the bushes make way for the trees, which, sending their roots among the rocks, often rend them asunder.

Perhaps the newest, and, in many ways, the strangest, use of moss is that to which the quinine planters have found it may be put. In taking the bark from the cinchona tree, from which quinine is obtained, strips of untouched bark are left, in order that the trees may not be killed. It has been found that if moss is applied to the spaces on the tree, which have been stripped of their bark, a new bark forms; and this new bark is actually richer in quinine than the original portions.—*Youth's Companion.*

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—A lost fawn-colored mastiff, is advertised for on the next page.

—To-morrow afternoon and evening will be given in Music Hall the last two of Prof. Richard's science lectures.

—In many parts of the city, yesterday, pedestrians were obliged to walk in the roadway, so slippery were the sidewalks.

—The struggle for the lady's gold watch, which is being contested for at the bazaar of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society, will be decided to-morrow evening.

—"Sailor Jack," a well known character, who was committed to the Somerville Jail from North Plainfield, recently, has been released from that institution.

—The matinee at Music Hall, to-morrow afternoon, affords an unusual chance for the public school scholars of the city to study science in the most entertaining way.

—The invitations have been issued for the reception of Thursday evening, the 21st inst., to be given in Assembly Hall to those who took part in the Allegory of "The Great Republic."

—The question is asked: "Will the Council pass the ordinance compelling the hotel and saloon barrooms to close at 11 p. m?" The general opinion prevails that the ordinance will go through.

—Isadore Kunk l, aged 45 years, a mason living at Cranford, was struck by an express train while crossing the track at Elizabeth last evening, and probably fatally injured. He was taken to the hospital.

—The Y. M. C. A. Committee on Athletics, appointed last evening, is composed of Judge L. F. Wadsworth, Rev. Asa R. Dilts and Mr. Joseph W. Gavett. They will draw up rules of government, to be adopted later, and proceed in the formation of a ball nine with which to open an early season.

—Mr. W. H. Combs, as announced in another column, informs his friends and the public in general that he has opened a grocery store, corner of Linden avenue and Steiner Place, North Plainfield, where he will cheerfully receive and supply all orders for everything in the trade at the lowest market prices.

—A horse attached to a sleighload of brooms, belonging to Mr. E. C. Hopping of Madison, N. J., ran away on North avenue, about noon today. The rig collided with a butcher wagon belonging to Mr. S. A. Fleming, in front of the latter's place of business, where the runaway horse was caught, before any serious damage was done.

—Another clew to the possible identification of the young woman who was brutally murdered at Rahway several months ago, has just developed. A reputable business man of Elizabeth, on being shown a picture of the murdered girl recently, immediately noticed a resemblance in the picture to a girl that he was acquainted with, and who has been missing for the past eight years.

Committed to Jail.

The trial of Charles Cowling, for alleged improper relations with his sister-in-law, Alice Moore, came up before Justice Nash this afternoon. Corporation Counsel Marsh conducted the case for the city. Mr. and Mrs. Bowman, Dennis Murray and Theo. Dunlap testified on behalf of the complainant. The defendant had no counsel, and produced his wife as the only witness in his behalf. Justice Nash decided Cowling must pay $25 in cash and furnish a bond for $150, to guarantee the payment of $2 weekly. The prisoner declared that he could not obtain a bondsman and would not pay the amount exacted. He was committed to the County Jail and the North Plainfield authorities will probably be called upon to support Cowling's wife and four little children, the eldest of which will be six years old on Sunday.

GRAND LODGE, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Its Twentieth Annual Session to be Held in This City.

The annual meeting of the Grand Lodge, K. of P., of the State of New Jersey, will be held in this city on Thursday and Friday, Feb. 16 and 17, and promises to be one of long remembrance and an important event in the history of the Order in this State. A committee of three members from each Lodge, known as the Entertainment Committee, has been appointed, with Assemblyman Ulrich as President and Mr. George Polhemus as Secretary. The Committee met a few evenings since and heard encouraging reports from the sub-committees, and the present indications are that the arrangements of the Grand Lodge Entertainment Committee will be carried out successfully. During the two days session it is expected that between four and five hundred Knights will be present from all parts of the State, and the members of the Committee are exerting themselves to provide suitable quarters for the accommodation and entertainment of the guests. It is to be hoped that the Committee will be accorded the hearty co-operation on the part of our citizens, so as to induce the Grand Lodge to again meet in this city. THE PRESS extends the use of its columns to the Committee for notices of meetings, etc.

Speaking of the coming session, the official organ of the Order truly says: "A royal good time is promised the members at this session. Active preparations were begun last Fall to give its members a warm reception. Committees were appointed from Perseverance, Good Will and Unity Lodges, who took a hold of the matter with a vim. Several weeks ago the Kemble Dramatic Association, of Brooklyn, were engaged to give the drama 'Ours' at the Opera House, which netted about $100. Since that time Perseverance, Unity and Good Will Lodges appropriated certain sums, which, together with funds on hand, will entertain the visitors in a capital manner.

"It is proposed to ask the Grand Lodge to expedite their business on the first evening, so that a reception may be given the members. The Reform Hall has been engaged for this purpose, and music and speech-making will add to the pleasure.

"It will be a gala day. The merchants are manifesting an interest in the affair and the business portion of the city will be suitably decorated. The Committee are laboring earnestly in procuring comfortable headquarters.

"We believe, from present indications, that the Grand Lodge will not regret having selected Plainfield as the place of its meeting, and that things will be made so pleasant for the members that they will want to hold its session there again. The Headquarters for the Grand Lodge Officers and Committees, will be at Laing's Hotel, on Front street."

The committee in charge of all arrangements is composed of: Hon. John Ulrich, P. C., Chairman; Frank Hossinger, D. D. G. C., Treasurer; Geo. Polhemus, C. C., Secretary, and Brothers B. F. Higgins, P. C., J. Hawkins, P. C., M. F. Turton, P. C.; W. R. Mosher, P. C., J. E. Flannery, P. C., H. Martin, P. C.

Please Remit Something On Account.

The editor of the Plainfield *Evening* ——— promised over a week ago to donate to the Children's Home and Muhlenberg Hospital a purse of fifty dollars that the "Front street merchants" insisted on raising to pay the fine put on him for making himself offensive to the people.

A reporter from THE PRESS, today, visited both the institutions mentioned, and was informed that neither had yet received a cent of the generous gift promised. A member of the Board of Directors of one of the a sociations, said: "We do not expect to get any of the money, now. The promise was too fresh to keep, even in this weather, and by this time the offer has probably spoiled."

An explanation from the ———'s editor is in order. Or if only fifty cents, or so, has been collected, it should be equally divided and forwarded—not for publication but as an evidence of good faith.

Did Not Know He Was A Bachelor.

Mrs. Cairncross of this city, who joined with Justice Duffy in starting a crusade against bangs, and condemning the practice of females who arrange their front hair to make themselves resemble "goats," says that although this is leap year, she was not aware of the fact that Justice Duffy was a bachelor when she addressed a letter to him commending his action and the rigid stand he had taken with reference to bangs. She says she considers her chances hopeless at this late day, and presumes that she has "been laid on the shelf." Mrs. Cairncross also declares that she is not seeking notoriety through the newspapers—which, by the way are the proper means for advertising her business—but admits that she is the object of more or less comment, and is subjected to innumerable jokes.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

A despatch from Bordentown, N. J., says that Miss Margaret Slack of Somerville, took the white veil at St. Joseph's Convent at the former city, yesterday afternoon.

The handsome new residence of Wm. B. Wadsworth on Eighth street, is nearing completion. Decorators from New York are at work getting in readiness the interior of the house, and their work, it is expected, will be completed within a few weeks.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Jennie Milliken, who died on Monday, took place from the house in Dog Watch Hollow yesterday at one p. m., and from the Martinville chapel at two o'clock. Rev. Mr. Bowers officiated, and interment was made at Bound Brook.

Captain Benj. Doane of the Steamer "Cherokee," has been visiting his daughter Mrs. J. Hervey Doane of LaGrande avenue. The Captain is as young and active as ever, although all his friends insist that now he is a grandfather he should pass beyond middle age and begin to grow old.

The funeral of Mrs. Melville Burke (*nee* Miss Mary Elizabeth Goltra of Baskingridge) who, it is alleged, was deserted by her husband at Reading, Pa., where she died among strangers a few days since, took place from the Baskingridge church yesterday afternoon. It is said that the girl was deceived by marrying Burke, about a year ago, and that he has a wife living in New Haven.

At Montclair, N. J., last evening, Miss Alice Mace, daughter of Mr. Theodore Mace, formerly of this city, was married to Mr. Louis H. Moore of New York city, the Rev. F. B. Carter, rector of St. Luke's Episcopal church of Montclair officiating. Miss Katherine Jones of New York was the maid of honor, and William T. Lacy of New York, was best man. The ushers were Romaine Mace, brother of the bride, and Harry E. Cole of Albany, N. Y. A reception followed at the home of the bride. A brother of the bride was one of the former proprietors of the defunct *Daily Bulletin*.

BASS—HICKLING.

The wedding of Miss Sarah A. Hickling and Mr. William F. Bass of this city, took place last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, 289 State street, Brooklyn. The Rev. T. Logan Murphy, of the Church of the Holy Cross, officiated. Because of the recent death of the groom's sister, the many invitations that had been directed for a large, church wedding, were not sent, and the ceremony was performed at the house, instead, in the presence of the immediate members of the families, and a number of the bride's most intimate friends.

Miss Hickling was most beautifully attired in full bridal dress and veil, and was attended by bridesmaids. An elegant supper was served after the ceremony, and fine music added to the joyousness of the occasion. The presents were most profuse and valuable—Ex-Mayor Grace of New York, sending a solid silver service as a token of his appreciation of the groom. After a short tour, Mr. and Mrs. Bass will permanently reside in Brooklyn where a handsome house has been furnished by the groom.

Closing Out Sale.

The millinery and fancy goods business heretofore conducted by Messrs. J. H. Honeyman & Co., under the First National Bank, will on March first pass into other hands, and in an advertisement elsewhere, the firm announces that until that time it will sell at reduced rates, the entire stock of millinery, fancy goods, laces, ribbons, worsteds, knit goods, etc. The business will hereafter be conducted by Miss C. E. Clarke, who is at present located on North avenue.

O. A. F. Meeting.

A regular meeting of the Order of American Firemen of this city was held in the parlors of the Truck house last evening. But little business of importance, however, was transacted, except the appointment of a committee of three, who were authorized to invite a team from Farrier Post of Jersey City, to come to this city, two weeks hence, and work a degree on one of the members of the home Order.

She's Worn Her Welcome Out.

A very small audience was present at Music Hall, last evening, upon the third appearance of Maggie Mitchell, in this city. She played a new character to Plainfield, but naught else was new. The support was as old as the story and even more tiresome; and the star was the same impulsive actress and shrill-toned reader, as of old. Miss Mitchell has visited this city once too often.

Sam Small's Coming.

Rev. Sam Small denounced high license to 1,000 enthusiastic Prohibitionists at Parepa Hall, New York, last night, and sat down very hard on Robert Graham of the Church Temperance Society, who interrupted him.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

3 O'CLOCK SCORE.

THE SIX DAY G. A. Y. P.

Albert Leaves All Competitors and Records, Behind.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10, 3 p. m—The score of the six-days' go-as-you-please match, at this hour, is as follows. Panchot's legs have given out.

	Miles
ALBERT	505
HERTY	481
GUERRERO	474
HART	446
PANCHOT	445
GOLDEN	434
MOORE	430
STROKEL	415

A German Student Solves the Meaning of "Chapel."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE PRESS:—As the word "Chapel," seems to have become a matter of interest, my attention to it was attracted in a higher degree, and I will give you what I found about it:

1. Your "critique" is right in this, the English word Chapel comes from the French "Chapelle." Where this is derived from I could not exactly find but the following will give some light:

2. The French word *Chapeau* was first applied to a *Cardinal's* hat. Now you see the trunk of both words is *Chap*, meaning a covering.

3. A German author which I investigated about the word *Capelle* the correlative for the English, Chapel—derives the word from "Cappa." This was the name first given to the covering of relics. So you see the word from which Chapel comes means originally the covering of a sacred thing as both relics and cardinals were respected as sacred. I have only to say that history proves this.

STUDENT.

Reform Club Meeting.

Notwithstanding the cold weather, there was an unusually large audience present at Reform Hall last evening at the usual weekly meeting of the Reform Club. In the absence of the President, Vice-President Harper presided, and the music was in charge of Mrs. Jno. King, assisted by Miss Smith and Miss Hawkins. Several of the ladies present delivered impromptu addresses. Speeches were made by Messrs. Geo. M. Angleman, Geo. W. F. Randolph, Ethan Lanphear and the chairman. Mr. Berger of Dunellen also made an address. Notice was given of the evangelistic services in Reform Hall on Sunday: Mrs. J. T. Ellis of Flemington will conduct a service in the basement at 9 a. m., and in the main auditorium at 2 and 8 p. m. The meeting closed with the doxology.

A Social Gathering.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin B. Maynard gave an evening sociable at their residence on North avenue, last evening, at which were present a large gathering of the fashionable colored society of this city, New York, Atlantic Highlands, Newark, Westfield and Cranford. The number of elegant costumes worn by young and handsome ladies, was unusual, and the many gentlemen present in full dress, was quite noticeable. The music by Frazee furnished enjoyment for the graceful dancers until morning. A bountiful supper by a well-known caterer, was served during the evening.

Continuing the Bazaar.

The grand bazaar and fair, given under the auspices of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society, which opened in St. Mary's Hall on Monday, is still in progress, and the interest centering on the gold watch contest, is unabated. Last evening there was a noticeable increase in the attendance, and many articles, both of a substantial and ornamental nature, were disposed of. The Committee of Arrangements is composed of the following members of the Society: Peter Flynn, Sr., chairman, John Walsh, John Harding, John Hickey, Elmer Staats, Thomas Fitzgerald and Martin Roth.

A Bill To "Kill."

Among the telegraphic despatches on the inside of THE PRESS, is one from Trenton referring to Assemblyman Brown's bill to defeat city water schemes. The act proposed is entirely wrong in every particular. In this city, for instance, contracts with corporations or individuals for a water supply, would meet the approval of the people; whereas a bonding of the city to build the works, and any scheme for their maintenance afterwards, would meet with much condemnation.

—On Monday evening next, Muhlenberg Hospital will be tendered a benefit, the occasion being a vocal and instrumental concert, given under the auspices of Anchor Lodge, No. 149, F. and A. M., of this city. The entertainment will take place in the Lodge room on West Front street.

North Plainfield Republican Meeting.

The U. S. Grant Republican Club of North Plainfield met in Spencer's Hall, last evening, with President Alex. Milne in the chair. In the absence of the Secretary, Mr. H. N. Spencer was elected Secretary *pro tem.* After thanking the club for the "distinguished honor," etc., the Secretary read the minutes, and they were adopted as read. The following persons were unanimously elected members of the club: Messrs. Geo. W. Bullman, S. W. Wakefield, Geo. Sheppard, L. A. Kline, Loftus Hollingsworth, C. E. Boss, T. R. Crosley. Proposals for membership were received as follows: P. T. B. Nevius, A. R. Vail, R. W. Vail and H. C. Vail. They were laid over under the rules. Mr. H. E. Needham from the Finance Committee, reported progress; one meeting has been held, he said, and a subscription paper started. Under the heading of "New Business," Messrs. Reed and Williams took occasion to allude to an address made at the Democratic meeting on the previous evening, when one of the speakers said he had voted the Democratic ticket for the past 47 years. Mr. Williams thought no sensible man could be guilty of that. Dr. Cooley spoke next, on the local issue, and Mr. Emmons, the next speaker, was of the opinion that a committee should be appointed to select possible candidates, both for borough and township officers, and present the same to the club. He said he was willing to jump in and work but speaking was a little out of his line of business. Assessor Brokaw agreed with Mr. Emmons, and also with Mayor Cooley, holding that the east side of Somerset street should be represented in the Council by at least two Councilmen. He was in favor of holding meetings every Tuesday and Thursday evening, until the Spring election was over. The chair also spoke in favor of selecting Councilmen from the East section of the borough. Mr. Whitely concurred in the above suggestions. A motion by Mr. Emmons to meet again on Tuesday evening next, prevailed. Mr. Reed offered a resolution providing for the purchase of two sets of checkers and checker boards; also for a set of dominoes, the same to be placed in the meeting room for use by the members. The resolution embodied a suggestion by Mr. Needham, to include newspapers, and was adopted. Mr. Brokaw offered to furnish gratuitously the *Semi-Weekly Tribune*. Mr. Reed thought it no more than right that the landlord should live up to an agreement, and run a hose from the meeting room to connect with the cider barrel in the cellar. This occasioned much laughter and brought forth witty remarks. The Executive Committee was empowered to select names and confer with possible candidates for office at the coming Township and municipal elections and report at the next meeting, after which the meeting adjourned.

DeVoe Predicts Great Snow Storms.

A. J. DeVoe, the weather prophet, agrees with others in predicting bitter cold weather before the present Winter ends. "Permit me to state," he says, in a letter, "that the late severe storm occurred at the exact time when the moon was crossing the ecliptic, traveling Northward. On Feb. 11 the moon will be in the same position that it was on Jan. 15, but its effect on our atmosphere will not be felt in the same manner over the exact locality where it caused such destruction in January, because our earth has changed its position to the direct rays of the sun nearly a thousand miles, and its effects will be felt further Eastward. During the first fifteen days of February, more snow will fall in New Jersey than has fallen in the same period for the past thirty-three years. Our coldest weather will occur from the 19th to the 24th.

The Westfield Assault Case Declared Off.

The case of James Roll of Westfield, indicted at the recent term of Court for an alleged assault upon his wife, as told in full in these columns at the time, will not come up for trial. The matter has been amicably adjusted between the complainant and the defendant, thus keeping it from trial. Two indictments, it is said, were found against Elizabeth Woodruff, the young woman charged with alienating the affections of Mr. Roll, but she could not be found by the Court officers. Roll's mother died a few weeks ago, leaving an estate valued at $40,000. James, the wayward son, it is said, was left the paltry sum of $20, while the other children were generously remembered.

Dan'l Sully at Music Hall.

Everybody should see Dan'l Sully in his new character of *Daddy Nolan*, at Music Hall, next Tuesday evening. The play is a sequel to "The Corner Grocery," and is built upon the same model, telling in an unpretentious way the story of *Daddy Nolan's* reduction from affluence to poverty, through the forgery of his name by his son; his trials and sorrows as a poor junkman, and the subsequent happiness of all by the son's return in time to save his father from prison and replace him in his former position of independence. The comedy is bright and full of rollicking fun.

PASSAGE OF NO. 181.

Assemblyman Ulrich's Bill Relative To New Mode of Selecting Jurors.

The Hon. John Ulrich, representative of this district, introduced a very important bill on the 30th of January last, which passed the House on Wednesday. The custom of calling jurors to their seats and then peremptorily challenging them, has proven a disagreeable feature to the attorneys and very obnoxious to the jurors. Under the new law the challenges will be privately done, and the excused juror will be none the wiser of the challenger. The bill has been favorably commented upon by the press in the State, and has some excellent features. The following is a copy of the bill which for its importance in the change of the jury system, must prove interesting:

A Further Supplement to an act entitled "An act concerning juries," [Revision] approved March twenty-seventh, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey*, That from and after the passage of this act all peremptory challenges to jurors in any suit of a civil nature shall be made in the manner hereinafter provided, to wit: the names of the persons summoned as jurors shall be drawn from the box, and by the person as provided by the twenty-first section of the act to which this act is a further supplement, and if any of the persons whose names are so drawn shall not appear or shall be challenged and set aside for cause, such person shall proceed to draw a further number of the said names until eighteen jurors shall appear, exclusive of those jurors who shall be successfully challenged and set aside for cause, the names of which said eighteen jurors shall be written in a panel by the clerk, from which panel the plaintiff's attorney shall strike one name and the defendant's attorney one name, and so on alternately, until each party shall have exercised the three peremptory challenges allowed by law, and the remaining twelve jurors having been sworn or affirmed as the law directs, shall be the jury to try such suit; *provided*, that in case either party shall neglect or refuse to aid in striking the jury as aforesaid, the clerk shall strike the same on behalf of such party; and *provided further*, that whenever the first twelve jurors appearing in answer to the call of their names as aforesaid, are satisfactory to both parties, the calling of further jurors may be dispensed with.

A Democrat's Prohibition Bill.

Begin to cut down the orchards where grow the apple-jack and the peach-brandy. Plough up the corn fields, and sow tares among the rye and wheat.

Yesterday, Samuel Bradford Mutchler, Democrat, Assemblyman from the second district of Warren county, and a resident of Phillipsburg, introduced Bill No. 251, that prohibits any person in this State from growing upon their soil any substance whatever from which alcohol or intoxicating liquors can be distilled or made. Persons violating the act guilty of a misdemeanor, and to be punished accordingly.

Blessed Are the Merciful.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE PRESS:—The thanks of the humane portion of the community are due to Mr. Baker for bringing to justice (though only partial justice) the man who was more of a brute than the poor beast he abused so shamefully. Would it not be a good plan to publish, once in a while, the law pertaining to such offenses, for there are people who are mean and cowardly enough to starve and abuse there helpless animals, if they know of no law to punish them. Boys, too, ought to be taught the *other side* of the "fun" of tormenting domestic animals and other dumb creatures.

VINDEX.

Thanks to Officer Grant and the Firemen.

EDITOR PRESS:—The undersigned desires to express his thanks to the firemen of the Plainfield Fire Department for their efforts to save his property from the fire which occurred on Jan. 26 last, and is more especially grateful to Police Officer Grant and the firemen who rescued his wife from the flames.

Feb. 9, 1888.

CHARLES GOODMAN.

Dropped Dead While at Work.

Mrs. O. B. Reynolds, an aged lady, residing at Bound Brook, dropped dead while at work in her kitchen on Wednesday morning. She arose as usual and was about the house attending to her domestic duties, when she reeled and fell to the floor, expiring instantly. Medical aid was at once summoned, but life was extinct when assistance arrived. The deceased was 65 years of age, and a sufferer from heart disease.

A Sister Surprised by the S. O. T's.

On Wednesday evening last, the members of Howell Division, Sons of Temperance, to the number of about thirty, gave a surprise sociable to Sister Sarah Lees at her residence on Chatham street. There was a profusion of music, and social enjoyments, followed by a collation—all of which was thoroughly satisfactory and pleasing.

—To-morrow the property owners of Somerville will be called upon to vote for or against an appropriation to establish a new hose company.

NEWS AT THE CAPITAL

MR. MILLS EXPLAINS THE TARIFF SITUATION.

Riddleberger Heard Again—Slow Work Looking Into Trusts—The Nicaragua Canal Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Mr. Mills explains the tariff situation thus: "We are are going slow for the reason that it is such an important subject. To hurry the bill would result perhaps in defeating the very object the majority hope to attain. The committee has been at work almost continuously since its appointment, and we have amended, modified, added to and taken from them so much that some of the original propositions laid before us would not be recognized by their authors. For instance, it is proposed to put bituminous coal on the free list; well, that proposition treads on some committeeman's toes, and of course, some change must be made to satisfy him. Again, some one may have a small mining or manufacturing interest in his district that will be affected by a proposed change, and he, too, must be conciliated. You see all these things consume time in their consideration, and the committee must necessarily go slow in order not to create any unnecessary alarm among the various industries of the country. The committee will do nothing rash, nor will any bill be reported containing an attack on an any special industries. The Democratic party has promised to revise the tariff, and our majority in the House being small we must aim to bring in a bill that shall receive the hearty support of the party. It is not our purpose to hurry up a bill that can be torn to pieces by a stroke of lightning. We want the work of the committee to stand the assault of the enemy, and we are building our structure accordingly. I can't tell exactly when we will report the bill, but it will be done in due season."

Mr. Riddleberger, after suffering scoffs and martyrdom for a week, shocked the Senators again by a triumphant remark about his success in causing the substantially indefinite postponement of the British extradition treaty. When his amendment allowing the British treaty to be considered in open session was reached, he rose with some difficulty to his feet and remarked in a loud voice that the British lion's tail had been twisted by a vote of 22 to 21, and his amendment was no longer necessary. Senator Hawley and others called the Virginian to order, and he sat down, remarking as he did so, that he supposed he had a right to say so much, and he didn't like to be called to order every time he arose. The defeat of the treaty has caused a great deal of comment and the general sentiment seemed, to be that Riddleberger's determination and the dynamite clause had together brought about the postponement. Riddleberger was becoming a very difficult problem and it was thought best to give up the attempt to quiet him him for the present.

The House Committee on Labor has decided to report adversely the bill to license railway conductors. Mr. O'Neill's joint resolution forbidding enlisted men in the army or navy, whether non-commissioned officers, musicians, or privates, from engaging in any other occupation in civil life where the same shall interfere with the customary employment and regular engagement of civilians, will be reported favorably. The committee will also request the Agriculiural Committee of the House to eliminate from the bill to organize an Executive Department of Agriculture and Labor all the provisions in the bill relating to labor, It is probable that Mr. O'Neill will soon introduce a bill looking for the establishment of the Department of Labor.

The committee to investigate trusts, pools, etc., is still arranging preliminaries and a little uncertain where to begin. "The fact is," said Mr. Bacon, "we are totally at sea in the matter. It is a field as yet unexplored by Congress, and at the same time is one of unusual importance. Just where trusts should be made to stop is a difficult thing to decide, and just what legislation is advisable is harder still to determine. We will go very slowly, but will try to make our investigation as thorough as possible. We should be glad, therefore to hear anything any one has to say on this vexed question."

The President and Mrs. Cleveland gave a reception from nine to eleven o'clock last night, in honor of the army and nayal officers. They were assisted by the ladies of the cabinet, Mrs. Fairchild, Mrs. Whitney, Mrs. Dickinson and Miss Bayard. The White House was beautifully decorated with tropical plants and a wealth of cut flowers, and the Marine Band furnished the music. The court uniforms of diplomats and the uniforms of the American officers, together with fine jewels and magnificent gowns, made the scene one of much pleasure and beauty.

The Senate has passed the joint resolution appointing Andrew D. White of New York a member of the Smithsonian Board of Regents in the place of Asa Gray, deceased; also the joint resolution for the erection of a statue to the late Spencer F. Baird, Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, in front of the National Museum, and appropriating $15,000 for it.

The Nicaragua Canal bill has been favorably reported in the Senate. The sub-committee of the Senate Committee on Commerce has agreed to report the bill favorably to the full committee on Monday, with an amendment requiring that a majority of the directors of the company shall be citizens of the United States.

The House Committee on Postoffices has decided to report in favor of an increase in the allowable weights of packages going through the mails of from four to eight pounds. The Department officials oppose the measure on the ground that it would tend to clog the mails

The little three cent nickel piece is doomed to be swept out of existence, and in a few years they will be worth their weight in gold. The House has passed Mr. Marsh's bill to discontinue their coinage, and ordering that they shall be melted down as they come to the Treasury and go to make five cent pieces.

The Ways and Means Committee has agreed to favorably report Mills' bill which authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase outstanding bonds in market when, in his discretion, it is advisable to do so.

Republican Convention Preliminaries.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—The sub-committee having in charge the preliminaries of the National Republican Convention assembled at the Palmer House this morning. They will appoint committees to carry out the provisions of the contract. Instructions have been given to limit the attendance at the convention to 8,000.

KNIGHTS WANT PEACE

CONCILIATORY PROPOSITIONS BY THE EXECUTIVE BOARD.

Corbin Will Not Change His Policy—Miners Will Not Accept the 10 Per Cent. Reduction Offered.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 10.—A communication was sent to the Reading Company by the General Executive Board that the object of members of the board in desiring a conference is not that they may renew the demands heretofore made by the railroaders and miners, but to adjust the difficulties, as either side may be willing to make concessions.

Indeed, it is more than likely that the board would be willing that the company should ignore the strike of railroaders altogether, should the officials be unwilling to consider both strikes together. This would not suit John W. Lee, but it is thought that the strike would be indefinitely prolonged by adhering to his plan. Vice-President McLeod declares that the company will not change its present policy.

It is confidently reported here that a movement is on foot which will effect a conference between the Reading miners and the company, and possibly a settlement of the strike.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 10.—The miners held a separate meeting yesterday afternoon, and decided not to accept the ten per cent. reduction proposed by the operators. The latter say they are determined. Present indications are that the joint convention will adjourn without settling the wage question. Colonel Sweet, a leading operator of Illinois, arrived yesterday and may take part. This is significant from the fact that the Illinois operators nave not been represented heretofore.

SCRANTON, Pa., Feb. 10.—Forty-five delegates from the Knights of Labor, of Scranton, ratified Wednesday night the demand for a fifteen per cent. reduction in wages demanded by the Wyoming and Lackawanna miners. The formal demand on the companies was made yesterday morning.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The Reading Strike Investigating Committee will, if possible, begin work with a preliminary meeting on Saturday. Mr. Tillman, the chairmen, said that they had decided to summon two or three prominent witnesses from the Reading Company, the same number from the coal mining company and the striking miners and railroad employes. "Then we will send for all the paper bearing on the case, and will endeavor to get all the information possible on what has been done in the way of an adjustment of the existing difficulties between the companies and strikers. We will telegraph for the witnesses to-day. We will summon the president and superintendent of the Reading Company, and perhaps Mr. George W. Childs, as he was at one time, I believe, selected as an arbitrator. After we get a clear statement of the facts in the case, we may go to Reading to complete the investigation." The committee will hear Congressman Brumm and several of the strikers to-day. A resolution passed this afternoon makes an appropriation of $5,000 for the expenses of the committee.

STILL AFTER HIGGINS.

Philadelphia Knights Resume the Boycott of the New York Firm.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 10.—Within the past few days copies of a boycott circular have been issued from the general headquarters of the Knights of Labor in this city against the firm of E. S. Higgins & Co., carpet manufacturers of New York city, and indirectly against three large carpet firms in this city, and many other firms elsewhere, who are said to deal in goods manufactured by Higgins & Co.

Higgins & Co. is the firm against whom the enmity of the General Executive Board was directed last June, immediately after the expulsion of District Assembly 126 because of its loyalty to John Morrison.

It was claimed at the time that a notorious boycott had been declared at the instance of only a portion of the General Executive Board through spite. The affair created considerable excitement at the time, both in New York and this city.

The present boycott circular reaffirms the contents of the first one, and it is signed by John W. Hayes, secretary of the General Board.

Bonded Towns to Sue For Taxes.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Feb 10.—The towns of Gardiner, New-Paltz, Oliver, Rosendale, Shandaken, Kingston, Ulster and Woodstock were heavily bonded last year in aid of the construction of the Uister and Delaware and Wallkill Valley Railways. Kingston City was also bonded for a large amount. Under a recent decision of the Court of Appeals in reference to an act of 1869, it is claimed that the county must refund to the bonded towns all taxes, save those for roads and schools, which these two railroad companies have paid to the county treasurer since 1869. Senator Linson has been retained by the towns and proceedings will be begun.

A Father and Two Children Burned.

READING, Pa., Feb. 10.—A fatal fire took place at Kutztown last night. Daniel Hopp came home at a late hour in an irresponsible condition, and it is supposed he threw a lighted cigar among some inflammable material. He then went to bed. Shortly afterward the house took fire, and Hopp, his fifteen-year-old daughter, and seven-year-old son, perished in the flames. Three other houses were burned. A shoemaker who lived with Hopp is missing, and may have perished in the flames. The bodies of the children were recovered, but Hopp's body must have burned to ashes, as no traces of it were found.

A Blast From the Anarchists.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—The anarchists, who have been holding many meetings, have issued a circular in which they say: "Citizens, awake! The blood of our innocent brothers crieth from the ground. Let us arouse the struggling masses to the fact that they are sleeping upon a volcano, which may burst forth at any hour. Be ready when the trumpet call of revolution sounds the signal and herald the proclamation of the down-trodden and oppressed."

Anarchists in Line Again.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—The Anarchists of this city are quietly holding meetings, and groups are being formed under names that are calculated to allay public suspicion. The De Battien group, which was organized Sunday night, has among its members Edward Leon, one of the ex-editors of the *Arbeiter Zeitung*. Several rabid circulars have been issued.

To Defeat Water Bill Schemes.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 10.—Mr. Brown, of Hudson has introduced a bill in the House that is a blow to the many water bill schemes. The bill making it unlawful for the authorities of any city in the State to enter into contracts for water supply with corporation or individuals.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 10, 1887.

Adams, Mrs Dr	Madden, Thomas
Carpenter, Firmon	Meads, Bettie
Clapp, Mrs Adoline	Packard, C J Mrs
Cairns, Mrs Katie	Payne, Abraham Mrs
Dunham, A W	Phelan, Bridget Mrs [2]
Dunbar, Wallace	Randolph, Caroline F
Delille, Madamoselle	Reif, Angro
Farlee, Robert	Reed, N B Miss
Harvey, Eugene	Seibert, Geo C Dr Rev
Hanna, Geo.	Sawer, Marie Mrs
Holmes, Rosa	Smalley, Sophia Mrs
Harris, A A	Salters, Francis H
Klein, A Mrs.	Townley Annie Miss
Kippy, Emma Mrs	VanMiddlesworth, F.
Keller, A A	VanPelt, Chas.

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

HALSTEAD—In this city, Feb. 8, 1888, of apoplectic paralysis, Mrs. Julia A. Halstead, aged 82 years, 1 day.

Service on Friday, at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Theo. F. Gambling, 4th and New streets, at 7:30 p. m. Her remains will be taken to New Brunswick on Saturday for interment. *New Brunswick papers please copy.*

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

ONE DOLLAR REWARD for Neck Strap for horse, stamped with letters D. J. M. Stolen from my premises, Park ave., D. J. Marshall.

DOG LOST—Fawn colored Mastiff bitch, collar marked C. V. B., Roselle, N. J. Reward at A. M. Vanderbeek & Co., 33 Park ave.

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 2-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND Division Streets, furnished or unfurnished: for boarding or private use: in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

TRY THE "O. A. F." CIGAR; MADE FROM the finest Havana filler, without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best 5-cent cigar in the world. 11-26-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORB. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

Y. M. C. A. COURSE.

PROF. RICHARDS'

Popular Science Lectures!

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,

Saturday Afternoon and Evening,

FEBRUARY 11.

ADMISSION, - - 25 CTS.

CLOSING OUT SALE!

Having sold out our business, we have agreed to reduce our stock before giving possession on *MARCH 1st*. Until that time we will sell our entire stock of

Millinery, Fancy Goods!

LACES, RIBBONS,

WORSTEDS, YARNS,

KNIT GOODS, RUFFLES,

FANCY ARTICLES,

STAMPED LINENS, ETC.,

REGARDLESS OF COST!

J. H. Honeyman & Co.,

NEXT TO POST OFFICE.

2-10-14

NEW STORE.

W. H. COMBS

Wishes to inform the public that he has opened a

GROCERY STORE,

COR. LINDEN AVE. AND STEINER PLACE,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Where he will supply all who will favor him with their patronage with everything in the GROCERY line at the

Lowest Market Prices!

☞Goods delivered in any part of the city.

2-10-5

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.

P. O. BOX 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday Evening, Feb'y 14.

A NIGHT OF FUN! First appearance here of the *NATURAL IRISH COMEDIAN,*

DANIEL SULLY,

In his Domestic Play,

"DADDY NOLAN."

Supported by an Excellent Company of Comedians, introducing incidentally, New Songs, Music, Dances, and showing an exact "Working Model of the Great Brooklyn Bridge."

Sale of seats will begin Friday, Feb. 10, at J. G. Miller's and Field & Randolph's Drug Stores. Prices—35, 50, 75 and $1.00. 2-8-6

GRAND BAZAAR!

OF

St. Mary's T. A. B. Society,

OPEN TONIGHT.

Good Music and Dancing.

ADMITTANCE, - - 10 CENTS.

COMMITTEE—Peter Flynn, John Walsh, Elmore Staats, John Hickey, John Harding, Martin Roth, Thos. Fitzgerald.

AN ENJOYABLE TIME IS ANTICIPATED.

2-3-8

A. F. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.

WARDEN & FOWLER,

Wholesale and Retail

CONFECTIONERS,

NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,

between North ave. and Second street,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated *Confectionery*. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-10-tf

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,

Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,

Gold and Silver Jewelry,

—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

AT DOANE'S,

9 PARK AVENUE. 12-16-tf

J. P. Laire & Co.

SPECIAL SALE,

Parlor Stoves,

Horse Blankets and Robes,

Plush Caps, Sleigh Bells,

Halters, Sleighs, Etc.

Will be sold Below Cost!

—TELEPHONE CALL No. 72— 10my7

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave

mv10t

Printing!

Material—the best.

Workmanship—first-class.

Delivery—prompt.

Charges—moderate.

PRESS AND CONSTITUTIONALIST

PRINTING HOUSE.

PECK'S CORNER.

PECK'S

CORSET STORE!

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

RUBBER

Boots and Shoes.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET. 10mv

C. FRANK FRENCH,

69 SOMERSET ST.,

Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box* 1,062.

DEALER IN

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.

Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

THE SHAWMUT.

Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*

TRY IT!

Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm. 1-30 tf

GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

10-29-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST. 12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.

20 *WEST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures *Coughs, Colds, &c.*

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only*. Telephone Call 109

FIELD & RANDOLPH, PROPRIETORS.

12-2-tf

SILVERWARE

FOR HIRE,

AT COLLIER'S,

No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

ESTABLISHED NINETEEN YEARS. 1-14-tf

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

Successor to W. J. Carey,

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—21 W. FRONT ST.

Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel

LARGE COVERED VANS OF THE BEST Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. ☞Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

YOU CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL

AT

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YE

PRESENTS. Their stock of Good Cannot be Beaten, either in Qua Price.

ALBERT BEATS THE RECORD.

Remarkable Work by the Leaders in the Six-Day Go-as-you-please.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10—The fascination that record breaking exercises was shown yesterday by the increase of interest in the pedestrian contest at Madison Square Garden when Albert, passed the mark of previous performances. At three minutes to seven o'clock yesterday morning he passed the best-on-record score for that hour in a six days' walking-match, being two yards ahead of Rowell's record, and making a new record for that time. At ten o'clock he was well ahead of Littlewood's record, which was the best for that hour. The only sign he showed of his good work was a heaviness about the eyes, but he moved well and carried himself erect. Panchot was the next in the race and in excellent condition; his head was well up, and sleepiness seemed to be his only trouble. Herty has improved very much under the handling of his new trainer and will make a good record at the end of the race.

Guerrero suffers somewhat from bleeding at the nose, but his legs seem to be in good condition and he moves in about the same way as at the beginning of the race. He is the most graceful man on the track, and moves along at a walk or long, easy lope, never getting into the trot which the others occasionally use. Hart is also in good condition and well taken care of. The race between these five men for first place is likely to be a good one, and there is a very strong probability that the record of 610 miles made by Fitzgerald being broken by several miles at least. The men are certainly in better condition than is usual in a contest of this nature on the fourth day, and the chances are all in their favor.

Noremac will not be far behind at the finish if he does as well in the last three days as is usual with him in a six-day race.

Moore is a little stiff, but does not appear to suffer very much, and his face is not so haggard as some of the others. Strokel shows few signs of the strain, and he *keeps up a good pace. Golden's face* is worn, and his gait is not so easy as it was. Vint bobs along in easy style. Sullivan is in good condition. Taylor plods along slowly Collins is doing well, and Tilly walks as though he was out for a stroll. Stout drags one leg after the other in a painful manner at the end of the procession putting up the miles very slowly and with great effort.

At noon yesterday Albert had scored 398 miles 2 laps and was at that time 4 miles 4 laps ahead of the best on record made by Littlewood in 1884, and 8 miles and 2 laps ahead of Fitzgerald's record. The result of this fast going has been an increased attendance at the match, and interest is growing, as the record is left behind. Panchot is only a little behind the record, and the others are close up. The track is the same as has been used for six-day races for some time, and its measurement is certified by a city surveyor. Mr. Donahue, the referee of the race, has also had it measured to satisfy himself, and declares it eight laps to the mile.

Canadian Banks.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 10.—The Dominion Government is beginning to realize the irreparable injury that has been done the credit of Canada by the recent exposures of the rottenness of the banking system. Recent disclosures have raised the country almost to arms in demanding a thorough remodelling of the banking act, by which shareholders and depositors will not be entirely at the mercy of dishonest directors and managers. It is the intention of the Government to adopt the United States national banking system, and require all banks to deposit ninety per cent. of the value of their notes in Dominion bonds. There is a general feeling of distrust all over the country, and it would not require much to precipitate a panic.

Coal Short in British Columbia.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 10.—The Coal Company and Dunsmuier & Sons collieries commenced to turn out coal yesterday, the latter putting out 1,500 tons against the former's output of 1,000. No Chinamen are employed. Chandler's colliery is not working. It is impossible to employ males in their mines for drawing cars, and unless the Chinese are allowed there it will probably interfere seriously with the work, if it does not close the mine. There is a great want of coal in the Victoria market, where it is now quoted at $15 per ton, and until ships and steamers now awaiting cargoes are loaded the coal famine will continue.

She Was Married Seven Times.

READING, Feb. 10.—Mrs. John Grueber, aged 41, who outlived seven husbands, was buried here yesterday. Rev. T. N. Reber, who preached the funeral sermon, took as his text the seven verses of the twentieth chapter of St. Luke, concerning the seven brothers who married the same wife. Mrs. Grueber was almost 16 years old when she first wedded. Her husband was an old man and they soon separated. Her second marriage was also unhappy. There was happiness in the next four marriages. Her seventh marriage was with John Grueber, who had seen thirty more winters than the bride.

Prohibition in Iowa.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Feb 10.—The Prohibition State Convention was in session here all day yesterday. Prof. S. N. Fellows called the meeting to order, and nominated Attorney General Baker for temporary President. About 125 delegates were present. No business of importance was transacted, the session being devoted to a talk on the temperance situation. The sentiment of the Convention favors leaving to the General Assembly the entire matter of strengthening the present prohibitory law without favoring one proposed bill more than another.

Clement Arthur Day Hanged.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Clement Arthur Day was hanged at 10:04 a. m. here yesterday morning for the murder of Josie Rosa Cross, his paramour, last June. He maintained his innocence to the last. Only twenty-three persons witnessed the hanging. Wednesday night Day sang and danced to keep up his spirits. In the morning he made a fervent prayer on the way to the scaffold, and when the deputy sheriff slipped and fell laughed heartily at his mishap.

A Rich Hermit Missing.

POPLAR, N. J., Jan. 10.—For some days Elijah John Morrison, the Monmouth County hermit, has not been seen. He is supposed to have wandered away from his hut in the forest of pines and poplars near here and perished. His will is said to be in favor of two widow ladies in this neighborhood. He is said to be worth nearly $10,000, without including some unimproved property in Harlem.

Two Brothers Killed at the Same Time.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Feb. 10.—Thomas and Frank Carland are the names of the two men who were killed in a railroad accident last night. Both are residents of St. John, N. B. Thomas was master of a barkentine owned by Kennedy Brothers of St. John.

MR. GLADSTONES SPEECH

THE COERCION ACT HAS NOT DECREASED CRIME.

Tracheotomy Performed on the Crown Prince—Skirmish at Massowah—Russia's Circular—Bismarck Opposed.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—In the House of Commons Mr. Gladstone said he rose to speak at this early stage of the debate hoping that he might contribute to expedite the business before the House. He could congratulate the Government on some aspects of their foreign policy. The question of the Aghan boundary, so long a source of danger to the two great empires, was settled—a great thing in itself—and he trusted that it would modify the jealousies existing regarding the territorial extensions of Russia. So far as he was aware, no other cause for misunderstanding remained between the two nations.

Referring to Ireland Mr. Gladstone said: "While the Opposition are anxious to expedite business, the Government's policy in Ireland could not be lightly passed over. The address declares that crimes of an agrarian character have diminished and that conspiracy has sensibly abated through the careful execution of the Crimes act. He was disposed to substitute for 'careful' some very different word. The whole subject of the administration of coercion must through an amendment be debated. He would not anticipate the debate, but could not pass over the assertion that the Irish people under coercion had become more reconciled to law.

"When he looked back fifty years upon the exurberancy of crime under a pressure of difficulties not less than now exists, he was amazed at the progress made in self-command. Self-control was becoming more and more a habit of the Irish people. It was owing to this fact that agrarian crime had lessened. But the Government could not be congratulated on assisting to diminish the number of offences. Under the Coercion act 350 persons had been tried or sentenced. Was the House to believe that these returns showed a diminution of offences as compared with the same period last year? He demanded that the Government produce official data in support of the alleged decrease of offences.

"The returns showed that while the administration of the common law was easier in Ireland than in Great Britain, the administration of the law relating to agrarian crime had been transferred from Judges and juries to magistrates dependent upon the executive Government, and that the Coercion act had in nowise strengthened the Government in regard to the prevention of crime as distinguished from combinationations. Apart from crime, could the Government show that they were not prosecuting the people of Ireland for acts of exclusive dealing freely resorted to in Great Britain?"

Mr. Parnell gave notice that he would introduce a bill to amend the Irish Land Law Amendment Act.

Mr. William Henry Smith, the Government leader, said the Government would be perfectly ready to discuss the whole subject of the Irish policy, including Mr. Gladstone's arguments.

Mr. Parnell will move an amendment to the address censuring the Irish administration and praying that the operation of the Coercion act be stopped.

THE CROWN PRINCE'S PERIL.

His Life Saved Only by the Prompt Operation of Tracheotomy.

SAN REMO, Feb. 10.—Dr. Bramann successfully performed the operation of tracheotomy on the Crown Prince yesterday afternoon, and the patient's condition is now more favorable.

Professor Bergmann had been hastily summoned from Berlin in consequence of the sudden and serious symptoms, the Crown Prince being in great danger of suffocation. It was hoped that the operation might be safely delayed until his arrival, but at 4:50 p. m. the patient's condition had become so alarming that it was agreed that something must be done immediately, and the delicate task fell to Dr. Bramann.

When Prof. Bergmann finally arrived the crisis had been passed, and he complimented Dr. Bramann on his success.

Bismarck's Views Opposed.

VIENNA, Feb. 10.—The Pesth newspapers of all shades of opinion maintain, in opposition to Prince Bismarck's recent declarations, that neither the Berlin treaty nor the proctocols of the Congress contain a suggestion of the concession to Russia of a privileged position in Bulgaria. There is no reason, they say, to grant such concession to the Czar. If Russia attempts illegal acts in Bulgaria Austria will not hesitate to act with loyal adherence to the Berlin treaty. Austria considers Bulgaria within the sphere of her special interests, and will proceed to protect them in the way that seems to her right.

ROME, Feb. 10.—It is semi-officially denied that Italy is bound under her treaty with Austria to send troops to Bulgaria in support of Austria, in case the latter undertakes a campaign in the Balkans.

Another Skirmish at Massowah.

MASSOWAH, Feb. 10.—Messengers from the front report another skirmish between the friendly natives and the Abyssinians. This time the Hababs, allies of the Italians, came in conflict with the Abyssinians at Guonhod, near Ailet. The latter lost one officer and one soldier.

Russia Sends Out a Circular.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—It is reported that the Czar has directed his Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. von Giers, to send to the Powers a circular note, calling their attention to the fact that the present situation in Bulgaria is contrary to the stipulations of the treaty of Berlin.

Pig Iron Men Aroused.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 10.—The furnace men who have formed the Coke Consumers' Association have asked for a reduction in the prices of coke to enable them to make pig iron at a small profit, but their requests have been ignored. Now the furnace men have put on war paint and threaten to get even with the coke kings. 'We are cramped, both fore and aft," remarked one of the pig iron men this morning. "The Carnegies, through their connection with the H. C. Frick Coke Company, secure their coke for $1.35 per ton, while we have to pay $1.75. We can't increase the price of pig iron because the Carnegies won't allow us to do so. By reason of their low-priced coke they can undersell us every day in the week, and have done it during the past two months. We propose to do all in our power to secure a reduction in the prices of coke, wages and lower freight rates.

Will Chicago Get It?

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Democrats are settling down to the belief that Chicago will be chosen as the place of convention meeting, and that the date will be June 5.

FOR PROTECTION.

Sherman's Speech at the Home Market Club Dinner in Boston.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 10.—The dining halls of the Vendome were filled to overflowing last evening it being the occasion of the banquet given by the Home Market Club. There were present over 400 prominent men from various sections of the country. After an informal reception the company entered the dining halls. After the cloth had been removed President Merrick introduced the guest of the evening, who was greeted with cheers.

Senator Sherman said, in part: "The home market deals with over $8,000,000,000 annually of agricultural products and $6,000,000,000 of manufactures; while the foreign market deals with only $1,500,000,000 of exports annually, and more than half of these are home products. This is not all; every part of the capital and labor employed in the productions of the home market is American labor and capital. These productions are by American farmers and workshops, and they are transported on American railroads, steamboats, and wagons. They are exchanged for each other by American merchants, tradesmen and middlemen, and more than ninety per cent. of them is consumed by the American people. It is the home market that gives employment, life, strengh, health, wealth, and comfort to the people of the United States. It is this home market, I take it, you wish to foster, protect and diversify. On the other hand, our foreign market is conducted entirely by foreigners. Nearly one-half of it is in foreign products, made by foreign labor, largely by people whose daily wages would not buy food, say nothing about clothing and shelter, that is consumed by the American workingmen, and yet the price of all food is confessedly cheaper here than in Europe.

"The question has arisen whether the policy of protection should extend to raw materials produced on the farm and from the mine, or whether these should be admitted free of duty. We all agree that all crude articles necessary for manufacture that cannot with reasonable labor be produced in this country ought to be admitted duty free. More than $100,000,000 in value of such articles are now admitted free; but the crude materials for manufacture raised on our farms or in our mines which come into competition with foreign labor have been considered objects of protection. Now it is proposed to place these upon the free list and continue the protection to manufreturers.

"All that the farmer or the miner asks is that reasonable and proper protection which is cheerfully extended to all branches of manufacturing coming into competion with foreign industry: that their labor and employments receive the same consideration in framing your tariff laws given to other industries. They only ask enough duty to compensate for the difference in the price of labor here and the countries with which they compete. Nor do they ask duties on grades of wool that they cannot produce. I confess that in reasoning about this matter I cannot help expressing my profound contempt for the selfishness of the policy declared by Mayor Hewitt in a letter to the league in which, while demanding increased duties for the articles that he is producing, he insists on the repeal of duties on materials he uses."

During his speech Senator Sherman criticised the utterances of James Russell Lowell and Senator Morgan at the recent dinner of the Tariff Reform League and attacked the President's course in Tariff Reform. He also alluded to his "answer" to the President's message, and closed by giving his views on the reduction of the surplus.

THE U. S. POSTAL SERVICE.

A Bill Providing for a Fourth Assistant Postmaster General—Its Rapid Growth.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10. A bill has been introduced and favorably reported by the House Committee on Postoffices to provide for a Fourth Assistant Postmaster General. The investigation which preceded the reporting of this bill furnishes a very interesting exhibit of the growth of the country since 1836, when a similar bill to relieve the First Assistant Postmaster General was passed by creating the office of Third Assistant Postmaster General. In that period the number of postoffices has increased from eleven thousand to fifty-five thousand; the extent of post-routes from 118,264 miles to 373,142 miles; the revenue of the Department from $4,398,323 to $48,837,609; the expenditure of the Department from $3,841,766 to $3,[illegible]6,194; the amount of salaries of postmasters from $812,803 to $11,929,499; the amount paid for transportation from $1,638,052 to $29,8[illegible]6,5[illegible]8.

The present First Assistant Postmaster-General, Mr. Stevenson, has broken down from overwork, and has been compelled to go to Florida for his health. Among the achievements of Mr. Stevenson's office which have attracted some attention are the changes made in some endless number of fourth-class postoffices.

McGlynn After Henry George.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Last night at the meeting of the Anti-Poverty Society, Dr. McGlynn in his remarks said: "Henry George has said to a reporter of a newspaper in this city that he cannot be a candidate of our party in the Presidential campaign. He can get along abundantly well without Mr. George. If he comes back into the party again, even if he does not support Mr. Cleveland or the Democratic party, he will have to take a much humbler position in the ranks than he has had. For myself, I don't want him for my candidate. I think he would be rather a hurt than a help to us. We have many good men in the party willing to be our candidates."

Typhoid Fever Epidemic in Michigan.

ADRIAN, Mich., Feb. 10.—An epidemic of typhoid fever has broken out in the State Industrial Home for Girls in this city, and thirteen or fourteen cases are already reported. The attacks, so far, are comparatively mild, but a change may take place at any time, and every precaution is being taken to meet the dreaded disease. Two skilled nurses were brought here yesterday from Detroit. It is believed defective sewerage caused the fever.

Asking For No Man's Land.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 10.—At a conference held by the Board of Trade last night a memorial was adopted for presentation to Congress in which it was declared that the time had arrived when No Man's Land should be opened to settlers. A committee of fifteen cattle raisers was appointed to present the petition.

Will Strike Off Coal and Salt

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The Democratic members of the Ways and Means Committee are reported by a Republican member of that Committee to have decided to strike coal and salt from their free list. The subject now under consideration is whether lumber shall be retained on the free list.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson; Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

WM. K. McCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law.

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE,

Architect,

North avenue, opposite depot.
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors-at-Law,

Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,

Homoeopathist.

(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law.

Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

DR. PLATT,

90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.

Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder.

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work. 9-15-tf

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter and Builder

OFFICE—4 WEST THIRD STREET,
Shop, South Second St., PLAINFIELD, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED. 11-22-tf

C. E. JOHNSON,

[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,]

CARPENTER and BUILDER.

Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.

JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

C. NIELSEN,

Carpenter and Builder,

31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder.

Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,

Undertakers and Embalmers.

58 Park avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37. Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,

Funeral Directors.

and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 19 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44. Personal attendance night or day.
GEORGE M. STILES. my9tf

P. HOAGLAND'S

City Express.

Opposite the Depot, North ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture, and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

S. E. FLOWER

Picture Frames.

of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 23 West Front street. [illegible] for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

CARL PETERSON

Florist

Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Cut Flowers at Low Prices. Beautiful designs for weddings and funerals. [illegible]

A. SWALM.

Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.

Paper Hanging A Specialty.

No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,

Bookseller and Stationer.

No. 7 Park Avenue.

A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,

Livery Stables.

North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121. my9tf

CHARLES E. RUNK,

Coal Dealer.

39 NORTH AVENUE.

Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Burning Coal from the Wyoming region well screened and prepared.

USE

CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON

Best Six Cord,

For Hand and Machine use. For sale by

I. LEDERER.

1-2-6m No. 9 WEST FRONT STREET.

TO-DAY

I WILL COMMENCE A

GREAT MARK DOWN SALE

to clear out most of our Large Stock of

WINTER GOODS,

in order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.

A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT. has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEWMARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.

An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.

LEDERER'S,

No. 9 West Front Street. 1-2-6m

TRY OUR

QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET. 8-16-tf

GEO. D. MORRISON,

FLOUR AND FEED STORE,

NORTH AVE., OPP. RAILROAD DEPOT.

JUST RECEIVED—A full line of POULTRY FOOD, BEEF SCRAPS, BONE MEAL, OYSTER SHELLS, EGG FOOD, ETC. 11-29-tf

WEST END COAL YARD

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.

Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1
WALTER L. HETFIELD. JOHN M. HETFIELD.

FRANK LINKE,

Bottler

of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

H. C. DRAKE,

House Painter.

Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,

Furniture and Freight Express.

P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

ROBERT JAHN,

Tin and Coppersmith,

Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

Interested People.

Advertising a patent medicine in the peculiar way in which the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam, for Coughs and Colds, does it is indeed wonderful. He authorizes R. J. Shaw to give those who call for it a sample bottle *Free*, that they may try it before purchasing. The Large Bottles are 50c. and $1.00. We certainly would advise a trial. It may save you from consumption.

ARNOLD,

The Grocer.

Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

VALENTINES!

All Kinds and Low Prices, at

ALLEN'S, the Stationer,

No. 28 EAST FRONT STREET. 10my

J. C. POPE & CO,

INSURANCE AGENTS,

No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,

Lumber and Coal Merchants,

CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,

PLAINFIELD.

Retail Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,

WESTFIELD, N. J.

FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.

BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.

GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD,

DEALER IN

Lumber and Masons' Materials,

OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

J. W. VANSICKLE,

(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats,

etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

FAIRCHILD,

Furniture Dealer,

Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and [illegible] Furniture. A Large Stock at New [illegible]es. Call and see for yourselves.—5 23-tf

DOMESTIC MISCELLANY.

A SPRINKLING of flour when frying greatly improves cold sliced potatoes.

FOR chilblains take ten pounds of oak bark, put it in a kettle and pour on it six quarts of water. Let it boil down to four quarts. Soak the feet in it and it will effect a certain cure.

POTATO ROLLS.—Five large potatoes mashed while warm. Add one quart of flour, salt to season; one teacup of milk; stir until light; make into rolls; let stand two hours, then bake.

ECONOMY is an art worthy of profound study by every woman who is at the head of a household. Extravagance in style of dressing or rather "over dressing" has more to do than any other cause with the fall of woman, the bankruptcy of husbands, and the ruin of families.

TAKE cold beef, veal, chicken or any other meat, the more variety the better. Hash it fine and mix with two eggs, two crackers rolled fine, a little grated onion, melted butter, pepper and salt, to taste, form in cakes and fry in butter or nice drippings. Grated onion is nicer for hash than chopped.

THOSE who suffer from cold feet will derive great benefit from an evening foot-bath before the fire, after which a thorough rubbing with a rough towel. Before retiring the feet should be thoroughly dried and a pair of fresh hose drawn on. This treatment facilitates the blood circulation, the cessation of which causes a lack of warmth.

GROWN persons generally require seven hours sleep in the summer and eight in winter; few, indeed, except invalids, will fail to sleep well who go to bed at a regular early hour, on a light supper, in a large room and clean, comfortable bed, if there is no sleeping in the day-time, and not more than seven hours in twenty-four are passed in bed.

A PRETTY toilet-set is one made of white Turkish toweling. Buy it by the yard and cut bureau scarf and mats the size you wish. Crochet around the edges of each one a pretty scalloped edge in red cotton. Make a tidy and splasher to match. Ornament the tidy with a bow of red satin ribbon placed in the center or at one of the upper corners.

TEA CAKE.—Beat to a cream half a cup of butter and two cups of sugar, with one cup of milk and a teaspoon of soda dissolved in it; beat well together, add one cup of flour with two teaspoons of cream tartar, the well-beaten yelks of three eggs. Beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth; add them and two more cups of flour to the other ingredients. Beat well, pour into buttered tins and bake.

SPONGE BISCUIT.—Take half a pound of flour, three-fourths pound sifted sugar. Beat the whites of six eggs by themselves, add the beaten yelks and toss them together. Put in them a little grated lemon peel, then the sugar, and flirt well with an egg whisk. Stir in the flour with a wooden spoon, and put the mixture in small patty-pans to bake, with sifted sugar to glaze sprinkled over the top.

A TOWEL should never be put in the wash until the edge has been overcast. If when towels are washed the fringe is shaken well before they are hung to dry the fresh appearance will be preserved for a long time. If vigorously shaken that is all that is necessary, otherwise it is best to have the laundress whip the fringe over the clean back of a kitchen chair. This is much better than the combing process, besides it does not wear the fringe so much.

HERE are some general hints for cake-making: As a general thing soft A sugar is best. If it is lumpy crush it with the rolling-pin before mixing with the batter. Flour should always be sifted once, and if the cake is to be extra fine and light two or three times is better still. Cream the butter and sugar until nearly white. Beat the eggs very light, yelks and whites separately. If you follow these directions, choosing a reliable recipe, you can hardly fail of having a cake that will melt in the mouth.

FOR a fancy work apron take one yard of ecru pongee and a hem each side with an inch wide hem. Across the bottom make a hem of the same width but on the opposite side from the others. Turn the bottom up one-third the length for pockets. Stitch separations down to make pockets as you wish. Outline a pretty design in scarlet upon each and just above them across the apron work the motto: "A stitch in time saves nine." Turn a hem at the top wide enough to run a ribbon through to tie it on with.

JELLY PAN CAKES.—Six eggs; two cupfuls of flour; one salt-spoonful of salt; two table-spoonfuls of sugar; the grated rind of a lemon. Beat the whites and yelks of the eggs separately. Add one pint of milk and stir with other ingredients. Lastly, add one table-spoonful of melted butter. Butter a frying-pan, pour in a ladleful of batter, and fry quickly; then spread on the cake a tea-spoonful of melted currant-jelly, and roll up. Serve six cakes at a time. Any kind of jelly may be used, or a light sprinkling of nutmeg and sugar substituted.

BREAKFAST OMELET.—Three eggs beaten very light with one tablespoonful of flour, add one cup of milk, and turn into a well-buttered cold spider. Set on the stove where it will have an even steady heat, but not to burn, and let it cook—perhaps half an hour—or until the egg sets, which can be told by trying with a knife as the custard becomes firm, scatter the seasoning salt, pepper, a little chopped parsley, ham, or any seasoning you prefer, then slip the knife round the edges and turn one half the omelet over the other, put on a hot plate and serve at once.

STATISTICAL SLIPS.

IN the laundries of the United States there are employed over half a million women. These insist that the "Chinese must go."

THE wool-dealers and wool-growers of the United States represent a capital of over $500,000,000 and a constituency of 1,000,000 wool-growers and wool-dealers.

RECENT statistics show the force of the Christian church in the United States in the following figures: Of churches there are 132,000; ministers, 92,000, and an aggregate membership of 19,000,000.

A FAIR estimate of the business of the Post-Office Department may be obtained from the report that nearly $127,000,000 was transferred by money orders in the last year, $9,000,000 of which was sent abroad. In addition to this amount $12,000,000 in postal notes was issued.

ACCORDING to careful calculation the additions, at the present rate, to the population of the United States call for the erection of over 300,000 new houses each year. Some carpet manufacturer has figured out that this ought to create an additional demand for at least 10,000,000 yards of new carpet every year.

THE American dairy interests are said to represent an investment five times greater than the entire bank capital of the country. The value of our dairy products for the last twelve months was nearly $500,000,000. This is $20,000,000 more than the value of our annual wheat yield, while it closely approximates that of our corn crop, which is the most valuable of our farm products. To support this immense dairy herd 100,000,000 acres of pasture land are required, worth $2,500,000,000.

TWENTY-TWO PERISHED.

The Wreck of the Abercorn at the Mouth of the Columbia River.

OLYMPIA, W. T., Feb. 10.—Further particulars of the wreck of the Abercorn, which occurred near the mouth of the Columbia River Sunday night, show that after she struck all hands went into the cabin, as the sea was breaking badly forward, and while they were there the foremast broke and the deck split. In the afternoon a heavy sea broke into the cabin, drowning several inmates. The three survivors escaped from the cabin and ascended the rigging of the mizzenmast. There they saw Pilot Johnston as he came out of the cabin which was filled with water. Just as he appeared a wave struck him. He tried to grasp the bar of the companionway, but missed it. Just at that moment a second wave struck him and carried him into the ocean. He kept afloat for some time. One of the survivors says: "As the mast was going I jumped to clear the side of the ship, and was under water for some time. As I came up the second time I saw near me a plank about fifteen feet long, which I seized and steered for the shore."

The next survivor came ashore with a piece of plank under each arm. One of the five boys from the training ship, all of whom were making their first voyage, came ashore with two pieces of plank, and was the last to reach the shore. He was unconscious when found. He saw several persons in the water after he left the wreck, and he was the last to see the captain alive. At one time the captain was within fifteen feet of him, and told him to hang to his planks and not to be scared. Then a heavy wave struck them, and that was the last he saw of the captain or any of the ship's crew. Sixteen bodies are reported found, including those of Pilot Johnson and the captain. There are still six bodies unheard from.

Rebellion Among the Knights of Labor.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 10.—The shoemakers composing the shop's crew of Blocker, Gerstle & Co., by a vote of 122 to 54, have decided not to return to work. They refused to allow the District Executive Board to remain in the meeting. Thereupon the District Executive Board issued an order to the Master Workman of all the shoe locals instructing them to order members of their locals back to work at once. There are 400 men in this shop who hold membership in eight different local unions. They are in rebellion against the chief authorities of the Knights of Labor, and some exciting results may come from it.

The Baby Weighs One and a Half Pounds.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 10.—The smallest baby in the world was born yesterday to Mrs. Fred Miller, of Rice Lake, Fairbault County, Minn. It is a speck of humanity that barely tipped the beam at one and a half pounds. Its feet are not over an inch in length, and an ordinary finger-ring will go over the foot and upon the ankle. A small child's teacup will cover its head. The father is a large, heavy man, and the mother very little under the ordinary size. The child is perfectly formed and healthy.

Prior British Patents Proved.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., Feb. 10.—An injunction was served a short time ago against the Hartford Heel Plate Company, enjoining it from making and selling certain dies containing radially placed inclined planes. It has been dissolved by Judge Shipman at Hartford upon the ground that such features were contained in earlier British patents.

Child Fatally Burned With Matches.

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 10.—The two-year old daughter of William E. Barney, of 134 Market street, died last night in great agony from burns on the head and side. She had found a box of matches in her mother's absence and had set fire to her clothing while playing with them.

Dunham Will Hang March 29.

WOODBURY, N. J., Feb. 10.—George Dunham has been sentenced by Judge Reed to be hanged on March 29 for the murder of his mother-in-law, [illegible] Kindle.

Fisheries Falling Off

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 10.—The fisheries of Nova Scotia will show a slight falling off during the past season. They yielded $8,250,000 against $8,415,361 in 1886.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Fair weather followed by light snow, light to fresh winds, generally easterly, slowly rising temperature.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Money on call to-day 3 per cent.

BONDS.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
3½s.	1891, reg	107	107¼
4½s.	1891, coup	108⅜	108¾
4s.	1907, reg	126¼	126¾
4s.	1907, cou	126¼	129¾

STOCK MARKET.

THREE O'CLOCK.—The stock market to-day was again dull and featureless, except for a sharp advance in Wheeling and Lake Erie. The general market was firm at slight advances. Sterling exchange was higher.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	56½	56
Central Pacific	30½	31
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	128	127⅝
Delaware & Hudson	109½	110
Del. Lack. & West	130¼	130¾
Erie	26½	26⅞
Erie, pref	62	62
Lake Shore	90¾	91¼
Louis. & Nash	59⅛	59⅝
Michigan Central	82½	—
Missouri Pacific	83¾	84
New Jersey Central	78⅞	79
New York Central & Hud	106¾	107¼
New York & New Eng	37	37¼
Northwestern	107⅛	107¼
Oregon Navigation	93½	93
Pacific Mail	35¼	36¼
Reading	65¼	65⅞
Rock Island	112¾	112
St. Paul	75⅞	75¾
Union Pacific	54⅞	55¼
Western Union	77⅞	78¾

PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat—Market quiet. No. 1 red, 92½c.a— c.; extra red, 91¼c.a—c.; No. 2 red, 88½c.a— c.; in elevator, 89¼c.a90¼c. delivered; No. 3, 86 c. a—c.; state white, 19c.a92½c.; No. 1 white, 91c.a 92¼c.

February, 88⅝c.; March, 89⅛c.; April, 90 c.; May, 91⅛c.; June, 91⅝c.; December, 94c¼.

Corn—Market quiet. No. 2, at 59½c.; in elevator and 61¼c. delivered; No. 3, 58 c.a—c.; and steamer, 59½c.a60c, elevator.

February 59¼c.; March, 59¼c.; May, 59¾. June, 59⅜c.

Oats—Market quiet. No. 1 white, 42½c.; No. 2 white, 40⅞c.a42¼c.; Nor. 3 white, 39¾c.a 41 c.; No. 1 mixed, 40 c.; No. 2 mixed, 38 c.a 40 c.; No. 3 mixed, 38½c.; rejected, 37 c.; No. 2 Chicago, 41½c.

February, 38 c.; March, 38 c.; May, 38⅛c.

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market steady. Creamery—Eastern, —c.a—c.; western, 25c.a31c.; Elgin, 32c.a33c.; imitation, 22c.a26c. Dairy—Eastern, half-firkin tubs, 23c.a28c.; eastern, Welsh tubs, 20c.a25c; eastern firkins, 18c.a23c.; eastern dairies, complete, 20c.a25c.; western, 18c.a23c. Factory—Fresh, 20c.a23c.

Cheese—Market steady. Factory—New York, cheddar, 12 c.a12½c.; western, flat, 11¼c.a12 c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 5 c.a10 c., skims, 1 c.a1½; state skims, 2 c.a4c.

Eggs—Market steady. Fresh—Eastern firsts, 21c.; southern first, 20c.a22¼c.; western firsts, 20c.a21c. Limed—Eastern firsts, 14½c.; western firsts 14c. c.a14½c.; Canadian firsts, 13½c.a14c.; imported, 14c.a15c.

HUNTING FOR FUR.

A Perilous Pursuit Described by a Man of Experience.

Scenes of Murder and Violence Entirely Uncontrolled by Law—How Unsuccessful Trappers Were Wont to Replenish Their Stores.

William H. Upham, of Moorhead, Minn., has been a resident of the Northwest for upwards of thirty years, says the St. Louis *Post-Dispatch*. "When I first went to Minnesota," said Mr. Upham, "I settled about a hundred miles north of St. Paul, which was at the time the northern boundary of civilization. Every thing north was wilderness, producing nothing but furs, and the entire population was sustained by the fur-traders. Two great rival organizations were struggling for mastery in the country bordering the Red river of the North, the Hudson Bay Company and the American Fur Company. To one or other of these companies every man in Minnesota and what is now Manitoba, was allied, and even the Indians took sides, those in Canadian territory holding to the Hudson Bay Company, while the Minnesota Sioux were friendly to the American Fur Company. The deeds of violence that were perpetrated in those early days have never been told. It was all "Indian land" and law was never invoked to settle any difficulties. During the early winter there was seldom any trouble, and all the men were busy gathering furs, and none had accumulated any thing. But when the spring came and the fruits of the winter's trapping were being brought into the various stations the trappers of both companies were in great danger. Nothing was easier than for a man who had been unsuccessful during the season to watch until a rival trapper came along with his pack, send a bullet into him from behind a tree and take possession of his furs. No questions were ever asked by the agents, and no proof was possible. At Pembina I have seen half a dozen trappers come in with packs of furs wrapped up in canvas, stamped with the seal of the Hudson Bay Company, but no one thought of troubling them on that account, although every one knew how they had obtained them. On the other side of the line the same state of affairs prevailed, and the trappers were exposed to constant danger. The Hudson Bay Company had one advantage over the American Fur Company," continued Mr. Upham, "and that was in the number of half-breeds in their employ. The officers and agents of the company were nearly without exception Scotchmen, and they regularly married Indian women, sometimes two or three at a time, and raised large families. When these grew up the men always went into the employ of the company, and enabled it to keep on the best possible terms with the Indians. These half-breeds were a peculiar race of men. They had both the Indian and Scotch characteristics, had light straight hair, a dark skin and often blue eyes. They had the heavy frame of the Scotchman, with the activity and spareness of the Indian, and were model trappers. But as couriers they made their great fame. Such runners I never saw. When it was necessary to send a message from one station to another, one of these half-breeds would carry a letter through pathless woods and deep snow at the rate of sixty miles a day for a week at a time. They were not given to violence, and did not play much of a part in the fights that were continually arising between the two companies, but as woodsmen and trappers they were admirable. The American Fur Company had a class of employes who were almost as good in their way as the Scotch half-breeds. These were the French voyageurs and the half-breeds from the Mississippi Valley. The French never made good woodsmen and could not be relied on to act independently as the Scotch and American trappers did. It was simply impossible for a Creole to set out through the woods by himself and remain for months alone in the wilderness. They hated solitude, were not good runners and never could endure the snow-shoe work that formed so large a part of the life of a trapper; but wherever a canoe could float the voyageur was at home, and he seemed to have a natural knack of getting along with the Indians and driving good bargains with them. As soon as the ice broke up in the spring they would set off in parties of three and four, with a birch-bark canoe laden with goods suitable to the Indian trade, and would fearlessly thread the labyrinth of streams and lakes that is found in Northern Minnesota, would stay a week at one Indian village, a day at another, and probably a month at a third, making themselves welcome guests everywhere and always returning with a large supply of furs. A merrier, lighter-hearted set of men never breathed. Always good-humored, seldom violent, and never mutinous, they were the best of all pioneers to deal with, and never made any trouble. But they were essentially nomadic in their habits, never attached themselves to the company, and were likely to desert at any moment without rhyme or reason. The most turbulent and dangerous men, by all odds, were the Americans. As trappers they had no superiors, and when it was a question of going into a remote and dangerous country, Americans were always chosen, the peril seeming only to add zest to their enjoyment. But they were continually embroiled with the Indians, being thus very different from the French and Scotch half-breeds. The Indians feared the American trappers, but hated them still more, and never missed an opportunity of ratting the traps or killing the trappers if a favorable opportunity offered. Where American trappers had occupied any district there was no hope of direct trade with the Indians, who were certain to assume a hostile attitude to the emissaries of the company. Few people know the reason of the decline in the fur trade," Mr. Upham continued. "The introduction of the silk hat ruined the beaver trade, and this was the mainstay of the business.

"From the time that the present stove-pipe hats became fashionable the beaver fur trade went down, and by 1860 had practically ceased. The country became settled, also, and the fur-bearing animals grew scarce, and finally the American Fur Company went out of existence. The Hudson Bay Company still keeps up its trade, but it is on a comparatively small scale, and will soon, in my opinion, wind up its affairs and go out of existence."

How to Treat Frost-Bites.

During the past two days I have treated several people for frozen hands and feet, writes a doctor to the Kansas City *Star*. In one or two cases, I have found it very difficult to treat them, on account of their plunging their frozen members in hot water or holding them in close proximity to a red-hot stove. The best possible way to draw out the cold from frozen parts is to plunge them into ice or snow-water, containing a liberal supply of saltpeter or common salt, and then submitting them to a rigorous rubbing with a coarse towel, or slapping with the hands to restore circulation. In many cases amputation has been found necessary, where the patient has foolishly applied hot water.

EMBRYO MILLIONAIRES.

Rich Men of the United States and Their First Speculations.

Frank G. Carpenter, writing to the Chicago *Tribune* about some of the millionaires of the country, says: P. T. Barnum, the millionaire showman, plowed corn for ten cents a day, and after he was twelve years of age earned his own clothes. Senator Joe Brown, of Georgia, the richest man in the South, was glad to make his first money by plowing his neighbors' fields with a pair of bull calves, and Howe, the sewing-machine millionaire, sold butter and eggs from a farm. Cornelius Vanderbilt began his life by farming, and the boys who are now working upon farms will do three-fourths of the work for the next generation. Wanamaker once clerked at $1.25 a week. Dave Sinton dished out sugar over an Ohio counter for four dollars a month, and George W. Childs was an errand boy for a bookseller at a not much higher salary. P. T. Barnum earned a salary as bartender in Niblo's Theater when he first came to New York. Flood, the California millionaire, kept a saloon on Washington street in San Francisco during his earlier experiences in the West, and Vassar sold beer and oysters during a part of his career. George I. Seney's father was a Methodist preacher and Phil Armour was bound out as a boy, and got his employer to release him when he went to California. Paul Tulane, the millionaire philanthropist, who died a year or so ago, leaving a fortune to a number of colleges, was years ago a merchant tailor in New Orleans, and George Law, the great bridge-builder, who left $12,000,000 when he died in 1882, spent his life between 8 and 21 in milking cows and working on a farm. His father kept him at work for himself until he was of age, and he began life with just $40, which he had managed to save during this time. A. T. Stewart, the millionaire drygoods merchant, taught school as industriously as he sold goods in after life. Potter Palmer formerly attended to his drygoods store in Chicago as closely as he now does his hotel. "Lucky" Baldwin worked hard, years ago, on his father's farm in Indiana. Jim Keen once drove a milk wagon in a California town. D. O. Mills kept a green grocery and borrowed the money with which he went to California. Cyrus Field, the founder of the Atlantic cable, began life as a clerk in a New England store. He worked for A. T. Stewart for $50 a year and left him to sell papers. Moses Taylor once clerked in Water street, New York, at $2 a week, though before he died he had an income of several thousand dollars a day. Daniel Drew, making his first money on a farm, added to this by shipping cattle from the country to New York City for a commission. He was the first man to bring a drove of cattle across the Alleghenies, and some of his first money was made in a drover's hotel which he founded in the neighborhood of his business. James G. Fair dug in the mines with pick and shovel. Mark Hopkins, whose wife has a house in Massachusetts which has cost one fortune and who owns another in San Francisco which cost another, had a hardware store in Sacramento. Uncle Rufus Hatch made his first venture as a schoolboy. I will let him tell the story as he lately told it to me. Said he: "Steel pens had just been introduced into the community. I bought a lot of them and peddled them out among my schoolmates. Pennies at the age of 7 are bigger than $20 gold pieces at 21, and the few cents I cleared made me feel wealthy. My next speculation was turkeys. I was, you know, a farmer's boy in Maine. Shortly before one Thanksgiving Day I borrowed a hundred dollars of my father and bought a lot of turkeys. I shipped them to Salem, Mass., and sold them, and my profits were just $9." Hatch was also a surveyor. He helped to lay out some of the first railroads of Michigan, and got $1.25 a day for his services. He once clerked in a store where it is said he served all prices of tea from one box, and he has served as a locomotive engineer, and boasts that he can take apart and put together any railroad engine now in use. Speaking of Hatch and the tea recalls how C. P. Huntington, the railway magnate who is now worth $50,000,000, peddled out butter to the miners of California. He had three crocks, and his price was 25 cents a pound. The butter was of the same grade, but when the miners wanted any thing better he merely came up on the price and tried a different crock. He tells today how a miner paid 65 cents a pound for butter which he would not take at 35, and laughs as he does so at the gullibility of mankind. Adam Forepaugh was a butcher in Philadelphia when he decided to go into the show business. He had a little circus and a ten-cent menagerie. He paid at one time Dan Rice $25,000 a year for himself and his blind horse, and made a fortune out of it. The Sells brothers, whose shows are among the best in the country, used to peddle tinware, following a traveling circus and selling to the crowds. One of the circuses that they thus attended failed, and out of their savings they bought it and made a fortune. Jay Gould canvassed Delaware County, New York, with his maps at $1.50 apiece, and these maps are now worth $50 each as curiosities. He was taken in by the surveyor he worked for, and his first trip to New York was to sell a mouse-trap which he had patented. His trap was stolen and he made nothing out of it. His first successful speculation was the tannery, which brought him to New York and to fortune. Senator Farwell also began life as a surveyor. Andrew Carnegie, who owns estates and newspapers in England, and who pays one of his foremen a salary of $25,000 a year, *did his first work in a Pittsburgh* telegraph office for $3 a week. The late Vice-President Hoxie, the railroad man who was so opposed by the Knights of Labor, was once a hostler in Des Moines. George Jones, of the New York *Times*, once kept a news office in Albany. Jo Pulitzer once acted as stoker on a Mississippi steamboat, and he wore the livery of a coachman and drove the carriage of a man who still lives in St. Louis. Whitelaw Reid did work as a Columbus correspondent of a Cincinnati newspaper for $5 a week, and the millionaire proprietor of the Baltimore *Sun* began life poor.

A Parrot's Piety.

A Philadelphia family, living near the Church of St. Alphonsus, own a very bright parrot. Every evening the bells of the church ring the "Angelus," and recently one of the little girls of the family was taught to recite the appropriate prayer at the sound of the bells. The parrot watched her carefully, and the other evening, at the first sound of the chimes, dropped to the bottom of the cage, put down his head, and said the first few words of the prayer. He has kept this up ever since, and is adding other words of the prayer as the little girl teaches them to him.

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.37, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.08, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.32, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 4.55, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44, a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.35, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

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9-20-y

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Order a Rochester Lamp, it gives a light that *is* a light,
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THE DAILY PRESS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

E. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—The Reform Club meeting will begin promptly at 7:30 o'clock to-morrow evening.

—The Crescent will be reopened in fine shape for roller skating, Wednesday afternoon and evening the 22d inst.

—The new German Reformed church on Craig place, North Plainfield, will be formally dedicated for worship to-morrow.

—The Board of Directors of the Middlesex Gun Club will hold a meeting at Force's Hotel, this evening, at eight o'clock.

—The old cast-iron bridges taken out of the railroad in this city, have found their way to the scrap heap at the Pond Tool Works, where they will be worked over into machinery.

—The State Department of the Ladies' Relief Corps, G. A. R., completed its annual session at Trenton yesterday afternoon, after electing and installing officers for the ensuing year.

—Street Commissioner Angleman says he has been instructed to have all the sidewalks cleared of snow and ice, and those who do not conform with the city ordinance, he will be obliged to report to the proper authorities.

—The majority of the families that have been brought here by the Pond Tool company, are those of the higher class of mechanics, and already a demand is made for more costly dwellings than have yet been erected in the vicinity of the Works.

—A rich assortment of art squares and fine mats, has just been placed on sale at Van Emburgh & White's. These merchants also appeal to the tastes of their patrons by offering a line of all the popular novels of the day at twelve cents each.

—The new Caspar building on East Front street will be ready for occupancy about the 20th instant, when the proprietor will take possession of it. Mr. Caspar had intended to rent the smaller store, but instead he will use it as a hotel office, and barber shop.

—The young men's meeting conducted by young men, for young men, will be held at the Young Men's Christian Association rooms, next Monday evening, at eight o'clock, as usual. Good instrumental music will lead the singing. Every man is welcome.

—The demand for seats for Miss Clara Louise Kellogg's appearance in grand opera, at Music Hall, is already so great that the management has been compelled to arrange for placing them on sale, beginning next Tuesday, at the pharmacies of Field & Randolph, and J. G. Miller.

—Broncho John, in a light-brown, buffalo-robe overcoat, pale and *sombrero*, was in town, yesterday, but made no date with the Music Hall management for the production in this city of his truly Western drama of "The Miner's Daughter" with live cowboys and real Indians.

—For the satisfaction and convenience of its guests, telegrams from the great walking match in Madison Square Garden, New York, have been received hourly, and announced from bulletins in the City Hotel. This bit of enterprise on the part of the manager of the hotel, is duly appreciated by the guests and patrons.

—The sort of weather now prevailing is productive of coughs and colds. A slight preventive is sometimes worth more than the mere cost of an article and saves doctor bills. Messrs. Worden & Fowler, confectioners of Park avenue, have a splendid and popular preventive in the shape of their "Celebrated Cough Drops," which alleviate irritations of the throat and bronchial tubes. The "Celebrated" is daily gaining in popularity.

The New Health Laws.

The Board of Health at its meeting last evening, completed its batch of ordinances spoken of before in THE PRESS. These proposed laws for the assurance and preservation of the health of the city, are now ready for final revision before adoption.

A CLEVER SNEAK-THIEF.

JOHN REGINALD TALBOT, THE SECOND.

Or "John Joseph Greeton," as he is Otherwise Known, Walks Off With $200 Worth of Clothing, Jewelry, etc., Belonging to His Fellow Boarders—With Him Vanished His True Love's Bank Account—He is a "Skin" of the Worst Type.

But a few weeks ago THE PRESS chronicled the doings of John Reginald Talbot, otherwise known as "Lord Courtney," in this city and elsewhere, and now his second and perhaps his equal in unquestionable transactions comes to the front, working upon the good graces of this charitable community. It appears, from the young lady's statement, that John Joseph Greeton became acquainted with Miss Emily Pettinger at Morristown, about eight months ago. The former is an Englishman by birth, in the neighborhood of forty years old, short, stout, with reddish side whiskers and moustache, and parts his hair in the middle, while the latter is a comely woman about 37 years of age. Greeton, as he introduced himself, was very attentive to the young woman, and succeeded in winning her affections to such an extent that he prevailed upon her to leave her situation as a domestic and accompany him to this city. His plausible story to her of his abilities as a coachman, and the bright prospects before him, induced the woman to accompany him to Plainfield. Arriving here she accepted a situation at housework, and is at present employed in the family of Mr. William M. Day, of Broadway. Greeton, it appears, began to "work" the boarding houses. The first place where he is known to have boarded in this city was at No. 2 Union street, where he left a satchel containing clothing a few weeks ago, as security for a six-dollar board bill. One week ago last Tuesday, Greeton applied for board at Mrs. Margaret Reville's boarding house, No. 57 Cottage place, and as he appeared to be gentlemanly in his deportment, he was at once assigned a room in one of the upper stories. To the boarding mistress Greeton said that he was engaged as a coachman by Mr. C. W. Opdyke of Broadway, and that his work would necessitate his taking a lunch with him. Accordingly, every morning at seven o'clock, he would start out with his lunch basket and would not return again until evening. Meanwhile Greeton was assiduous in his attention to the girl who had come to Plainfield with him, and even went so far as to promise to marry her and return to England with her. One night last week when Greeton returned to his boarding house, he had a beautiful and fragrant bouquet, which he said he was to wear on the lappel of his coat the next morning, when driving a bridal party to the depot. On Saturday last he asked Mrs. Reville if she needed the money for his borad, saying that he was without funds, but could draw the money from his employer. The latter told Greeton that she was in no particular hurry, and nothing further was thought of the matter. Wednesday morning of this week it was noticed that Greeton did not start out at the usual time, but remained in his room for an hour or so after the other boarders left. Between eight and nine o'clock, however, he came down stairs, and, after getting a "temporary" loan of three dollars from Mrs. Reville, who, by the way, has been confined to the house by illness since New Year's, quietly took his departure. It was then discovered that jewelry, clothing, etc., valued at about $200, were missing. The articles stolen included a watch and chain belonging to Frank Cullen, a coat and vest belonging to William Smith, a watch and chain, valued at $125, belonging to Jeremiah Cash, the engineer at the Oil Cloth Works, besides other articles of minor importance. A considerable amount of money, belonging to the boarders, was distributed in the bedrooms, but the thief evidently could not find it. The police were at once notified of the robbery, but all efforts to capture the thief have as yet proved futile. It has since been ascertained that Greeton redeemed his clothing and satchel from the house on Union street, but since then nothing has been heard regarding his whereabouts. It has also been learned that the thief never was employed as coachman by Mr. Opdyke, as he represented, and besides the articles stolen, as above enumerated, he has succeeded in borrowing from time to time, all the money the Pettinger woman had, representing in all, eight months' wages, besides leaving the boarding mistress a memoir in the shape of a board bill. Greeton displayed remarkable good sense in leaving the city as he did, for had he been apprehended, there is no doubt that his future post office address would be at State Prison.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Conklin of First place, have gone to New York on a visit.

Mrs. Jane Dunham, of West Fifth street, will give a reception at her residence to her son, Mr. John Dunham, and his bride.

—The "Y" social at their rooms, next Tuesday evening, promises to be another successful affair in all its particulars. Each member is privileged to invite two gentleman.

Mrs. William Taylor, wife of Councilman Taylor of this city, received word this morning that her husband was taken suddenly ill in Philadelphia. Mrs. Taylor left immediately to be with him.

Mr. and Mrs. Varney of Worcester, Mass., are stopping at Mrs. Prescott's, on West Second street, and not boarding on Front street as is stated in unreliable local columns.

Mrs. B. T. Barnes of this city was summoned to Peekskill, N. Y., on Tuesday, by the death of her grandfather, Mr. Abram Stout. The deceased was seventy-two years of age, and was originally a resident of Monmouth county, this State. The funeral took place on Thursday.

Mr. J. H. Olhausen, Gen'l Superintendent of the Central railroad, "stopped off" at this city, Thursday evening, and took a look at the station newly lighted by electricity. From his own inspection and the testimony of the employees he questioned, he was probably thoroughly satisfied.

The Flooring Gave Way.

Addie Seitzer, aged about 20 years, and employed as a laundress at the City Hotel, fell from the dining room to the basement below, this morning, and sustained serious injury. A flight of stairs formerly ran from the dining room to the basement, but this means of communication with the kitchen was cut off when Mr. Staats took possession, and the opening in the floor was boarded over. The young woman was standing on the platform over the stairway attending to her duties, when the flooring suddenly gave way, precipitating her to the basement, a distance of about ten or twelve feet. She was picked up in an unconscious condition and carried to her room, where Dr. Jenkins labored with her for nearly two hours, before restoring her consciousness. The doctor discovered no broken bones, but found the patient suffering from a severe shock and injuries to both ankles. The spine was also severely strained. Dr. Jenkins informs us that as yet he cannot ascertain the extent of the injuries. The unfortunate young woman came here from Mauch Chunk, and had been employed in the hotel but a few weeks.

A Sudden Change From Wheels to "Runners."

A driver shut up in an enclosed milk wagon, this morning, could not see his way clearly, and drove his horse up to a huge packing box that was placed over an open fire-well at Somerset street and Front. The horse just grazed past the box, but the wagon mounted it. When the vehicle was completely astride of the box the latter left its place on the well and slid down the street behind the horse and carrying the wagon as though on a sled. The surprise of the driver at all this, can hardly be imagined.

Miss Thomas' Lecture.

The class in physical culture were delighted with Miss Thomas in her treatment of "Lung Power;" and the lung-bath which she recommends cannot be over-estimated in its influence upon health; not only in chest expansion, but as a blood-vitalizer and tissue-builder. She also cited several instances illustrating its use as an anaesthetic. Her subject for next Monday will be "Nature's Shoulder Brace and Neck Beautifier," 2.30 to 3.30 and 4 to 5 p. m., at 55 East Front street.

Runaway.

A horse attached to a family carriage, the same belonging to Mr. J. T. Vail, the real estate and insurance agent, left standing under the sheds, in the rear of the Friend's Meeting house on Peace street, this morning, became uneasy and ran away. When emerging into Peace street, the vehicle collided with a gate post, and both were more or less wrecked. The horse was captured before he reached North avenue.

Evangelistic Services.

The series of evangelistic services to be held in this city during the coming week, under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., will be conducted by Mrs. J. T. Ellis. The first service will be held in Reform Hall to-morrow morning at nine o'clock. Two other services will be held in the Hall during the day, at four and eight p. m. During the week, afternoon bible readings will be held at the W. C. T. U. rooms, No. 55 East Front street, at 3 o'clock.

—The next regular monthly meeting of the Plainfield Council, Royal Arcanum, will be held in its rooms, Monday evening of next week.

A RECALCITRANT BOARD.

The School Trustees Refuse to Hereafter Pay Two Commissions On Tax Collections.

At the regular meeting of the Common Council on Monday evening last, a communication was received, as reported in THE PRESS, notifying the Council that School Trustees John W. Murray and Louis F. Wadsworth had been appointed a committee from the Board of Education to confer with the Council in reference to the establishment of proper rates of commission for the collection of the school taxes. The communication was referred to the Finance Committee consisting of Councilmen Erickson, Taylor and Dumont.

The above action of the Board of Education is the outcome of a meeting held last Saturday evening. A bill was there presented from the city for $652.69, commissions to the City Collector and the Deputy Collector, on the amount of school taxes paid in. Secretary Wadsworth of the Board reported that he had secured a reduction of $15.38, but that the bill was still exorbitant and unjust as it charged commissions for both the Collector and the Deputy, and in some cases where the taxes were paid voluntarily by persons who had never been influenced or even seen by the latter.

Trustees Hurlbut and Murray expressed their belief that the Board had a just right to object to paying two commissions. Mr. Murray spoke strongly against the payment of an additional charge to the City Collector for taxes he did not collect, besides the ten per cent. paid to the delinquent deputy. One of the members of the Board asserted that $250 would not induce either the Collector or the deputy to force a payment by making a levy, because they might offend the delinquent; yet, he further said, "it costs the city $2,700 to collect taxes that are voluntarily paid in."

Mr. Wadsworth called attention to another feature of the case where the property was sold and bought in by the city for its taxes. In such cases the property could only be released by the owner stepping up to the office and settling the tax-bill against it. Yet commissions to both Collectors were taken out of such payment.

The full Board was present, and the bill of $637.31 was ordered paid; but the members unanimously authorized the Secretary to notify the Clerk of the Council that the Board would not again pay two commissions on one collection. A committee, as stated, was also appointed to confer with the Council in relation to the matter.

In the Churches To-Morrow.

There will be no service in the Congregational church to-morrow evening.

Services to-morrow in the Trinity Reformed church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The pastor's subject in the evening will be, "Reception and Recognition."

Rev. Mr. Trumbull of New York, will preach at the Church of Our Saviour, Netherwood, to-morrow morning, and administer the communion. Services begin at 11 o'clock.

Regular services to-morrow in the Park Avenue Baptist church. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Asa Reed Dilts, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Morning subject: "Peradventure." Evening text: "Let him that thinketh he standeth take heed, lest he fall."

Services in the Methodist Episcopal church to-morrow as follows: 10:30 a. m. in the auditorium, sermon by Rev. J. B. Van Meter, pastor. "Greater works than these shall he do;" John 14:12. 2:30 p. m. Sunday school. 7:30 p. m. in the new Chapel, service of praise led by the piano and cornet. Discourse on "An Angry Prophet, or Diletanteism in Religion." All seats free and everybody welcome.

A Parlor Concert.

We wish we had the space to publish in full the very attractive programme that will be rendered at Anchor Lodge rooms, Monday evening, in aid of Muhlenberg Hospital.

The artists engaged for the occasion compose one of the best mixed quartettes known—the choir of the Central Congregational church of Brooklyn. The organist and accompanist is Mr. Lewis H. Moore, who today ranks among the highest in his profession. He will give as solos a fantasia in C, by Tours, and a Bach fugue, that will do himself and the Lodge organ great credit. His accompaniments are perfect.

Of the quartette, Miss Kathrene Cavannah, the contralto, and Mr. J. H. Mc Kinley, the tenor, are especially fine voiced and remarkably pleasing soloists. Miss Maria King, the soprano, has a sweet and full toned voice, and Mr. J. H. Haaren, the basso, who was heard in this city before under unfavorable circumstances (that Wiske concert), is not excelled in part singing.

A limited number of tickets are on sale at Reynolds' and Shaw's pharmacies.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

THE RECORD BROKEN.

Two O'Clock Score of the Six-Days' Race.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11, 12 m.—The six-day record passed Albert while he took a five-hour's sleep last night, but today he has been traveling very fast and is ahead of all records where he proposes to remain until the finish.

He is a wonder even to those who know everything about athletics. Mile after mile he covered with an easy and graceful run, this morning, and at half-past eleven o'clock was going around the track playing a banjo. The score below also probably gives the relative places of the men at the finish tonight.

	Miles
ALBERT	577
HERTY	551
GUERRERO	528
HART	516
GOLDEN	504
MOORE	496
STROKEL	489

LATER.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11th, 2, p. m.—The score at this hour is: Albert, 587; Herty, 559; Guerrero, 544; Hart, 522; Golden, 512; Moore, 506.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a special meeting of Plainfield Lodge, No. 44, I. O. O. F., held on Tuesday evening, a committee of three was appointed to draft suitable resolutions out of respect to the memory of Samuel Connett, who met such a tragic death in Brooklyn, recently, while attempting to stop a runaway horse. The following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, By a sudden and unexpected death our Worthy Brother, Samuel Connett, has been removed from our midst, and we, as a lodge, desire to express our sense of esteem for his good qualities, and sorrow at his loss, Therefore be it

Resolved, That in life Brother Connett was faithful in the discharge of his duties as a member of our fraternity, and in his death the fraternity and each Brother has met a sad loss, and we deeply sympathize with his family in the sad shock and heavy sorrow that has fallen upon them. And be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be published in the city papers, and sent to the bereaved family.

LEWIS R. BLACKFORD,
THOMAS J. YOUNG,
JOHN BODINE.

The following tribute of respect to the memory of the late William Sutton, were also adopted by Plainfield Lodge, No. 44, I. O. O. F., on Tuesday evening.

WHEREAS, By death has been relieved from long and continued illness, William Sutton, a worthy and esteemed member of this Lodge, and we as a Lodge desire to record our appreciation of his good qualities, and sorrow at his loss; Therefore, be it

Resolved, That in the death of Brother Sutton, the Lodge has lost a member true to his obligations and true to each Brother, and that his family have our heartfelt sympathy in their sad bereavement; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be published in the city papers, and a copy sent to his afflicted family.

LEWIS R. BLACKFORD,
THOMAS J. YOUNG,
JOHN BODINE.

Not a Burglar.

The clerks in Mr. Henry Hanchett's grocery store, at the corner of Fifth and Peace streets, heard strange noises emanating from the cellar under the store, yesterday afternoon. As they stole cautiously to the stairway, leading into the cellar, the sound became more distinct, and the clerks were unanimous in their opinion that a burglar was operating below. A vigilance committee, consisting of two, was at once organized, and after equipping themselves with a lantern, a coil of rope, a couple of cheese knives and a gatling gun, the committee resolved, after due deliberation, to explore the dark precincts of the potato bin. With a breath-like silence the clerks crept half way down the flight of stairs, and fell the remainder of the way, only to find that Mr Hanchett was busily engaged in the cellar filling an order for one of his customers. It is reported that the occurrence so frightened the bookkeper that he got his accounts all mixed up.

A Buckwheat Party.

About twenty of the members of the Reform Club held a Buckwheat party in the basement of Reform Hall on Wednesday evening. From the above title, it must not be inferred that those who took part were "buckwheats," but during the evening there was an abundance of buckwheat cakes, sausage, etc., all cooked on the spot. Those who had the matter in charge were: Frank Dunham and Frank Silvers, and it is stated that Isaac Smalley, acting in the capacity of cook, performed his duties to the entire satisfaction of all. Entertainments of a similar nature will be held at short intervals hereafter, and all men are cordially invited to attend.

FANWOOD AFFAIRS.

What February Does for Scotch Plains.

A meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Fanwood Club was held at the Club House last Tuesday evening. Much important business was transacted. Among other things the new rules regarding the conduct of members, etc., were adopted. These will be printed and framed and hung in the Club House. Arrangements were made for the permanent employment of a janitor. Later on the Club may have a janitor's cottage, near at hand, where the janitor and his wife, if there be such a person, can live.

On Tuesday morning the 6:38 train failed to come to time. Her would-be passengers gathered at the depot and growled. Then the 7:06 people came along and they too wondered what had become of the train. The commuters for the 7:36 added their contingent to the crowd. They waited and waited and waited, a quarter to eight came and still no train. At length as the clock was striking eight the three trains came steaming into the depot in a row. The delays, however, did not stop there, for by the time they reached the city a large slice had been taken out of the day. In like manner the 8:07 and 8:26 trains arrived at half-past eight. The delay was on account of the accident up the road, which was fully described in THE PRESS. A like wait occurred on Wednesday, but since that time the trains have been running in the prompt manner which is one of the characteristics of the present efficient management.

But there is one point in respect to which the Company might give us better service, and that is the heating of the cars. In this kind of weather, when the mercury takes a jump of from thirty-six to seven in one day, the surest way to invite a cold is to ride in an ill-heated car. Except in the seat next to the stove it is often impossible to keep warm. It is a hard matter to heat a railway car thoroughly; perhaps the problem is one of those with which science will one day have to grapple. Heating by steam seems the nearest approximation possible, and when we consider the safety of its use as compared with that of stoves, it is to be wondered that it is not more largely adopted. Railroad corporations however are usually loath to entail upon themselves any unnecessary expense.

After accepting and acting upon the Four-in-hand Club's invitations to a straw ride, the Fanwood Literary Society has invited the Four-in-hands to a progressive euchre party, to be held at the residence of Mr. Walter Force.

Station Master Brown has placed in the depot a bill-board showing the amusements of the Metropolis. Here are arranged a dozen spaces for notices of the various dramatic entertainments which are on hand in New York. Mr. Brown is well pleased with his idea and says it fills a long felt want.

SUBURBAN SAUNTERER.

The Residence of Mrs. Ellis.

Press notices all through the State, and the announcements and adver isements of her appearance in this city, speak of Mrs. J. T. Ellis "of Flemington." The Long Branch *Record*, however, proudly claims the honor of her residence for a seaside town. It speaks thus of her removal from Flemington and welcome at Ocean Grove:

Mrs. J. T. Ellis, Corresponding Secretary of the State W. C. T. U., formerly residing at Flemington, N. J., has removed with her family to Ocean Grove, occupying the cottage on the corner of Ocean Pathway and Beach avenue. A number of ladies connected with the Unions of Ocean Grove, Asbury Park and Ocean Park, including Dr. Stokes, Prof. J. Wilson and Rev. H. Belting, gathered at the residence of Mrs. Ellis on Friday evening to extend to herself and family a welcome to Ocean Grove. Addresses to this effect were made by Dr. Stokes, Mr. Belting, Mrs. Crane and Mr. Wilson. Mrs. Ellis replied in a tender tone to this expression of kindness. After partaking of refreshments which the friends had brought with them, the company returned to their homes, leaving the impression behind, that though the weather was extremely cold, there were warm hearts in Ocean Grove.

An Attracton Ever.

Concerning Clara Louise Kellogg, who is to appear in this city on Feb. 22, a Dover despatch to the New York papers says: "The enterprise of several residents of Dover in securing the Clara Louise Kellogg Concert Company for a concert which will be given in Baker's Opera House on Monday evening, has been appreciated by the public. The box-office was opened at 7 o'clock last night for the sale of reserved seats, and between that time and 10 o'clock, 410 tickets were sold at $1 each. This is the largest number of tickets ever disposed of in this section at an advance sale."

The Butchers Have a Blow-Out.

The jolly butchers of the city with their wives and ladies, had an immense time, Thursday evening. They met together, took their music with them, and surprised one of the Randolph family who lives about half-way between Evona and Dunellen. There was dancing, plenty to eat, and a ride home with the girls in the morning.

CAPITAL PROCEEDINGS

THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON THE READING INQUEST.

President Corbin's Reply—The Interstate Commerce Law—Temperance at the Capital.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The House Committee to investigate the Reading strike held a session and heard Congressman Brumm on the methods of mining and shipping coal, the system of railways and management of railways by which coal is shipped, and the trouble between the miners and the railroads.

He stated that the Reading company allots its cars to the various mines, including its own, according to its own desires; that it carries all the coal mined in the Schuylkill valley and that the general impression is that the road encouraged and was responsible for the strike, because of an overproduction of coal.

The committee questioned him pretty closely on the workings of the Readiar road, especially as to whether it carried coal from one State to another and is thus engaged in interstate commerce. Two of the railroad strikers and twenty-seven of the striking miners are expected to appear to-day. Austin Corbin, president of the Reading company, has been summoned to appear on Monday. The committe leaves on Tuesday for Philadelphia.

DONALDSON, Pa., Feb. 11.—Property holders and the more intelligent citizens are becoming alarmed in regard to the attitude of the striking miners at Middle Creek and other collieries in the Western Schuylkill district.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 11.—President Corbin, in reply to the communication of the General Executive Board of the Knights, reiterated that the trouble with the employes of the railroad company is a dead issue and will not be considered under any circumstances. Mr. Keim, for the coal and iron company, answered that the company do not object to meeting the committee representing the miners on a question of wages provided the miners first return to work, and that in case the miners resumed work the company would arbitrate the question whether it did or did not pay the highest rate of wages. John B. Kelly, Chairman of the Railroad Executive Committee, declared that he knew positively that the two fights will not be separated, but did not deny that rumors to that effect had caused him to come to this city and see members of the board.

The Brookside colliery is shipping ninety cars of coal a day, and as each train passes down the road the strikers yell and whoop and throw stones. About two hundred men congregate at Middle Creek each evening and insult the non-union miners. Local officials are helpless, and make no effort to prevent the inciting to riot. The Middle Creek colliery will probably have to be abandoned.

Gen. James H. Wilson made some interesting suggestions in regard to amendments of the Interstate Commerce law yesterday, which the Senate Committee will be likely to incorporate in their bill. He spoke principally of the Canadian Pacific road, which parallels the American transcontinental lines, and, without interstate laws' restriction, was securing a great deal of the natural traffic. He showed the Canadian Government required shipment by Canadian lines in the same manner as the European. Government favored their railroads, and he thought that the Canadian competition could be stopped by law which would operate the same way in the United States.

The House yesterday took the first steps necessary to give the committee on the alcoholic traffic full control of the subject of temperance, as it relates to the District of Columbia. Several bills proposing temperance legislation for the District had been referred to the District Committee. These, on the motion of Chairman Campbell of the Committee on the Alcoholic Traffic, were transferred to that committee. The motion was resisted by Gov. Dingly of Maine and other advocates, although the prospect of a report on the subject was declared to be much more encouraging from that committee, with no other subject before it for consideration, than from the District Committee with several hundred bills on the table referring to that and many different subjects.

A bill introduced by Mr. Taulbee amendatory of the special tax stamp act was transferred from the Committee on the Alcoholic Liquor Traffic to the Committee on Ways and Means. The text of the bill is as follows:

"That no person or persons shall be granted a special tax stamp or authority to deal in intoxicating liquors by retail until such person or persons shall have first procured a license from the local authorities of the town, village or city in which the said person or persons propose to carry on the said business of retailing, and until such person or persons shall have procured a license from the county and State authorities having legal jurisdiction thereof; and that the collectors of internal revenue shall require as a condition precedent to the granting of a special tax stamp or authority to retail dealers in liquors, such dealer to file in the office of such collector a proper license from such town, village or city, and a proper license from the county and State in which said retail dealer in liquors proposes to carry on the business, where such town, village, city, State or county requires such business to be carried on under license, and where the laws of the State, county, town, village or city in which said retail dealer proposes to carry on his said business, prohibit the retail of spirituous liquors, then the said collectors of internal revenue shall not issue such special tax stamp or authority. But nothing herein shall be construed as affecting manufacturers or any territory or district under exclusive legislative control of the Congress of the United States."

The Senate Committee on Education and Labor decided yesterday, after listening to a long argument by Mr. A. M. Powell, of New York, President of the National Temperance League, to report favorably the bill providing for a commission to inquire into the alcoholic liquor traffic.

Colonel Phelps, of New York, appeared before the Rivers and Harbor Committee of the House yesterday, and asked for an appropriation for the improvement of Glen Cove harbor, N. Y.

Nyack's Shoe Factory Strike Ended.

NYACK, Feb. 11.—The strike at the Morron shoe factory, which begun on Monday week, has resulted in a victory for the workmen, Mr. Morron having agreed to the advance demanded by the lasters. The whole of the employes had gone out, but work was fully resumed yesterday.

Fire in Rochester.

ROCHESTER, Feb. 11.—The works of the Eastman Dry Plate Company in this city were damaged by fire this morning to an extent estimated at $26,000.

TYLER'S BIG INSURANCE

THE CASE GIVEN TO THE JURY LAST NIGHT.

Final Testimony in the Great Case—The Easiest Method of Death Prescribed.

Morphine to Induce Euthenasia.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 11.—The trial of the suit of Frederick H. Smith against the National Benefit Society for $1,000, the amount of a policy on the life of John Tyler, was continued in the Supreme Court yesterday. Dr. Phillips, a specialist of diseases of the nose and throat, testified that Tyler, whom he had examined for several insurance companies, was in good health. There was no sign of disease and no evidence that he used alcoholic stimulants to excess.

Col. Henry J. Bowen, a nephew of Henry C. Bowen, was called for the defence. He said he had boarded in the same house with Tyler in Washington Square, New York. In the summer of 1885 he went to Boston at Tyler's request to see his family about getting some money for him. He returned and reported to Tyler that he was unsuccessful. On the same night he had a conversation with Tyler in Washington Square, at which the question of suicide was discussed. James J. Lutkin, who also boarded in the same house with them, was present at the time. Tyler inquired as to the easiest method of suicide, and Lutkin told him a solution of morphine would produce an easy death. The witness said he was a broker, and had a desk at 53 Cortlandt street, but he did not know who the lessee of the building was and he did not pay any rent. He was in the same office with Lawyer H. D. Faulkner. He did not keep any books and his last transaction was some months ago. It was a private matter, and he did not wish to say anything about it.

Mr. Shoudy—Were you ever arrested or in prison? Were you arrested for stealing a pair of pants and an overcoat and for cheating a boarding-house keeper?

The witness declined to answer.

Mr. Shoudy—Were you a lodger in the Arlington House, Fifteenth street, and were you arrested on complaint of the proprietor and arraigned in Jefferson Market Police Court?

This question was ruled out by the court, and also these additional questions: "Were you a fugitive from justice? Were you a witness and informer in the Star Route cases?

The witness said the relations between him and Tyler corresponded to those between a lawyer and his client. They speculated together and purchased stocks on joint account. He once took Tyler's note to Boston, and got it discounted and brought back the money. He gave $100 of the money to Misale, kept from $400 to $600 himself, and gave the rest to settle an obligation of Tyler's. He didn't give Tyler anything, but he explained to him what he had done with the money. In July, 1886, Tyler said to him: "I must have money; but if I don't get it I will not become a pauper. I will commit suicide." Sometime subsequent to this he had another conversation with Tyler, at the Stevens House, he thought, at which Lutkin was present. Tyler then asked the easiest method of suicide, and Lutkin, who was a chemist, said a certain preparation or solution of morphine would produce the easiest death. In other conversations had with Tyler, Tyler indirectly referred to suicide. The witness denied that he made a demand on Parker Hubbard for money after Tyler's death and that he was ordered out of his office.

On his redirect examination the witness said he had never been convicted of felony. Anything he had done of an irregular character he had done under the influence of liquor. He had become a reformed man about a year and a half ago, and was now living an honest life. As to his title of Colonel, he obtained it when appointed on the late Gov. Fenton's staff.

Mr. Lutkin, who was recalled, testified that he had never been present at such conversations as Bowen had described. Bowen he regarded as a liar and a fraud, and he had never had any business transactions with him.

Edward R. Goodrich, of Flatbush, testified that he was a member of Gov. Fenton's staff, and had never known a Colonel Bowen.

At this point both sides rested, and Lawyer Crook for the defense moved to dismiss the case on the ground that fraud in securing the policy had been clearly established. Tyler having been guilty of gross misrepresentation as to his state of health and as to the fact that he had made previous applications to other companies.

Justice Cullen decided that the case should go to the jury, and he allowed each side an hour and a half to sum up.

In charging the jury Justice Cullen ruled that if Tyler had made any concealment or false statement when he made his application for the policy to the insurance company, this was sufficient to vitiate it, unless the agent of the company was aware of the attempts to conceal and the company approved of the application. As to the question of suicide Justice Cullen laid down the rule already adopted by the General Term, that suicide in itself did not vitiate a policy, unless at the time it was effected self-destruction was contemplated. He also held that the burden of proof as to fraud and conspiracy was placed on the company.

The jury retired at 5 o'clock with instructions to bring in a sealed verdict in the morning. In addition to declaring whether they find for the plaintiff or defendant, the jury is to pass affirmatively or negatively on a dozen questions involved, including whether Tyler committed suicide, and whether, if so, he was insane at the time. It is thought there will be a disagreement.

Assignment of a $1,000,000 Mortgage.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The assignment of a big mortgage was recorded in the Register's office yesterday. It was for $1,000,000 on the Washington building No. 1 Broadway. The mortgage was assigned by the Equitable Life Assurance Company, of New York, to the Bank of Savings of the City of New York. The mortgage was made in July, 1883.

Hungarian Finances.

PESTH, Feb. 10.—Prime Minister von Tisza explained in Parliament to-day that the government had issued gold rentes because it was uncertain when events might compel an appeal to the home market with paper rentes.

Truck Driver Eckmeyer Gets $30,000.

NEWTOWN, L. I., Feb. 11.—Charles Eckmeyer, a truck driver at a monthly salary of $10, recently fell heir to $30,000, which has just been paid over to Eckmeyer by his attorneys.

Close of the Horticutural Convention.

RIVERSIDE, Cal., Feb. 11.—The American Horticultural Society Convention closed yesterday. The next convention will be held at some point in Texas two years hence.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 10, 1887.

Adams, Mrs Dr	Madden, Thomas
Carpenter, Firmon	Meads, Bettie
Clapp, Mrs Adoline	Packard, C J Mrs
Cairus, Mrs Katie	Payne, Abraham Mrs
Dunham, A W	Phelan, Bridget Mrs [2]
Dunbar, Wallace	Randolph, Caroline F
Delille, Madamoselle	Relf, Andro
Farlee, Robert	Reed, N B Miss
Harvey, Eugene	Seibert, Geo C Dr Rev
Hanna, Geo.	Sawer, Marie Mrs
Holmes, Rosa	Smalley, Sophia Mrs
Harris, A A	Salters, Francis H
Klein, A Mrs.	Townley Annie Miss
Kippy, Emma Mrs	VanMiddlesworth, F.
Keller, A A	VanPelt, Chas.

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.: 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use: in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

TRY THE "O. A. F." CIGAR; MADE FROM the finest Havana filler, without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best 5-cent cigar in the world. 11-16-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORR. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

Parlor Concert!

IN AID OF

MUHLENBERG HOSPITAL,

BY THE

Choir of the Central Congregational Church of Brooklyn, New York,

In Anchor Lodge Room,

[STILLMAN BUILDING,]

Monday Eve., February 13, 1888.

A Limited number of tickets for sale at Shaw's and Reynolds' Drug Stores. 2-11

FIRST GRAND BALL.

—OF—

The Columbia Social Club.

AT FRENCH'S HALL, Somerset Street

Corner Somerset Place, North Plainfield, N. J.

MONDAY, EV'G, FEB. 13th 1888.

Committee of Arrangements:—W. Westerfield, J. Laughlin, Chas. Moore, Jas. Daly, U. Force, Fred. Moore. Tickets, 25 cents. Music by Frazee. 2-11-2

MUSIC HALL!

Wednesday Evening, February 22,

[WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.]

MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG

And her Superb Company of European Artists. In *VERDI'S GRAND OPERA,*

"IL TROVATORE,"

In *FULL COSTUME* and *STAGE SETTINGS.*

Seats on sale commencing Tuesday morning, Feb. 14, at the Pharmacies of J. G. Miller and Field & Randolph. *No Advance in Prices.* 2-11-9

CLOSING OUT SALE!

Having sold out our business, we have agreed to reduce our stock before giving possession on *MARCH 1st.* Until that time we will sell our entire stock of

Millinery, Fancy Goods!

LACES, RIBBONS,

WORSTEDS, YARNS,

KNIT GOODS, RUFFLES,

FANCY ARTICLES,

STAMPED LINENS, ETC.,

REGARDLESS OF COST!

J. H. Honeyman & Co.,

NEXT TO POST OFFICE.

2-10-14

NEW STORE.

W. H. COMBS

Wishes to inform the public that he has opened a

GROCERY STORE,

COR. LINDEN AVE. AND STEINER PLACE,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Where he will supply all who will favor him with their patronage with everything in the GROCERY line at the

Lowest Market Prices!

Goods delivered in any part of the city. 2-10-6

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—NO. 16 WEST 2D STREET.

P. O. BOX 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday Evening, Feb'y 14.

A NIGHT OF FUN! First appearance here of the *NATURAL IRISH COMEDIAN,*

DANIEL SULLY,

In his Domestic Play,

"DADDY NOLAN."

Supported by an Excellent Company of Comedians, introducing Incidentally, New Songs, Music, Dances, and showing an exact "Working Model of the Great Brooklyn Bridge."

Sale of seats will begin Friday, Feb. 10, at J. G. Miller's and Field & Randolph's Drug Stores. Prices—35, 50, 75 and $1.00. 2-8-6

GRAND BAZAAR!

OF

St. Mary's T. A. B. Society,

OPEN TONIGHT.

Good Music and Dancing.

ADMITTANCE, - - 10 CENTS.

COMMITTEE—Peter Flynn, John Walsh, Elmore Staats, John Hickey, John Harding, Martin Roth, Thos. Fitzgerald.

AN ENJOYABLE TIME IS ANTICIPATED. 2-3-8

A. F. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.

WARDEN & FOWLER,

Wholesale and Retail

CONFECTIONERS,

NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,

between North ave. and Second street,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-10-tf

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,

Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,

Gold and Silver Jewelry,

—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

AT DOANE'S,

9 PARK AVENUE. 12-16-tf

J. P. Laire & Co.

SPECIAL SALE,

Parlor Stoves,

Horse Blankets and Robes,

Plush Laps, Sleigh Bells,

kates, Sleighs, Etc.

Will be sold Below Cost!

—TELEPHONE CALL. No. 72.— 10my1

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave mv10t

Printing!

Material—the best.

Workmanship—first-class.

Delivery—prompt.

Charges—moderate.

PRESS AND CONSTITUTIONALIST

PRINTING HOUSE.

PECK'S CORNER.

PECK'S

White Goods and Embroideries.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

RUBBER

Boots and Shoes.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET. 10mv

C. FRANK FRENCH,

69 SOMERSET ST.,

Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box 1,062.*

DEALER IN

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.

Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

THE SHAWMUT.

Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*

TRY IT!

Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm. 1-30 tf

GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

10-29-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST. 12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.

21 *WEST FRONT STREET. PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.: 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only.* Telephone Call 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH.

12-2-tf PROPRIETORS.

SILVERWARE

FOR HIRE,

AT COLLIER'S,

No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

ESTABLISHED NINETEEN YEARS. 1-14-tf

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

[Successor to T. J. Carey.]

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT St.,

Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS OR TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

YOU

CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY

DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL

AT

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods

Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price. 12-2-tf

THAT FAMILY FEUD.

The Hatfield-McCoy Troubles to be Settled in the United States Court.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 11.—Yesterday has been assumed in the Hatfield McCoy vendetta since the capture of the McCoys and the Governors of West Virginia and Kentucky have got mixed up in it.

The matter will now have to be settled by the United States court. Yesterday morning the motion for a writ of habeas corpus in the Hatfield cases was made in the United States Court before Judge Burr. Mr. Eustace Gibson appeared for the State of West Virginia and ex-Governor J. Proctor Knott and Attorney General Hardin appeared for the State of Kentucky.

A number of petitions were filed by Mr. Gibson in support of the case, and one of which he read and which set forth that Selkerk McCoy, a citizen of West Virginia, was captured by a body of armed invaders from the State of Kentucky, without warrant or legal process, that the prisoner had been confined in the Pike county jail, and that there was great danger of his assination and that if it was known that legal steps were taken for his release this danger would be greater.

The petition also stated that a requisition for the release of Selkirk McCoy had been sent by the Governor of West Virginia to Governor of Kentucky. Similar petitions were filed in each of the nine cases.

Mr. Gibson says it is a matter for the Grand Jury of Logan county, West Virginia. The Grand Jury, he says, would have to indict and then a requisition would have to be made on the Governor of Kentucky for the McCoys.

Adjutant General Hill, who was directed by Governor Buckner to make a full inquiry into the Hatfield-McCoy feud, says it is all a mistake about the vendetta having its origin in the war times. It commenced just before the August election in 1882, when the Sheriff of Pike County made Talbert McCoy a special bailiff to arrest John Hatfield on some bench warrants for misdemeanors.

The capture was quietly effected, but the Hatfields got wind of it and the prisoner was rescued. General Hill believes that this engendered the bad feeling and was the primary cause of the election row, resulting in the death of Ellison Hatfield and for which three of the McCoys, one of them a boy of thirteen, were butchered in the most cowardly manner by the Hatfields.

General Hill expresses his belief that if Anson Hatfield and his two boys were brought to justice there would be an end of the feud. The population is in sympathy with the McCoys who have a reputation for peace and industry, while the Hatfields are desperate, and nearly every one, even in their own county, would be glad to see them bridled.

He saw and talked with aged Mrs. McCoy, the survivor of the cowardly massacre of the McCoys on New Year's night. She is about sixty-five years old and almost helpless from the terrible injuries she received the night of the massacre, and the blood clots were frozen in her gray hair when she was found.

Republican National Convention.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—The National Republican Sub-Committee yesterday settled the vexed question of who should be sergeant-at-arms of the convention by appointing Gen. Fitzsimmons, who was recommended for the position by Mayor Rocoe. Gen. Fitzsimmons is commander of the First Brigade, Illinois militia, and a Brigadier of volunteers during the war. The committee examined a diagram of the interior of the great Auditorium Hall as it will be arranged for the convention. On the immense stage, 88 by 102 feet in size, may be seated all the delegates leaving the auditorium, with its 9,000 chairs and standing room for 3,000 persons, for the use of the public. The members of the committee express themselves highly please with the arrangements.

The Company Liable.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 11.—Coroner Dowell, of Champaign county, has rendered a verdict in the Pan Handle wreck at Urbana on January 31 by which three men were killed, and the fast west-bound Pan Handle mail and freight train were demolished. He places the blame for the wreck on the engineer of the yard engine, who was out on the main line working when the fast train was momentarily expected, and upon the engineer of the fast train, who was running at the rate of sixty miles an hour within the corporate limits of the town. The Pan Handle authorities will now be asked to move in the matter in accordance with the verdict.

Murdered at a Dance.

JACKSON, Miss., Feb. 10.—Two young men, named Wright and Vinzant, of Smith county, have been on unfriendly terms for some time. Last night, at a dance, Vinzant jostled against Wright accidentally, it is supposed, and Wright drew a revolver and fired every chamber, putting five bullets through Vinzant, who, amid the shrieks of women and the wildest panic, fell to the floor, dead. Wright deliberately reloaded his pistol, defied arrest, and escaped in the darkness. A large posse has as yet failed to find him.

Killed On the Rail.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—Benjamin Muldory, a Chicago and Eastern Illinois switchman, fell between the cars on the Fort Wayne track last night and his body was horribly mangled. The cars were shoved upon an adjacent track, a few feet away, where Charles Bell was coupling cars, and crushed him so badly that he died in a few minutes. Bell saw the impending danger, but was unable to escape in time.

Cranky Science on the Gallows.

HELENA, M. T., Feb. 10.—Patrick Hart, who was hanged here yesterday for the murder of John Pitts, made a long statement of the crime, justifying himself. He says he had made a discovery for prolonging human life and wanted to live to demonstrate its value. One of the ingredients, he says, is ashes, which he had been eating for the past four months,

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They Want No Man's Land.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 11.—At a conference held by the Board of Trade last night a memorial was adopted for presentation to Congress in which it was declared that the time had arrived when No Man's Land should be opened to settlers. A committee of fifteen cattle raisers was appointed to present the petition.

The Mitchellstown Verdict Set Aside.

DUBLIN, Feb. 10.—In the Court of Queen's Bench to-day the verdict rendered by the coroner's jury in the case of the police officers charged with the murder in connection with the Mitchellstown riots was set aside on the ground that the jury was chosen informally.

Ex-Lord Mayor Sullivan.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—Mr. Timothy D. Sullivan, a member of Parliament and ex-Lord Mayor of Dublin, arrived at Hollyhead this morning on his way to London. He was received by a deputation of Liberals, who presented him with an address.

OLD WORLD NEWS

MR. BALFOUR'S DEBATE ON THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

The Police Looking Out for Nationalists. M. P.'s Resigning Their Seats—The Mitchellstown Murder.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—In the House of Commons last night, Mr. Balfour, resuming the debate on the address in reply to the Queen's speech, commented on the changed tone of Mr. Gladstone, as evinced by his speech Thursday night. Where, he asked, was the impassioned orator who had endeavored to inflame the public against the law?

Mr. Gladstone interrupting, said: "There isn't an atom of foundation for such assertions as the honorable gentleman has put forth."

Mr. Balfour, continuing, recalled the incitements to resistance to the law contained in Mr. Gladstone's speech at Nottingham, and expressed a wish that all of the opposition speakers would change their tone as Mr. Gladstone had done.

Grave reflections, he said, had been cast upon the Irish magistrates; but of seventy-three magistrates who had come in for a share of opposition condemnation, Karl Spencer had appointed or approved the appointment of sixty. He quoted statistics showing a considerable decrease of crime under the Coercion act, and said that the statistics of boycotting especially showed the result of the act.

During the year ended with July, 1887, 870 persons had been boycotted, whereas the total number from that time to date was 208. Efforts to suppress boycotting had been particularly successful in Clare and Kerry, where the league had been suppressed.

He reprobated and deplored the vituperation of the Government and of persons which had been indulged in by certain members, characterizing their action in this respect as a blemish upon their political life. After citing other figures and additional instances of unreasoning opposition to the Government's policy, Mr. Balfour concluded by claiming to have proved that that policy had been an unqualified success.

Mr. John Morley, replying, said the House could infer from Mr. Balfour's remarks the temper with which he had administered the Coercion act. The period showing a decrease of crime included six months, during which time eviction notices could not be executed.

The diminution of boycotig, he asserted, was due to the changed feelings and sense of responsibilty of the Liberal co-workers. If the Irish aspirations were ever destroyed the effects of coercion would become painfully apparent.

Mr. Edward Harrington characterized Mr. Balfour's speech as a choice example of that gentleman's mendacity.

The Speaker called Mr. Harrington to order, and the latter withdrew his expression at the command of the Chair.

Continuing, Mr. Harrington contended that the Government had manipulated the figurers purporting to show the decrease of crime in Ireland and asserted that the magistrates endeavor to irritate the people.

On motion of Mr. Parnell the debate was adjourned.

The Government assented to Mr. Gladstone's suggestion to give two days to the discussion of Sir Charles Russell's motion, relating to the Trafalgar square meetings.

The Prince's Throat.

BERLIN, Feb. 11.—Minister von Boetticher announced in the Reichstag yesterday that the condition of the Crown Prince did not cause any uneasiness. It is rumored that Dr. Schroeter has been summoned to San Remo to attend a consultation as to the advisability of performing a radical operation upon the Crown Prince.

SAN REMO, Feb. 11.—The Crown Prince of Germany slept well last night. He takes food easily and his general condition is satisfactory. The London *Lancet* says: "Even sho ld perichondritis prove to be the sole disease from which the German Crown Prince is suffering, its great extent must cause a serious and permanent deformity of the larynx." An official bulletin says that the Crown Prince passed a good night, without fever or pain, and that his powers of respiration and deglutition are perfectly unimpeded. The bulletin is signed by Drs. Mackenzie, Schrader, Krause, Bramann, and Hovell.

Apologies Don't Satify Mr. O'Brien.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The police yesterday arrested Patrick O'Brien, Nationalist member of Parliament, outside of the Parliament buildings, mistaking him for Mr. Gilhooly, member for West Cork, for whose arrest a warrant has been issued. Mr. O'Brien was taken to Scotland Yard, where he was recognized by the officials and promptly released. He declined to accept their explanation and apologies, and threatens to bring an action against the authorities.

Mr. Pyne Arrested at Last.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—J. D. Pyne, member for West Waterford, a Nationalist, was arrested on alighting from a cab outside of the House of Commons. Mr. Pyne is the gentleman who shut himself up in Lisfarny Castle, in Waterford and defied the police to arrest him. He afterward eluded the Irish authorities and escaped to England. Mr. Pyne was driven in a cab to Scotland Yard. He was taken to Dublin last night.

The Arrested Members Will Resign.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—Ex-Lord Mayor T. D. Sullivan arrived at Chester yesterday and and was presented with an address. In reply he declared that Parnell members of Parliament who had been imprisoned would resign their seats and permit new members to be elected to their seats rather thon reduce the strength of the National party in the House.

Italian Troops to Be Withdrawn.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—A dispatch from Rome to the *Chronicle* says: "The Government has virtually decided to withdraw from Egypt all Italian troops now there, except such as are absolutely necessary to hold the positions at Massowah and places in that vicinity. The men will be invited to volunteer for this service.

Mr. McDonnell Received by the Pope.

ROME, Feb. 11.—The Pope yesterday received Very Rev. Charles E. McDonnell, Secretary to Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, who is the bearer of a contributior of Peter's Pence to the Holy Father.

The Manitoba Elections.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 11.—Three of the new Liberal Cabinet Ministers were renominated yesterday, viz.: Premier Greenway in Mountain, no opposition; James Start in Brondon, no opposition; Provincial Secretary Prendergast in Leverandvre. The result in Portage in Prairie, where Attorney General Martin is opposed by W. P. Smith, Conservative, will be close.

BRUTAL TREATMENT ON A SHIP.

Shocking Death of Several Sailors on Board of a British Vessel.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 11.—One of the most atrocious cases of cruelty ever known in the annals of the sea has been disclosed by the finding of a naval court of inquiry in connection with the voyage of the British ship Macedon, from Philadelphia to Hiago, Japan.

The Macedon left this port on May 19, 1887, in command of Jesse W. Jones, master, and after a protracted voyage of 218 days, reached her destination on Dec. 22, with her crew reduced in number by death and disease, and the survivors half dazed from the brutal treatment to which they had been subjected at the hands of the ship's officers. The crew were all shipped at Philadelphia.

Five unfortunates succumbed to their tortures and were thrown overboard. The list of the dead include Edward Grant, John Miller, James Armstrong, Alvin Chapel and Angelo Bianchi. On the arrival of the Macedon at Hiogo out of a total surviving complement of seventeen persons on board thirteen were suffering with scurvy.

Charges of gross tyranny were formulated at Hiogo against Clarence M. Cox, the mate, and Charles F. Beveridge, the boatswain, and a naval court with James Troup British Consul, as President, was organized to investigate the complaints of the five men who died at sea.

The evidence showed that Edward Grant's death occurred on Sept. 25, of scurvy, after having been the victim of a wanton act of cruelty on the part of the mate. Eight days before his death Grant was tried up to the mainmast by Cox and was kept at work until the morning of the day before he died. John Miller was lost overboard on Oct. 7 and the master allowed the man to sink without making any effort to rescue him.

On Nov. 9, while suffering from scurvy James Armstrong was sent aloft on the mizzenmast by the boatswain to scrape the mast. While performing this unnecessary duty Armstrong fell to the deck and died of his injuries the following day.

Alwin Chapel and Angelo Bianchi died of scurvy, the former on Dec. 13, and the latter six days after. For Bianchi was reserved the most shocking acts of cruelty, he having been dragged along the deck on several occasions by Cox and Beveridge while in a dying condition.

The outbreak of scurvy on board the ship was shown to be due to a gross violation of the English statutes requiring the use of lime or lemon juice, and to a deficiency in the quantity of other anti-scorbutics in the food supplied for so long a voyage.

The mate and boatswain were held to answer before the British courts of Japan for their gross ill-usage of three of the dead men—Grant, Branchi, and Armstrong. The master and his officers were all reprimanded for cruel treatment, and were required to pay the statutory fines for failing to serve out the anti-scorbutics regularly and for non-entry in the official log of the sickness of the crews. They were also mulcted in the expenses of the court.

Forgeries at Paterson.

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 11.—The publication of the facts in relation to the forgery of his wife's name to a mortgage by the late ex-Deputy County Clerk John J. Kiersted created quite a sensation, but more of a sensation was created yesterday by the further development of the fact that Kiersted did not only act dishonestly toward his wife, but also to Mrs. Van Dion, who received the mortgage. This latter lady will lose $1,500. It transpires that the property on which the mortgage was given did not belong to Kiersted at all, but was owned by his sister and held in trust by him. Kiersted forged a deed in fee simple from his sister. This deed was placed on record in the County Clerk's office, and then the mortgage was given by him to Mrs. Van Dion.

Forming a Nail Trust.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 11. The members of the Atlantic States Nail Association began a three days' meeting here yesterday and considered various matters of interest to the members. All the manufacturers in the Atlantic States were represented. One of the subjects before it is the consideration of the formation of a pool for the restriction of the yearly product. This question was discussed at length to day, but it was not acted on finally. The prices were fixed for the coming year at $2 by the car load and $2 10 in small lots.

The Lakes Alive With Floating Coffins.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 11. Evidence against the manner in which the Dominion Government permits vessels really unseaworthy to navigate the lakes and inland waters have been brought out. Nine-tenths of the large loss of life and property on the lakes last season was owing to the lack of inspection, for which the Government is responsible for permitting rotten old hulks to carry freight on those waters. The lakes are literally alive with these floating coffins.

Two Killed, Several Injured.

CLONTARF, Minn., Feb. 10.—The regular Manitoba passenger train going north was wrecked here yesterday through a broken flange on an engine wheel. Mrs. Bemis, of Crookston, and Henry G. Gast, of Milwaukee, sustained probably fatal injuries, and a dozen others were severely bruised. As the cold was intense, the mercury being 40 degrees below zero, the wrecked passengers suffered severely.

Canned Goods Men Want Free Trade.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 11.—The Western Packers' Canned Goods Association, which adjourned here Thursday night after a two days' session, resolved to memoralize Congress to remove the import duty on tin plate. They say this would injure no interest in the country and would have the effect of placing canned goods within the reach of all classes of people

Four Men Killed by a Powder Explosion.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 10.—At 10 o'clock this morning a severe shock was felt in this city. Soon afterwards it was learned that a violent explosion had occurred at Dupont's Powder works at Wapwallon, twenty miles from here, and that four men were instantly killed.

Twelve Years for Killing His Grandchild.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 11.—Morris B. Congdon was convicted of manslaughter in the second degree at Cortland yesterday for killing his daughter Nora's infant near Homer, last May. He was sentenced to twelve years at Auburn.

Macon's Murderer is Respited.

MACON, Ga., Feb. 11.—Tom Woolfolk, who murdered his father and most of his family, and who was to be hanged yesterday, has been granted a supersedeas.

Northern Ohio Has an Earthquake.

TOLEDO, Feb. 11.—All Northern Ohio was shaken by an earthquake yesterday.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

WM. K. MCCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE,
Architect,
North avenue, opposite depot.
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist.
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder.
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work. 9-15-tf

C. J. NOEL,
Carpenter and Builder
OFFICE—4 WEST THIRD STREET,
Shop, South Second St., PLAINFIELD, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED. 11-22-tf

C. E. JOHNSON,
[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,]
CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

C. NIELSEN,
Carpenter and Builder,
31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder.
Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 77.
Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 29 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44. Personal attendance night or day. by GEORGE M. STILES. my9tf

P. HOAGLAND'S
City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

S. E. FLOWER,
Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

CARL PETERSON,
Florist
Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Cut Flowers at Low Prices Beautiful designs for weddings and funerals. 10-28m3

A. SWALM.
Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,
Paper Hanging A Specialty.
No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,
Bookseller and Stationer.
No. 7 Park Avenue.
A full line Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,
Livery Stables.
North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121. my9tf

CHARLES E. RUNK,
Coal Dealer.
39 NORTH AVENUE.
Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-30 y

USE
CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON
Best Six Cord,
For Hand and Machine use. For sale by
I. LEDERER.
1-2-6m No. 9 WEST FRONT STREET.

TO-DAY
I WILL COMMENCE A
GREAT MARK DOWN SALE
to clear out most of our Large Stock of
WINTER GOODS,
In order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.
A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT. has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEW-MARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.
An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.
LEDERER'S,
No. 9 West Front Street.
1-2-6m

TRY OUR
QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.
HENRY LIEFKE,
NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.
8-16-t

GEO. D. MORRISON,
FLOUR AND FEED STORE,
NORTH AVE., OPP. RAILROAD DEPOT.
JUST RECEIVED—A full line of POULTRY FOOD, BEEF SCRAPS, BONE MEAL, OYSTER SHELLS, EGG FOOD, ETC. 11-29-tf

WEST END COAL YARD
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.
Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1
WALTER L. HETFIELD. JOHN M' HETFIELD.

FRANK LINKE,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

H. C. DRAKE,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,
Furniture and Freight Express.
P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

The Excitement Not Over.
The rush at R. J. Shaw's still continues and daily scores of people call for a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Kemp's Balsam, the standard family remedy, is sold on a guarantee and never fails to give entire satisfaction. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial size free.

ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

VALENTINES!
All Kinds and Low Prices, at
ALLEN'S, the Stationer,
No. 23 EAST FRONT STREET.
10my

J. C. POPE & CO,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,
Lumber and Coal Merchants,
CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,
PLAINFIELD.
All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD,
DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

J. W. VANSICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture
21 East Front street. Parlor and Bed-room Furniture. At New York prices. Call and see 23-tf

HOME SUGGESTIONS.

OCULISTS are becoming prejudiced against spotted vails. They say the spots are trying and injurious to the eyes.

STARCHY foods, such as arrowroot, are indigestible to infants under three months old and should not be fed to them.

RAISINS are easily seeded after soaking for a moment in hot water. This loosens the seeds and brings them out clean.

A GENEROUS spoonful of butter is said to be a valuable addition to apple sauce, as it improves the flavor and makes the use of much sugar unnecessary.

CHARCOAL is recommended as an absorber of gases in the milk-room where foul gases are present. It should be fresaly powdered and kept there continually.

TABLE-LINENS should always be hemmed by hand. Not only do they look more dainty, but there is never a streak of dirt under the edge after being laundried, as with machine sewing.

NEAT boots and tidy gloves lend a well-dressed air, and yet there are women who sacrifice their comfort in this respect in order to obtain superfluous ornaments for the person.

THOSE who are troubled with perspiring feet may remove the cause by bathing the feet in a weak solution of permanganate of potash, in the proportion of forty grains to a pint of water.

TURNIPS served in this manner make an excellent dish: Lay peeled and sliced turnips in cold water for half an hour, after which boil in salted water until tender. Drain, season and cover with butter drawn with milk.

SUET will keep sweet for months if attended to when it comes into the house. All bits of skin, gristle, kidney or kernels must be removed, and also any part of the suet that has been laying against meat and become reddened with blood.

A COMMON cane seat chair, painted in white and gold, upholstered in peacock blue, with a bow of the same shade of ribbon tied at the upper right-hand corner of the back, is very pretty. It does not matter what color the article is that is to be decorated, it can be painted white.

A FARMER'S wife cans beef in this way: Boil until tender, remove it from the stove and let it cool in the liquor. When cold, remove and take out all bones; take off the fat from the liquor; return the meat, which should be salted to taste in the first boiling; add pepper if you wish, and when boiling hot, can as you would any material. Keep in a dark, dry, cool place.

KEEP the pantry or other places free from ants in this way: Take a small dish, a saucer or sauce plate will do, and put into it a small tablespoonful of sugar, stir into it as much tartar emetic as will lie easily on a ten cent piece, just a good-sized powder. Moisten slightly and set the dish where it will be convenient for the ants to find it. They do not care to come back for more.

IN trying to dress well on a small allowance there is nothing of more importance than to keep in good condition every article of the wardrobe. To do otherwise is both shiftless and extravagant. Often a dress which is good except for a soiled front breadth and worn-out elbows, is considered past wearing and a new, cheap dress is bought; while a thorough renovating would have made the old dress, which was of good material, more lady-like than the shoddy new one.

A NICE beef stew with dumplings is made thus: Cut the meat into small pieces, dredge well with salt, pepper and flour, and brown in hot fat. Put into the stewpan. Cut two onions, one small turnip and half carrot into dice and brown; add to the meat. Cover with boiling water and cook until the meat is tender. Remove bones and skim off the fat; add six or eight small potatoes which have been pared and parboiled. Add salt and pepper to taste. Cook until nearly done, then add dumplings. Cook ten minutes.

MINCED sandwiches of the turnover order made after the following recipe are delicious: Chop and pound thoroughly some well-roasted or boiled mutton; season to taste; add four ounces of butter to each pound of meat and beat till quite smooth. Make a pastry as for pie-crust, roll out thin and cover one-half with a thick layer of the minced meat; fold over the other half, pinch the edges together and mark with a knife where the sandwiches are to be divided when cold. Bake in a brisk oven.

MEANT FOR MERRIMENT.

IS IT sealskin, or is it plush? that is the question.

WHEN a tramp is "fired" from the premises he is apt to take revenge by firing the barn also.

BECAUSE they are always drilling in the oil regions, it is no sign that they are preparing for war.

"HARRY called to-night, papa. He was too witty for any thing and all smiles." Papa—"Yes; I can smell the smiles yet."

MOST of the young men of the present attend strictly some place of worship. They generally get around to see her every Sunday evening.

"TWO HEADS are better than one if one is a sheep's head," is the old saying. This must be so, for one head is no good if one is a mutton head.

A YOUNG lady, observing a naturalist putting a small snake into a can, inquired: "What are you putting it in there for?" "To preserve it," replied the professor. "Oh, my! Do they make good preserves?" said she.

NERVOUS lady passenger (in the train, after passing a temporary bridge)—"Thank goodness, we are now on terra-firma!" Facetious gentleman—"Yes, ma'am; less terror and more firmer."

"DO YOU think the man legally guilty according to the evidence?" was the question; and immediately every lawyer present inquired with extreme anxiety: "What is the amount of his assets and liabilities?"

SWEAR off the old; swear in the new;
Swear off the smoke, swear off the chew;
Swear off the false, swear on the true;
Swear off the rye, swear off the brew;
Swear off the most, swear on the few;
Swear off on swearing off—now, do!
—*Cribb.*

"MY husband is so poetic," said one lady to another in a street-car. "Have you ever tried rubbing his joints with hartshorn liniment, mum?" interrupted a beefy-looking woman with a market-basket at her feet, who was sitting at her elbow and overheard the remark. "That'll straighten him out as quick as anything I know of, if he hain't got it too bad."

THE jolliest fellow you ever met
Is a dismal man at home;
The wittiest girl in society's set
Will with headaches her wit atone.
The man whose grace a court would adorn
Is tied to a desk from night to morn;
And the man who would lend his last cent to a friend
Never has the first cent to lend.
Harper's Bazar.

A MAN called on a druggist for something to cure headache. The prescription clerk promptly clapped the ammonia bottle to his nose and nearly stifled him. On recovering his forces he made a wicked punch at the clerk's head. "Hold on," remarked that individual, "wasn't I quick about it, and didn't I cure your headache?" "Headache be hanged," exclaimed the man; "it's my wife's got the headache."

PLUCKY PEDESTRIANS.

Piling Up the Miles on Their Home Stretch. Albert Still in the Lead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The history of the day at the walking match yesterday was one of disaster to Panchot, hard work for the two men who disputed for his vacated second place, and of shifting in the matter of the lead between the record and Albert. The figures of the 1884 match never had much the best of it, and it was only by inadvertence that they got ahead at all.

The records were even at 5 p. m. on the 113th hour, at 510 miles. The last time in all probability that the comparison will be in any way close was at 8 p. m. on the 116th hour, when Albert's 527½ miles was six laps or 1320 yards behind Fitzgerald's record. The coming champion is now considered certain to lead and gain upon the ex-champion's record, because Albert is in a great deal better condition and spirits than Fitzgerald was at the corresponding time, and because the pride of Long Island City, from the time mentioned, made only 13 miles in six hours, and did only 75 of his 610 miles on the sixth day.

The record at 1.30 a. m. stands follows:

	M.	L.		M.	L.
Albert	545	0	St. Jokel	452	3
Herty	522	3	Noremac	442	6
Guerrero	513	1	Dillon	437	6
Hart	488	4	Sullivan	357	3
Golden	475	2	Vint	313	2
Moore	468	0	Tilly	279	7

The Deadlock Broken.

ELIZABETH, N. J. Feb. 11.—Councilman Noyes, the bolting Republican, who is the cause of the long existing deadlock in the City Council here has been captured by the Democrats, and as the price of his trechery will receive the chairmanship of the Street Committee, while he will also get ex-Chief Yates as Chief of Police, and the Democrats will gobble all the other fat offices excepting Overseer of Poor, which has been offered Councilman Blatz, Republican, in case he votes with the Democrats. It was alleged that Noyes was taken from a dramatic performance on Wednesday night to attend a secret session of the Republicans, but it seems from what can be learned that it was a caucus of the opposition that he attended. The new deal contemplates Dr. Schlemer, Democrat, for President of the Council, instead of John C. Rankin, who is one of the foremost Republicans of Elizabeth and for years has labored in the city's interest on the debt question.

The Will of Jenny Lind.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The will of Madame Otto Goldschmidt, Jenny Lind, bequeaths to her grandson the cabinet of books presented to her by New York fire companies. The freehold estate purchased out of the $1,000,000 which an American settled upon her on her marriage is bequeathed to her husband. A legacy of 50,000 Swedish crowns is bequeathed to the University at Upsala, for the maintenance of poor students. The University at Lund, Sweden, receives 5,000 crowns, to be applied to the aid of poor students who purpose entering the ministry of the Protestant Church. The personal property of the dead singer is valued at $40,000.

CULLINGS FROM THE WIRES.

The committee to investigate trusts, pools, etc., is still arranging preliminaries with an uncertainty where to begin.

Edward A. Deacans, who was convicted of the murder of Mrs. Stone in Rochester, on Wednesday last, was sentenced yesterday to be hanged April 10.

Morrison, the hermit of Poplar, N. J., concerning whose whereabouts so many contradictory reports were circulated, turned up all right yesterday.

At a public meeting in New York Thursday night Dr. McGlynn announced that he has severed his connection with Henry George. The cause of the split is a difference of opinion regarding the advisability running a Presidential candidate this year.

President and Mrs. Cleveland gave a reception from nine to eleven o'clock last Thursday evening in honor of the Army and Naval officers. They were assisted by Mrs. Fairchild, Mrs. Whitney, Mrs. Dickinson and Miss Hayard. There was a copious display of tropical plants and a profusion of cut flowers.

A young man in Cheboygan, Mich., while crossing the straits with his team, fell through the ice. His team was lost, but he himself crawled out and walked across the ice to a fisherman's hut, where he lay with both his hands and feet badly frozen. The thermometer in that part of the country just now registers thirty-two degrees below zero.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Threatening weather and snow, slightly warmer, fresh to brisk northeasterly winds.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Money on call to-day per cent.

LONDS.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
3½s.	1891, reg	107	107¼
4½s.	1891, coup	108½	108¾
4s.	1907, reg	125¾	125¾
4s.	1907, coup	126¼	126

STOCK MARKET.

THREE O'CLOCK.—The conference of trunk line managers absorbed the attention of the street to-day, and created a better feeling, which was reflected in an advance on the market. Bonds were dull and firm; sterling exchange strong.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	56	57
Central Pacific	31	30¾
Chicago, Bur. & Q	127⅝	127
Delaware & Hudson	110	109¾
Del. Lack. & West	130¾	130⅛
Erie	20¼	—
Erie, pref	42	—
Lake Shore	91⅛	91¾
Louis. & Nash	59⅜	60
Michigan Central	—	83¼
Missouri Pacific	84	84⅛
New Jersey Central	79	79⅝
New York Central & Hud	107½	107¾
New York & New Eng	37¼	37⅝
Northwestern	107¾	107¾
Oregon Navigation	93	93⅛
Pacific Mail	36⅜	35¾
Reading	65⅝	66
Rock Island	112	112¾
St. Paul	76¼	76⅛
Union Pacific	53¼	53⅛
Western Union	78¾	78¾

PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat—Market quiet. No. 1 red, 92½c.a— c.; xtra red, 90¾c.a—c.; No. 2 red, 88¾c.a89 c.; in elevator, 89 c.a90¾c. delivered; No. 3, 88 c.a—c.; state white, 91c.a92 c.; No. 1 white, 91c.a92 c.

February, 88⅜c.; March, 89½c.; April, 90 c.; May, 91⅜c.; June, 91½c.; December, 94¾.

Corn—Market quiet. No. 2, at 59½c.; in elevator and 61¼c. delivered; No. 3, 58 c.a— c.; and steamer, 59½c.a60c, elevator.

February 59¼c.; March, 59¾c.; May, 59¾. June, 58¾c.

Oats—Market quiet. No. 1 white, 42 c.; No. 2 white, 40¾c.a42¼c.; Nor. 3 white, 39¾c.a41 c.; No. 1 mixed, 40 c.; No. 2mixed, 38 c.a40 c.; No. 3 mixed, 38¼c.; rejected, 37 c.; No. 2 Chicago, 41½c.

February, 38 c.; March, 38 c.; May, 38½c.

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market steady. Creamery—Eastern, —c.a—c.; western, 25c.a30c.; Elgin, 30c.a33c.; imitation, 22c.a26c. Dairy—Eastern, half-firkin tubs, 23c.a28c.; eastern, Welsh tubs, 22c.a25c; eastern firkins, 18c.a23c.; eastern dairies, complete, 20c.a25c.; western, 18c.a19c. Factory—Fresh, 20c.a24c.

Cheese—Market steady. Factory—New York, cheddar, 12 c.a12½c.; western, flat, 11½c.a12 c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 5 c.a10 c., skims, 1 c.a1½; state skims, 2 c.a4c.

Eggs—Market steady. Fresh—Eastern firsts, 26c.; southern first, 20c.a23½c.; westen firsts, 20c.a21c. Limed—Eastern firsts, 14½c.; western firsts 14c. c.a14½c.; Canadian firsts, 13½c.a14c.; imported, 15c.a—.

RYTHMIC RAYS.

January.

Through many an arched cathedral nave
The weird funeral torches wave
Above the dead year's yawning grave,
Wherefrom, when midnight mass is sung
Through long-drawn aisles, and vaults among,
Rolls out the new year's cradle song.

Life out of death! 'tis ever thus,
The grave the cradle is, to us
God's ways are ways mysterious;
In travail born, we waste away
And from the ashes of decay
We rise into a brighter day.

Full many a soul with hearty cheer,
Shall clasp glad hands to do and dare
Brave deeds that wait the coming year;
Some souls will wring their hands and sigh
For God's occasions, passing by;
And some will need to stand and die.

But vainly while the hoar-frost falls,
Amid the ivy as it crawls
Athwart the moss on rugged walls,
May we expect the buds of spring
To burst and hide the ragged thing,
As good from our determining.

O friend! in vain thy good intent;
'Tis but a staff all broken, bent,
If God withhold His sacrament:
And thy poor vision through the vine
And hoar-frost of our winter clime
Shall vainly long for summer time.

—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

The Happiest Hours.

The happiest hours our boyhood knew
Were not the hours at school,
But those spent when the line we threw
Into the glassy pool,
Or in the river took a dip,
Or when the season found
Us fighting for the championship
Upon the base-ball ground.

"The happiest hours at school!" ye powers
Make known, what hours were those?
The hours at school a wearisome hours
As every school-boy knows.
The hours at school! Oh, sigh no more
That they have gone for aye,
Or sigh for those that come at four
O'clock p. m. each day!

—*Boston Courier.*

The Sphinx.

I know all about the Sphinx.
I know even what she thinks,
Staring with her stony eyes
Up forever at the skies.

For last night I dreamed that she
Told me all the mystery—
Why for eons mute she sat—
She was just cut out for that!

—*James Whitcomb Riley.*

"In Liquor!"

"Now once on a time (as all fables begin)
In a brewery dwelt a young mouse:
He'd lived there some months on the choicest of food,
'Neath a vat in a snug little house.

One morning as mousie was strolling around,
He fell in a tub of the liquor;
He tried hard to swim, but he thought he'd be drowned,
For each moment his breath became thicker.

An old cat came passing along by the tub,
And mousie endeavored to shout,
But only just managed to squeeze out these words:
"Oh, pussy! Do, please, help me out!"

"Well, well," says Miss Pussy, "you see if I do
I shall eat you. You are very queer!"
"Oh, Miss Pussy, I'd rather be eaten by you
Than drowned in this filthy beer!"

Then the cat helped him out, set him down on the floor,
And made ready to have a good bite,
When the mouse, by a rub, dodged under the tub
And vanished quite out of sight!

"Come out; let me eat you!" Miss Pussy did cry;
"Come out, you young thief!" said the cat;
"You promised——" "Perhaps so, Miss Pussy, but I
Was 'in liquor' when I promised that!"

—*Detroit Free Press.*

A Druggist's Wail.

Ah, well-a-day! and woe is me!
Sing willow, willow mournfully,
And in the graveyard bury me!

I am a simple druggist's clerk;
My cheek is pale, mine eye is dark;
And all day long, and to and fro,
The maidens walk in lengthened row,
And watch me through the window pane.
They call me "sweet!" then come again,
And "Sweet, so sweet!" they softly sigh.
So quickly all my days go by,
And life were fair and silken fine,
If there were not a hidden grief
For which the shop holds no relief.

One maid comes in, and sweet and shy,
She begs: "An ounce of pott-pourreye."
Another comes with dash and flurry
To buy "A jar of your pott-purry."
Another lovely, blushing houri
Would like "A bit of the pott-powry."
A fourth, whose smile is fair to see,
Demands "A little pott-perree."
A fifth, a Back Bay maid is she,
Says: "Give me some of that peau-pree."
And I? I wince and shrink, poor me!
But give them all their pot-pourri.

So toll the bells, and wail and weep!
Sing dirges where I lie asleep!
For life is sad and the grave is deep!

—*Boston Transcript.*

It Makes a Difference.

I have observed that if by chance
On some elite occasion,
A swell doth on a lady's train
Make damaging invasion,
The etiquette of time and place
The lady's rage will scatter,
And with a smile she'll say: "Good sir!
It isn't any matter."

But should her lord make that misstep
In going to their carriage,
As like as not she'd season the
Amenities of marriage
With, "There, you horrid, clumsy lout!
Was ever such vexation?
Some day those hoofs of yours will rip
The earth from its foundation."

—*Youth's Gazette.*

A Last Request.

Oh, riddle me through with a gatling gun,
Or shoot me out of a mortar;
Oh, paralyze me with a powerful pun,
Or fry me in oil until I am done,
Or flay me alive and quarter;

Aye, grind me to atoms of dust, if you will,
But save me from that which is sorer—
Oh! choose any means that quickly will kill,
From a railroad stove to dynamite mill,
But don't make me room with a snorer.

—*Emile Pickhardt.*

In the Toy Shop.

The child had longings all unspoken—
She was a naughty child,
She had a "will that must be broken;"
Her brothers drove her wild.
She read the tale, but skipped the moral
She thought "one might be good,
If one could never scream and quarrel,
If one were only wood!"

Meanwhile the Doll: "Ah, fatal chasm!
Although I've real curls,
I am not made of protoplasm,
Like other little girls.
You see on every wooden feature
My animation's nil:
How nice to be a human creature,
Get cross and have a will!"

And what may be the real issue
There's none hath understood:
But some of us are nervous tissue,
And some of us are wood.
And some to suffering, striving wildly,
And never quite resigned;
While we of wood yet murmur mildly
At being left behind.

—*Longman's Magazine.*

THEY OF THE FUTURE.

Rapid Approach of the Day When Woman Will Rule the Roost.

The earth slowly hurtles as it flies through space, and some millenniums hence the South Pole will get more than its share of sunbeams, as now it gets less. Men and women are evidently the north and south poles of humanity. Hitherto, says the Boston *Transcript*, men have had most of the smiles of fortune. They have been the rulers and kings, both in politics and at home. All the professions have been arrogated to them. They alone have voted. They alone have had pockets. They alone have smoked.

But it is evident that a great change has been taking place. Women now insist on going to college, and their names head the rank list. They write poetry, they are journalists, they are the most successful of doctors, they do every thing that the so-called stronger sex once claimed as its own prerogative—they are driving the men to the wall. What is the *man* of the future to be, according to scientists? He eats without chewing now, so in days to come he will have no teeth; he is already getting chronically bald; his sense of smell is departing, and so it is declared that the nose will be a useless organ, atrophied and shrunken; a large proportion of men are color-blind. What a hopeless creature he will be when he evolves into the noseless, hairless, toothless biped that science predicts.

But woman, on the other hand, in destined to improve in every respect. Her voice is already growing rotund from "speaking in meeting;" in fact, she is the only one now who goes to church; she almost votes; she manages her own property; she fiddles, shaves, practices law, out-mans man in all the walks of life.

And, moreover, she has had put into her hands a tremendous engine for self-improvement. According to a New York paper a toilet preparation has been invented for women's use that works miracles. It removes freckles, it kills pin-heads, it smoothes out the wrinkles of age, it reorganizes the most pugnacious of pug-noses. A few weeks of religious application will transform the most deformed. A young lady belonging to the *haut ton* was changed in a fortnight from a pimply-faced, blotchy-complexioned hump-backed-nosed scarecrow into an houri of beauty. Her skin grew soft, her nose straight, her eyes bright—all from this miracle of the toilet. For man it is of no mortal use. He has passed his apogee. He is on the downward path. Ascendant is the star of woman. In days to come she will rule the roost.

VALUE OF AMBERGRIS.

Fortunes Made by Lucky Whalers Who Find the Precious Secretions.

The Provincetown (Mass.) whalemen have been unusually successful in their voyages within the last fifteen or twenty years, not only in the amount of oil obtained but in that of ambergris. Ambergris is a peculiar secretion found in a diseased whale, and is worth its weight in gold. It is not a buoyant article, and is only obtained by killing the whale, or the whale's dying and drifting ashore, when the lump of ambergris washes upon the beach after the carcass is decomposed. The ambergris (or sick) whales are usually found near the land, and when the stuff is picked up on shore the carcass of a dead whale is usually somewhere in the vicinity. When an apparently healthy whale is killed, and on examination appears to have very little oil, a search for ambergris is made. In appearance it is a dark-gray, sticky substance, and very vile smelling. It is principally used in making perfumes, to "set" the odor, and as a refiner.

It is related that one afternoon, years ago, the schooner Gage Phillips, of Provincetown, was drifting on the whaling grounds, when the man on lookout reported that a small, peculiar-looking substance was floating off the port quarter. It was taken on deck and pronounced to be some peculiar kind of West Indian gum. After being kicked around the deck for some days, it was thrown carelessly into the stern-boat. The Phillips fell in with another whaler, and the crews exchanged visits. The visiting captain noticed the "gum," declared it was ambergris, and revealed its value. It was taken care of, and when the vessel arrived home the sale of that lump of "gum" added $5,000 to the general stock of the voyage.

Another captain of a merchant vessel, lying at anchor off one of the islands in the West Indies, discovered a lump as large as his two fists in the possession of a negro, who sold it to the captain for one flannel shirt and an old pair of pantaloons. It was sold in the States for $500. A whaling crew having secured and killed a whale, cut it in two and found a dark gray mass about the size of a half-barrel. In the effort to get it on deck the leadlike mass shot downward into the fathomless sea, and at least $50,000 slipped neatly away, leaving a mad captain and a mad crew. There are living in Provincetown many retired whalers who have made fortunes in the find of ambergris, and seldom a season passes without some of her captains returning wealthy men.

BLOWN TO SMITHEREENS.

Blood-Curdling Fate of a Bright Little Boy's Trousers.

A certain small boy who resides here, says the Vicksburg *Herald*, attending a big school for boys, is in a most pitiable condition. Indeed he looks as though he had been through the mill, in the broadest sense of the term without any regard whatever for the kind of mill referred to. It might have been a coffee-mill or a saw-mill or even a sausage-mill, but at any rate the boy certainly appears to have gone through it. The little fellow's name is Johnnie Jones, and before starting to school the other day he made a raid on his father's hunting materials and filled his hip pocket with powder, intending to have a little fun with it at recess. On his way to school some boy gave him a cigarette, which he also laid away to smoke at recess. Before he had been in his seat half an hour, however, the longing to take a puff of that cigarette got the better of the small boy's usual good judgment, and when the teacher's back was turned, he slyly lighted it, and took a pull. At that moment the teacher turned, and to escape detection the boy slipped the cigarette behind him and into his hip pocket, never thinking of the powder. The building was uninjured, but the basement of that boy's trousers, after the explosion, was a total wreck, and however sly he had been about his mischievous schemes he could not cover the end in view. It is said he is now taking his meals off the mantelpiece for a few days to avoid the painful necessity of sitting down, and has made the customary resolutions to emulate the good boy's example in the future. The funeral of these resolutions will take place as soon as the seating capacity of the urchin will admit of his returning to the scene of the wreck.

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, *5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44 a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30; 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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Skates are marked way down. Now is the time to buy.
Order a Rochester Lamp, it gives a light that *is* a light,
Nothing equal to Agate Ware, and I keep a full line.
Some New Goods. Come in every day. I mean to satisfy all.
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Just received the *ELECTRIC SERIES of POPULAR NOVELS.* Among the authors whose books are in this series are: H. Rider Haggard, Hugh Conway, The Dutchess, Wilkie Collins, Mrs. Henry Wood, and others. Regular price, 20 cents. We sell them for *TWELVE CENTS.*
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THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

BY THE WAY.

—This evening will take place the concert in Anchor Lodge parlors for the benefit of Muhlenberg Hospital.

—The Crescent will be reopened in fine shape for roller skating, Wednesday afternoon and evening the 22d inst.

—Both the City and Borough Councils will meet in adjourned session this evening, and consider the Fire Department problem.

—The sale of seats for the Clara Louise Kellogg opera will begin at the regular places to-morrow at seven a. m. No increase in the rates.

—The headquarters of the Grand Lodge Reception Committee, K. of P., will be at Messrs. Woolston & Buckle's place of business on North avenue.

—Young Men's Meeting at the Y. M. C. A., rooms (nearly opposite the Postoffice) this evening at 8 o'clock. Good singing with orchestral accompaniment. Every man heartily welcome.

—The total amount of money collected at three services in the new German Reformed church yesterday amounted to about $316. The church starts out with but a slight indebtedness on it.

—A row occurred in a house on Manning avenue, North Plainfield on Saturday evening, but no arrests were made. The place is complained of as being disorderly and the authorities have been notified.

—A cock fight was to have taken place at Scotch Plains on Saturday evening, but when the owners of the fowls arrived at the place about midnight, the proprietor of the resort was in bed, and the fight was postponed until a future date.

—Of Sam Small's lecture, the New Orleans *Times* says: "There are few orations extant comparable with it in eloquence, pathos and soul-stirring details." In the advertisement elsewhere, the subject and sale of seats are announced.

—On the next page THE PRESS gives in full the Hon. James G. Blaine's letter declining to be a candidate for nomination again as President. It is an emphatic withdrawal of his name—"So far as it is in his power to do so," the *Tribune* editorially says.

—The committee composed of Messrs. Wadsworth, Dilts and Gavett, appointed at the last meeting of the Y. M. C. A. Base Ball Nine, will report on Wednesday evening of this week at 9 o'clock at the Association rooms. All interested in arranging for Summer sports are invited to be present.

—Frederick Diem who was committed to the Somerville Jail by Justice Austin of North Plainfield on Monday for stabbing a horse, was released from that institution on Saturday. Lawyer Frech of Somerville was engaged in the prisoner's behalf and secured his release on Saturday, as above stated.

—One of a team of horses belonging to Mr. Chas. Mantz of Washington Valley, slippled and fell down under the Park avenue railroad bridge, a little after three o'clock this afternoon. The animal struggled desperately to regain his feet, which was accomplished after the harness was considerably damaged.

—At the bazaar of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society on Saturday evening, the contest for the gold watch was decided in favor of Miss Hickey, she having collected $227.21, a considerable amount more than the other competitors. The bazaar will continue this and to-morrow evenings. To-night a barrel of flour will be disposed of.

Middlesex Gun Club.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Middlesex Gun Club, held at Force's Hotel, this city, Saturday evening, Feb. 11, it was resolved to hold a grand shooting tournament on the Club's grounds at Dunellen, on Wednesday, Feb. 22. A classified sweepstake match at 25 birds each, $32.50 entrance fee, (which includes birds) will be a feature of the day. The Club guarantees a $300 purse. It is expected that some of the "big guns" who will contest for the big prizes at Long Branch this week, such as Budd, Stice, Quinlan, Lever and others, will be present to participate on the 22d. Messrs. Forrest, Seymour and Dickens were appointed a committee to make all necessary arrangements. Forrest was also made Corresponding Secretary, to whom all communications were referred.

A Dance This Eve.

The Columbia Social Club will give its first grand ball, this evening, at French's Hall, Somerset street. Fine music has been engaged, and a good time is promised. The Committee of Arrangements consists of W. Westerfield, J. Laughlin, Charles Moore, James Daly, U. Force and Fred Moore.

Seventh Week.

The Revival at Cutter's Hall under the auspices of the Plainfield Berean Bible Class will be continued every night this week commencing at 7:45 with a service of song. Testimonials of converts and others. Come early and get a good seat and enjoy a pleasant evening, you will be benefited.

THE NEW PLAINFIELD CHESS CLUB.

Its First Move—Reorganizing to Win the State Trophy.

The Plainfield Chess Club which for some months past, has not been active, made a fresh start on Thursday evening last, when quite a number of gentlemen met at the rooms of Judge Suydam in the Stillman Building to reorganize. The meeting was quite enthusiastic, and the interest was further excited by representatives from Cranford and Elizabeth who expressed their desire for the success of the undertaking. Cranford has about 15 to 18 chess players, many of whom would become members here if allowed to join.

The meeting organized by calling Gen'l Eli Long to the chair, and Mr. Clarence Murphy, the Secretary of the old club, acted in that capacity for the new. Resolutions for entering spiritedly into the matter of reorganization, and for inviting the young men of Plainfield to take active part, were passed. A committee was appointed to prepare a constitution to be submitted to a meeting to be held at the same place to-morrow evening, at which time election of permanent officers will take place and the active operation of the club will commence.

It is desirable that all who are players and are willing to assist either with their presence or material aid, shall make it known to the Secretary, who is anxious that none shall be overlooked. The Plainfield Chess Club has heretofore held the proud pre-eminence of the champion club of New Jersey, and the prestige should be maintained. The State Chess Association meets at Rutherford on the 22d of February, and one question that will be settled to-morrow evening will be that of inviting the Association to meet at Plainfield the ensuing year.

Although Mr. Stokes, of Millville, nominally carried of the honors for the last two years, yet in the tournament of 1886 at Elizabeth Mr. Lloyd of Plainfield equally shared the honors of being an unbeaten player thereat, and there is no good reason why not merely the meeting of the association shall be held here, but the trophy of the State championship be brought to grace the victory of the club's champion. There may very well be among our young players, some one who may aspire to the laurels of the greatest of chess masters, Paul Morphy.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Prof. W. C. Richards preached in the First Baptist church, yesterday morning, to a very large audience. His text was "Jesus wept."

The Rev. Mr. Richards of the Crescent Avenue church, being absent in Albany, his pulpit was again occupied, yesterday, by Prof. Ropes of Bangor, Me.

Mrs. Jane L. Dunham, of West Fifth street, will give a reception this evening in honor of her daughter-in-law and son, Mr. and Mrs. John Dunham of Minneapolis, Minn.

Mrs. W. Alex. Bass, Jr., who is suffering from an attack of pneumonia, is reported as evidencing more favorable symptoms this morning. Yesterday her condition was very serious.

Mr. Henry C. Squires of Broadway, Superintendent of Hope Mission, sailed for Europe on business, Saturday, by the steamship City of Chicago. Among the passengers was Mrs. Folsom, mother-in-law of President Cleveland.

The many friends of Mr. David L. Thompson of Rock View avenue, will deeply sympatize with him in the loss of his mother, Mrs. Keturah Thompson, who died at her son's residence during Saturday in the 88th year of her age.

Councilman Wm. Taylor was taken seriously ill last week, with nervous prostration, while absent from home on one of his business trips. The physician who was called, came on in attendance as far as Philadelphia, where Mr. Taylor was taken to the residence of his mother. His wife left this city to join him on Saturday, as told in these columns.

Added Affliction.

The only remaining son of Mr. and Mrs. John Miles, died this morning at his parents' residence, Pond place and South avenue. The child was fifteen months old, and yesterday seemed perfectly well. A sudden attack of croup, however, caused the death of the little one in spite of the physician's skill. The funeral will take place this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles arrived in this city from Worcester, Mass., on Feb. 1. In THE PRESS of that day was published an account of the death of their boy, of a few years of age, from diphtheria, after the parents had wandered through the streets searching for a place to shelter themselves and the dying one. Mr. Miles is an employee of the Pond Tool Works, and had but recently rented the home he now occupies when death took away the last of the two little ones he and his wife had brought to Plainfield with them.

—Sam Small's coming.

REFORM CLUB MEETING.

Mrs. J. T. Ellis Delivers an Eloquent Discourse Before a Large Audience at Reform Hall.

The auditorium of Reform Hall was filled with people last evening, and the gallery was thrown open to accommodate the overflow. The devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. W. E. Honeyman, the Chaplain of the club, who read the 23d Psalm and led in prayer. President French presided, and Freeholder Vanderbeek and his full choir furnished the music. Mrs. Geo. F. Opdyke, President of the W. C. T. U., was honored with a seat on the platform along with several of the representative members of the Reform club. President French announced as the speaker for the evening, Mrs. J. T. Ellis of Ocean Grove, Corresponding Secretary of the State W. C. T. U. Mrs. Ellis said she needed no introduction, as she had been absent from the hall only since five o'clock in the afternoon. She said her intentions were to talk of a very peculiar man, whose counterpart was found in all places. She spoke of Simon Peter, to whom the Lord said, "Follow me and I will make you a fisher of men." The speaker clearly and forcibly illustrated how hard it is for the rich to enter the Kingdom of God, and recited an amusing incident of a colored woman who had struggled for three days to give up all her earthly possessions—a half-dozen smoothing irons and a couple of rubbing boards—to follow God. The Saviour hath said: "Like as a father pitieth his children, so the Lord pitieth them that fear him." In referring to the matter of intemperance, Mrs. Ellis said, a good many christians are asleep like Peter, whom the Master found quietly dozing, when he returned from Gethsemane. The ladies of the W.C.T.U. have been crushed, hurt and broken-hearted, because the men to whom we look for protection have failed us. 364 days in the year men will protect the women, but on the 365th day they desert them by dropping their vote, which says, "Lord, not Thy Kingdom, but Satan's Kingdom." The blood of the lost boys and girls of Plainfield will be found on the voters of this city. Addressing the men the speaker continued, "every time you drop that paper into the ballot box you deny your master. I'm so ashamed of Plainfield I don't know what to do; think of the men who have been saved here, yet you men say go on and sell, only pay us enough to pave our streets and light the city by electricity. I'm so glad we women never had a hand in making the laws; unless you men do your duty God will put the matter in our hands, and then it will go; there's a wonderful buzzing in the air; we women think everything of the men, but we wonder at your stupidity, your ignorance; we want constitutional prohibition; I wish the Lord would shake some of the men here to-night, and show their sins; every Christian man who refuses to vote for what he believes is right, is so attached to the old party that his convictions are stifled; who do you represent, Molly and the children, or simply John alone? Every man has a weak point in his character, all the women have to do is to just find it out. A great many men when asked by their wife how they voted, will say: 'It's not a proper question.' Better have kerosene lamps, even a tallow candle in an old lantern, than to have the streets lighted with electricity by license money." Mrs. Ellis during her discourse told several touching incidents, and was frequently interrupted by applause. Her delivery throughout was fine, and at no time did the large audidence become tired of listening to her.

President French endorsed every word Mrs. Ellis had spoken, and after announcing the literary and musical entertainment in the hall on Thursday evening, at half-past seven o'clock, and other entertainments to follow, which will be duly noticed in these columns, three persons came forward and signed the pledge, at the solicitation of Mrs. Ellis, after which the meeting close with the benediction.

Leasing the Fire Department.

Members of the Common Council of this city, the Mayor and Councilmen of the Borough of North Plainfield, and members of the Board of Managers of the Fire Department, met again in private at the Public Library building, Saturday evening. A decision was then arrived at as to how the maintenance of the present Fire Department may be continued under control of the Councils of the City and the Borough. A bill authorizing the raising of the money necessary, and so providing the means for the leasing of the apparatus from the Board of Managers, will probably be introduced in the Legislature during this week. If such is the intent and purpose of the municipal authorities, it looks as if the Department would continue to be run under its present officers. THE PRESS hopes so, and the people would unite with it in endorsing such solution of the dilemma.

—The toboggan slide has been closed for repairs.

"EBEN-EZER."

DEDICATING THE NEW GERMAN REFORMED CHURCH.

Impressive Services in English and German—Historical Sketch of the Church, the Financial Report and Resolutions Passed by the Consistory —An Effort to Wipe Out the Church Debt.

The pretty little German Reformed church on Craig Place, North Plainfield, was formerly dedicated for public worship yesterday. Three services were held—morning, afternoon and evening. The morning service was conducted in German, by Rev. Mr. Koechli, the pastor, assisted by Rev. John Oerter, D. D., of New York and Rev. J. W. Freund of Hoboken. Rev. Mr. Koechli delivered the dedication address. In the afternoon the services were in English, and were attentively listened to by a large congregation, including many of our American born citizens. Rev. Cornelius Schenck, pastor of Trinity Reformed church, conducted the exercises, and besides him on the platform were Rev. Mr. Koechli and Mr. James McGee, the latter representing the laity of the city. Mr. Thomas B. Brown, Sr., led the singing, accompanied by Miss Lizzie Gilbert on the organ. About the pulpit there was a profusion of beautiful and fragrant flowers, rare potted plants, callas and trailing vines, all arranged in a truly exquisite manner. In fact the display was so artistically and skillfully arranged as to represent a veritable Eden. The pastor, at the beginning of the service, announced that Rev. Dr. Waters, President of the Newark Classis, was unable to be present, but the latter had expressed deep regret at his inability to take part in the interesting exercises. After a hymn was sung, Rev. Mr. Schenck offered a beautiful and appropriate prayer, and read God's instruction according to the 24th and 132d Psalms. The Reverend gentleman said that if Rev. Dr. Waters had been present he would doubtless have spoken on "Domestic Missions," as the church is the mission work of God; all Gospel work, he said, is mission work, and all the members of the church should esteem themselves to become missionaries. The speaker said there were one or two thoughts to which he wished to call the attention of his hearers, viz: "The Fidelity of God to his church in the fulfillment of his promises." The church is not merely an external organization; not simply a band of worshippers over which there is a preacher; the church is made up of those who seek to do the Lord's work; wherever you find a company of believers in Christ, there you have a church; granted you have a church, the preacher, the officers, etc., then you are banded together to further G d's work; the church is not a modern institution, but oates back to the time of Abraham; to tell of the promises that God has given would consume several hours, but God has been faithful to the church in the fulfillment of his promises. The Christian church in the first few centuries developed so fast as to compare with the overthrow of the Romans. God's command to his followers was: "Honor Me, and I will be with you." This morning you have formally dedicated this church to God; to dedic te means to donate it to Holy ends; this afternoon we are here to remind you of God's faithfulness in the past. I congratulate you, said he in conclusion, on being able to erect such a holy house of God. In this city there is quite a German element—a help to this community; we want the Germans to become christians; many of them are from over the seas, and we want them to have a place where they can worship their Lord and Saviour, Jesus Christ.

Rev. Mr. Koechli then read the following historical report of the church, together with the financial report:

HISTORICAL SKETCH.

It is not a great or glorious past to which we are able to refer today by drawing the outlines of a historical review of the development of the German Reformed church of this city, but we have a right to call this new house of God, which is dedicated today as a German church,

EBEN-EZER,

which name is given to the building officially. Yes, it is true enough that God has helped until today, or we would not be here this afternoon. Men are liable to do the best they can, in church work as well as in business, or they cannot expect the help of God, as He never will bless idlers; but there never will be any real success, especially in the kingdom of our Lord, where He does not bless the work of men Furthermore, if the history of our congregation as well as the history of this building shows anything, then it shows the true mustard-grain nature of the kingdom of God, and this gives us such a promising and grand perspective for the future as we may wish to have. Yes, we have reason enough to hold up our hearts, to pray with confidence, to go to the work awaiting us faithfully, and to expect the best success. May God give "abundantly above all we ask or think."

In the Summer of 1857 Rev. Dr. John Oerter, at that time in charge of the German church at Coontown, N. J, was requested by some Germans of this city, to preach to them the blessed Gospel of Christ. He very gladly responded to this request. In the following year the Classis of Raritan was asked to organize a German Reformed church here. The Classis therefore appointed an Organization Committee, consisting of the following gentlemen: Revs. John Oerter, Dr. Mesek J. LeFevre and Elder, F. Frelinghuysen. On the 4th of July, 1858, this committee held a meeting in the little school-house, corner Washington and Fifth streets, and organized the church under the name of "The First German Protestant Dutch Church of Plainfield, N. J." Thirty members joined the church and a consistory of eight members was elected. The same year the church was incorporated, and a call extended to the Rev. J. Neef. Everything seemed promising and prosperous and the small congregation succeeded very well for about five years. In 1859 they purchased the old school-house, which they had rented until then, paying $1,000 for the lot and building, the latter soon being extended to its present size, and which is now known as Hope Mission. This was a great sacrifice for the small, and at that time, poor congregation, and they deserve all credit for it. But after five years Rev. Neef accepted another call, and then there began a very trying and changing period. We might compare this period with the condition of the German Crown Prince during the last year. It seems that the youth was befallen by a chronic disease, using up his strength successively, more and more, until he was nearly prostrated. Verily, there was enough work to do, as the writer of this knows, when he came to Plainfield in March, 1883. The scattered congregation, consisting of about forty nominal members, had to be gathered, enlarged and strengthened; lost confidence had to be won again, and hundreds of other things, more or less important, had to be seen to. Above all, a new church in the right place must be built, if the congregation intended to prosper. And all this must be done without a certain salary, as the consistory was not in a position to assume the responsibility of paying it. To all this must be added that we were a stranger to the country as well as to the place, having landed on February 11th previous. But we went to work and God has helped. The first year was a year of work only for the congregation; the second year was a time of work in faith and patience, and a year of quiet preparation for this new church; in the third year a subscription list was started with success, the old property was sold and the new lot purchased. That was a great step towards the realization of our purpose. In the fourth year this building was begun, and now in the fifth our desire is realized.

Let us now have the financial report, which will show us under what financial conditions the congregation occupies this church today. This report ought to be given by the Treasurer, but Brother Utzinger thought I would be in the reporting mood anyhow, and so I had better go along with this part too, and with your permission I will do so:

FINANCIAL REPORT.

RECEIPTS:

Surplus from the old property after paying the mortgage of $250	$1,650
From subscriptions	2,150
From three fairs	2,050
From the Board of Domestic Missions	1,700
From Ladies Aid Society	116
Besides the ladies have furnished the carpets, curtains, etc.	
	$7,666

EXPENSES:

For lot	$1,250 00
Search and deeds	50 00
Work in contract	5,050 00
Work not in contract	530 54
Windows	212 50
Heater	125 00
Furniture	458 00
Insurance for three years	48 00
Plastering	300 00
Still remaining work which must be done	300 00
In all	$8,024 04
Receipts "	7,666 00
Deficit	358 04

By the remaining work are left out different necessities as painting the church outside, a shade, etc., which will require a few hundred dollars more; but we can use the church now, thank God for this.

Also, we are very thankful too, to every one, who has helped to build this church, and who has not done it? Ministers and churches, Germans and Americans, Plainfielders and outsiders joined with each other in this work, and those among you who have not yet done it, will have the very best opportunity today.

The greatest credit must be given to the German ladies who have worked so faithfully in fairs and otherwise to support this work. May God bless and encourage them to continue their work, remembering the word of the Lord: "Go, ye also into the vineyard and whatsoever is right I will give you." Furthermore we never shall forget the great service done by the architect of the building, Mr. Oscar Teale, which he has done with so much brotherly love. God bless him for that.

We have still to say, that if not Pastor, Consistory and congregation would have worked in such harmony we would not be where we are, for only unity gives strength. And now may God come and dwell in this house with his spirit, may he open the windows of Heaven and pour out in streams his blessings over us today, and in time to come; and may this house become a place of renewing immortal souls till to the latest generations.

Mr. James McGee was the next speaker announced. He said that Brother Schenck was present to represent the church, and that he, himself was present to welcome the church on behalf of the laity. He delivered a brief sermon from the text: "How be it there was no reckoning of money delivered in their hands because they dealt faithfully." He called attention to two thoughts—First opportunities come alike to nations and individuals; this is an opportunity to Plainfield and to the Germans which they have availed themselves of by the erection of this church, where they may come and see the word of God perpetuated. It is the duty of Plainfield to extend the right hand of fellowship to the German Reformed church; fidelity always wins confidence; another thought is "Because they dealt faithfully there was no reckoning." He alluded to the floating indebtedness on the new church, and stated that those who give toward paying off the debt will be known by God, and there will be reckoning of the blessings that will come back upon them.

Rev. Mr. Koechli here took occasion to thank those who had in any way contributed toward the erection of the church, but confessed that he had a heavy heart on account of the small indebtedness. During the reading of the above report he said that he had learned with sorrow of the sudden death of Rev. E. Knapp, the first pastor of the German Reformed church, which resulted from paralysis on Thursday. He also stated that five years ago, Saturday, he first landed on the shores of this bright and glorious country.

Mr. McGee then undertook to raise, by subscription, the amount of money due on the edifice. In a few moments $100 of the required amount was subscribed, both Rev. Mr. Schenck and Mr. James McGee subscribing liberally to the fund. A collection was then taken up which swelled the amount considerably, and after the following resolutions were read by the pastor, an announcement made of the installation services on Wednesday evening, Rev. Mr. Schenck dismissed the audience with the benediction.

RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolutions were passed at a special meeting of the Consistory on Monday the 6th instant:

WHEREAS, In consideration that the Trustees of Warren Mission Chapel have had the kindness and Christian love to allow us for nearly five years to hold our services in their church for nearly no interests, therefore be it

Resolved, That we express our hearty and deep-felt thanks to the Trustees of Warren Mission chapel for their kindness and brotherly love in permitting us to hold our services in their church for such a long time.

Resolved, That we pray that God may bless Warren Mission chapel for the kindness which they have done us,

Resolved, To extend a cordial invitation to the Trustees of Warren Mission chapel to attend our dedicatory services today.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in our church and a copy be committed to the Trustees of Warren Mission chapel.

What May be Eaten in Lent.

The *Catholic News* states that for the first time a uniform observance of the Lenten regulations will prevail in the Catholic dioceses of America, and publishes the official bill of fare. The diet is restricted to flesh meats, eggs, white meats, bread, coffee, tea, chocolate, or some similar drink. Flesh meat and fish together at the same meal is forbidden. Fat may be used in preparing the lawful victuals. The time for making the Easter communion extends from the first Sunday in Lent until Trinity Sunday inclusive. All those who neglect to make the Easter communion violate a law of the church which binds under pain of mortal sin. The transgressors of this law, moreover, are subject to excommunication, and should they die, to deprivation of Christian burial. The church excuses from the obligation of fasting but not of abstinence from flesh meat except in special cases, the infirm, those who are attaining their growth, those whose duties are of an exhausting or laborious character, women in pregnancy or nursing infants and those who are enfeebled by age. Those who are exempt from the precept of fasting can partake of flesh meat at every meal during the day when by special indult flesh meat is permitted at the principal meal. This order comes from the Holy See.

She Condemns the Lock-Up as Dirty, and Praises "The Press."

Mrs. F. E. Diem, whose husband was sent to the county jail from North Plainfield for stabbing his horse, writes us that her home is as clean and comfortable as she can find time to make it, with eight small children to occupy her care and attention. But she goes on to say: "The place that they had my husband in, is a disgrace to the Borough. I have seen pig-pens a great deal better, but as he was called a brute I guess they thought the place good enough for him. I seen the *Evening* ——, and there wasn't three words true about him. As THE PRESS is therefore all the paper I recognize, I thought I'd write a few lines.

"MRS. F. E. DIEM."

An Infectiously Funny Play.

Mr. Sully who is to appear at Music Hall, Tuesday evening, is one of the few Irish comedians who can act naturally. His Nolan is a distinctly drawn and neatly executed bit of character work, full of light and shade and some very pathetic touches. It ranks far above the farcical attempts at comedy made by many of our more prominent actors, and it is really artistic. Max Arnold plays a German dialect part well. Master Malvey, as the mischievous "kid," Frank Jameson is Tom the erring son, and the remaining parts are in good hands. The specialties of Miss Calef and Mr. Arnold are clever, and altogether Daddy Nolan is a very amusing performance.

A Debate on the Tariff.

The question to be discussed at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A., on Thursday evening next, is of marked interest at the present time, as it is the one subject that will provoke the most discussion in the conflict to come between the two great political parties. Admission free to men.

RESPECTFULLY DECLINE

JAMES G. BIAINE WILL NOT BE A CANDIDATE.

Personal Consideration Prompts Him to Decline—He Reviews the Past, and Congratulates the Party.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 13.—Mr. B. F. Jones, Chairman of the National Republican Committee has received the following letter from Mr. Blaine declining to be a Presidential candidate,

FLORENCE, Italy, Jan. 25. 1888.

B. F. Jones, Esq., Chairman of the Republican National Committee:

SIR: I wish through you to state to the members of the Republican party that my name will not be presented to the National Convention called to assemble in Chicago in June next for the nomination of candidates for the President and Vice-President of the United States.

I am constrained to this decision by considerations entirely personal to myself of which you were advised more than a year ago. But I cannot make the announcement without giving expression to my deep sense of gratitude to the many thousands of my countrymen who have sustained me so long and so cordially that their feeling has seemed to go beyond the ordinary political adherence of fellow-partisans and to partake somewhat of the nature of personal attachment. For this most generous loyalty of friendship I can make no adequate return, but I shall carry the memory of it while life lasts.

Nor can I refrain from congratulating the Republican party upon the cheering prospects which distinguish the opening of the national contest of 1888 as compared with that of 1884. In 1882 the Republican party throughout the Union met with a disastrous defeat. The States that had supported Garfield and Arthur in the election of 1880 were carried by the Democrats either by majorities or pluralities. The Republican loss in the Northern elections compared with the preceding national election exceeded half a million votes, and the Electoral votes of the Union, divided on the result of 1882, gave the Democrats over 300 Electors out of a total of 401. There was a partial reaction in favor of the Republicans in the elections of 1883, but the Democrats still held possession of seven Northern States, and on the basis of the year's contest could show more than 100 majority in the electoral colleges of the whole country.

But against the discouragement naturally following the adverse elections of these two years the spirit of the Republican party in the national contest of 1884 rose high, and the Republican masses entered into the campaign with such energy that the final result depended on the vote of a single state, and that state was carried by the Democratic party by a plurality so small that it represented less than one-eleventh of one per cent. of the entire vote. The change of a single vote in every 2,000 of the total poll would have given the State to the Republicans, though only two years before the Democratic plurality exceeded 192,000.

The elections of 1886 and 1887 have demonstrated growing strength in the Republican ranks. Seldom in our political history has a party, defeated in a national election, rallied immediately with such vigor as have the Republicans since 1884. No comparison is possible between the spirit of the party in 1882-3 and the spirit in 1886-7. The two periods present simply a contrast—the one of general depression, the other of enthusiastic revival. Should the party gain in the results of 1888 over those of 1886-7 in anything like the proportion of the gain of 1884 over 1882-3, it would secure one of the most remarkable victories of its entire existence. But victory does not depend on so large a ratio of increase; the party has only to maintain relatively its prestige of 1886-7 to give to its national candidate every Northern State but one, with a far better prospect of carrying that one than it has had for the past six years.

Another feature of the political situation should inspire Republicans with irresistible strength. The present National Administration was elected with, if not upon, the repeated assertions of leading supporters in every protection State that no issue on the tariff was involved. However earnestly Republicans urged that question as one of controlling importance in the campaign, they were met by the Democratic leaders and journals with persistent evasion, concealment, and denial. That resource the President has fortunately removed. The issue which the Republicans maintained and the Democrats avoided in 1884 has been prominently and specifically brought forward by the Democratic President, and cannot be hidden out of sight in 1888. The country is now in the enjoyment of an industrial system which in a quarter of a century has assured a larger national growth, a more rapid accumulation, and a broader distribution of wealth than were ever before known to history. The American people will now be openly and formally asked to decide whether this system shall be recklessly abandoned and a new trial be made of an old experiment which has uniformly led to national embarrassment and widespread individual distress. On the result of such an issue, fairly presented to the popular judgment, there is no room for doubt.

One thing only is necessary to assure success—complete harmony and cordial co-operation on the part of all Republicans—on the part both of those who aspire to lead and of those who are eager to follow. The duty is not one merely of honorable devotion to the party whose record and whose aims are alike great, but is one demanded by the instinct of self-interest and by the still higher promptings of patriotism.

A closer observation of the conditions a life among the older nations gives one of more intense desires that the American people shall make no mistake in choosing the policy which inspires labor with hope and crowns it with dignity, which gives safety to capital and protects its increase, which secures political power to every citizen, comfort and culture to every home. To this end, not less earnestly and more directly as a private citizen than as a public candidate, I shall devote myself, with the confident belief that the administration of the Government will be restored to the party which has demonstrated the purpose and the power to wield it for the union and the honor of the Republic, for the prosperity and progress of the people' I am, very sincerely yours,

JAMES G. BLAINE.

Anxiety Among Farmers.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Feb. 13.—The recent extremely cold weather, many say, has been ruinous to the peach buds. A despatch from St. Catherine's states that there is no fear of the buds being injured there. Fruit growers and farmers in the fruit section, extending from Wayne county west to Niagara and Chatanqua are of the same opinion. Fears are expressed, however, that the spring wheat crop will be an almost total failure, owing to the bareness of the ground, the snow being swept from the fields by the heavy winds of two weeks ago. There are some fields protected by weeds that will do well. The grape crop is a source of much anxiety, although the snow banked upon the roots seems to protect them.

Railway Mail Extension.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The Postoffice Department has established railway mail service on the Minneapolis, Sault Ste. Marie and Atlantic Railway, from Bruce, Wis., to Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., where it will connect with the Canadian Pacific Railway, thus making a new through line from Minneapolis, St. Paul and the Northwest across northern Wisconsin and the northern peninsula of Michigan to the Atlantic seaboard. The new service will go into operation March 5 next.

TO AID THE STRIKERS.

A ROUSING MEETING IN BEHALF OF THEREADINGMEN.

Dr. McGlynn Mounts the Rostrum.—He Talks Land Labor Reform—Mayor Hewitt Touched Up.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—The Knights of Labor held a very large meeting at the Academy of Music last night for the benefit of the Reading strikers.

In the auditorium and on the stage were many of the most prominent men in the labor movement in this city, and a consi erable delgation of the strikers, headed by John L. Lee and Joseph T. Coghlan, of the Strike Committee. Among the New Yorkers present were John McMackin, of the United Labor Party, Master Workman Jas. H. MaGee of the car drivers, Martin Hanley, of Jersey City, James Delaney, of Brooklyn, Thomas L. Ferris, of the Printers and James E. Quinn, of District Assembly 49, Hugh Greeman, David J. Naughton, James P. Archibald, W. T. Crossdale, Michael Clarke, S. E. Shevitch and Andrew Murray.

Hugh Greenan opened the meeting by introducing Master Workman Quinn as the Chairman. Mr. Quinn came to the front of the stage to speak, when Dr. McGlynn entered, leaning on the arm of Sylvester Malone. There was round after round of applause, and it was several minutes before the speaker could proceed.

Mr. Quinn stated that one of the objects of the meeting was to call attention to the condition of affairs among the strikers, and interest the people of New York in their assistance. Another was to let the people know of some coal barons who held high positions in this city, but who were little known in this connection. He then read an extract from the *Real Estate Record*, which he said represented $12,000,000,000 worth of real estate, which contained the statement that Mayor Hewitt was a leading member of a syndicate controling the Lehigh coal output, the refusal of which syndicate to grant the advance of eight and one-half per cent. had paralyzed the coal trade of that region.

Mr. Quinn then proceeded to score the Mayor and his scheme for giving the New York Central railroad control of the rapid transit system of the city and for his greed for money as a coal baron. He said: "The syndicates must understand that it is not necessary to have a college education to see that they must be curbed in their efforts to completely monopolize the natural opportunities for labor. We must see that we are not led back into the Democratic or Republican parties, and we will sweep the trusts and monopolists off the face of the land."

Then Dr. McGlynn was introduced. He said in part: "It gratifies me to do two great works at the same time; to exhort you to contribute generously to the miners and railroad men who are striking against a great monopoly, and to point out the causes which lead to such strike and their remedy." In speaking of the hard lot of the miners, the doctor said that a friend of his, a medical man, who had practiced in the mining regions had told him that he frequently felt when he was attending children that it would be better to let them die than to save their lives and see them doomed to the hard fate of miners.

"This strike," continued the speaker, "is caused by the refusal of an enormously wealthy corporation to pay an advance of 8½ per cent. on wages which are barely above the starving point. While I am, as a rule, against strikes, still I am glad to see this one, because it shows that these men, degraded and abjectly poor as they are from the horrid system under which they work, have still heads to think and hearts to feel and the manhood to turn when pushed too far. These miners are suffering heroically the tortures of hunger and cold. It is good to sympathize and aid them, and if by our sympathy and aid we can assist them to win, in God's name let us extend them."

"If they should be victorious, however, and in the intoxication of victory forget the radical wrong which makes such strikes possible, then it would be a calamity if they won the strike."

The speaker went into an extended explanation of the land theories of Henry George, and claimed when they were put into practice the cause for staikes would be removed and the labor question would be solved. He thought industrial slavery was much worse than chattel slavery, and said: "Our Southern brethern themselves acknowledge now that it is cheaper to hire negroes than it was to own them."

After a collection had been taken up and the "Star Spangled Banner" had been sung, John L. Lee, chairman of the Joint Strike Committee of the Reading railroad men and miners, was introduced. Mr. Lee said in part: "I propose to explain briefly the causes which led to this lockout and the chances of its settlement. It has been stated that the hot-headed action of the Philsdelphia and Reading convention led to the trouble. This is untrue. We have proof that Mr. Corbin started this fight for the purpose of cutting off the supplies from the Lehigh Valley strikers."

Bad faith was charged against both Mr. Corbin and Superintendent Sevrigard. They violated agreements which had been made with committees of the men time and time again, and while the men may have intended telling the truth when he says there is no trouble on the road. We feel that this is an attempt on the part of capital to crush out organized labor, and will starve before we will submit. The Lehigh men have been out for five months. They owed the "Pluck me" stores when they came out, and are no worse off now.

J. B. McGuire of the General Executive Board was the next speaker. He said the the General Executive Board had now taken hold of the strike, and they mean to win it. After resolving "to call upon the Investigating Committee appointed by Congress to report such corporations as have their conduct endangered the freedom of the institutions of our country," the meeting adjourned. The managers of the meeting say that it will net over $1,500 for the strikers.

Relief For The Poor.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 13.—A special town meeting was held in Bristol Saturday to consider the relief of residents thrown out of employment by the complications of the National Rubber Company. Twenty-five hundred dollars was appropriated, $1,000 to be expended for the immediate relief of the poor under the charge of a committee of three, which was appointed by the Chair as follows: Wm. N. Spooner, Samuel M. Lindsay, and Ezra Dixon, and $1,500 to pay grocers and marketmen for orders of the Overseer of the Poor already honored.

Millionaire Snell's Feneral.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—The funeral of Amos Snell, the millionaire murdered by burglars on Tuesday night, occurred yesterday. It was conducted by Dr. Thomas. Hiram Broat of Little Falls, N. Y., a brother-in-law of the deceased, was present. Mr. Snell leaves an estate of about $4,000,000.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 10, 1887.

Adams, Mrs Dr	Madden, Thomas
Carpenter, Firmon	Meads, Bettie
Clapp, Mrs Adoline	Packard, C J Mrs
Cairus, Mrs Katie	Payne, Abraham Mrs
Dunham, A W	Phelan, Bridget Mrs [2]
Dunbar, Wallace	Randolph, Caroline F
Delille, Madamoselle	Reif, Andro
Farlee, Robert	Reed, N B Miss
Harvey, Eugene	Seibert, Geo C Dr Rev
Hanna, Geo.	Sawer, Marie Mrs
Holmes, Rosa	Smalley, Sophia Mrs
Harris, A A	Salters, Francis H
Klein, A Mrs.	Townley Annie Miss
Kippy, Emma Mrs	VanMiddlesworth, F.
Keller, A A	VanPelt, Chas.

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

THOMPSON—In North Plainfield, Feb. 11, at the residence of her son, David L. Thompson, Mrs. Keturah Thompson, aged 87 years.

ANGERBAUER—In this city Feb. 12, John B., son of Joseph and Frances Angerbauer, aged 1 year and 21 days.

Funeral services from the residence of his parents, 1 West 3d street, (Hetfield's Row) this Monday evening, at 7:30 o'clock.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL WORK. Call at 114 10th st., near Broadway.

TO LET—SMALL COTTAGE NEAR DEPOT; in good condition. Rent $16.00. Apply 45 E. 4th street.

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P. V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use: in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

TRY THE "O. A. F." CIGAR; MADE FROM the finest Havana filler, without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best 5-cent cigar in the world. 11-16-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORR, 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 100 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

SAM SMALL.

"From the Bar-room to the Pulpit"!

At Reform Hall,

Tuesday Evening, 21st Inst.

RESERVED SEATS, - - 25 CENTS.

Tickets for sale at Reynolds' and Shaw's Drug Stores. 2-13-18-20

FIRST GRAND BALL.
—OF—
The Columbia Social Club.

AT FRENCH'S HALL, Somerset Street
Corner Somerset Place, North Plainfield, N. J.
MONDAY, EV'G, FEB. 13th 1888.

Committee of Arrangements:—W. Westerfield, J. Laughlin, Chas. Moore, Jas. Daly, U. Force, Fred. Moore. Tickets, 25 cents. Music by Frazee. 2-11-2

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,

Worsteds,

Notions,

STAMPING!

CLOSING OUT SALE!

Having sold out our business, we have agreed to reduce our stock before giving possession on *MARCH 1st*. Until that time we will sell our entire stock of

Millinery, Fancy Goods!

LACES, RIBBONS,
WORSTEDS, YARNS,
KNIT GOODS, RUFFLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
STAMPED LINENS, ETC.,

REGARDLESS OF COST!

J. H. Honeyman & Co.,

NEXT TO POST OFFICE. 2-10-14

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.

P. O. BOX 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

MUSIC HALL,

Tuesday Evening, Feb'y 14.

A NIGHT OF FUN! First appearance here of the *NATURAL IRISH COMEDIAN*,

DANIEL SULLY,

In his Domestic Play,

"DADDY NOLAN."

Supported by an Excellent Company of Comedians, introducing incidentally, New Songs, Music, Dances, and showing an exact "Working Model of the Great Brooklyn Bridge."

Sale of seats will begin Friday, Feb. 10, at J. G. Miller's and Field & Randolph's Drug Stores. Prices—35, 50, 75 and $1.00. 2-8-6

MUSIC HALL!

Wednesday Evening, February 22,

[WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.]

MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG

And her Superb Company of European Artists, in *VERDI'S GRAND OPERA*,

"IL TROVATORE,"

In *FULL COSTUME* and *STAGE SETTINGS*.

Seats on sale commencing Tuesday morning, Feb. 14, at the Pharmacies of J. G. Miller and Field & Randolph. *No Advance in Prices.* 2-11-9

NEW STORE.

W. H. COMBS

Wishes to inform the public that he has opened a

GROCERY STORE,

COR. LINDEN AVE. AND STEINER PLACE,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Where he will supply all who will favor him with their patronage with everything in the GROCERY line at the

Lowest Market Prices!

Goods delivered in any part of the city. 2-10-6

A. F. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.

WARDEN & FOWLER,

Wholesale and Retail

CONFECTIONERS,

NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,

between North ave. and Second street,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-10-tf

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,
Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,
Gold and Silver Jewelry,
—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

AT DOANE'S,

9 PARK AVENUE. 12-16-tf

Printing!

Material—the best.

Workmanship—first-class.

Delivery—prompt.

Charges—moderate.

PRESS AND CONSTITUTIONALIST

PRINTING HOUSE.

PECK'S CORNER.

PECK'S

White Goods and Embroideries.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

RUBBER

Boots and Shoes.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET. 10my

C. FRANK FRENCH,

69 SOMERSET ST.,

Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box* 1,062.

DEALER IN

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.

Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

THE SHAWMUT.

Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*

TRY IT!

Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm. 1-30 tf

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

10-29-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST. 12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.

21 *WEST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only*. Telephone Call 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
PROPRIETORS.
12-2-tf

SILVERWARE

FOR HIRE,

AT COLLIER'S,

No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

ESTABLISHED NINETEEN YEARS. 1-14-tf

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

[Successor to T. J. Carey.]

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT St.,
Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

YOU
CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?
TRY
DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL
AT
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S
JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price. 12-2-tf

HONORING LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY

Delmonico's the Scene of a Notable Gathering of Prominent Republicans.

NEW YORK, Feb, 13.—The members of the Republican Club of New York and their guests observed Lincoln's birthday by a banquet Saturday night at Delmonico's.

The dining hall had been appropriately decorated for the occasion; the walls were festooned with American flags and ornamented with Lincoln and Hamlin campaign banners of the old Wide Awake Club, a small German band played national airs in the gallery and accompanied some of the younger and more festive members in a verse of "Dixie."

President Bartlett and the distinguished guests occup ed seats at a table on a raised platform facing the other banqueters. Senator John Sherman was seated at the President's right and Senator William B. Allison on his left.

Chauncey M. Depew had a place at the far end of the board, while Senator Evarts had a seat near the center.

The other prominent guests were: A. Thorndike Rice, James Arkell, Francis A. Macomber, Frank Hatton, Henry R. Low, ex-Governor A. B. Cornell, John M. Thayer, Congressman William McKinley, Jr., Senator John C. Spooner Senator Charles F. Manderson, ex-Senator Warner Miller, P. C. Lounsbury, ex-Senator Thomas C. Platt, Fremont Cole, James H. Stone, Jonas M. Bundy.

Secretary James S. Lehmoier read letters of regret from Robert S. Lincoln, John C. Fremont, Hannibal Hamlin, Senator Ingalls, R. B. Hayes, Senator G. F. Hoar, Governor Foraker, and a number of others.

No letter was received from Mr. Blaine, Foraker's letter was received with tumultuous applause, while that of Senator Hoar was read in silence. R. B. Hayes' letter was saved from the fate that met Senator Hoar's only by the hand-clapping of some half dozen of the younger members in a far off corner.

In their speeches Senators Evarts, Sherman and Spooner accepted the tariff gauntlet thrown down by President Cleveland, and expressed their willingiess as Republicans to fight the next campaign as protectionists.

Blaine's name was first mentioned by Senator Sherman, who referred to him as the most gallant leader the party ever had. The applause which followed lasted fully ten minutes and was the most enthusiastic and spontaneous of the evening.

SLAUGHTER IN THE WEST.

Cutting the Rates at Wholesale on Various Railroads.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—The rate-cutting among the Western lines began Saturday morning with another reduction in rates between Chicago and St. Paul. The new rates are: First and second classes, 20 cents a hundred; third and fourth, 13 cents; fifth, 10 cents; sixth, 8 cents. The reduction was 5 cents first-class, 1 cent second, 4 cents third, 1 cent fourth, and 2 cents fifth.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul early reduced the live stock rate from Kansas City and Southwestern Missouri river points to Chicago from $35 to $30 a carload, all Kansas City lines meeting it. The Iowa roads will try to keep the rates at $35 for a time. The Rock Island reduced lumber rates, Chicago to Kansas City, from 10 cents to 9 cents a huudred. This was done on account of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul applying the Council Bluffs differential from the Mississippi River, and the Rock Island preferred to reduce the Chicago rate rather than disturb the differential. A slight reduction in packing-house products, Kansas City to Chicago, from 12½ to 12 cents was also made.

Two Colored Officers Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Something of a commotion in military circles is developed over the announcement that two nominations for a second lieutenantship in the army, recently sent to the Senate by the President, are those of colored men. The nominees are Sergeant Taywan of the Twenty-fourth Infantry and Sergeant McGuire of the Twenty-fifth, who are nominated to be lieutenants. The Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth are colored regiments, but have white commissioned officers.

Died From Excessive Drink.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Widow Maria Brown, 49 years old, was found dead in a chair in her room at No. 112 Guerck street. She had been living with Alexander Graham, a clerk, and his wife. He discovered her dead and summoned the police. The officer who arrived stumbled over another drunken woman in the hallway. Coroner Eidman found that Mrs. Brown died of Bright's disease, the result of excessive drinking.

Murdered For $20.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Feb 13.—A murder was committed near this city Friday morning. T. Lorenze, pedler, being the victim. The body was not found until this morning. Jake Kahlenbeck, a young man of this city, is under arrest on suspicion of being the murderer and circumstances point strongly toward that theory. The murder was evidently committed for money and the murder got about $20 for his work.

Small-pox in New Jersey.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Feb. 13.—Yesterday afternoon Michael Hemsey called in a physician to his home at 152 Inslee place, and told him that his children were sick with scarlet fever, but when the physician arrived at the house it took but a moment's observation to assure him that the disease was small-pox in the most malignant form.

Guthrie Murdered by Robbers.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 13.—G. W. Guthrie, a wealthy farmer living near Marissa, Ill., was found dead in his house yesterday afternoon. He had a bullet hole through his heart. His family had gone to church, and during their absence it is supposed that burglars endeavored to rob Guthrie and added murder to their crime.

Choked to Death on Plum Pie.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Mrs. Mary O'Sullivan of No. 245 East 124th street was choked to death while eating plum pie last evening by one of the pits. Several doctors were called in, but before they could extract the pit she died in terrible agony. She was 40 years old and the mother of five children.

High License in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 13.—The new high license law will reduce the number of legallized liquor saloons in this city from 6,000 to less than 2,500. When the clerks of the clerks of the Quarter Sessions Court closed their books Saturday there were 3,423 applications.

Aid for the Irish Cause.

HARTFORD, Feb. 13—Mayor Bulkey presided over a large meeting last night in favor of Irish Home Rule. Jon Stuart, M. P., Sir. T. H. G. Esmonde, M. P., and Hon. E. S. Cheveland, of Hartford spoke. About $1,100 was realized for the cause.

FAR ACROSS THE SEA

A BREEZY BUDGET OF BRIEF DESPATCHES FROM EUROPE.

The Crown Prince's Condition—Meeting of the Tenents on the Kingston Estate. Affairs in Abyssinia, etc.

SAN REMO, Feb. 13.—The German Crown Prince arose this afternoon and sat up several hours. He is exceedingly well and lively.

Dr. Bergmann visited the Crown Prince to-day. Afterward he signed a bulletin to the effect that he was thoroughly satisfied with the treatment and progress of the patient.

BERLIN, Feb. 13.—An evening paper, refering to the Crown Prince's malady, says that the appearances which would necessarily have set in were the disease cancer have not yet been observed. The tracheal tube first used has been exchanged for a shorter one.

BERLIN, Feb. 13.—Private telegrams from San Remo regarding the condition of the Crown Prince are less reassuring than the official despatches. It is stated that a tendency to fever has been developed.

VIENNA, Feb. 12.—Dr. Schroetter does not think that Dr. Bergmann was summoned to San Remo to operate on the larnyx, an operation which he now considers out of the question if there has been any unfavorable change. Further developement of the disease, he says, may be postponed for a period granted by nature, but then the condition of the patient would still be critical in a sense, and the slightest adverse circumstances would have a very bad effect.

BALFOUR'S COUP.

Indignation Over the Arrest of Messrs. Pyne and Gilhooly.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—Considerable excitement prevails throughout the United Kingdom and the arrest of Messrs. Pyne and Gilhooly at the very doors of the House of Commons is made the basis of severe attacks on the Tory Government. Even the most conservative members express indignation at what has been denominated "Balfour's coup."

In accordance with the wish of Mr. Parnell, Mr. James A. Picton, Liberal member for Leicester, will raise a question of privilege to inquire into the matter of the arrest of Irish members and the administration of the Coercion Act in the House of Commons to-night. The Government has issued an urgent whip, requiring a full and early attendance of members of the ministeral party.

An ovation will be tendered to Mr. Sullivan and the other members who have been released from prison. The speeches made on that occasion and the enthusiasm with which they are sure to be received may open the eyes of the Salisbury Ministry to the fact that Balfour's conduct is sure to increase the distrtust with which the present Government is regarded.

Balfour has placed a rod in the hands of the Irish and Liberal members, and they will not fail to castigate him up to the opprobrium of all fair-minded people.

IRELAND AND HER OPPRESSORS.

The Bishop of Cloyne Cannot Counsel Tame Submission.

DUBLIN, Feb. 13.—The Rev. Father O'Donohue presided at a meeting of the tenants on the Kingston estate at Michelstown to-day. Mr. T. J. Condon, M. P., read the terms of settlement with the landlords, and spoke enthusiastically of the success of the plan of campaign.

The Bishop of Cloyne in his Lenton pastoral says: "Never was the all-powerful grace of God more needed to enable our people to refrain from retaliating by acts of crime and violence against those whom they have too much reason to regard as enemies. While exhorting you to patience, it is by no means my intention to counsel tame submission to a harsh, oppressive law, framed for the purpose of depriving you of the rights of free citizens. All that is required is the avoidance of any crime or outrage condemned by divine law."

Mr. Pyne, member for West Waterford, who was arrested in the vicinity of the House of Commons and brought a prisoner here, says the London police treated him with the greatest consideration, and the Irish police directly the opposite.

Russia's Quarrel With Bulgaria.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 13.—Russia threatens to sever diplomatic relations with Turkey if the latter persists in sending Kiamil Pasha to Sofia as Turkish Commissioner. On the other hand, Bulgaria asserts that the Berlin Treaty provides for the sending of a Turkish Commissioner to Bulgaria, and that failure to send a Commissioner would be tanamount to asserting to the independence of Bulgaria.

PHILIPPOPOLIS, Feb. 13.—It is rumored that an order to mobilize the Bulgarian army is about to be issued.

Bismarck Threatened to Resign.

BERLIN, Feb. 13.—It transpires that the Emperor of Germany strenuously opposed Prince Bismarck's consummation of the Austro-German treaty of 1879, and only gave his consent, with expressed reluctance, upon the Chancellor threatening to resign rather than abandon his intention to conclude the compact.

The Irish Fight in Parliament.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—Mr. Picton, member of Parliament for Leicester, will raise the privilege question in the House of Commons last night, in accordance with the wish of Mr. Parnell. The Government has issued an urgent whip to its supporters to be in early attendance.

The Abyssinian War.

MASSAWAH, Feb. 13.—The work of intrenching Saati will be finished by the first of March and an advance will then be made toward Fort Sangas. A quantity of cattle has been purchased from the natives. Ras Alulu has arrived at Asmara.

Money Kings Distrust Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 13.—It is reported that attempts made by the Government to float a loan have not been successful. It is further declared that the supposed railway loan recently negotiated was in reality a State loan which will be applied to the payment of the coupons which next fall due.

Morocco Greets the Pope.

TANGIER, Feb. 13.—The Government of Morocco, at the suggestion of the Spanish Government, has sent a special deputation to Rome to congratulate the Pope on the occasion of his jubilee.

Bail Refused For Mr. Gilhooly.

CORK, Feb. 13.—The magistrate to-day remanded Mr. Gilhooly, M. P., for trial at the Schull Sessions on March 9. Bail was refused him.

"THE READING ULTIMATUM."

It Causes the Strikers to Lose Heart—Work to Be Resumed.

POTTSVILLE, Pa. Feb. 13.—The impression produced by the publication of the Reading ultimatum, as the letters of President Corbin and Keim are called, is that a large number of men, seeing that hopes of the company's yielding are futile, will go to work on Monday morning, and that the radical element will resort to further attempts at violence on Monday afternoon. Shenandoah and Locust Gap are the points at which rioting may be expected if it occurs.

Master Workman Lewis, of National District Assembly 135, arrived here from the West Saturday morning and left on an afternoon train for Shenandoah, with Secretary Canill, of the Railroad Men's Committee. Mr. Lewis was asked what he thought of the letters of Messrs. Corbin and Keim in answer to the note of the General Executive Board, and he replied that he was not sufficiently acquainted with the situation to express an opinion. He made evasive answers to all questions put to him touching the object of his visit and the future programme of the strikers.

Clerk of Sessions Duffy, who is Secretary of the Amalgamated Association and also a member of the Joint Committee, says that he is at a loss to know how the report regarding Maggs originated. He says that Maggs was Treasurer of Division 12 and also of the Relief Fund, that he resigned the latter position because the work imposed on him was too onerous, and that his accounts were audited and found all right. Still, notwithstanding Mr. Duffy's statement it is not all probable that the Joint Committee will take any action that will involve the production of its books in court.

The Tamaqua *Courier*, replying to a Knight who cricised its assertion that the Lehigh strikers were not getting all they were entitled to from the Republican Committee, says "that much of the money subscribed for the purpose of purchasing food for the strikers and their starving families has been flagrantly applied is now an open secret, and we intend, after making a few more inquiries, to expose the slippery doings of those who talk loudest about their noble and, they should add, their profitable order."

An attempt will be made by the Lehigh company to start up the Nesquehoning colliery in the Pather Creek Valley today. The fact that forty policemen have been sent up there to-day from this place is an indication that trouble is expected there also.

VETERANS DISSATISFIED.

They Complain of Ill-treatment by Pension Examiners.

BUFFALO, Feb. 13.—The Grand Army of the Republic is dissatisfied with the present Board of Pension Examiners for Western New York. Complaints have been frequent of ill-treatment accorded to veterans who appeared before the board for examination, and the matter culminated some time since in the publication of charges against the physician composing the board. A suit for libel followed, and the plaintiffs were beaten. A representative committee of the Grand Army of this city and fourteen posts in Western New York took formal cognizance of the complaints requesting the removal of the surgeons composing the board, considering it impossible for veterans to receive their just dues from the board. Nothing resulted from this action, but efforts have again been renewed to secure the removal of the board, which is composed of physicians of high standing here. Veterans have testified to rough treatment and hurried examinations. About 4,000 soldiers are represented in the presentation of the former action and statements of veterans contained in a memorial to the Secretary of the Interior.

Counterfeit on Silver Certificates.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Acting Chief of the Secret Service John S. Bell has discovered the first engraved counterfeit on the silver certificates. The counterfeit comes from the West. It is three sixteenths of an inch shorter than the genuine bill. There are no distinctive lines on the paper, which is very thin and of inferior quality. It is a good counterfeit and may easily deceive people. One great difference between the genuine and the counterfeit is in the vignette of General Grant. In the counterfeit it is slightly blurred and looks like a bulldog.

ELECTRIC FLASHES.

The sloop Annie, which hailed from Biloxi, Miss., is reported lost at sea, having on board Joe Duggan, F. Marian and a boy.

Mrs. Mary Callahan, an old Irish woman who had been blind twenty years died in New York City last Thursday at the age of 197. She was born in Ireland and had been in this country 45 years.

The mangled body of a dead man, who was identified as Michael Gleason a bachelor, age about 60, of Mount Holly, N. J., was found in the North Woods near Birmingham last Thursday. He is supposed to have been murdered.

Miss Agnes Malone, a Roman Catholic, who was married to Coleman Ulman, a Hebrew, in Louisville, Ky., nearly two years ago, renounced her faith last week and became a Jewess. After the Rabbi had performed the Jewish ceremony the young woman took the name of Judith.

Mr. C. P. Huntington, Vice-President of the Central Pacific Railroad, made a proposition to the House Committee on Pacific Railroads for the settlement of his company's debt on the basis of 250 semi-annual payments, with two per cent. interest. This would give him an extension of fifty-two years.

Conrad Rauteback who was sentenced 1880 to be hanged at Shelby county, Ohio, for killing a man, and whose sentence was afterward commuted to life imprisonment by the then Gov. Foster, was finally pardoned last Thursday by Gov. Foraker. Those who signed the petition as well as the prosecuting attorneys and the governors believe Rauteback is innocent.

The *Indiana Farmer* has authority from the Signal Service Department to send out telegrams to 100 points in Indiana daily, containing the weather predictions for 24 hours from 7 o'clock a. m. Signal weather flags are to be displayed from 100 elevated points, flag staffs and poles for the benefit of agriculture, and the telephone is to be used to transmit the messages to many other points throughout the State from the several telegraph stations receiving the messages. This important service goes into effect early this week.

Railroad earnings for the first week in February were reported in Wall street Friday as follows: St. Paul, $364,500, an increase of $46,68, including the operation of 450 miles of new road; Denver and Rio Grande, $135,000, and increase of $8,000; Norfolk and Western, $74,972, and increase of $9,207; Toledo, Ann Arbor and Michigan, $10,376, an increase of $1,310; St. Louis and San Francisco, $84,800, an increase of $3,300; Wheeling an Lake Erie, $16,132, an increase of $1,791; Chicago and Eastern Illinois, $38,500, an increase of $2,980. The only road showing a decrease was the Chicago and Atlantic, which fell $3,421, to $35,335.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—For New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, slightly warmer, fair weather, light to fresh winds, shifting to southerly.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNIEH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE,
Architect,
North avenue, opposite depot.
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist.
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 6 till 7 P. M. my9tf

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder.
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work. 9-15-tf

C. J. NOEL,
Carpenter and Builder
OFFICE—4 WEST THIRD STREET,
Shop, South Second St., PLAINFIELD, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED. 11-22-tf

C. E. JOHNSON,
[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN.]
CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
☞ JOBBING A SPECIALTY. ☜ my10tf

C. NIELSEN,
Carpenter and Builder.
31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. ☞ Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-12-tf

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder.
Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37.
Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 29 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44. Personal attendance night or day by GEORGE M. STILES. my9tf

P. HOAGLAND'S
City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

S. E. FLOWER,
Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

CARL PETERSON,
Florist
Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Cut Flowers at Low Prices Beautiful designs for weddings and funerals. 10-28m3

A. SWALM.
Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,
Paper Hanging A Specialty.
No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,
Bookseller and Stationer.
No. 7 Park Avenue.
A full line Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,
Livery Stables.
North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

CHARLES E. RUNK,
Coal Dealer.
39 NORTH AVENUE.
Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-30 y

USE
CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON
Best Six Cord,
For Hand and Machine use. For sale by
I. LEDERER.
1-2-6m No. 9 WEST FRONT STREET.

GREAT MARK DOWN SALE
to clear out most of our Large Stock of
WINTER GOODS.
in order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.
A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT. has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEW-MARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.
An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.
LEDERER'S,
No. 9 West Front Street.
1-2-6m

TRY OUR
QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.
HENRY LIEFKE,
NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.
8-16-t

GEO. D. MORRISON,
FLOUR AND FEED STORE,
NORTH AVE., OPP. RAILROAD DEPOT.
JUST RECEIVED—A full line of POULTRY FOOD, BEEF SCRAPS, BONE MEAL, OYSTER SHELLS, EGG FOOD, ETC. 11-29-tf

WEST END COAL YARD
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.
Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1.
WALTER L. HETFIELD. JOHN M' HETFIELD.

FRANK LINKE,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

H. C. DRAKE,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my16y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,
Furniture and Freight Express.
P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

A Family Gathering.
Have you a father? Have you a mother? Have you a son or daughter, sister or a brother who has not yet taken Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the guaranteed remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup and all Throat and Lung troubles? If so, why? when a sample bottle is gladly given to you *free* by R. J. Shaw and the large size costs only 50c and $1.00.

ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

VALENTINES!
All Kinds and Low Prices, at
ALLEN'S, the Stationer,
No. 22 EAST FRONT STREET.
10my

J. C. POPE & CO.
INSURANCE AGENTS,
No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,
Lumber and Coal Merchants,
CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,
PLAINFIELD.
☞ All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER. ☜
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD,
DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

J. W. VAN SICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—8-23-tf

THE TYLER CASE DECIDED.

A Verdict in Favor of the Insurance Company.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 13.—The jury in the suit of Frederick H. Smith against the National Benefit Society to recover the amount of an insurance policy on the life of John Tyler, which had been on trial for several days in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, reached an agreement after deliberating four or five hours, and Saturday morning a sealed verdict was brought in. On the general question involved the jury found for the insurance society, and to the specific questions submitted these answers were given:

Q. 1—Did John Tyler conceal from the defendant, or state falsely in his application, the amount of insurance on his life? A.—No.

Q. 2—Did John Tyler conceal from the defendant the fact that prior to his application to the defendant, he had applied for insurance in other companies upon which policies had not been issued? A. No.

Q. 3.—Did John Tyler, prior to his application to the defendant, make an intemperate use of alcoholic spirits within the meaning of the application? A.—No.

Q. 4—Did John Tyler use opium, morphine, or other narcotic prior to his application to the defendant? A.—No.

Q. 5—Did John Tyler commit suicide? A.—Yes.

Q. 6—Was John Tyler's application to the defendant made with the intent or purpose of subsequently committing suicide? A.—Yes.

Q. 7—Did John Tyler, prior to June 5, 1886, ever have a chronic catarrh? A.—No.

Q. 8—Did John Tyler, prior to June 5, 1886, ever have syphilis? A.—No.

Q. 9.—Did John Tyler, prior to June 5, 1886, ever have an habitual headache? A.—No.

Q. 10.—Did the injury to the nose of John Tyler result from the kick of a horse or from disease? A.—From the kick of a horse.

Q. 11—If you answer the fifth question affirmatively, then say whether the said John Tyler was at the time of taking his life insane or not? A.—He was not insane.

Justice Cullen granted the plaintiff a stay of sixty days after entry of judgment and made an extra allowance of 5 per cent. to the defendant on $5,026 which was the amount in the treasury of the defendant to meet the policy at the time of Tyler's death. The case will probably be appealed. This was regarded as a test suit, and as it now appears, all those companies which have not settled with policy holders will escape payment. The aggregate of insurance on Tyler's life was about $380,000.

ALBERT THE VICTOR.

Eleven Miles Ahead of the Record—The Score in the Great Six-Day Contest.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—There were fully 10,000 persons in Madison Square Garden Saturday night, when the six-day tramp was brought to a close. It was announced amid deafening applause that James Albert was accredited with a score of 621 miles, which was covered in 142 hours.

The referee acknowledged the justice of the claim, and the plucky Philadelphian ascended the throne on which Paddy Fitzgerald had been since 1884.

The contest was marked by the phenomenal records made by the men, and by the phenomenal amount of "kicking" in which at various times during the match the scorers, the backers, the trainers and the men themselves felt obliged to indulge. Nevertheless, so far as the contestants were concerned, they have the satisfaction of having given exhibition of speed and of endurance that never was seen on the track before. Out of the forty-eight men who started in the great race only twelve were in the contest Saturday, and of these three were hardly recognizable, so bent and strained and crippled were they after their punishment.

The score at the finish stands as follows:

Name	Distance. M.	Yds	Time. H.	M.	S.	Rested. H.	M.	S.
Albert	621	1320	140	00	00	19	21	50
Herty	582	600	141	00	00	17	16	00
Guerrero	564	00	138	53	00	13	42	09
Hart	546	660	141	02	00	19	47	00
Golden	538	880	141	29	00	15	52	00
Moore	531	1320	141	30	00	10	10	00
Strokel	526	880	141	00	00	16	40	00
Noremac	525	440	140	55	00	17	30	00
Dilion	504	1320	139	00	00	16	40	00
Tilly	320	1320	141	27	00			
Taylor	361	00	141	23	00			
Sullivan	333	110	140	50	00			
Stout	239	880	141	40	00			

The money due the pedestrians, including $2,467.50 taken in at the gate from Friday noon to Saturday noon, and $1,927.25 for Saturday afternoon and evening, amounts to $11,264.25, to be divided smong the eight men.

To Benefit Southern Soldiers.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 13.—A movement is on foot here to establish a home for disabled Confederate soldiers. A bill has been introduced in the Legislature to grant for this purpose the arsenal at Pikesville. This arsenal was established by the United States in 1819. A few years ago it was given to Maryland by the National Government. It is not used at present, although it is a desirable property, well adapted for an institution. The man who introducee the bill was a Union soldier, and the proposed bill is very generally endorsed, the Republican people of the city being heartily in favor of it. There is no doubt that the bill will pass. It is intended to make the home an exceptionable one.

Registered Voters Must Vote.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 13.—A bill has been introduced into the Legislature to compel all registered voters to cast their votes at each election under penalty of a fine. The bill requires the registers to furnish a list of of all the registered voters to the State's Attorney in the cities and counties. It is made the duty of the judges of elections to furnish after the election to the same officers a list of all persons who voted. Then the State's Attorney is required to compare the two lists and to summon before the CriminalCourt all persons whose names were on the registry who had not votes, when, upon conviction of not having voted, they are liable to a fine of $5 or thirty days in jail.

Belmont's Bill to Protect Mariners.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The House Committee's report on the Marine Conference bill of Perry Belmont has been presented. It outlines the necessity of adopting some better system of signaling to prevent accidents in the fog at sea, of revising the international code of flag signals, of considering better and more uniform life-saving methods, and of the employment of national vessels to remove dangerous wrecks from the paths of ocean steamships.

Ice Sinks a Torpedo Boat.

NEWPORT, R. I., Feb. 12.—The Howell automatic torpedo boat was sunk at her dock Saturday night by the ice. Divers will endeavor to raise her.

A Whole Family Poisoned.

JEFFERSON, Tex., Feb. 13.—The entire family and several guests of John Browning were poisoned here yesterday by eating turnips that had been kept in a pantry with "Rough of Rats."

FROM ALL QUARTERS.

A MAN at Tremont, Neb., whose feet were frozen while he was intoxicated, has recovered two thousand dollars from the man who sold the liquor.

A PIANO that has seen service for over a hundred years, and had music in it still, fetched but one dollar at an auction the other day in Reading, Pa.

A COMPANY has been formed in Phenix, A. T., to construct a ditch sixty miles long from the Gila river. This is done to irrigate one hundred thousand acres of land.

A GRANITE tile on exhibition in a show window at Detroit is over eight hundred years old, and said to have been taken from the tomb of William the Conqueror at Caen, Normandy.

THEY have an annual dinner in London given by a society to the thieves of that great city. At the recent festival they had prayers, speeches and a good dinner. Some have reformed under these influences, but a reporter who was present found on reaching the office that his handkerchief was gone.

A MAINE newspaper man, while hunting in the Moosehead lake region, came upon a floating rum-shop. Two men had a cargo of fire water in a canoe, and they paddled from camp to camp and sold many drinks, particularly to the men employed in building the Canadian Pacific railway. Sunday was their most profitable day.

THE Angora goat seems to be raised in great perfection in Texas. A skin of the most beautful description comes from the ranch of the Messrs. Arnold, in Uvalde County. The hair is brilliantly white and very long and silky. They also possess the art down there of dressing these skins in a manner to make them as useful for rugs as they are agreeable to look at.

ON an island in the Penobscot river, twelve miles above Bangor, live the remnant of the once great tribe of Tarratine Indians. They are civilized, and most of them prosperous. At a recent wedding of two of them the bride wore a robe of "delicate blue-brocade satin, trimmed with cream Spanish lace and cream satin ribbons," and one of the guests wore a "peacock-blue surah silk and satin, with overdress of oriental lace."

IN 1890 will end the term of 100 years during which the cities of Boston and Philadelphia have each enjoyed the revenue from a bequest of £5,000 made by Benjamin Franklin. The money was to be loaned out to young married artificers, and the trust has been executed, although the lapse of a century requires a new disposition of the funds. It is significant that while in Boston the £5,000 has grown to nearly $328,000; in Philadelphia the $5,000 has become only $70,000.

THE partridges introduced into Oregon six years ago have multiplied so greatly, thanks to the law passed forbidding the shooting of them for ten years, that a hunter would have but little trouble in securing a liberal supply in an hour or two. There are thousands of them in Willamette Valley, and they destroy so much wheat that the farmers are clamoring for a repeal of the restrictive law. The farmers say that one partridge will destroy more wheat than five wild geese.

IN New Orleans, where the soil is waterlogged three feet beneath the surface, they get over the difficulty of putting telegraph and telephone wires underground by erecting strong towers 150 feet high at intervals and bracing them together with cables of steel wire rope. The cables support the cross arms, etc., to which the telegraph and telephone wires are attached, and the wires are securely carried above the public streets. The towers are also utilized for fire-extinguishing purposes, as a standpipe, with nozzles at different elevations, is fitted to each tower.

PERSONAL POINTS.

PRINCE BISMARCK is, according to a noted English artist, one of the best sitters in the world.

THE venerable John G. Whittier, the Quaker poet, has a lingering fondness for the trade he learned as a boy, that of shoemaking. He carefully examines every portion of the shoes he wears.

THE mother of President Garfield is now over eighty-seven years old, but still remains bright and strong in mind and body.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN reached the age of forty years before he began, seriously, the study of natural philosophy.

POPE LEO XIII. has an annual income of a million and a half dollars. It is rumored that the Pope is a great speculator and subscribes to the Italian loans in order to sell when the value rises and invest the profits in the English Consolidated Fund.

A LONDON writer describes the appearance of England's poet laureate, when going about the city, as closely resembling that of an East end Jew dealer in old clothes. At his home, however, the noble hermit looks every inch the poet.

IT is related of General Grant that his conversation was remarkable for its purity. On one occasion a certain General entered his tent and said: "I have a good story to tell; are there any ladies about?" Grant replied at once: "No, but there are gentlemen about." It is said the story was not told.

AMONG the great old men of Europe are the German Emperor, who is 90; Dr. Dollinger, 78; Ferdinand de Lesseps, 83; Kossuth, 85; Von Moltke, 87; Mr. Gladstone, 79; John Bright, 76; Lord Tennyson, 78; Mr. Browning, 75; the Pope, 77; General McMahon, 79; M. Verdi, 73, and Prince Bismarck, 72.

NEARLY a year before his death General Logan was on the point of sitting down to dinner at the home of a gentleman in Quincy, Ill., when it was remarked that there would be thirteen at the table. The General said he would rather not sit down with that number, and the matter was arranged by one of the family taking a seat at a side-table.

IN the reports of the opening of a new cancer hospital for women in New York it was mentioned quite incidentally that John Jacob Astor had given $200,000 to the endowment fund. It is said he was induced to do this by the death of an old and valued servant from cancer, notwithstanding the efforts of the best physicians to save her.

PRESIDENT GARFIELD was somewhat troubled by dyspepsia, and he had a favorite way of eating potatoes. He liked them baked to a turn, and had them brought upon the table with their skins bursted. Taking them hot from the dish he would squeeze the mealy insides upon his plate, add a pinch of salt and a slight shake of pepper, and over the mixture he would pour the richest of Jersey cream, mixing this together so that it formed a thick paste. He ate it with great gusto, calling it a dish fit for the gods.

ACCORDING to a late number of *Harper's Bazar*, General Sheridan is one of the few Generals who can not be induced to print his experiences in the late civil war. His idea is that more accurate history is to be got from records than from recollections. He has carefully kept all the official documents connected with his military service, though a large part of them were destroyed in the Chicago fire. More recently he found in the attic of the White House a great many of President Lincoln's war telegrams, which he arranged in proper order and consigned to a place of safety.

WITHOUT.

Once, in the twilight of a wintry day,
One passed me silent, struggling on his way,
With head bowed low, and hands that burdens bore,
And saw not how, a little space before,

A woman watched his coming, where the light
Poured a glad welcome through a window bright,
Set thick with flowers that showed no fairer bloom
Than her sweet face, turned outward to the gloom.

Yet when his foot, with quick, impatient stride,
But touched the step, the door swung open wide;
Soft hands reached swiftly out, with eager hold,
And drew the dear one in from storm and cold.

O love! whose eyes, from some celestial height,
Behold me toiling, burdened through the night,
Tender of every blast at which I cower,
Yet smiling still, to know how brief the hour;

Keeping within thy radiant, love-lit home
Some glad surprise to whisper when I come—
'Tis but a breath till I the door shall win
And thy dear hands will swiftly draw me in.
—*Emily Huntington Miller, in N. Y. Independent.*

FUNNY MARK TWAIN.

He Delivers an Adjustable Speech, Suitable to All Occasions.

At the Forefathers' Dinner in Boston Mark Twain was introduced by President Hill.

Mr. Clemens was given quite an ovation, and his remarks which followed were so droll in their nature and the manner in which they were delivered that his hearers were kept upon a broad grin from the first to the last. It would be almost impossible to convey upon paper any thing that would give more than an indication of their intense humor, which was derived largely from the peculiar gestures, inflections and actions which accompanied them. This was particularly so of his description of his "patent adjustable speech." He spoke as follows:

In treating of this subject of post-prandial oratory, a subject which I have long been familiar with, and may be called an expert in observing it in others, I wish to say that a public dinner is the most delightful in the whole world to the guests. [Laughter.] That is one fact, and here is another one.

A public dinner is the most unendurable suffering in the whole world to the guest. [Laughter.] These two facts don't seem to jibe, but I will explain. Now, at a public dinner, when a man knows he is going to be called upon to speak, and is thoroughly well-prepared, got it all by heart, and the pauses marked in his head where the applause is going to come in [laughter], that man is simply—is simply in heaven. [Laughter.] He won't care to be anywhere else than just where he is. [Laughter.] But when at a public dinner it is getting away along toward the end of things, and a man is sitting over his glass of wine, or his his glass of milk [laughter], according to the kind of a banquet it is, and is sitting there not meditating the danger of it, with somebody at his ear bothering him with talk, talk, talk about nothing, why—well, that is just as nearly in the other place as can be—that man is to be pitied. And the very worst of it, he is pitied. [Laughter.]

Now, he could stand the pity of ten people or a dozen, but there is no misery in this world that is compared to the mass of solidifying compassion of five hundred. Why, that wide Sahara of sympathizing faces completely takes the tuck out of him. He stands there in his misery and stammers out the usual stuff of not being prepared and all that kind of folly, and he is wandering and stumbling and getting further and further in, and all the time unhappy, and at last he fetches out a poor, miserable, crippled joke, and in his grief and confusion he laughs at it himself, and the others look sick. [Laughter.] He knows that he is a defeated man, and so do the others. Now, to a human person that is a heartrending spectacle. It is, indeed. That sort of sacrifice ought to be stopped [laughter], and there is only one way to accomplish it that I can think of, and that is for a man to go always prepared, always loaded, always ready, whether he is likely to be called on or not. You can't defeat that man, you can't pity him at all.

My scheme is this: That he shall carry in his head a connected and tried and thoroughly and glibly emphasized speech that will fit every conceivable occasion in this life, fit it to a dot, and win success and applause every time. [Laughter.] Now, I have completed a speech of that kind, and I have brought it along [laughter] to exhibit it here as an example. [Renewed merriment.]

We suppose that it was a granger gathering, and this man is suddenly called on; he comes up with some lively hesitancies and deferencies, repetitions, so as to give the idea that the speech is impromptu. Here, of course, after he has got used to delivering it, he can venture outside and make a genuine impromptu remark to start off with. For instance, if a distinguished person is present, he can make a complimentary reference to them, say to Mr. Depew. He could speak about his great talent or his clothes. [Laughter.] Such a thing gives him a sort of opening, and about the time that audience is getting to pity that man he opens his throttle valve and goes for those grangers. That person wants to be gorgeously eloquent; you want to fire the farmer's heart and start him from his mansard down to his cellar.

Now this man is called up, and he says: "I am called up suddenly, sir, and am indeed not, not prepared to—I was not expected to be called upon, sir, but I will, with what effect I may, add my shouts to the jubilations of this spirited, stirring occasion. Agriculture, sir, is after all the palladium of our economic liberties. [Laughter.] By it, approximately speaking, we may be said to live and move and have our being. All that we have been, all that we are, all that we hope to be, was, is and must continue to be profoundly influenced by that sublimest of the mighty interests of man, thrice glorious agriculture. While we have life, while we have soul, and in that soul the sweet and hallowed sentiments of gratitude, let us with generous accord attune our voices to songs of praise perennial, outpourings of thanksgiving for that most precious boon, whereby we physically thrive and are made rich and strong, grand and inspiring, imbued with the mighty far-reaching and all-embracing grace, and beauty, and purity, and loveliness. The least of us knows, the least of us feels, the humblest among us will confess that, whereas—but the hour is late and I will not detain you." [Great laughter and applause.]

Now, then, supposing a man with his cut-and-dried speech, that patent adjustable speech, as you may call it, finds himself at a granger gathering, or a wedding breakfast, or a theological disturbance, [great laughter] or a political blow out, an inquest or funeral any where in the world you choose to mention, and be suddenly called up, all he has got to do is to change three or four words in that speech, and make his delivery anguishing and tearful, or chippy and facetious, or luridly and thunderously eloquent just as the occasion happens to call for, and just turn himself loose and he is all right [laughter], but I will illustrate, and instead of explanations I will deliver that speech itself just enough times to make you see the possibilities.

Now, then, supposing that the occasion—I make one more illustration, so that you will always be perfectly safe, here or any where—supposing that this is an occasion of an inquest. This is a most elastic speech in a matter of that kind. Where there are grades of men you must observe them. At a private funeral some of you want to be just as mournful as you can, but in the case where you didn't know the person grade it accordingly. You want simply to be impressive. That is all. Now take a case half way between, about No. 4½, somewhere about there, that is an inquest on a second cousin, a wealthy second cousin. [Great laughter.] He has remembered you in the will. [Laughter.] Of course all these things count. [Laughter.] They all raise the grade a little, and—well, perhaps he hadn't remembered you. Perhaps he has left you a horse, an ordinary horse, a good enough horse, one that can go about three minutes, or perhaps a pair of horses. It may have been one pair of horses at hand, not two pair or two pair and a jack. I don't know whether you understand that, but there are people here. [Great laughter and applause.] Well, now then, this is a second cousin, and he knows all the circumstances. We will say that he has lost his life trying to save somebody from drowning. Well, he saved the mind-cure physician from drowning, he tried to save him, but he didn't succeed. Of course he wouldn't succeed; of course you wouldn't want him to succeed in that way and plan. A person must have some experience and aplomb and all that before he can save anybody from drowning of the mind-cure. [Great laughter.] I am just making these explanations here. A person can get so glib in a delivery of this speech, why, by the time he has delivered it fifteen or twenty times, he could go to any intellectual gathering in Boston even, and he would draw like a prize fight. [Great laughter and applause.] Well, at the inquest of a second cousin under these circumstances, a man gets up with graded emotion, and he says:

"I am called up suddenly, sir (here Mr. Clemens' voice trembled audibly and took a mournful and lugubrious accent), and am, indeed, not prepared. I was not expecting to be called up, sir, but I will, with what effect I may, add my shout—voice to the lamentations of this spirited, crushing grief. [Laughter.] Death, death, sir, is, after all, the palladium of our spiritual liberties; by it, approximately speaking, we may be said to move and live and have ending. [Laughter.] All that we may be here, all that we are, all that we hope to be, was, is and must continue to be profoundly influenced by that sublimest interest of man, thrice sorrowful desolation. While we have life, while we have soul, and in that soul the sweet and hallowed sentiment of gratitude, let us with generous accord attune our voices to songs of peace, perrennial outpourings of thanksgiving for that most potent boon by which we spiritually save, by which our otherwise sterile existence is made rich and strong, and is imbued with the mighty, far-reaching and all-embracing grace and beauty and loveliness. The least of us knows, the least of us feels, the humblest among us (here Mr. Clemens wept copiciously) will confess we are (more tears); whereas—but the hour is late, and I will not detain you." [Great laughter and applause.]

QUEER TRADES UNION.

The House and Senate Pages Organize for Money-Making Purposes.

For years, says the New York *Tribune's* Washington correspondent, it has been the privilege of the pages in the capitol to make quite a lot of pocket money each session in collecting autographs. The pages of the Senate, for instance, will collect the signatures of all the Senators in an album, turn the book over to some youngster in the House, who gets the Congressmen's names, then to one of the pages in the Supreme Court for the autographs of the Justices, and finally to the riding pages of the Senate, who are constantly going between the capitol, the White House and the several departments and bureaus of the Government. The latter get the names of the President, the Cabinet and the other prominent officials. For such a collection the boy who starts the book has received whatever he could get out of his customer, trusting to his own sharpness and the latter's generosity. When he gets his money—and $10 is the usual price—he settles with the other pages who have assisted him on such terms as they were willing to make. The ordinary terms of settlement have been $5 to the contractor, $2 to the House page, $2 to the boy who gets the President and Cabinet and $1 to the youth in the Supreme Court. But the example of the trades' unions has reached the capitol, and an equal division of profits is now demanded by the boys. I took an album which had been sent me by a friend in the West to one of the Senate pages the other day and asked him to get the autographs of the statesmen for me as he had done before. I had formerly paid him $10 for such a job, but he informed me that the boys had organized a union and had advanced the price to $15. He said that the "kids" in the House kicked because the Senate boys were making more money than they, and had struck; so it became necessary to organize and have a stated card of rates. "Don't you see," he said, "people who want autographs somehow always come to the Senate first. We have got $5 for getting the names of seventy-six Senators, and have given the 'kids' in the House only $2 for getting 325 names. When they happened to catch on to a job they got the $5 of course, and gave us $2 for the Senators' autographs; but for every one book they get we get a dozen, and they kicked about it. So we had to agree to pay them as much as we got ourselves. They won't touch a book less than $5. There was a kid in the House who cut under them, and got some names not long ago for $3, but when the other boys found it out they got hold of the book and tore out the leaves. They boycotted him, don't you see?"

MANNING'S MEMORY.

A Mental Trait Which Was of Great Help to the Late Statesman.

Another thing which gave Mr. Manning an advantage over most men, says the Albany (N. Y.) *Argus*, was his wonderful memory. One winter at Nassau a banker from Chelsea, Mass., came into the room, saying he had just found an old book containing a piece he used to recite at school. Mr. Manning asked to hear it, and then to hear it a second time. After the second recital, Mr. Manning said: "You do not repeat it the same." Some little discussion ensuing, Mr. Manning continued: "I give you my word as a man I've never heard the thing before, yet if Mr. Uline will read it twice aloud, I'll wager you I can repeat it better than you can."

The piece was read, and then Mr. Manning repeated it with absolute correctness, syllable for syllable.

When the banker expressed some doubt about Manning's not having heard it before, the latter offered to repeat any piece of the same length which the banker might choose, after it had been read three times, and what is more, he accomplished the feat. This mental trait enabled Mr. Manning to recall, almost verbatim, at any time, reports, motions, resolutions, and any thing else he had read months before.

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44, a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

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BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,
MEATS OF ALL KINDS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.
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PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Goods Delivered to any part of the city.
8-2-tf

George R. Rockafellow,
(Successor to W. N. Rowe.)
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
9-8-t

Howell & Hardy,
Fancy and Staple Groceries,
CHOICE TEA, COFFEE AND SPICES.
Creamery and Dairy Butter,
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.,
North Avenue, Opposite Depot,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
11-26-tf

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Stoves & Ranges,
Cutlery,
Sleigh Bells,
Skates,
13 EAST FRONT STREET,
Next Post Office.

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Club Skates!
Ladies' Skates!
And all other Kinds of SKATES!
Sleighs! Coasters!
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!
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Black Stockings, and you will wear no other kind.
The color cannot be removed by acids—in fact washing improves the color.
The dye being vegetable does not INJURE the GOODS.
Every pair warranted as above, and if not found as represented, RETURN THEM and your MONEY will be REFUNDED.
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PLAINFIELD, N. J.
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[Successor to Wm. H. Shotwell.]
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Fruits and Vegetables
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North Plainfield, - New Jersey.
CORNER DUER & EMILY STREETS.
1-12-tf

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(Successor to F. A. Pope.)
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9-20-y

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No. 6 Park Avenue,
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SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE.
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42 West Front Street!
Please come and examine the newest and choicest stock in town.
I have come to stay and mean to treat you right.
Each purchaser is satisfied they receive their money's worth.
Running a full line of the best Machinist Tools.
Skates are marked way down. Now is the time to buy.
Order a Rochester Lamp, it gives a light that *is* a light,
Nothing equal to Agate Ware, and I keep a full line.
Some New Goods. Come in every day. I mean to satisfy all.
J. C. PIERSON, Jr.
1-24-1m

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VAN EMBURGH & WHITE,
18 W. Front Street.
We have put on sale a very handsome line of *ART SQUARES, SMYRNA RUGS, MATS* and *LACE CURTAINS, at PRICES that WILL SUIT.* 2d Second Floor.
Just received the *ELECTRIC SERIES of POPULAR NOVELS.* Among the authors whose books are in this series are: H. Rider Haggard, Hugh Conway, The Dutchess, Wilkie Collins, Mrs. Henry Wood, and others. Regular price, 20 cents. We sell them for *TWELVE CENTS.*
Special attention called to our line of *DECORATED TEA and DINNER SETS, TOILET SETS, FANCY GLASSWARE,* and *HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.*
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12-2-tf

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AND
BLUESTONE
YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave
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SPECIAL SALE,
Parlor Stoves,
Horse Blankets and Robes,
Plush Laps, Sleigh Bells,
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Overalls.
They Never Rip.
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NO. 7 EAST FRONT ST
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THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

BY THE WAY.

—St. Mary's T. A. B. Society Bazaar closes to-night.

—The "Y's" will hold a Social in their rooms this evening.

—Class in English Branches as usual at the Y. M. C. A., this evening at 8 o'clock.

—Lenten services will be held in the Church of Our Saviour, Netherwood, to-morrow at 11 a. m.

—An adjourned meeting of the U. S. Grant Republican Club of North Plainfield will be held this evening.

—The sale of tickets for the Clara Louise Kellogg Opera, this morning, was unprecedented. Lines were formed at the places of sale, as early as five o'clock.

—That a remembrance of Valentine's day hangs round some people still, is evidenced by the large number of such self-betraying missives passing through the postoffice today.

—The bill to raise a city fire-tax, which our despatches from Trenton give in full, is said to have the endorsement of the Mayors of the City and Borough, the Council Committees, the Fire Board, and the Corporation Counsel.

—The first grand ball of the Columbia Social Club, at French's Hall, Somerset Street, Monday evening, was a decided success, and was highly enjoyed by the goodly number present. At one o'clock about eighty hied themselves to the Somerset House, and did ample justice to the choice viands which were set before them by Mr. and Mrs. Boyce, the ever courteous and polite proprietors of the House, of which all speak in the highest praise.

—Mrs. J. T. Ellis conducted an interesting service in the Trinity Reformed church last evening. Music for the occasion was furnished by the Crescent Glee Club, Councilman Dunham acting as precentor, and was accompanied by Whitfield Frazee on the cornet and Charles Wheeler as organist. Mrs. S. J. C. Downs, President of the State W. C. T. U. offered a fervent prayer, followed by an address by Mrs. Ellis. Mrs Geo. F. Opdyke also made a few remarks. Rev. Mr. Schenck pronounced the benediction.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Chancellor Runyon is in the city to-day.

Dominick Duffy and Miss Bridget Canfield, both of this city were united in marriage at St. Mary's church last evening at seven o'clock, Rev. Father Smyth officiating.

Notice is published on the next page of the death of Virginia Leguay Charlet at her residence on West Sixth street. The deceased was in the 86th year of her age, and had not a relative in this country.

The Hon. Jacob Kirkner, President of the Board of Education, was suffering yesterday as a result of the dropping of a small scale of steel into his eye as he was passing under the Elevated railroad in New York.

A cotillion was given, last evening, by Miss Clara Corlies at her mother's residence, "Roadending." A large number of guests were present including many young married ladies. Music was furnished by Mr. George Rogers.

Miss Lizzie C. Baker has been appointed Vice Principal of the Bryant school in place of Miss Shreve, resigned. Miss Baker was educated at Somerville, Mass., and comes to this city highly recommended for her intellectual ability and knowledge of the best disciplinary methods.

Mrs. Barry, the mother-in-law of Mr. M. Powers of Somerset street, North Plainfield, died at the latter's residence last evening, from paralysis. The deceased was 65 years of age, and had resided in this city and North Plainfield for many years. The funeral will take place from St. Joseph's church to-morrow morning.

This afternoon at the residence of the bride's parents, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., will take-place the wedding of Mr. Edward J. Harding and Miss Julia Kerwin, both of this city. The bride and groom will make their future residence in Plainfield—the latter being the proprietor of a prosperous grocery establishment on West Third street.

About eighty welcome guests were present, last evening, at the reception given by Mrs. Jane Dunham of West Fifth street, to her son Mr. John Dunham and wife. There was music and singing, refreshments, and a general good time in a social way. A pleasant feature of the occasion was the presentation to young Mr. and Mrs. Dunham of a handsome clock and elegant lamp by the groom's old acquaintances.

A Bitter and A Sweet.

Great preparations are now all completed by the many guests, that will result in the unusual brilliancy and gaiety of the masque ball to be given at the residence of Mrs. F. O. Herring, this evening. Originality as well as elegance will be a feature of the dresses of fancy worn. One prominent physician is said to have ordered a gelatine coat in which to appear as a quinine pill, while a rival professional will go-as-he-is, sugar-coated with his own personal smile.

A MUCHLY-MARRIED WOMAN.

"Ada Montross" Arrested on a Charge of Having Three Living Husbands.—The Complainant Does Not Put in an Appearance and the Case is Dismissed—The Marriage Certificate Arrives by Baggage Express.

David Curren, a young man who claims Newark as his residence place, went before Justice Nodyne yesterday and swore out a warrant for the arrest of one "Ada Montross" aged 26 years, charging her with having three living husbands. The warrant was placed in the hands of Constable Amos Moffett who apprehended the accused at the residence of her mother on Richmond street, this city. The complainant upon his oath sayeth "that on or about the 17th day of November 1887 he was married at Newark, N. J., to a woman claiming or purporting to bear the name of Ada Montross, and who informed deponent that she was unmarried, when in truth and in fact she was at that time married, and shortly thereafter, deponent and said Ada Montross went to New York to reside, and removed there as man and wife, and residing together until the 3d day of Feb. 1888, at which time deponent learned that she had two other husbands then living and both still living, one John Wilkes Thomas at Green Point, N. Y., whom she married as deponent is informed and believes on the 12th of Nov. 1887 at Green Point, N. Y., Theo. Herschman, pastor of German Evangelical Lutheran St. John's church officiating, and further that she also married one John Bowman resident in City of Plainfield."

The defendant was arraigned before Justice Nodyne at five o'clock yesterday afternoon, and being unable to give bonds, was locked up in the City Jail over night. This morning the complainant failed to put in an appearance at the required time, and the Justice dismissed the complaint. Curren, however, sent to Chief Carey by baggage express, this morning, a marriage certificate, setting forth his marriage to the defendant on Nov. 17th last, at Newark, Rev. Fred C. Idehart, pastor of the Central M. E. church, officiating. The certificate contained the names of no witnesses, and is thought to be a forgery.

The young woman, in her own behalf, says that she was married to her first husband at the age of 15 years, that two children were born to them, one of whom is still living and five years old. She says she was subsequently divorced from her first husband and married John Bowman in this city about a year ago. She claims that she was never married to Curren, the complainant.

The Anchor Lodge Parlor Concert.

In Saturday's issue of THE PRESS was promised the perfection of quartette singing at the parlor concert to be given by Anchor Lodge. Last evening that promise was fulfilled. In the presence of a large audience of taste, the choir of the Central Congregational church of Brooklyn, rendered a mixed programme in a manner beyond fault.

Miss Maria King, soprano, displayed her beautiful voice with remarkable expression. Her encore piece was "Marguerite." Miss Kathrene Cavannah, contralto, was also greatly appreciated, but only replied to a recall with a bow. Mr. J. H. McKinley, tenor, simply duplicated the success he achieves everywhere. There is no richer-toned voice in all the ranks of his profession. He gave a third solo, in response to sincere applause, "Polly and I were Sweethearts." Mr. J. H. Haaren proved again his possession of a fine bass for quartette accompaniment, but with too mechanical a method for solo singing.

Lack of space prevents the commendation in detail the concert deserves. The duett and quartette singing were faultless—the gem of the evening being, probably, Beethoven's "Vesper Hymn." Mr. Lewis Moore's accompaniments and organ solos were well executed. The encore to his second selection, however, was the most melodious.

Two magnificent baskets of flowers were presented the lady artists, at the beginning of an interminable intermission.

Always Right.

THE PRESS of last evening foretold that a bill would be introduced providing for the raising of a city fire tax, and that the Department would be leased from the Board of Managers and maintained by the city.

A special despatch from Trenton in another column, gives the full text of the bill as introduced last night, and the report of the Council proceedings of last evening as given elsewhere, proves the balance of THE PRESS' prophecy to be also as accurate.

Sold Peanuts and Segars on Sunday.

Lawrence Paoli and John Clark were arraigned before Judge Suydam this morning on complaint of Chief Carey, for violating the city ordinance with reference to Sunday selling. Both pleaded guilty to the charge so far as selling peanuts, cigars, etc., were concerned, and Corporation Counsel Marsh, who appeared for the city asked that sentence be passed at once. In view of the fact that Paoli had been arraigned five times on a similar charge, Judge Suydam committed him to the County Jail for ten days. Mr. Clark was fined $25, this being his first offence.

THE NEW PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDING.

The Deed Received of the Land Donated—The Largest School of All to be Erected—Other Action of the Board of Education.

The Board of Education held a special meeting, last evening, in the Franklin building at Fourth street and Arlington avenue. There were present Trustees Kirkner, Murray, Wadsworth and Babcock.

Mr. Murray spoke in relation to the matter of the Board's unanimous objection to the paying of commissions to two collectors of taxes for the work of one, as related at some length in THE PRESS of Saturday. He said he had expressed the Board's feelings in the matter to Messrs. Dumont and Erickson of the Finance Committee of the Common Council, and they had promised to recommend, at a meeting of the Council that evening, the fixing of the delinquent collector's fee at three per cent—the fee of the City Collector remaining as it was, at one and one-half per cent. Upon the offer of such concession, Mr. Murray had agreed that the Board would accept its just portion of the expense of tax collection at those rates.

Mr. Babcock reported that he had received from the Central N. J. Land Improvement Co., the deed, signed and attested, conveying to the Board of Education of Plainfield, to have and to hold for the occupancy of a public school of the city, a plot of land, with a frontage of 110 feet on Monroe avenue and running back a distance equivalent to 200 feet on Fourth street. He also reported that a deed for an adjoining plot to be purchased of the Plainfield Land Improvement Co., was ready to be delivered as soon as payment was received. The Board ordered a warrant to be drawn for the amount, and authorized the acceptance of the deed upon its proper execution. Later in the evening it was resolved that the officers of the Board prepare and present to the Central N. J. Land Improvement Co., a proper recognition of the company's gift.

The question of the size of the school building to be erected upon the new location, as described in THE PRESS of last Tuesday, was discussed. All agreed with President Kirkner that the Board must not build alone for the needs of the present, but in full view of the demands of years to come. The building should be as large, he thought, if not larger than the one the Board was in.

Mr. Wadsworth called attention to the State law requiring the placing of fire escapes on the exterior of school buildings where the third stories contained class rooms. He therefore urged the erection of a building containing six class rooms on each of its two lower stories. The building the Board was in cost $30,000, and was built to accommodate 400 scholars. Mr. Wadsworth thought a like building to accommodate 600 could be erected for about $7,500 more.

Mr. Babcock recalled to the minds of his fellow trustees the fact that every time they had built they had expected to relieve the other overcrowded schools; and every time they had failed. They did not even accommodate the increase. He felt that care should be taken not to repeat such failures. But he expressed himself opposed to the duplicating of the Franklin Building, as had been suggested, and paying $7,500 to accommodate only 200 children in addition.

A motion by Mr. Murray was then adopted to the effect that the Secretary be authorized to notify the supervising architects of the city, that the Board was ready to receive plans and specifications for a new school building not over three stories in height and to accommodate not less than 500 children. Such plans to be submitted by March 10.

Further business of the meeting consisted of the formal acceptance of the resignation of Miss Shreve, Vice Principal of the Bryant school; and the authorizing of the printing of 500 copies of the Course of Study of the Plainfield Public Schools, as recommended by the Committee on Teachers.

A Victim of the Icy Sidewalk.

Mr. Thomas Flood—who has made many friends in this city during the past months of his connection with Force's Hotel—was taken to Muhlenberg Hospital, this morning, suffering from a left ankle broken in two places.

The unfortunate man attended the Ball of Columbia Social Club, last night, and after escorting his lady to her home in North Plainfield, was returning to this city when he slipped on the ice with the painful result above stated. Mr. Flood was compelled to remain where he fell for some time, until his cries for assistance aroused the members of the family of H. B. Munger, Esq., about five o'clock this morning. A carriage was then procured and Mr. Flood was taken home to Force's Hotel.

Dr. E. W. Hedges was called in and bound the fractured ankle, and by his advice and the preference of the patient, the latter was removed to the hospital for care and treatment.

CITY COUNCIL MEETING.

The City Council was called to order in adjourned regular session at 8:35 o'clock last evening, with President Marsh in the chair. The other Councilmen present were: Messrs. Carey, Dumont, Erickson, Moffett, Wilbur and Watson. The reading of the minutes of the last meeting were upon motion by Mr. Dumont dispensed with. A petition from George C. Nelson asking for a peddler's license was received, reported favorably on and granted. A communication was received from the Board of Health asking for the appointment of a special committee from the Council to confer with the Board on Friday evening, the 17th inst., on matters pertaining to the health of the city. The communication was received, and later in the evening the chair appointed Messrs. Dumont, Erickson and Watson as such committee.

CLAIMS

Were presented and referred as follows: Wm. Schorb, on account of services as waiter to small pox patient, Joseph Shultice, $70; N. Y. and N. J. Globe Gas Light Company, $170.65; Geo. M. Angleman, $130.74. These bills were subsequently returned as correct, and transferred to the Auditing committee.

Mayor Male communicated with the Council, nominating Patrick J. Flannigan as regular policeman. The nomination was confirmed.

Mr. Dumont from Fire, Water and Lamps Committee returned the claim of the Electric Light Co., $343.72. It was sent to the Auditing committee.

NEW BUSINESS.

Under this heading, Mr. Dumont from the Fire, Water and Lamps committee submitted the following report, and recommended an ordinance for the establishment of a Fire Department in the City of Plainfield:

Report of Committee of Fire, Water and Lamps on matter of Plainfield Fire Dept.

The Committee of Fire, Water and Lamps to whom the communication of the Fire Board of the Plainfield Fire Dept. was referred, beg to report as follows:

The Committee in conjunction with a committee of the Council of North Plainfield, selected Mr. O. B. Leonard to examine and ascertain from the books of the Plainfield Fire Dept. the amount of taxes levied and collected in Plainfield and North Plainfield respectively, the Assessors of Plainfield and North Plainfield to value the real estate of the Plainfield Fire Department and Mr. Oscola Currier of Newark to value the fire apparatus and personal property which reports accompany this report and are in substance as follows:

Jan. 1, 1872 to Dec. 31, 1887,	
Taxes levied do Plainfield	$100,211.10
" " " North Plainfield	20,501.49
" Collected do Plainfield	99,660.38
" " " North Plainfield	14,095.24

Valuation of property.

Plainfield, real	13,500	
" personal	7,823	21,323
North Plainfield, real	2,850	
" " personal	2,301	5,151
Total		26,474

The indebtedness of the Plainfield Fire Department is estimated to be about $11,000 divided as follows.

Bonds maturing 1,000 each year until 1894	7,500.00
Due on Engine No. 1 about	1,866.12
Due on act. hose purchased	850.00
Balance on sundry claims and over due interest on bonds	

The committee recommend that the city lease the property and apparatus of the Plainfield Fire Department located in Plainfield at such annual rental as may be necessary to pay the city pro rata of the indebtedness and interest on same; on final payment of such rental the city to acquire the property and pending a formal lease and determining the equities as between Plainfield and North Plainfield, on obtaining an option or agreement from the Fire Board, the Common Council to provide fuel, lights and necessary supplies for maintaining the fire apparatus in Plainfield for three months until a formal lease is executed and the committee also recommend and offer for consideration of the Council an ordinance establishing a Fire Department.

J. B. DUMONT,
E. N. ERICKSON. } Committee.

The Clerk read set of resolutions (submitted as a part of the Fire, Water and Lamps Committee's report) adopted at a special meeting of the Fire Board held on Saturday evening, which were in effect as follows:

The Plainfield Fire Department being powerless to use it property, it has been determined to place it in the hands of the municipal authorities of the City and the Borough. Its property, real and personal, situate or kept in the City to be rented to the "Inhabitants of the City of Plainfield," and similar property, situate or kept in the Borough, to be rented to the Mayor and Council of North Plainfield. The rental in each case to be for one year with options of annual renewals for not exceeding ten years, and option to purchase at any time, the purchase price to be the amount of the present indebtedness of the Department—the proportion the City or Borough each shall pay, to be according to the relation the appraised value of the Department property (as given elsewhere) in the City and Borough bears one to the other, unless the authorities mutually agree upon a different apportionment. The rent to be paid each year is to be "such sum as will suffice to meet such of the present indebtedness of the Department as by the most favorable arrangement with its creditors will fall due in such years respectively." It is also agreed that in case either City or Borough shall elect to purchase, all rent theretofore paid shall be taken as part of the purchase price.

The report of the committee was adopted, and a motion by Mr. Dumont in effect that the offer of the Fire Board to lease the Department apparatus for three months be accepted by the Council, and in consideration of the offer the Council agrees to furnish lights, fuel and other necessary supplies for maintaining the Department, prevailed, all voting aye.

The same Councilman made a motion that all matters pertaining to supplies be referred to a special committee of the Council, consisting of the Fire, Water & Lamps Committee, and Messrs. Dunham and Moffett. He stated that the Fire, Water and Lamps Committee would necessarily need some assistance, and consequently the names of Messrs. Dunham and Moffett were suggested. The motion was adopted, and Messrs. Dunham and Moffett was appointed by the chair to act with the committee.

Mr. Dumont submitted "An Ordinance to establish, regulate and control a Fire Department in the City of Plainfield." The ordinance embraces forty-one sections and will appear in full in THE CONSTITUTIONALIST on Thursday. The ordinance was adopted on its second reading, and ordered engrossed and duly advertised, all voting aye.

Mr. Erickson offered a resolution requiring Mr. F. Adelbert Dunham to make returns at the proper time or times of all tax warrants, original, alias and pluries to Judge Suydam, pursuant to the statute and that the said F. A. Dunham be and is hereby designated and appointed as the officer to receive and execute all warrants for the collection of taxes. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Dumont moved that a further consideration of the amendment to the general License ordinance with reference to closing the places at 11 p. m. be postponed until the first Monday in December next. Carried. He also offered a resolution which prevailed authorizing the Clerk to have printed in pamphlet form 100 copies of all the general ordinances as adopted, amended or repealed; also that hereafter all the ordinances adopted by the Council, he Clerk to have 50 copies printed for distribution, and to furnish a correct list for each subsequent meeting of the Council.

Mr. Dumont made a motion that when the Council adjourn it be to meet again in two weeks.

Mr. Watson, from the Auditing Committee reported back as correct the above claims, and they were ordered paid.

Council then adjourned.

NORTH PLAINFIELD COUNCIL.

The Borough to Lease the Fire Apparatus—No Damages for Chief Carey.

A special meeting of the Mayor and Council of the Borough of North Plainfield was held last evening. The third Annual Report was read and ordered printed in THE PRESS, and also 300 in pamphlet form together with a list of the names and amounts of delinquent taxpayers.

The report of Councilmen Slater and Milne on the Fire Department matter was received. It also recommended that during the time necessary to effect an adjustment between the City and Borough as to the relative proportion each should pay in a renting of the apparatus of the Department, the Mayor and Clerk be authorized to draw up a contract by which the Borough agrees to provide funds for the light, fuel and other supplies necessary for the use of the Department property within the limits of the Borough for three months. This was adopted.

The report of Counsellor Jackson was read, as to the claim of T. J. Carey presented at a previous meeting. Mr. Jackson stated he had impartially considered the matter, and had concluded that Mr. Carey had no legal right whatever to recover and the Borough had no right to pay. Mr. Carey was not restrained from carrying on his business thereafter by a mere decision of the Mayor's as to the construction of the ordinance, continued the report, and he did thereafter, whenever occasion required, transport goods in, through and out of the Borough. Therefore both the law and the facts were against his recovery. This report was received and ordered filed.

DEMANDED HER MONEY.

The family of James Whalen, consisting of his wife and two small children, occupy a house on Brook avenue, North Plainfield. Mr. Whalen is a mason's helper and is at work in New York State. At seven o'clock on Sunday evening, Mrs. Whalen who is in delicate health was startled by repeated knocking on the door. When she opened the door a burly man, apparently a tramp, sprang upon her, and seizing her, threatened to shoot her if she made any outcry. With an oath the robber demanded money, and the terrified woman, fearful lest she might be murdered by the brute, surrendered what money she had in the house, whereupon the man left the place, but not until he had warned Mrs. Whalen against giving an alarm. Mrs. Whalen was prostrated by the shock and has since been confined to the bed. She can as yet give no description of the robber, otherwise than his being a large and powerful man. Marshal Becker of North Plainfield was informed of the matter yesterday, but he could not obtain a description of the culprit, and consequently no arrests have been made.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

THE NEW FIRE TAX BILL.

What It Provides, As Introduced by Judge Ulrich Last Evening.

TRENTON, Feb. 14—Hon. Judge Ulrich introduced in the House, last evening, bill No. 260, the full text of which is sent herewith, providing a means for the City of Plainfield to raise a tax to be used exclusively for the maintenance of a fire department.

He also introduced bill No. 266 which gives Boards of Finance and Taxation, or body having charge of the city's finances, power to make such revision, alteration, adjustment, or settlement of past due taxes and assessments as they shall deem for the best interests of the city.

Bill No. 224 introduced by Judge Ulrich—as telegraphed THE PRESS in full, Feb. 7—*giving the power to borrow one-half of* the total amount of taxes assessed, passed today unanimously.

AN ACT CONCERNING CITIES, TOWNS AND BOROUGHS.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey*, That it shall and may be lawful for the Common Council, Board of Aldermen, or other governing body of any city, town or borough, to order assessed and raised by taxation, annually, in the same manner that other taxes in such city, town or borough are required to be assessed and raised, any sum not exceeding one-fifth of one per centum of the total assessed valuation of the taxable property in such city, town or borough, for the maintenance of a fire department to be under the control and government of such city, town or borough; and no limitation of the amount that may be raised by taxation in any such city, town or borough imposed by any prior law general or special by way of percentage or otherwise, shall in anywise be applicable to the taxes hereby authorized, nor shall this act be construed to limit or curtail any power to raise a larger sum that may now be authorized by any existing law.

2. That to provide for the purchase of suitable lands, houses, apparatus and other property to be used in any such city, town, or borough for fire purposes, it shall be lawful for the Common Council, Board of Aldermen or other governing body of such city, town or borough, to issue bonds to an amount not exceeding the rate of one thousand dollars for each one thousand inhabitants of such city, town or borough, said bonds to be issued in sums of five hundred dollars or multiples thereof, to be denominated fire department bonds, to be payable not later than ten years from date of issue, to bear interest at not exceeding six per centum per annum, to be signed by the Mayor or in his absence by the presiding officer of such city, town or borough and attested by the clerk thereof and not to be sold for less than par. *Provided* that the amount of any and all unpaid bonds of any such city, town or borough heretofore issued under authority of the same for fire department purposes, shall be deducted from the amount hereby authorized, and in such case this act shall be construed to authorize any such city, town or borough to issue further bonds for the excess only after such reduction.

The Fire Department's Financial Condition.

We give below the value of the real estate of the Plainfield Fire Department and its liabilities. It shows the former to be in excess of the latter about $6,000 besides the value of all its apparatus in first-class condition.

Valuation of Real Estate of the Plainfield Fire Department, made at the request of Common Councils of the city of Plainfield and the borough of North Plainfield:

SECOND STREET ENGINE HOUSES.	
Lot 40 ft. front by about 120 ft. deep	$2,000 00
Buildings	5,000 00
Total	$7,000 00
FRONT STREET, No. 2.	
Lot 20 ft. by about 100 ft deep	$4,000 00
Buildings	2,500 00
Total	$6,500 00
WARREN No. 3, SOMERSET ST., NORTH PLAINFIELD	
Lot 17 ft. by about 100 ft.	$ 850 00
Building	2,000 00
Total	$2,850 00

We the Assessors of the City of Plainfield and the Borough of North Plainfield do hereby certify that on the 31st day of January, 1888, we carefully examined the foregoing property and did value the same as before stated as being in our judgment the full value of the different properties.

J. A. HUBBARD,
Assessor City of Plainfield.
ISAAC BROKAW,
Assessor of North Plainfield.

Liabilities of the Plainfield Fire Department to date, (estimated):

Bonds outstanding Nos. 73 to 87 inclusive, 15 at $500 each	$7,500 00
Interest on bonds 73 to 80 inclusive, due but coupons not as yet presented for pay	120 00
Amount due Manchester Locomotive Works for repairs on engine	1,866 12
Amount due New Jersey Car Spring and Rubber Co., for 1,000 feet hose	850 00
Sundry bills to date (estimated)	650 00
	$10,986 12
Cash on hand and in bank about	378 00
Net liabilities (estimated)	$10,608 12

WM. K. MCCLURE, Treas.

E. & O. E.—Dated, Feb'ry, 13, '88.

Fun, Frolic and Hilarity.

This evening at Music Hall, Mr. Dan'l Sully will appear in "Daddy Nolan," and if everyone who can enjoy a good laugh is present, the house will be a full and a satisfied one. The play is not one that depends upon a plot for its success. It is simply a continuous stream of fun, frolic and hilarity of the wildest kind, interspersed with singing, dancing and comical sayings and situations, that altogether keep the audience in a state of uninterrupted applause and laughter. The company that Mr. Sully has surrounded himself is said to be strong in every particular. The great Brooklyn Bridge scene, in which the city of New York in the distance is shown brilliantly illuminated, is one of the most pretentious ever witnessed on our local stage.

UNCLE SAM'S VINEYARD

WHAT TOILERS PRODUCE FOR THE COUNTRY'S GOOD.

A Lottery Prohibition Bill—Mr. Blair and Mr. Plumb—The Chinese Emigration Case— nterstate Commerce, etc.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The bill prohibiting the publication of lottery advertisements in the District of Columbia gave rise to a brief and spirited debate in the House yesterday afternoon, in the course of which the Hon. Amos J. Cummings made his maiden speech. Mr. Rogers, of Arkansas, led off in opposition to the measure. He said he would go as far as any man in suppressing every species of gambling, but in so doing he could not violate the Constitution, which he had sworn to defend. The bill would prevent any paper, no matter where published, from coming into the District and would infringe the liberty of the press. The moral sentiment of the country was opposed to lotteries, and thirty-five States had passed laws prohibiting lottery advertisements. That moral sentiment would crush out this species of gambling, and there was no necessity for Congress to violate the Constitution in order to eradicate it. Mr. Hemphill defended the bill upon moral grounds, stating that in the States such restrictions were made in the interest of morality and the public good, but the District of Columbia could not protect itself, and Congress must protect it. Mr. Glass, of Tennessee, spoke in favor of the bill. Mr. Compton opposed it on the grounds that in endeavoring to suppress an evil they were in danger of bringing about a worse evil. Mr. Browne, of Indiana, the author of the bill, argued that the law proposed was necessary for good government in the District, and that Congress had the right and the right to enact the law. Messrs. Crain, Oates, Cummings, Davidson, of Florida, and Latham spoke in opposition to the bill. Mr. Cummings took the ground that the bill was a serious abridgement of the rights of the press "in trying to correct an admitted evil," he said, "you are opening the door to a greater evil. It seems to me that this bill contains some of the old alien and sedition laws. Those laws not only interfered with the liberty of the press, but of the person. Nor is this the first time that these ashes have been stirred by Congress. They were stirred under the administration of Gen. Grant, when the United States Senate passed a bill to abridge the fredom of the press. Under its provision the editor of the most obscure newspaper in the most obscure corner of the most obscure State could be dragged to the District of Columbia and subjected to fine and imprisonment by a petty local tribunal. There is the same seed in this bill. It not only tramples upon the freedom of press, but it tramples on the rights of the States. In Louisiana the lottery is legalized and the newspapers all publish the advertisement under protection of the law. Yet under this bill the editor of a Louisiana newspaper visiting in this city could be arrested and imprisoned here if his newspaper came into the District. If you have a right to prescribe what shall be printed in the advertising columns of a newspaper, you have a right to exercise censorship over the news and editorial columns of the same newspaper. Congress is then to exercise editorial supervision over the entire press of the country. You say you mean well. You say you don't mean to interfere with the freedom of the press; that the object is different. The question is not what is the object of the bill. It is what will be its effect. When you play with the freedom of the press you are playing with fire. Blow out this match and avoid a conflagration."

Senator Plumb and Senator Blair had a very lively spat in the Senate, and for a while looked as if decidedly unparliamentary language and actions would be indulged in. Mr. Plumb was making the closing attack upon the Educational bill, and he did it in a style much more vigorous than elegant. His bitter language greatly annoyed Mr. Blair, who thought the Kansas Senator was much more warlike than there was any necessity for. Two or three times he interrupted him, and Mr. Plumb's replies were anything but polite. The point of his speech was that the bill created a tax upon people of the Northern States to put a lot of money into the hands of the South, with no compensating advatages therefor. Mr. Blair denied this, and then Mr. Plumb charged that the whole bill was a false pretence to appropriate money for the education of a class of people for whom it never would be used. Mr. Blair flushed at this remark and jumped to his feet. His seat and Plumb 'sadjoin each other in the centre of the chamber, and as the two angry Senators stood side by side, glaring fiercely at each other, they made a ludicrous picture, which the Senators greatly enjoyed. Plumb kept on making his wild charges, each one of which Mr. Blair would deny. Finally Plumb flatly refused to yield for any interruption by Mr. Blair, and resumed his speech after receiving a withering sneer from the latter Senator.

The House Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds yesterday finally decided to make a favorable report on the bill of Mr. Cox, providing for the erection of an Appraisers' warehouse in New York city. The bill requires the building to be located north of Liberty street and within five blocks of the Hudson river, and appropriates $8,0.000 for the site and $700,000 for the erection of the building. An important provision authorized the Secretary of the Treasury, instead of erecting the building to purchase one or two sites in the same location, in all embracing an area of not less than 70,000 feet, for the erection of a new Custom House and Appraisers' warehouse. The price to be paid for a site or sites is limited to $1,500,000. Another provision authorizes the purchase of the present Appraisers' warehouse and sites in lieu of the other sites at $800,000.

A bill introduced by Senator Teller yesterday declares that the jurisdiction of the waters of the Hudson River for the purpose of protecting the foreign and interstate commerce of the country is exclusively in the United States, from the sea and the mouth of the river along the same as far northward as the tide ebbs and flows. It also declares that it shall be unlawful to sink any coffer dams for the purpose of erecting any pier or support for any bridges, or to erect any piers or other structures for the support of any bridges in these waters.

A decision was rendered by the United States Supreme Court yesterday in the Chinese immigration case of the United States against against Jung Ah Lung, brought here by appeal from the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of California. The decision of the lower court, by virtue of which Jung Ah Lung was discharged from custody on a writ of habeas corpus, is affirmed. Opinion by Mr. Justice Blatchford, Justices Harlan, Field and Lamar dissenting.

MR. PLATT'S SUCCESSOR

ALL THE PLACES IN THE QUARANTINE BOARD FILLED.

The Names of the Men—The Nominations Referred—Gov. Hill's Illegal Expenditures—A Railroad Bill.

ALBANY, Feb. 14.—Gov. Hill last night sent to the Senate the following appointment for Quarantine Commissioners: James H. Breslin, of New York, in place of Thomas C. Platt, ousted by the court; Gen. James M cLeer, of Brooklyn, in place of John A. Nichols, term expired five years ago, and Arthur O'Leary, of New York, in place of David W. Judd, deceased. Senator Murphy, in the chair, referred the nominations to Senator Werth's Commerce and Navigation Committee.

Mr. Breslin is the widely known proprietor of the Gilsey House, who knows a prodigious lot about politicians and something about politics. He is a Republican, so is Gen. James McLeer, who is one of the notable citizens of Brooklyn. Mr. Leary is a Tammany Hall Democrat, a wealthy shipping merchant, and was last year named for the same place.

The Commerce and Navigation Committee is very certain to report the names favorably. One of the Republican members, Senator Hawkins, of Suffolk, will vote with the Democrats to that end. Mr. Worth does not like Mr. Nichols, and it will keep him busy to explain things to the Brooklyn Republicans should he turn against Gen. McLeer. Senators O'Connor, Walker, Robertson, Kellogg, Lewis, Laughlin and Hawkins long ago proclaimed their intention to stand firm and confirm any good nominations. They are pleased with these. Senator Sloan has said he would like to be with them if he could see his way clear.

The House go its dose of excitement, too, in this pertinent message from Custodian Andrews upon the Republican charges concerning Gov. Hills's furnishing of the Executive mansion:

To the Assembly:

My attention has been called to some criticism contained in certain newspapers reflecting upon my administration of the office of Superintendent of Public Buildings, wherein it is alleged, in substance, that there has been extravagance, irregularity of some kind, or illegality in certain expenditures or payments pertaining to the refurnishing or care, during the past year, of one of the public buildings under my charge, to wit, the Executive mansion.

Although it is not my custom usually to notice newspaper attacks upon my official actions, the nature of the allegations made and the publicity given to them in this instance compel me to respectfully request your honorable body to institute an investigation of my official actions relating to the matter in question by one of the standing committees of your body, or some other appropriate committee. Believing that all my actions relating to the matter in question have been in good faith, as well as in accordance with law, and for the best interests of the State, I am desirous of a prompt and impartial investigation thereof. Respectfully submitted.

C. B. ANDREWS,
Superintendent of Public Buildings.

This communication raised a prompt rampus. Mr. Ainsworth demanded that it go to the Committee on Executive Expenditure, and Mr. Mase, in the absence of Gen. Husted, insisted that it should go to Husted's Ways and Means Committee for consideration. When plenty of disagreeable noise had resulted Mr. Mase and the rest of the Bald Eagle's faithful nineteen voted with the Democrats to snub the Speaker and his crowd, and the Ways and Means got it. So Mr. Husted will have to do the work of obliterating a bit of political pettifogging.

The Assembly was squeezed into its narrow parlor, wideded a little by fencing off a corrida, and it did not feel amiable when the row was over. It got into another fight right away over Husted's bill to prevent the demoralizing sale of rum near fair grounds, amended by the Senate to leave out New York and Brooklyn. Mr. Mase wanted it laid over until the General could see whether he liked it or not. Speaker Cole sent it to a passage. The faithful nineteen would not vote, and the measure thus got on the table to await the return of its parent.

Mr. Magnar put in a bill to keep New York and Brooklyn from paying the school tax of rural counties by having all their tax raised for that purpose credited against their State tax account without being sent to Albany and returned in a much lessened quantity.

Mr. Rietz improved his bill to let the cable and all other roads take what they please in the way of streets, thus: "The Mayor and Common Council of any city, the Board of Trustees of any village, and as to streets or roads outside of any such city or village, the Board of Supervisors of any county of this State are hereby authorized to permit the use of any improved motive power or motor, other than steam locomotive power, for the traction or propelling of cars on any city or street railroad which is or may be operated by horse-power, within their respective jurisdictive jurisdiction, such permission to be subject to such restrictions, regulations and conditions as the local authorities may impose."

It is provided farther that any railroad company heretofore organized under the law of the State, whose road is or may be operated by steam or other power than animal, when built may extend or change its route and build according to its modified maps or plans, when such modified maps are filed with the County Clerk of the county in which the road is to be built. Any statute in conflict with this act is declared inoperative. Nothing in the act authorizes the alteration of the route or business of any railroad in any town, county or municipal corporation which has issued bonds, without the consent of a majority of the taxpayers.

But few bills came into the Senate. One of them, by Mr. Langbein, requires that a saloon-keeper must be twice convicted of illegal selling before his license can be taken away. Mr. Coggeshall introduced a bill to make the salaries of the New York Dock Commissioners not less than $5,000 nor more than $6,000 per annum.

Died While Being Insured.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—Charles E. Thickstun, apparently strong, robust, and healthy, about 48 years of age, entered the United Life and Accident Insurance Association, 44 Broadway, yesterday noon, and applied for a policy of $10,000 on his life. All the required papers were quickly made out and ready for the physician's certificate. Dr. Henry T. Foyle, the medical examiner for the association, then took Mr. Thickstun into a private office and proceeded to examine him. Scarcely a dozen words had passed betwen them when Mr. Thickstun suddenly arose to his feet and fell to the floor dead.

More Smuggled Opium Found.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 13.—In the baled hay at the barn of Ephraim Gardner 780 pounds of fine prepared hay which had been smuggled across the border was found by the customs officials Tuesday. Gardner has been arrested.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 10, 1887.

Adams, Mrs Dr	Madden, Thomas
Carpenter, Firmon	Meads, Bettie
Clapp, Mrs Adoline	Packard, C J Mrs
Cairus, Mrs Katie	Payne, Abraham Mrs
Dunham, A W	Phelan, Bridget Mrs [2]
Dunbar, Wallace	Randolph, Caroline F
Delille, Madamoselle	Reif, Andro
Farlee, Robert	Reed, N B Miss
Harvey, Eugene	Seibert, Geo C Dr Rev
Hanna, Geo.	Sawer, Marie Mrs
Holmes, Rosa	Smalley, Sophia Mrs
Harris, A A	Salters, Francis H
Klein, A Mrs.	Townley Annie Miss
Kippy, Emma Mrs	VanMiddlesworth, F.
Keller, A A	VanPelt, Chas.

Persons calling for above please say advertised.
W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window. Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

CHARLET—At her residence, SIXth street, this city, Feb. 13, 1888, Virginia Leguay Charlet, widow of the late Joseph M. Charlet, in the 86th year of her age.

Funeral from St. Mary's R. C. Church at 9 o'clock a. m., Thursday next, 16th inst., with a requiem mass. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Inquire at Drug Store, Dunellen, N. J. 2-14-2

WANTED—2 girls, 132 Park ave. 1 cook, washer and ironer, 1 chambermaid and waitress. Must have first-class references. 2-14-2

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P. V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't, 333 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. BOSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use; in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORB. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

MUSIC HALL,

TO-NIGHT!

A NIGHT OF FUN! First appearance here of the *NATURAL IRISH COMEDIAN.*

DANIEL SULLY,
In his Domestic Play,
"DADDY NOLAN."

Supported by an Excellent Company of Comedians, introducing incidentally, New Songs, Music, Dances, and showing an exact "Working Model of the Great Brooklyn Bridge."

Sale of seats will begin Friday, Feb. 10, at J. G. Miller's and Field & Randolph's Drug Stores. Prices—35, 50, 75 and $1.00. 2-8-6

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The members of Perseverance Lodge 74, K. of P., are requested to meet in their Lodge Room on

Thursday Night the 16th inst.,

at 8 o'clock, to march in a body to Reform Hall to the reception tendered the Grand Lodge.

WM. JOHN FORD, C. C.,
JAMES PATTERSON, K. R. S.
2-14-2

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,

Worsteds,

Notions.

STAMPING!

CLOSING OUT SALE!

Having sold out our business, we have agreed to reduce our stock before giving possession on *MARCH 1st.* Until that time we will sell our entire stock of

Millinery, Fancy Goods!

LACES, RIBBONS,
WORSTEDS, YARNS,
KNIT GOODS, RUFFLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
STAMPED LINENS, ETC.,

REGARDLESS OF COST!

J. H. Honeyman & Co.,
NEXT TO POST OFFICE.
2-10-14

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.

P. O. BOX 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

MUSIC HALL!

Wednesday Evening, February 22,

[WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.]

MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG

And her Superb Company of European Artists, in *VERDI'S GRAND OPERA,*

"IL TROVATORE,"

In *FULL COSTUME* and *STAGE SETTINGS.*

Seats on sale commencing Tuesday morning, Feb. 14, at the Pharmacies of J. G. Miller and Field & Randolph. *No Advance in Prices.* 2-11-9

NEW STORE.

W. H. COMBS

Wishes to inform the public that he has opened a GROCERY STORE,

COR. LINDEN AVE. AND STEINER PLACE,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Where he will supply all who will favor him with their patronage with everything in the GROCERY line at the

Lowest Market Prices!

Goods delivered in any part of the city. 2-10-8

A. F. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.

WARDEN & FOWLER,

Wholesale and Retail

CONFECTIONERS,

NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,

between North ave. and Second street,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-10-tf

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,
Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,
Gold and Silver Jewelry,
—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

AT DOANE'S,

9 PARK AVENUE, 12-16-tf

Printing!

Material—the best.

Workmanship—first-class.

Delivery—prompt.

Charges—moderate.

PRESS AND CONSTITUTIONALIST

PRINTING HOUSE.

PECK'S CORNER.

PECK'S

White Goods and Embroideries.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

RUBBER

Boots and Shoes.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET. 10my

C. FRANK FRENCH,

69 SOMERSET ST.,
Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box* 1,062.

DEALER IN

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.

Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

THE SHAWMUT.

Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*

TRY IT!

Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm. 1-30 tf

GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

10-29-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST. 12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.

21 *WEST FRONT STREET. PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only.* Telephone Call 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
12-2-tf PROPRIETORS.

SILVERWARE

FOR HIRE,

AT COLLIER'S,

No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

ESTABLISHED NINETEEN YEARS.

1-14-tf

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

[Successor to T. J. Carey.]

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT St.,
Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

YOU
CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?
TRY
DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL
AT

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price. 12-21-tf

MR. CROWLEY'S STATEMENT.

The Boston Lawyer Conveys all His Property in Trust for His Creditors.

BOSTON, Feb. 14.—The wife of Lawyer John C. Crowley has received from her husband a statement of his affairs, dated London, Jan. 30, and addressed to Messrs. Augustus Russ, Allan Cameron, and J. Audley Maxwell. The statement was written before the exposure of the condition of Mr. Crawley's affairs.

Mr. Crowley writes that he left home on account of ill health and with only enough money for travelling expenses. As he cannot meet his liabilities, he asks the gentlemen addressed to take charge of his property and use it for the benefit of the creditors. It will be the aim of his future life to pay all his liabilities.

In explaining his insolvency he states that for the first twenty years of his professional life, though actively engaged as a lawyer, he paid no regard to the exacting of fees, deeming his work as honorary and leaving the matters of payment to the offerings of clients, and that for the past nineteen years he has borne the burden of his father's liabilities, paying all the creditors in full, and being disappointed in the belief that the unimproved lands left by his father would increase in value. He has never speculated, wagered, gambled or been extravagant in his family or personal expenses.

Accompanying the statement was a list of Mr. Crowley's liabilities, and also a deed of trust, executed by him before the American Consul at London, conveying all his property in trust for his creditors to Allan Cameron, of Westford, Augustus Russ and J. Audley Maxwell, of Boston.

GRAVE ROBBERS AT WORK.

Female Washington Doctors Secure the Remains of a Minister's Wife.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Grave robbers have been doing a thriving business in Washington recently. Several bodies stolen from different cemeteries have been traced to various medical colleges and the mutilated remains recovered. No arrests, however, have been made, and the friends of those whose graves have been desecrated have tried to avoid publicity.

Last week robbers opened the grave of Mrs. John Leesdale, wife of the pastor of the Queenstown Baptist Church, and stole the body. It was conveyed to the Columbia College, and was there placed in the hands of four female students, who were at work upon the corpse when the family of the dead woman discovered the robbery and made search for the remains.

The body had lain in the pickling vat several days before it was placed upon the marble slab for the use of the ladies who study anatomy.

Yesterday all that could be gathered together of the remains was re-interred.

Railroad Seized for Evading Regulations.

MILES CITY, M. T., Feb. 14.—Special Agent Downey of the United States Land Office has discovered that the Rocky Forks and Cooke City Railroad has failed to file with the Secretary of the Interior a map of its definite location. According to the Department regulations failure in the performance of that duty renders its claim invalid, and all the timber cut for the purpose of building the road has been unlawfully taken. Agent Downey is now in the field and has seized $75,000 worth of ties, bridge timber, and piling. All the graders of the road are a charge to Yellowstone county as paupers, although the railroad company owes them an average of $150 each.

Texas in a Tax Tangle.

AUSTIN, Tex., Feb. 14.—There is a conflict of authority between the tax collectors and county attorneys all over the State regarding the collection of delinquent taxes. Some time ago the Attorney General directed the County Attorneys to institute suits against delinquent taxpayers, notwithstanding that the law makes it the guty of the taxpayers to advertise and sell such property. County Attorneys in some counties are claiming ten per cent. commission on the taxes not paid before the 1st of Juanuary, and both they and the collectors are proceeding against the delinquents.

Growing Feeling in Favor of Annexation.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 14.—The Hon. C. Hamilton, ex-Attorney-General of Manitoba, not only has become a resident of St. Paul but has taken the oath of allegiance to the United States Government. He still represents Butte in the Legislature of Manitoba, and an attempt is being made by the Liberal politicians to prevent him from taking his seat. There is a growing feeling in Manitoba in favor of annexation, and ere long the entire population of the province will probably follow in the footprints of their ex-Attorney-General.

To Interest New York In Creedmoor.

ALBANY, Feb. 14.—The National Rifle Association is endeavoring to interest the State in Creedmoor. They propose to give the State seventy acres of ground which it owns absolutely, with a hotel upon it and all fixtures, which together cost over $60,000. For this the Association only asks that the State shall acquire the land referred to as necessary for the use of the National Guard, and which will permit it to hold its annual meeting on the grounds during ten days in each year.

New Englanders in the South.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The New England excursionists who left Hartford February 4 for a tour of the booming Southern cities, with Decatur, Ala., as their objective point reached this city at 12.40 last night on their return trip. They start at 2 p.m. for New York. The party number forty prominent manufacturers, merchants and journalists and is under the charge of H. T. Sperry, editor of the Hartford *Post*. As a result of the visit New Englanders will invest capital at Decatur.

Wrestling With the Telegraph Question.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The Committee on Commerce has failed so far to act on Mr. Glover's bill to regulate telegraph tolls through the Interstate Commerce Commission. Mr. Spooner's bill was introduced to-day, changed so as to give the Postmaster General power in the premises. This will make possible a reference to the Post-office Committee, and it is expected a prompt report will follow.

Railroad Accident In Jersey.

BELVIDERE, N. J., Feb. 14.—A big wreck took place on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad at Stroudsburg, Penn., this morning, a cattle train being telescoped. The accident was caused by defective air brakes. Many cattle were killed. The road is blockaded.

The Copper Mine Still Ablaze.

CALUMET, Mich., Feb. 14.—An opening has been made near the No. 1 shaft in the Hecla mine and smoke issued in abundance, showing that there is still fire in the mine and that it is near the surface. The miners claim that this is the only part of the mine where fire still exists.

FROM FOREIGN LANDS

MATTERS OF GREAT MOMENT AS FLASHED FROM THE CABLE.

An Ovation to Mr. Sullivan—The Crisis in Abyssinia—Notes From Germany. Robbers at the Vatican.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Mr. T. D. Sullivan, the Irish member of Parliament, who was recently imprisoned, arrived in London yesterday morning, and received an ovation from 10,000 persons who had gathered at Euston station to welcome him. He was escorted by an immense procession to Hyde Park, where 40,000 persons were assembled. Mr. Sullivan had an enthusiastic reception, and an address was presented to him. In his reply he said that the Government's wretched attempts at coercion had not suppressed or frightened any one. Irish patriots had been imprisoned because they had disregarded a law which Englishmen would have trampled under foot. The Tory reign of terror, he declared, was doomed to speedy extinction. At the end of his speech cheers were given for Mr. Sullivan, Mr. Gladstone and home rule. A banquet was given to Mr. Sullivan at the Criterion last evening.

READY FOR THE ABYSSINIANS.

Italy's Troops Complete Their Railroad to Dogali—The Enemy Watching Them.

ROME, Feb. 14.—Advices from Massowah say that the railway has been completed to Dogali and that regular trains are running over it. The Italian military depot has been transferred to Dogali. Gen. Gene's brigade, with artillery, has taken up a position two kilometres west of Dogali.

Dogali is the place about thirteen miles west of Massowah, where the Italian troops were massacred by the Abyssinians last year, the event that led to the present hostilities. The Italians are now in possession of Saati, about four miles further west, where the rude road begins to climb toward the highlands. The railroad is being extended to Saati, wher a largely fortified depot for the storage of the supplies is building. Ras Alula the principal commander of King John's forces, is at Asmara, only thirty miles distant. The Italians can now see the enemy on the heights above them daily watching their operations. The invaders have a large number of pack mules and 3,400 camels to carry their supplies up the mountains if they decide to give battle to the Abyssinians on the highlands.

Ras Alulu is said to be fortifying Asmara, and present appearances indicate that the natives will not risk defeat by descending to the lowlands, but will prefer to await the enemy on the plateau, knowing well that the Italians would prefer to fight nearer their source of supplies. It is not surprising that the Italians are consuming so much time in getting ready to fight, in view of the fact that they cannot depend upon the country for supplies, but must carry everything from Massowah. They must, therefore, first provide adequate facilities for the carriage of supplies by means of their railroad to Saati, and caravans of pack animals for service in the highlands.

NEWS FROM GERMANY.

The Czar Expresses His Appreciation of Bismarck's Speech.

BERLIN, Feb. 14.—The second reading of the first clause of the Socialist bill was adopted in the Reichstag yesterday by a vote of 164 to 80. The clause prolongs the existing law until Sept. 30, 1890.

A deputation of the Russian Kaluga Regiment will be received by Emperor William Saturday. The deputation comes to congratulate the Emperor upon the seventieth anniversary of his becoming honorary commander of the regiment.

The *National Zeitung* says that Count Schouvaloff, the Russian Ambassador, in an intertiew lasting one hour with Prince Bismarck, yesterday expresse the Czar's high appreciation of the Prince's recent speech.

Passed an Excellent Night.

SAN REMO, Feb. 14.—The German Crown Prince passed an excellent night. He sat up three hours yesterday, and will remain up longer to-day. His appetite is good. There are no indications of fever or bronchitis. The Crown Princess devotes her whole time to the invalid and scarcely quits the sick room. Dr. McKenzie at the request of the Crown Prince sent to the Emperor a report of his views of the Prince's condition. The Doctor in this says it is impossible at the present moment to affirm that any other disease exists than chronic inflammation of the larnyx, combined with perichondritis. Dr. MacKenzie will leave San Remo on Wednesday.

Ross Beats Bubear.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—A sculling race between Wallace Ross of America, and Geo. Bubear of England, for the championship of England, a challenge cup, and a stake of 400 pounds, took place yesterday over the Thames course from Putney to Mortlake. Ross had the surrey side of the river and led throughout. At Hammersmith, two miles from the start, he was ten lengths ahead. He then eased up and won by six lenghts.

The Pope Robbed of His Gifts.

ROME, Feb. 14.—The Jesuits have presented to the Pope the sum of forty thousand pounds as the Peter's pence contribution of their order. Various valuables which were presented to the Pope as Jubilee offerings, and which were on exhibition have been stolen from the Vatican. Among the stolen articles are a chalice valued at two thousand pounds, some gold snuff-boxes and several pairs of slippers.

Buried Under Alpine Snow.

VIENNA, Feb. 14.—Two thousand men are still continuing their efforts to rescue the passengers on the mail train on the Arlberg Railway, which was buried by an avalanche. An avalanche swept down upon a cottage built on the side of a mountain and crushed it to pieces. Its occupants, a watchman and his wife, were killed.

Salisbury's Position.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The *Standard* says:—It will do good if all Europe becomes convinced that Lord Salsbury's policy is to support the triple alliance as long as it maintains peace, and that if peace be broken by any outside power, the weight of England will be thrown against the aggressor.

Crofters on the Verge of Starvation.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The Crofters' Commission, in their report to Parliament, say that starvation among the crofters is imminent unless employment can be found for them or the population reduced by emigration.

The British Lose Two Forts.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 14.—Two Cashmere forts on the Yilgit frontier have been captured by trans-frontier tribes. The Government has dispatched troops to the scene from Serinagur.

A RACE OF SAVAGE GULLIVERS.

The Bark Abyssinia is Visited By Giants in the Philippine Islands.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 14.—The officers of the bark Abyssinia, which has just arrived from the Philippine Islands, tell a remarkable story of a visit to the vessel during the voyage of a party of savages of immense size and curious characteristics. When the Abyssinia was sailing along near the island of Xulia Bessey, in latitude 45 deg. 60 min. S., longitude 126 deg. 32 min. E., a white object was discovered fastened to a mast in a small boat. The little craft was permitted to come alongside, and was found that it was manned by three enormous savage giants of an unknown race, who endeavored to talk to the people on the bark by signs, but failed to make their object known.

The three savages were very tall, and their arms were as thick as an ordinary man's leg, upon which the muscles stood out like great cords. Their boat was a dug-out canoe, and their garments consisted of short tar-stained shirts that only reached to their waists. Their bodies and mouths were painted a deep brown. No one on board the bark could make out what they wanted, and after some time spent in fruitless efforts to find out their mission the vessel went on her course.

RIOTS IN ECUADOR.

The Priests in Guayaquil Attacked by Citizens—Several Persons killed.

PANAMA, Feb. 14.—Much excitement has been caused in Guayaquil owing to a Spanish Priest in charge of the bishopic having excommunicated the Judges of the Supreme Court. A mob, in which many of the best known citizens of Guayaquil were prominent, stoned the Bishop's palace. Thence they went to the residence of Dr. Nevia, the legal adviser of the episcopate. On stones being throwd, Dr. Nevia and some friends who were in the house fired on the crowd.

The police also fired at the people. Several persons were killed and wounded before a troop of soldiers appeared and restored order. The Government's action in defending the church party was the cause of the trouble, which, it is believed, will be more serious in its consequences.

On Jan. 24 the populace gutted the residence of the Bishop to the cry of "Death to the priests," although the streets were being patrolled. Quiet was, however, temporarily restored when it became known that an order had been received to hold strict investigation as to who was responsible for the deaths caused by the fire of the police.

MRS. LANGTRY STRIKES IT RICH

A Valuable Mine of Silver Found On Her Property.

CARSON, Nev., Feb. 14.—Some two months ago the contractors in boring an artesian well for Mrs. Langtry, the actress, near the foot of the mountain where the North Carson mine is situated, came on a formation of rock which lay between the clay walls. This formation was so hard that the drill bounded up, and it required seven feet of drilling to penetrate and under the clay wall.

When the debris of the rock came out it attracted the attention of the borers. A few ounces of the rock were taken to the bullion and exchange bank, where it was assayed.

The assay was $510 a ton of rich silver ore. Since then experts have been making examinations, seeking to trace the vein to its croppings and determine the character of the inclosing walls.

Discoveries last week seem to show that the ledge runs all the way from seven feet to 120 feet thick. The excitement over the discovery is now great, tnd it is probable much of ledge runs through Mrs. Langtry's land. She bored for water and struck silver.

The Strikers' Families Evicted.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—Three tenants were evicted yesterday from the house of Mr. Kerbs of Kerbs & Spies in Fifty-fourth street. They were cigarmakers who worked for the firm before the strike began. They were put out because they had not paid their rent. "Any one is at liberty to hire our houses," said Mr. Haas, the manager for the firm, yesterday, "and to remain as long as he pays his rent. These people were put out for the same cause that any other landlord would act. There are lots of our old hands now on strike who remain in the houses, and they will be undisturbed as long as they pay up.

This is not the case with the tenants of Jacoby & Bookman. Mr. Jacoby said some time ago that the tenants had not been asked to pay. "We would not take their money," he said, "if they offered it. We want them out and they have got to go. If they are sick they can go to the hospital."

Smallpox in Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 14.—Ten cases of smallpox were reported here yesterday. Nine of the cases were from the National Hotel, at the corner of Fulton and Orange streets, a cheap lodging house, in which the disease first appeared some weeks ago. Officers were sent to the hotel and the inmates, about twenty in number, were locked in. Inspector Baker discovered that six of them were suffering from the disease. The house and inmates were quarrantined and the place fumigated. It was reported that several of the lodgers at the National Hotel, who were suffering from smallpox, had left it yesterday morning to go to work.

Work of the Fisheries Commission.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 14.—Advices received by the Government here from Sir Charles Tupper state that the Commissioners will complete their labors this week, and that he, Sir Charles, will probably return to Ottawa on Thursday. A member of the cabinet states that an understanding has been reached between the United States and the Canadian Commissioners by which the result of the commission will be communicated to Congress and the Canadian Parliament at the same time, and that until then nothing will be communicated to the public. Parliament meets here on the 23d inst.

Effect of High License.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 14.—The new high license law will reduce the number of legalized liquor saloons in this city from more than 6,000 to 2,500. When the clerks of the court closed the books Saturday there were 3,424 applications on file, and no others can be presented to the court for the ensuing year. Of this number more than one 1,000 applications will either be withdrawn or abandoned, principally because the bondsmen named in the applications cannot qualify under the law.

A Train Thrown from the Track.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., Feb. 14.—A south bound train on the Unionsville and Collinsville branch of the Canal road was thrown from the track near Unionsville this morning through a spreading of the rails. Two cars were rolled down an embankment and two persons fatally injured. Travel was delayed for several hours by the wreck.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE,
Architect,
North avenue, opposite depot.
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
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Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

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Best Six Cord,
For Hand and Machine use. For sale by
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GREAT MARK DOWN SALE
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WINTER GOODS,
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A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT, has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEW-MARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.
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ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.
Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1
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ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

Card of Thanks.
If the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam should publish a card of thanks, containing expressions of gratitude which come to him daily, from those who have been cured of severe throat and lung troubles by the use of Kemp's Balsam, it would fill a fair-sized book. How much better to invite all to call on R. J. Shaw and get a free sample bottle that you may test for yourself its power. Large bottles 50c. and $1.00

ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
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FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD,
DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

J. W. VANSICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5 23-tf

A STRONG APPEAL.

An Illinois Veteran's Experience in Confederate Prisons.

One of the strongest appeals for an increase of pension that has been made to Congress, says the Washington correspondent of the Chicago *News*, comes from J. W. January, of Minonk, Ill., who states his case as follows:

I was born in Clinton County, O., November 29, 1847; emigrated to Illinois in 1852, and located near Henry on a farm. In the spring of 1861 moved to Minonk, Ill., where I have resided since, except while in the army. In the fall of 1862 the Fourteenth Illinois cavalry organized in Peoria and I enlisted in company B; served until captured in Stoneman's raid in July, 1864; upon retreat from Macon I was taken by six Confederate soldiers to Andersonville and there kept until the fall of Atlanta made it necessary for us to be moved to prevent our falling in the hands of the Union forces. I was taken to Charleston, S. C., with others, and placed by the enemy under the fire of our soldiers and gunboats; remained there ten days and was taken to Florence, S. C., where we passed the winter of '64-5, and on or about February 15 I was striken down by an attack of 'swamp' fever, and for three weeks I remained in a delirious condition; the fever abated and reason returned. I soon learned from the surgeon, after a hasty examination, that I was a victim of scurvy and gangrene, and I was removed to the gangrene hospital. My feet and ankles above the joints presented a livid, lifeless appearance, and the flesh began to slough off, and the surgeon, with a brutal oath, said I would soon die. But I was determined to live, and begged him to cut my feet off, telling him if he would that I could live. He still refused, and believing that my life depended on the removal of my feet I secured an old pocket-knife (I have it now in my possession), and, cutting through the decaying flesh and severing the tendons, the feet were unjointed, leaving the bones protruding without a covering of flesh for five inches. (See picture taken three months after released.)

At the close of the war I was taken to our lines at Wilmington, N. C., in April, 1865, and when weighed learned that I had been reduced from 165 pounds (my weight when captured) to forty-five pounds. Every one of the Union surgeons who saw me then said I could not live, but, contrary to this belief, I did and improved. Six weeks after being released, while on a boat en route to New York, the bones of my right limb broke off at the end of the flesh. Six weeks later, while in the hospital on David's island, those of my left had become necrosed and broke off similarly. One year after my release I was just able to sit up in bed, and was discharged. Twelve years after my release my limbs had healed over, and, strange to relate, no amputation had ever been performed upon them save the one I performed in prison. There is no record of any case in the world similar to mine. My theory of the cause is this: While delirious I was so weak that the pulsations of the heart were too feeble to throw the blood to the extremities, and below the point of circulation death took place. My family consists of my aged parents, my wife, three sons, and three daughters, and yours,

J. W. JANUARY.

Mr. January accompanies his petition with two photographs, one of which shows him as he appeared after his release from prison, and the other as he is at present.

SOME FUNNY MISTAKES.

What a Male Dress Reporter Can Do When Pushed to the Wall.

When the male literature creature gets his fine work in on the subject of women's wearing apparel, says a New York writer, it certainly is the most amusing thing he does. It is doubtful if a feminine fashion-writer would make such a mess of a scientific article on parabolic reflectors or variable cut-offs. It was a man struggling with the details of an actress' costume who spoke learnedly of her black "satin" stockings, and called chenille fringe "graceful dangles of marabout." One of these mistaken men recently undertook to describe Mrs. Cleveland. "She wore," he said, "a dark Leghorn hat with plumes of veiling and velvet sitting well up in front." This was a triumph. On the occasion referred to Mrs. Cleveland wore a felt hat. Is it likely that the first lady in the land, and quite a fashionable one, would put on a straw hat the last of November? But what in the name of millinery and the fine arts are "plumes of velvet and veiling?" The lady probably had in her hat the stiff standing loops so much worn at present, and the scribe set them down as plumes. It is a wonder he never thought of calling them foliage. After awhile the hat that fascinated him was fully described, and he proceeded to expatiate on her dress, which was of "dark purple plush, with strips of lace brocade on each arm, and a double strip of the same on the waist." The purple plush is discernible, but the "lace brocade" is a staggerer. The frock was made, according to this expert, "with some degree of bouffantness, and three plaits in front. The sleeves were small and clung closely, but were much smaller where the lace brocade encircled them than at any other point." This is much clearer than ordinary boarding-house coffee. The unsectarian women of this free country have been growling over Mrs. Cleveland's recipe for brown bread, but I would like to see the most skillful analytical-minded modistes in the land tackle a pice of purple plush and undertake to reproduce this costume by the description given of Mrs. Cleveland's dress. A Western newspaper once engaged the services of a noted cook to fill a half column with his best recipes. This is the way he told the ignorant females how to make a Spanish omelet: "Beat the eggs to a high froth, fry some onions in a piece of butter, chop mushrooms and mix with the tomato; soda-cracker crumbs should be used; pepper and salt the mixture well; shake some flour with milk; thoroughly mix, and toss as soon as brown." This was a darling. Let us hope the young man who describes Mrs. Cleveland's dress is a better seamstress than he is a fashion writer, or he will have to mend his socks this cold winter with postage-stamps.

Rattlesnake Neckties.

Mr. A. Judson Cole, who is the manager of one of the large Chicago wholesale houses in the line of gentlemen's furnishings, shows a novel necktie which he has just received from Texas. It is a rattlesnake skin, made up in the form of a four-in-hand tie. The point-rattle is set in the center of the outer fold—to serve the purpose of a tie-pin. As it glistens and shows all sorts of changing colors in the sunlight or gaslight, it makes a very attractive, if not exactly conventional, tie. Mr. Cole says that it was sent to him as a sample, the sender saying that, as the stock of rattlesnakes in his country is inexhaustible, he can supply as many of these strange ties as the Chicago house may want.

Killed by Pancakes.

A Belgian recently made a bet with some of his fellow-countrymen that he would swallow as many dishes of pancakes as they would care to pay for. The bet was accepted and an adjournment to an establishment noted for the superior quality of its pancakes took place. There the Belgian sat down and swallowed pancakes until he choked himself and was carried out a livid corpse.

READING'S SOLID MEN.

Only a Small Portion of the Strikers Return to Their Places.

READING, Pa., Feb. 14.—Yesterday was an anxious day throughout the Schuylkill coal regions. The Reading Company had for days announced that many of the strikers were dissatisfied, and that, in order to prevent more suffering among their wives and children, they were willing to go to work on the terms of the company—that is without the advance.

Yesterday morning the whistles blew for these men to go to work, while heavily armed officers were on hand to guard the workman who should come back, but the result demonstrated the solidity of the strikers.

Brookside colliery was the only company's mine where a serious break in the strikers' ranks occurred. Here nearly a full force of 1,000 men and boys were at work before noon.

At a dozen other collieries which had a few men at work right along there was very little increase in force. All the rest of the fourty-four company collieries were completely shut down. Individual mines are working at the eight per cent. advance.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

The surplus in the United States Treasury amounts to $85,000,000.

There were 197 arrests in New York City last Sunday for violations of the Excise law.

The steamships Moravia and La Gascogne respectively landed at Castle Garden 256 and 211 steerage passengers Monday, making a total of 467.

The canal boat Charles A. Gowan, loaded with coal, sprung a leak and sank at the foot of Thirty-ninth street, North River, New York, Sunday.

County Treasurer Hill, of Penola, Texas, was murdered last Sunday morning, and the safe containing the county money was robbed of about $12,000.

St. Paul, Minn., had a $30,000 fire Monday. The fire originated in the boot and shoe establishment of Foot, Schulz & Co., who are the principal losers.

During the six months Balfour was engaged in coercing Ireland. Nearly one thousand Irishmen have been prosecuted, 540 of whom have been sent to jail.

James Albert, the pedestrian, who won in the six-day go-as-you-please race at Madison Square Garden, New York is now appearing in a Minstrel Show in New York City.

Recent returns give the population of the Russian empire as 10,787,254. European Russia has 81,725,185; the Vistula region 7,960,304; Finland, 2,175,421; the Caucasus, 7,284,546; Siberia, 4,315,684; and Central Asia, 5,327,488.

A verdict for $7,500 was rendered Saturday in Lancaster, Pa., in the suit for damages brought by Anna E. Varnas against the Pennsylvania Telephone Company for the loss of her husband, who was killed by a low-hanging telephone wire.

A thousand women recently met in the Public Hall at Dudley, England, to discuss the affairs of the "Needlework Guild." The Countess of Dudley presided. The report shows that in three counties of which Birmingham is the centre, 18,000 garments were made last year.

On the 3d day of June, 1886, the excess of government revenues over public expenditures, after complying with the annual requirements of the sinking fund act, was $17,859,735.84; during the year ended June 30, 1886, such excess amounted to $64,445,545.20, and during the year ended June 30, 1887, it reached the sum of $55,567,249.54.

The oldest consul of the United States in continuous service is Horatio J. Sprague, who was appointed to the consulate at Gibralter in 1846, forty-one years ago. He seems to be a fixture, but his office is apparently not a sinecure, for his salary is only $1,500 a year, while his expenditure in maintaining the office is $2,000 annually.

An association has been formed among the ladies, of Pittsburg, Pa., with a membership of 200. It is the intention to publish, on April 1, a list of all the shops that keep open after 6 o'clock on Saturday night and each member of the society is bound not to deal with them. Committees are now appointed to visit the different ministers and to get them to take hold of the work.

Dr. David Hostetter, of Pittsburg, who began life in Lancaster, is the most heavily insured man in the United States. The aggregate of the policies held by him is $300,000. The three other most heavily insured men in the United States are Hamilton Disston, of Philadelphia, $400,000; George K. Anderson, of Chicago, $35,000; Pierre Lorillard, of New Jersey, $310,000.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—For New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, fair weather, warmer, followed on Wednesday by colder, light to fresh winds, shifting to westerly.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Money on call to-day per cent.

BONDS.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
3½s.	1891, reg	107	107¼
4½s.	1891, coup	108¼	108¼
4s.	1907, reg	126¼	126
4s.	1907, con	126¼	126¼

STOCK MARKET.

THREE O'CLOCK.—Prices were lower on the stock market this morning, and the afternoon market was quiet and featureless. Bonds remained dull at generally unchanged prices. Sterling exchange advanced ½ cent.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	57	58¼
Central Pacific	30¾	31
Chicago, Bur. & Q	127	126¾
Delaware & Hudson	109¾	109¾
Del. Lack. & West	130½	130
Erie	—	20¾
Erie, pref	—	42¾
Lake Shore	91¾	91
Louis. & Nash	60	59¾
Michigan Central	83¼	82¾
Missouri Pacific	84¾	83¾
New Jersey Central	79¾	79
New York Central & Hud	107½	107
New York & New Eng	37¾	37¼
Northwestern	107¾	107¾
Oregon Navigation	93¾	93¾
Pacific Mail	35¾	35¾
Reading	66	66
Rock Island	112¾	112¾
St. Paul	76¼	75¾
Union Pacific	53¼	53¾
Western Union	78¼	78¾

PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat—Market quiet. No. 1 red, 92½c.a—93c.; xtra red, 91½c.a—c.; No. 2 red, 88½c.a89½c.; in elevator, 89¾ c.a90¼c. delivered; No. 3, 86 c. a—c.; state white, 91c.a92 c.; No. 1 white, 91c.a92 c.

February, 88½c.; March, 89½c.; April, 90 c.; May, 91½c.; June, 91½c.; December, 94c¼.

Corn—Market quiet. No. 2 at 50½c.; in elevator and 61½c. delivered; No. 3, 58 c.a—c.; and steamer, 59½c.a60c, elevator.

February 59¼c.; March, 59¾c.; May, 59¾, June, 59½c.

Oats—Market quiet. No. 1 white, 42 c.; No. 2 white, 40½c.a42¼c.; Nor. 3 white, 39¾c.a41 c.; No. 1 mixed, 40 c.; No. 2mixed, 38 c.a40 c.; No. 3 mixed, 38½c.; rejected, 37 c.; No. 2 Chicago, 41½c.

February, 38 c.; March, 38 c.; May, 38½c.

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market steady. Creamery—Eastern, —c.a—c.; western, 25c.a30c.; Elgin, 30c.a32c.; imitation, 21c.a24c. Dairy—Eastern, half-firkin tubs, 23c.a28c.; eastern, Welsh tubs, 20c.a25c; eastern firkins, 18c.a23c.; eastern dairies, complete, 20c.a25c.; western, 18c.a23c. Factory—Fresh, 20c.a24c.

Cheese—Market steady. Factory—New York, cheddar, 12 c.a12½c.; western, flat, 11¼c.a12 c. Creamery—NewYork, part skims, 5 c.a10 c., skims, 1 c.a1½; state skims, 2 c.a4c.

Eggs—Market steady. Fresh—Eastern firsts, 26c.; southern first, 20c.a23½c.; western firsts, 20c.a21n Limed—Eastern firsts, 13½c.; western firsts 14c. c.a14½c.; Canadian firsts, 13½c.a14c.; imported, 15c.a19c.

FACTS ABOUT COFFEE.

How the Different Kinds Are Graded Upon Their Arrival in New York.

Probably no article of food or drink has grown so rapidly in value within a year or two as coffee, observes a contributor to the Indianapolis *Journal*. The price is getting to be a serious matter, one of the most important to the habitual coffee-drinker, and with your permission I will try to solve the problem of high prices, and at the same time give a condensed history of coffee and the coffee trade, for we are all interested in the fragrant cup that stimulates, refreshes and restores, and at the same time is non-inebriating. The first authentic history of coffee and coffee-houses is found in Macaulay's History of England, Vol. 1, pages 341-2-3-4. It is very good reading, and carries you back to London as it was two hundred years ago. The London coffee-house was the parent of the club, and through the club came the daily press. The pot of coffee that Addison and his friend, Sir Rodger De Coverly, smoked a pipe over at "Squire's," came from one of two countries—Arabia or Java—and from them come our finest grades to-day. At one time, through Turkey, the coffee of Arabia had a great sale, but when the island of Java put forth resources under the stimulating hand of Holland, the foremost coffee of Arabia encountered a rival that has steadily gained pace, and now ranks as high in the markets of the world as Mocha. Next to Java and Mocha stands Maricaibo, a South American coffee, the finer grades much resembling the Java in appearance, and possessing much of the flavor of Java, for which it is often put up in Java mats and sold to the uninitiated. The same thing is done with Ceylon, as it makes a good imitation of Mocha until the consumer is in the same harrowing state of uncertainty that he naturally feels when paying four dollars for a bottle of wine. Does some one ask how can I tell the genuine from the imitation? In the same way only that an expert banker tells a genuine bill from a good counterfeit—by long study and practice. There is a great safeguard, however, in making your purchases of houses that can not be deceived, and will not impose on their customers. Next to Maricaibo and Ceylon, rank Laguayra and the better grades of Santos and Rio, and it is these coffees that are most frequently quoted, and form three-fourths of all the coffee consumed in this country. Turn to the market reports in your daily paper, and you will find the first six quotations reading, "ordinary," "fair," "good," "prime," "choice" and "fancy." In every cargo that comes to this country are found the six varieties, and some more that are too mean to quote or expose for sale to the consumer in their natural, unroasted state. They are trash, and many of them mighty bad trash, too. They are known as roasting grades, and mostly in pound packages go to every store in the land—outside of Indianapolis. There are some good package coffees; if there were not, the package system would go to the wall.

Coffees are graded after they arrive, and are sold and resold many times in the New York Coffee Exchange on margins, the same as wheat, pork and lard in that wicked city, Chicago. This is one reason why you are paying double for coffee than you paid, say two years ago—some have tripled in price. The Coffee Exchange, however, is not entirely the cause. Twenty years ago the consumption of coffee was 184,000,000 pounds in the United States. This, in ten years, was only increased three millon pounds. The tax went on the next year, and the consumption dropped one-half, and less than half in 1863. The same falling off is occurring again. The estimated decrease in consumption for 1887 over 1886 is 60,000 tons; that for 1886 over 1885 nearly as great. No rational dealer will cheapen or lower his quality, but advance with or drop with the market, taking even more pains than ever to hold his trade by holding up the grade.

While on the subject of coffee, let me say a word about the making of coffee, not for the benefit of matrons, but more to help the young housewives. It is a lamentable fact that much good coffee is spoiled in the making; and here is the place to say a word about mixed coffees.

The French are noted for their coffee. They always blend them, and are very careful to have them freshly roasted. The truth is coffee—a good article of coffee—is not fit to drink after being roasted ten days, and every day you shorten this time you add ten per cent. to its value. This, however, only applies to good grades. You can not spoil a poor grade. There are over one hundred and seventy-five patent coffee-pots, all claiming some valuable virtue. A good old-fashioned tin or Brittania coffee-pot, with or without copper bottom, is all you want for a small family. The coffee urn is invaluable for a hotel or restaurant, and all first-class have one or more; but they are expensive, and you do not need one. They are adapted where coffee has to be served from one to two hours. The writer had a small one presented to him, and he keeps it to look at to remember the doner by. The French coffee-pot exists over in France only in name; they use for a small family one like ours, that costs one dollar. Scald the pot out first, and mix for one cup a heaping tablespoonful of ground coffee, with half the white of one egg; mix thoroughly, adding a little water, pour on the freshly boiling water in the proportion of a pint cup full to each tablespoonful of ground coffee, and set it over a slow fire, and allow it to come to a boil naturally in five or six minutes, and then bring it to the table in the same utensil, keeping down the lid and spout-lid, if it has one, until you pour it into the cream and sugar in the cup. These should go into the cup before the coffee. Remember that stale boiled water makes stale coffee. It is related that a young English Lord, sitting down to breakfast in a French cafe, happened to overhear the one opposite order a cup of coffee and a roll with milk.

Being a John Bull, he blurted out that coffee, milk and a roll made a confounded poor breakfast, whereupon the other challenged him. Leaving the table, they exchanged shots, and Mr. Bull was wounded in the arm, and all parties were arrested. After grumblingly paying his fine, he addressed the judge saying: "I still persist that coffee, milk and ——." "Why, so do I," said the judge, bursting with laughter, which was so contagious that all joined in—the principals shook hands and went back to breakfast.

Mexican Hogs.

Mexican hogs, which are a cross between the Spanish and the wild hog of the Mexican mountains, are raised with profit in Mexico, but not in any considerable numbers. They average 175 pounds in weight, and are killed chiefly for their lard, which is worth twenty cents a pound. Fresh pork is worth twelve and one-half cents a pound, but is eaten very little, for most persons can't afford it. It is said that Monterey, which has 50,000, eats only about five hogs a day.

MARRIAGE IN RUSSIA

Curious Customs and Superstitions in the Land of the Czar.

It seems that when a young couple is at first betrothed very orthodox Russians like to have the priest come and bless them by saying a few prayers before the lamp-lit "eikon," or sacred picture, in the room, says a writer in the Chicago *Tribune*. This practice is, however, falling into disuse. Then after a betrothal the accepted one is almost always at the house of the bride. He leaves late and will probably be again at the house by luncheon-time. The parents may find this rather wearisome, but the young people enjoy it, and often, doubtless, wish the parents were not so assidnous in their attentions. The mother has often to understand what is meant by being *de trop*. A Russian artist recently very cleverly delineated this in a picture, called "Two is company, three is none."

In the higher circles, almost immediately after a betrothal, workwomen are hired to make the trousseau. According to an old Russian rule the bridegroom makes his bride a present of a wedding costume as well as of jewelry. The dowry of a Russian maiden will consist of a full wardrobe, household linen, kitchen utensils, silver articles, carpets, curtains, china, furniture and a piano. The latter is said to be indispensable. They do not care for plated articles, but require that every thing shall be of solid silver. People in very moderate circumstances begin early to lay by some thing for the dowry of their daughters. Weddings presents are seldom given by friends. Should a young wife die without leaving any children behind her dowry can be lawfully claimed by her parents. The husband can retain only the bed and the picture with which his deceased wife was ceremonially blessed.

Sometimes young ladies form parties to help the intended bride to make her clothes. It is said to be a popular belief that if any part of the trousseau forming the dowry be unpicked the young couple will pick quarrels when they are tied together.

Bans are generally published, and the fees to the priest are regulated by what the parties can afford. The priest gives a certificate. Marriages are allowed to take place Sundays as well as week days, and are generally at eventide in the church. Much of the finery is hired by the poorer classes, and crowns which are used belong to the church.

The wealthier class provide a large silver waiter, with loaf and massive castle-shaped salt-cellar filled with salt. When it is time to set off to church the father of the bridegroom takes a picture of Christ, purposely provided, and waves it crosswise over his son's head three times; then presents it to him to kiss. He then gives it to the mother, who does the same. Then taking the loaf from the salver he waves it in a similar manner, with the salt-cellar in it but it is not kissed. It is said to be a very bad omen if the salt-cellar should during the ceremony fall to the ground. Nothing is said during this brief ceremony but the words: "In the name of the Father," etc. The son kisses his parents' hands, and they embrace him. As soon as this little domestic ceremony is over the bridegroom sets out for the church. The bride, who has gone through a similar scene, soon arrives, preceded by her "boyarin," who carries the picture in front of her. Where carriages are used the "boyarin," arrayed in "scarlet silk shirt, black velvet full trousers, and high top-boots," goes bareheaded with the bride, keeping his face in the direction in which she is going. The young pair meet at the door and proceed hand-in-hand toward the "naloy." This is a small altar, like a small, low, square reading-desk. It is light, and is rapidly and easily moved from before one picture to another. Carpet is laid down in honor of the young couple, even as it is for the Bishops when they come into church. The choir of male voices begins an anthem which is certainly very powerful and beautiful, although unaccompanied by any instruments. Alas! we never understood more than the words frequently heard: "Gospodi, gospodi, pismiloo," which, we were told, meant: "O Lord, O Lord, have mercy upon us!" The young couple prostrate themselves thrice; then the "royal gates," or doors, in the broad, richly-gilt, picture-paneled altar-screen are thrown open, and the priest in his ornate canonicals appears. He makes the sign of the cross over their heads and then places in their hands two wax tapers ornamented with ribbons. Incense is waved, and the service begins. After two short prayers the priest goes to the altar and brings thence two thick rings of gold which have been worn during the engagement. These had been given to him at the commencement of the service to be laid on the "throne," or high altar. He gives the rings of the young people with certain words. They then exchange rings three times.

Arrived at home, the ceremony of benediction by the parents is again performed, and in similar fashion to that before starting for the church. The superstition connected with the candles that are held during the ceremony is peculiar. They watch which candle burns most rapidly. The one who holds the candle which is lowest at the end of the service is supposed to be the one who will die first. It is a very melancholy idea, and must have a painful effect all through life on those deeply attached.

Before eighteen on the male side and sixteen on the female no marriage can take place; nor can it after eighty for men or sixty for women. A fourth marriage is not permitted. Priests may only marry once. They have to treat their wives kindly to preserve them, as they can not have a second wife. Marriages in secret, without witnesses, are not valid, and no orthodox Russian can marry an unbaptized person.

Not often is any honeymoon taken; the young people settle down at once to enjoy their own home and receive their friends. This is economy and convenience. Russia is generally so uninteresting in its landscape, and the distances are so great, that any young people would have to go far to find a place to please them. We can believe they would say from their hearts "There is no place like home."

Disastrous Effects of a Kiss.

Mrs. Jennie Walker, of Ontario, N. Y., has begun suit against Daniel Elman, one of the most prominent men in that place, for damages to the amount of $3,000, for kissing her on the left cheek last September. She alleges that Elman came into her house on business with her husband, and when the husband went out of the room for a moment he suddenly leaned over and kissed her, whereby she was thrown into nervous prostration, and because of the shock at Elman's hasty act she was physically incapacitated from house-hold duties for several weeks. Elman admits that he kissed her, but he says he has regarded her as his child, and his act was only one of affection for her. He will defend the suit until the very last.

Central Railroad of New Jersey.

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44 a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.36, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.15, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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8-2-tf

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THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

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W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—Lent has begun.

—Our readers will notice some matters in this issue that were crowded over from yesterday.

—Those of our advertisers on the last page, whose advertisements do not appear today, will bear with us on account of a pied form.

—The Quarterly Meeting of the Society of Friends will convene in the Peace street meeting house to-morrow, (Thursday) morning, at 11 o'clock.

—The regular weekly prayer meeting will be held in the lecture room of Trinity Ref. church tonight. Strangers and others will receive a cordial welcome. Service begins at 8 o'clock.

—There was another decided change in the weather this morning. Between midnight and dawn the mercury dropped many degrees, and today we are again experiencing regular Winter weather.

—Those along the line of march of the Knights of Pythias can procure colored fire for illumination of Mr. W. R. Mattox, 51 Park avenue, who has been engaged by the Committee to furnish it for the procession.

—The Knights of Perseverance Lodge are requested to meet in their rooms, Thursday evening, at eight o'clock, and march from there to Reform Hall where the public reception will be tendered the Grand Lodge.

—The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society held its monthly meeting in the parlors of the First Presbyterian church, yesterday afternoon. Letters were read from Missionaries in China and Japan, and the Jubilee offerings amounted to over two hundred dollars.

—The debate on the tariff question Protection vs. Free Trade will take place in the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. The talent represented on each side bids fair to make the consideration of the subject both interesting and profitable. Admission free to men.

—Miss Clara Louise Kellogg went to Europe this Summer to order half a dozen new soiree dresses of Worth's, which undoubtedly will be seen at her forthcoming visit here. Our fair sex will thus have an opportunity of seeing the latest Parisian fashions, Tuesday evening of next week.

—The congregation of the First Presbyterian church are anticipating a Scotch Sociable to be given in their church parlors, Friday evening of this week, by the Young People's Society of the church. An interesting programme consisting of music, recitations and tableaux. A light tea will also be served.

Improvements and Adornments of the Seventh Day Church.

Between one and two thousand dollars have been expended in the renovating and redecorating of the Seventh Day Baptist church. Black walnut has been replaced with mahogany, and the walls have been warmly treated with soft papers of sponge-fibre, the latest style of decorative covering. This and more has been all completed in time for the wedding of Miss Lewis, the pastor's eldest daughter, this evening, and the church anniversary of the 18th and 19th insts.

But Who Are the "Rich"?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE PRESS:—Is Lent a farce in the Episcopal church? I find that the hours of service at the churches during the penitential season, are 11 a. m, and 4 p. m. How can the workingman be there at these hours? "Is Lent for the rich, and a time of musk and lavender, instead of sackcloth and ashes?"

EPISCOPALIAN.

An Informal Sociable.

Quite a number of young people were present at an informal reception given by Mr. Wm. O. Worth, of Grove street, to his friends, on Monday evening. There were dancing, refreshments and general enjoyment from eight o'clock until after midnight.

A MARDI GRAS BAL-MASQUE.

Society's Last Disappation Before Lent.

Probably no affair in the higher circles of the city's society, ever equalled in elegance and glitter the masquerade ball given last evening at the residence of F. O. Herring, Esq. Mrs. Herring and Mrs. Howard Fleming were the hostesses, and their invited guests included the *elite* of this and surrounding cities.

The entire lower floor of the house was thrown open for the purpose of promenading and dancing, and the supper was served in the rooms above at 11:30 by Pinard of New York. A lower balcony was enclosed and decorated, in which was stationed Lander's orchestra. All the rooms were profusely adorned with masses of tropical plants and banks of flowers. From 8:30 p. m., until two o'clock of the next morning the gayety was kept up. Masks were removed at eleven o'clock, after which there was no dancing.

Among those present were noticeable, Mrs. F. O. Herring and Mrs. Howard Fleming in elegant court-costumes; Mrs. C. H. Davis, Mrs. George Wharton Edwards and Miss Martine as quakeresses; Mrs. Gen'l Wm. H. Sterling as "Mother Goose"; Mrs. Dr. Murray as a pack of cards; Mrs. H. G. Runkle as Queen Elizabeth; Mrs. Charles E. Brooks as "Morning"; Mrs. Charles I. Ames as "Night"; Mrs. Fred. F. Beals as a "Snow Queen"; Mrs. Charles D. Wadsworth as "Night"; Miss Waring as a Normandy peasant; Mrs. A. D. Shepard, Mrs. Rowland Cox and Mrs. Dr. Endicott in court costume; Miss Hargerber as "Night;" and among others in fancy costumes and evening dress with masks, were Mrs. Edgerton, Mrs. A. C. Baldwin, Mrs. Rockhill Potts, Mrs. Eph. Miller, Mrs. D. W. C. Ivins, Mrs. C. L. Hyde, Mrs. Harberger, Mrs. J. L. Anderson, Mrs. J. E. Tracy, Mrs. H. Opdyke, Mrs. J. J. Poillon, Mrs. Talmage, Mrs. Worthington, Mrs. E. H. Depew, Mrs. Wm. B. Ostrom, Mrs. E. L. Finch, and the Misses Shepard, Kaufman, Miller, Tracy, Opdyke, Depew, Fehrman and Howard.

Of the gentlemen present, Mr. F. O. Herring was a typical Indian, and carried out to perfection the character: while Mr. Howard Fleming was a capital *Mephistopheles*. Other costumes were worn by Dr. C. M. Field as Trappist monk; Gen'l Wm. H. Sterling as a Capuchin; Gen'l D. T. Van Buren in officer's dress; and Messrs. E. B. Clark as "Old Probabilities;" Robert Huntsman as an Oxonian; H. G. Runkle in Greek costume; Charles Opdyke as a Mexican ranchero; A. D. Shepard in magnificent court dress; C. H. Davis and C. E. Brooks as clowns; J. J. H. Poillon as an immense sun-flower; Wm. L. Patton as a Swiss rifleman; O. T. Waring as a Huzzar; Dr. G. W. Endicott in court dress; and Messrs. J. E. Tracy, J. L. Anderson, H. B. Opdyke, of this city and others of New York in a variety of uniforms and fancy dresses.

Paoli, the "Eye-talian," Gets Left.

THE PRESS yesterday chronicled the conviction of Lorenzo Paoli for violation of the city Sunday law and his commitment to the County Jail. This morning an effort was made to secure Paoli's release on bail. In some way Prosecutor Wilson was misled as to the true condition of affairs, and at the opening of Court at Elizabeth, he moved that the Court admit Paoli to bail as a responsible party was ready to give bonds. He stated that Paoli stood charged with Sunday selling. The Court upon that statement fixed the bail at five hundred dollars.

Before anything further could be done, Craig A. Marsh, Esq., on behalf of the city opposed the admission of Paoli to bail on the ground that the prisoner had been regularly convicted and sentenced by the City Court of Plainfield. He maintained that this was a final judgment, and further insisted that it was not appealable. Mr. Wilson said that he had understood that Paloi was merely held to await the action of the Grand Jury. The record showed that Mr. Marsh was right and Paoli went back to jail.

Chess Club Officers Elected.

A regular meeting for the election of the Plainfield Chess Club was held in Messrs. Suydam & Stillman's office last evening, with Gen. Eli Long in the chair. Officers were elected as follows: President, Geo. P. Suydam; Treasurer, R. B. Keys, formerly President of the Newark Chess Club; Secretary, Clarence Murphy. An executive committee, consisting of the three officers and two additional members was also elected. The Club adopted a constitution and by-laws, after which adjournment was made.

To-Morrow Night at Reform Hall.

The entertainment to-morrow night at Reform Hall promises to be unusually fine. The reader, Mr. Schermerhorn of Philadelphia, is a professional reader and is highly spoken of. The musicians are all fine singers, and one among their number was offered $1,000 per year for her services. Entertainment begins at 7.30. Admission free.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Ex-Chief of Police Dodd, now Warden of the County Jail, was in the city yesterday.

Miss Lottie Zimmerman of North Plainfield will leave home on Saturday for a four months visit with relatives in Baltimore.

The ten-months-old and only son of Mr. Samuel Lockwood of Somerset street, died last evening from inflammation of the bowels.

There arrived in North Plainfield about ten o'clock today, a stranger in the person of a young son to Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Martin. The little fellow weighs ten pounds, and has come to stay.

Plainfield avenue furnished its quota toward increasing the city's population at eleven o'clock this forenoon, when a bouncing baby boy made his appearance in the household of Mr. Max Newman of that thoroughfare. Weight steen pounds.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Peck of West Front street gave a "neighborhood party," last evening, at which were brought together in an informal way the families residing in the vicinity. The host and hostess were successful in their every effort to please.

One hundred members and guests of the Lincoln Association of Jersey City, sat down to the twenty-second dinner of that organization at Taylor's Hotel, in that city on Monday evening. The Jersey City *Argus* includes Hon. Elias R. Pope of this city among the guests.

A Serious Runaway.

Mr. Michael Weber and family of East Third street, in company with some friends, drove to Feltville on Monday afternoon, ostensibly to visit a sick man named Sneider. The horse and sleigh was left standing in front of the house, when the animal suddenly became frightened and ran away. When descending the steep incline leading to Scotch Plains, the horse collided with a barbed wire fence in front of land owned by Mr. Warren Ackerman, terribly lacerating the flesh on the animal's stomach. Mr. John Spencer sewed up and dressed the wounds, but the horse will probably be rendered valueless by the accident. Mr. Weber values the animal at $200, and has engaged Counsel to bring suit for the recovery of that amount. The sleigh was completely demolished.

Lent Begins Today.

The season of Lent commences today, and continues until the evening before Easter, comprising forty days, exclusive of all Sundays which will fall within that period as all Sundays are fast days and therefore cannot be a part of Lent. The season of Lent is one of fasting, humiliation and prayer. It is kept in commemoration of the total abstinence of Jesus Christ from all manner of food for forty days during his temptation by the devil in the wilderness. The pious members of the church who most rigorously keep it will abstain during the season from all worldly amusements, observe the rules prescribed by the head of the church, and conform so far as they can to the life of Him who when on earth endured the temptations of the evil one, and conquered through the power of his divinity.

Invitation of the Y. M. C. A.

An invitation has been extended to the Y. M. C. A., of this city from the Harlem Branch of the New York Y. M. C. A. to attend the sessions of the convention of the State beginning Thursday of this week at 2:30 p. m., and closing Sunday evening, Feb. 19.

All sessions of the Convention will be held in the Pilgrim Congregational church Madison ave. and 121st street, except Thursday evening, which will be held at Sulzer's Hall, 2nd ave. and 127th street; and Saturday evening, which will be held in the Brooklyn Association building. There is a prospect of a good representation from this city.

Decorate To-Morrow.

The merchants and those dwelling along the line of North avenue, Park avenue and Front streets, from the station to Music Hall, would show their courtesy to the visitors, and pay Knights of Pythias of this city a deserved compliment, by decorating their store and dwelling fronts, during to-morrow.

The 20th Annual Session of the Grand Lodge of New Jersey is held in this city during to-morrow and Friday. Plainfield should therefore make an effort to produce a good impression. If that is accomplished the Knights will praise this city afar, and be anxious to come again.

Uniformed Rank K. of P. Election.

The annual election of officers of Uniformed Rank K. of P. of this city was held in Perseverence Lodge room Monday evening, and resulted as follows: S. K. C., Geo. Polhemus (re-elected); S. K. L., John VanDyke; S. K. H., E. V. Lorton; S. K. T., Jos. M. Hawkins (re-elected); S. K. R., S. J. Robinson; S. K. G., G. Van Nest; S. K. S., M. Turton; Installing officer, F. Hossinger. There was a full attendance of the Knights.

ALL ON ACCOUNT OF ELIZA.

Five Fierce Rounds Fought in a Private Parlor to Settle a Dispute Over a Female—Only Ten Persons Witness the Mill, Which Ends in a Draw—To be Continued.

A rattling prize fight, in which five fierce and bloody rounds were fought, took place in a private parlor on East Front street, yesterday afternoon. Only ten persons, besides the referee and seconds, were allowed to witness the "mill." The names of the participants of the affair we are requested to withhold in consideration of their respectable connections. It appears that the two young men, aged respectively 19 and 21 years, have been clandestinely meeting a young woman, each one paying her attention unbeknown to the other. The climax was reached a few days ago, when the two men met and decided to settle the matter in the ring. Accordingly the match was arranged for yesterday afternoon and the spectators were limited to ten. The conditions were five three-minute rounds, with one-minute rest, Marquis of Queensbury rules, with five-ounce gloves, the defeated pugilist to stand the expense of a banquet at a subsequent date. A well known sport about town was selected as referee. There was considerable difference in the weight and statue of the two men, one of them being tall and weighing about 145 pounds, while his antagonist was short and weighed 120 pounds. The first knock-down was recorded in the second round, and first blood was claimed in the third. Both men received hard treatment, and at the end of the fifth round the referee decided the match a draw. The termination of the contest was not agreeable to either of the participants, and it was decided to fight the matter out at a future date.

A STEP TOWARDS PROHIBITION.

The New Law That Both Republicans and Democrats Will Support.

The proposed local-option bill for New Jersey, as printed in full in THE PRESS, has been withdrawn, and yesterday the Judiciary Committee of the House of Legislature introduced a substitute for it which will undoubtedly pass. The new bill combines both high-license and local-option provisos.

The bill provides that in places of less than 3,000 population the license fee shall be not less than $100. In places having a population between 3,000 and 10,000 the fee shall not be less than $150, and in cities and towns having population of over 10,000 the fee shall not be less than $250, and no license shall be granted for a period longer than one year.

The act prohibits selling on Sunday and to minors. For the first offense sellers are to be disqualified from receiving a license for a year, and upon the second offense to be disqualified forever.

The bill provides further that upon application by a petition signed by one-tenth of the legal voters of any county, the presiding Judge of that county shall within forty days order a special election to determine whether or not any liquor shall be sold within the limits of the county.

If it is determined that no liquors shall be sold, the sale will be a misdemeanor for the first offense, and the penalty prescribed is $200 or six months' imprisonment, and for any subsequent offense a fine not exceeding $500 or imprisonment in State Prison for one year. A special election to determine the question of selling can be held only once in three years.

DR. TALMAGE'S FREE (?) GOSPEL.

How Pretended Reports of His Sermons Are Published by Irresponsible Papers.

The sixth of Dr. Talmage's sermons to the women, is given in full on the fourth page of THE PRESS today. For almost a year, now, THE PRESS has given its readers accurate reports of not only the Sunday morning sermons preached in the Brooklyn Tabernacle, but those preached at the resort where Dr. Talmage spent his Summer vacation. The custom of printing them on Wednesday insures their being correct reports of what the Doctor said, and not what he expected to say.

Treading in THE PRESS' footsteps of months before, the Plainfield *Evening* —— a week or two ago started in to print the same sermons—not as they were delivered, but as they were sold in advance by Dr. Talmage to a New York company that peddled them cheap all over the country.

As a result of such methods the public is deceived by pretended reports of these sermons. Proof that they are not reports was furnished by the *Evening* —— of Saturday. It inserted the pretended sermon of the Sunday to come, by mistake.

—A meeting of young men interested in base ball and other Summer sports, will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening at *nine* o'clock.

Installation Services.

The installation of Rev. F. Koechli as pastor of the new German Reformed church in North Plainfield will take place this evening, and will be participated in by the Rev. Drs. Waters and Veshlage and the Rev. Messrs. Schenck and Girtanner. The sermon will be in German and the charge to the pastor and congregation in English.

At the dedication services on Sunday morning an appropriate addition to the celebration was the music by the choir, led by Prof. Hasselman. The beautiful display of flowers, so much admired, was arranged by Mr. P. Doeringer. Donations of flowers were made by the following persons: Vases of tulips, etc., by Miss E. Schipper; a sickle of roses by Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Voehl; potted plants, partly by Mrs. V. Utzinger, and the remainder by Mr. Chas. McCutchen. As THE PRESS stated on Monday, the total collections on Sunday amounted to $316, divided up as follows: In the morning, $78; in the afternoon, $226, and in the evening, $12. At the morning service Rev. Mr. Freund preached in German from the 50th psalm—"Out of Zion, the perfection of beauty, God has shined." In part he said: "What the sun is to the natural world, so is the word of God and the blessings of the influence of the preaching of the Gospel and the services in the house of God to the human spiritual world, light and life. Close the churches and you will very soon see where you are coming too. What philosophy and art of the illustrious Greeks, or power and laws of Rome failed to do, the Gospel of Christ did; it saved and renewed the world." In the evening the pastor spoke on the word "Eben-Ezer," showing that Samuel erected a stone as a monument of remembrance, of thanks and of hope for the future. The pastor applied the words to the new church. Rev. Drs. Lewis and Oerter each made an appropriate address.

An Upset on Washington Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Evan Jones, proprietors of the Park House had a narrow escape from probable fatal injury on Washington street about six o'clock last evening. They were seated in a phæton driving along Cottage Place, and just as the horse turned into Washington street, a passing train frightened the animal, which resulted in upsetting the vehicle. Mr. Jones held firmly to the reins and was dragged fully 100 feet. Mrs. Jones was thrown out, and regaining her feet ran some distance, catching the horse by the head, finally succeeding in bringing him to a halt. Mr. Jones was extricated from the wreck, but sustained, fortunately, only a few slight bruises about the shoulders. His wife, however, received a severe cut on the temple. Dr. Probasco, the attending physician, does not consider the wounds dangerous. Mrs. Jones has been confined to the house all Winter by illness, and yesterday she rode out for the first time.

WESTFIELD WISPS.

Arcanum Hall was filled with people on Thursday evening, the occasion being Aunt Polly Bassitt's singing school.

David Crouch, aged 61, for many years residing on Central avenue, died Sunday at 10:30 a. m., after a short illness. He leaves a widow and three children—two daughters, and a son who was engaged with his father in the grocery business. The funeral will be held on Tuesday at the late residence of the deceased.

The funeral of John Van Boeskerck, eldest son of George W. Van Boeskerck, residing on Park street, took place Saturday from the Episcopal church followed by interment at Fairview Cemetery. The deceased was in Florida traveling for his health. At the time of his decease he was at Hank's Park, about 200 miles below Jacksonville. Undertaker Connoly started on Thursday, Feb. 2, and arrived home with the body on last Thursday evening. The deceased was a brother of Mrs. William Bloodgood, Jr., of Plainfield.

Our Township officials have made up their annual report for the years 1887 and 1888. It is in the hands of the printers, and is to be issued in pamphlet form so that every one of our taxpayers can see how and in what manner their taxes have been expended. It shows a good financial condition—all debts having been paid that have been presented against the Township. It also shows that our collector has succeeded in collecting the taxes up closer than they have been for a number of years, leaving but a small balance of unpaid taxes and most of those on real estate.

A Social by the Y's.

The second of the "Y's" impromptu social receptions at their rooms on East Front street, was held last evening. The attendance was large, and a most pleasing affair was the result. Solos by Miss Laura Baker, recitations by Miss Madge Sutphen, and instrumental music by Mr. Wallace Serrell, were thoroughly enjoyed. Coffee and cake were served during the evening, and the reception was over at about 10:30.

ON THE RACK.

One of Mayor Male's Delinquent Tenants Compelled to Testify as to His Personal Receipts and Disbursements.

A gentleman of family, resident of this city, was subjected to a searching examination, yesterday morning, at the hands of Craig A. Marsh, Esq., counsel for the Hon. Job Male. The examination was had before Wm. M. Stillman, Esq., Supreme Court Commissioner, by order of Judge VanSyckel of the Supreme Court, and was for the purpose of discovering whether the defendant owned any property from which Mr. Male could compel payment of a judgment for rent. Mr. John H. Jackson appeared for the delinquent tenant.

The latter was compelled to state how he made his living, how much he had made during the last two years, what he had done with his money, etc., in great detail. He was compelled to admit that in addition to about $2,500 which he had earned, he had borrowed from different parties about $1,000 more, and owed Mr. Male about $800 for rent and borrowed money; that he owed various merchants in Plainfield, including several bills for liquor and cigars. He testified to the extent he indulged in liquor and cigars, and admitted that his course in using his means and borrowing money and running in debt for such indulgences, and leaving unpaid the debts owing for the roof that sheltered his family, was, as counsel suggested, dishonorable.

The examination disclosed that witness was negotiating an important matter which, if consummated, would turn him in several thousand dollars. At counsel's request he made an assignment of his prospective interests in these moneys to secure Mr. Male, and made oath to faithfully perform this agreement.

Mr. John M. Crane and Mr. F. C. Green testified—the former to the effect that the debtor when he first came to Plainfield told witness of having just earned $1,800 by insuring Thomas A. Edison, and that part of this money was used to buy furniture, but that it was bought in his wife's name. Mr. Green testified having sued delinquent for furniture sold to him. The further examination was adjourned to Friday next, when the delinquent is required to submit a statement of all his earnings and expenses since April, 1886, and also a list of goods bought by his wife with the money given her by him.

WESTFIELD'S FIRE DEPARTMENT OFFICERS.

Result of the Annual Election of Last Evening—A Tie Vote for Chief.

The following is the result of the annual election for Chief, First and Second Assistants, held at the engine houses, Westfield, last evening:

FOR CHIEF.

F. R. Pennington received 18 votes from Empire Engine Co.; 13 votes from the Hook and Ladder Co.; 9 votes from the Bucket and Engine Co. Total votes received, 40.

William S. Welch received 29 votes from Bucket and Engine Co.; 1 vote from Empire Engine Co.; 10 votes from the Hook and Ladder Co. Total votes received, 40. No election, both men receiving a like vote.

FOR FIRST ASSISTANT.

A. J. Miller received 35 votes from Bucket and Engine Co.; 15 votes from the Hook and Ladder Co. Total votes received, 50.

Joseph Perry received 19 votes from Empire Engine Co.; 3 votes from Bucket and Engine Co.; 7 votes from the Hook and Ladder Co. Total votes received, 29. A. J. Miller elected.

FOR SECOND ASSISTANT.

A. B. Smith received 35 votes from the Bucket and Engine Co.; 13 votes from the Hook and Ladder Co. Total votes received, 48.

Eb. Hart received 19 votes from Empire Engine Co.; 8 votes from the Hook and Ladder Co.; 5 votes from the Bucket and Engine Co. Total votes received, 32. A. B. Smith elected.

Xcitably Xpressive.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE PRESS:—Xcuse me for again xercizing the privilege of xpressing my extreme disgust at the not at all xtraordinary xibition of xecrable X's. Is it not enough to xcite and xasperate the most xultant? Another yes has xpired and they had all the time in which to xpend their unxhausted energies in learning to write their names. How xceedingly ungrateful, too, in those saloon keepers who can write, not to teach those poor x's and save them from xposure. It is to be hoped that this year they will xamine into the xisting state of affairs and be honorable enough to xchange civilities. Can it be possible that women are willing to put themselves on level with these, and help crush out the brightness from the lives of so many of their own sex. Shame on them.

THE XCEEDINGLY XASPERATED WOMAN.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS

MODUS OPERANDI OF THE NATION'S REPRESENTATIVES.

Reception at the White House—Prospects of the Blair Bill To-day—The Inefficient Mail Service—Gen. Hiscock's Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The reception given to the public last evening to the public by the President and his wife more than crowded the White House. The big East Room was the chief attraction. The beautiful corridor afforded opportunity for the promenade on to the open and brightly lighted conservatory.

The President and Mrs. Cleveland were assisted by four ladies of the Cabinet circle—Miss Bayard, Mrs. Fairchild, Mrs. Whitney and Mrs. Dickinson. Their toilets were elegant. Mrs. Cleveland's gown was red plush with trimmings of gold braid. Miss Bayard's gown was white satin and lace. Mrs. Fairchild wore white brocade, Mrs. Whitney wore silver brocade, and Mrs. Dickinson's gown was gray velvet with steel trimmings. The rich gowns and fine jewels were effective.

Col. Wilson introduced the visitors, and the President's welcome from first to last was most cordial. The line at 10 o'clock extended down through the grounds to the street outside.

Mr. Cleveland looked unusually well, and of course quite charmed the strangers. The one drawback to their satisfaction was the necessary haste, preventing people from seeing the President's wife with a fair and square look.

It was a great mixture of evening toilets and street costumes, women with bonnets and women without, but the crowd was exceedingly quiet, and no better mannered company perhaps ever filled the state parlors.

The Cabinet officers were in the Blue Room, and Representative and Mrs. Boutelle, Senator Ingalls's wife, Mrs. and Mrs. David Dudley Field, Mrs. Hicks-Lord, Mrs. Wilson, Col. and Mrs. Lamont were among others there.

Mrs. Hicks-Lord attracted much attention by her great display of diamonds, rubies, and her other magnificent jewels worn in much profusion on the waist of her black and white brocade gown and as ornaments in her hair.

The handshaking went rapidly on for the two hours from 9 to 11 o'clock, and then extra time was given to allow all to get in. It was 11 before the doors were closed.

Senator Jones's wife gave a very handsome 4 to 7 tea yesterday. It was a very gay and large company. There was sweet music in the exclsively old-time airs by an orchestra in the broad hall, the old fashioned music not often heard nowadays at fashionable teas. Mrs. Jones received in a gown of white crepe and pale blue plush; diamond ornaments and a large bouquet of white lilacs and English violets completed this effective toilet. Among her assistants were Miss Gorham, Miss Van Buren, Miss Ives, Miss Sherman, Miss Butterfield, and Miss Condit Smith. They wore gowns of white and light tints with lace. Senator Jones joined his wife at five o'clock.

To-day a vote will be taken in the Senate on the passage of the Blair Educational bill. It will be quickly put out of the way, and regular business will then be resumed. Senator Hale will make a short speech in opposition to the measure. The bill will pass the Senate, but will receive nearly a dozen less votes than it got last year. Senator Hawley made a prepared speech in opposition to the bill. He asserted that the bill is entirely unconstitutional. The Connecticut Senator's States' rights argument yesterday will be remembered by his political opponents. Mr. Hawley takes the ground that the General Goverment can assume control of affairs of the several States only so far as the Constitution plainly gives them power. To educate the people of a State is, in Mr. Hawley's opinion, not a subject of Federal control, and he therefore opposes the bill. It is interesting and amusing to listen to Senator Hawley speak. He is more rapid in his utterances even than Senator Plumb, and several times yesterday his brother Senators laughed at the terrific outpour of words. The Senate stenographer had trouble to keep up with him, and it was estimated that in several passages he spoke at the rate of three hundred words a minute.

Mr. Platt said that the trouble was not confined to the west, and that scarcely a day passed without his receiving letters from Connecticut making similar complaints. He read a letter from a publishing house in Norwalk, speaking of "the apparent disorganization of the whole postal system of the country," and ascribing it to the removal of experienced postal route agents.

Mr. Reagan said that if the complaints which were sent to Senators were sent to the Postoffice Deparment they would be investigated and correctives applied. He challenged a comparison of the department under the present administration with the same department in any previous period, and he asserted his belief that the attack was owing to the success of the administration and to the contrast which it offered in the way of success and economy to its Republican predecessors.

The new Texas representative, Martin, known here popularly as the man who blew the gas out, has made his maiden speech in the House. Farmer Hatch, of Missouri, wanted to increase the number of the new batch of cattle reports ordered by the Senate. Col. Martin, who is one of the biggest ranchers in the Lone Star State, made a break to help Hatch, but he did not address the Chair at all. He simply stood up in his seat, leaned way ever forward, and talked spasmodically for three minutes. The House was in such a hubbub that all that could be heard in the galleries was an occasional mention of cow. The great thing about the speech was Martin's gestures. He stuck his hand frantically forward into the air with each finger clawing itself wide apart from the others, all in spite of the Speaker's gavel. When he sat down he got a round of cheers from his colleagues. He retired to the settee exhausted.

SENATOR Hiscock introduced a bill yesterday providing that all volunteer officers of the late war who are placed on the pension rolls shall be entitled to a pension at a rate per month equal to two-thirds of the full pay of the highest grade or rank such officers held by commission in the army during the late war. It is provided, however, that no pensioned volunteer officer under the age of sixty-four shall be a beneficiary under the act.

Mr. Collins was yesterday instructed by the House Judiciary Committee to report favorably and without amendment the joint resolution which passed the Senate proposing a constitutional amendment to substitute the 30th of April for the 4th of March hereafter as the commencement and termination of the official terms of President, Vice-President, and Congressmen.

A MOST CRUEL EVICTION

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-FOUR FAMILIES IN THE COLD.

Jacoby & Bookman's Iron Hand—Evicting the Strikers'—Children Clinging to Their Mothers—The Scenes.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—One hundred and sixty-four peaceful, striking cigar-makers and their families were evicted from the premises Nos. 336 to 340 East Thirty-eighth street yesterday by order of manufacturers, Jacoby & Bookman. The eviction was to have taken place at 9 a. m., but Marshal Fowler did not reach the scene until 11:30. His appearance with his aids was greeted with a howl of derision from the crowd of nearly two thousand people that had gathered about the place. Captain Ryan was on hand with twelve stalwart policemen, armed with night clubs, to enforce the law, but, happily, there was no need of their services, as no resistence was made by the tenants.

The first on the list was the family of Louis Chermak. Four shivering and frightened children clung to their mother's skirts while another was clasped in her arms. In a few moments the little stock of household goods was out in the street, piled up in the mud. When an old, gray-haired woman appeared in the doorway, laden with bundles, cheers greeted her. She smiled faintly as she was led away by sympathizing friends, and the work of eviction went on. A little excitement was caused by a package enveloped in an American flag being flung on the sidewalk, but it was soon quelled.

One of the humorous scenes of the eviction was the carrying out of a hot stove from No. 336. The bailiffs looked as though they thought it was loaded by the gingerly manner in which they handled it. The work continued until all but two families were removed. These were allowed to remain owing to extreme illness.

German street bands enlivened the depressed strikers, and one band that stood opposite the office of Jacoby & Bookman played the Dead March until ordered by the police to desist. Josef Masin, the proprietor of the hall where the evicted tenants took refuge, served them with dinner free of charge.

Crowds of tired-looking men, haggard women and crying children stood guard in the street over their scanty effects.

A number of the employes of Brown & Earle, whose factory is opposite, quit work to render assistance and protect the effects of the evicted tenants. On all sides words of comfort and encouragement for the strikers could be heard, while words of severe censure and angry mutterings passed from mouth to mouth of the uneasy mass of people.

Partner Bookman stood on the steps of his office and viewed with much satisfied interest the successful progress of the evictions.

When questioned as to his feelings in the matter he brusquely replied:

"I have nothing to say. They are out and we are satisfied, and that settles it."

The strike committee gave each striker $4 and will see that those evicted do not suffer. This is a complete list of the evicted families:

From No. 336—Chermak, Guardel, Eginka, Viastrick, Gumarck, Machina, Bichary, Fery, Duffek. No. 338—Wavenka, Sauer, Wonachek, Machin, Wolf, Kippenhan, Wozachek, Tiska, Pavelka. No. 340—Kabellek, Chicing, Bilek, Cihlar, Johreka. They are Bohemians and do not belong to the union, though they have the sympathy and support of the latter in their fight.

The work of carrying out household property of the twenty-two families occupied about six hours. About 5:30 Captain Ryan withdrew his men, after first shaking hands with the members of the firm. During this ceremony the crowd hooted and groaned. Before dark the evicted families had removed all their household goods into new quarters and nothing remained to indicate that a wholesale eviction had taken place.

The only disturbance was an attack made by Mr. Jacoby, Jr., upon a striker named Ablynsky who went into the office of the firm to act as interpreter for a Bohemian woman who wanted to secure the return of $2 which she had deposited with the firm as security for the return of the keys to her aparments, Ablynsky was ordered to leave, and as he did not go fast enough to suit young Jacoby the latter tried to throw him down the steps. A policeman separated them.

The strike committee of the Cigarmakers' International Union were on hand early, and by their advice and influence prevented any outbreak. They had secured the services of a photographer, and when the furniture was piled up in the street photographs of the scene were taken. The policemen objected to the placing of the camera on the street, so the enterprising photographer was obliged to retire to an alley where he succeeded in getting a pretty good focus on the scene.

These photographs will be supplied to the various branches of the Cigarmakers' Union throughout the country to show how striking cigarmakers in New York are treated. The most intense feeling against the evicting firm prevails among the various labor organizations throughout this city.

Although the strikers have left the firm's tenements, this fact will not prevent them from making it decidedly unpleasant for any non-unionists who may attempt to take their places. The pickets will continue to guard the approach to the factory, and the efforts to prevent non-union men from taking the strikers' places will be redoubled.

They May Ask an Advance of Wages

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 15.—The Miners' and Laborers' Amalgamated Association of this county will meet at Plains on Saturday next, to take action in regard to the demand of 15 per cent. advance asked for by Districs Assembly 16. A prominent member of the Amalgamated Association thinks that they will co-operate with District 16 in its efforts to obtain the advance.

Big Iron Furnaces at Duluth.

DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 15.—Engineers began yesterday to lay out grounds for the Union Iron company at West Duluth where extensive blast furnaces, rolling and rail mills will be built. The company is composed of local capitalists and parties from Chicago, Philadelphia and Boston and will have a capital of $1,000,000. The works will occupy eighty-five acres.

Cincinnati's Big Shoe Strike.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 15.—The conditions in the shoe strike are still unsettled, and much trouble is likely to result yet. The contest is now between the national assembly and the local District Assembly No. 48.

Warning the Napoleons.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—Paul Cassagnac has written an urgent letter to Prince Napoleon requesting him to influence his son Louis to give up his position in the Italian army, alleging as a reason therefor that it is being organized against France.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 10, 1887.

Adams, Mrs Dr	Madden, Thomas
Carpenter, Firmon	Meads, Bettie
Clapp, Mrs Adoline	Packard, C J Mrs
Cairus, Mrs Katie	Payne, Abraham Mrs
Dunham, A W	Phelan, Bridget Mrs [2]
Dunbar, Wallace	Randolph, Caroline F
Delille, Madamoselle	Reif, Andro
Farlee, Robert	Reed, N B Miss
Harvey, Eugene	Seibert, Geo C Dr Rev
Hanna, Geo.	Sawer, Marie Mrs
Holmes, Rosa	Smalley, Sophia Mrs
Harris, A A	Salters, Francis H
Klein, A Mrs.	Townley, Annie Miss
Kippy, Emma Mrs	VanMiddlesworth, F.
Keller, A A	VanPelt, Chas.

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

CHARLET—At her residence, Sixth street, this city, Feb. 13, 1888, Virginia Leguay Charlet, widow of the late Joseph M. Charlet, in the 86th year of her age.

Funeral from St. Mary's R. C. Church at 9 o'clock a. m., Thursday next, 16th inst., with a requiem mass. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

FOR RENT CHEAP—A first-class Piano. Address Box 186.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Inquire at Drug Store, Dunellen, N. J. 2-14-2

WANTED—2 girls, 132 Park ave. 1 cook, washer and ironer, 1 chambermaid and waitress. Must have first-class references. 2-14-2

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND Division Streets, furnished or unfurnished: for boarding or private use: in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHOBB. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO [HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The members of Perseverance Lodge 74, K. of P., are requested to meet in their Lodge Room on

Thursday Night the 16th inst.,

at 8 o'clock, to march in a body to Reform Hall to the reception tendered the Grand Lodge.

WM. JOHN FORD. C. C.,
JAMES PATTERSON, K. R. S.

2-14-2

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE.

YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave
my10t

J. P. Laire & Co.

SPECIAL SALE,

Parlor Stoves,
Horse Blankets and Robes,
Plush Laps, Sleigh Bells,
kates, Sleighs, Etc.

Will be sold Below Cost!

—TELEPHONE CALL, No. 72.—
10my

..No. 8..

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,
Worsteds,
Notions,

STAMPING!

CLOSING OUT SALE!

Having sold out our business, we have agreed to reduce our stock before giving possession on *MARCH 1st*. Until that time we will sell our entire stock of

Millinery, Fancy Goods!

LACES, RIBBONS,
WORSTEDS, YARNS,
KNIT GOODS, RUFFLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
STAMPED LINENS, ETC.,

REGARDLESS OF COST!

J. H. Honeyman & Co.,

NEXT TO POST OFFICE.

2-10-14

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.

P. O. BOX 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

MUSIC HALL!

Wednesday Evening, February 22,

[WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.]

MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG

And her Superb Company of European Artists, in *VERDI'S GRAND OPERA*,

"IL TROVATORE,"

In *FULL COSTUME* and *STAGE SETTINGS*.

Seats on sale commencing Tuesday morning, Feb. 14, at the Pharmacies of J. G. Miller and Field & Randolph. *No Advance in Prices.*

2-11-9

NEW STORE.

W. H. COMBS

Wishes to inform the public that he has opened a

GROCERY STORE,

COR. LINDEN AVE. AND STEINER PLACE,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Where he will supply all who will favor him with their patronage with everything in the GROCERY line at the

Lowest Market Prices!

Goods delivered in any part of the city.

2-10-6

A. F. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.

WARDEN & FOWLER,

Wholesale and Retail

CONFECTIONERS,

NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,

between North ave. and Second street,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-10-tf

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,
Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,
Gold and Silver Jewelry,
—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

AT DOANE'S,

9 PARK AVENUE. 12-16-tf

Printing!

Material—the best.

Workmanship—first-class.

Delivery—prompt.

Charges—moderate.

PRESS AND CONSTITUTIONALIST

PRINTING HOUSE.

PECK'S CORNER.

PECK'S

White Goods and Embroideries.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

RUBBER

Boots and Shoes.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

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C. FRANK FRENCH,

69 SOMERSET ST.,

Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box* 1,062.

DEALER IN

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.

Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

THE SHAWMUT.

Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*

TRY IT!

Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm. 1-30 tf

GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

10-29-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST. 12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.

21 *WEST FRONT STREET. PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only*. Telephone Call 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
12-2-tf PROPRIETORS.

SILVERWARE

FOR HIRE,

AT COLLIER'S,

No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

ESTABLISHED NINETEEN YEARS.

1-14-tf

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

[Successor to T. J. Carey,]

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT St.,
Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

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CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY

DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL

AT

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods

Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price.

12-2-tf

MR. BLAINE MEANS IT.

The Discussion of His Letter Continues Still—Mr. Sherman at Work.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The discussion about Mr. Blaine's withdrawal, while neither so general nor interesting as yesterday, only increased the opinion that he was entirely out of the race as a candidate. Some few of his personal friends, mostly those who found some advantage in standing close to his greatness, still insisted that the declination could be recalled, but they found fewer supporters even than yesterday, and had to admit themselves that their hopes were not well founded.

If the sentiment has changed at all it is in the direction of increased conviction that Mr. Blaine meant exactly what he said and that his candidacy after such an expression is impossible.

Nearly all his strong friends admit also that the letter was a surprise. About six weeks ago he wrote some letters here which indicated a desire to take such a step. But they were met by so many protests and arguments that he had better remain a candidate that it was thought he had given up the intention.

His letter yesterday showed that he had not only made up his mind, but that he had done so after mature and careful deliberntion and after hearing the strongest objections his friends could urge. Those who knew the circumstances had no doubt the declaration was final.

As to the other candidates, almost any leading man of the party might be quoted to say that he would express no preferences without looking over the field. The disposition is to defer to a winning candidate. Some personal preferences are expressed, Mr. Hiscock's name standing particularly high on the list, but no name, except probably that of Mr. Sherman, is mentioned as an absolutely fighting candidate.

Mr. Sherman's friends are anxious to nominate him and are claiming that he has the leading chance. He was in the field, however, just as actively before Mr. Blaine's declination, and the increased energy in his candacy can hardly be called a new feature of the situation.

Among the supporters of other men, the large majority of whom have second as well as first choice candidates, there is a disposition to hear what New York has to say before making a very active fight for anybody. That does not mean necessarily that a New York man will be chosen, but that it will be some one upon whom the York York Republicans can unite.

This sentiment, it is understood, can't be crystalised in a day, and it is possible, therefore, that some time will elapse before the campaigning begins. In Pennsylvania the leaders have not recovered from their surprise, and they have given no attention yet to the other candidates.

Senator Quay is going to Florida in a day or two, and he says he hardly expects to know anything about the sentiment until he comes back. The only information he has is that Senator Don Camerou will not be a candidate, either actually or to hold the delegation. Mr. Quay thinks that if Mr. Cameron would enter the fight at all he would do so as a genuine candidate. That, he says, is not possible this year, though it may be four years later, and his candidacy will be deferred to that time.

THE END OF DESPERADO DICK.

He Organized and Led a Band of Successful Train Robbers in Texas.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 15.—Brack Cornett, better known as Capt. Dick, the desperado and leader of the notorious train robbers, was shot and killed yesterday while resisting arrest by Sheriff Allee, of Trio county, Texas. Cornett, a year or two ago, organized a band of horse thieves to rob express and mail trains in Texas. At Flatonia, Texas, in the spring of 1887, they robbed a Southern Pacific train of $65,000 in cash and other property, one item being $35,000 worth of diamond jewelry. Two weeks later they captured $18,000 from a train at McNeil, on the International and Great Northern road. The gang next robbed a train on the Texas and Pacific, west of Fort Worth, of valuable booty. The desperadoes then split up for a while, but soon after reorganized and began operations under their old leader, Capt. Dick, and pounced down on a Southern Pacific train a second time.

Reorganizing a Railroad.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—The plan for reorganizing the Lackawanna and Pittsburg Railroad contemplates the issue of $2,000,000 six per cent. first mortgage forty year bonds, at $12,500 per mile; $1,230, 00 six per cent. incomes and stocks, not to exceed $30,000 per mile. The old first mortgage bondholders will be given 20 per cent. of the firsts, 37½ per cent. in new incomes, and 42½ per cent. in new stock. Lackawanna and Pittsburg incomes get 230 per cent. in new stock and the preferred and common stock 30 per cent. in the new common. Allegheny Central second mortgage holders will be given 37½ per cent. in new incomes and 42½ per cent. in new stock. The new road will be known as the Western New York and Southwestern.

Well Along in His Second Century.

WINONA, Feb. 15.—There is now living in this city a man who is among the oldest living people on earth. His name is John Ramus. He was born in Marienwerder, a Prussian province, in 1789, where he lived until he was eighty-six years old. He came to this country in 1867, and has been living in this city with his daughter ever since. He is now over one hundred and seventeen years old, quite spry and healthy, and has a good appetite and walks out daily.

An Illinois Lynching Party.

OLNEY, Ill., Feb. 15.—Word reached here last evening that a large number of citizens of Decker township were organizing a mob to go to Fairfield and lynch Harper Meadows, the young man who assasinated Joseph F. Levers last Saturday night. They expect to reach the Fairfield jail before daylight this morning, and as they are reliable and determined men, they will execute swift vengeance on Meadows.

His Mode of Revenge.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 15.—William Knox, aged twenty-five years, took summary vengeance on Hannah King yesterday for her refusal to marry him. He caught the girl at the Centropolis Hotel, and, holding her with one hand, poured a bottleful of strong ammonia into her eyes. He has thus far escaped arrest.

Death Attended Her at Rehersal.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Feb. 15.—Mrs. Strickland, one of Holton Niles' most prominent ladies, while rehearsing at a rink entertainment given under the auspices of the Presbyterian Church, dropped dead. The The deceased was twenty-eight years old and leaves a husband and two children.

The Half-Breeds to Hang.

WINNIPEG, Man., Feb. 15.—Gandy and Rosette, the half-breeds on trial at Woolsey for the murder of Nettler McLeish have been found guilty and sentenced to be hanged.

CRUSHED TO DEATH IN A CAR.

A Derrick Falls on a Crowded Horse Car—Frightful Loss of Life.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 15.—A frightful accident occurred yesterday in the Eastern District of Brooklyn, where the new Elevated Railroad is in course of construction.

Shortly before 12 o'clock a Reid avenue street car, filled with people, was passing under a large derrick used in erecting the elevate road on Broadway near Sumner avenue, suddenly the rail sustaining the derrick gave way and the derrick fell on the car, crushing it in like an eggshell.

The wildest excitement ensued. The report of the accident spread like wildfire, and thousands of people were soon at the scene, which is in the midst of a busy section of the city. Many willing hands were immediately at work taking the passengers out of the debris. Many of them were unconscious, but the cries of those who were not were heartrending All the ambulances in Brooklyn were hastily summoned, and extra police were sent to form a cordon and restrain the crowd.

Later reports from the scene state that seventeen of the passengers on the car were injured and four people were killed. Michael McAnally, the driver of the car was crushed to death and Karl Kirchler, a workman employed on the derrick, was also killed. It was said that some persons were buried underneath the ruins and men were put to work removing the debris to learn if there were any other victims of the disaster.

Among those in the debris, and it is believed fatally injured, is Judge Peterson, of Brooklyn.

The accident was due to the rails on which the derrick stood spreading and tearing it apart, precipitating it to the street below.

The story of the accident as told by Mr. John Schaeffer, the foreman in charge of the work at this point, is as follows:

We were getting along nicely, had all the girders in place, and were about to move our derricks and engines on the planks laid on the girders.

As the move was made I noticed a swaying of the supporting columns, and then before I could say a word down came the heavy derricks with all the machinery, engines and all. They carried with them the two girders.

The st eet was crowded at the time. A Reid avenue car crowded with passengers was right under the falling mass. I could see no more. The wreck as it fell, struck full on the car, crushing it like a paper box. The horses were crushed flat. The cries of the horrified lookers on and the groans of those buried in the wreck quickly brought thousands to the place.

All was confusion until the arrival of the police and firemen. The first object found was a hat. This lay near the body of a horse belonging to a truck which at the time of the accident was backed against the curb unloading.

A search was made for the owner of the wagon. He had, however, escaped, and was seated in the store, unable to tell how he got there or anything about it. Further up was the Reid avenue car No. 117. It was on its 9:30 up trip from the ferry. There were about twelve passengers on the car.

New Jersey Legislature.

TRENTON, Feb. 15.—In the Senate to-day the bill relieving graduates of regular colleges of pharmacy and medicine from the necessity of registration was recommitted. Bills were passed as follows: Enabling school districts having 1,000 children and only three trustees to double the number of trustees; enabling Morristown to raise $2,000 for charter purposes, and authorizing the appointment of an assistant assessor in a city where the total assessed valuation of property exceeds $16,000,000.

Stain Can Prove an Alibi.

BANGOR, Me., Feb. 15.—There is no doubt now that David L. Stain, who is in jail here charged with the murder of Cashier Barron of the Dexter Savings Bank, will be able to prove an alibi. Farmer James A. Fowler of City Mills will swear positively that he saw Stain in Medfield on the day that the crime was committed. Fowler was driving sheep through the town and sold them the same day. He has a diary entry of the date on which he disposed of his sheep.

Mr. Cleveland's Trip to Florida.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The President expects to leave on Tuesday for a short visit to Florida. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Cleveland, the Secretary of the Navy, Mrs. Whitney, Colonel and Mrs. Lamont. The party will go by special train. No stop will be made, unless it be an hour at Savannah for a drive through the city. One day will be spent at Jacksonville and one at St. Augustine. The party will be back to Washington on Saturday.

Glass Works Closed.

SANDWICH, Mass., Feb. 15. The Directors of the Sandwich Glass Company have voted to close their works here. The fires have been ordered drawn and the decorating, cutting, etching and other departments will be closed on Saturday. Much anxiety i felt by the business men, as this industry is the chief one of Sandwich. About 300 workmen are concerned.

New Corporations in Nebraska.

LINCOLN, Feb. Feb. 15.—The Secretary of State has completed the summary of new corporation organized the last year, showthere were thirty-two new railroad corporations, representing $7,000,000 capital stock, and 225 miscellaneous corporations, with a capital stock of $54,000,000. This is double the number of new corporations for the year previous.

In Favor of Woman's Suffrage.

ALBANY, Feb. 15.—Senators Laughlin, Walker and Lincoln presented petitions today in favor of municipal suffrage for women; Laughlin, Linson and Walker in favor of compelling saloon keepers to remove screens, and Laughlin, Walker and Linson in favor of separating the sexes in station houses and jails.

Prize Cattle for South America.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 15.—An experimental shipment of two car loads of short horn and Hereford cattle and merino sheep was made from here yesterday to Buenos Ayres, South America, by the North American Live Stock Breeders and Exporters' Association of this city. They go by way of Newport News.

Coke Ovens Closing.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 15.—On account of the suspension of shipments to the East the Connellsville Coke Producers' Association decided to shut down 25 per cent. of their ovens on the 16th instant. This will throw 1,500 men out of employment, and reduce the output 7,000 tons per month.

Said to Be Short $5,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 15.—David B. Hilt, Treasurer of the Philadelphia Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, is said to be about $5,500 short in his accounts. Hilt has promised to meet the trustees of the order and make full explanation.

SKATES!

Club Skates!

Ladies' Skates!

And all other Kinds of SKATES!

Sleighs! Coasters!

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

—AND—

Sporting Goods!

Can be obtained at the new firm of

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.,

At 33 PARK AVENUE.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

my10-1y

-:Black Stockings:-

That will NOT FADE, CROCK, or STAIN the FEET. Try a Pair of

SMITH & ANGELL'S

Black Stockings, and you will wear no other kind.

The color cannot be removed by acids—in fact washing improves the color.

☞The dye being vegetable does not INJURE the GOODS.

Every pair warranted as above, and if not found as represented, RETURN THEM and your MONEY will be REFUNDED.

SOLD ONLY BY

Howard A. Pope,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

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R. W. RICE & Co.,

[Successor to Wm. H. Shotwell.]

FINE GROCERIES,

Fruits and Vegetables

IN THEIR SEASON.

North Plainfield, - New Jersey.

CORNER DUER & EMILY STREETS.

1-12-tf

W. MESSERSCHMIDT,

Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing Goods,

23½ West Front Street, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

CLOTHING CLEANED AND REPAIRED.

10-4-tf

GO TO

"ADAMS',"

10 PARK AVENUE,

For PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, WINDOW GLASS, ETC.

Fine lot of

Paper Hangings

IN STOCK.

Orders Taken for Paper Hanging and Decorating.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

7-11-tf

DROP IN

and see for yourself my superior stock of

HATS, CAPS,

AND

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

Also our elegant line of

NECK - WEAR.

A. C. HORTON,

(Successor to F. A. Pope.)

NO. 5 W. FRONT STREET.

9-20-y

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

WM. K. McCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law.

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.

Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE,

Architect,

North avenue, opposite depot.

PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors-at-Law,

Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,

Homoeopathist.

(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law.

Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.

Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

DR. PLATT,

90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.

Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

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Carpenter and Builder.

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work. 9-15-tf

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter and Builder

OFFICE—4 WEST THIRD STREET,

Shop, South Second St., PLAINFIELD, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED. 11-22-tf

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(Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,)

CARPENTER and BUILDER.

Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.

☞JOBBING A SPECIALTY.☜ my10tf

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Carpenter and Builder.

31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. ☞Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

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Mason and Builder.

Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,

Undertakers and Embalmers.

58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37. Office of Hillside Cemetery.

A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,

Funeral Directors.

and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 29 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44. Personal attendance night or day by GEORGE M. STILES. my9tf

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City Express.

Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

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Picture Frames.

of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

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Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Cut Flowers at Low Prices Beautiful designs for weddings and funerals. 10-28m3

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Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,

Paper Hanging A Specialty.

No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

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Bookseller and Stationer.

No. 7 Park Avenue.

A full line Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,

Livery Stables.

North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

CHARLES E. RUNK,

Coal Dealer.

39 NORTH AVENUE.

Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-30 y

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CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON

Best Six Cord,

For Hand and Machine use. For sale by

I. LEDERER.

1-2-6m No. 9 WEST FRONT STREET.

GREAT MARK DOWN SALE

to clear out most of our Large Stock of

WINTER GOODS,

in order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.

A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT. has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEW-MARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.

An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.

LEDERER'S,

No. 9 West Front Street.

1-2-6m

TRY OUR

QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-16-t

GEO. D. MORRISON,

FLOUR AND FEED STORE,

NORTH AVE., OPP. RAILROAD DEPOT.

JUST RECEIVED—A full line of POULTRY FOOD, BEEF SCRAPS, BONE MEAL, OYSTER SHELLS, EGG FOOD, ETC. 11-29-tf

WEST END COAL YARD

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.

Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1

WALTER L. HETFIELD. JOHN M' HETFIELD.

FRANK LINKE,

Bottler

of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Baas' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1355, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

H. C. DRAKE,

House Painter.

Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,

Furniture and Freight Express.

P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

ROBERT JAHN,

Tin and Coppersmith,

Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

A Few Pointers.

The recent statistics of the number of deaths show that the large majority die with Consumption. This disease may commence with an apparently harmless cough which can be cured instantly by Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, which is guaranteed to cure and relieve all cases. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial size free. For sale by R. J. Shaw.

ARNOLD,

The Grocer.

Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,

North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

VALENTINES!

All Kinds and Low Prices, at

ALLEN'S, the Stationer,

No. 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

10my

J. C. POPE & CO,

INSURANCE AGENTS,

No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,

Lumber and Coal Merchants,

CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,

PLAINFIELD.

☞All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.☜

ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,

WESTFIELD, N. J.

FRED'K. COOMBS, Proprietor.

BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.

GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD,

DEALER IN

Lumber and Masons' Materials,

OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

J. W. VANSICKLE,

(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats,

etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,

Furniture Dealer,

21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5 23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44 a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

FISHER & MONFORT,

PHOTOGRAPHERS,

15 East Front St., near the Post Office.

CABINETS, $3.50 PER DOZEN.

All the latest improvements in Photography.

No extra charge for Children or Babies.

CHAS. W. FISHER. G. WM. MONFORT, my10y1

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

☞*Goods Delivered to any part of the city.*☜

8-2-tf

George R. Rockafellow,

(Successor to W. N. Rowe.)

HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE

PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. 9-8-t

Howell & Hardy,

Fancy and Staple Groceries,

CHOICE TEA, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Creamery and Dairy Butter,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.,

North Avenue, Opposite Depot,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

11-26-tf

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves & Ranges,

Cutlery,

Sleigh Bells.

Skates,

13 EAST FRONT STREET,

Next Post Office.

ELECTRICITY FOR HANGING.

Senator Bogert of New Jersey Wants to Try the Substitution.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 15.—A rather curious and unexpected bill was introduced in the State Legislature yesterday afternoon by Senator Bogert for President Large. It provides that persons sentenced to the punishment of death shall be excuted by means of electricity of sufficient intensity to cause instantaneous death.

Previous to execution the prisoner must be kept in solitary confinement, and no person, except his counsel, physician and relatives shall be allowed access to him without an order from the court. The sentence must be carried out not less than four nor more than eight weeks after conviction, the time of execution within the specified limits to be left to the discretion of the Sheriff, and not to be deferred, except in case of insanity or pregnancy.

The Sheriff, the Justice of the Supreme Court before whom the conviction was had and twelve reputable citizens shall be the only ones present at the execution, no account of the details of which, beyond the statement of the mere fact that the execution took place accorping to law, shall be published in the newspapers.

After the post mortem examination the body of the murderer shall be dissected and interred in the prison cemetery, no religious ceremony to be held over the remains, which shall in no case be delivered to relatives.

On January 1, 1889, when the bill goes into effect, Sheriffs shall cause to be placed in prisons electrical apparatus suitable for the purposes specified.

PRIME DESPATCHES.

Senator and Mrs. Leland Stanford gave a dinner last Saturday to the pages of the U. S. Senate.

Mrs. Hildah Nelson, who is said to be the oldest person in New York State, died in Troy, N. Y., Tuesday. She was one hundred years old the 4th of last July.

Miss Arathusa Weller, of Kansas City, became hopelessly insane while attending one of Rev. Sam Jones' revivals in that city. She is described as a beautiful young woman.

The Connellsville coke producers have decided to close 25 per cent. of their ovens, which will throw 1,500 men out of employment ond cut down the output 7,000 tons per month.

Martin A. Ryerson, of Chicago, aged 33, heir of the millionaire lumberman Martin Ryerson, who died recently, gave in trust property worth $25,000 to eight charitable institutions, four Protestant and four Catholic.

Mr. Darlington, of Pennsylvania, introduced in the House a bill to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to lend money to individuals of corporations from the surplus at the rate of 2¼ per cent. interest, taking Government bonds as security.

Albert, the pedestrian, has received for his great tramp in Madison Square Garden last week, $5,317.70. The total receipts of gate money was $11,364.25. What is left after paying Albert will be divided among the seven men who covered the requisite 5.5 miles.

Hon. George Pillsbury, of Minneapolis has offered to build a college at Owatonna to cost not less than $25,000, and have it completed within two years, and to add $25,000 more to the endowment fund, providing the Baptists of the State will raise $50,000. The City Council will appropriate $5,000, and the proposition will be accepted.

David Schmid, dealer in jewelry at No. 286 East Houston street, New York, made an assignment Tuesday to Arnold Kohn, giving preferences for $4,1.3 to Alois Kohn & Co. He was formerly a peddler, and started in business about a year ago. His liabilities are about $9,000.

John Harrison, grocer, Brooklyn made an assignment Tuesday to Mirabeau L. Towns. He has been in business since the war, and succeeded Harrison Bros. in September, 1884. He was a large operator in real estate, which is ascribed as one of the causes of his embarrassment. The equities in his real estatn are valued at $33,000 He carried a stock of about $45,0 , and his merchandise liabilities are said to be about $3),000.

Relative to the speech of United States Consul Folsom, the President's cousin, before a Masonic gathering in London a few days ago, in which he remarked upon the fact that there were no Masons among the Chicago Anarchists, Mrs. Black, wife of the noted lawyer who defended Spies and his comrades, is responsible for the statement that Parsons was a member of the Masonic order, and in his address to the jury gave the Masonic sign of distress.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—For New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, fair weather, followed by light snow in northern portion; colder, light to fresh northerly winds.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—Money on call to-day 2¼ a 3 per cent.

BONDS.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
3½s.	1891, reg	107	107
4½s.	1891, coup	108½	108
4s.	1907, reg	125¼	125
4s.	1907, con	126¼	125

THREE O'CLOCK.—The stock market was in a condition of almost complete stagnation to-day Bonds were dull and slightly irregular.

STOCK MARKET.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	58½	58¾
Central Pacific	31	30¾
Chicago, Bur. & Q	126¼	126¾
Delaware & Hudson	109¾	110
Del. Lack. & West	130	130¼
Erie	26¾	26¾
Erie, pref	62½	—
Lake Shore	91	91
Louis. & Nash	50¾	50
Michigan Central	83¾	83¾
Missouri Pacific	83¾	83
New Jersey Central	79	79
New York Central & Hud	107	107¼
New York & New Eng	37½	37½
Northwestern	107¾	107¾
Oregon Navigation	86¾	86¾
Pacific Mail	35¾	35¾
Reading	66	66¾
Rock Island	112½	112½
St. Paul	78¾	78¾
Union Pacific	55¾	55½
Western Union	75¾	78¾

PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat—Market quiet. No. 1 red, 92½c.a—c.; xtra red, 91½c.a—c.; No. 2 red, 89 c.a89½c.; in elevator, 90½ c.a90¾c. delivered; No. 3, 88 c. a—c.; state white, 91c.a92 c.; No. 1 white, 91c.a93 c.

February, 88⅞c.; March, 89½c.; April, 90 c.; May, 91⅞c.; June, 91½c.; December, 94c¼.

Corn—Market quiet. No. 2, at 59½c.; in elevator and 60¾c. delivered; No. 3, 58 c.a—c.; and steamer, 59½c.a60c, elevator.

February 59¼c.; March, 59¼c.; May, 59¾. June, 58¾c.

Oats—Market quiet. No. 1 white, 42 c.; No. 2 white, 40⅞c.a42¼c.; Nor. 3 white, 39¾c.a41 c.; No. 1 mixed, 40 c.; No. 2mixed, 38 c.a40 c.; No. 3 mixed, 38½c.; rejected, 37 c.; No. 2 Chicago, 41½c.

February, 38 c.; March, 38 c.; May, 38⅝c.

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market steady. Creamery—Eastern, —c.a—c.; western, 25c.a26½c.; Elgin, 29c.a30c.; imitation, 21c.a24c. Dairy—Eastern, half-firkin tubs, 23c.a28c.; eastern, Welsh tubs, 20c.a25c; eastern firkins, 18c.a23c.; eastern dairies, complete, 20c.a25c.; western, 18c.a13c. Factory—Fresh, 20c.a24c.

Cheese—Market steady. Factory—New York, cheddar, 12 c.a12½c.; western, flat, 11½c.a12 c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 6 c.a10 c., skims, 1 c.a1¼; state skims, 2 c.a3c.

Eggs—Market steady. Fresh—Eastern firsts, 26c.; southern first, 20c.a22½c.; western firsts, 20c.a21n Limed—Eastern firsts, 13½c.; western firsts 14c. c.a14½c.; Canadian firsts, 13½c.a14c.; imported, 15c.a19c.

WIFELY AMBITION.

Dr. Talmage's Fifth Discourse to the Women of America.

The Wife's Influence for Good or Evil Upon the Husband and the Home—The Story of the Downfall of Ahab Through His Wife's Ambition.

"Wifely Ambition, Good and Bad," was the subject of Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage's fifth discourse in his series of "Sermons to the Women of America, with Important Hints for Men," and the text was from I. Kings, xxi. 7: "Arise and eat bread, and let thine heart be merry: I will give thee the vineyard of Naboth." The eloquent divine spoke as follows:

One day King Ahab, looking out of the window of his palace at Jezreel, said to his wife Jezebel: "We ought to have these royal gardens enlarged. If we could only get that fellow, Naboth, who owns that vineyard out there, to trade or sell, we could make it a kitchen garden for our palace."

"Fetch in Naboth," says the King to one of his servants.

The plain gardener, wondering why he should be called into the presence of his Majesty, comes in, a little downcast, and with very obsequious manner bows to the King.

The King says: "Naboth, I want to trade vineyards with you. I want your vineyard for a kitchen garden, and I will give a great deal better vineyard in place of it, or, if you prefer money for it, I will give you cash."

"O, no," says Naboth, "I cannot trade off my little place, nor can I sell it. It is the old homestead. I got it of my father, and he of his father, and I can not let the old place go out of my hands."

In a great state of petulancy King Ahab went into the house and flung himself on the bed and turned his face to the wall in a great pout.

His wife Jezebel comes in, and she says: "What is the matter with you? Are you sick?"

"O," he says, "I feel very blue. I have set my heart on getting that kitchen garden and Naboth will neither trade nor sell, and to be defeated by a common gardener is more than I can stand."

"O, pshaw," says Jezebel, "don't go on that way. Get up and eat your dinner and stop moping. I will get for you that kitchen garden."

Then Jezebel borrowed her husband's signet or seal, for then, as now, in those lands, kings never signed their names, but had a ring with the royal name engraved on it, and that impressed on a royal letter or document was the signature. She stamped her husband's name on a proclamation which resulted in getting Naboth tried for treason against a king, and two perjured witnesses swore their souls away with the life of Naboth, and he was stoned to death and his property came to the crown, and so Jezebel got for her husband and herself the kitchen garden.

But while the wild street dogs were rending the dead body of poor Naboth, Elijah, the prophet, tells them of other canines that will after a while have a free banquet, saying: "Where dogs lick the blood of Naboth shall dogs lick thy blood, even thine."

And sure enough, three years after, Ahab, wounded in battle, his chariot dripping with the carnage, dogs stood under it lapping his life's blood. And a little afterward his wife, Jezebel, who had been his chief adviser in crime, stands at her palace window and sees Jehu, the enemy, approaching to take possession of the palace. And to make herself look as attractive as possible, and queenly to the very last, she decorated her person, and, according to Oriental custom, closed her eyes and ran a brush dipped in a black powder, along the long eyelashes, and then from the window she glared her indignation upon Jehu. As he rode to the gates in his chariot he shouted to the slaves in her room: "Throw her down!" But no doubt the slaves halted a moment from such work of assassination, yet knowing Queen Jezebel could be no more to them and the conqueror Jehu would be every thing, as he shouted again: "Throw her down!" they seized her and bore her, struggling and cursing, to the window casement and hurled her forth till she came tumbling to the earth, striking it just in time to let Jehu's horses trample her and the chariot wheels roll over her. While Jehu is inside at the table refreshing himself after the excitement, he orders his servants to go out and bury the dead Queen. But the wild street dogs had for the third time appeared on the scene, and they had removed all her body except those parts which in all ages dogs are by a strange instinct or brutal superstition kept from touching after death—the palms of the hands and the soles of the feet.

All this appalling scene of ancient history was the result of a wife's bad advice to a husband, of a wife's struggle to advance her husband's interests by unlawful means. Ahab and Jezebel got the kitchen garden of Naboth, but the dogs got them. The trouble all began when this mistaken wife aroused her husband out of his melancholy by the words of the text: "Arise, and eat bread, and let thine heart be merry: I will give thee the vineyard of Naboth."

The influence suggested by this subject is an influence you never before heard discoursed on and may never hear again, but a most potent and semi-omnipotent influence, and decides the course of individuals, families, nations, centuries and eternities. I speak of wifely ambition, good and bad. How important that every wife have her ambition, an elevated, righteous and Divinely-approved ambition.

And here let me say, what I am most anxious for is that woman, not waiting for the rights denied her or postponed, promptly and decisively employ the rights she already has in possession. Some say she will be in fair way to get all her rights when she gets the right to the ballot-box. I wish that the experiment might be tried and settled. I would like to see all women vote and then watch the result. I do not know that it would change any thing for the better. Most wives and daughters and sisters would vote as their husbands and fathers and brothers voted. Nearly all the families that I know are solely Republican, or Democratic, or Prohibition. These families all voting would make more votes, but no difference in the result. Besides that, as now at the polls men are bought up by the thousands, women would be bought up by the thousands. The more voters the more opportunity for political corruption. We have several million more voters now than are for public good.

We are told that female suffrage would correct two evils—the rum business and the insufficiency of woman's wages. About the rum business I have to say that multitudes of women drink and it is no unusual thing to see them in the restaurants so overpowered with wine and beer that they can hardly sit up, while there are many so-called respectable restaurants where they can go and take their champagne and hot toddy all alone. Mighty temperance voters those women would make! Besides that, the wives of rum-sellers would have to vote in the interest of their husband's business, or have a time the inverse of felicitous. Besides that, millions of respectable and refined women in America would probably not vote at all, because they do not want to go to the polls, and, on the other hand, womanly rough-and-tumble women would all go to the polls, and that might make woman's vote on the wrong side. There is not in my mind much prospect of the expulsion of drunkenness by female suffrage.

As to woman's wages to be corrected by woman's vote, I have not much faith in that. Women are harder on women than men are. Masculine employers are mean enough in treatment of women, but if you want to hear beating down of prices and wages in perfection, listen how some women treat washerwomen and dressmakers, and female servants. Mrs. Shylock is more merciless than Mr. Shylock. Women, I fear, will never get righteous wages through woman's vote, and as to unfortunate womanhood, women are far more cruel and unforgiving than men are. After a woman has made shipwreck of her character men generally drop her, but women do not so much drop her as hurl her with the force of a catapult clear out and off and down and under.

I have not much faith that women will ever get merciful consideration and justice through woman suffrage, yet I like experiments, and some of my friends in whose judgment I have confidence are so certain that alleviation would come by such process that I would, if I had the power, put in every woman's hand the vote. I cannot see what right you have to make a woman pay taxes on her property to help support city, State and National government, and yet deny her the opportunity of helping decide who shall be mayor, governor, or president. But let every wife, not waiting for the vote she may never get, or, getting it, find it outbalanced by some other vote not fit to be cast, arise now in the might of the eternal God and wield the power of a sanctified wifely ambition for a good approximating the infinite.

No one can so inspire a man to noble purposes as a noble woman, and no one so thoroughly degrades a man as a wife of unworthy tendencies. While in my text we have illustration of wifely ambition employed in the wrong direction, society and history are full of instances of wifely ambition gloriously triumphant in right directions. All that was worth admiration in the character of Henry VI., was a reflection of the heroics of his wife Margaret. William, Prince of Orange, was restored to the right path by the grand qualities of his wife Mary. Justinian, the Roman Emperor, confesses that his wise laws were the suggestion of his wife Theodora. Andrew Jackson, the warrior and President, had his mightiest reinforcement in his plain wife, whose inartistic attire was the amusement of the elegant circles in which she was invited. Washington, who broke the chain that held America in foreign vassalage, wore for forty years a chain around his own neck, that chain holding the miniature likeness of her who had been his greatest inspiration, whether among the snows at Valley Forge or amid the honors of the Presidential chair. Pliny's pen was driven through all its poetic and historical dominions by his wife Calpurnia, who sang his stanzas to the sound of flute and sat among audiences enraptured at her husband's genius, herself the most enraptured. Pericles said he got all his eloquence and statesmanship from his wife. When the wife of Grotius rescued him from long imprisonment at Lovestein by means of a bookcase that went in and out, carrying his books to and fro, he was one day transported, hidden amid the folios, and the women of besieged Weinsberg, getting permission from the victorious army to take with them so much of their valuables as they could carry, under cover of the promise shouldered and took with them as the most important valuables their husbands—both achievements in a literal way, illustrated what thousands of times has been done, in a figurative way, that wifely ambition has been the salvation of men.

De Tocqueville, whose writings will be potential and quoted while the world lasts, ascribes his success to his wife, and says: "Of all the blessings which God has given to men the greatest of all in my eyes is to have lighted on Maria Motley." Martin Luther says of his wife: "I would not exchange my poverty with her for all the riches of Cræsus without her." Isabella, of Spain, by her superior faith in Columbus put into the hand of Ferdinand, her husband, America. John Adams, President of the United States, said of his wife: "She never by word or look discouraged me from running all hazards for the salvation of my country's liberties." Thomas Carlyle spent the last twenty years of his life in trying by his pen to atone for the fact that during his wife's life he never appreciated her influence on his career and destiny. Alas, that having taken her from a beautiful home and a brilliant career, he should have buried her in the home of a recluse and scolded her in such language as only a dyspeptic genius could manage, until one day, while in her invalidism riding in Hyde Park, her pet dog got run over, and under the excitement the coachman found her dead. Then the literary giant woke from his conjugal injustice and wrote the lamentations of Craigen-Puttock and Cheyne Row. The elegant and fulsome epitaphs that husbands put upon their wives' tombstones are often an attempt to make up for lack of appreciative words that should have been uttered in the ears of the living. A whole Greenwood of monumental inscriptions will not do a wife so much good after she has quit the world as one plain sentence like that which Tom Hood wrote to his living wife when he said: "I never was any thing till I knew you."

O, woman, what is your wifely ambition, noble or ignoble? Is it high social position? That will then probably direct your husband, and he will climb and scramble and slip and fall, and rise and tumble, and on what level or in what depth or on what height he will after a while be found I can not even guess. The contest for social position is the most unsatisfactory contest in all the world, because it is so uncertain about your getting it, and so insecure a possession after you have obtained it, and so unsatisfactory even if you keep it. The whisk of a lady's fan may blow it out. The growl of one bear or the bellowing of one bull on Wall street may scatter it.

Is the wife's ambition the political preferment of her husband? Then that will probably direct him. What a God forsaken realm is American politics, those best know who have dabbled in them. After they have assessed a man who is a candidate for office which he does not get, or assessed him for some office attained, and he has been whirled round and round, and round and round among the drinking, smoking, swearing crowd who often get control of public affairs, all that is left of his self-respect or moral stamina would find plenty of room on a geometrical point, which is said to have neither length, breadth, or thickness. Many a wife has not been satisfied till her husband went into politics, but would afterward have given all she possessed to get him out.

I knew a highly moral man, useful in the church, and possessor of a bright home. He had a useful and prosperous business, but his wife did not think it genteel enough. There were odors about the business, and sometimes they would adhere to his garments when he returned at night. She insisted on his doing something more elegant, although he was qualified for no business except that in which he was engaged. To please her he changed his business, and in order to get on faster abandoned church attendance, saying after he had made a certain number of hundreds of thousands of dollars he would return to the church and its services. Where is that family to-day? Obliterated. Although succeeding in business for which he was qualified, he undertook a style of merchandise for which he had no qualification, and soon went into bankruptcy. His new style of business put him into evil association. He lost his morals as well as his money. He broke up not only his own home, but broke up another man's home, and from being a kind, pure, generous, moral man as any of you who sit here to-day, his wife's ambition for a more genteel business destroyed him, and disgraced her, and blighted their only child.

But suppose now there be in our homes, as, thank God, there are in hundreds of homes here represented, on the wifely throne one who says not only by her words, but more powerfully by her actions: "My husband, our destinies are united; let us see where industry, honesty, common-sense, and faith in God will put us. I am with you in all your enterprises. I can not be with you in person as you go to your daily business, but I will be with you in my prayers. Let us see what we can achieve by having God in our hearts, and God in our lives, and God in our homes. Be on the side of every thing good. Go ahead and do your best, and though every thing should turn out different from what we have calculated, you may always count on two who are going to help you, and God is one and I am the other." That man may have feeble health, and may meet with many obstacles and business trials, but he is coming gloriously through, for he is reinforced, and inspired, and spurred on by a woman's voice, as much as was Barak by Deborah, when Sisera with nine hundred iron chariots came on to crush him and his army, and Deborah shouted in the ear of Barak: "Up! for this is the day in which the Lord hath delivered Sisera into thine hands." And the enemy fell back, and Sisera's chariot not getting along fast enough in the retreat, the General jumped out and took it afoot, and ran till he came to the place where a woman first gave him a drink of milk and then sent a spike through his skull, nailing him to the floor.

Some of us could tell of what influence upon us has been a wifely ambition consecrated to righteousness. As my wife is out of town and will not shake her head because I say it in public, I will state that in my own professional life I have often been called of God, as I thought, to run into the very teeth of public opinion, and all outsiders with whom I advised told me I had better not, that it would ruin me and ruin my church, and in the meantime I was receiving nice little letters threatening me with dirk and pistol and poison if I persisted in attacking certain evils of the day, until the Commissioner of Police considered it his duty to take his place in our Sabbath services with forty officers scattered through the house for the preservation of order, but in my home there has always been one voice to say: "Go ahead, and diverge not one inch from the straight line. Who cares if only God is on our side?" And though sometimes it seemed as if I was going out against nine hundred iron chariots, I went ahead cheered by the domestic voice: "Up! for this is the day in which the Lord hath delivered Sisera into thine hands."

A man is no better than his wife will let him be. O, wives of America, swing your sceptres of wifely influence for God and good homes! Do not urge your husbands to annex Naboth's vineyard to your palace of success, whether right or wrong, lest the dogs that come out to destroy Naboth come out also to devour you. Righteousness will pay best in life, will pay best in death, will pay best in judgment, will pay best through all eternity.

In our effort to have the mother of every household appreciate her influence over her children we are apt to forget the wife's influence over the husband. In many households the influence upon the husband is the only home influence. In a great multitude of the best and most important and most talented families of the earth, there have been no descendants. There is not a child, or a grandchild, or any remote descendant of Washington, or Charles Sumner, or Shakespeare, or Edmund Burke, or Pitt, or Lord Nelson, or Cowper, or Pope, or Addison, or Johnson, or Lord Chatham, or Grattan, or Isaac Newton, or Goldsmith, or Swift, or Locke, or Gibbon, or Walpole, or Canning, or Dryden, or Moore, or Chaucer, or Lord Byron, or Walter Scott, or Oliver Cromwell, or Garrick, or Hogarth, or Joshua Reynolds, or Spencer, or Lord Bacon, or Macaulay. Multitudes of the finest families of the earth are extinct. As though they have done enough for the world by their genuis, or wit, or patriotism, or invention, or consecration, God withdrew them. In multitudes of cases all woman's opportunity for usefulness is with her contemporaries. How important that it be an improved opportunity!

While the French warriors, on their way to Rheims, had about concluded to give up attacking the castle at Troyes, because it was so heavily garrisoned, Joan of Arc entered the room and told them they would be inside the castle in three days. "We would willingly wait six days," said one of the leaders. "Six!" she cried out, "you shall be in it to-morrow," and under her leadership on the morrow they entered. On a smaller scale every man has garrisons to subdue and obstacles to level, and every wife may be an inspired Joan of Arc to her husband.

What a noble, wifely ambition, the determination, God helping, to accompany her companion across the stormy sea of this life and together gain the wharf of the celestial city! Coax him along with you! You can not nag him there, but you can coax him there. That is God's plan. He coaxes us all the way—coaxes us out of our sins, coaxes us to accept pardon, coaxes us to Heaven. If we reach that blessed place it will be through a prolonged and divine coaxing. By the same process take your companions, and then you will get there as well, and all your household. Do just the opposite to your neighbor. Her wifely ambition is all for this world, and a disappointed and vexed and unhappy creature she will be all the way. Her residence may be better than yours for the few years of earthly stay, but she will move out of it as to her body into a house about five and a half feet long and about three feet wide and two feet high, and concerning her soul's identity you can make your own prognostication. Her husband and her sons and daughters, who all, like her, live for this world, will have about the same destiny for the body and soul. You, having had a sanctified and divinely ennobled wifely ambition, will pass up into palaces, and what becomes of your body is of no importance, for it is only a scaffolding pulled down, now that your temple is done. You will stand in the everlasting rest, and see your husband come in, and see your children come in, if they have not proceeded you. Glorified Christian wife! Pick up any crown you choose from off the King's footstool, and wear it; it was promised you long ago, and with it cover up all the scars of your earthly conflict.

Sixteen miles from St. Petersburg, Russia, was one of the royal palaces, and there one night, Catherine, the Empress, entertained Prince Henry. It was a severe winter and deep snow, and the Empress and the Prince rode in a magnificence of sleigh and robe and canopy never surpassed, followed by two thousand sleighs laden with the first people of Russia, the whole length of the distance illuminated by lamps and dazzling temple, built for that one night, and imitations of mosques and Egyptian pyramids; and people of all nations in all styles of costume standing on platforms along the way and watching the blaze of the pyrotechnics. At the palace the luxuries of kingdoms were gathered and spread, and at the table the guests had but to touch the center of a plate and by magical machinery it dropped and another plate came up loaded with still richer viands. But all that scene of the long ago shall be eclipsed by the greater splendors that will be gathered at the banquet made by the Heavenly King for those consecrated women who come in out of the winter and snowy chill of their earthly existence into the warm and illumined palaces of Heaven. When the King himself and all the potentates, yourself robed and crowned, you will sit at a table compared with which all the feasts at Kenilworth and St. Cloud and the Alhambra were a beggar's crust. And the platter of one royal satisfaction touched at the center shall disappear only to make room for a beggar's crust, and the golden plate of our royal satisfaction, touched at the center shall disappear only to make room for the coming up of some richer and grander regalement.

CHOLERA THEORIES.

Dissemination of the Plague During the Past Hundred Years.

The discussion in regard to cholera has again directed notice to the twelve yearly pilgrimages to and the Hindoo festivals at the great East Indian temples. The number of pilgrims who have been in the habit of going to the East Indian shrines is almost beyond belief. It is related, for example, that only a few hundred thousand visit Hurdwar annually; the third year there are more; the sixth year the caravans are greatly increased, and the ninth year even more so; while the pilgrimage of the twelfth year is attended by often from two million five hundred thousand to three million five hundred thousand of people. In the Bombay Presidency, for instance, there are nearly a hundred shrines to which uncounted pilgrims annually go as an act of supremest worship. Those travelers are gathered from even the most distant places. The sanitary conditions which prevail during their stay and en route are deplorable. Filth and foulness are everywhere. Even the ground the travelers camp upon is infected. On their return journey they carry with them the various diseases prevalent in the localities they have visited, and cholera is one of the most familiar and fatal. The seeds of this terrible disorder are disseminated to Central Asia, and to Persia, and Afghanistan, and to the sea-coast. It has always been carried up the Persian Gulf from Bombay, Surat and other ports on the west coast of India, thence to the Caspian, Black and Mediterranean Seas and the adjacent countries.

The dissemination of cholera during the past hundred years has been of such a character that the twelve-yearly visitation has been but a period of extreme virulence, while the cholera itself has prevailed in various countries in its westward movement. For example, in Lower Bengal it began in 1841, and the Hurdwar disease in 1843; these reached Afghanistan in 1844, Persia in 1845, and spread over Europe in 1846-7, and reached America in 1848. It took about the same time for the India outbreak of 1826 to cross to America, allowing for increase in steamboat and railroad communication. The same is true of the outbreaks of 1865 and 1866, although that period was marked by the rapid spread of the disease owing to speedy transit referred to. In May, 1877, cholera visited Calcutta, and since that outbreak there has not been a year when the world has been free from cholera.—*Chicago Inter Ocean.*

THE OLD DOCTOR.

A Title of Which the Average Physician Is Deservedly Proud.

In the fulness of time the physician, becomes "the old doctor" in his locality. This is too frequently a title earned by length of years, not by meritorious service, in the cause of humanity. It is a title longed for by many before age gives them a right to the distinction. Men of less than thirty-five years have been known to argue that the "old doctor" distinction belonged of right to them. After fifty-five years it would seem proper to advance the surviving members of a graduating class of thirty years ago to this proud distinction. Age in the profession should be considered rather than number of birthdays. It may seem rather odd to devote any time to this question, but every practitioner knows that the compliment, "How young you look!" has no mollifying influence over the ordinary practitioner. If you would please your family physician, remark on the grayness of his beard and the baldness of his pate. This may make him replace some old-fashioned nauseous dose by some modern elegant pharmaceutical preparation when next he has the option.

Whether the old doctor is a better physician than the man of fewer years depends much upon the sort of man he is who is under consideration. There can be no doubt that habits of study, of keen observation and of correct reasoning, give the old man a great advantage over his younger colleague. It is also certain that if his years have been lost in a struggle for money, while study has been neglected and observation left unpracticed, the younger man, even if he be fresh from the schools (provided they are good ones), is the safer and better medical man. The rough work of the profession, the charity and hospital cases, the fatiguing country practice and the exhausting night work, belong by right to the younger men, who are able to work awhile for the experience they will require in later years. The larger fees which flow from consultation and office practice should go to the old doctor, provided he proves himself worthy of receiving them by his cool judgment, careful examination and good counsels. The Indian principle of depending upon "the old men for counsel and the young men for war" applies with especial force to the medical profession.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

A Mother's Influence.

It is hard for a young mother, who has not yet overcome the wayward tendencies of her own youthful nature, to realize the influence she exerts over her little ones. She is constantly surrounded by critical imitators, who copy her morals and manners. As the mother is, so are the sons and daughters. If a family of children are blessed with an intelligent mother, who is dainty and refined in her manners, and does not consider it necessary to be one woman in the drawing-room and an entirely different person in her every-day life, but who is a true mother, and always a tender, charming woman, you will invariably see her habits of speech and perfect manners repeated in her children. Great, rough men and noisy, busy boys, will always tone their voices and step quietly, and try to be more mannerly when she stops to give them a kind word or a pleasant smile.—*Christian at Work.*

—In what little, low, dark cells of care and prejudice, without one soaring thought or melodious fancy, do poor mortals forever creep! And yet the sun sets to-day as gloriously bright as it ever did on the temples of Athens, and the evening star rises as heavenly pure as it rose on the eye of Dante!—*Margaret Fuller.*

FOR YOUNG LADIES.

Miss Rose Elizabeth Cleveland Writes a Paper on Originality and Imitation.

When I was a little girl it was considered by "my set" the most terrible thing that could happen to any one to be called an "imitator." If the reputation for "imitating" was once fixed upon a girl she was looked upon as not exactly a first-class girl.

Further on in life I began to hear a great deal about "originality," and I found an "original person" was exactly the opposite of an "imitator," and that if, by some good luck, one could get the reputation of being original she would be looked upon as considerably above the average first-class girl and treated with a degree of consideration which accompanies distinction. I perceived that the role of the imitator was not one calculated for popularity, while that of the original person was that of fame and glory. These things were on the surface and were matters of observation.

Another fact which I discovered was this: That a person might have the reputation of being an imitator without, in the least degree, deserving it; and that a person could acquire a reputation of being original without, in the least degree, deserving it. By the time I had made this discovery I had learned something of the difference between character and reputation, and knew that, in some things, the one did not involve the other. I was somewhat mortified at realizing the fact that among "us girls" the reputation for being original was quite the same thing as being so; and that the reputation for "imitating" was quite as bad as doing it.

It was about this time that I began to learn the real value of both originality and imitation. I found out that to really be an imitator, whether one had the name of it or not, was often quite as good a thing as to have the name and fame of an original person.

And in this letter to the *Daughters of America* I wish to say one or two things, which I know to be true, about the vice and the virtue of imitating. We will drop originality for the present, and confine ourselves to imitation. Perhaps another time I shall have something to say about originality.

It is a great mistake to suppose that it is a weakness to imitate. It is sometimes a very bad thing, and whether it is good or bad depends entirely upon the quality of the thing which is imitated. It is always a good thing to imitate, or to try to imitate, good things; and when one is afraid of not being original because one imitates a good thing that one is much weaker in not imitating. Plenty of people do not do half as many nice and graceful things as they might, just because they are afraid they will be accused of imitation.

It is mostly in the line of good little things that imitation is most worthy. The great things, in life and in character, one must learn and practice without reference to others; it is in the lesser things, in manners and habits, in speech and carriage, where one can cope with the greatest advantage. The great things are the character itself, and the little things are the decorations, the bric-a-brac, of character.

The great thing is to know what to imitate. There are some things which it is good to imitate, and there are some things which it is bad to imitate, and there are some things which is not exactly good or exactly bad to imitate, but only silly. For example, there is nowadays a great deal of imitation in America of English customs and manners, and there are some very good little things in their customs and manners to imitate; and then, again, there are some little things not so good. In the speech of a well-bred English woman, who is wholly without affectation, there is apt to be more accuracy of articulation than in that of the American woman. That is a good thing to imitate and a thing one can imitate without meriting, in the least, the charge of being very English. Careful habits of speech and a nice articulation of good English words are not the monopoly of Great Britain, and should be as much the characteristic of Americans as Britons. If an American girl is not as careful and accurate in her English as is her transatlantic cousin she should become so at once, even at the risk of losing a certain "originality" in speech which is not in the least a desirable characteristic of some American girls. The American girl can very well afford to be called "very English" on this account, for the thing which she imitates is a thing very excellent and worthy of imitation. But if this same young American is so ambitious to be called English that she is eager to copy the faults as well as the excellencies of British speech, she may take pains in some directions which are not in the least worth her while, as for example (as I have known to happen) she may carefully pronounce clerk as if spelled clark, for no other reason than that it is a habit of mispronunciation among the British and so characteristic of them, that if she calls her father's clerk a clark every one whose opinion she prizes will be sure to think she has English friends or will think—oh, bliss!—that perhaps she is English, also. Here are bad sorts of imitation. The first is good because the thing imitated is good. The second is neither good nor bad, but is simply extremely silly.

There is one good rule for all things in this connection; it is as good a rule for our days and our ways as for the days and the ways of the world when St. Paul wrote it. It is a very short rule, and it is put in very clear and very good English. It is this: "Prove all things; hold fast that which is good." I think this maxim sums up in one all the good advice that can be given in the support of imitation.

There is another maxim which one sometimes hears humorously quoted, but which has a good deal of matter in it. It tells us: "If you can not be a shining example you ought to be an awful warning."

I think no daughter of America desires to be an awful warning. I hope, at least, that no one who reads these words will become so from a sense of duty. The other alternative is always open to good imitators and there are always plenty of shining examples, in grand characters, and lovely manners, and graceful speech, for one to imitate, and, by this means, to become a shining example one's self, so arriving finally at the happy and desirable distinction of offering to others many things in one's own character, manners and habits which are worthy of imitation.

Power of the British Commons.

It is not generally known in America that the very best lawyers in England agree that the House of Commons alone has the power to abolish the monarchy to-morrow if it should see fit, or to change the line of succession. Parliament could, if it should choose, eliminate the Prince of Wales from the succession and pass it over to one of his children, or transfer it entirely to some other family.

FACTS ABOUT BUTTONS.

How Fashion Has Altered These Little Accessories to Dress.

"No trade has changed more during the last twenty years than the button trade," said a manufacturer recently to a reporter for the New York *Mail and Express*. "Many years ago the buttons used on dresses and cloaks were made chiefly of metal, sometimes in imitation of silver and sometimes of gold. They were made very large, in fact larger than the standard silver dollar. Agate buttons were made in all colors, the purples and red predominating, and they were used to adorn calicoes and chintzes. After they had a good run smaller buttons were made and a button of lava became very popular. At the same time large buttons made of pearl had a very large sale. Then there were nickle buttons decorated with designs of stars. Next came the queer glass and brass buttons. The brass buttons were made of open work at the back of which was placed a piece of red lining."

"When did the small button become fashionable?"

"About ten years ago. The most popular were the small pearl buttons. They were then called shirt buttons, and are now used for that article of dress. They used to be set very thickly together on a dress, and for a time were made so small as to be scarcely visible. The metal and glass buttons also decreased very materially in size until the rage for small buttons was as great as the mania for large ones had been."

"Were not buttons representing fruits once popular?"

"Yes, after the craze for small buttons. The fruit buttons used to be designed as gooseberries, currants, raspberries, blackberries and grapes. Masses of little red currants used to fill in the front of a lady's dress, and great blackberries worn on a silk attire used to half tempt the unwary to take a bit of the luscious fruit. Solid jet balls, too, were used at this time, and formed a trimming for dresses not unlike the jet used nowadays. Those now worn are selected with great care. Their colors must harmonize with those of the dress, down to the closest shadings, and the style must be fashioned according to the style of the goods used and the design of the toilet followed. Street goods made of rough goods are adorned with buttons of enormous size, mostly in bronze, and decorated with various designs. Some of them are medallion heads, some in landscapes and some in wheat sheaves. Others are made of shell and are many-colored and brilliant. Others are in imitation of cameos, and still others are curious imitations of gilt and silver. The old-fashioned button moulds have been renewed in crochet buttons and will be used soon on black cloth and silk suits. The gaudiest buttons used are the big gilt ones usually affected by school girls and young ladies.

BURNED AT THE STAKE.

Shoshones Dispose of an Old Squaw by Burning Her to Death.

A horrible crime, and one of the most diabolical ever committed in Wyoming, occurred recently in the Northwestern portion of the Territory not many miles from Fort Washakie, and on the Shoshone reservation, reports the Cheyenne (Wy. T.) *Sun*. An Indian woman, who was probably regarded as a burden by the balance of her band, was unfortunate enough to meet with an accident, whereby she sustained a fracture of one of her limbs. The bucks, who appear to have every thing their own way, counseled together and came to the conclusion that the best thing to do with the poor old woman was to put her to death.

In pursuance of this plan, and after divesting her of every garment that could protect her from the cold, they drove stakes in the ground and tied her to them, and left her to freeze to death. At the expiration of two days and nights both of her arms were frozen solid, but she was not dead. Concluding that some more expeditious way must be adopted, they gathered a lot of old blankets, piled them upon and around her, and set them on fire.

The result of this terrible torture was that her body was so badly burned that the inner organs were left exposed. They then let the fire go out and left her again to freeze. At the expiration of twenty-four hours death at last came to her relief.

The affair has been reported to the Indian agent, and it would seem that if ever the perpetrators of a horrible crime would be visited with condign and relentless punishment, the actors in this horrible drama are the ones; and if, in meting out justice—vengeance ought to be the word—to these brutal hyenas in human form, it becomes necessary to impale every "buck" of the Shoshone reservation on the bayonet, and with the bloody hands that perpetrated this deed chopped off left hanging in mid air, to howl out the remainder of a miserable existence that has been naught but a curse to the world—if this is necessary, it should be done and done speedily.

STEAM HORSE-CLEANERS.

An Ingenious Process Now in Use in a Chicago Stable.

In the basement or ground floor of the Palmer House livery stables, says the Chicago *News*, two employes stood on either side of a large, powerfully-built horse which was undergoing his toilet—in stable parlance "gittin' cleaned and curried." In exactly forty seconds the animal was turned over to his keeper as bright as a new pin—not a speck of dirt nor a turned hair to be seen on his sleek, shiny coat. His step seemed brisker and he acted much like a person who has just had an invigorating bath. In two hours' time no less than one hundred and fifty horses, big and little, had received their daily cleanup and were ready to prance out into society.

The cause of this revolution in the art of horse-cleaning, rubbing down and currying—all in one—is a simple contrivance, a movable shaft at one end of which is a circular brush composed of fairly stiff bristles. The brush, which is run by steam, revolves many hundred times a minute, and is guided by the cleaner. Two of these cleaners operating with the brushes on one animal can accomplish more in a minute than can four men with the old style brush and curry-comb in twenty minutes.

As soon as the brush touches the body of the horse the dirt and dead hair fly in all directions, and it only needs a second "going-over" to have the animal in such a condition that a glove would not be soiled in rubbing over the hide. At first the horse appears frightened at the noise of the revolving shafts, but as soon as he feels the touch of the brush he edges up closer to the cleaner and gives every indication of pleasure. The harder the pressure on the brush the harder will be the rubbing, of course, and when the sensation becomes uncomfortable the horses moves away. In this way the cleaners are easily informed how hard a rubbing the animal will stand.

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BY THE WAY.

—German classes meet as usual at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, this (Thursday) evening.

—A coal train got stuck in the Fanwood cut this morning, and delayed trains for some time.

—The musical and literary entertainment at Reform Hall, this evening, will begin promptly at 7:30 o'clock.

—Sociable in the Trinity Reformed church, to-night, under the auspices of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor.

—The question of debate for this (Thursday) evening, at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, is: "Protection vs. Free Trade." Every man welcome.

—A special train from Newark bringing delegates to the Grand Lodge Session, arrived in this city before noon today. A special train will leave Plainfield at half-past twelve o'clock to-night.

—Mrs. J. T. Ellis delivered a lovely discourse from the text "Naaman, the Leper," at the Bethel Mission Chapel last evening. At the after-meeting about forty persons testified for the Lord.

—Those of the Y. M. C. A., interested in base ball matters met in the Association rooms last evening. A committee was appointed to look up suitable grounds, said committee to report at the next meeting.

Russell—Lewis.

A most unassuming but impressive ceremony was the wedding of Miss Addie Lewis and Dr. W. L. Russell at the Seventh Day Baptist church, last evening. The bride in white cashmere with pearl and steel trimmings, and tulle veil, was as modestly arrayed as the occasion, and as beautiful as the service. Her maid of honor was her sister, Miss Grace Lewis, dressed charmingly in pink cashmere with moire ribbon.

The church was full, including a number in dark full-dress. On Sabbath morning, Feb. 4, Dr. Lewis from his pulpit cordially invited all his congregation to be present at his daughter's wedding. Therefore Miss Lewis' friends all felt at liberty to attend and do her honor. An arch of greens and flowers was built across the middle aisle between the front pews. The reading desk and chairs were removed, and another arch was erected against the organ gallery and extending somewhat above the top of the rail. Its sides were banked with plants and flowers from the floor, and jars of roses stood about the platform.

Miss Utter, organist of the Crescent Avenue church, played some beautiful selections. The groom with his best man, a professional friend, entered from one side of the platform, and the Rev. Dr. Lewis from the other. The bridal procession consisted of Miss Lewis on the arm of her brother, Miss Grace Lewis as bridesmaid, and Messrs. Frank Clawson, William Hubbard, Howard Emerson and Charles Dunham as ushers. The ceremony was unusually impressive, being performed by the father of the bride whose sponsor was her brother. A brief and informal reception was afterwards held at the parsonage, and Mr. and Mrs. Dr. W. L. Russell left immediately for Minneapolis, Minn., where they will make their permanent home.

The presents were very numerous, and included tokens of esteem from Mrs. Dr. Stillman, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Babcock, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Potter, Mrs. Derby, Misses Potter, Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Hubbard, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. David Titsworth, Mrs. E. R. Pope, Mrs. Lucy Hooley, Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Wells, Mrs. James Taylor, Miss May Tomlinson, Miss Jessie Utter, Messrs. Wm. Stillman, Joseph Titsworth, Dr. Charles F. Stillman, Dr. Frank Wells, Arthur Titsworth, Howard Emerson, George Titsworth and members of the bride's family. A number of church friends together presented a handsome clock, and an inmate of the asylum with which the bride and groom had been connected officially, and where they had first met, sent a piece of fine crochet work.

A Grocery Store Robbed.

The grocery store of Mr. Aaron Brower, located at No. 46 Somerset street, was broken into during last night, and robbed of a considerable quantity of butter, crackers, canned goods, oranges, potatoes, etc. A pair of rubber boots belonging to the proprietor was also carried off. Entrance to the place was effected by means of prying open the front door. No clew was left whereby the identity of the robber or robbers might be established.

Out in the Cold World.

Edward Johnson, aged 13 years, applied for food and lodging at a Park avenue residence yesterday afternoon. The boy was taken in and fed. He said that he came from Westfield, and was driven from home by his inhuman step-father who was in the habit of getting drunk and abusing him. The boy said he had walked from Westfield, and was cold and hungry. Officer Lynch sent the youthful wanderer home on an evening train.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

THE TWENTIETH ANNUAL SESSION CONVENES IN PLAINFIELD TODAY

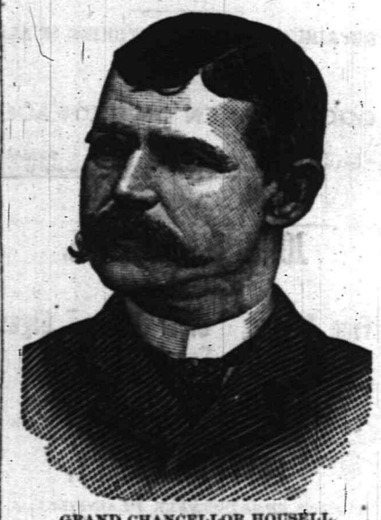
Past and Present Officers—History Of Its Rise and Progress—To-Day's Proceedings—And Other Details.

Flags are flying from all the prominent buildings of Plainfield today; incoming trains have left scores of handsome men at the station, and the city's streets are filled with strangers. Printed cards displayed in the store windows bear the words:

WELCOME, GRAND LODGE, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

The occasion of all this gala day appearance is the gathering of the Brothers of the Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of New Jersey. The subordinate lodges here are entertaining the visitors regally, the city proud of its selection is doing its prettiest, the sun has chased every cloud from the sky, and THE PRESS also puts forth an extra effort in honor of the affair.

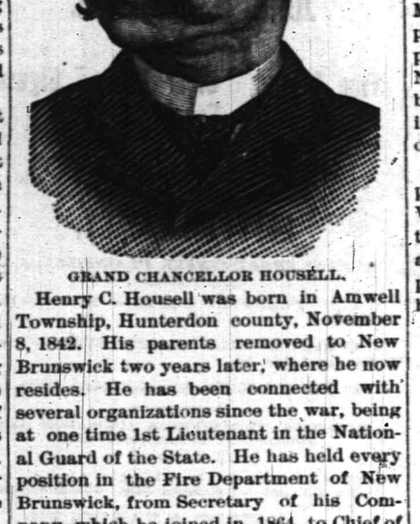
Besides a review of the rise and progress of the Order, and such portion of today's proceedings as may be made public, THE PRESS also gives the portraits and sketches of some of the most popular and prominent members of the fraternity. For much of this we are indebted to P. C., D. N. Messler, editor of *The Jersey Knight*, in deserved praise of whom the Grand Chancellor has something to say which will be found elsewhere in this record. Mr. Messler is an example of personal courtesy that reflects great credit in general, also, on the entire brotherhood; and no Knight's household can be well regulated and happy without a copy of *The Jersey Knight*.



GRAND CHANCELLOR HOUSELL.

Henry C. Housell was born in Amwell Township, Hunterdon county, November 8, 1842. His parents removed to New Brunswick two years later, where he now resides. He has been connected with several organizations since the war, being at one time 1st Lieutenant in the National Guard of the State. He has held every position in the Fire Department of New Brunswick, from Secretary of his Company, which he joined in 1864, to Chief of the Department, which office he held for two years. He is the present Recorder of New Brunswick,

His Knight of Pythias career commenced in December, 1869, when he was elected a member of Friendship Lodge, No. 30. The first office that he held was that of K. of R. and S., and was elected Vice Chancellor and Chancellor Commander in 1873, and received the Grand Lodge Rank in 1874. He was appointed District Deputy of District No. 15 in 1876, by Gen. Ward, then Grand Chancellor. He has served on several committees in the Grand Lodge, and was appointed Grand Inner Guard, to fill a vacancy, by Grand Chancellor Vanneman in 1883, and was elected Grand Master at Arms in 1884, Grand Prelate in 1885, Grand Vice Chancellor in December, 1885, and was unanimously elected Grand Chancellor at the last session held Dec. 1st, 1886.



HON. JAMES E. MOON, P. G. C.

Sitting Past Grand Chancellor James E. Moon, Ex-Senator of Warren county, was born at New Hope, Pa., July 16, 1841, but is now a resident of Phillipsburg, N. J.

He is a Past Master of Delaware Lodge, No. 52, F. and A. M. of Phillipsburg; a Past High Priest of Eagle Chapter, No. 30, R. A. M.; a Sir Knight of DeMolay Commandery K. T., of N.J.; a member of Washington Council No. 7, R. and S. M., and has taken the thirty-second degree of the Scottish Rite, being a member of Jersey City Consistory. He is also P. G. of Accho Lodge I. O. O. F.; P. C. P. Belvidere Encampment I. O. O. F.; Ex. C. Columbia Council O. U. A. M.; Columbia Degree Council, O. U. A. M.; P. M. W. Fraternal Lodge A. O. U. W.; a member of Tolmic Post G. A. R., and O. U. A. M. Funeral Benefit Association. He is a most agreeable and companionable gentleman. A man of self-education and rare business ability, and under him as presiding officer the affairs of the Lodge greatly prospered.

P. S. C., SAMUEL READ.

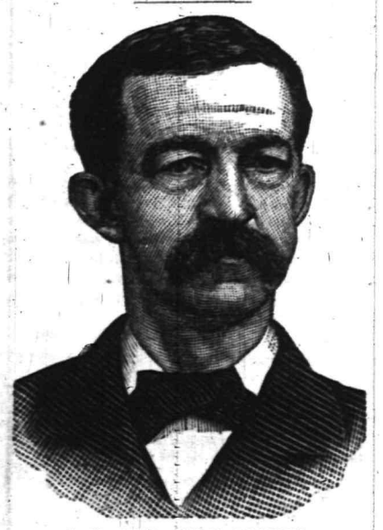
The life of Past Supreme Chancellor Read is interwoven with the history of the Order. He was the first Grand Chancellor of New Jersey and the first Supreme Chancellor of the World. He was born in Mt. Holly, on Jan. 26, 1815, and was initiated a Knight of Pythias on the 12th of December, 1867. New Jersey Lodge, No. 1, and Damon Lodge, No. 2, were instituted on the same date at Camden, some twenty gentlemen going from Mt. Holly for that purpose. It so happeded that Samuel Read was the first person initiated a Knight of Pythias in New Jersey (some few gentlemen had been initiated in Philadelphia). He was installed the first Chancellor Commander of New Jersey Lodge, No. 1.

On Aug. 11, 1868, the Provisional Supreme Lodge assembled in the City of Washington, and elected Samuel C. Read the first Supreme Chancellor. He served ardently for four years, and today, though past seventy years of age, still keeps up his great interest in the Order.

P. G. C., JAMES R. RUTAN.

Past Grand Chancellor James R. Rutan was born in Franklin, Essex county, N. J., Nov. 3, 1843, and comes from a good old Jersey family. When eight years of age his parents moved to Newark, and that city has been his residence from that time. He joined the order as a member of St. Paul Lodge, No. 29, Jan. 10, 1870. In the year 1881 Bro. Rutan was elected Grand Chancellor. His administration of affairs during his term of office was marked by a wise and conservative course of action, and when called upon to decide delicate questions of law and other important matters, he went about it in that straightforward, open-faced, honest way, which is characteristic of the man. The order in this State prospered under his administration.

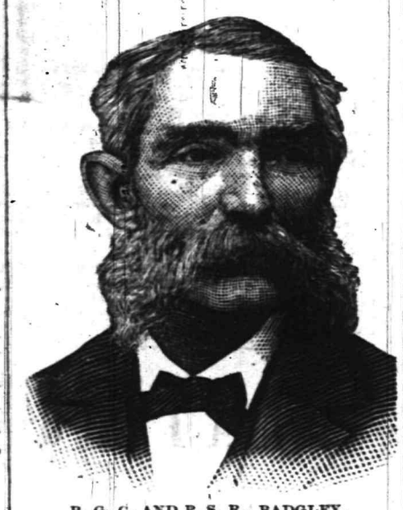
He has served both before and after occupying the Grand Chancellor's chair on all the important committees, and gave the Grand Lodge valuable service as one of the members of the important Committee on Appeals for a number of years. He is at present Chairman of Committee on Grand Chancellor's Report from which we quote elsewhere. No member of the order in this State can show a better record as a member than he. He has not missed a session of the Grand Lodge since he first entered that body, and is today the same stirring, active and zealous member that he was when he first became a member of St. Paul Lodge.



G. K. OF R. AND S. LORTON.

The above picture will undoubtedly be familiar to every Knight in New Jersey as well as to almost every citizen of this city and North Plainfield where Mr. Eugene V. Lorton resides. Grand Keeper of Records and Seal Lorton was born in the City of New York on the eleventh of Janury, 1841, and consequently was forty-seven years old last month. He is now employed by the New York *Graphic* company, who generously allow him sufficient leisure time in order to look after his business as G. K. of R. and S.

Brother Lorton was elected G. K. of R. and S. in the year 1878, defeating at that time William B. French, who was, during his lifetime, one of the strongest and ablest workers in the order in the State. Since that time Brother Lorton has served continuously and with the best of satisfaction for nine years. On entering upon his duties as G. K. of R. and S. nine years ago, he applied thorough business methods in the conduct of his office, which have never been released.

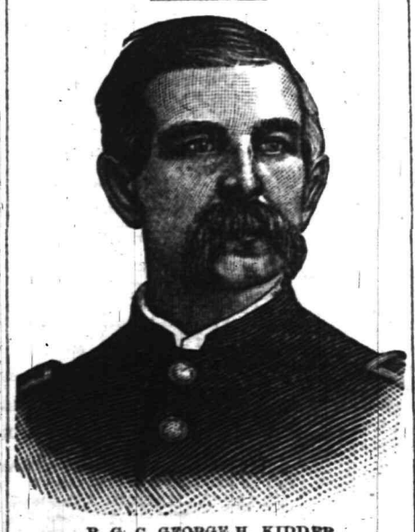


P. G. C. AND P. S. R., BADGLEY.

Moses F. Badgley, of Newark, Past Grand Chancellor and Past Supreme Representative, is also the present Chairman of the Committee on Appeals and Grievances. He was born in New Providence, Jan. 21, 1833.

He became a member of the Grand Lodge in 1870, and has not missed a session since. He has served on all the important Committees in the Grand Lodge, and has been a member of the Committee on Appeals and Grievances for a number of years, which position he has filled with the greatest satisfaction.

He has visited Subordinate Lodges in all parts of the State, at all kinds of gatherings, taking part in each one. Being tall, of a commanding appearance, and an eloquent speaker, he has in this way done noble service for the Order. As a public speaker Bro. Badgley has very few equals, as Brothers from all parts of the State will testify to. He has always taken a very active and decided part in the business of the Grand Lodge. Having such a command of speech, he has made himself felt many times. He is very conscientious in all of his dealings, and when he makes up his mind that he is in the right, he is not afraid to express his views, and to work to carry out his object.



P. G. C. GEORGE H. KIDDER.

Past Grand Chancellor Geo. H. Kidder of Jersey City, was born at Medford, Middlesex Co., Mass., April 21, 1834, and has been connected with fraternal orders since the age of nineteen years. His connection with the Order of Knights of Pythias dates from the institution of Lafayette Lodge No. 79, in Nov. 1872, of which he was a charter member, and was made the first Chancellor Commander. In 1875 and 1876 he was D. D. G. C. in District No. 9; in 1877 was Grand Prelate; in 1878 Grand Vice Chancellor, and 1879 Grand Chancellor.

Brother Kidder's experience as Grand Chancellor was an eventful one, but he proved himself the right man in the right place. Upon assuming the duties of Grand Chancellor he found the Grand Lodge in debt, and disorder and confusion reigning supreme throughout the State. But with a brave heart and a willing hand he went to work, and at the expiration of his term of office had the pleasure of announcing the Grand Lodge free of debt.

P. C., JOHN ULRICH.

Every citizen and Knight of Plainfield, and probably every visiting Knight, will recognize the face of Hon. John Ulrich, Past Chancellor of Perseverance Lodge, No. 74, and Chairman of the Committee on the present Grand Lodge Entertainment. His personal history has already been published in these columns. His history as he passes through the Grand Lodge chairs, we trust will soon begin. His history as a Brother is as follows:

Bro. Ulrich was Knighted in Perseverance Lodge, No. 74, in the Fall of 1884. He at once took a deep interest in the Order, and in June, 1886, was elected Prelate; in December, 1886, Vice Chancellor and in June, 1887, Chancellor Commander. To say that his term of administration was a success would be but a feeble expression of the fact. He committed the ritual so as to perform the work without its use. He suggested to his lodge the propriety of purchasing new paraphernalia and costumes for work, which was done. He also took the initiative step of organizing the Uniform Division in Plainfield by appointing a Committee to confer with the Brothers of Unity and Good Will Lodges. Having seen that the affair was a success he withdrew owing to the severe pressure of business. He has taken active part in the arrangements for the accommodation and entertaiment of the members of the Grand Lodge, at the session now being held in this city. He takes an active interest in all that pertains to the good of the Order, and is always ready and willing to sacrifice his private business and personal interests to advance the interests of the Order.

THIS MORNING'S SESSION.

The Board of Officers of the First Regiment, Uniformed Rank, K. of P. of New Jersey, met in Perserverance Lodge room this morning at ten o'clock and elected George H. Kidder of Palestine Division No. 1, of Jersey City, as Major, to succeed Major Combs. At half-past ten o'clock the Grand Lodge was called to order in the City Council chamber by Grand Chancellor Henry C. Housell, of New Brunswick, who introduced his Honor, Mayor Job Male. The Mayor, in a few well-chosen words, welcomed the guests and tendered the use of the City to the Grand Lodge. He said he hoped the members would have a pleasant visit, so that at some future time they would again come to Plainfield. The Grand Chancellor responded on behalf of the Grand Lodge. Among the Past Grand Chancellors present were; Senator Moon, Past Grand Chancellor of Kentucky, Past Grand Chancellors Colter, Rutan, Long, Badgely, Mac Collough, Miller, Kidder, Pierson. On motion adopted the hours for holding the meeting this evening were changed inasmuch as the Grand Lodge Entertainment Committee had arranged to entertain the guest in Reform Hall at 9 p. m. The report of the Grand Chancellor and also that of Eugene V. Lorton, Grand Keeper of Records and Seals, was submitted in pamphlet form, and ordered distributed among the members. The Grand Lodge Degree was then worked upon a large number of Past Chancellors, after which the Grand Lodge adjourned until two o'clock this afternoon.

Between seven and nine o'clock this evening Perserverance Lodge room on East Front street, will be thrown open for the reception of Knights not members of the Grand Lodge. Prof. Conde's cornet Band will be in attendance and discourse popular airs. At nine o'clock the Knights, preceded by the band will march to the Council chamber in a body, and escort the members of the Grand Lodge to Reform Hall, where eminent speakers will make addresses, and all Knights will be royally entertained. Between the Council chamber and the Hall a grand pyrotechnical display will take place.

GRAND CHANCELLOR'S REPORT.

The following is a synopsis of the Grand Chancellor's report signed by Henry C. Housall, whose portrait appears elsewhere:

"After a period of nearly fifteen months we are again assembled together to legislate for the advancement of, and for the best interest of our whole Order. Let each and every one of us render thanks to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe for the many blessings bestowed upon the order during that period. Our brightest hopes have been more than realized, and success has crowned our every effort. Immediately after the adjournment of the Grand Lodge session in December, 1886, twenty-seven Past Chancellors, representing so many districts, were commissioned District Deputy Grand Chancellors, and three German Deputies were also commissioned.

NEW LODGES INSTITUTED.

On April 14th, 1887, Medford Lodge, No. 108, was instituted at Medford, Burlington Co., with 12 charter members. On September 8, 1887, Brother Eugene V. Lorton, G. K. of R. and S., by my instruction, instituted Sir Walling Lodge, No. 109, at Keyport, Monmouth county. The ranks were conferred on the members by the working team of Unity Lodge, No. 102, in an excellent manner. On October 13th, Volunteer Lodge No. 110 was instituted at Elizabeth with 41 names to grace the charter. One week later, Oct. 20, Starlight Lodge, No. 112 was instituted at Washington, Warren county. This lodge is composed of excellent material and has among its membership the leading citizens of the town. Oct. 31st, Amo Lodge, No. 111 was instituted at Pemberton, Burlington county, with 37 charter members. On Jan. 3d of the present year, Hancock Lodge, No. 114 of Jersey City. The Ranks were conferred upon 68 candidates by the working team of Unity Lodge, No. 102, composed of the following Past Chancellors: C. C., Fred. Sears; V. C., J. F. Evans; Prelate, H. J. Martin; M. at A., J. F. Sheppard. On Feb. 7, 1888, Star Lodge, No. 113 of Clinton, Hunterdon county was instituted. During the year many official visits have been paid to the various lodges and many decisions have been rendered. Resignations have been accepted and appointments made. The constitution was ordered printed in German for the use of the German Lodges, but owing to a circular of the Supreme Chancellor in reference to changing parts of the laws, the work was postponed. The correspondence of the office has been exceedingly great. During the term no less than 700 letters have been written.

SUGGESTIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

The Grand Chancellor in his report, recommends the conferring of the rank of Past Chancellor upon Bro. D. F. Hill of Good Samaritan Lodge, who was forced to remove from the vicinity of his lodge on account of ill health of his wife, but a few weeks before his term of Chancellor Commander expired. He also recommends that in consideration of the valuable services to the order in this jurisdiction by P. C., D. N. Messler, through the medium of *The Jersey Knight*, at a pecuniary loss to himself, that the Grand Lodge in some way recompense him for the same, thereby insuring to the Order in the future a paper second to none in country. The report goes on to say that the time has arrived when every Knight of Pythias should show his loyalty to the Supreme Lodge and the Order, by an earnest and zealous advocacy of the Endowment Rank, which has paid the enormous sum of $4,101,861.00 to the Widows and Orphans of their brother Knights, and it is destined to be the chief support and pride of every Subordinate Lodge in carrying out the principles of the Order.

G. K. OF R. S. EUGENE V. LORTON'S REPORT.

The report of the Grand Keeper of Records and Seals, Eugene V. Lorton, is condensed as follows:

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand at last session	$1,394 15
Received from Subordinate Lodges for Tax, July 1887	1,360 00
Received from Subordinate Lodges for Tax Jan. 1888	903 60
Received from sale of Suplies etc	990 68
Total	$4,648 23

Total disbursements for printing, salary, supplies, etc., $3,445.53, leaving on hand, Feb. 1st 1888, $1,202.82. Of this amount $9,94 is in the hands of the G. M. of E. and the balance of $1,192.88 is in the hands of the Grand Keeper of Records and Seals.

Received from Subordinate Lodges, per capita Tax, July 1887	$1,360 00
Received from Subordinate Lodges, per capita Tax, Jauuary, 1888	903 60
Received from Subordinate Lodges, for Supplies	887 60
Received from Miscellaneous Sources	102 60
Total amount received to Feb. 1, 1888	$4,248 20

The following table shows the statistics of membership as reported to the Grand

Lodge this morning. Number of members at last report, 8,918; initiated during year, 1.270; admitted by card, 139; reinstated, 75; total, 10,402; 99 have withdrawn by card, 715 have been suspended, and 128 have severed their connection by death. The amount of cash on hand at the beginning of the present Grand Lodge session is $1,202.82, and this will be amply sufficient to pay all expenses.

A BRIEF HISTORY OF THE ORDER

Through the courtesy of Mr. Geo. H. Polhemus, Secretary of the Grand Lodge Entertainment Committee, THE PRESS is enabled to give the following historical sketch of the organization of the order in this country, and, also of the three Lodges in this immediate vicinity:

The original meeting at which the ritual of the order of Knights of Pythias was first read and the primary steps taken to establish the order was held in Mr. Robert A. Champion's room No. 369 (old number) F street in the city of Washing on, D. C., on the evening of Feb. 15th 1864. There was present on this occasion Mr. J. H. Rathbone, Mr. Robert A. Champion, Mr. D. L. Burnett, Mr. E. T. Kimball, Mr. W. H. Burnett, Mr. Charles H. Roberts and Mr. Driver. Mr. Rathbone, after obligating each of the gentlemen upon the Bible not to reveal any of the works to be imparted to them, read to them the ritual of a secret society which he had written some time previously while teaching school in the Lake Superior county, and which he was desirous of now ushering into existence. At a subsequent meeting, Feb. 19th 1864, the ritual was adopted, the degrees worked and thus sprang into existence the Order of Knights of Pythias, founded upon the noble principles of "Friendship, Charity and Benevolence." From the commencement the membership of the Order continued to increase, there being however, but one subordinate lodge, viz: the Washington Lodge. On the 8th of April 1864, the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia was organized which by virtue of its organization became the Provisional Supreme Lodge, and so continued until the formation of the Supreme Lodge as hereinafter stated. The Supreme Lodge, Knights of Pythias was organized at Washington, D. C. on August 11th 1868, in pursuance of a plan which had been adopted by a convention held at Philadelphia, Pa., May 15th 1868, said plan being ratified by all the Grand Lodges then in existence. The Supreme Lodge being composed of Past Grand Chancellors, exercises Executive, Legislative and Judicial functions over the whole Order; it has continued to extend the bounds of its influence, until at this time through varied experiences and vicissitudes it finds itself in less than a quarter of a century, guarding the interest of over two hundred thousand members including within it forty-five Grand Jurisdictions and two-thousand five hundred subordinate lodges. The Grand Lodge of the State of New Jersey is composed of the Past Chancellors from subordinate lodges, and wields influence and power over the 112 subordinate lodges in this State and is itself subject to the Supreme Lodge of the world. For the first time in its history the Grand Lodge holds its annual session in the city of Plainfield.

The Order of the Knights of Pythias was first established in this vicinity in the year 1872. A number of residents of Plainfield having formed a favorable opinion of the order met together and the result was the institution of Perseverance Lodge on the 7th of June of that year with with only fifteen charter members. The lodge was instituted by Grand Chancellor J. Wilson Cochrane of Jersey City, assisted by D. D. G. C. Chetwood Bird and members of Myrtle Wreath Lodge of Elizabeth. At that time the order was scarcely known in Plainfield and Perseverance Lodge found hard work in establishing the lodge and for some years it seemed to stand still. Those who organized it, however, had strong hopes for the future. A number of gentlemen from Scotch Plains soon became members of the lodge and took a lively interest in its welfare. In the year 1875 the members of No. 74 residing in Scotch Plains, imbued with the idea that an excellent field was open to them to organize a lodge in their village, withdrew from Perseverance Lodge, and on the 17th of September 1874, Good Will Lodge No. 101 was instituted at Scotch Plains by Grand Chancellor Moses F. Badgley of Newark, assisted by members of Perseverance and other lodges. This lodge grew slowly during its first years, but always held its place as a lodge full of live men. From this time forth, the order has been continually growing in Plainfield until the year 1883, when it was found that there was room for another lodge in this city, and on the 22d of March 1883, Unity Lodge, No. 102, was instituted by D. D. G. C. John A. Wehrly of Somerville, with a charter list of about 25 men. Since that time the order has progressed rapidly, until now the three lodges, Nos. 74, 101 and 102, comprise a membership of nearly 400 men. Among the members of these lodges are a large number of our principal business men, and all three lodges are in a thriving condition, and constantly adding to their number. In connection with these lodges are two sections of Endowment Rank, (the insurance branch), considered the best in existence, and also a division of the Uniform Rank. Neither of these are compulsory, but both are beneficial. The Endowment Rank is composed of Knights of Pythias in good standing in their respective subordinate lodges, and is under the control of the Supreme Lodge, K. of P., of the World. It provides a cheap, safe, sound and perfectly reliable life endowment and at actual net cost to members of the Order, in sums ranging at $1,000, $2,000 and $3,000, to be paid upon proof of death of the member to such person or persons as is provided by law, who may be designated in the membership application. The present membership is over 18,000 and it is increasing satisfactorily. The Uniform Rank is the military branch of the Order. The members wear a handsome uniform, provide benefits for their brother members, instruct them in the latest military tactics, impress upon them the necessity of discipline, and hold them to a strict observance of its motto, "Honor and Purity." They are subject to the Supreme Lodge of the World, and have a membership of 20,000 Sir Knights. Crescent Division, No. 13, Uniformed Rank, K. of P., of this city, numbers 31 members. The Division is composed of a body of well-drilled and efficiently equipped men. It was organized in January, 1887. Major General Carnahan, of Indiana, is Commander-in-Chief of the Uniformed Rank of the World. Col. John. H. Stroud is in command of the 1st Regt., Uniformed Rank, K. of P., of New Jersey. George H. Polhemus is Captain of Crescent Division, No. 13, of Plainfield.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Ex-Mayor Rockfellow is confined to the house by illness.

Mrs. John Nugent, of Port Richmond, Philadelphia, is visiting at Mrs. William Grogan's, No. 29 West Front street.

Miss Matilda Hudson, of Somerset street, has just returned from the State Normal School at Trenton, having been graduated therefrom with high honor and in possession of the diploma of the institution.

Miss Katie Carty entertained about twenty of her young friends, at her residence on Orchard place, with a birthday party Tuesday. The young folks enjoyed themselves with games, etc., until a late hour in the evening when they dispersed, wishing her many happy returns of the day.

At Rahway, yesterday, occurred the death of Mr. Alve Edgar Laing in the 77th year of his age. Mr. Laing was both well and favorably known in this city, where he resided until a few months ago. He was the father of Mrs. Frank C. Green of this city, and was a frequent speaker at the Reform Club meetings. The funeral will take place on Saturday.

Rev. F. Koechli was formally installed pastor of the German Reformed church last evening. Rev. Mr. Girtanner, of Newark, preceded the installation services by a sermon in German taking his text from the First Corinthians, third chapter and the seventh and ninth verses. Rev. Dr. Waters, President of the Newark Classis, installed the pastor. Rev. Mr. Schenck delivered a brief charge to the pastor and Rev. Mr. Miller charged the people. A more extended account of the services is crowded out today.

Continuing the Evangelistic Services.

The series of Evangelistic Services under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., of this city, were continued in Trinity Reformed church, Tuesday evening, by Mrs. J. T. Ellis, Corresponding Secretary of the State W. C. T. U. The singing by the Crescent Glee Club, led by Mr. M. M. Dunham, with cornet and organ accompaniment, the latter by Miss Lizzie Brooks, was a feature of the occasion. Mrs. Ellis took her text from St. Luke, 15th chapter—"The Prodigal Son." Her remarks were of an evangelical nature, and very interesting. She followed with an appeal, and several persons took the initiative step toward becoming Christians. A half-hour inquiry meeting was held at the close of the service which was conducted by Mrs. Ellis, assisted by Rev. Mr. Schenck, Secretary Manning of the Y. M. C. A. and others. Mrs. Ellis presided at Bethel Mission Chapel last evening, and will speak at Hope Chapel this and to-morrow evenings. Afternoon Bible readings are held every afternoon at 3 o'clock at No 55 East Front street.

The Baptist Mission in the New Settlement.

In the lecture room of the First Baptist church, last evening, the project of the establishment of a mission chapel and sunday school in the vicinity of the Pond Tool Works, was thoroughly discussed. Estimates placed the cost of erecting and furnishing a suitable building, at $4,000.

Mr. George A. Chapman suggested a careful course to insure the success of the scheme, and urged the securing of the fund necessary before any advance be made. Mr. L. W. Serrell was in favor of beginning at once. He said that already there were two applicants for licenses to sell liquor in the same neighborhood, and they would have their saloons in full blast while the mission project was kept waiting.

The consideration of the matter for final decision was left to a committee composed of members of both the First and Park Avenue Baptist churches.

Mrs. Cleveland the Most Interesting.

The *Journal* of Elizabeth should give the *Central Times* of Plainfield credit when it clips such interesting items as the following from the latter's columns:

City Clerk O. B. Leonard, of Plainfield, and wife recently paid a week's visit to Washington. Among the interesting incidents of their stay was the pleasure of a private reception by Mrs. Cleveland, which was accorded them on account of Mr. Leonard's personal acquaintance with Mrs. Cleveland's father, who was a companion of his at college. From a remark or two dropped by the city clerk, it is inferred that she is, in his opinion, the most interesting member of the President's family.

—Last night was one of the coldest thus far this season. This morning the thermometer registered two degrees below zero.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 10, 1887.

Adams, Mrs Dr
Carpenter, Firmon
Clapp, Mrs Adoline
Cairns, Mrs Katie
Dunham, A W
Dunbar, Wallace
Delille, Madamoselle
Farlee, Robert
Harvey, Eugene
Hanna, Geo.
Holmes, Rosa
Harris, A A
Kleur, A Mrs.
Kippy, Emma Mrs
Keller, A A
Madden, Thomas
Meads, Bettie
Packard, C J Mrs
Payne, Abraham Mrs
Phelan, Bridget Mrs [2]
Randolph, Caroline F
Reif, Amore
Reed, N B Miss
Seibert, Geo C Dr Rev
Sawyer, Marie Mrs
Smalley, Sophia Mrs
Salters, Francis H
Townley, Annie Miss
VanMiddlesworth, F.
Vanbelt, Chas.

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

LAING—At Rahway, N. J., on Third day, the 14th inst., Alve Edgar Laing, in the 77th year of his age. Funeral from Friends Meeting House, 7th day, 18th inst., at 11 a. m.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

GIRL WANTED as Nurse, and to do upstairs work. Call 49 East 5th street.

WANTED, Rooms or small flat for light housekeeping. Good references. Box 6 P.O.

TO LET—SMALL COTTAGE NEAR DEPOT; in good condition. Rent $16.00. Apply 45 E. 4th street.

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIVISION Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use; in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORB. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECOND Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO (HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

-SKATING-

—AT—

"THE CRESCENT,"

Plainfield, N. J.

FEBRUARY 22,

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

2-16-6

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

PAYING 7 PER CENT.

ANNUALLY, NEGOTIATED BY THE

HAMILTON LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,

(Incorporated.)

Semi-Annual Coupon Bonds running five years Interest and principal payable at the office of BROWN BROTHERS & CO., N. Y.

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HENRY A. BARRY, Pres't Hamilton L. & T. Co., 150 Broadway, New York City.
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Gen. JOHN M. THAYER, Gov. State of Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebraska.
W. P. ALDRICH, Empire Print Works, New York City.
J. L. HUEY, Cashier Arkansas City Bank, Arkansas City, Kan.
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F. W. POPPLE, Vice-Pres't Hamilton L. & T. Co., 150 Broadway, New York City.
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For pamphlets showing list of stockholders and giving full information, send to or call on

CRAIG A. MARSH, Attorney,
Corner Front and Somerset Sts.,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
2-3-3meow

CLOSING OUT SALE!

Having sold out our business, we have agreed to reduce our stock before giving possession on *MARCH 1st*. Until that time we will sell our entire stock of

Millinery, Fancy Goods!

LACES, RIBBONS,
WORSTEDS, YARNS,
KNIT GOODS, RUFFLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
STAMPED LINENS, ETC.,

REGARDLESS OF COST!

J. H. Honeyman & Co.,

NEXT TO POST OFFICE.

2-10-14

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.

P. O. BOX 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

MUSIC HALL!

Wednesday Evening, February 22,

[WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.]

MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG

And her Superb Company of European Artists, in *VERDI'S GRAND OPERA,*

"IL TROVATORE,"

In *FULL COSTUME* and *STAGE SETTINGS.*

Seats on sale commencing Tuesday morning, Feb. 14, at the Pharmacies of J. G. Miller and Field & Randolph. *No Advance in Prices.*

2-11-9

NEW STORE.

W. H. COMBS

Wishes to inform the public that he has opened a

GROCERY STORE,

COR. LINDEN AVE. AND STEINER PLACE,

NORTH PLAINFIELD,

Where he will supply all who will favor him with their patronage with everything in the GROCERY line at the

Lowest Market Prices!

Goods delivered in any part of the city.

2-10-6

A. F. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.

WARDEN & FOWLER,

Wholesale and Retail

CONFECTIONERS,

NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,

between North ave. and Second street,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share *of public patronage is respectfully solicited.*

9-10-tf

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,
Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,
Gold and Silver Jewelry,
—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

AT DOANE'S,

9 PARK AVENUE. 12-16-tf

Printing!

Material—the best.

Workmanship—first-class.

Delivery—prompt.

Charges—moderate.

PRESS AND CONSTITUTIONALIST

PRINTING HOUSE.

PECK'S CORNER.

LOOK at New White Goods

AT

PECK'S

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

RUBBER

Boots and Shoes.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

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C. FRANK FRENCH,

69 SOMERSET ST.,

Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box* 1,062.

DEALER IN

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.

Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

THE SHAWMUT.

Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*

TRY IT!

Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm.

1-30 tf

GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

10-29-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST.

12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.

21 *WEST FRONT STREET. PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only.* Telephone Call 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
PROPRIETORS.

12-2-tf

SILVERWARE

FOR HIRE,

AT COLLIER'S,

No. 3 PARK AVENUE.

ESTABLISHED NINETEEN YEARS.

1-14-tf

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

[Successor to T. J. Carey,]

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT St.,
Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

YOU CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL

AT

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods

Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price.

12-2-tf

PETROLEUM V. NASBY DEAD.

The Noted Toledo Editor Taken Away With Bright's Disease.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 16.—David Ross Locke, "Petroleum V. Nasby," died yesterday at 6 a. m., after suffering for many months with Bright's Disease.

DAVID ROSS LOCKE.

Mr. Locke was born in Broome County, N. Y., Sept. 20, 1833. He received a common school education, and learned the printer's trade in Cortland. After being connected with several Western papers as a local reporter, he was successively editor and publisher in Ohio from 1857 to 1860, of the Plymouth *Advertiser*, Mansfield *Herald*, Bucyrus *Journal* and Findlay *Jeffersonian*.

In the last named he published in 1860, under the signature of "Rev. Petroleum V. Nasby," a letter purporting to come from an ignorant and peaniless Kentucky Democrat, who was devoted to free whisky and the perpetuation of slavery, and who desired to be a postmaster.

The development of this character, with various dramatic incidents, was the gist of the long series of "Nasby" letters which were soon transferred to the Toledo *Blade*, of which their author became a proprietor and editor. They were continued regularly for several years and made Mr. Locke famous, not only in America but in England.

Like Josh Billings and Artemus Ward, Mr. Locke sought to heighten the effect of his humor by a perverted spelling. Were this element eliminated from many of the "Nasby" letters there would be rather a flimsy structure left. But his humor and his satire were none the less genuine, and during the reconstruction period his pen was a power in the Republican cause.

Mr. Locke lectured in all the Northern States, generally on political topics. His eloquent and impressive manner on the platform and his rich voice made him a great favorite with audiences.

SAD TRAGEDY AT YORK.

O. P. Truett Shoots His Wife and Then Turns the Pistol on Himself.

YORK, Pa., Feb. 16.—Yesterday about 2 o'clock, a. m. O. P. Truett, formerly of this city, but recently a resident of Harrisburg, while visiting his father-in-law with his wife and two children, shot his wife and then attempted suicide.

Truett went down to the Postoffice about an hour before the occurrence to mail a letter, and upon his return to the house approached his wife, who was nursing a sick child, drew a revolver from his pocket, and very deliberately opened fire upon her.

Three shots were fired, one taking effect in the left side of the nose, passing downward, knocking out several teeth and cutting the tongue and going out through the lower jaw.

The other two shots took effect in her arm. Thinking he had killed his wife, the murderer then sent a ball crashing into his left temple.

Both are still alive and the woman may recover, but Truett can hardly live.

Petroleum Found in New Jersey.

NEW EGYPT, N. J., Feb. 16.—It is asserted that a valuable petroleum spring has been found on a public roadside near the farm of John Irons, near this place. Apparently trustworthy reports say it yields about five gallons of oil and water every hour, and that about 10 per cent. of the yield is oil. It is dark brown, has a strong petroleum smell, and is inflammable. The people in the town believe that oil can be had in large quantities, and there is all sorts of speculation about sinking wells, forming syndicates, and booming real estate. The spring was found on Feb. 7, but it was kept a secret until Friday. It is said a Philadelphia chemist has pronounced the outcome of the spring petroleum.

Hoboken Holds Up Mr. Gladstone's Hands.

HOBOKEN, N. J., Feb. 16.—The St. Mary's Catholic Association of Hoboken and the Catholic Literary Association of Passaic City have been holding a series of debates on the question: "Resolved, that home rule would be a more beneficial form of Government for Ireland than would a total separation from England." The final debate took place in Passaic on Tuesday night. Hoboken took the affirmative and Passaic the negative. The judges were Prosecutor W. B. Gourley and Postmaster John Johnson, of Paterson, and M. B. Holmes, of Jersey City. They decided that the Hobokenites had presented the strongest arguments and gave them the victory.

Voting on Party Lines.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The Committee on Elections decided by a strict party vote yesterday that Davidson, of Alabama, whose election is contested by McDuffie, Republican, was entitled to his seat. The Republicans dissented from the decision on the ground that intimidation and fraud had been practised upon the colored voters and they propose to show the House the evidence in the case, and give Mr. Davidson's friends an opportunity to reply to it. The probability is that the vote in the House will be on party lines also and the Democrats made to shoulder the responsibility for seating their man.

Insane Over George and McGlynn.

NEWARK, Feb. 16.—The disruption between Dr. McGlynn and Henry George has so preyed upon the mind of Francis Meckler, a prominent labor man, that his friends think he has become insane. He attributes the troubles to the machinations of Satan, and prophesied that Pentecost will defeat the arch fiend and restore harmony, and that the Labor party will rise triumphant.

Fire Throws 300 Men Out of Work.

WELBRAHAM, Mass., Feb. 16.—The Collins Paper Company's establishment, the principal industry here, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The loss is a quarter of a million dollars. The firemen suffered extremely from the cold. Steamers from neighboring towns were summoned, but the fire got beyond control. Three hundred men are thrown out of work.

Minnesota Republicans in Session.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 16.—The Republican State Central Committee met at St. Paul yesterday afternoon to elect a successor to Senator Davis for member of the National Committee. J. P. Heathwood and S. G. Evans are mentioned for the place.

An Engineer Horribly Mangled.

WHITE PLAINS, Feb. 16.—Charles Weaver, the engineer in Young, Tripp & Company's grain elevator at this place, was caught in the belting yesterday afternoon and had his right arm terribly lacerated. The man's life was saved only by the breaking of the pulley.

MR. GLADSTONE'S SON

HE THINKS COERCION A MISERABLE FAILURE.

England's Relations With Italy—Russia and England—Re-enforcement on the Frontier—The Crown Prince.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—Messrs. John Dillon and William O'Brien were in their seats in the House yesterday. Both gentlemen are in greatly improved health and their sunburned countenances attracted a good deal of attention.

Mr. O'Brien will open the debate on the address this eveing, when it is expected that there will be a full attendance of members and crowded galleries to hear what the impulsive editor may have to say on the treatment he received at the hands of Mr. Balfour and his underlings.

When Herbet Gladstone, son of the great Liberal leader, arose to address the House on the address, all eyes were directed to him, there being much interest to observe how he would bear himself.

He proved himself a worthy son of his father. He taunted the Government with its utter failure to prevent the progress of the plan of campaign or to suppress the Irish National League.

The Government, he said, had made a great stir with very poor results among the smaller branches of the League, but they did not dare to attempt to hew down the main trunk in Dublin. Every landlord in Ireland to whom the plan of campaign had been applied had, with one exception, surrendered.

Mr. John Edward Ellis, Liberal member for Rushcliffe, in a vigorous speech, supported Mr. Parnell's amendment to the speech from the throne. He denied that decrease in crime in Ireland was due to the Crimes Act, and condemned the Irish magistrates for the manner in which they administered the law.

He declared that many of them were not qualified to hold the position, and their arbitrary administration of the Crimes Act reeked with petty malignity calculated to create a state of tyranny. If the Government would consent to the appointment of a committee of inquiry ample evidence of the maladministration of the law would be given.

The National League, he asserted, was never stronger, and the spirit of the Irish people remained unbroken. When the electors of the United Kingdom learned the facts they would sweep away the present government of Ireland, which, the speaker said, was a mockery.

Colonel King-Harman, Under Secretary for Ireland, followed. He declared that the recent events in Ireland showed that the National League was losing power.

On motion of Mr. William O'Brien the debate was adjourned.

AN ANGLO-ITALIAN TREATY.

Belief That England Has Made a Compact That She Would Like to Undo.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—The refusal of Sir James Ferguson, in the House of Commons Wednesday evening, to make an explicit statement concerning the Government's relations with Italy has raised a strong suspicion that a secret treaty exists between the English Government and that power, and his refusal to lay before the House the correspondence which had passed is regarded by a great many persons as confirming the suspicion. Even the Tory *St. James Gazette* and the *Standard* resent Sir James' replies to Mr. Labouchere and severely criticize his evasive tactics.

Lord Salisbury's recent speech has had more effect on the Continent than it has had at home, which, quite obviously, it was the intention that it should have. That portion of his remarks in which the Premier stated: "We have in Eastern Europe a policy which we shall consistently uphold and shall not show ourselves more indifferent to those interests than have those who have gone before," is interpreted by Liberals and Tories alike as a deliberate supplement to Prince Bismarck's acknowledgement of connection with the triyartite agreement.

It is becoming more evident daily that the Government has been entrapped into an agreement it were better it should not have entered into, and which it would now willingly depart from if a means of exit could be found.

An Anglo-Russian Understanding.

PARIS, Feb. 16.—Authentic information has been received from St. Petersburg that Lord Randolph Churchill, on his recent visit, submitted to the Czar a proposal relative to England's policy as regards Russia. The proposition was that Russia should be left liberty of action in Europe, on the condition that she does not further encroach upon Afghan territory. It is stated that the Czar favors this policy, and, if it should be adopted, would even not object to Afghanistan becoming an intagral part of India.

More Russians on the Frontier.

BERLIN, Feb. 16.—The *Kreutz Zeitung* says that the Russian troops on the Prussian frontier have been re-enforced by the arrival of 18,000 soldiers at Mariampol, Kalvarja and Suvalki. The estimated forces of the Russians on the frontiers of Roumania and Austria is 570,090 men and 2,250 guns. The military stations on these frontiers are being connected by telegraph with the frontier fortresses.

The Landwehr Under the New Law.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—Official military regulations have been issued which provide that under the new law the Landwehr will no longer be divided into regiments and battalion districts, divided according to territory, which will be directly dependent on the infantry brigades throughout the Empire.

The Crown Prince's Condition

SAN REMO, Feb. 16.—The German Crown Prince passed another restless night. He has a headache, but otherwise his condition is favorable His doctors were dismayed by his sleeplessness on Mon ay night, and are unable to agree as to the treatment.

THE FISHERIES COMMISSION.

It is Understood That the Report is Almost Ready for Signature.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The following statement was obtained yesterday.

The Fishery Commissioners completed their labors this morning, and the papers embodying the result were all ready for signature when at the last moment a hitch occurred, it is understood, upon some question as to boundaries to bays and inlets over which exclusive jurisdiction should be conceded to one of the Powers.

If this disagreement shall not prove insurmountable, and it is hardly supposed that it will, there is a strong probability that the President will communicate to the Senate the result of the deliberations, and will make a request that publicity shall be given.

No information as to the nature of the nearly completed agreement can as yet be secured.

STRIKERS VERY INDIGNANT.

Reading Men Say They Are Ready to Play Their Last Card.

READING, PA., Feb. 16.—There was more serious apprehension felt throughout the Schuylkill region last night than at any time since the strike. Both parties have finally determined on desperate and aggressive measures. Many Polanders and Hungarians have left the coal fields, but yesterday the Reading Company brought in 200 Italians to start to North Mahanoy City colliery.

This caused great indignation among the strikers, which was intensified when they heard of President Corbin's defiant declaration before the Congressional committee that not one of the 3,600 railroaders laid off because of the strike shall come back while he is president.

The public has been informed that the engineers and pumpmen at the mines have been ordered to strike. The effect of this is not generally known. These men are Knights, but have been kept at the mines running the machinery during the strike pumping out the water. On Friday the men will take a vote, and undoubtedly decide to go out. This will stop the machinery and flood the mines, or, in other words, fill up the collieries with water.

Six months would be required to place them in order again. The Pottsville *Republican*, the strikers' organ, last night denounced such measures, and said that it will require years to undo such mischief, and that $1,000,000 damage will be done. If the pumps are stopped three days every mine, some of them eighteen hundred feet deep, will be filled with water.

The outlook is most serious. If the company succeeds in starting with the Italians more will be sent into the coal regions.

RALEIGH'S VOODOO DOCROR.

His Sentence Commuted to Imprisonment for Ten Years.

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 16.—Gov. Scales has commuted the death sentence of Lucien Rowe, a negro voodoo doctor, to imprisonment for ten years in the penitentiary.

In January, 1887, Rowe was charged with hanging entered in the night time the dwelling house of S. A. Thaxton, at Durham. That constitutes burglary, a capital crime according to the laws of North Carolina. Rowe was tried. A young and good looking mulatto girl named Mary Castleberry appeared as a witness against him. She deliberately swore away Rowe's life. She was arrested as his accomplice and turned State's evidence. Rowe was convicted of burglary and sentenced to death. He appealed to the Supreme Court, which confirmed the death sentence.

Lately certain utterances of Mary Castleberry led to a belief that she had testified falsely. A careful investigation proves this to have been the case. She had been Rowe's mistress, but became jealous of another woman. She had been employed at Thaxton's house and had admitted Rowe to the premises in the daytime during the absence of the family. He then with her connivance stole a lot of valuables. She then saw an opportunity to get him out of the way and so by perjury convicted him of capital crime, while he had really only committed larceny.

Vermont Republicans Organizing.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Feb. 16. The convention of delegates from the Republican clubs of the State assembled here yesterday to the number of about two hundred and fifty in response to a call sent out by Governor. C. Noble of St. Albans, Vermont's member of the Executive Committee of the National Republican Club League. The platform of the National League was adopted. After the adoption of a constitution Redfield Proctor of Proctor was chosen president of the State League. An Executive Committee was then chosen and the convention adjourned.

Furnace Men Threaten to Shut Down.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 16.—The furnace men of the Mahoning Valley, Pittsburg and the West, who have demaded cheaper freight rates and cheaper coke, will meet railroad representatives in Chicago on Friday. They say that unless the railroads and the coke operators comply with their demands they will shut down all furnaces. They charge Andrew Carnegie's firm with demoralizing the pig iron market. The agitation is having a depressing effect upon the iron market in general.

Saco's Bank Recovers Her Bonds.

SACO, Me., Feb. 16.—The result of Harry McNeilly's European trip has in part become known. The bonds which his brother Frank stole from the Saco and Biddeford Saving Institute were recovered and are on their way here. They were expected yesterday, but did not come. Until they arrive the bank officials will give no details of the finding, or state what the conditions of the surrender were on the part of the defaulter. They promise an official statement when the bonds arrive.

Cochrane Opposing Free Lumber.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—An interesting study in connection with Free Trader Scott's capture of the Pennsylvania State Committee is the appearance here of Mr. J. Henry Cochrane, one of the executive members of that committee, to oppose Mr. Mill's tariff reduction bill. Mr. Cochrane is a lumber dealer as well as a Democrat, and he is coming here with other lumber men to oppose the proposition to put lumber on the free list.

Suing for $700,000 Worth of Property.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 16.—An important suit, involving property in this city valued at $700,000, was filed in the Superior Court yesterday. The suit is brought by Josephus Collett, of Terra Haute, for the recovery of property formerly known as the Erie Canal bed, which is now traversed in part by one of the principal thoroughfares of the city.

The Trial of the Hatfields.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 16.—Captain Jack Gross, United States marshal, accompanied by his deputies, left last evening for Pikesville, for the purpose of bringing the Hatfields to this city. Governor Wilson, of West Virginia, has appointed J. W. St. Clair, ex-state Senator, to assist Eustace Gibson in defending the Hatfields.

Seymour Gets Six Hundred Majority.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Feb. 16.—According to the lates summing up of yesterday's vote Seymour carries the Eleventh District for Congress by a majority of a little over six hundred. This is as close as can be estimated without official returns, as some precincts, away from the telegraph lines, have not been heard from.

Effects of Dime Novels.

ALBANY, Feb. 16.—James Moran, aged 16, and Andrew Brown, aged 17, ran away from their homes in Providence, R. I., last Monday, and late Tuesday night were arrested in this city. Moran stole $30 of his father's money on leaving, and he had $19.40 in his possession when arrested. They were sent to jail.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

WM. K. McCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law.

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE,

Architect,

North avenue, opposite depot.
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors-at-Law,

Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,

Homoeopathist.

(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law.

Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

DR. PLATT,

90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.

Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder.

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work. 9-15-tf

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter and Builder

OFFICE—4 WEST THIRD STREET,
Shop, South Second St., PLAINFIELD, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED. 11-22-tf

C. E. JOHNSON,

[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,]

CARPENTER and BUILDER.

Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.

JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

C. NIELSEN,

Carpenter and Builder,

31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

THEODORE GRAY,

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Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

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A full line Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

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North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

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Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-30 y

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For Hand and Machine use. For sale by

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GREAT MARK DOWN SALE

to clear out most of our Large Stock of

WINTER GOODS,

in order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.

A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT, has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEWMARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.

An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.

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GEO. D. MORRISON,

FLOUR AND FEED STORE,

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JUST RECEIVED—A full line of POULTRY FOOD, BEEF SCRAPS, BONE MEAL, OYSTER SHELLS, EGG FOOD, ETC. 11-29-tf

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HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.

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Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

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P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

ROBERT JAHN,

Tin and Coppersmith,

Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

One of Many.

VICTOR, N. Y., Feb. 1st, 1887.

Mr. O. F. Woodward, Dear Sir: Send me ½ gross Kemp's Balsam, 50c. size, and a few *samples*. I *certainly* know that Kemp's Balsam is the best selling cough cure. I have fifteen other cough and lung remedies on my shelves, and Kemp's Balsam sells 10 to 1 best of all. Respectfully yours, F. E. COBB. Sold by R. J. Shaw, at 50c. and $1.00. Sample bottle free.

ARNOLD,

The Grocer.

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INSURANCE AGENTS,

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All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.

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WESTFIELD HOTEL,

WESTFIELD, N. J.

FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.

BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.

GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD,

DEALER IN

Lumber and Masons' Materials,

OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

J. W. VANSICKLE,

(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats,

etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

R. E. FAIRCHILD,

Furniture Dealer,

21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5 23-tf

AN UNLUCKY OPAL.

Story of A Connecticut Man Whose Wife Wore a Borrowed Ring.

"About four weeks ago a gentleman was stopping with us from Mexico, says the Bridgeport (Conn.) *Farmer*." "He had with him a very handsome ring. In the center of the setting is a large opal, surrounded by diamonds of a smaller size, but making a beautiful and glistening ornament. The ring was his mother's. It was left to him at her death, and ever since it fell to him he has had business troubles and general bad luck. He was talking about it one evening to my wife and myself. We all laughed, and she in a joking way said: 'Oh, I wouldn't be afraid of bad luck if I had such a ring as that.' He replied that he could not think of parting with the opal, as it had been his mother's, but if my wife would like to wear it for a short time he would lend it to her. I don't believe in borrowed plumes, but as he said that he should be in New York for a few weeks attending to some business matters before returning to Mexico, and as he would really like to leave the opal with some one for safety, it was decided to leave it here in Bridgeport. We are all friends together, and did not think of the ring other than to place it in a bureau drawer.

"A few evenings after he had gone we were invited to play whist. My wife had several diamond rings, but thought the big opal would look rather stunning at a card table, so she wore it; from that moment our luck changed. In getting out of a carriage she tore her dress. At the whist table she took hardly a trick. Somebody changed hats with me in the dressing-room, and when we got home we found two children sick, and that the third had fallen downstairs and received quite severe injuries. The next morning one of the servants left us. Money matters began to get involved with us. I could not get hold of enough money to meet pressing demands upon me, on account of being disappointed in payments that had been promised. One of our relatives died. Bills came in embarrassingly fast. Our water pipes got out of order, and all sorts of discouraging and unpleasant things have arisen to annoy us. At last my wife was taken sick, and while lying in bed she said: 'I really believe all this trouble we have had in the last four weeks has come about on account of that opal ring.'

"Saturday our friend came up to pass Sunday with us before his return to Mexico. We gave him his opal and told him our troubles. 'Well,' said he, 'I have had great luck in New York. Ever since I left here four weeks ago I have been making money. Every thing I touched panned out large profits.' Then we all laughed and said: 'What nonsense!' but it certainly was very funny.

"On Monday he, with his opal, bade us good-bye at eight o'clock in the morning. Now watch what followed. At 8:30 the the postman left a letter with a check in it for $50. At ten o'clock I was paid $50 in cash, which I no more expected than I expected to be shot. Before night we had a new servant. The children and my wife all recovered from their indisposition, and our household matters began to run smoothly. On Tuesday morning at eleven o'clock another $50 in cash was handed to me unexpectedly, and the same mail brought a check for $100 more. But the climax was reached when the evening mail brought a statement from a New York attorney that an estate had been divided up, and that my wife's portion was $16,200. Inclosed was a statement, also a receipt and all the papers to sign before a notary public. She signed the papers, and is going to New York to get the funds. I am not superstitious, but it certainly does look as if the opal had something to do with it. Don't you think so?"

RUNAWAY MATCHES.

A Texas Lady Advocates an Extension of Parental Authority.

Just how far a parents' influence should extend over the matrimonial alliances of their childrenn is a matter of opinion, writes a Texes lady to the Galveston *News*, but when we see some of the matches which our lax customs on this subject permit, we might well be excused if we favored quite an extension of parental authority. That a young person of either sex is qualified at sixteen years of age to decide so momentous a question would be unanimously denied if it were not so customary to allow girls at that age to contract obligations which involve their whole future. The idea that they should assume these obligations contrary to the wishes of their parents is, indeed, monstrous.

It seems, no doubt, a grand frolic sometimes to outwit the old folks, to marry without their consent, but the frolic generally proves to be a very serious, solemn business, and in a few years' time there is nothing so sweet as the care and help which these same old folks are called upon to bestow.

There is no love so unselfish as that of a parent, and a girl may well be cautious about trusting her future to a man who would persuade her to grieve and disappoint their faithful hearts. On the other hand, it is safe to assert that an undutiful, ungrateful daughter is not likely to make the most loving, patient, and self-sacrificing of wives and mothers.

Besides these considerations, conscious worth should inspire a young man with a certain self-respect which would demand a welcome from the parents of the woman he would make his wife. There are unreasonable, exacting parents, just as there are foolish, giddy, young people, but their age, experience and the tender love they bear their children entitle their wishes to consideration from even the most infatuated couple.

We would hear of very few runaway matches if the proper sympathy and confidence were maintained between girls and their mothers. The light fancy, the pleasant attraction which a girl feels toward any nice, agreeable gentleman, should be recognized and respected by the mother. She, too, has been along that enchanted pathway. That feeling, however, should not be mistaken for the love founded on esteem, which alone can weather the gales of married life without making shipwrecks of all our dearest hopes.

Levi and the Bear.

Levi Campbell, of Kingsbury, Me., set a bear-trap, and a bear got into it. He dragged the trap a good distance, until it was caught in a log. Then Levi came up and struck the bear with an axe. The animal turned suddenly, wrenched the trap loose, grabbed Levi, and was in a fair way of making an end of him when his dog pitched in and attracted the bear's attention until Levi could drag himself away.

A South Carolina Yarn.

W. T. McFall, of Barnwell, S. C., says that he lost a valuable dog by a snake bite, and several months after death he cut the dog open and found a snake fourteen inches long attached to the animal's liver.

A FIREBUG IN ITHACA.

Farmers Track an Incendiary Ten Miles Through the Snow.

ITHACA, Feb. 16.—The blazing barn of Oliver Dodge at Etna, near here, last evening, attracted to it a score of neighboring farmers. By footprints in the snow and the aid of lanterns, the supposed incendiary was chased over highly drifted fields and through dense woods for ten miles by the thoroughly excited farmers. At times the trail disclosed that the human game had climbed along the top of fence rails, again the tracks showed plainly that he had walked backward and at another that like a rabbit, he had doubled his tracks. But the pursuing farmers would not be baffled, and at 1 o'clock this morning ran their man to cover, and surrounding the house, sent a deputation inside, and found Harlan J. Pew, of unsavory repute, drying his clothing at the fire. Leaving a cordon about the house, messengers were sent here to bring the Sheriff, who brought Pew to the county jail here. Some of the posse of farmers wildly escorted the Sheriff's conveyance at full speed until its arrival here and the safe lodgment of the prisoner. Pew is married, and a nephew of the man whose barn he is believed to have fired. He is held for the Grand Jury.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Northwest has offered for sale $2,000,000 bonds and $5,000,000 Omaha bonds.

Thirty-two railroad corporations, representing $70,000 of capital stock, were organized in Nebraska last year.

President Cleveland has approved the bill removing the political disabilities of Henry H. Marmaduke, of Missouri.

James M. Bunker, a son of the Siamese twins, Eng and Chang, is an inmate of the Kansas penitentiary for perjury, in seeking a divorce from his wife.

John Harrison, who kept a big grocery store at Utica and Fulton avenues, Brooklyn, made an assignment Tuesday to Mirabeau L. Touns. The liabilities are about $16,000, assets about the same.

The Wilmington and Northern railroad has made arrangements to issue $500,000 in first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds. Of these $250,000 will be used to retire maturing obligations, and the balance will be sold, the proceeds to be used in improving the property.

At a reunion of the Confederate Cavalry in New Orleans, a permanent organization was effected by the election of the following officers: Lieut.-Gov. Stephen D. Lee was chosen president. Generals S. J. A. Jackson, Wirt Adams, S. W. Ferguson and others were chosen for minor offices.

According to the report turned in to the Railroad Commissioner, the finances of the the Manhattan Railway Company for the quarter ending Dec. 31, 1887, were as follows: gross earnings, $2,237,009; operating expenses, $1,176,957; other incomes, $11,671; fixed charges, $503,356; net income, $578,398.

A bill has been introduced in Congress which provides for the payment by the Government of $7,371.67, with interest from Sept. 1st, 1824, to the legal representatives of Capt. Allyn, of New London, Conn., and to the heirs of the former owners of the ship Cadmus. Capt. Allyn, of the ship Cadmus, brought Gen. Lafayette to this country in 1824, with his family, to be the guests of the United States Congress. Sixty-four years have passed since the Cadmus made her interesting voyage.

The temperance law determinedupon in the New Jersey Legislature by the Republicans provides for three grades of licenses to sell spirituous and malt liquors, based on the number of inhabitants in the city or village where the saloon keepor does business. In places of less than 3,000 population the license fee is to be $100; in places of over 3,000 and less than 10,000 population $150, and in places of over 10,000 population $250. The sale of liquor in any place where any other mercantile business is done is prohibited. The law provides that any person found guilty of violating the Sunday law, the gambling law, or any other excise provision, shall forever be incapacitated to receive a license.

Frederick Muller, a German, 25 years of age, of No. 172 Floyd avenue, Brooklyn, registered at the Van Dyke House, No. 28 Bowery, at midnight on Monday, and immediately retired to the room assigned him. About 11 o'clock Tuesday morning one of the watchmen detected the smell of escaping gas, an after an examination of several rooms, found the odor very strong near the door of the room occupied by Muller. He called assistance and broke in the door. Muller was found lying half dressed upon the bed in an unconscious condition. In one of his pockets was found a letter written in German, addressed to John Ulrich, No. 172 Floyd street, Brooklyn, in which he said: "In case I should die unexpectedly, all I possess goes to John Ulrich. My life is insured." The gas was purposely left on.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—For New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, fair weather; slightly warmer, fresh to brisk winds, diminishing in force, shifting to east and south.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.—Money on call to-day 2½ per cent.

BONDS.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
3½s.	1891, reg	107	107
4½s.	1891, coup	108⅛	108
4s.	1907, reg	126¾	125¾
4s.	1907, con	126¾	125¾

THREE O'CLOCK.—Dollness was again the rule to-day, broken for a brief period at noon by an upward movement in the grangers and a few other stocks. Bonds were equally dull.

STOCK MARKET.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	58⅝	58¼
Central Pacific	30½	30¼
Chicago, Bur. & Q	126¾	124¾
Delaware & Hudson	110	110
Del. Lack. & West	130½	130⅛
Erie	26½	27⅝
Erie, pref	—	63
Lake Shore	91	91⅜
Louis. & Nash	59	59⅜
Michigan Central	81½	82
Missouri Pacific	83	84⅝
New Jersey Central	79	79
New York Central & Hud	107¼	107¾
New York & New Eng	37¼	37⅝
Northwestern	107¼	107⅝
Oregon Navigation	93½	94
Pacific Mail	35¼	35¾
Reading	65⅝	66
Rock Island	113¼	113
St. Paul	75⅝	76⅛
Union Pacific	55⅛	55½
Western Union	78¼	78⅛

PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat—Market quiet. No. 1 red, 92 c.a—93c.; xtra red, [illegible]c.; No. 2 red, 85 c.a[illegible]c.; in elevator, [illegible]c. delivered; No. 3, 88 c. a—c.; state white, 91c.a[illegible] c.; No. 1 white, 91c.a [illegible] c.

February, 85⅝c.; March, 89⅛c.; April, 90 c.; May, 91½c.; June, 91½c.; December, [illegible].

Corn—Market quiet. No. 2, at 59c.; in elevator and 60½c. delivered; No. 3, 58 c.a—c.; and steamer, 59[illegible]c., elevator.

February 59½c.; March, 59½c.; May [illegible] June, [illegible]c.

Oats—Market quiet. No. 1 white [illegible]c.; No. 2 white, 40⅝c.a4[illegible]c.; No. 3 white 39[illegible]c.a 41 c.; No. 1 mixed, 40 c.; [illegible] mixed, 38 c. 40 c.; No. 3 mixed, 38½c.; rejected 37 c.; No. 2 Chicago, 41½c.

February, [illegible] c.; March, 38 c.; May, 38⅝c.

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market steady. Creamery—Eastern —c.a—c.; western, [illegible]c.; Elgin, 29c.a30c.; Imitation, 21c.a24c. Dairy—Eastern, half-firkin tubs, 23c.a[illegible]c.; eastern, Welsh tubs, 20c.a25c.; eastern firkins, 1[illegible]c.a23c.; eastern dairies, complete, 20c.a2[illegible]c.; western, [illegible]c. Factory—Fresh, 15c.a[illegible]c.

Cheese—Market steady. Factory—New York cheddar, 12 c.a12½c.; western, flat, 11½c.a12 c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 6 c.a10 c. skims, 1 c.a1¼; state skims, 2 c.a[illegible]c.

Eggs—Market steady. Fresh—Eastern firsts, 25½c.; southern first, 20c.a22½c.; western firsts, 20c.a2[illegible]. Limed—Eastern firsts 14½c.; western firsts 14c. c.a14½c.; Canadian firsts 13½c.a14c.; , imported, 15c.a19c.

THE UGLY GIRL.

Some Advantages Which She Has Over Her Pretty Sister.

It is a strange fact that the ugly girl is rather a favorite than otherwise, although a thing of beauty is a joy forever.

When we look at her, says *Harper's Bazar*, we lament the shape of her nose, we sigh over the cast in her eye, we deplore the dullness of her complexion, we can find nothing to praise; but perhaps she smiles, or she has a witching manner. She knows the spell which puts every one at his ease; she owns the charm which makes others pleased with themselves; and then we are wont to say that there is no such person as the ugly girl. But to those who do not know her, who do not come under the magnetism of her presence, she remains the ugly girl to the end of the chapter; and when she marries—carries off the best match of the season, perhaps—prettier women are at their wits' end to know what attractions she possesses superior to their own.

What is it that redeems the ugly face and makes it shine with comeliness so that we sometimes would not exchange it with all its misshapen features, for the beauty of Aphrodite? The plain face which is alive with intelligence, which beams with an expression of refinement and good nature, which culture and high-mindedness animate, becomes sometimes finer and more effective than mere prettiness, mere pink and white loveliness, mere shapeliness and symmetry of feature; a pretty face has been known to pall upon one, but who has sounded the depth of attraction which resides in a mobile countenance where the features may be found to swear at each other, so to speak?

But the ugly girl must choose her colors and fashions wisely. She must not be ultra and conspicuous; she must know how to bring out whatever charms exist in her face or figure if she would overcome the defects; if her nose is large, the hair on the top of the head will be most becoming; if her face is heavy, a turban hat that coveres the forehead will add to its disfigurement; if her ears are large and ill-shapen, she should not wear earrings. She should first of all recognize her defects.

The ugly girl has some advantages over her pretty sister; she does not fade so early, or at least her fading is not so palpable, and she is usually a better-looking matron than a girl.

FAITHFUL UNTO DEATH.

Two Incidents That Occurred Recently at Boulder, Col.

"I like dogs," said a venerable physician the other night to a Denver *Republican* reporter, "because of all creatures wearing hair on their hides they are the most honest—you may always trust them to do what is right in the canine economy."

The remark recalled the memory of two incidents occurring recently. It will be remembered that about two months ago Mr. John Dolíof, of Boulder, was killed. Dr. Dolíof was the owner of a fine dog—his almost inseparable companion. From the first time the body of the unfortunate man was brought home the dog maintained his station near the corpse. After the funeral the dog was missed, and, a search being instituted, was discovered stretched at length on the grave of his master. All efforts to induce him to take food or leave the grave were unavailing, and to-day his desiccated body still keeps watch and ward over the spot where his beloved master lies.

About two years ago Mr. Devlin, of Boulder, lost a son—killed by being thrown from a buggy. A few days after the funeral it was noticed that a favorite dog of the deceased had not been seen since the funeral services. He was found at the newly-made grave, upon which his paws were resting, emaciated with fasting. With great difficulty he was induced to return to his home, and with careful nursing, was restored to his normal condition. Several times he was reclaimed from his station in the cemetery, and finally became weaned from his post-mortem attachment. Every Sunday the parents of the young man visited his grave, the dog always accompanying them, until last summer, when Mrs. Devlin, through a serious accident, became incapacitated for making her usual Sunday visit to the cemetery. The dog on the first day of her omission became uneasy, and after several efforts to attract the attention of his mistress, went to the cemetery alone, spent about two hours at the grave, and returned. From that time to the present, as regularly as Sunday comes around, he goes to the cemetery, remains about two hours, and returns home. The question as to how he determines the return of Sunday is open for the discussion of students of natural history.

FRAUDULENT DIVORCES.

How They Are Turned Out by Villians Who Make Marriage a Mockery.

In New York State there is only one cause for which an absolute divorce can be legally obtained, yet it seems, from the experiences of a reporter of the *Sun* that even in New York it is the easiest thing in the world to get a full divorce, or what purports to be such. Although this young gentleman had never been married he found no difficulty in obtaining for himself several divorces from suppositious wives. He had merely to apply to the divorce agencies which are advertised, and with little delay, at small cost, and without publicity, they were furnished to him. It seems, from his thorough investigation into this vile and criminal business, that, besides lawyers and special detectives, the class of swindlers and charlatans who advertise themselves as astrologers and fortune-tellers are largely in it. They acted as "steerers" for what he calls the divorce mills, of which there are at least fifteen in New York, turning out, according to his estimate, over one thousand five hundred generally fraudulent divorces annually. Among the divorces this unmarried reporter obtained was one that, except for the official seal, is an exact fac-s mile of a regular decree of divorce, to which is appended the forged signature of Judge Donohue. It purports to grant an absolute divorce to Henry D. Scott from his wife, Helen Scott, and it was obtained at the small price of fifty dollars, within three days after the bargain for it was made with the divorce agent. Of course, no record of any such divorce can be found in the records of the Supreme Court. The names and residences of the parties to the fraudulent transaction are given in the *Sun's* article, and there can be little difficulty in bringing them to justice. Altogether, it is a startling story of successful villainy.

A Materialistic Epitaph.

A French physician, rather demonstrative in his materialistic philosophy, has had the following inscription made upon the tombstone of his wife: "Here is deposited the matter of which Mrs. ——, wife of Dr. Z——, was composed. Deprived of its principle of life October 20, 1887."

THE UNCLAIMED DEAD.

How New York's Medical Colleges Obtain a Supply of Cadavers.

Fully one thousand bodies are utilized each year for dissecting purposes in New York City alone, writes the New York correspondent of the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*. Each medical college is entitled to a certain number by law, in proportion to the number of students it represents. The College of Physicians and Surgeons, which is the medical department of Columbia College, has over seven hundred students this year. This representing the largest number of medical students in any one institution, the college has the claim on the greatest number of "cadavers." Two hundred and sixty are required each college session. The University of the City of New York, which has six hundred students, requires about two hundred and forty; Bellevue Hospital Medical College requires two hundred, and the remaining three hundred are divided among the minor institutions. Besides the number of bodies, or, to use the medical term, "cadavers," which serve for anatomical study, at least one hundred more are used to illustrate lectures upon operative surgery. The object of this is to teach students to operate upon dead subjects before experimenting upon the living. All these bodies are unclaimed dead, which are kept, in accordance with the law, for three days for identification before disposed of. However revolting the idea of dissecting may be, it is absolutely essential to the study of medical science.

The College of Physicians and Surgeons has the finest dissecting-room in the country, if not in the world. It has forty tables. These are of modern design and simple in construction, consisting of an iron frame supported by four iron legs, upon which rests a slab of slate weighing two hundred pounds. An inch from the margin of this slab is a groove half an inch in depth, intended to convey the drippings into an iron receptacle fastened to the head of the table. Five students are assigned to each "cadaver," so that with the forty tables two hundred men are enabled to work at once. Five hours a day devoted to a subject will enable a group of students to dissect it completely within one week.

Each student is assigned to work on a specified portion of the "cadaver" by a demonstrator of anatomy, and is required to dissect an entire body during the first year of his course. If he has failed to pass a satisfactory examination he is again subjected to a similar task, until his knowledge of anatomy is proved.

Strange as it may seem, some students acquire a fanatical fondness for this branch of their study, and are never so happy as when in the dissecting room. Clad in a loose gown of calico, scalpel in hand, they seem to be in their element, laughing and jesting merrily as they divide tendon after tendon, and separate muscle after muscle, in their investigations into the deep are intricate structure of the human frame.

Each college has a superintendent of "cadavers," whose business is to select from the unclaimed dead his proportion of bodies. These he duly inspects, labels and has transferred by night to the college he represents. Having arrived at the place of destination, the "cadavers" are injected with a preserving fluid and placed in an immense refrigerator. Properly prepared, a body will stand exposure to the atmosphere of a dissecting-room for a month or six weeks. There exists considerable rivalry among the embalmers of "cadavers" as to who possesses the best method of preservation. In New York, Mr. Walsh, of the University College, who embalmed the late President Garfield, is regarded as the most expert. Some of the colleges cremate the dissected remains; others bury them. Each medical student is entitled to the bones of a subject. A feature in the College of Physicians and Surgeons is a "Circulating Bone Library." A large number of disarticulated skeletons is kept here, and separate bones are lent for study as books, and lent from the circulating library.

There are about twenty-two hundred medical students in New York this year. They come from all parts of the country; from Maine to Texas, from Massachusetts to California. Many of them are graduated physicians from other medical colleges who come here to take advantage of the hospital facilities of the city, and to familiarize themselves with the more recent systems of applied medicine and surgery. Some of them are geniuses in their way. They seem to have failed in making progress in other walks of life, and have adopted medicine as a last resort. In appearance, they are unkempt with shabby coats and short trousers. They appear to be perpetually on the run to attend a clinic, and yet have plenty of time to absorb beer when invited. Poor men, most of them, who club together, hire apartments; divide expenses on food and books, and rush the "growler" at night with the enthusiasm of a *Fourth Ward* tough. A visitor to the Bellevue Hospital Amphitheater where clinics are held every day, can form some idea of the material which, through the process of evolution, makes doctors.

Here are collected dudes and countrymen, youths and men of middle age. Some of them will continue to study for years in vain, others are destined to shine in their profession. The shabby little man who squints through his pair of brass-bound spectacles is astonishingly wise and marvelously recondite on the subjects of bacteria, thrombosis and affections of the anterior horns in the brain. Sitting near him is the man whose head would delight any phrenologist, whose intellect seems seated in his forehead, but who attaches more importance to his pipe and bottle than to the midnight oil. He has mistaken his calling. He is a man of talent, undoubtedly, but he should have exerted it in another line. What a splendid Anarchist the world has lost through his error.

It costs about $1,000 to become an M. D. in New York. This includes tuition, board, books and incidental expenses.

Pay of Girl Stenographers.

There is some wonder says the New York *Tribune*, over the rapid spread of type-writing and stenographic offices over the city. Every hotel now has such an office. There are one or more such offices in all the large office buildings down town. The fact is that few of the stenographers pay any rent. They pay for office-room with a small portion of their services, and because it is "so handy" to have them near by in case of emergency. The many schools of stenography and type-writing are turning out so-called stenographers and type-writers at a rapid rate. An old and expert operator says that no less than seventy-five to one hundred young girls and young men are weekly "graduated," and start out to essay the earning of a living in this branch. Few of these are really competent. Their services can be secured at from $5 to $15 per week.

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44 a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p.*m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 5.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

FISHER & MONFORT,
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
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No extra charge for Children or Babies.
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(Successor to B. H. Bachman)
DEALER IN
BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,
MEATS OF ALL KINDS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.
42 PARK AVENUE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Goods Delivered to any part of the city.
8-2-tf

George R. Rockafellow,
(Successor to W. N. Rowe.)
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
9-8-t

Howell & Hardy,
Fancy and Staple Groceries,
CHOICE TEA, COFFEE AND SPICES.
Creamery and Dairy Butter,
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.,
North Avenue, Opposite Depot,
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11-26-tf

A. M. GRIFFEN,
Stoves & Ranges,
Cutlery,
Sleigh Bells,
Skates,
13 EAST FRONT STREET,
Next Post Office.

SKATES!
Club Skates!
Ladies' Skates!
And all other Kinds of SKATES!
Sleighs! Coasters!
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!
—AND—
Sporting Goods!
Can be obtained at the new firm of
A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.,
At 33 PARK AVENUE.
(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
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-:Black Stockings:-
That will NOT FADE, CROCK, or STAIN the FEET. Try a Pair of
SMITH & ANGELL'S
Black Stockings, and you will wear no other kind.
The color cannot be removed by acids—in fact washing improves the color.
The dye being vegetable does not INJURE the GOODS.
Every pair warranted as above, and if not found as represented, RETURN THEM and your MONEY will be REFUNDED.
SOLD ONLY BY
Howard A. Pope,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
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R. W. RICE & Co.,
[Successor to Wm. H. Shotwell.]
FINE GROCERIES,
Fruits and Vegetables
IN THEIR SEASON.
North Plainfield, - New Jersey.
CORNER DUER & EMILY STREETS.
1-12-tf

W. MESSERSCHMIDT,
Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing Goods,
23½ West Front Street, PLAINFIELD, N. J.
CLOTHING CLEANED AND REPAIRED.
10-4-tf

GO TO
"ADAMS',"
10 PARK AVENUE,
For PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, WINDOW GLASS, Etc.
Fine lot of
Paper Hangings
IN STOCK.
Orders Taken for Paper Hanging and Decorating.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED.
7-11-tf

DROP IN!
and see for yourself my superior stock of
HATS, CAPS,
AND
Gent's Furnishing Goods.
Also our elegant line of
NECK-WEAR.
A. C. HORTON,
(Successor to F. A. Pope.)
NO. 5 W. FRONT STREET.
9-20-y

A. WILLETT,
No. 6 Park Avenue,
Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE.
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PIERSON'S,
No. 42 West Front Street.
IS THE PLACE TO BUY
THE BEST
Carpenter and Machinists' Tools, Rochester Lamps, and all Kinds of House Furnishing Goods at N. Y. Prices.
1-24-1m.

SPECIAL!
VAN EMBURGH & WHITE
Cutlery Sale,
Commencing Monday.
We shall offer 100 Dozen 12 oz., Plate Tea Spoons. 100 Dozen 12 oz. Plate Table Spoons. 100 Dozen Knife and Forks, 12 oz. Plate. 100 Cake Knives, 12 oz. Plate.
These Goods are mostly all Roger's make and will be sold regardless of cost.
Van Emburgh & White.
12-2-tf

J. P. Laire & Co.
SPECIAL SALE,
Parlor Stoves,
Horse Blankets and Robes,
Plush Laps, Sleigh Bells,
Skates, Sleighs, Etc.
Will be sold Below Cost!
—TELEPHONE CALL, No. 72.—
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John A. Thickstun,
DEALER IN
BEST QUALITIES
COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave
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Laings Hotel:
J. B. MILLER & Bro.,
Proprietors.
FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
A First-Class Family Resort.
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FORCE'S HOTEL,
NORTH AVE., NEAR R. R. DEPOT.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.
Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

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No. 17 Park Avenue,
—Wholesale and Retail Dealer in—
Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.
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Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge.
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Lighting by Incandescence
For Stores, Offices and Business Purposes, for Public Buildings, Churches, and for Domestic Lighting.
NO HEAT,
NO SMOKE,
NO FIRE,
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NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE,
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We are the Sole Agents of the Celebrated
SWEET & ORR'S
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They Never Rip.
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No. 7 East Front Street.
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THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS

IS AN EVENING EDITION OF THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTIONALIST AND IS ISSUED EVERY DAY—EXCEPTING SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS—AT FIVE O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON; SENT THROUGH THE POST OFFICE AT $5.00 A YEAR, OR DELIVERED BY CARRIER AT 10 CENTS A WEEK. SINGLE COPIES 2 CENTS.

IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

OUR "HIGH WATER MARK."

THE PRESS Passes Its Record of Last Summer.

Just a few lines of space and a moment of your attention is requested right here by THE PRESS, in which to chronicle its "high water mark" of yesterday.

On Monday, August 29, 1887, when THE PRESS published the account of the capture of the accused firebugs, its sales reached 3,582 inside of twenty-four hours. Although on many special occasions since, the circulation of THE PRESS has almost reached those figures, yet the "mark" was not passed until yesterday.

Last evening the demand could not be supplied, and it was not until after the special train left at midnight, loaded with Knights whose pockets bulged with copies of THE PRESS, that there was any "let-up." The presses were again started this morning, and the sales have continued large during the day. Some of the Knights took twenty-five and fifty copies each and mailed them singly all over the country.

THE SALES OF YESTERDAY'S ISSUE REACHED
3,617 COPIES.

BY THE WAY.

—The members of Bethel Mission are arranging for another concert to bloom in the Spring, probably.

—There will be a full band concert and skating all the afternoon and evening, at The Crescent, Washington's Birthday, Wednesday of next week.

—Rev. L. Angelini, a converted Italian priest will deliver a free lecture upon Protestant Christianity in Italy, at the Congregational church, this evening. All are invited.

The Reform Hall Entertainment.

The third of the free miscellaneous entertainments that are being given during the present season by the Reform Club, attracted a large audience to the Hall last evening. The programme was varied and calculated to please everyone present. It opened with a piano duett by the Misses Dewey and Smith, and closed with a piano and violin duett by Miss Smith and Mr. Spencer. Miss Julia Ketcham sang two solos with good effect accompanied by Miss Dewey. A solo by Mrs. Davis' was particularly good, and she was accorded a recall. She responded with another selection and accompanied herself. Mr. Schermerhorn the elocutionist who had contributed his services for the occasion, was greatly appreciated. His reading in all lines was far above the average, and those present hoped for another opportunity of hearing him. His encores were numerous, yet he responded kindly to them all.

The audience was especially loud in its applause of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Vanderbeek who sang first that beautiful composition of Foster's, "New England, My Home O'er the Sea." As an encore, they gave Shrival's "Meet Me by Moonlight Alone," with the same success.

Druggist Stelle's Thermometer Takes a Tumble.

EDITORS PRESS: I have heard that the temperature fell some fifty-odd degrees in a day recently, and this was regarded as remarkable. But note how Plainfield takes the lead! According to last night's *Evening* —— the mercury in Stelle's thermometer fell *sixty-three* degrees in *three hours* yesterday—showing 80 degrees at 9 a. m., ahd only 17 at noon. Our city probably earned its title of the "Colorado of the East" from its evenness of temperature. Mr. Stelle's redoubtable instrument must have been on a spree yesterday morning—at any rate its *spirits* were too high. CRITIQUE.

JOHN JOSEPH GREETON IN "DURANCE VILE."

The Clever Sneak-Thief and Confidence Man, Who Robbed His Fellow Boarders and His "Own-True-Love," Captured by Chief Carey.

As John Joseph Greeton sat at his supper, last evening, at the Brookfield Stock Farm, about three miles from Bryn Mawr, near Philadelphia, Chief of Police Tunis J. Carey, of this city, arrested him. Mr. Greeton is the sneak-thief and confidence man whose recent exploits in this city were accurately recorded exclusively in THE PRESS of last Saturday. Chief Carey has been looking for him ever since, and by his clever capture last evening cut short any further career of petty larceny and nipped in the bud any future schemes of confidence.

Greeton quietly took his departure from his boarding house on Cottage place, Wednesday morning the 8th inst, with about $200 worth of clothing, jewelry and other articles of personal property belonging to fellow-boarders. With him also disappeared the total savings of a Broadway servant girl, who loved him truly and deposited her eight months' wages in his hands. Chief Carey searched near and wide for traces of the thief, and yesterday received a "tip" that resulted in Greeton's capture, as stated, on the Brookfield Farm where he had just secured a situation. The Chief's visit was so unexpected, the prisoner gave up at once. One of the two watches stolen, was found on him with a quantity of pawn tickets representing various articles that had been "hung up" in the city of Philadelphia. Greeton made no resistance, and Chief Carey brought him on to police headquarters in Philadelphia. A trip was then made to the pawn shops, but they were closed for the night. The Philadelphia officials cordially invited their guests to remain over night, but Chief Carey was shrewd enough to know that if his prisoner should obtain the slightest knowledge that he was not compelled to go from one state into another, there would be trouble; therefore, that officer said he was "much obliged," but he traveled right along and arrived in this city by way of Elizabeth at 1:30 o'clock this morning. This afternoon at 2:16, he will go back after the articles that were pawned in Philadelphia.

Greeton was arraigned before Justice V. W. Nash this morning, and plead guilty to three counts—the stealing of a $125 watch, the stealing of a ten dollar one, and the purloining of a coat and vest. The Justice immediately placed the accused under $450 bail, which failed to materialize. Greeton was then ordered to be taken to the County Jail to await the action of the next Grand Jury.

AN IRREPARABLE LOSS.

An Aged Veteran's Home and the Papers Necessary to Secure His Pension, Are Consumed by Fire.

The residence of Mr. John Galliger at Berkley Heights, in New Providence township, this county, was totally destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon at about two o'clock. The cause was a defective chimney flue, and the result was a total loss of about $2,000. Mrs. Galliger was the only occupant of the house at the time but even with the assistance that arrived it was impossible to save anything because of the rapidly spreading of the flames. The fire was first seen by one of scholars of the school near by, and the teacher at once dismissed the children that all might render assistance.

Among the personal property consumed in the house were two gold and two silver medals that had been bestowed upon John Galliger for special bravery shown during the Crimean War. Papers proving his twenty-one years of active service in the English army in India, were also lost. Mr. Galliger, who is now well advanced in life, intended returning to England soon to secure a pension on the very papers that are now destroyed and cannot be replaced. He would also have been entitled to certain prize money on the same evidence. All of which would have supported him in his declining years. The unfortunate man was one of about seventy survivors of a regiment that went out to India one thousand strong, and who were specially honored on their return by being reviewed by the Queen.

Rev. Sam Small.

Rev. Sam Small, the Georgia evangelist, is truly a remarkable man, and everybody should see and hear him at least once. He will lecture in Reform Hall on Tuesday evening of next week, the subject to be his great lecture "From Barroom to Pulpit." It is a thrilling and interesting narrative. The admission will be with reserved seat, 25 cents, now on sale at Reynolds' and Shaw's pharmacies.

—Every preparation for comfort and a good time is being made at The Crescent which will reopen for skating during the afternoon and evening of the 22d inst.

NEW JERSEY'S KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

The New Officers Elected and Other Business of the Grand Lodge Transacted. The Closing of the Twentieth Annual Session.

About half-past eight o'clock last evening, the delegates to the convention of the K. of P., numbering some 800 persons, marched through the public streets to the opera house, headed by Crescent Division, U. R., K. of P., and Conde's Cornet Band, the sidewalks being crowded with spectators, who cheered the procession and made the scene one of brilliancy by explosion of rockets, Roman candles and colored lights. After the members had become comfortably seated in the spacious opera house, the regular order of business was speedily transacted, and the election of the following officers consummated without any jar or feeling. Hon. Geo. M. Stiles was made Chairman of the meeting, and in a neat speech welcomed the brethren to Plainfield. He read a letter of regret from Mayor Male, explaining his absence from the convention. Hon. John Ulrich, in one of his fine speeches, then welcomed the Grand Lodge, K. of P. to our fair city on behalf of the absent Mayor. He was heartily and enthusiastically applauded. He was followed by S. V. C. Gen'l Wm. Ward of Newark, who received rapturous applause during and at the conclusion of his remarks. During the evening there were recitations by Mr. Leslie Gosson of Jersey City, John Carney of Plainfield, ("Patter of der Shingle,") also by P. G. C. Hon. James E. Moon, of Phillipsburgh, and addresses by G. C. Henry C. Housell of New Brunswick, P. G. C. Moses F. Badgeley of Newark, P. G. C. James R. Rutan of Newark and G. M. at A. DeWitt C. Bolton. Refreshments were served afterward in the basement of Reform Club Hall. The following are the officers elected before the conclusion of the convention:

P. G. C.—Henry C. Housell, of New Brunswick.

G. C.—Wm. B. Ludlam, of Sea Isle City.

G. V. C.—Arnold B. Race, Smiths Landing.

G. P.—De Witt C. Bolton, Paterson.

G. M. of E.—C. V. N. Wilson, Long Branch.

G. K. of R. & S.—Eugene V. Lorton, Plainfield.

G. M. at A.—Thomas W. Getty, Bordentown.

G. I. G.—Charles W. Kilbourne, New Brunswick.

G. O. G.—Walter Hahurst.

In this morning's session recommendations of changes in the constitution of the Grand and Subordinate Lodges, recommended by S. Chancellor Douglas were adopted, after which the newly elected officers were installed by S. V. C. Gen'l Wm. Ward of Newark. Speeches were made by all the newly installed officers, and all voted that Plainfield and its people were good and hospitable. The convention adjourned today to meet again in New Brunswick on the third Thursday in February of next year.

CLARK NOT GUILTY.

Acquitted of Kidnapping by Direction of the Court.

John Clark, of New York, formerly on that city's police force, came to Plainfield on Friday, June 10, of last year, in search of his child whose mother after years of living apart from him, had brought to this city where she then resided with another husband. Clark found the little one playing in a door-yard on West Sixth street, and the child gladly went with her father. The two, however, were followed up by an enraged mother upon whose complaint Chief Dodd arrested Clark on a charge by Mrs. Downey—the remarried mother—of entering her door-yard and forcibly abducting the child. The accused was held in bail to await the action of the Grand Jury that subsequently indicted him in October last. Judge Ulrich when he committed the accused, gave the child back into its mother's custody, much against the little one's desire. She cried and begged to go with "papa."

The trial came up today in Elizabeth and Clark was acquitted by the jury without leaving their seats. After the testimony of the prosecution was all in, the Court stated that there was an entire failure to show that any "force" had been used. The Court then instructed the jury to give a verdict for the defendant.

The Holidays of 1888.

This year Ash Wednesday occured on February 15, and Easter Sunday on April 1. Washington's Birthday, Memorial Day and the Fourth of July, all patriotic holidays, will be on Wednesdays. Labor Day comes on Sept. 3, election day on the 6th of November and Thanksgiving Day will be on the 29th of November. Christmas falls on Tuesday.

—All the paupers in the city making application for pecuniary assistance from the city, were examined under oath by Judge Suydam and Councilman Dunham Wednesday afternoon.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

IS THE COAL STRIKE OVER?

SCRANTON, Feb. 17—It is reported here today on good authority that the result of a meeting last night between Master Workman Lewis and Mr. Powderly, will be the declaring off of the Reading miners' strike.

A BIG SURPRISE.

A Party of Warm-Hearted Friends Warm "Andy's" New House.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Wilson were tendered a surprise sociable at the new home of that very popular young couple, Wednesday evening. Mr. Wilson having recently purchased a handsome piece of residence property of Mr. N. W. French, North Plainfield, some of his and his bride's numerous friends, thinking the house must need a warming, called on the couple most unexpectedly and proceeded to make things "hot" in a very agreeable way. Dancing was kept up until morning, only interrupted by a collation at midnight—Prof. Frazee furnishing the music. When the party broke up the guests could not say enough in praise of the host and hostess, and Mr. and Mrs. Wilson have not stopped talking yet in praise of the friends that carried out such a pleasant surprise. Among those present were:

Messrs Charles and William Giles and Miss Giles, of New Market; Messrs John Meeker and Robert Simpson of Plainfield; Frank Spencer of New York; Miss Belle Wilcox of New Providence; Miss Mary Spencer of Scotch Plains; Mr. Simon Mantz, Miss Mantz and Mrs. John Walker of Plainfield; Messrs George and Harry Ackens of Millington; Mr. and Mrs. Boka Leaulsen, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Codington, Mrs. George Bullman, Messrs John Bordenheimer and Frank Mobus, Mr. Theodore Bartell and Miss Rose Bartell, Mr. Walter Titus, Miss Lulu Bilyeau, Mr. George Winans, Mr. Samuel Spencer and Misses Tilly and Georgie Spencer, Misses Mollie and Nettie Wilson, Messrs George and William Demler and Misses Mary and Ida Demler, Misses Carrie and Hattie Spencer, Miss Ella Stewart and Mr. Robert Doyle all of Washingtonville.

Church Sociable.

The sociable in the newly finished lecture room of Trinity Reformed church last night by the Young Peoples' Society of Christian Endeavor of the church, was a big success. There was a large attendance and genuine sociability among all present. S. J. Samelson, Chas. Goepfert, R. J. Dunn and Fred Lucus acted as a reception committee, and S. J. Samelson as master of ceremonies. Before refreshments were served Miss L. Gilbert, Miss Smith and Miss Lillie A. Force each performed piano solos. Little Maude Van Dyke sang sweetly "The sweet story of old." Miss Fanny Gaskill of New Market, assisted by her sister, little Miss Millie, gave a very amusing recitation entitled "I'm only 95." The tableau "Coming thro the Rye," by Chas. Wheeler and Ella Dunn was well arranged and creditably shown. Miss Emma U. King sang for the couple as they were passing through the imitation rye field. During the evening Mr. J. C. Allen recited the "Legend of the Organ Builder."

The whole affair was a success in every respect and credit should be given the committee who did so much to make it such, Mrs. K. Van Dyke and the Misses Emma Whitlock, Julia Johnson, Susie Van Winkle, Emma King and Lillie Force.

Lenten Evening Services.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE PRESS: In reply to the inquiry made by "Episcopalian" in your Wednesday evening's issue, I beg leave to say that evening service and prayer will be held every Friday at quarter to eight o'clock, at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Evona. All are cordially invited.

CHURCHMAN.

THE PRESS also would state for the benefit of "Episcopalian" and others who can only attend week-day services in the evening, that in Grace church evening services will be held during Lent as follows:

Mondays	Service	5 p. m.
Tuesdays	"	8 p. m.
Thursday	Service and Sermon	8 p. m.
Saturdays		5 p. m.

The list of ministers includes the Rev. Wm. R. Harris, who preached last evening, and these others to come:

February 23	Rev. W. W. Taylor.
March 1	Rev. F. E. West.
March 6	Rev. Prescott Evarts.
March 8	Rev. F. M. McAllister.
March 15	Rev. L. H. Lighthipe.
March 22	Rev. E. P. Miller.

—At a regular meeting of Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R., held on Monday evening, two new members were elected.

—A people's mass meeting will be held in Music Hall, next Monday evening, to discuss the question of license or no-license. There will be a full band in attendance.

FREE TRADE WINS!

The Young Mens' Christian Association Debate.

A small audience gathered in the Y. M. C. A. rooms, last evening, to hear a debate upon the subject: "Protection *versus* Free Trade."

The protectionist policy was supported by Messrs. Charles Place, E. R. Ackerman and E. L. Suffern. They argued that protection of American industry was the direct cause of the wealth, and prosperity, the high wages and the varied activities of the United States, whereas the removal of the tariff would flood our markets with the cheap goods of Europe; either crushing our manufacturers or reducing wages to the low figures paid in Free Trade England.

The Free Trade representatives, Messrs. C. M. Goddard, W. D. Murray and J. R. Joy, declared on the contrary, that the wealth, prosperity and high wages which this nation enjoys, spring, not from protection, but from the fact that ours is a new country, a free country, and a land of abundant natural resources. They maintained that the tariff imposed an unjust tax upon 35,000,000 of people—the farmers, doctors, lawyers, storekeepers, etc.,—to support the other 15,000,000 more or less dependent upon maufactures for their living. They attempted to prove that the repeal of the tariff laws would not only give our people a better mark t for our own goods but would cheapen the necessaries of life.

Dr. H. K. Carroll, of the New York *Independent*, who presided with dignity and impartiality, then invited the house to express its opinion upon the weight of argument. Free Trade received seven votes; Protection, none. The meeting, which was much enjoyed by all present, was then adjourned.

"Middlesex" Against the World.

In the great international pigeon shooting match at Long Branch, under the management of Phil. Daly, this week, the Middlesex Gun Club of this city had the honor and distinction of having eight of its members contestants in the $1,500 sweepstake shoot, which lasted two days, Tuesday and Wednesday, while two of the club's members, Messrs. Siegler, of Montclair and Jimmy Stice, of Illinois, won first and third monies. Mr. Siegler killed 47 out of 50 birds, and Mr. Stice 45 out of 50. The winner of second money, Mr. Westner, of the Baltimore Gun Club, killed 46 out of 50. Charley Budd, the American champion, another member, killed 44, as did Captain Jones, also a member. The whole shoot was a success in point of visitors and general management. The weather however, was bitter cold the second day and prevented larger scores by some of the shooters. Miss Annie Oakley, the champion female shooter of the world, pluckily kept at the traps until the finish and made a neat score of 36 out of 50. Mr. W. F. Quimby and Al. Heritage acted as referees throughout the tournament with satisfaction to all. Next Wednesday, Feb. 22d, there will be shooting all day on the Middlesex Club grounds at Dunellen, N. J. One event will be a classified sweepstakes of $25 entrance fee, at 25 birds each. The club guarantees a $300 purse for this event.

Jersey Opinions Quoted in New York.

The New York *World* of yesterday contained interviews with citizens all over the State of New Jersey, in relation to their opinions regarding the high-license-local-option bill now before the Legislature. The three quoted from this city are:

City Judge Suydam, (Rep.,) said: "I do not consider that bill as representative of high license. It does not even guarantee moderate license."

Gen. William Sterling, who was a member of Gov. McClellan's staff, said: "Such a bill is a compromise that is one-sided in every way. It cannot be called compulsory high license, for it leaves the matter entirely optional with every town and city."

J. A. Demarest, editor of the Plainfield *Press*, (Ind.,) said: "Such a bill cannot possibly affect Plainfield, for we already have high license, our fee for both saloons and hotels being $500, and it is such a pronounced success here that high license is practically assured for years to come."

Plainfield's Representative Y. M. C. A's.

Rev. D. J. Yerkes, D. D., Rev. W. R. Richards, Messrs H. O. Newman, William Thompson, Stephen Cahoone, C. T. Kissane, A. J. Gavett, Frederick Moon, H. C. Munger, J. H. Manning and J. A. Robinson represented the Y. M. C. A. of this city at the Reception and evening session of the N. Y. State Convention held in New York City yesterday. The party returned to this city by the 9.30 p. m. train.

Prohibitionists Convention in Plainfield

During next Tuesday afternoon in Reform Hall, the Union County Prohibitionists will hold their convention for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention, to be held at Trenton Feb. 28; to elect delegates to the National Convention to be held at Indianapolis, to nominate a candidate for President and Vice-President of the United States.

FANWOOD.

Social Festivities Engage Our Neighbors' Attention.

The relations existing between the Fanwood Literary Society and the Four-in-Hand Club have been on such a pleasant basis that the former organization resolved to invite their quondam hosts of the sleigh to a Progressive Euchre Party. The Four-in-Hands turned out well, although it required real sublimity of character to leave home on such a night, but they were very anxious to be present at one meeting of the Literary Society. The principal works read during the evening were "Hoyle's Complete Guide," "Cavendish's Manual," and Poole's "Mysteries of the Green-Room." Reading continued until nearly two o'clock. Some unkind fate made Mr. Smith the recipient of the Booby Prize. This consisted of a pair of suspenders adorned with tinkling bells, intended no doubt, to be a fitting emblem of the motto "Brace up." Mr. Kieb and Mrs. George Kyte bore away the honors reserved for the Fanwood people. Another set of prizes was allotted to the Four-in-Hands: of these the Booby Prize, an immense earthenware bottle labelled—truly or not—"Consolation," was conferred upon Mr. Louis Kennedy. Whether Mr. Kennedy had resorted to the aforesaid consolation to sustain him in his dire misfortune it is impossible to say. Miss Tuzo was his comrade in grief. Such parties as this can not but be productive of much good. On this very occasion many of the F. L. S. were delighted to find others who could talk with them and appreciate their favorite authors. The affair was a very pleasant one and cements more firmly than ever, if such a thing were possible, the tie that binds the Four-in-Hand Club and the F. L. S. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Earnest C. Kieb, Mr. and Mrs. Abner P. Downer, Mr. and Mrs. James E. Fancher, Mr. John M. Bates, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence W. Smith, Mrs. George Kyte, Mr. Louis E. Tuzo, Miss Tuzo, Miss Carter, Mr. W. H. Carter, Mr. Strong, Mr. William Stoddart, Mr. Louis Kennedy, Miss Smith, Mrs. Cottrell, Miss Cottrell, Mrs. De-Forest Thomae, Miss Wood and many others.

Mrs. Edward A. Cutler, formerly known to her friends as Miss Grace F. Stuart, has been staying with her aunt, Mrs. De-Forest Thomae, for a few days. On Tuesday Mr. and Mrs. Cutler held an informal reception for their friends, and those who came passed a very pleasant evening. Among others who were present were Mr. George Carter, Mr. W. H. Carter, Mr. Paul B. Tuzo, Mr. Louis E. Tuzo, Mr. Lewis Miller, Dr. Oliver, Mr. P. A. Oliver, Capt. Benjamin Tuzo, Mr. and Mrs. George Moore, Miss Kennedy, Miss Tuzo, Miss May Carter, Miss Miller, Mrs. Tappan Townsend, Mrs. S. S. Townsend and Mrs. T. J. Nicoll.

A new sidewalk is being laid along Park avenue for the whole of its length. Pedestrians patronize the middle of the road more than they do the sidewalk just at this season of the year, but when they return to their proper ways of life they will see what has been done for them during the winter.

SUBURBAN SAUNTERER.

Warren Mission Chapel Sunday School.

"Jesus and the Little Ones" was last Sunday's lesson, Math. 18: 1–14. Each of the teachers took especial pains to interpret Jesus' true meaning and to impress the importance of it into the minds of the smaller scholars. The lesson is as well adapted for the especial benefit of all, as for the little ones. It shows conclusively that we *must be converted, (i. e.)* turned about, faced heavenward with mind and heart; doing as near as possible as the Lord would have us do. He will give us help as often as it is required.

Would you go hungry when the best of food is offered you; would you sleep out in the cold when shelter, comfort and protection is offered you. Literally speaking you would say *no*. Then why not accept of his spiritual food and step within His protecting fold, and all the other earthly blessings will be dealt out to you, as your needs and requirements may desire. Who ever heard of a person regret serving the Lord. No one. Does an act of kindness, love, or charity brings sorrow and discontent. A child has faith and confidence in its earthly parents, loves, serves and obeys them, and receives its happiest rewards from them. Why cannot we be the same to our Heavenly Father and receive His blessings and reward. The Lord is particularly severe with those who place stumbling-blocks in other's way. If there are stumbling-blocks in our way let us ask the Lord to help us remove them; that we may know the better how to help others to remove them from their way. There are too many lame, blind, halt, deaf, and dumb among professing christians to make christianity a perfect success. If christians would lay aside all the above maladies, doubts and fears, and go into the work with perfect confidence that the Lord was with them, the angels of Heaven would shout with joy and the sound would reverberate throughout this land and penetrate the ears of all.

THE FISHERIES TREATY.

SPECULATIVE DISCUSSION REGARDING ITS PROVISIONS.

An Amendment to the Interstate Law. Secretary Whitney's Proposition—Senator Sherman's Presence.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The provisions of the fisheries treaty are the subject of much speculation and discussion. The belief prevails that the United States have relinquished all claim to fishing rights within three miles of the shore of the Canadian coast or in any bay, and that the treaty contains a list of the inshore waters conceded to the exclusive jurisdiction of Canada.

On the other hand, Canada has relinquished her claim that the coast line is drawn from headland to headland, and that it is conceded that her bays more than eight miles in width are open to our fishermen for fishing at a distance of three or more miles from shore.

This agreement as to the fishing grounds is supplemented by an arrangement as to the disputed questions regarding the right of American vessels in Canadian ports, as to the purchase of bait, stores, etc.

The agreement contemplates the immediate amendment of Canadian regulations so as to accord to the United States all rights and privileges which humanity and comity demand, and to make commercial rights and privileges of a more reciprocal character by providing that the United States shall concede to the British and Canadian vessels only such privileges as are accorded to United States vessels.

A bill was yesterday introduced in the House by Representative Bacon, of New York, by unanimous consent, amending section 22 of the Interstate Commerce Law as follows: "Nothing in this law shall apply to the carriage, storage or handling of property free or at reduced rates for the United States, State, or municipal governments or charitable purposes, or to or from fairs and expositions for exhibition thereat, or the issuance of mileage, excursion, or commutation passenger tickets. Nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit any common carrier from giving reduced rates to ministers of religion; nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent railroads from giving free carriage to their own officers and employes and the members of the immediate family of any such officers and employes, or to prevent the principal officers of any railroad company or companies from exchanging passes or tickets with other railroad companies for their officers and employes and the members of the immediate family, etc."

There was quite a striking little scene in the Senate this morning when Presidential candidate Senator John Sherman returned to his seat from his pilgrimage to Boston and Columbus. He came into the chamber from the private lobby door just after prayers. He was looking cross and careworn, and evidently suffering from a bad cold. He went around behind the chairs, and just as he started down among the desks Senator Hale met him. The Maine Senator patted Sherman on the back, and whispered laughingly something about Blaine. The Buckeye statesman's face instantly lighted up into a grim smile and he went on his way to his seat. Then the Hon. Bill Chandler grasped his hand and assured him that he was much nearer the Presidency than when he left the Senate last week, as it was a sure thing that Blaine meant exactly what he said in his Florentine epistle. Father Morrill then joined Chandler and Sherman, and in his gentle way welcomed the latter back, and assured him that his friends were all glad at his brightened prospects. Hawley, himself a candiate, took Hour over to see Sherman, and both shook his hand. Candidate Allison, who had been for ten minutes chatting earnestly with the Senate Chaplain, twitted him about the Blaine letter. After Allison came Dark Horse Hiscock and his faithful groom, Senator Aldrich. They had been holding a long conversation on a sofa, and returned to it after speaking to Mr. Sherman, Mr. Aldrich has long been a firm and valuable fr end and intimate companio i of Mr. Hiscock's and it is quite likely that their conference yesterday referred to the New York Senator's little boom which at the proper time may be fanned into quite a popular movement. All this time Mr. Edmunds had been sitting in his chair apparently oblivious to his surroundings, and paying not the least attention to Mr. Sherman or his friends. He was aware of his presence, however, for when the Ohio senator stepped down to the clerk's desk he brushed against the Vermonter, who made no sign of joy at the return of his friend. His silence was the subject of general remark. Mr. Sherman remained in his committee room nearly all day, and was called upon by several prominent Republicans. He will nurse his cold during the next few days, and on Monday night he will leave for Detroit to speak at the Michigan Club meeting on Washington's Birthday.

The Senate Committee on Finance reported an amended undervaluations bill as a substitute for that already reported and submitted, with it an elaborately written report. The measure incorporates three new provisions, the effect of which is to allow importers to appeal to a Board of three general appraisers, who shall have final powers to decide all questions as to value and classification, except so far as law points may be involved, which points are to be certified to circuit courts for determination. The report submitted by Senator Allison contains 120 pages of manuscript, and is largely historical, reviewing the customs administrations and the laws enforced since the foundation of the government, and describing in detail the defects of the present system and the manner in which it is proposed to correct them by the new machinery as to appointment, etc.

The Secretary of the Navy has written a letter to Senator Pasco, of Florida, on the subject of legislation by Congress for the education of the children of persons who are located on the naval reservation near the Pensacola Navy Yard, in which he says: "The children referred to ought to be taught, that is clear, but the general government would seem to have no special duty toward them. They are on Government land by a generous sufferance, doing nothing for the Government, and subserving no public interests by being there. I do not see how, constitutionally, the people of the country could be taxed to maintain education for squatters on its land, who are not there by virtue of any employment, nor of any law, and pay no rent.

Plunged Through a New Bridge.

GALENA, Ill., Feb. 17.—A freight train, westward bound on the Chicago, St. Pau and Kansas City road went through a bridge near here yesterday. Six loaded cars plunged into the creek and were smashed to kindling wood. A brakeman, Barney Donnelly, was killed. All the rest of the trainmen escaped uninjured. The bridge was a new one, completed but four weeks ago.

LABOR'S TRIBULATIONS.

SUPT. WHITING'S TESTIMONY BEFORE THE COMMITTEE.

More Light on the Reading Affairs—The Total Output of the Mines—Mr. Corbin's Statement Coroborated.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17.—The Congressional Committee investigating the Reading Railroad troubles yesterday listened to General Superintendent Whiting of the Reading Coal and Iron Companp. He stated that the total coal output in the years mentioned was: 1882, 29,120,096 long tons; 1883, 31,793,000; 1884, 30,718,293; 1885, 31,663,530; 1886, 32,764,710, and in 1884, over 34,000,000. The output from the Schuylkill mines for 1887 was about 9,500,000 tons. The number of cubic feet in the mine to make a long ton he could not tell but 800 or 1000 tons were estimates to be got from a square acre a foot thick.

In regard to the statement that mine wagons had grown in size of late years, whereas a less price per wagon was paid to the men, Mr. Whiting said he knew nothing. The Coal and Iron Company shipped from forty-five collieries, eleven of which were leased to other parties. Individual terms of rental were made in each case. From the leased mines there were shipped last year 1,159,670 tons.

Mr. Whiting supplied a long list of other figures, dealing with the outputs and shipments of owned and leased mines. He then gave his view of the strike. It was substantially to the effect that when the railroaders struck the organized body common to both them and the miners—the Knights of Labor—took that opportunity of inducing the miners to stay away from their work. The first result of the railroaders' strike was that there were insufficient cars, and there was a smaller output at the mines.

The witness gave the committee a long explanation of the wage basis itself, and said the men, when making the September agreement, expected to go back to the old basis of January 1.

Mr. Whiting said that a few of the miners owned their homes, but not many, not one in a hundred probably not one in a thousand. The coal company owns the houses at the mines, as a general thing, but there have been no evictions. The houses rent from $3 a month to $12. Some of them cost $600, others $1,100. The latter rent for $12, the former for $3. The company has no stores does not collect from its miners for doctors or priests, or taxes, or anything else. Its ownership of the houses and the collection of rents constitute its entire business with the miners, so far as their living is concerned. The witness corroborated Mr. Corbins's testimony about violence from the strikers to those employes who remained at work during the strike.

Mr. Whiting was asked if it was not true that men had been induced or compelled to become idle to check the supply of coal, to which he answered: "I presume they have been."

"At the Reading collieries?"

"When the supply exceeds the demand with us we close up."

Mr. Whiting was then asked whether there was or had been any combination in which the Reading company took part to restrict the natural supply of anthracite coal. He said that at present there was none that he knew of, and he did not believe there was any such; but as recently as 1884 there had been an allotment system, the object and effect of which were to restrict the output. He said that all the operators or practically all of them in the anthracite regions were in this combination. Practically it amounted to an asc rtainment each month of the probable demand allotted to supply his or its share of this demand and no more. This share was in proportion to the capacity of such operator or company, as compared with the total capacity of all. Under this arrangement the Reading's share was from 18 to 20 per cent.

A CALL FOR RELIEF

Unless It is Procured the Miners Will Return to Work.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Feb. 17.—In anticipation of renewed trouble at Otto Colliery last day evening the Sheriff went out there and dispersed the strikers, who were found lying in wait for the workmen.

The efforts of the joint committee to stop work at Brookside and Lincoln collieries have thus far entirely failed. Brookside shipped ovar one hundred cars of coal Thursday, and still more yesterday. Lincoln shipped about half as many.

There are 6,000 idle men in Shsnandoah and vicinity, and it is said that they had received altogether up to Tuesday last only $700 of relief money. A notice was sent to the joint committee that unless $1,000 was sent to Shenandoah at once the local leaders would order the men back to work. This alarmed the committee, and it at once sent up $700, with a promise to send another $500 in a few days.

District Assembly 513, which embraces the mine engineers and foremen, will meet here to day and it is expected will order a strike for Monday.

He Followed His Brother's Example.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 17.—Abbott A. Kebler, President of the Cincinnati co-operative Baking Company, and brother of Charles A. Kebler, the prominent attorney who killed himself a few weeks ago, followed his brother's example, and blew his brains out in his handsome home at Tern Bank, a suburb of Cincinnati. He said to his wife just before supper, that he would lie down a moment and went up stairs. Not coming down for some time Mrs. Kebler went to the room and found her husband dead on the couch. He had used two revolvers, firing one into his temple and the other in his heart. The cause assigned for the terrible deed is grief over the dreadful manner of his brother's death and also financial embarassment through his brother's misdeeds. He leaves a widow and one child.

The Case of Gould & Sage.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—District Attorney Fellows handed over to the Grand Jury yesterday the papers in the complaint against Jay Gould and Russell Sage, who are charged with withholding 29,986 shares of the capital stock of the Denver Pacific Railway and Telegraph Company, valued at $2,998,600, which they held as Trustees for the benefit of the bondholders of the Kansas Pacific Railway Company.

The Hub and the Strikers.

BOSTON, Feb. 17.—The public meeting on Tuesday evening next in Faneuil Hall in aid of the Reading strikers, under the auspices of the State Assembly of Kights of Labor, promises to be an immense affair. S. M. W. Crowley will preside. The Governor and the Mayor has been invited to be present.

Shoe Strikers Return to Work.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 17.—The back of the shoe strike seems to be broken. Many employes went to work yesterday.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 17, 1888.

Allen, G B Mr	Meads, Betty
Anderson, B S	Opdyke, Henry Mrs
Brown, Dinny H	Pettinger, Wm Rev
Cuvillo, Luigi	Person, Matta Miss
Dean, Wm Mrs	Proudfit, David L
Ellis, Mr & Mrs	Randolph, Louis F Mrs
Gearout, A	Spicer, C E
Johnson, Lizzie Miss	Snell, Lizzie Miss
McCrystel, Alice Miss	Van Horne, Mr L E
Madden, Thomas	Wright, Agnes Mrs
Myers, L Miss	Watkins, E M

persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

LAING—At Rahway, N. J., on Third day, the 14th inst., Alve Edgar Laing, in the 77th year of his age. Funeral rom Friends Meeting House, 7th day, 18th inst., at 11 a. m.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

WANTED—$1,200 by April 1st, on new Building, first mortgage. Address, "M. R," care THE DAILY PRESS.

LOST—Brindle and White St. Bernard Dog. Suitable reward for return to Walter M. McGee, Linden ave., near Grove street, North Plainfield. No questions asked. 2-17-2

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND Division Streets, furnished or unfurnished: for boarding or private use: in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORR. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO [HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

PEOPLE'S

MASS MEETING!

"License or No License."

MUSIC HALL,

Monday Evening, Feb'y 20th,

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Come One! Come All!

FULL BRASS BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

2-17-3

-SKATING-

—AT—

"THE CRESCENT,"

Plainfield, N. J.

FEBRUARY 22,

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

2-16-6

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

PAYING 7 PER CENT.

ANNUALLY, NEGOTIATED BY THE

HAMILTON LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,

(Incorporated.)

Semi-Annual Coupon Bonds running five years Interest and principal payable at the office of

BROWN BROTHERS & CO., N. Y.

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E. C. DAVIDSON, Vice-Pres't Hamilton L. & T. Co. Kearney, Nebraska.
CHAS. H. WHEELER, Mackintosh, Green & Co., New York City.
Gen. JOHN M. THAYER, Gov. State of Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebraska.
W. P. ALDRICH, Empire Print Works, New York City.
J. L. HUEY, Cashier Arkansas City Bank, Arkansas City, Kan.
PETER REED, Dundee Dye and Print Works, Passaic, N. J.
F. W. POPPLE, Vice-Pres't Hamilton L. & T. Co., 150 Broadway, New York City.
JOHN N. BEACH, of Tefft, Weller & Co., New York City.
MOSES E. WORTHEN, Manhattan Print Works, New York City.
F. Y. ROBERTSON, Cashier First National Bank, Kearney, Nebraska.
JOHN T. GRANGER, Treasurer F. W. & D. C. R. R., 1 Broadway, New York City.

For pamphlets showing list of stockholders and giving full information, send to or call on

CRAIG A. MARSH, Attorney,

Corner Front and Somerset Sts.,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

2-2-3meow

CLOSING OUT SALE!

Having sold out our business, we have agreed to reduce our stock before giving possession on *MARCH 1st*. Until that time we will sell our entire stock of

Millinery, Fancy Goods!

LACES, RIBBONS,
WORSTEDS, YARNS,
KNIT GOODS, RUFFLES,
FANCY ARTICLES,
STAMPED LINENS, ETC.,

REGARDLESS OF COST!

J. H. Honeyman & Co.,

NEXT TO POST OFFICE.

2-10-14

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.

P. O. BOX 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

MUSIC HALL!

Wednesday Evening, February 22,

[WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.]

MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG

And her Superb Company of European Artists, in *VERDI'S GRAND OPERA,*

"IL TROVATORE,"

In *FULL COSTUME* and *STAGE SETTINGS.*

Seats on sale commencing Tuesday morning, Feb. 14, at the Pharmacies of J. G. Miller and Field & Randolph. ☞ *No Advance in Prices.*

2-11-9

NEW STORE.

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Wishes to inform the public that he has opened a

GROCERY STORE,

COR. LINDEN AVE. AND STEINER PLACE,

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Where he will supply all who will favor him with their patronage with everything in the GROCERY line at the

Lowest Market Prices!

☞ Goods delivered in any part of the city. 2-10-6

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WARDEN & FOWLER,

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Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-10-tf

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WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,
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PRICES WAY DOWN!

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All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

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Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

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CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

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JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price. 12-2-tf

THE NICARAGUA CANAL BILL.

What the House Committee Says in Its Favorable Report

WASHINGTON, Feb, 17.—In reporting favorably the Nicaragua Canal bill, the House Committee on Commerce says that should such a canal be provided at an early moment, say in 1894, shipping to an extent of from 8,000,000 to 9,000,000 would at once avail itself of this means of shortening and cheapening voyages.

There now exists, awaiting the opening of the canal, a shipping three times greater than is needed to justify the cost of its construction. The proposed canal is to be 170 miles long. Its summit will be 110 feet above a level, necessitating three locks. The committee is satisfied as to the financial standing of the association. The sum of $100,000 has been deposited to the credit of the Government of Nicaragua as a guarantee of good faith on the part of the grantees, and the final surveys are going on at present. In conclusion the committee says: "There is now an opportunity offered to secure transit across the American isthmus, thus realizing that which has been for centuries the dream of philosophers and the dream of statesmen."

BOLD TEXAS BANK ROBBERS.

They Capture the Bank Officers and Get Away With $6,000.

CISCO, Tex., Feb., 17.—C. C. Leveaux, cashier, and T. R. Blake and M. B. Owens were in the Cisco Bank at 3 p. m. yesterday when a man appeared at the cashier's window and demanded the bank's cash. Three other men appeared at the same time and took the three bankers in charge, while the first collected the funds of the bank, about $6,000 in cash. Mr. Leveaux was severely beaten because he was too slow. The robbers locked the bankers in a yard back of the bank building, and jumping into a wagon fled down the street, saluting the astonished people with volleys from their pistols and displaying the bags of stolen money. Marshal Thomas and posse were soon in pursuit. The men were unmasked and the authorities think they know them.

Ten Millions of Dollars and No Heirs.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 17.—The eighty-second anniversary of the founding of she Economites Society by George Rapp was celebrated at Economy yesterday by a feast at which the eighty-five surviving members of the society sat down to a genuine old Dutch dinner. After this Jacob Henriel conducted religious services. Miss Rapp played the organ while the old folks sang German hymns. Miss Rapp is 75 years of age and Mr. Henriel is 85. In their youth they were lovers, but the rule of celibacy enforced by the society prevented them from marrying. Everything is owned in common by the society's members. Their wealth is computed at $10,000,000, much of it invested in industries and railroads around Pittsburg. They have no heirs and are slowly dying off. They were 500 strong eighty-two years ago.

Left All to the Minister.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Feb. 17.—About a year ago the Rev. S. M. Williams came to the local Methodist Church from Cambridg , N. Y. With his family was an old lady, Mrs. Mary J. Mooney, who, it was generally thought, was dependent on Mr. Williams' bounty. But a few persons knew that she had property. On Tuesday she died rather suddenly of heart disease, aged 73 years. It is now stated that she left Mr. Williams $60,000 unconditially. When Mrs. Mooney's husband died Mr. Williams settled the estate, and Mrs. Mooney asked that she might make her home with him. Before coming here she gave him $15,000, with which he is now building a block in Troy. She has now left him the block in Troy, a large farm in Central New York, and $10,000 in cash.

Henry George Gets $10,000.

TRENTON, Feb. 17.—The curious will of the late George Hutchins, of Camden, in which he bequeathed nearly $10,000 to Henry George for the propogation of George's views on the land question, occupied the attention of Vice-Chancellor Bird yesterday. The heir-at-law of Hutchins had objected to the bequest referred to as unlawful, and William S. Braddock, the executor, thereupon applied to the court for restriction. The lawyers who submitted arguments were Schuyler C. Woodhull, who represented the widow; C. E. D. Joline, for the heirs-at-law; J T. Woodhul and James W Belden for Mr. George, and George A. Vroom for the executor. The arguments occupied the entire day and at their conclusion Vice-Chancellor Bird announced that he would file a decision at an early day.

No Escape for Chicago's Boodlers.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—The Appellate Court yesterday morning affirmed the decisions in both of the "boodle" cases. One was the case of Edward S. McDonald, formerly engineer of the county hospitals, who was indicted and tried jointly with William J. McGarigle. After the verdict McGarigle escaped to Canada, evidently fearing the three years' penitentiary punishment imposed by the jury. As he was never sentenced by the Court, the appeal was only taken in McDonald's behalf. The other case is what is known as the "omnibus case," in which twelve defendants, eleven of whom were County or ex-County Commissioners, were put on trial.

Another Blizzard in Dakota.

GRAND FORKS, Dak., Feb. 17.—One of the worst blizzards of this winter raged all Tuesday night and until sun down yesterday. The velocity of the wind, which came from the southwest, was terrific. When the storm moderated Dr. H. M. Wheeler, accompanied by a number of friends took a sail on his famous snowboat, riding over the snow covered prairies at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour. Trains were abandoned on all lines.

Mr. Conkling's Service Needed.

CONCORD, N. H., Feb. 17.—The Lincoln Club of New Hampshire held a meeting and banquet here last night, during which C. A. Sulloway of Manchester said he was glad that Blaine was not to be a candidate, because of the bitter feud that exists between him and Conkling; without the efforts and support of the latter the Republicans cannot carry New York.

Torn to Pieces by a Flywheel.

SCRANTON, Pa., Feb. 17.—Joseph Snyder, employed as helper to bricklayers in the rolling mill of the Lackawanna Iron and Coal Company yesterday, while scuffling with some boys, fell over a railing into the pit of the flywheel, which whirled him into pieces and threw his head and portions of his body about the mill among the terrified workmen.

Change in the Japanese Legation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17. Mr. Mutsu Munemitsu has been appointed Japanese Minister to the United States, in place of Mr. Kuki, who has been transferred to Janan as chief of the Imperial Archives. Mr. Kuki is down upon his luck and has resigned and will not return to this country.

CONTINENTAL NEWS

EXCITEMENT OVER RUMORS CONCERNING THE REGENCY.

The Crown Prince—Mr. O'Brien's Debate On Mr. Balfour's Method—A Big Offer to the American Government.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—There was much excitement in the lobbies of the Reichstaff yesterday over rumors that a bill would soon be introduced providing for the transfer of the Regency to Prince William.

SAN REMO, Feb. 17.—The Crown Prince's difficulty in breathing began a week before the operation, increasing daily. On the 4th inst. it had reached such a pitch that the Prince had to abandon his customary walk, being only able to take a drive. On the following day the struggle for breath was intense, especially during the night.

On the morning of the 9th Dr. Bramann was summoned. When the Crown Prince was informed that an operation was advisable, he replied:

"Well, if it is necessary, I am ready to have it performed at once."

The Prince expressed his willingness to be chloroformed. Dr. Bramann made an incision the length of a finger from the base of the larynx to near the breast bone. The Prince's beard was not touched. The Prince returned to consciousness soon after the bandage had been applied. He found the difficulty in breathing much relieved and thanked the doctors for their services. He bore the chloroform well and felt no pain.

The incision in the throat is almost healed. The doctors now fear that laryngotomy will be unavoidable, and they are discussing whether partial or complete removal of the larynx will be advisable. The present treatment will be continued three months, and the question of an operation decided afterward.

A bulletin issued at noon yesterday states that the Crown Prince's rest the night before was much disturbed by coughing and the raising of plegm. Otherwise his condition is unaltered.

GAG RULE IN THE COMMONS'

Closure to Be Made Easier and "Disorderly" Members to Be Suspended.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The Government's new rules of Parliamentary procedure propose that the House sit from 3 p. m. to 1 a. m., with an interval of an hour for dinner; that closure may be voted if 1.0 members are present, instead of 200 as now, and that the speaker may suspend for the sitting any member or members who may become grossly disorderly. The remainder of the rules greatly increase the power of the Speaker. Grand committees to deal with bills relating to the laws of trade, shipping and manufactures to be revived.

Mr. William O Brien resumed the debate on the the address. Mr. Balfour's methods, he said, had been a failure in all directions. Abject discomfiture and disgrace had attended the administration of the Crimes act everywhere. He neither felt wounded nor degraded by his own imprisonment. He challenged the Government to prove its insinuation that he had sheltered, while in prison, behind the plea of illness. What the imprisoned members complained of was the moral torture from which ordinary criminals are exempt. When asked to acknowledge kinship with criminals they had replied: "I will die first!" You will have to learn the difference between representatives of the criminal classes and political prisoners, even if it takes coroners' juries to announce the distinction."

The Coercion Act, Mr. O'Brien declared, had not only not suppressed the National League, but it had not suppressed a single village club. Every evicted tenant had been restored, and every shilling of law costs incurred had been repaid as indemnity by the landlords.

Mr. Labouchere asked the Under Foreign Secretary if any despatch had been received from the British Ambassador at Berlin which suggested that England give assurances to Italy that would induce her to enter the Austro-German alliance.

Sir James Fergusson again declined to produce the correspondence which had passed between the English and the Continential governments, reiterating his statement that he did not deem it advisable.

Mr. Labouchere then gave notice that he would offer an amendment to the address that the House be informed definitely that no correspondence had been exchanged with Italy which had resulted in binding the action of England in the event of war between Italy and France, or if any assurances had been given that they be communicated to the House.

Sir James Fergusson announced the signing of the Canadian Fisheries treaty, which he said, the Government, although as yet unaware of its precise terms, believed to be entirely satisfactory. He could not admit that the differences in regard to the American fisheries had amounted to serious disputes.

Mr. W. H. Smith intimated that the Government did not think it advisable just now to appoint a committee on grants to the royal family, as Mr. Gladstone had suggested.

From Cleveland's Millionaire Kinsman.

VIENNA, Feb. 17.—Mr. Lawton, the United States Minister here, has accepted from Harry Farber, a rich American relative of President Cleveland, who is studying law in the Vienna University, the offer of $1,000,000 to the American Government with which to endow a university in Chicago on the Vienna model.

Evidence That She Sailed From Savannah.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—A vessel was wrecked on December 27 off the south coast of San Jorge, one of the Azores. She is believed from various articles washed ashore, including certificates belonging to David Deans, to have been the British bark Donegal, Capt. Burchart, which sailed from Savannah December 6 for Trieste.

Hanlan and Kemp to Race.

SYDNEY, N. S., Feb. 17.—Hanlan and Kemp have been matched to row for the championship of the world and five hundred pounds aside, on the Paramatta river. They will go into training at once.

Socialists Raided by Police.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 17.—The Socialists paraded the principal streets of the city vehemently denouncing the militia laws. The police raided the paraders and dispersed them. Many were injured and several arrests made.

Enthusiastic Friends of Ireland.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 17.—The National League rally in the New Haven Opera House last night was a great success. Sir Thomas Henry Grattan Esmonde was enthusiastically received and listened to by a crowded house. Speeches were made by Mayor Samuel A. York, T. J. Fox, James P. Pigott, Dennis O'Reilly, the Hon. N. D. Sperry, Gen. Phil. Sheridan's name was incidentally mentioned and caused much applause.

A BIG FIRE IN PROVIDENCE.

Nearly a Million Dollars Worth of Property Go Up in Flames.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 17.—The most disastrous fire which has visited this city since September, 1887, when the great wholesale buildings about the Postoffice were destroyed raged yesterday morning among the business blocks near the City Hall. The flames were discovered at midnight in Chace's block, a four-story brick building at the corner of Eddy and Fountain streets, and spread so rapidly that a general alarm was rung. In a few minutes the building was consumed, and with a crash the walls fell. The Billings Block, which stood upon the opposite side of Worcester street, next caught and was consumed like so much tinder, and in forty-five minutes nothing but its blackened walls remained. From this point the fire extended to the Aldrich House, the fire communicating through the roof.

The next building to succumb was that occupied by Ethan Allen as a carriage repository, which was totally burned, most of the contents being saved. Adjoining Mr. Allen's building stood the Exchange Hotel, owned by Harriet E. and George L. Barnes. The contents, valued at $3,500, were a total loss.

Assistance was summoned from Pawtucket, East Providence, Johnston and Woonsocket, and the Boston department was asked to hold itself in readiness.

Several other alarms were struck from smaller fires set by the flying embers, and scores of buildings were set on fire.

The Aldrich House burned slowly, and it was evident that if the flames were not checked there a wide path would be cut through the heart of the retail business section. The firemen concentrated all their energies upon the task of confining the flames to the north side of Washington street, and although other buildings took fire they succeeded in their efforts.

In an hour after the fire started the entire square of Union, Washington, Eddy, Worcester and Fountain Streets, extending through to Clemence Street, were in ruins. The total loss is estimated at from $500,000 to $700,000.

The Aldrich House was valued at $75,000 and insured for $25,000.

The fire spread so quickly that little property within the hotels and manufactories, except personal effects, could be saved.

BAY STATE LABOR STATISTICS.

Nearly One-Third of Her Workmen Idle a Third of the Year.

BOSTON, Feb. 17.—The annual report of the Bureau of Labor Statistics was forwarded to the House of Representatives yesterday by the Hon. Carroll D. Wright. The report deals with but one subject, the unemployed in the State during 1885, the census year, and says:

As the essential result of this investigation, out of a total of 815,819 persons employed in profitable occupations in this State, 241,589 or 29.59 per cent—were employed at their principal occupation on an average of 4.11 months during the census year. The average time of unemployment for persons engaged in manufactures pure and simple was 3.90 months.

The report states that about one-third of the total number of State prisoners engaged in remunerative labor were employed at their principal occupation about one-third of the working time.

The Wrecked Toronto Bank.

TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 17.—Chancellor Boyd yesterday gave judgment in the Central Bank case asking for the removal of Liquidator Campbell. He said it was not for the Court to reflect upon the actions of any of the liquidators. Campbell was not on trial. He would, therefore, declare Campbell's position vacant without prejudice, and ordered a meeting of creditors to re-elect Campbell, or any other liquidator they might prefer. The liquidators announce that the funds in hand warrant their declaring a dividend of 25 per cent. to depositors, payable as soon after March 1 as the proper record claims are made out.

A Bitter Pill For Canada.

TORONTO, Ont. Feb. 17.—The *Mail*, commenting on the Fishery treaty, says: "As a matter of fact, it was foreordained that the Dominion should suffer. Mr. Chamberlain told us in so many words that he had come to America to terminate the fishery dispute somehow, and the English journals frankly stated that England could not afford to quarrel with her best foreign customer for the sake of our fish. It has been the fate of Canada from the beginning to suffer for Imperial interests, but in this instance the cup presented to our lips appears to be an unusually bitter one."

Fowler's Story is Doubted.

BANGOR, Me., Feb. 17.—The Fowler story regarding the whereabouts of Stain on the day of the Dexter tragedy, was shown to Sheriff Mitchell, County Attorney Appleton and Charles F. Stain, who were found preparing the case for presentation to the Grand Jury. They gave no credence to it, and it will not affect the *proposed action of* the Government. It is said that Power is a former associate of Stain. One official says: "Of all the lies told about this case this last story is the worst."

John Brown Lectures for the Strikers.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—John Brown, Jr., a son of John Brown of Harper's Ferry fame, is on his way from the Pacific coast to his home at Put-in-Bay, Ohio. He will stop in Chicago and lecture, the proceeds to go to the assistance of the Reading strikers. His subject is "Temperance with Reference to the Labor Problem."

To Let Minerals Come in Free.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—It is said here by one who knows that the Ways and Means Committee have decided to cut pig iron down to $4 per ton and steel rails to $8. Iron ore, coal, copper, lead and other mineral substances go on the free list. This proposed sweeping reduction has alarmed protectionists.

Hennessey's Last "Good-By"

CAMBRIDGEPORT, Mass., Feb 17.—Last evening Henry E. Hennessey, a Nova Scotian, aged twenty-two, committed suicide at the house where he boarded. While with a company of friends he suddenly turned around, simply saying "Good-by," drew a revolver from his pocket and shot himself.

Claiming Three States for Cleveland.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 17.—Mayor Ames, the lately defeated Democratic candidate for Governor, asserts that not only Minnesota, but Michigan and Iowa will go Democratic next year, and will never again be classed as doubtful States.

Forty Miners Lose Their Lives.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—A terrible explosion occurred yesterday in the Kreuzgraben Colliery, near Camphausen, in the Saar district. Forty miners are reported to have been killed. Thirty-six have been brought out alive.

Crosby's Bill Favorably Reported.

ALBANY, Feb. 17.—The Crosby high license bill was reported favorably by the Assembly Excise Committee yesterday.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

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GREAT MARK DOWN SALE

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WINTER GOODS.

In order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.

A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT. has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEWMARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.

An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.

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QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

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BURIED TOLTEC CITIES.

Remains of a Prehistoric Civilization Unearthed in Arizona.

According to a Los Muertos (Ariz.) correspondent of the Boston *Herald*, the Hemenway expedition, under the direction of Frank Cushing, has been at work for several months, and has excavated the ruins of a city three miles long and two miles wide. The excavations are not continuous, but have been made at various points along the main street and at the limits of the town. Mr. Cushing acquired from the Zuni Indians, among whom he has lived for some years, the knowledge of customs and traditions which enabled him to find the buried cities of the Salt River valley. The first one excavated is called Los Muertos, the city of the dead. Others that have been partially excavated are El Pueblo de los Hornos, the city of ovens, El Cindad de los Pueblitos and El Pueblo de los Pedros. But these are only a part of the chain of cities that once covered the desert. There are nineteen buried cities in the valley alone, and Los Muertos, which had a population of 10,000, is one of the smallest.

The entire valley was once a system of cities, with adjacent farms, and up in the mountains are sacrificial caves and pueblos of stone, many of which never have been explored, and are entirely unknown to the wandering tourist and sightseer. The people who lived in these were not Aztecs, as has been supposed. They were of the race that preceded the Aztecs, and had upon this continent a civilization older than the pyramids. This is proved by the human remains and relics found. Ethnological research, prosecuted by Mr. Cushing by the comparative method, demonstrates that the dwellers of the plains were Toltecs, and that they reached a high state of civilization many centuries before the Aztecs appeared. They were probably of Asiatic origin, but not Mongoloid. The Indian of the Pacific coast appears to be Mongoloid and a later immigrant from Asia. The age of the Toltec ruins is reckoned in thousands of years. The Toltecs were agricultural people, and had the plain of Tempe under a high state of cultivation. The climate and character of the soil were, apparently, the same as now, and a vast system of irrigation was required to make the land productive. The maps made by the surveyor of the Hemenway party show at least three hundred lines of ditch work.

The Toltecs were better irrigators than the farmers of to-day. They were satisfied with a very slight flow, and, consequently, were able to conduct water to every part of the plain. The higher ground, which is now a desert, was reached by levees upon which the water flowed. The bottom of these ditches and levees, hardened by the water flowing over them, have resisted the leveling power of the elements. The banks have disappeared, leaving the bottoms elevated slightly above the plain, and these hardened surfaces are now used as roads all over the valley. In some places the irrigating canal was cut through the solid rock with stone implements. The cost of making that cut to-day with improved implements would be $20,000.

The manner of building the ditches and keeping them in repair is indicated by two parallel rows of stones along the sides of the ditches. These stones are of diorite and were used as chipping stones to sharpen the stone implements with which the digging was done. Most of them seem to have been worn out and thrown aside, and probably they were covered up with the earth and thrown out as the work advanced. The washing away of the banks by the rains of centuries has left them exposed. Many, no doubt, were used in repairing the banks. The natural inference is that the ditches were maintained during a long period. The modern canal system of the valley is only forty-one miles in extent and cost $1,500,000. The Toltec ditches were of great size and extent, no less than 300 miles of canal alone, and could not be built to-day for less than $2,500,000. No less than 450,000 acres were cultivated in the Salt Lake Valley by means of these ancient ditches.

The Toltecs had no occasion to raise more corn than they could consume, and, therefore, the population of the plain may *be calculated on the basis of cultivated* acreage. The 4,000 Pyma Indians on the 10,000 acres support themselves and sell 9,000,000 pounds of wheat yearly. It is within bounds to place the ancient population at 50,000.

The ruins still uncovered, but traced by unmistakable surface indications, extend through the foot of the hills into the mountains. The ruins of Los Muertos are being thoroughly examined because they are typical, and also because they have been buried, and, therefore, protected from the ravages of time, tourists and ranches. Twenty-two large blocks of buildings have been uncovered, and three car-loads of relics have been sent to Boston. These relics consist of pottery, implements and skeletons.

One of the ruined buildings is 400x375 feet, another is 480 feet long, and many of the buildings are 300 feet square. The adobe walls are sometimes seven feet thick and two stories high. Connected with each building is a pyral mound, around the base of which are the funeral urns containing the ashes of the cremated Toltecs. Entrance to the buildings were sometimes through doorways and sometimes through holes in the roof. Each building was divided into a great number of small holes, indicating a large population to each block. The roofs were of concrete, supported by timber, and most of them have fallen in. Here and there the concrete remains in position. It is evident that these cities were destroyed by earthquakes. In most cases the roofs have fallen in and the side-walls have fallen outward. Time has disintegrated the adobe blocks, and the rains have spread the material so evenly that the buildings are indicated only by slight irregularities in the surface. The work of excavation is simply to clear away the surface material. That the cities were suddenly overthrown is proved by the finding of skeletons under the fallen roofs and walls in positions indicating violent death. One photographed as found shows that the man was caught under the falling roof and thrown upon his face. His chest is crushed forward by the weight, and his right hand stretched out as he fell. A large number of bodies found proves that the calamity was widespread and complete.

The Origin of Beer.

Ale was the sole title of malt liquor until the reign of Henry VIII, up to which time the employment of hops as an ingredient in the beverage was unknown in England. In the year 1524, or, thereabouts, the use of hops was introduced from Germany, and to distinguish the new kind of malt liquor from the old the German name bier was adopted, and, with an infinitesimal change of spelling, became part of our language.

MR. FIELD'S PROTEST.

He Thinks Our States are Badly Named and Makes Substitutions.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Mr. David Dudley Field was before the House Committee on Territories yesterday to protest against the retention of certain of our territorial names when the territories to which they belong shall become states. On general principles, he said, a country so rich in Indian names as this ought in no case perpetuate European names, and he cited New York as about the worst designation that could be given to a state. The only thing he cherished against the memory of Lincoln was the fact that he admitted a "West Virginia" when he might have had a Cumberland or a Kanawha. He protested against North and South Dakota as unnecessary and confusing. He objected to New Mexico, because it was meaningless except as a remnant of Mexico. He suggested instead Montezuma, holding that the personage of that name was the greatest of our aboriginal chiefs and deserved to have his name perpetuated. He protested against Washington as likely to lead to confusion, and suggested Tacoma, as both euphonious and distinctive.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

The President Wednesday nominated T. H. Kelly to be Assistant Collector of Customs in Jersey City.

The Saco bank has recovered every dollar of the $265,000 worth of registered bonds stolen by Frank C. McNeally last August.

Count Von Arco Valley, Consul-General at Cairo, Egypt, will succeed Herr Von Albensleben as Minister of Germany at Washington.

The Senate Wednesday, after a long discussion, confirmed the nomination of Marshal McDonald to be Commissioner of Fish and fisheries.

Town elections in Chemung county on Tuesday resulted in the election of seven Democratic and four Republican Supervisors, a Democratic gain of one Supervisor.

At a meeting of sales agents representing the New York wholesale coal trade, held in the Washington building, New York city, Wednesday, it was decided to make no change in the prices of coal notwithstanding the miners' protracted strike. There is a plentiful supply in the city.

The frame shanty in Camden, N. J., in which Boston Corbett conducted his religious meetings has been turned into a dwelling house. Corbett never had a peaceful moment after killing John Wilkes Booth, and his remorse found relief in religious frenzy. He is now in an asylum for the insane in Kansas.

Messrs. Strong and Tavernier, described as well known San Francisco artists, went to the Hawaiian Islands to do some work for the Government. The administration refused to pay for the work, the artists had no money to pay their board bills and when they tried to return home they were not permitted to embark, and it is said they are detained there yet.

S. W. Matthews, Commissioner of Labor Statistics of the State of Maine, has compiled a most exhaustive review of the condition of the working people of that State. He does not find that drunkenness has been reduced very materially by the prohibition enactment. He finds that $1 would buy as much food in 1887 as $1.14 would in 1882 or $1.17 in 1887.

The projectors of the Union Biblical Institute, which is to be a home for Christian people, a resting place for foreign missionaries, and a theological school combined, have decided to build it in Brooklyn, and the probable site will be near the Eastern Parkway. The dimensions of the building will be 200x241 feet, with a wing 140 feet long and 123 wide. The cost will be $1,000,000.

Charles Bibbins, a sporting man of Omaha, Neb., offers to bet $5,000 against $2,000 that James Albert did not walk 621 miles in the recent race in the Madison Square Garden, N. Y., and that he cannot walk 550 miles in six days. It is understood that if the bet is accepted Bibbins will undertake to prove that the 621 miles was accomplished by Albert and a twin brother, who looks precisely like him, walking alternately.

A man who has backed Rowell in nearly all his races has left $1,000 at the office of *Turf, Field and Farm* to match the English pedestrian against Albert, the victor of Madison Square Garden, under the conditions cabled on Tuesday from London. The time for running the race can be agreed upon after the forfeit has been covered. He prefers to have the match decided in England, and he is willing to throw it open to all first-class pedestrians who put up a stake of from $500 to $1,000 each. If Albert objects to England, the race will be made for America.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—For New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, fair weather; slightly warmer, fresh to brisk winds, shifting to westerly.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—Money on call to-day 2½ per cent.

BONDS.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
3½s.	1891, reg	107	106¾
4½s.	1891, coup	108⅜	107¾
4s.	1907, reg	125¾	125¼
4s.	1907, con	125¾	125¾

THREE O'CLOCK.—Stocks advanced again this morning under the lead of the grangers and Union Pacific. In the afternoon the market became dull at a slight decline. Bonds were more active and firm. The Bank of England reduced its discount rate to 2½ per cent.

STOCK MARKET.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	58¼	58½
Central Pacific	30¾	30¾
Chicago, Bur. & Q	124¾	128¾
Delaware & Hudson	110	110¾
Del. Lack. & West	130⅝	130⅝
Erie	27⅛	27
Erie, pref	63	62¾
Lake Shore	91¾	91¾
Louis. & Nash	59⅝	59⅝
Michigan Central	82	82¾
Missouri Pacific	84⅛	84½
New Jersey Central	79	79⅛
New York Central & Hud	107¾	107¾
New York & New Eng	37⅜	37½
Northwestern	107⅛	108¾
Oregon Navigation	94	94
Pacific Mail	35¾	35⅝
Reading	66	65⅛
Rock Island	113	113
St. Paul	76⅛	76¼
Union Pacific	56⅞	56¼
Western Union	78½	78⅝

PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat—Market quiet. No. 1 red, 92 c.a—93c.; xtra red, 90c.a90½c.; No. 2 red, 88 c.a88½c.; in elevator, 89½ c.a90¼c.delivered; No. 3, 87 c; a—c.; state white, 91c.a92 c.; No. 1 white, 91c.a 93 c.

February, 88⅝c.; March, 89⅝c.; April, 90 c.; May, 91⅛c.; June, 91⅛c.; December, 94c¼.

Corn—Market quiet. No. 2, at 59c.; in elevator and 60½c. delivered; No. 3, 58 c.a—c.. and steamer, 59½c.a60c, elevator.

February 59¾c.; March, 59½c.; May, 59⅝. June, 59¼c.

Oats—Market quiet. No. 1 white, 42½c.; No. 2 white, 39½c.a41¼c.; Nor. 3 white, 38 c.a 41 c.; No. 1 mixed, 40 c.; No. 2mixed, 38 c.a 40 c.; No. 3 mixed, 38½c.; rejected, 37 c.; No. 2 Chicago, 40 c.

February, 37 c.; March, 38 c.; May, 37½c.

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market steady. Creamery—Eastern, —c.a—c.; western, 23c.a28c.; Elgin, 29c.a30c.; imitation, 21c.a24c. Dairy—Eastern, half-firkin tubs, 20c.a26c.; eastern, Welsh tubs, 20c.a25c; eastern firkins, 19c.a23c.; eastern dairies, complete, 20c.a25c.; western, 18c.a23c. Factory—Fresh, 15c.a22c.

Cheese—Market steady. Factory—New York, cheddar, 12 c.a12½c.; western, flat, 11¼c.a11¾c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 6 c.a10 c., skims, 1 c.a1½; state skims, 2 c.a5c.

Eggs—Market steady. Fresh—Eastern firsts, 27 c.; southern first, 25c.a26¼c.; westen firsts, 26c.a27n Limed—Eastern firsts, 13½c.; western firsts 14c. c.a14½c.; Canadian firsts, 13½c.a14c.; imported, 16c.a20c.

HUSBANDRY HINTS.

LARGE profits do not always depend upon large crops. One may grow an extraordinary large crop, but the expense of so doing may balance the receipts.

GIVEN in winter, cooked food—fed slightly warm, as it is pretty sure to be—is eaten more rapidly and does more good than the uncooked. Cows increase their yield of milk on it, and all animals thrive better than previously.

THE way to become a better farmer is, in fact, to take hold of one single thing and improve it, then something else and improve it, not losing any improvement once gained, and thus continuing until the whole farm is "graded up."

AS FAR as experiments have been conducted, it has been demonstrated that when wheat is sixty cents per bushel it is the cheapest grain that can be used as food for stock, being more nutritious than corn and better adapted for growing stock.

IT is a fact that dogs seldom attack sheep kept with cattle, unless in the case of some old rogue, and then only when the sheep are found at a considerable distance, for the instinct of the cattle is to attack animals found chasing or worrying other stock near them.

A NUMBER of farmers around Hillsboro, Ill., acting on the advice of the State entomologist, are burning off their fields and wood pastures for the purpose of destroying the myriads of chinch bugs that ruined the corn crop of last season. An effort is being made to make the burning general.

VARIED crops, all kinds of stock, plenty of good reading, and association with neighbors are to the farm and farmer what the ropes, sails, compass and crews are to a good ship. As the ship can not cross the ocean without its proper equipment, so can not the farm successfully perform its mission without its proper equipment.

IT pays to hire brains rather than brawn, and the dearest man to have about the place is the one who has to have the simplest directions pounded into him with a beetle, so to speak; he is unsafe, too, because it is not at all certain that he will not say "I forgot" after an accident, so called, has happened. Hire brains and pay for them, and there will be fewer accidents.

THE weekly country "lyceum" or "literary," which has so successfully taken the place of the old-time spelling school, and, in a measure, supplanted the country "hoe down," should be encouraged. Many farmers who will some day be legislators, will be able to attribute no small part of their ability to speak and to work in deliberative assemblies to the practice gained in country school-house debates.

IT is an understood fact that most noxious insects are guided by their sense of smell to the places proper for them to feed or deposit their eggs. It is to this peculiarity that many odoriferous substances owe their supposed repellant powers. The insect is not, strictly speaking, repelled, but the stronger foreign odor disguises that of its proper food and, therefore, it can not find it. Thus any cheap but strong smelling substance may check insect ravages just as efficaciously as something much more expensive.

ALL kinds of insects can be destroyed by using hot alum water. Take two pounds of alum and dissolve in three or four quarts of boiling water; let it stand on the fire till the alum disappears; then apply it with a brush while nearly boiling hot to every joint and crevice in your closets, pantry, shelves, bedsteads and the like. Brush the crevices in the skirting or mop boards if you suspect that they harbor vermin. If, in whitewashing the ceiling, plenty of alum is used in the lime, it will also serve to keep insects at a distance.

COURT GOSSIP.

THE Prince and Princess of Wales will celebrate their silver wedding March 10, 1888.

THE Princess of Wales, who is now forty-three years of age, looks at least five years younger.

THE Prince of Naples, who has just come of age, is pronounced to be the most accomplished Crown Prince in Europe.

THE railroad train used by the Czar in his travels is the same as was formerly used by Napoleon III. It consists of twenty cars.

THE Shah of Persia has received an elephant, handsomely caparisoned, as a gift from Lord Dufferin, Governor-General of India.

THE King of Sweden is a poet, and a volume of his compositions has just been published at Stockholm. His nom de plume is Oscar Frederick.

EMPEROR PEDRO, of Brazil, takes the regular rate of pay from the various scientific magazines to which he contributes articles, but hands all the money thus earned to an orphan asylum.

QUEEN MARGARET, of Italy, has had capable Jewish instructors, can read the Old Testament in Hebrew with ease, and has collected a large Hebrew library with the latest works on Jewish literature.

PRINCESS CLEMENTINE, of Orleans, mother of Prince Ferdinand, of Bulgaria, is said to be the real ruler of the principality. She is a woman of great resolution, much wealth, and resembling in manner and features her cousin, Queen Victoria.

THE Queen of Portugal wears the Paris life-savers' medal because, in 1874, while bathing at Cascase with her sons, Charles and Alfonso, eleven and nine respectively, she swam out to save her children from drowning. A large wave suddenly swept the children off their feet, and their mother, in trying to rescue them, came near drowning also.

ON all the German railroads—and the Emperor, be it stated, always travels by extra train—he pays the regular tariff fare for his person and suite, as well as for the baggage. The average rate is six marks per kilometer for every axle, and in view of the fact that his Majesty travels many thousand kilometers in the course of a year, the railroads have a good customer in him.

COLD WEATHER HINTS.

A PERSON should not go out in cold weather immediately after imbibing hot drinks.

IT is debilitating to persist in toasting the back at the fire. Simply warming to a comfortable heat is advisable.

WHEN the chest and back are well protected from the cold it is not a difficult thing to keep comfortably warm otherwise.

THE voice should be used as little as possible when a person is hoarse, as there is danger of incurring throat difficulties or loss of the voice.

BE careful to breathe through the nostrils only when going from a warm atmosphere into the cold. Thus the air will be warmed in its passage

COLD weather should not interfere with the regular bathing. The skin should be kept in regular condition, as the cold closes the pores and favors congestion.

WHEN heated from exercise it is extremely dangerous to pause in the cold wind and stand on ice or snow. Many severe colds and consequent prostrations are thus incurred.

SOME VIRGINIA YARNS.

A Mountaineer's Humor Which Proved True Under All Circumstances.

In the mountains of Virginia and West Virginia after the war, story-telling was the one feast of reason and intellectual pastime, says the New York *Tribune*. The mountaineers were never an educated race. During the period of the rebellion they were cut off entirely from all newspapers, books and periodicals. They knew absolutely nothing of what was going on in the world. They lived in a little circle by themselves. When they got together the man who could tell the best story was the acknowledged leader. Wit was cultivated by personal encounter in the country store, in the tavern bar-room and before the great fireplaces in the cabins. One of the characters of the decade after the war, about whom West Virginians occasionally talk, was a certain Captain Mosier. His fund of stories never ran out. A friend said to him: "Captain, if you were educated you would be a big man." Said the Captain: "Yes, and if I had lived in deep water I would have been a whale."

The story is told of Captain Mosier that on one occasion he had been imbibing at the country tavern to an extent that gave unsteadiness to his locomotion. It was a stormy night, and a terrific thunder-shower was in progress as he started for home. His pathway lay up the mountain and across a deep gorge, over a slender bridge, beneath which ran a turbulent mountain stream, swollen by the falling rain. The Captain had struggled along to this point with difficulty. When he reached the bridge he threw himself down on all fours and began to creep across the narrow structure. The flashes of lightning gave him occasional views of the path across, and he waited for these flashes before making any advances. His crossing was thus made by stages. Just after a blinding flash of lightning he lost his hold and fell into the stream. It was a terrible plunge and the chances for his life were extremely doubtful. Some of his companions who had followed him from the tavern heard his cry as he struck the water. They plunged into the gorge in spite of the danger, and found him clinging to a rock below the bridge. As they pulled him out of the water, battered, drenched and badly scared, he gasped out a protest against the thunder-storm in these words: "Wall, if I'd a undertaken to light a gentleman home, I'd a done the job better."

About this same Captain another story is told which does not indicate that he was as valiant as he was humorous. He had enlisted in the Confederate army, and his regiment was drawn up in battle array before the advancing hosts of the Union army. The Colonel of the regiment thought it was time to make a speech, and proceeded to attempt to fire the hearts of the rank and file by addressing them something after this manner: "Fellow soldiers of the Confeder te army! The enemy are before you. The sacred homes of Virginia and the graves of your ancestors are behind you. Around your hearthstones the women and children of Virginia are praying you to be steadfast and repel the invaders. The demon hordo of Northern mudsils are bearing down upon Virginia. Unless checked by your devoted and chivalrous efforts they will ravage your plantations, rob your graneries, burn your barns and pillage your houses." When the Colonel had reached this point in his address the brave Captain Mosier called out as he suited his action to the words, and started on a run to the rear: "If all these things are threatening my plantation I am going right home to see about it." And he went.

RICH BOOK-BUYERS.

some of the Peculiar and Picayunish Ways of Gotham's Elect.

There is a certain book-store up town, says the New York *Star*, where most of the elite, as well as many wealthy out-of-town people, purchase their literary wares.

For years it has been the resort of bookworms of high financial degree, albeit they were (and are) not of literary degree so high.

One of the salesmen of this institution, in speaking of some of his well known customers, said:

"In one afternoon I have had as many as twenty millionaires drop in to, see or purchase from one to a hundred books. They are peculiar people, too, these millionaires. Not peculiar for ordinary, every-day people, but peculiar for millionaires. There's Jay Gould, for instance. You wouldn't believe it, but Mr. Gould is always as close and careful in his purchase as a clerk who came in to buy his best girl a copy of Dante for Christmas. Mr. Gould has come in about Christmas-time for years. Sometimes he purchases a handsome set of works; sometimes only a single volume. He's as careful about his purchase as if he were buying a million-dollar railroad."

The salesman shook his head knowingly and continued: "I tell you, these very wealthy people are not half as reckless with their money as people generally suppose. Let me give you an instance:

"A couple of years ago Mrs. Astor, who has been a good customer of ours for years, came in to make a few purchases. She carried a small purse in her hand, and after she had made her purchase, opened it to pay the bill. The spring lock or fastening caught somehow, and in forcing it open a good handful of small silver scattered over the counter and floor. Of course, I hastened to pick 'em up. She took each piece as I handed it to her and dropped it into her purse. At last I said: 'Mrs. Astor, I am sorry, but I can not find another piece.'

"'That's enough,' she replied. 'I have it all now, $6.23.'

"Well, I was a surprised man. She knew to a cent what her purse contained. How many people with an income of $3,000 a year know within a dollar of what their purses contain while shopping."

Of dead and alive celebrities the salesman then recited a score of anecdotes.

"There's one lady in this town," said he, with a mischievous twinkle in his eye, "who's a regular Tartar. She's hard to beat, but as the story I am about to tell is a singular one, I'll not mention her name. Sufficient to say she moves in the best society, and her name appears in the list of first nights at the opera and theater regularly. One day last winter she stepped from her carriage at the curb, and came tripping up to me as I stood behind the counter. We exchanged greetings, and she said, taking an envelope from under her sealskin sacque: 'Mr. B——, will you do me a favor?'

"'Certainly, Mrs. H——,' said I.

"'Well,' she continued, 'here are four tickets for the charity ball. My husband always takes half a dozen. Now, can't you sell them for $3.50 apiece? Of course, you must keep one for your trouble.'

"I took them," said the clerk, "and sold them, too, but I'll wager a new hat that her husband did not know that the tickets he paid five dollars apiece for were re-sold by his wife, who pocketed the money."

One Lone Woman.

There are the graves of eighty convicts in Chester, Ill., and but one of them contains the body of a woman. She was Emma Jackson, who died in the Chester Penitentiary in 1879, while serving a sentence for stealing.

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.37, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.31, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.30, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44 a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

FISHER & MONFORT,

PHOTOGRAPHERS,

15 East Front St., near the Post Office.

CABINETS, $3.50 PER DOZEN.

All the latest improvements in Photography.

No extra charge for Children or Babies.

CHAS. W. FISHER. G. WM. MONFORT.

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P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city.

8-2-tf

George R. Rockafellow,

(Successor to W. N. Rowe.)

HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE

PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

9 8-t

Howell & Hardy,

Fancy and Staple Groceries,

CHOICE TEA, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Creamery and Dairy Butter,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.,

North Avenue, Opposite Depot,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

11-26-tf

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves & Ranges,

Cutlery,

Sleigh Bells.

Skates,

13 EAST FRONT STREET,

Next Post Office.

SKATES!

Club Skates!

Ladies' Skates!

And all other Kinds of SKATES!

Sleighs! Coasters!

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

—AND—

Sporting Goods!

Can be obtained at the new firm of

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.,

At 33 PARK AVENUE.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

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-:Black Stockings:-

That will NOT FADE, CROCK, or STAIN the FEET. Try a Pair of

SMITH & ANGELL'S

Black Stockings, and you will wear no other kind.

The color cannot be removed by acids—in fact washing improves the color.

The dye being vegetable does not INJURE the GOODS.

Every pair warranted as above, and if not found as represented, RETURN THEM and your MONEY will be REFUNDED.

SOLD ONLY BY

Howard A. Pope,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

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R. W. RICE & Co.,

[Successor to Wm. H. Shotwell.]

FINE GROCERIES,

Fruits and Vegetables

IN THEIR SEASON.

North Plainfield, - New Jersey.

CORNER DUER & EMILY STREETS.

7-12-tf

W. MESSERSCHMIDT,

Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing Goods,

23½ West Front Street, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

CLOTHING CLEANED AND REPAIRED.

10-4-tf

GO TO

"ADAMS',"

10 PARK AVENUE,

For PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, WINDOW GLASS, Etc.

Fine lot of

Paper Hangings

IN STOCK.

Orders Taken for Paper Hanging and Decorating.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

7-11-tf

DROP IN

and see for yourself my superior stock of

HATS, CAPS,

AND

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

Also our elegant line of

NECK-WEAR.

A. C. HORTON,

(Successor to F. A. Pope.)

NO. 5 W. FRONT STREET.

9-20-y

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE.

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PIERSON'S,

No. 42 West Front Street.

—IS THE PLACE TO BUY—

THE BEST

Carpenter and Machinists' Tools, Rochester Lamps, and all Kinds of House Furnishing Goods at N. Y. Prices.

1-24-1m.

SPECIAL!

VANEMBURGH & WHITE

Cutlery Sale,

Commencing Monday.

We shall offer 100 Dozen 12 oz., Plate Tea Spoons. 100 Dozen 12 oz. Plate Table Spoons. 100 Dozen Knife and Forks, 12 oz. Plate. 100 Cake Knives, 12 oz. Plate.

These Goods are mostly all Roger's make and will be sold regardless of cost.

Van Emburgh & White.

12-2-tf

J. P. Laire & Co.

SPECIAL SALE,

Parlor Stoves,

Horse Blankets and Robes,

Plush Laps, Sleigh Bells,

Skates, Sleighs, Etc.

Will be sold Below Cost!

—TELEPHONE CALL, No. 72.—

10my1

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave

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Laings Hotel:

J. B. MILLER & Bro.,

Proprietors.

FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort.

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FORCE'S HOTEL,

NORTH AVE., NEAR R. R. DEPOT.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

E. P. THORN,

No. 17 Park Avenue,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealer in—

Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

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THE PLAINFIELD

ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.

OFFICE:

Lighting Station,

Madison Avenue.

Lighting by Incandescence

For Stores, Offices and Business Purposes, for Public Buildings, Churches, and for Domestic Lighting.

NO HEAT,

NO SMOKE,

NO FIRE,

NO MATCHES.

NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE,

NO TARNISHED GILDINGS,

NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

WM. H. MOORE, Manager.

SOLE AGENCY.

We are the Sole Agents of the Celebrated

SWEET & ORR'S

Pantaloons and Overalls.

They Never Rip.

SCHWED BROS.,

No. 7 East Front Street.

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THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS

IS AN EVENING EDITION OF THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTIONALIST AND IS ISSUED EVERY DAY—EXCEPTING SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS—AT FIVE O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON; SENT THROUGH THE POST OFFICE AT $5.00 A YEAR, OR DELIVERED BY CARRIER AT 10 CENTS A WEEK. SINGLE COPIES 2 CENTS.

IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—The Crescent will be reopened in fine shape for roller skating, Wednesday afternoon and evening the 22d inst.

—Everybody should attend the mass meeting at Music Hall, Monday evening, and exert an influence in the question of license or no-license.

—The report of the Committee on Streets and Public Health of the Borough of North Plainfield, as ordered published in these columns, will appear on Monday.

—Every man welcome. Good singing with instrumental accompaniment at the young men's meeting in the Y. M. C. A. rooms, Monday evening at eight o'clock.

Sunday Services.

The evening service at the Congregational church will be discontinued until further notice.

Elder Livermore, pastor of the 7th Day Baptists of New Market, will speak from the platform of Reform Hall, to-morrow evening.

Services to-morrow in the Trinity Reformed church at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m. The pastor's subject in the evening will be "What to Wear."

The last of the series of meetings conducted by Mrs. Ellis, will be held Monday afternoon, at 2.30, in the Y. M. C. A. Hall. Everybody welcome.

Rev. Dr. Taylor, who for the past week has been suffering from a severe cold, will resume his services at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, to-morrow, at eleven o'clock a. m.

A "forty-hours' devotion" begins at 10:30 o'clock to-morrow morning in St. Joseph's Church, North Plainfield. Prayer will be continuous from then until Tuesday morning.

Rev. J. B. Cleaver will preach Sunday night at Cutter's Hall from the 10th Chapter of Acts. Subject: "Conversion of Cornelius." Services commence at 7:45. All are welcome.

Services to-morrow in the Park Avenue Baptist church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Rev. Geo. E. Horr, of Somerville, N. J., will occupy the pulpit both morning and evening.

When Will We Have Free Delivery?

The citizens of Morristown are complaining because the Free Delivery of postal matter does not come to them, all in consequence of the authorities of that town not providing and enforcing necessary laws relating thereto. Plainfield is worse off than Morristown. Council has passed law enough to number all the houses in this city, and place the names of streets at intersections, but the work is not done all the same, and therefore Free Delivery hangs fire. *When* will the names of streets be put in place? Tell us, please.

The City Gets His Profits.

Officer Lynch rounded-up Mr. Peter F. Nesbet, of Newark, this morning, and Judge Suydam fined him ten dollars. Peter's offence against the city was peddling without a license, and the Court gave him the full extent of the law.

While Nesbet telephoned and telegraphed home for the "skips"—as he called them—Officer Lynch stored the horse and wagon in a neighboring stable. If the fine is not forthcoming, the lemons and oranges will probably be closed out at forced sale at eighty-nine for a quarter.

Even News Comes to Those Who Wait.

The *Evening* —— always "gets there," though attended with more or less delay. A record in THE PRESS of a month ago, giving a list of the fires, alarms and losses in Plainfield during 1887, was copied into the *Fireman's Herald* some weeks afterwards and taken from there and inserted in our deceased contemporary a few days ago.

BONNIE CHURCH FOLKS.

A Scotch Sociable at the First Presbyterian Church.

The hospitable and happy-hearted congregation and Sunday school of the First Presbyterian church, held a "Scotch Sociable" in the lecture-room and parlors of the church, last evening. There was a large attendance and, of course, a most cordial and successful time.

For the time being all were Scotch Presbyterians—but not blue ones—and the programme, as well as the biscuits served with hot chocolate, was Scotch throughout. Scotch songs, stories and scenes were rendered and portrayed very realistically, and in the pantomime of "Lochinvar," the characters were becomingly attired in the costumes of the auld countrie. The programme opened with a piano duett, "Tam O'Shanter," by Misses Remson and Moore, which was beautifully played as was also Miss Remsen's piano solo, "Bonnie Doon." Of vocal music there was a feast, the best being a duett, "O, wert thou in the cauld blast," by Misses A. Holmes and J. Ketcham. A quartette, "Gude cup o' tea," was well rendered by Misses J. Ketchum, Bessie Blair, Anna and Flora Petrie

Mr. John Petrie took the leading part in the pantomine of "Lochinvar." and the others who assisted in the success of the representation were Misses Emma Cadmus, Emma West, Flora Petrie, Nellie Van Winkle, Grace Petrie, Agnes Blair and Lulu Radford; also Messrs. Alvin Hoagland, Charles I. Westervelt, Charles Hazeltine, Eddie Petrie and Tommy Blair. These sang very sweetly the chorus "The Campbells are coming," that preceded the moving tableau. They also sang effectively "Bonnie Dundee" and "Auld Lang Syne."

Following the pleasing reading of "Bonnie Lesley," by Miss Lizzie Wilcox, Miss Lu. Radford formed a beautiful statue under colored lights in illustration of it. Master Tommy Blair recited "Green grow the rushes" very well indeed.

Everybody had a good time, but it seems probable that Mr. A. E. Hoagland had the best. He was one-half of the tableau, "Comin' thro' the rye," in which Miss Emma West also took part.

SOLICITOUS SUNDAY SELLERS.

A Number of Merchants Will Close To-Morrow of Their Own Volition.

The sending of one merchant to the county jail for ten days, and the fining of another $25, upon their pleading guilty to selling peanuts on Sunday, has had an effect that the passage of innumerable ordinances has never accomplished.

A number of other places will close to-morrow of their own accord. One cigar dealer who was interviewed by a PRESS reporter, said that upon consultation his lawyer had advised him not to sell again on Sunday. Therefore he intended to close to-morrow. Upon inquiry among the barbers, it was learned that none of the tonsorial artists will inconvenience their patrons by closing without letting them know.

There has been no official notice served, as yet, requiring anybody to close. Those who will alter their custom of years past by closing to-morrow, do so to "be on the safe side." But they do not understand the circumstances of the cases of those recently punished. The two were also accused of selling a very hard "cider" that inebriates but does not cheer. They plead guilty to peanuts, however, and stood the fine.

QUICK WORK.

Assemblyman Ulrich's Rapid Legislation and its Rapid Recording.

During Monday night, Assemblyman Ulrich introduced before the House at Trenton the act concerning cities and boroughs that provides a means of raising by tax, or bonds, the moneys necessary to support a fire department under municipal control.

In the next issue of THE PRESS the law appeared in full before it was even in print at Trenton; and Wednesday afternoon at 4.30 o'clock a special despatch to this paper announced:

"The Judge has just finished addressing the House on Bill 260, and it was passed unanimously."

Inside of forty-eight hours the act was received and passed by the House of Assembly.

Credit to Whom Credit's Due, Please.

The Elizabeth *Journal* of Thursday copies verbatim a quarter-column of Westfield news from this paper and credits it to our disintegrated contemporary on the borders of the borough.

Such treatment is even worse than THE PRESS received at the hands of the Elizabeth *Herald* of the same day. It reproduces a part of our account of the young men who fought in a private parlor for the exclusive possession of a modern Circe, but gives us no credit at all.

"THE PRESS" THREATENED WITH SUIT.

A Committee Appointed to Find Out Its Sources of News.

Among the exclusive news that appears in THE PRESS each day, there was published on Friday, Feb. 3, the proceedings of a secret meeting of the Plainfield Branch of the Masons and Bricklayers' International Union. One portion of the report was as follows:

On account of the demand for first-class men in New York and vicinity, the Plainfield Union masons—who number 45 in membership, most of whom were born and bred in this city—will demand that on and after April 1, their wages shall be $3.50 per day instead of $3.25. They say that the former was the standard of wages for years up to the "panic of '72," and they consider it but justice to return to such rates now that times have been prosperous again.

In justice to the public and the contractors, these men give notice of such intention two months in advance They say that all responsible contractors will employ only competent men, but warn builders to be careful of other contractors who may give the work to hod-carriers at a lower rate.

A few days afterwards THE PRESS was waited upon by some members of the Union with the request that they be furnished the source of the information contained in the article. Offers on the part of THE PRESS, to correct any errors in the report, were answered with the assurance that the statements were correct and for that reason, in particular, the Union demanded the names of those who had disclosed the secrets of its sessions. A fine of $100 awaited each guilty one so soon as their identity should be disclosed.

Of course the desired information was refused—and always will be, although at a meeting held Wednesday evening the Union passed a resolution appointing a committee to call at the office of THE PRESS and demand the names of its informants.

THE PRESS is sorry that it cannot serve the Masons and Bricklayers' Union in this particular respect. But it would be dishonorable. In any other way for the advancement of their mutual interests, and to bring about the greatest good to the greatest number, THE PRESS is the servant of every mason and bricklayer, other mechanic or laborer, capitalist or gentleman of leisure, and every citizen of all colors, sexes and native lands.

But if we told one-hundredth part of our sources of information, others would know enough to start in Plainfield another newspaper besides THE PRESS.

A Successful Plainfielder's Success Abroad.

Mr. Charles Wann, of North Plainfield—who introduced to this city the telephone, the messenger service and the electric light—is now heard of in Texas. The Austin *Dispatch* of the 16th inst. says:

The Erie Telephone company having ceded to the city the right to string the wires of the fire alarm system on its poles, Mayor Nalle yesterday completed the negotiations with Mr. Chas. Wann, representative of the Union Fire Alarm company of New York, by signing the contract on behalf of the city, in compliance with the recent ordinance passed by the city council.

The *Dispatch* congratulates the citizens of Austin, and especially the members of the fire department, upon the consumation of this undertaking. It was an enterprise sadly needed and will be fully appreciated.

The courteous representative of the company, Mr. Chas. Wann, goes hence to Brenham, where he is negotiating with the authorities for placing a similar service in operation. San Antonio, Denison and other cities in the State are also discussing the practicability of adding the alarm system to their fire department. To all such the *Dispatch* would recommend Mr. Wann as a thoroughly reliable gentleman, and the system he represents as being one of the simplest, cheapest and most efficient of the many now before the public.

Foolish Acts.

At every session of the Legislature, cranks on game and fish laws present before that body foolish and unconstitutional bills, some of which are allowed to pass and become laws, because the members voting for their passage do not properly scrutinize them, or else because they care little for the provisions of the bill when they "pair off" with another member on another bill of a different character. The present Legislature has a number of bills before it relating to the game and fish laws, which ought to be consigned to the darkest depths of the Committee rooms. There is not a single one of them that ought to become laws. There are enough existing laws regarding the protection of game and fish, if their provisions are only properly enforced.

—Look on the last page of THE PRESS, Monday, for VanEmburgh & White's new offer of cutlery, etc.

—A number of the prominent pigeon shooters of this and other States have signified their intention of being present next Wednesday on the grounds of the Middlesex Gun Club, to participate in the exercises of the day. The advertised sweepstake of $25 entrance fee, will undoubtedly have from fifteen to twenty entries.

PARTIGULAR MENTION.

Miss Minnie Whiting, formerly of this city, but now of Brooklyn, is visiting Miss Edith Harold, of Front street, West.

Fire Commissioner Wm. H. Brower is so much better that he sits up during most of the day and will soon be able to be out again.

Miss Maggie Allen, of Annandale, is spending a few days with her brother-in-law, Mr. John M. Shepherd of Linden avenue, North Plainfield.

Returning strength, and other favorable symptoms in the case of Mrs. Gershom Frazee, impel her friends to hope that before many weeks she will be in the enjoyment of her usual health.

Many commuters remember with kind regard Conductor Nelson Doty, and will learn with regret of his death, during Thursday afternoon, of consumption. The deceased was one of the oldest conductors on the road.

Mr. G. W. Wendell, formerly of this city, but now of Cambridgeport, Mass., writes: "Look out next year for Jimmie Blaine from Maine, for Brother Cleveland has put his foot in it this time and must give place to some good square Republican like Blaine or Sherman—but *not* Sheridan."

Prof. Thomas B. Stillman of Stevens Institute, oldest son of the late Dr. Chas. H. Stillman of this city, was in Plainfield yesterday on a visit to his mother. Prof. Stillman has just returned from a trip to the Far West where he was summoned to give an opinion as to the prospects of certain newly discovered gold country.

Ex-Postmaster Gen. Wm. Ward, of Newark, met many of his old friends and comrades of the late war, in this city on the occasion of his visit here yesterday, as a member of the Grand Lodge, K. of P. Previous to his departure he visited and was entertained at the residence of his old friend, ex-Postmaster Wallace Vail, at Evona.

The death of Mrs. Mary McDonnell, of West Sixth street, occurred at three o'clock, yesterday afternoon, after a long and painful illness. The deceased was in the 45th year of her age. She was the wife of Mr. Hugh McDonnell the liveryman. The funeral services, with requiem mass, will take place at St. Mary's church Monday morning, at 9:30 o'clock.

In taking first place, at only three weeks of age, in the rank of that particular journalism whose long felt want it aims to fill, the New York *Illustrated News* has beaten the record. It is certain to be a "stay there" paper in the hearts of the sporting fraternity, and as Mr. Stanley Day of New Market is its business manager, it is certain to be a "get there" financially. Mr. Fox's paper is in danger.

Among the members of the Knights of Pythias who visited our city this week, were Messrs. John P. Fisher, Charley Harris, (brother of ex-Congressman H. S. Harris), and J. Bonnell, all of Belvidere, N. J. Mr. Fisher is proprietor of "Hotel Belvidere," in that borough, and a genial landlord they all say who know him well. These gentleman all returned home with kind feelings and pleasant remembrances of Plainfield.

A jury in the Morris county courts have just decided against the American Forcite Powder Works, at Lake Hopatcong, for emptying into the waters of that lake, poisonous substances, which kill the fish. The bill under which this indictment was obtained, was drafted and passed the Legislature through the influence of ex-Senator R. S. Livingston. All true disciples of old "Uncle Izaak Walton" should hereafter honor the name of "Bob" Livingston.

MOVING SLOWLY BUT SURELY.

The Board of Health Confers With the Common Council's Committee.

Councilmen Erickson and Watson, of the special committee appointed to represent the Common Council in a conference requested by the Board of Health, met with that body, last evening, and considered matters pertaining to the health of the city, until after ten o'clock. Ex-Mayor Rockfellow was unable, because of continued illness, to be present.

The Board of Health already find their heads full with the multiplicity of concerns that arise, and the season is almost here when they will also find their hands full of attendant cares. The coming of so large an additional population to the Southern end of the city, increases the Board's solicitude.

Broke his Arm.

Mr. Robert S. Miller the New York broker, slipped on the sidewalk at La Grande avenue near Broadway, last evening, and received a severe fall. Dr. C. W. Field found the most serious result to be a "silver-fork fracture" of the right arm just above the wrist. Mr. Miller will probably be laid-up at his home on Park place for some days, and it will be many weeks before he can have the use of the arm again.

THE PRESIDENT'S CHURCH IN WASHINGTON.

An Interesting Letter from a Republican Reader of the Press.

Few ministers do more missionary work than Dr. Sunderland, of the First Presbyterian church, Washington, D. C. Until 1884 this church was a quiet treadmill, little known except to those who were members of its congregation, until then, of moderate size. Now it is the most popular church in Washington. It is known as the President's church, and no hackman or hotel clerk will stop to think when asked for that church, the hour of service, the name of the pastor, or the chances of seeing Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland in their accustomed pew. It is fair to class the President as a great missionary, and not less Mrs. Cleveland. They go to church regularly, and where they go the crowd go. There is good in Dr. Sunderland's homilies, and the average attendant cannot help getting some good of it, although he be there to see the White House people especially, and not to get good from the preaching.

Last Sunday the President was out with Mrs. Cleveland, and the church was full—as full as could well be from the desk to the vestibule. The church has a large audience room. The President's pew is well forward. Almost every one in other parts of the church can take in the occupants during service, if the Doctor gets prosy; but he did not get prosy on that occasion. His sermon was well prepared, interesting, historically, especially so, and by inference it was interesting politically. It was lively; it was spicy; it was out-spoken, bold. The Doctor is no coward. He is accustomed to address high public officials who reside in Washington, and probably every Sunday he has besides his regular congregation, from 200 to 500 people from various parts of the country. These people are largely politicians and prominent business men who are temporarily in the capital.

The subject of discourse last Sunday was; "For the battle is not yours but God's." "It is hard," the preacher said, by way of introduction, "to reconcile free agency with destiny. But while we are free to act as each of us knows, the battles of life, the battles of men, are God's battles and in them sooner or later, we recognize His finger." As illustration of the position he took, reference was made to the going out of Israel to meet the idolaters. On the way to battle Israel sang, while marching, praises to Jehovah. While thus marching and singing the enemy became engaged in discord in their own camp and destroyed themselves; so that, on the removal of Israel, there was left nothing for them to do but to gather up the spoils and return with them to Jerusalem.

The public press, the speaker went on to say, assumes to be the judgment seat; the editors the judges, the jury and the executioners. The great Moloch of modern times is the N. Y. Stock Exchange. In o its idolatrous arms are cast the principles, th consciences, the religion, the honor, the morality of men. Everything that men possess is sacrificed to this monster, even the worshippers themselves.

Many a prosperous man has left his home and business and come to Congress and been ruined. Sometimes men seek public office and are beaten. It is often good for men to be beaten, better than is generally supposed. They are often beaten after great diligence and efforts of their own human effort; but Judah won battles by singing, and the walls of Jericho tumbled down from the marching of Joshua and the blast of a ram's horn.

Dr. Sunderland reviewed with great effect the principal battles of the world's history, and showed how they were God's battles and not the battles of men; how the victories or defeats were essential in the great problems of civilization, politics and morality. Israel was sometimes dismayed by reports from the enemy's country. That their giants and grasshoppers were formidable, but they forgot that Jehovah was their captain.

In conclusion the preacher interrogated his hearers: For whom are you? On whose side?

In prayer the Dr. was earnest and ample in his petitions for the President and for the wife of the President. Reference was also made in the prayers to the great number of visitors present. Finally the benediction was pronounced and opportunity abundant given to the congregation to move. Not a person left the pews between the vestibule and where Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland sat until they passed. The President himself didn't mind it, apparently, but pretty Mrs. Cleveland seemed to say, smilingly and not more than half in earnest, "I think its real mean for all you strangers to stand in your pews and stare at me." But they stared at her all the same, and when she had passed out the congregation all followed.

Mrs. Cleveland is a great favorite in Washington and in fact everywhere. She is, indeed, a modest, sensible and unexceptionable lady. At her receptions in the White House there has never been her superior. There is no display, no vanity, no pretention. She is an amiable lady and wears her honors modestly. To return back to the text, President Cleveland won a great battle when he married Miss Folsom. Who shall say that the finger of the Lord was not in this marriage? No one has ever suggested that it was not. We repeat it for emphasis, as the ministers say, you did a good thing, Mr. Cleveland, when you got married, and everybody knows it and says so.

C. B. R.

Miss Kellogg in "Trovatore."

There are very few seats left for the Kellogg night at Music Hall, next Wednesday. The sale has been unusual for so far in advance of the date. A Montreal paper says of the star and her support:

"Miss Kellogg has gathered about her a *coterie* of acceptable artists, who are eminently capable of giving a pleasing concert in standard style. Miss Kellogg has to support her Miss Carrie Morse, contralto, Sig. Carlo Spigaroli, tenor, and Mr. William H. Lee, baritone, all of whom were proficient and commanded much approval. The audience was large and very demonstrative, and it is pleasant to record the facts that the applause and enthusiasm so often repeated were fully merited. Miss Kellogg's triumphs as a dramatic soprano are too well known to be recalled at this time, but it is well to know that such triumphs have been won by merit and artistic worth alone. Her *Leonora* in "Trovatore" was a fine dramatic and vocal effort of remarkable freedom and force, all her arias, as well as her duets with *Manrico*, meeting with a most hearty and enthusiastic commendation, which is unusual with an audience in this city; in short, the passion and anguish of this inspired musical tragedy were given with thrilling effect."

Change the Ringing of that Bell.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Last evening while sitting at my table I was startled by what I supposed to be the vigorous ringing of the fire bell, but upon going to the window found it to be the ringing of the new bell recently placed in St. Mary's church. There should be something done in this matter so that the citizens and firemen would know when the church bell was ringing and when the fire bell was ringing. The man who is employed as sexton of the church, and has the ringing of the bell, should go to some bell foundry and take lessons on ringing a bell, then the firemen would not have to appear on the streets with their uniform on all ready for duty when there is no fire. There should be an understanding between the Common Council and the Rector of St. Mary's church as to the ringing of the bell. Only a short time ago the Chief of the Fire Department caused the alarm for a fire to be four taps in quick succession with one minute rest and then four taps more, now I see that the man who rings the church bell—whoever he is—has adopted the same plan. Cannot the bell be rung the same as other church bells are and not as the fire bell is? Does this man who rings the bell know how it ought to be rung? If not he should let some one else try their hand, and go take lessons.

A FIREMAN.

Services For All Times and Classes.

In reply to questions of "Episcopalian" in Wednesday's PRESS—whether the Lent observance with us is not a farce, and his complaint that the hours of service for this season have not been arranged to suit the workingmen, it will be seen from the order of Grace church in THE PRESS of yesterday, that in making the appointments Dean Rodman has shown a studious regard for all classes, persons of leisure, workingmen and working women, whether rich or poor, in setting forth that order of services and sermons: Mondays and Saturdays, 4.30 p. m.; Tuesdays and Thursdays, 8 p. m.; Wednesdays and Fridays, 12 m.

Of the services at Holy Cross I have seen no order, but at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, located among a sparse population whose attendance at workday services is specially inconvenient, the hour of Friday evening service is at 8 p. m., and other services at hours which on trial are found convenient to the largest number. I earnestly hope "Episcopalian's" religious wants may be supplied at some one of the above hours, and that whatever Lent may prove to others it may not be to him "a farce," whether he come to church in "musk and lavender," or "sack-cloth and ashes."

ANOTHER EPISCOPALIAN.

"We've been divorced," the couple said,
Whereat the Justice stared,
'But finding life don't run so well
We've come to be re-paired."
Take heed of this; your watch and time
May be divorced, but bearing
This hint in mind, they'll be re-wed,
By Collier's neat repairing.

—Yesterday morning Officer Noel captured a runaway horse in Washington street. It had a bridle but no saddle, and its rider could not be seen. One rumor is that a boy who rode it was thrown off and dragged a hundred feet.

CONGRESS OF YESTERDAY

THE PRESIDENT'S FLYING TRIP TO THE LAND OF FLOWERS.

The Union Pacific's Proposition—Mr. Cox and Mr. Springer—The Bill to Encourage a Colored World's Fair.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—It was officially announced yesterday that the Presidential party will start for Florida about 12 o'clock on Tuesday. They will go on a special train of one car and baggage car. The party will consist of the President and Mrs. Cleveland, Secretary and Mrs. Whitney, and Col. and Mrs. Lamont. In consideration of the wishes of the President, their will be no committee or anyone else on the train. They will make no stop until they reach Savannah at 7.30 on Wednesday morning. They will devote an hour to driving about that city, and will then proceed to Jacksonsonville, arriving there at 1.30. They will visit the Exposition and hold a reception in the evening. At 10 o'clock on Thursday for St. Augustine, and will leave there for home on Friday morning. Senators, Representatives and others going to Jacksonville under the same invitation will go on the regular train that starts an hour earlier than that which carries the President.

The Union Pacific Railroad, yesterday through Attorney Warfield Story, submitted to the House Committee on Pacific Railroads its proposition for the settlement of its debts to the Government. The proposition is directly in line with the plan contained in the Outhwaite bill for a fifty-year extension. The only feature in which it differs from that measure is in proposing to pay about $100,000 a year for the first five fears, instead of $300,000, and for the second five years $500,000, instead of $800,000, so that in the ten years the payments would amount to the same. The reason for the change is that the road has obligations and mortgages, bearing 6 and 8 per cent. interest, to meet during the first five years that would make it difficult for it to make the full payments during that period. The Pacific Railroad Commissioners will have a hearing before the committee on Friday next. Mr. Anderson, of Iowa, has declined to appear before the committee in support of his bill directing a criminal prosecution of Pacific Railroad officials.

There has evidently been some falling out between Mr. Cox and Mr. Springer. On Friday of last week, when the Nathanial McKay case was under consideration Mr. Cox, who was supporting it, made an exceedingly bitter and pointed allusion to Mr. Springer, who was opposing it, and today again, when the same case was up the two gentlemen exchanged left handed compliments. In the meantime Mr. Cox has retired upon his own motion from the Committee on Territories of which Mr. Springer is chairman, and for the reason, it is thought that the assignment is no longer a pleasant one for him. The cause of the trouble is not known. The two gentlemen have served in Congress together for many years and for a long time were fast friends. Mutual friends have the matter in hand, it is said, and hope to be able to arrange it.

The Senate Committee on Education and Lobor yesterday heard Prof. J. M. Langston, formerly Minister to Hayti, and ex-Congressman Smalls, of South Carolina, in support of the bill to encourage the holding of a Colored World's Fair Exposition in Atlanta. The bill as introduced by Senator Blair makes an appropriation of $400,000 and the majority of the committee appears favorably disposed toward that amount, although a few of the members think the sum too large. A motion was put and carried that an appropriation of money, the sum not being named, should be made in aid of the Exposition. A sub-committee consisting of Senators Bowen, Palmer and George was then appointed to draft a bill for report to the full committee.

Representative McAdoo of New Jersey is proposing to lay before the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors a scheme for dredging the Hudson immediately in front of Jersey City so as to allow the passage of vessels of greater tonnage than is at present possible. He will ask for a sufficiently large sum of money to be appropriated and made available at once to insure the work being done in a proper manner.

A sub-committee of the House Postoffice Committee yesterday reported adversely upon the bill to prohibit the circulation through the mails of newspapers containing lottery advertisements. The two Democrats of the sub-committee voted against the bill, while the Republican member voted for it. The full committee will probably vote on the bill to-day.

The bill to amend the law prohibiting alien persons and corporations from acquiring lands in the United states received the approval of the House Committee on Mines and Mining to-day. The amendment provides that the restrictions of the law shall not apply to mines of gold and silver, tin, lead, cinnabar or copper, or any interest therein.

The bill to exempt American coastwise sailing vessels, piloted by their licensed masters, or by a United States pilot, from the obligations to pay State pilots for services which are not actually rendered, was defeated by the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

Miss Callan's Breach of Promise Suit.

MARLBORO, Mass., Feb. 18.—Daniel O'Connell and wife returned last night from their bridal trip to Washington. A new house, furnished throughout, awaited their occupancy. One new feature had been added to the building during their absence, however. This was an attachment for $12,000 placed on the building by counsel for Miss Annie Callan in a suit for breach of promise. Mr. O'Connell, the defendant, is a member of the boot and shoe manufacturing firm of John O'Connell & Sons. Interesting developments are promised at the trial.

Small-Pox Spreading in Elizabeth.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Feb. 18.—Small-pox is still spreading in this city, the latest case reported to the health authorities being that of Martin Thompson, captain of the coal barge Montana, moored at the coal docks in Elizabethport. Thompson, was sent to the pest-house. He is a Brooklynite and came from a section of Brooklyn where small-pox has prevailed to a considerable extent.

Nine Christians Killed in China.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—Missionary riots have occurred near Foochow, China. Three establishments were pulled down by the natives and one burned. Nine Christians were killed in the disturbance.

$60,000 Fire in Ocola, Fla.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 18.—A fire in Ocola yesterday destroyed fifteen business houses and offices. The loss is about $60,000, with insurance for half of it. The cause of the fire is unknown.

END OF THE STRIKE

ONLY THE OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION TO THE MEN REQUIRED.

To Go to Work on the Old Basis—The Correspondence Between Messrs. Lewis and Corbin—Very Terse Letters.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—The long strike of Reading Coal and Iron Company miners has ended, and only the official notification to the men is now required to put them all to work again. They will resume on the old $2.50 basis, with the assurance of the company that the question of wages wil then be a matter for conference between them and the company. The result was brought about by correspondence between W. T. Lewis, National Master Workman of the miners' district, and Austin Corbin, President of the Reading Railroad Company.

This correspondence was given to the press at 6 o'clock last evening by a Reading Railroad official. The first letter is from Mr. Lewis, and is dated Philadelphia, Feb. 16. It is as follows:

Austin Corbin, Esq., President P. and R. Railroad Company:

SIR: Being desirous to bring the strike in the mining region of the Reading Coal and Iron Company to a close, in order to get the working people in and about those mines to work, and speaking for those workingmen, I propose to order a resumption of work at once upon your assurance that I can promise the men that after they have gone to work and the mining operations are in the regular progress the subject of wages will be considered in conference between the company and its employes or representatives, and upon further assurance that no one shall be discriminated against by reason of his connection with the strike. Yours, etc.

W. T. LEWIS.

MR. CORBIN'S REPLY.

THE PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD COMPANY.
PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17.

Mr. W. T. Lewis:

MY DEAR SIR: I am in receipt of your favor of this date, have consulted Mr. Keim the President of the Coal and Iron Company, in relation to its contents, and am autorized by him to say that it is substantially in accord with our position, and such action would be satisfactory to us. No one will be discriminated against because of his connection with the strike, so that it is not understood as protecting such men as have made or attempted to make personal assaults upon the men remaining at work; and, provided, further, that in any conference over wages the miners are not to expect us to pay a higher rate of wages for mining than those paid by the other coal producing companies in competition with us, namely: The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, the Delaware & Hudson, the Lehigh Valley, the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Company, and the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Company, but with the understanding that we are willing to adopt a basis that shall give our miners as much as is paid by either of those companies.

It is understood that the wages to be paid on returning to work will be on the old $250 basis, and will remain under that basis until a change shall be mutually agreed upon. Yours truly,

AUSTIN CORBIN.

Mr. Lewis is a resident of Shawnee, O. He had nothing to do with the inauguration of the strike which was entered upon before he was consulted.

Port Richmond's Post Office Robbed.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—At 3 o'clock yesterday morning a safe in the sub-post-office at Port Richmond was blown up and the contents stolen, including $125 in cash and a large quantity of postage stamps and a number of box keys. The noise of the explosion aroused two citizens two blocks away. Three burglars were seen, but they managod to get away, dropping in their flight $100 and the box of keys. The police think the thieves are residents of the neighborhood. One man has been arrested on suspicion.

Heavy Gale on the Northeastern Coast.

CHATHAM, Mass., Feb. 18.—A heavy southwest gale has prevailed since midnight. A large three-masted schooner is ashore outside, five miles north of Chatham lights. She is apparently loaded and bound south. In beating past she stood in too near the shore. She lies well upon the beach at low tide, and has been boarded by a crew from Nauset life-saving station, and if assistance is promptly rendered is likely to be floated without damage.

Sharp Practice of Land Speculators.

DULUTH, Feb. 18.—It is said that persons in Buffalo are selling at good prices lots in an imaginary "addition" to Duluth. The land in question is four miles from the city, at a point where there is no demand for building lots The speculators represent that this is to be the future residence portion of Duluth, and that a cable line will run past it; also that it adjoins Grand View Park, which is also an imaginary addition.

After the Democratic Convention.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—The Executive Committee of the County Democracy met last night at Cooper Union. A resolution was passed directing the County Democracy members in Congress to use every means in their power to persuade the Democratic National Committee that New York City is the proper place in which to hold the National Convention.

A Great Liberal Victory

LONDON, Feb. 18.—The Liberals gained a great victory yesterday in the election for member of Parliament for the West Southwark district. Mr. Causton, the Gladstone candidate, was returned by 3,633 votes to 2,444 for Mr. Beddall, the Unionist candidate. The Liberals had only 113 majority in the district at the last previous election

Two Woolen Mills Burned.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 18.—A fire at South Windham yesterday morning burned two woolen mills of T. L. Robinson, with their machinery. The bridge over the Passumpic river was burned also. Sixty-five hands are thrown out of work. The loss is about $100,000, partially insured.

The Rowells Divorced.

BATAVIA, N. Y., Feb. 18.—In the action of E. Newton Rowell against Jennie L. Rowell, the referee has reported in favor of an absolute divorce for the plaintiff, and a decree has been entered accordingly. The parties were concerned in the famous Rowell murder case.

Bartley Breen Will Contest.

DETROIT, Feb. 18.—Bartley Breen, Democratic candidate for Congress in the Eleventh district, says he will contest the election on the ground of fraud and interference of mining and lumber companies. He adds that the Knights of Labor demand the contest.

Burned to Death.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 18.—Mrs. Bridget Lee was burned to death at Bellaire, Ohio, yesterday. She was standing before the grate when her clothing took fire.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 17, 1888.

Allen, G B Mr	Meads, Betty
Anderson, R S	Opdyke, Henry Mrs
Brown, Dinny H	Pettinger, Wm Rev
Cuvillo, Luigi	Person, Matta Miss
Dean, Wm Mrs	Proudfit, David L
Ellis, Mr & Mrs	Randolph, Louis F Mrs
Gearout, A	Spicer, C E
Johnson, Lizzie Miss	Snell, Lizzie Miss
McCrystel, Alice Miss	Van Horne, Mr L E
Madden, Thomas	Wright, Agnes Mrs
Myers, L Miss	Watkins, E M

persons calling for above please say advertised

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m, and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

MCDONELL—At 3 o'clock on Friday afternoon, Feb. 17, at her residence, West 6th street, Mrs. Mary McDonell, in the 45th year of her age.

Funeral on Monday, Feb. 20, 1888, at St. Mary's church, at 9:30 a. m. Requiem Mass. Friends are respectfully invited to attend.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

GET A HOME in the country by buying one of my beautiful building plots at South Plainfield, N. J.; can build an elegant house cheap and get liberal loan if wanted. Volney Green, 110 Front Street, New York. 2 18

WANTED—A girl for General Housework. Address, Mrs. George Thatcher, Westfield, N. J. 2-18-2

STORE FIXTURES.—For sale at a Bargain, Counters, Shelving, &c., complete for a large store. Nearly new; worth $250; will sell for $150. Apply to C. E. Clarke, 22 North Av. 2-18-tf

COW FOR SALE—With Calf by her side, Cheap for Cash. William Phillips, corner Green Brook road and Rockview avenue.

LOST—Brindle and White St. Bernard Dog. Suitable reward for return to Walter M. McGee, Linden ave., near Grove street, North Plainfield. No questions asked. 2-17-2

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P. V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET. with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use: in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORB. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

PEOPLE'S
MASS MEETING!
"License or No License."
MUSIC HALL,
Monday Evening, Feb'y 20th,
AT 8 O'CLOCK.
Come One! Come All!
FULL BRASS BAND IN ATTENDANCE.
2-17-3

-SKATING-
—AT—
"THE CRESCENT,"
Plainfield, N. J.
FEBRUARY 22,
AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
2-16-6

SAM SMALL.
"From the Bar-room to the Pulpit!"
At Reform Hall,
Tuesday Evening, 21st Inst.
RESERVED SEATS, - - 25 CENTS.
DOORS OPEN 7:15.
Tickets for sale at Reynolds' and Shaw's Drug Stores. 2-13-18-20

MUST BE SOLD
Before MARCH 1st,
Our entire Stock of
Millinery and Fancy Goods!
Bargains in
DRESS BUTTONS, RIBBONS,
LACES, RUCHINGS, HATS,
FEATHERS, FLOWERS, SATINS,
VELVETS. EMBROIDERIES,
WORSTEDS, YARNS,
CANVAS AND FANCY ARTICLES.
J. H. Honeyman & Co.,
NEXT TO POST OFFICE.
2-10-14

STEPHEN O. STAATS,
Real Estate Broker
AND
FIRE INSURANCE.
No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.
Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.
P. O. Box 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.
New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

MUSIC HALL!
Wednesday Evening, February 22,
[WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.]
MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG
And her Superb Company of European Artists. in VERDI'S GRAND OPERA,
"IL TROVATORE."
In *FULL COSTUME* and *STAGE SETTINGS*.
Seats on sale commencing Tuesday morning. Feb. 14, at the Pharmacies of J. G. Miller and Field & Randolph. *No Advance in Prices.*
2-11-9

NEW STORE.
W. H. COMBS
Wishes to inform the public that he has opened a
GROCERY STORE,
COR. LINDEN AVE. AND STEINER PLACE,
NORTH PLAINFIELD,
Where he will supply all who will favor him with their patronage with everything in the GROCERY line at the
Lowest Market Prices!
Goods delivered in any part of the city.
2-10-6

A. F. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.
WARDEN & FOWLER,
Wholesale and Retail
CONFECTIONERS,
NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,
between North ave. and Second street,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
9-10-tf

GOLD AND SILVER
WATCHES,
Opera Glasses,
Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,
Gold and Silver Jewelry,
—Solid and Plated.
PRICES WAY DOWN!
AT DOANE'S,
9 PARK AVENUE, 12-16-tf

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
PAYING 7 PER CENT.
ANNUALLY, NEGOTIATED BY THE
HAMILTON LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,
(Incorporated.)
Semi-Annual Coupon Bonds running five years Interest and principal payable at the office of
BROWN BROTHERS & CO., N. Y.
DIRECTORS:
HENRY A. BARRY, Pres't Hamilton L. & T. Co., 150 Broadway, New York City.
GEO. L. WHITMAN, Pres't Mutual Fire Ins. Co., New York City.
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CHAS. H. WHEELER, Mackintosh, Green & Co., New York City.
Gen. JOHN M. THAYER, Gov. State of Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebraska.
W. P. ALDRICH, Empire Print Works, New York City.
J. L. HUEY, Cashier Arkansas City Bank, Arkansas City, Kan.
PETER REED, Dundee Dye and Print Works, Passaic, N. J.
F. W. POPPLE, Vice-Pres't Hamilton L. & T. Co., 150 Broadway, New York City.
JOHN N. BEACH, of Tefft, Weller & Co., New York City.
MOSES E. WORTHEN, Manhattan Print Works, New York City.
F. Y. ROBERTSON, Cashier First National Bank, Kearney, Nebraska.
JOHN T. GRANGER, Treasurer F. W. & D. C. R. R., 1 Broadway, New York City.
For pamphlets showing list of stockholders and giving full information, send to or call on
CRAIG A. MARSH, Attorney,
Corner Front and Somerset Sts.,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
2-2-3meow

PECK'S CORNER.
LOOK at New White Goods
AT
PECK'S

We Claim Nothing
Except that we have our Goods made by the *LEADING MANUFACTURERS.*
THEY ARE GOOD GOODS!
We keep the *STYLES, SIZES* and *WIDTHS*. We *QUOTE NO PRICES IN NEWSPAPERS*, but the
Prices are all RIGHT, and we keep the STOCK.
DOANE & VANARSDALE,
[THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE,]
22 WEST FRONT STREET.
10my

C. FRANK FRENCH,
69 SOMERSET ST.,
Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box* 1,062.
DEALER IN
FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.
Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,
THE SHAWMUT.
Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*
TRY IT!
Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm.
1-30 tf

GREEN'S
Furniture
Warerooms
EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.
All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.
REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.
10-29-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,
Manufacturer of
Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.
No. 17 SOMERSET ST.
12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY,
21 *WEST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.*
CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.
COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.
CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.
SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m, to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only*. Telephone Call 109.
FIELD & RANDOLPH,
12-2-tf PROPRIETORS.

100 DOZEN
Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons
To hire for *FESTIVALS AND PARTIES*,
At Collier's, 3 Park Avenue,
WATCHMAKER, JEWELER AND ENGRAVER.
Established, 19 *YEARS*. N. B.—NO BOTCHING.
1-14-tf

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,
[Successor to T. J. Carey,]
Furniture and Freight Express,
OFFICE—51 W. FRONT St.,
Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.
LARGE COVERED VANS OR TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

YOU
CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?
TRY
DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL
AT
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S
JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,
To select your
CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S
PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods
Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price.
12-2-tf

THOSE BAD WEST VIRGINIANS.

The Hatfield Gang Safely Incarcerated in Louisville Jail.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 18.—The nine West Virginians known as the "Hatfields," arrived here last night in charge of a deputy United States marshal and the jailer of Pike county. They will appear before Judge Barr of the United States district court, on Monday, when the habeas corpus application by the Governor of West Virginia will be further heard. Valentine Hatfield, the "old man" of the gang, after stating that they had been well treated while in the Pike connty jail, gave the following account of the celebrated feud:

"The whole trouble, so far as I know, began about six or eight years ago. I had five brothers, Ellison, Elias, Anderson, Smith and Patterson. Ellison was the first one killed. Three of the McCoy boys shot and cut him on Blackberry creek, on the Kentucky side, and he died the next day The trouble, I believe, was started by one of the McCoys attempting to arrest Anderson Hatfield's son, Johnson, about eight years ago. There was a row then, but I do not remember exactly what it was. After Ellison Hatfield was killed, Talbert, Richard and Farmer McCoy, all young men, were killed by a crowd supposed to have come from West Virginia. The killing was done on the bridge between Blackberry and Mates Creek. "The next Pike county grand jury indicted a lot of people in West Virginia. No one was arrested, however, and after that Jeff McCoy, who is Bill Daniell's brother-in-law, heard Daniels and and Tom Wallace abusing the Hatfields and the quarrel ensued. McCoy attempted to arrest Wallace and a fight took place. This resulted in Captain Hatfield arresting McCoy, and when McCoy tried to get away, he was killed by the men who were guarding him. It was said that Captain Hatfield and Tom Wallace killed him. Some time after this a squad of men went to Randolph McCoy's house and killed one of his sons and a daughter, and beat up his old woman. This was charged to the Hatfields, but I never knew anything about it until some time after the murder was committed.

"A short time after this a company of Pike county men was formed to follow the Hatfields and kill them. They came into West Virginia and found Jim Vance and Captain Hatfield on a bridge near Thacker's creek. They shot Vance to death and wounded Captain Hatfield. After that the Kentuckians came in and captured us while we were at work on our farms. None of us resisted, and no injury was done to us, but if there was any authority for confining us in jail I never heard of it."

County Attorney J. Lee Ferguson, of Pike, was questioned concerning the claim of the prisoners that they were innocent. He laughed at the idea and said that while the worst of the Hatfield crowd had not been captured, the men who are now in the Louisville jail are undoubtedly a part of the gang. He declared that the prisoners had not been unlawfully imprisoned, but after having crossed the line between West Virginia and Kentucky, had been legally arrested and taken to jail by the proper officers. He did not deny that the West Virginians had been forcibly taken from their homes, but held that the Kentuckians were justified by the dangers threatening them in taking the matters into their own hands when the West Virginian authorities refused to assist in restraining the and punishing the outlaws who had only to cross the stream to commit the most atrocious crimes and then cross back again in safety from the law. Mr. Ferguson asserted positively that he had creditable information that a State official of West Virginia had been retained with a fee of $500 to prevent Gov. Wilson from recognizing the requisition issue by Governor Buckner. He charged also that the Hatfield crowd had brought other influences to bear, and the worst of the gang were in comparitive security.

Of the prisoners in the Louisville jail, Mr. Ferguson says that Valentine Hatfield recently confessed to him that he had five living wives and thirty-three living children. None of his children have died. Mr. Ferguson says that Hatfield has peculiar ideas of polygamy and does not marry his wives according to law, but takes them and apportions his time between them.

TO GET AT THE SURPLUS.

A Bill Asking for Postoffices Throughout the Country.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—A memorial was presented in the House yesterday from the authorities of Bluffton, Ind., asking the discontinuance of separate bills for Government buildings, and urging instead that a general appropriation bill be passed providing for the erection of postoffice buildings in every town of 3,000 inhabitants or over on the basis of $2,000 for each 1,000 inhabitants. It was referred to the proper committee.

The Blair Educational bill was presented and referred to the Education Committee.

On motion of Mr. Milliken, Maine, the Committee on Manufactures was instructed to report on Friday next the resolution referred to that committee on the 7th inst., directing the Secretary of the Treasury to investigate the sugar trust in New York.

The amendment to the Deficiency bill instructing the public printer to rightly inforce the eight-hour law, was adopted by a vote of 182 to 3 and the bill was passed.

Mr. Crain, of Texas, introduced a joint resolution, which was referred, requesting the President to negotiate with the Mexican Government for the creation of a commission to determine all questions relating to the boundary line between this country and Mexico, where it follows the line of the Rio Grande and the Colorado rivers.

The bill for the relief of Nathaniel McKay and the executors of Donald McKay was passed by a vote of 154 to 74.

Adjourned until Monday.

$150,000 Fire at Westerly.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 18.—A big fire at Westerly yesterday morning destroyed several business houses. The loss is $150,000. It had made good headway when discovered. The flames worked from Well's block to the adjoining buildings and around the corner. The Niantic National Bank was burned.

Dr. Patton Will Accept.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb., 18.—It was announced last night on unquestionable authority that Dr. Patton's letter to the Board of Trustees with regard to the presidency of Princeton College, which he will send to them to-day, will be one of acceptance.

Attacking Master Workman Cavanaugh.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 18.—Eight hundred girls and men held an enthusiastic meeting yesterday, and fiery speeches were made in denunciation of Master Workman Cavanaugh of the Knights of Labor, District Assembly, who declared the shoe strike off.

One More Coal Mine Shuts Down.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Feb. 18.—The Neilson mine, owned by Langdon & Co., shut down yesterday. [illegible] a reduction of [illegible] [illegible]. The mine employs six hundred men.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

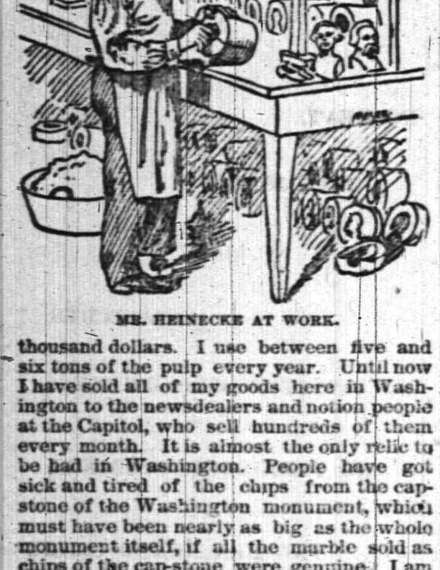
A Peculiar Industry—A Man Who Makes Statues Out of Greenbacks—A Nice Little Monopoly.

[Special Correspondence.]

There is one industry in Washington which probably has no match any where. Although it has been under headway four years, but one man is so far engaged in it, and he has made a grand success of it. It is the manufacture of what is called greenback statuary, and August Heinecke is the man who enjoys the monopoly of the business. Of course, it is no monopoly as other kinds of exclusive businesses are, but August has enjoyed the business to himself simply because others do not know what can be done with it. He is a crippled veteran and for several years was a watchman in the Treasury Department. One day one of the workmen employed in maccerating worn out greenbacks gave August a chunk of the pulp. He modeled it into the shape of a dog. The wet mass being as plastic as clay or putty, the idea occurred to him, as he held this paper dog in his hand, that the stuff could be made up into busts of well-known public men and sold to visitors at the capitol as relics.

It was not long before he had a little shop of his own, and as his duties kept him up a part of the night he had forenoons to himself. For several months he devoted his mornings to work on the pulp. He began by modeling a bust of President Lincoln in clay, taking one of Brady's photographs as his copy. Around this clay model when completed, he placed masses of soft plaster paris and made molds, into which he could pound the paper pulp and set it to dry. His experiments worked nicely, and before long he had made upwards of thirty of the little busts. He gave them to his friends here and there, and to his superiors in the department. They afforded so much pleasure that he concluded to make a business of it, and not only kept turning out the little portraits of Lincoln, but made models and molds with which to make statues of George Washington, General Grant and the American eagle. In time he added molds of dogs, the Washington monument, and the capitol building. So many of these were sold that the dealers asked him to make a statue of General Robert E. Lee. Although August was a strong Republican and an old soldier, he did not let his politics stand in the way of business, and he made several busts of General Lee, both large and small. His magninimity proved a good thing for him, for he sold more of these statues of Lee than any other person. The sales of Lincoln come next. He has recently made busts of General Logan and President Arthur.

"I make a good living out of this business," said August the other day when I asked him something about it; "my friends all say that I am making three or four thousand dollars a year, but I just tell you I am making a good living out of it, that's enough. I have my shop here, as you see it. When I make a model of a public man I take it to men who knew him; if they say it is good, I make twenty sets of molds from that model; then I can make statues rapidly. I have just made a very good bust of General Logan, which is selling very well, but nothing yet has exceeded the sales of Robert E. Lee and Lincoln. Every body from the North buys Lincoln and every body from the South buys Lee. General Grant does not sell well nowadays. My pulp costs me twenty-nine dollars a ton; of course, it represents millions of dollars altogether. One of these smallest statues represents at least ten thousand dollars worth of greenbacks before they are macerated. One of these largest easily represents twenty-five



MR. HEINECKE AT WORK.

thousand dollars. I use between five and six tons of the pulp every year. Until now I have sold all of my goods here in Washington to the newsdealers and notion people at the Capitol, who sell hundreds of them every month. It is almost the only relic to be had in Washington. People have got sick and tired of the chips from the capstone of the Washington monument, which must have been nearly as big as the whole monument itself, if all the marble sold as chips of the cap-stone were genuine. I am nowadays getting a little trade out of town, mainly at the seaside hotels in the summer.

"My profits are not very much. These statues sell from twenty-five cents to a dollar, and I get about half of that for myself. Sometimes I find in the pulp pretty good-sized pieces of bills. In almost any bust you can find pieces large enough to show the denomination of the bill; you can see the figures five dollars and ten dollars all through the statue. The process of macerating is done under lock and key at the Treasury Department. There are three commissioners who are under heavy bonds to destroy worn-out greenbacks and Treasury notes, and also the spoiled sheets of paper at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. They load the stuff into the macerating machine, which is under a great heavy plate glass case, and then lock the whole thing up, and set the machine going. It takes something like twenty-four hours to reduce the mass to pulp, and of course no one can get at the bills during the process. The pulp is sold to paper manufacturers in Philadelphia, and there are several hundred tons of it in a year. I buy it of them."

NORD.

Gave Him Sunday for a Holiday.

"Why were you not at the office yesterday?" questioned an employer of his clerk as he entered his office on Tuesday after New Year.

"Why, sir, you posted a notice last week which read:

'THIS OFFICE WILL BE CLOSED ON THE FIRST OF JANUARY NEXT.'"

"And you absented yourself for that reason?"

"Yes, sir."

"You may deduct a day's wages from your weekly allowance. Perhaps it may teach you to be more careful in the future. Monday was the second and not the first day of January."

A Hopeful Irishman.

Irish convict's letter to his wife: "Dear Mary. This is to let you know I am well and hope to see you before very long. I've been sentenced for the term of my natural life, but as they allow their prisoners one-third time for good behavior, you see I can soon earn my freedom."

"That puts a different face on it!" as the small boy said when his ball struck the clock dial.—*Texas Siftings.*

MR. GLADSTONE SPEAKS

HIS ELOQUENCE IS HEARD IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Mr. Parnell's Amendment Rejected—Balfour Ridicules O'Brien—Mr. Goschen's Remarks.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—Mr. Gladstone's short speech in the House of Commons last night in reply to Chief Secretary Balfour, was pronounced by old members to be one of the finest oratorical efforts in the parliamentary career of the veteran statesman.

The ex-Premier's voice was weaker than usual, but the House maintained such perfect silence that he had no difficulty in making himself heard.

At the close of the debate Mr. Parnell's amendment to the Queen's speech was rejected by a vote of 317 to 229.

All the Liberal Unionists present voted with the Government. Lord Harington was absent on account of a severe cold.

Mr. Balfour opened the debate. He declared that a childish fuss had been made over the prison clothing of Mr. O'Brien. It was hardly worth noticing. A letter he had written during Mr. O'Brien's imprisonment had stated that the prisoner was suffering from weak lungs and an excitable disposition. The health of the prisoner had not been disregarded. With regard to allegations of torture, he had requested the English inspectors to inquire into the facts and the result was to show no harshness existing. Mr. O'Brien's health had actually improved in prison. He had gained two pounds in weight.

Mr. O'Brien interrupted to state that this was inaccurate. He weighed five pounds less on leaving than on entering the prison.

Mr. Balfour sarcastically rejoined that he would have Parliament presented with official reports of the rise and fall in Mr. O'Bren's weight. Laughter. He continued by arguing that the condition of Ireland had immensely improved as compared with the period of Mr. Gladstone's Government. The opposition talked about a union of hearts. Doubtless the Irish meant to make good use of the English Radicals. The latter were certainly making good use of the Parnellites. So long as a community of political interests continued there would be a union of hearts.

When the community of purpose ceased, the Radicals would have again have applied to them the epithets now so freely bestowed upon the Government. The Parnellites had not altered their morals, though the Liberals had made concessions of theirs. He was pained at the progress of degradation among the Liberals, who now rose to the height of indignation only when denouncing judges, magistrates and police authorities. Under great difficulties and amid much obloquy these officials had stood between society and utter ruin, fearlessly executing their duties. They had their reward in the respect and admiration of every true friend of liberty and order.

Referring to Mr. O'Brien's attack upon him in debate, he said he was accustomed to such attacks in Mr. O'Brien's paper. He consoled himself by the reflection that even worse attacks had formerly been made upon Mr. O'Brien's present allies. Mr O'Brien had compared Mr Gladstone to Judas Iscariot, and *United Ireland* had insinuated that Sir George Otto Trevelyan and Earl Spencer had conspired to shield men guilty of nameless crimes.

Mr. O'Brien—I merely stated that the result of their action was to shield those persons. I never alleged that they acted willfully.

Mr. Balfour—I can prove my statement by reference to *United Ireland.*

Mr. Balfour, continuing, compared the Crimes acts of 1882 and 1887 and maintained that the latter did not create new crimes, while the former did. He said Mr. O'Brien had boasted that his advice to the people of Mitchelstown, combined with English opinion, had prevented wholesale evictions. As a matter of fact, the action of the Government had been modified by either of those causes. It was nothing new for the Nationalists to preach resistance to evictions.

Mr. Gladstone then arose and said that Mr. Balfour's denial that the Conservatives had communicated with Mr. Parnell on the Home Rule question did not get rid of the Irish assertions that they had. Mr. Parnell had stated that he found himself at that time in entire agreement with Earl Carnarvon as to Home Rule. This had not been denied.

Mr. Balfour—Earl Carnarvon's letter clearly implies that he he did not express an opinion on Home Rule to Mr. Parnell.

Mr. Gladstone—Earl Carnarvon never explicitly denied Mr. Parnell's statement. It was stated that Carnarvon spoke only for himself, but he was Viceroy of Ireland at the time, for the very few Conservatives who now hold that Home Rule in any shape means separation.

Mr. Gladstone went on to say that the agents of the law who were the breakers of the law at Mitchelstown, and there was cruel and wanton bloodshed there, almost unexampled. He said Mr. Balfour had become by implication a breaker of the law, for he gave to that act his authorative approval as if it were to be the model and rule for the conduct of the police. Mr. Gladstone declined to accept as authentic the government statistics as to crime under coercion until they could be verified. The only case that had been detailed had been met by disproof. Let the Government consent to legislate for Ireland as for England and Scotland, in accordance with the constitutionally expressed wishes of the people, and they would thus present to the world the spectacle of a truly, not merely a nominally, united empire.

Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer, said that the country would notice that the hand of Gladstone was stretched out to O'Brien. Mr. Gladstone had blessed the plan of campaign. (Cries of "No!") At any rate he had not cursed it.

The action of the Gladstonians had made the Government's task ten times more difficult. It was the new recruits that supported Mr. Gladstone's new departure; the bulk of his former supporters were silent. They were unable to indorse his present policy. Mr. Goschen condemned Mr. Morley's proposal that lawmakers should have immunity if they broke the law. The Government would not allow menaces from America, from Ireland or from Mr. Gladstone to divert them from duty.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt said the Government was right in fearing dissolution. The metropolis, their pet reserve, had given a remarkably pronounced judgment, referring to the Southwark election. He had heard the immortal speech of Mr. Gladstone, and now waited for the triumph to come.

A Woman's Body Found in a Marsh.

CAMDEN, Feb. 18.—The body of a woman, apparently about thirty years old, well dressed in black silk, was found in a marsh at the foot of South Fourth street, near the Gloucester and Mount Ephriam Railroad, yesterday afternoon. In her pockets were a gold watch and chain, two gold rings, a pocketbook containing $4.5, a ticket for Chiselhurst, N. J., and a receipt signed Helen Danvers. When found her head was just above the water.

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21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5 23-tf

SAID TO BE INSOLVENT

Ex-President Smith Says Reading Will Go Into the Hands of the Receiver.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—In the investigation of the Reading strike yesterday by the Congressional Committee Charles E. Smith, ex-president of the road testified that he had resigned the presidency of the road and subsequently as director, because he had found that the company was publishing false reports and cooking up its accounts in the interest of stock gambling.

"Who lost by this tampering with the accounts?" he was asked.

"The stockholders."

"Who profited by it?"

"Those who were dealing in the stock."

Mr. Smith added that he had got rid of his stock because the company made an assessment of $10 a share and he didn't want to pay it. He said the railroad company acquired the Schuykill Canal in order to get rid of a competitor, but it did not result in increasing freights because there were other competitors in the field.

The witness was then asked a number of questions leading up to an expression of his opinion as to the ability of the Reading company to pay its enormous debt, and the value of its securities. He replied finally: "I would not own a dollar's worth of its bonds, except the very early ones. The others are worthless. The company cannot in my opinion pay its debts."

When asked further as to whether he thought the road would go back into the hands of receivers, he said: "Yes, and that will happen at least within a year, from present indications."

Mr. Sweigard was examined regarding the causes of the strike and the attempts at settling it, and then Mr. Corbin again took the stand.

Chairman Tillman asked: "When did the company declare its last dividend?"

"About twelve years ago."

"When will it be able to declare another?"

"That is a question which I will answer to my stockholders, and you have no right to ask me. I thought this was a fair examination."

"It is, sir."

"Then don't ask me to answer a question that no one can tell anything about at the present time."

"What is the debt of the company."

"I don't know, but I have brought you a pamphlet in which it is stated. I cannot see what that has to do with the investigation at any rate."

"I want to know so that I can judge as to when the company will be able to declare a dividend."

"I thought this was a fair examination, but I see that such is not the case. I also saw an article in one of the New York papers which states that you have accused us of being a set of thieves and scoundrels. I don't think you have a right to do that."

"Where is the money to come from to pay the interest on these bonds if there is no pooling?"

"From various sources."

"What are these sources?"

"You have no right to ask that?"

"We most emphatically have."

"I cannot see what interest the public has in inquiring into the financial condition of this property. I want to state here if you came here on the interstate Commerce question, I defy any one to show it."

"There is a difference of opinion on this question. Congress was not certain on that point when they sent us here," said Chairman Tillman.

Judge Chipman—I wish to put a statement on record in fairness to Mr. Corbin. The one question in the public mind is whether it is not in the interest of the company to have a strike at the time. Now, I am suggesting in all fairness, and if you choose to explain you can.

Mr. Corbin, evasively: "I wish the committee to understand that I am ready to furnish any information I can, but I don't know what right the public has to know the financial condition of the Reading Railroad Company, except the stockholders and bondholders. What I have to say on that subject is for the benefit of the people who own the property, and not for the general public, that has not one cent of interest in the corporation."

Mr. Corbin objected to tell how much stock of the company he owned now or previously.

Judge Chipman alluded to Sweigard's inability to say whether Workman Lee had been drawing pay from the company and the knights at the same time, and said: "Your man Sweigard was so thickheaded he couldn't catch on. You would have seen the point easily yourself, and I am free to say that I would not keep such a man in my employ a minute."

"Well, it is not probable," retorted Mr. Corbin, "that we should manage the road the same way."

As he was about leaving the stand, Mr. Corbin requested permission to ask the Chairman whether the words imputed to him yesterday morning in the New York *Times* that "it seems to me that you are robbing the company and the public to pay fat salaries to people who know nothing about the affairs of the company." were used by him or not.

"I should not answer that," said Mr. Parker to the Chairman.

"That's a personal matter sir," said Mr. Tillman, looking the railroad president squarely in the face, and with that ended one of the most sensational incidents of the committee's sojourn in the city up to this time.

In leaving the stand Mr Corbin said that he had heard on the street that the strike would be off in a week.

A JERSEY BULL AROUSED

He Attacks a Rural Sleighing Party All On Account of a Red Muffler.

DECKERTOWN, N. J., Feb. 18.—As a party of sleighriders from Brick House was passing the house of Aaron Slade, on Wednesday, a bull became infuriated at a red muffler worn by one of the young women, and gave chase. After following for nearly a mile he caught up with the occupants of the sleigh, and, catching Isaac Millville, the driver, pitched him over a fence, breaking three ribs.

The bull then attacked others in the sleigh, and getting his horns entangled in the skirts of the young woman with the red muffler, nearly tore them off. The red muffler lodged on his horns, and while he was trying to dislodge it the sleighriders made their escape. Millville will sue the owner of the bull for damages.

Student Naylor Perished.

ELMIRA, Feb. 18.—It is now known that W. F. Naylor, the student missing since the fire of night before last, perished in the flames. He was last seen on the roof of the *Advertiser* building struggling through the smoke in hope of reaching safety. The *Advertiser* found temporary quarters, and with the aid of several other papers was supplied with presses.

Pittsburg's Union Painters to Strike.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 18.—The union painters have decided to strike on March 1 and establish co-operative shops. The master painters refused to sign the scale for eight hours work.

THE CLOSING OF THE CARNIVAL.

The Prince of Wales Lends His Presence to the Scene.

PARIS, Feb. 18.—The annual carnival closed yesterday with the *Bataille des Fleurs* (battle of flowers.)

Usually this is the most charming and attractive day of the whole carnival, day, however, there was very little animation, in spite of fine weather and the fact that the Prince of Wales had come from Cannes to join in the fun.

The Prince lunched at the well-known restaurant, London House, and immediately afterward a break, drawn by four horses, drew up to the door and H. R. H. got in with a party of friends of both sexes. The break was filled with flowers and was driven toward the Promenade des Anglais, where it was promptly given a place in the long procession of flower-laden vehicles.

The Prince entered into the sport with vigor, throwing flowers right and left into the crowd with great impartiality. As the rain falls upon the just and the unjust so the floral missiles fell alike upon marchioness and beggar women. All Nice went away last night with flowers, saying: "The Prince gave me this."

His Royal Highness returned to Cannes after the amusement of the afternoon. Later on the fun grew livelier and toward dark cabbages instead of flowers began to fly.

There were many Americans among the crowd and a number of titled notabilities including the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg.

The first prize for the most artistically decorated carriage—a handsome banner—was awarded to M. Duplats, who drove a four-in-hand; the second to Mme. Jane Mary; the third to Mmes. Belline and Faddeni; the fourth to M. Bruderer; the fifth to Mmes. Marie Delaney and Therese Reubens; the sixth to Mme. de Franceschi; the seventh to M. Michel Frappart, of Vienna; the eighth to the Prince of Wales, and the ninth to Mme. Mayer.

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

The Austrian Government has decided to take fresh precautionary measures to counterbalance the continued military preparations on the part of Russia.

The total sales of the unclaimed public store goods which were sold Friday and Wednesday at the Barge Office by order of Collector Magone, amounted to $8,421.65.

Austin Corbin is 60 years of age, has a countenance indicative of great resolution and dogged determination. When seated so that his legs are hidden he looks like a small man, but in reality he measures six feet, and weighs 200 pounds.

The American Lottery Company was raided by the police Friday in San Francisco. The company is run by Chinamen and is estimated to be worth from $100,000 to $500,000. The entire operating force of company was secured.

Shee Fong and Fong Long Disk, Chinamen who were sentenced to be hanged in Portland, Oregon, Friday, were granted a stay of ten days by the Judge of the Circuit Court. They were convicted for the murder of another Chinaman.

The House has passed a bill providing that non-resident aliens holding real estate in Iowa shall dispose of it within ten years, but may hold 320 acres or city property to the amount of $10,000, provided such is placed in actual possession of relatives or occupant to become a naturalized citizen within ten years.

An error has been discovered in New Jersey's State Constitution, whereby the prison doors throughout the State will be opened and all the prisoners committed since 1875 liberated. The bar and the bench are agitated over the matter as the error shows that ever since 1876 there have been no Courts of Common Pleas in the State of New Jersey.

A rumor has been afoot that Gen. Phil Sheridan was born in Ireland, but the General has put a stop to it with the following announcement: "I was born in Albany, N. Y., March 6, 1831. My parents landed from Ireland about six months previous to my birth. About a year and half after my birth my parents moved to Somerset, Ohio."

Thomas A Edison, the inventor, has sent Professor James Ricalton of Maplewood, N. J., on a long hunt for a species of vegetable growth which will enable him to make great improvements in electrical appliances. Mr. Edison is sure that the vegetable has an existence, because he has it in his possession; but as to where it grows and how to secure it in quantity is the problem which Professor Ricalton will try to solve in a two years' tour of the globe. He will go to India first.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—For New England Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, fair weather, preceded by light snows, slight changes in temperature, light to fresh winds, generally southwesterly.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Money on call to-day 2½ per cent.

BONDS.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
3½s.	1891, reg	106¾	106¾
4½s.	1891, coup	107¾	107¾
4s.	1907, reg	125¼	125¾
4s.	1907, cou	125¾	125¾

STOCK MARKET.

THREE O'CLOCK.—The encouraging news from Reading made the market to-day. This led in the advance, and the rest of the list followed, notably the Gould sticks. Bonds were quiet and dull.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	58¼	59
Central Pacific	30¾	31¾
Chicago, Bur. & Q	128¼	129
Delaware & Hudson	110¼	110¾
Del. Lack. & West	130⅞	131⅜
Erie	27	27⅜
Erie, pref	62½	64
Lake Shore	91¾	92⅝
Louis. & Nash	59⅛	60⅜
Michigan Central	82¾	83
Missouri Pacific	84½	86
New Jersey Central	79½	80¼
New York Central & Hud	107⅜	108
New York & New Eng	37⅛	38¼
Northwestern	108¼	108⅞
Oregon Navigation	94	92½
Pacific Mail	35½	36¾
Reading	65⅜	67½
Rock Island	113	112½
St. Paul	76½	77
Union Pacific	56¼	57
Western Union	78⅜	78¾

PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat—Market quiet. No. 1 red, 92 c.a—90c.; xtra red, 90c.a90½c.; No. 2 red, c.a88¾c.; in elevator, 89½ c.a90 c.delivered; No. 3, 87 c. a—c.; state white, c.a92½c.; No. 1 white, c.a 93 c. February, 88¾c.; March, 89 c.; April, 90½ c.; May, 91½c.; June, 91 c.; December, 95½c. Corn—Market quiet. No. 2, at 60c.; in elevator and 59¼c. delivered; No. 3, 58¼c.a—c. and steamer, 58¾c.a c, elevator. February 60¼c.; March, 59½c.; May, 58¾ June 58¾c.

Oats—Market quiet. No. 1 white, 40 c.; No. 2 white, 39½c.a41½c.; Nos. 3 white, 39 c.a 39½c.; No. 1 mixed, 40 c.; No. 2 mixed, 38 c.a 38¼c.; No. 3 mixed, 38 c.; rejected, 37 c.; No. 2 Chicago, 39½c. February, c.; March, 37¾c.; May, 37¾c.

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market steady. Creamery—Eastern, —c.a—c.; western, 23c.a28c.; Elgin, 29c.a30c.; imitation, 21c.a24c. Dairy—Eastern, half-firkin tubs, 20c.a26c.; eastern, Welsh tubs, 20c.a25c; eastern firkins, 19c.a23c.; eastern dairies, complete, 20c.a25c.; western, 18c.a24c. Factory—Fresh, 15c.a23c.

Cheese—Market steady. Factory—New York, cheddar, 12 c.a12¾c.; western, flat, 11¾c.a11¾c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 6 c.a10 c., skims, 1 c.a1¾; state skims, 2 c.a5c.

Eggs—Market steady. Fresh—Eastern firsts, 27 c.; southern first, 25c.a26½c.; western firsts, 26c.a27n Limed—Eastern firsts, 13½c.; western firsts 14c. c.a15 c.; Canadian firsts, 13½c.a14c.; imported, 10c.a20c.

SWEET'S LETTER.

He Makes a Discovery—The Egotism of Some Lawyers—An Attorney Who In the Use of "We" Lays the Average Editor in the Shade.

[Special New York Correspondence.]

THE other day I was imprisoned, not in the Tombs, as you might infer from the initial letter, but in a jury box. During my incarceration I made the discovery that New York lawyers are saturated with egotism.

Now, it is an undeniable fact that a great many editors in this country are also addicted to the vice of indulging to excess in the use, or rather abuse, of the editorial "we." There are American editors who are in the habit of using the plural pronoun so much that it has creases in the back and bags at the knees.

When a journalist has once become the victim of this seductive vice, he imagines that if it were not for himself the world would come, if not to a full stop, at least to a semicolon. He ultimately persuades himself that he is really behind the motive power that moves the universe. The disease often spreads among the members of the editor's family, and everybody connected with the office is more or less saturated with the editorial "we." Even the dark mahogany porter who grooms the shining tin cuspidor that adorns the sanctum floor is persuaded he, too, is moulding the destinies of the people.

The truth is that very frequently the editorial "we" is merely the lion's skin which the donkey assumes when he wants to palm off on the public the mildewed platitudes of labored imbecility for the ringing utterances of concentrated thought.

But it is a mistake to suppose that the editorial fraternity has a monopoly of the personal "we." I recently made the discovery, as I have already intimated, while serving out a term of imprisonment on a New York jury, that the legal gentlemen also use the "we" to excess. I heard a speech which, if published verbatim, would have used up all the lower case w's in the office.

The case stood on the calendar as Bruce versus Combs, and was replete with humorous incidents.

Bruce, as his name indicates, is an aggressive Scotchman who kept "*Nole me tangere*" on tap all the year round, and slept with a large forty-four-caliber "*Nemo me impune lacessit*" under his pillow where he could reach it. Bruce is moreover somewhat careful in using cash to pay off debts. He is one of those men who would rather stand up all day than wear out his clothes by sitting down. These two traits of character caused him to figure as defendant in a suit for debt in the city court of New York, Judge Ehrlich presiding, where I did the jury act.

Bruce owns several buildings on Bleeker street. The chimneys of these buildings were very shaky, perhaps from smoking too much. At any rate, Bruce engaged a mason and builder named Combs to take down those old chimneys and build new ones with the brick. Combs put three or four men to work on the job, but unmindful of the proverb that "the master's eye fattens the horse," neglected to watch them personally. The consequence was that the bricklayers spent most of the time in chasing the wrinkles out of their vests by large quantities of beer administered internally.

Bruce called around to see how fast those chimneys were going up and he felt his *Nole me tangere* rise within him. The only man who showed signs of physical activity was the walking delegate, who vibrated, with the regularity of a ferry-boat, between the house and the nearest saloon. He carried a large tin pail in each hand. The men were not building those chimneys with the frenzied velocity with which a man puts down a hot plate, but rather with the exasperating deliberation of an Alpine glacier, which moves at the rate of four inches a year.

The next thing Bruce did was to hunt up Combs. Having found him, Bruce informed him that the chimneys were being erected with so much deliberation that there was a prospect of their being overtaken by the Grant monument. Bruce, with dry Caledonian humor, also intimated that somebody would be called on to pay for the time utilized by "the mouth and elbow wrestlers" in lubricating their bronchial tubes with beer. He also added with emphasis that he knew a Scotchman named Bruce who was not going to pay for it. He, moreover, sneered at the Irish, one of whom Combs was which, by concluding with the remark that no flannel-mouth Micks could make him pay for churning the Bleeker street atmosphere with their chins.

Combs stirred up his men, and in about four days more the chimneys were completed. Combs sent in a bill of seventy dollars. Bruce smelt stale beer in the bill, and had a chat with Combs about it. During the course of the conversation Bruce remarked Combs was a fraud, whose soul was imbued with the electric fires of perdition, a bias-eyed sculpin with sneaking ambition and no gentleman. Combs replied that he paid no attention to the ravings of a freak against nature's laws sandwiched between a weazened up soul diseased imagination, also that Bruce was a consumptive liar. Thanks to the interference of mutual friends the gentlemen

"WE" MAKING OUR PLEA.

were prevented from drifting into personalities. Then Combs hired a lawyer, and sued Bruce for the seventy dollars.

There was, of course, the usual amount of perjury during the trial, and Bruce introduced his best witness to prove that the work was not worth seventy dollars. The witness made a profound impression on the jury. He was an expert. He had been a builder all his life. He looked like he might have been Rip Van Winkle's grandfather. A cascade of pearly hair poured down over his wish-bone, so you couldn't tell what sort of a vest he had on. He had examined the work done by Combs. It wasn't worth more than thirty dollars. In 1803 he would have done the job for nine dollars.

Then the opposing counsel cross-examined the aged builder. He denied that he was one of the mound builders. He didn't remember having had any thing to do with the construction of the ark. He was not a nonogenarian. He was a Cumberland Presbyterian.

Thus, by ridicule, did Combs' lawyer destroy the good effect on the jury of the aged builder's testimony.

Then the lawyers rehashed the testimony. In the opening of this cantata I referred to the lawyers using inordinately the editorial "we." The worst offender was the attorney for the plaintiff. He said among other things:

"Gentlemen of the jury: *We* are entitled to *our* money which *we* have earned by the sweat of *our* horny-handed brow, as it were. They are using *our* chimneys now. Our learned brother claims *we* drank beer. It was *our* beer. It is customary with *us* masons to drink beer at *our* work. But when our learned brother intimates that *we* wallowed in the gutter of self-indulgence *we* say that he lies in his foul throat. *We* have not in our drunken frenzy sought to overturn the laws, *we* have not laid *our* unhallowed hands on the keystone of the arch that upholds our social fabric. *We*—*we* ——"

"*We* havn't said any thing about our tearing down and rebuilding those chimneys," said Judge Ehrlich, calling time on the learned counsel. The result was a verdict for the full amount in favor of Combs, and *we* think his weary lawyer should take a much needed rest. ALEX. E. SWEET.

GUNSTON HALL.

A Famous Old Virginia Mansion—The Ancestral Home of the Old Mason Family—Some Interesting Reminiscences.

[Special Correspondence.]

ALEXANDRIA, VA.—There was sold not long ago to General Sheaf, of Indiana, one of the most famous old Virginia mansions along the Potomac, the ancestral home of the old Mason family, Gunston Hall. This quaint old mansion was built in 1739, of brick brought from Scotland as ballast. In those early days of commerce England sent very little to the colonies, but the cargoes going the other way were heavy and numerous. There was shipped from the landing at Gunston, in 1742, 22,000 bushels of wheat and five large cargoes of tobacco, packed in the old-fashioned hogsheads. The vessels on returning had to ship ballast; many of them came with large rocks in their holds, so that it was considered as a fine stroke of business to bring as ballast cargoes of brick that could be sold in this country. The brick in Gunston Hall are a third larger than the American brick, and are very well made. The mason who built the mansion at Gunston was the son of the first of the family in this country, the latter having fled from England as a political exile at the time of the execution of Charles the First. The most famous member of the family was George Mason, who was called the Father of Virginia. He had several thousand acres in his plantation, and was Washington's adjoining neighbor. The two men were great friends, and visited back and forth during the last years of their life with great regularity.

The porch on the south side of the old Gunston mansion, a quaint little structure which is shown in the accompanying illus-

GUNSTON HALL.

tration, was the favorite chatting place of the two men. There they sat during many a long afternoon and twilight, either playing chess, their favorite game, or discussing the affairs of the country. The scene from this porch is almost unequaled for beauty. The rolling hills, the masses of woodland, and the golden Potomac stretching off for miles away make a landscape of almost unrivaled loveliness. George Mason was the real author of the Declaration of Independence. It is simply marvelous when you place the Virginia Bill of Rights side by side with the Declaration of Independence to see how much Jefferson borrowed from Mason. Jefferson says in his diary that he "leaned upon no man more than on George Mason." When some political opponent, in order to score a point, said in a speech that George Mason's mind was failing from old age, it was Jefferson who interrupted to say: "You, sir, have one consolation when your mind fails you, no one will ever discover it." George Mason opposed the adoption of the constitution. He was a man of ponderous logic, and his arguments were almost convincing and successful. Some of them were simply prophetic. He opposed the Senate, saying that the choice of men who served for a term of six years would set up an aristocratic class of public representatives, "who will build for themselves houses at the seat of government and by their wealth and their aristocratic social position be in time weaned from the people." Nothing has ever come true more certainly and precisely than his utterance of Mason's.

Gunston Hall is built after the old manor house of the family of England. It is about eighty feet long by forty feet wide, and is a far more costly and highly ornamented mansion than Mount Vernon. The old-fashioned wide hall and the spacious parlors are carved tastefully and minutely. During the war the old mansion was occupied at one time by the Louisiana Tigers, who desecrated its time-honored walls and carvings in a shocking way. Soon after the war Gunston was bought by Colonel Edward Daniels, of Wisconsin, who restored the mansion at a great deal of expense. George Mason was the grandfather of Mason, of Mason and Slidell fame. The old family burying ground is situated on a side hill a few rods from the house. Every year the Lee family have a reunion at Gunston, Governor Fitzhugh Lee presiding. The two families were intermarried for several generations back. The old Gunston estate is badly run down from long years of tobacco cropping, but Northern enterprise has redeemed it somewhat. There are something like two hundred acres of fine peach, pear and apple orchards, and when the steamer Corcoran, on her daily trip to Mount Vernon stops at Gunston landing where, one hundred and fifty years ago, the tobacco brigs took in their cargoes, the farmers of the neighborhood always have a good deal of very choice butter, poultry and fruit to send up to Washington. F. F. V.

Paying the Plumber.

Wife—John, here is the bill for that plumbing the other day.

Husband (looking over the items meditatively)—Do you know of any nice little cottage in this neighborhood that we could rent, Mary?

"Rent! What do you mean, dear?"

"Well, I was thinking of making this property over to the plumber if I can get him to take it for his bill."

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 5.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44 a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m.,, 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

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8-2-tf

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11-26-tf

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Black Stockings, and you will wear no other kind.

The color cannot be removed by acids—in fact washing improves the color.

The dye being vegetable does not INJURE the GOODS.

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THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—The "Y" rooms will be open on Tuesday afternoon at four o'clock for the regular monthly business meeting. All are cordially invited to attend.

—The Plainfield Cornet Band in full uniform, will make a street parade on Wednesday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock from the band room to The Crescent.

—If the Recording Angel ever falls in love, the object of that sublime being's adoration will doubtless be the man who sprinkles ashes on the ice before his residence.

—The members of the City Police Board held a special meeting at Mayor Male's residence on Saturday evening, but the result of the meeting has not been stated.

—The ice men in the valley have all filled their houses and are now stacking some of the finest ice of the season. There will be no scarcity of the article next Summer.

—Chief Waters of the Fire Department, and Councilman Dunham made a tour of the various fire department houses this afternoon, for the purpose of ascertaining what supplies were needed.

—Officer Noel discovered two suspicious looking men acting strangely about a house on Netherwood avenue yesterday afternoon, and placed them under arrest. This morning they were released.

—The congregation of the Seventh Day Baptist church of New Market joined with the Seventh Day Baptists of this city on Sabbath Day, in the proper observance of the semi-centennial celebration.

—A carpenter employed by John Borman of this city, whose name we are unable to ascertain fell from the eaves of a new house in course of erection at Fanwood on Friday morning and sustained serious injuries.

—The four o'clock service in Reform Hall yesterday was conducted by Mrs. J. T. Ellis. Councilman Dunham led the singing, and was assisted by the Crescent Glee Club. The audience was large, and about 30 persons gave in their testimony.

—Chief Carey on Saturday night notified all the cigar dealers, and other merchants, that they must close their places of busi on Sunday. Yesterday the order was strictly and rigidly enforced, although about as many cigars as usual were consumed.

—The police on last Saturday evening nipped in the bud a disgraceful transaction that was about to take place in this city. All the preliminaries for a prize fight were arranged, when Chief Carey and his corps of efficient officers put the men to flight.

—Farrier Council, O. A. F. of Jersey City, will hold a meeting tomorrow (Tuesday) evening. Any members of Amoskeag Council of this city, wishing to attend, will meet at depot and leave by the 6:05 p. m. train. A fine time is looked for by the members.

—To-night at Music Hall will be held the mass meeting called to consider the questions of license or no-license. It's rather a cold-water day, but it won't dampen the ardor of the temperance people of the city who are all so thoroughly in earnest in their work.

—One of the hind wheels on a depot carriage belonging to a Mr. Foote, who resides in the vicinity of New Brooklyn, was dished in front of THE PRESS office this morning. Mr. and Mrs. Foote were on their way to the depot at the time, but fortunately neither of them were hurt.

They'll Put a Roof On It.

An unusually large church-sociable was held at the residence of Mr. Israel Coon, back of the North Plainfield "mountains," Thursday evening, upon which occasion all had a good time and quite a sum of money was raised towards putting a new roof on the M. E. church at Union Village.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Rev. Dr. Lewis occupied the pulpit in the Congregational church yesterday morning.

Mrs. Leslie M. Daniel is very seriously ill, and her condition is the cause of great anxiety to her family and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Shepard of Scotch Plains entertained a few of their friends at an afternoon dinner on Saturday.

The Rev. T. Logan Murphy announced from the pulpit of the Church of the Holy Cross, yesterday, that during Lent extra service would be held every Tuesday evening at eight o'clock.

Assemblyman Ulrich was invited to address the mass meeting at Music Hall this evening, but was obliged to leave for Trenton this afternoon on account of the re-assembling of the House to-night.

Although more comfortable today, ex-Mayor Rockfellow is still confined to his bed with a severe attack of muscular rheumatism that has caused him the most intense agony during the past week.

In the Trinity Reformed church, last evening, Mr. W. A. Conger, of the Congregational church, officiated in the absence of organist Titsworth, and Mr. Edward Cooley sang bass very acceptably in place of Mr. T. B. Brown.

Mrs. John Coard, of this city, Superintendent of the Hygiene and Hereditary Department of the local W.C. T. U.. is announced to give an address in Temperance Hall, Westfield, to-morrow afternoon at half-past three o'clock. All ladies are cordially invited to attend.

Mr. Thomas Flood, who slipped on the ice and broke his ankle, last Tuesday morning, is doing remarkably well since the fracture was set by Dr. Hedges and the patient has been so well treated at Muhlenberg Hospital. He expects to be out in a few weeks, entirely recovered.

The funeral of the late Nelson Doty of Somerville, who died on Thursday, took place from the house, yesterday. Interment was made at Easton. The deceased was one of the most popular conductors on the Central Railroad, and was highly esteemed by the commuters from this city.

Rev. Mr. Miller, pastor of St. James church of Elizabeth, preached an eloquent sermon at the M. E. church yesterday morning, with reference to Daniel. The learned divine dwelt on Daniel being a man of prayer, and of his habit of praying three times a day with his face toward Jerusalem.

The Identity of the Nurse.

The "Miss S. L. Ramsey of Plainfield" the New York papers are all so anxious about, is Mrs. Susan L. Ramsey the wife of Mr. H. K. Ramsey who many years ago was engaged in business in this city and afterwards kept a hotel at Bound Brook. Mrs. Ramsey at one time was one of the proprietors of the Sheridan House, Elizabeth. The last time she was in this city was about three months ago when she acted as nurse for a sick lady on West Second street. Mrs. Ramsey left Plainfield for Morristown where, she stated, she had another engagement. Friends and family connections here heard nothing more of her until the publication of her name as nurse for Jennie Osborne who died from the effects of malpractice, at a hotel in Easton, last Thursday.

She was highly spoken of by all whom a PRESS reporter interviewed, and seems to be esteemed as an upright and honorable woman.

The Act to Provide for the Rights of Cyclers.

The earnest efforts of President Cooley of the Plainfield Bicycle Club to secure the enactment of a law providing for the rights of cyclers on the public highways, seem bound to meet with the success deserved. Our Trenton correspondent writes us that the Committee is convinced of the justice of the act and are strongly in its favor, and if a delegation of representative bicyclers should go to Trenton and speak for the bill before the Committee, its passage would be entirely assured.

Just Protection for Mechanics and Laborers.

Assembly bill No. 44, being an amendment to the present Mechanics Lien Law, will come before the House at Trenton, this evening. It obviates the filing of contracts and makes the property responsible to the mechanics and laborers, and for material. Making the law in New Jersey substantially the same as New York, Pennsylvania and other States.

To-Night's Speakers.

Of those invited to speak at the mass meeting at Music Hall, this evening, on license or no-license, are Mrs. S. J. C. Downs, State President, Mrs. J. C. Ellis, Corresponding Secretary, and Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson, County Superintendent of the W. C. T. U. Also the Rev. A. H. Lewis, D. D., the Rev. W. M. Richards, Rev. K. P. Ketcham, Rev. E. N. Rodman, Aaron M. Powell, Esq., and others.

—Fine music and roller skating again, at The Crescent, Wednesday afternoon and evening.

1838-1888.

CONCLUDING THE SEMI-CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION.

The Fiftieth Anniversary of the Dedication of the Seventh-Day Baptist Church Fittingly Observed—Reminiscences of the Church In Its Early Days—Historical Sketches, etc.

The fiftieth anniversary of the dedication of the Seventh-Day Baptist church in this city, which originally sprang from the New Market church during February, 1838, was observed in an appropriate and extensive manner on Sabbath Day and Sunday. The services on Sabbath Day were more of a religious nature, and included a sermon by the pastor. During the afternoon of that day, Mr. A. L. Titsworth read a paper on the organization and growth of the Sabbath School. Mr. T. S. Alberti was the first Superintendent. Elder Lewis followed in a neat address, and Mr. D. E. Titsworth, gave illustrations on the blackboard of the Sabbath School lesson. In the evening, Rev. Mr. Livermore of New Market gave a historical sketch of the mother church at New Market, which was founded early in the seventeenth century, and from which originated the Seventh-Day Baptist settlement in this city. Other papers were read by Mr. J. F. Hubbard, on the building of the church; Mr. J. D. Spicer, on the church membership. Rev. Dr. Lewis also read a paper on "The Pulpit of the Church," from which the following interesting data is taken:

Between the time of the organization of the present church in January, 1838, and June of that year, the pulpit was supplied mainly by the pastors of other denominations in Plainfield village. Rev. Wm. E. Maxson was elected the first pastor, but having just engaged in "The Jewish Mission" in New York, he was compelled to decline. Lucius Crandall, then a licentiate supplied the pulpit from June, 1838, to March, 1840. He was then elected pastor and acted as such until September, 1841. From then until June, 1843, the pulpit was supplied by Lucius Crandall, Giles M. Langworthy, David Clawson and W. B. Gillette. Then James H. Cochran was called to the pastorate but did not accept. Thomas B. Brown was elected in September, 1843, but could not serve because the illness of his family prevented their removal here. Pastors thereafter were: Samuel Davison from Sep., 1844, to March 1846; Solomon Carpenter, April to Oct., 1846; Lucius Crandall, Oct., 1846 to April, 1851. During the Summer of 1851, George B. Utter occasionally supplied the pulpit, and Isaac Moore during the following Winter. Elder Cochran began a service as pastor again on May 16, 1852, but his death in Feb. 1, 1853, left the pulpit vacant once more. The names of various candidates were then considered, resulting in the election of James Bailey in Sept., 1853, whose pastorate from that time extended over eleven years, the longest in the history of the church.

Various persons supplied the pulpit between April, 1865, and February, 1866; James L. Scott from Feb., 1866, to April, 1866; A. R. Cornwall, Apr., 1866, to Apr., 1867; F. R. Williams, Apr., 1867, to Apr., 1871; D. E. Maxson, Oct., 1871, to Aug., 1879. Upon invitation as an evangelist, the present pastor—the Rev. A. H. Lewis, D. D.—labored with the church from January until March 1880, when he was called to the pastorate, which he assumed on the 15th of April of that year. James Somerbell was licensed to preach by the church in Nov., 1847; and Elston M. Dunn was licensed in Dec., 1855. In August, 1855, the church made application under a call from the Educational Society, for the locating of a theological seminary in Plainfield. The final decision, however, located the seminary in connection with the University, at Alfred Centre, N. Y. Of the ex-pastors only three are now living—James Bailey of Milton, T. R. Williams, D. D., and D. E. Maxson, D. D., of Alfred Centre. Of those who had died, Dr. Lewis read interesting sketches of their life and work for the church. THE PRESS wishes it had the space that its columns might be graced with the beauty of these eulogies. Poetic tenderness of feeling, and intense fervor of sympathy, were displayed in all sincerity throughout Dr. Lewis' words in memorium of Samuel Davison, Lucius Crandall and James Haldane Cochran.

THE CONCLUDING SESSION

of the semi-centennial celebration was held last evening, a good-sized audience being in attendance. Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis presided, and special music was rendered by a choir composed of the following voices: Mrs. D. E. Titsworth, Miss May Tomlinson, Miss Nan Randolph, Miss Mabel Potter, and Messrs. D. E. Titsworth, Dr. F. Wells and E. E. Runyon. Mr. A. L. Titsworth presided at the organ. The floral decorations were the same as arranged for the opening service on Sabbath Day, and consisted of an elaborate and beautiful display of cut flowers, potted plants, ferns, etc., artistically arranged about the pulpit. After an organ prelude, Rev. Dr. Lewis read the scripture according to the 145th Psalm, and offered up a beautiful prayer. The hymns, he said, to be sung during the evening, had been selected as being familiar to the older members of the congregation. Letters were read from Drs. Thos. G. Williams and D. E. Maxson, former pastors of the church, but now of Alfred Centre, N. Y., also from Brother O. B. Whitford, who filled the pulpit of the Plainfield church as a supply for six months previous to Dr. Maxson's pastorate here. It was expected that Dr. Cornwell would have sent in a communication, but nothing was heard from the reverend gentleman. Messrs. D. E. Titsworth and Elmer E. Runyon sang a beautiful duett, after which the pastor called upon Mrs. Reuna Randolph to read a paper on "The Deacons" of the church, of which the following is a digest:

"THE DEACONS."

Among the constituent members of the Seventh Day Baptist church of Plainfield were Randolph Dunham and A. D. Titsworth. They had been ordained deacons of the church at New Market, and were invited to fill the same position in the new organization. In 1852, I. D. Titsworth moved to Plainfield from Shiloh, and was ordained deacon of this church. He served in that capacity until 1853, when he transferred his membership to New Market, where he is still serving as a deacon. In 1858, Randolph Dunn removed from Piscataway to this city, and in 1861 he was invited to unite as deacon with the Plainfield church. The first election of brethren to this office, occurred April 16th, 1860, when Isaac S. Dunn and Daniel B. Rogers were chosen; In 1865 Randolph Dunham was elected; as was also Isaac S. Dunn again in 1869.

During the latter year deacon A. D. Titsworth passed away, and on Feb. 28th 1869, Clark Rogers was invited to act as deacon. Sept. 1st, 1872, B. D. Randolph, transferred his membership to the church as deacon. In 1875 it was thought best by the church to again choose brethren as deacons, Daniel B. Rogers having removed to Florida. On the 29th of Dec. 1875, the following were elected as such: Dr. T. H. Tomlinson and J. D. Spicer; in 1880 Clark Rogers, and in 1881 Randolph Dunn, were called home. Thos. F. Randolph was elected on Jan. 16th, 1881, and on July 17th 1887 he was summoned home. Oct. 30th of that year, 1887, Nathan H. Randolph and Frank S. Wells were elected to fill the vacancies caused by death. In the 50 years there have been 13 deacons, six having been called by other churches and 7 by this. Of the 13, seven have passed to the other shore; one is now serving another church, and five, viz.: B. D. Randolph, T. H. Tomlinson, J. D. Spicer, F. S. Wells and N. H. Randolph are at present deacons of the church. The first to pass away was Randolph Dunham, in 1865, at the age of 79 years; Isaac S. Dunn was the next. His death occurred Oct. 22, 1868; A. D. Titsworth, the next deacon to sever his connection from the church by death, died on the evening of May 28, 1869; Deacon Clark Rogers quietly passed away on Oct. 25, 1880, aged 76 years; Randolph Dunn, another deacon, fell asleep in Jesus, Aug. 23, 1881, in the 83d year of his age; Deacon D. B. Rogers died March 8, 1884, aged 69 years; Thomas F. Randolph, the last deacon to pass away, died on July 17, 1887, in the 63d year of his age—a faithful band gone to their reward.

Hymn No. 576—"Begone Unbelief, My Saviour is near," was sung out of respect to the late Nancy Dunham, after which Mr. D. E. Titsworth outlined briefly, the relation music had to the church. He said that so little had been kept on record concerning the music, that it was almost impossible to get an authentic report, and much of the data had to be gathered by recollection. The subject of music in the church was first considered on March 14th 1838; he said by way of an incident, that one of the first choristers in the church sat in a pew facing him as he read his report. In August, 1857, a resolution was passed appointing Dr. A. Utter as chief chorister; in 1866 he was succeeded by J. F. Hubbard, and later by C. Potter, Jr., and others. Dr. Utter again filled the position which he held seventeen years in all. The first instrument used in the church was a bass-viol. The present organ was purchased at a cost of $1,715; a self-bass stop was added at an additional cost of $500. On March 12, 1867, the organ was formerly "opened" to the public by a grand concert. In 1880 the organ was enlarged and improved. Up to the year 1885 the services of the organist were voluntary; now there is a satisfactory compensation attached; the choir has oftentimes numbered thirty members. During the reading of his report Mr. D. E. Titsworth, the present leader of the choir, took occasion to publicly thank Mr. E. E. Runyon, whom, he said, was ever ready and willing to assist the choir.

Mrs. Dr. T. H. Tomlinson followed with a long and beautiful report of "Woman's Work in the Church," which is deserving of more space than THE PRESS can today allot to it. To-morrow we will give some copious extracts from this interesting document.

The concluding paper of the evening on "The Church Finances" was read by Mr. Geo. H. Babcock, and was also very lengthy. It contains many statistics which will be of interest to our readers, and the following extracts were taken down by a PRESS reporter: Mr. Thomas F. Randolph, who died during July of last year, was the third officer to die in office. Since the church has been in existence, there has been but two clerks—Thomas S. Alberti and J. D. Spicer, the latter having been clerk for the past 27 years; for about 20 years no record was kept of the moneys. The first treasurer's report was received in 1857, when the total collections for the year amounted to $25, and of this amount the treasurer reported that $21 and some cents had been expended during the same time. The same year the collector reported the total collections for the year to be $600, and nearly that amount was paid out by him during the year; the first private subscription to the church was on Nov. 22, 1833, when $19.43 was subscribed "to build a meeting house." In June, 1864, the church was out of debt for the first time in its existence. When the present church was erected in 1868 a total indebtedness of about $9,000 was incurred. In 1874 the debt was reduced to $3,000. At present the church is practically out of debt for the second time, with property valued at $40,000 and interest-bearing investments to the amount of about $1,500. Fifty years ago a sexton was engaged to clean the church four times a year; also to attend the light, heat, etc., for $12 annually; the second year he received $20, and the third year $21. Later his salary was increased to $24, and of this amount the sexton himself contributed the sum of nine dollars. The first pastor, Lucius Crandall, received a salary of $10 a quarter and board; the present pastor receives $1,500 annually, and use of parsonage. The envelope method of collecting money was adopted many years ago, and with the exception of a few years, it has since been in use; at no time since 1845, has the church been in debt to its pastor, for more than one month's salary; of the beneficiaries the church has received was $7,655.30 willed by the late T. B. Stillman; Gilbert Randolph, deceased, made a bequest of $300, the interest of which was to be set aside for the support of widows and children. The late A. D. Titsworth in his will, left $1,000, to be placed on bond and mortgage, the interest to accrue to the church, and the late Clark Rogers willed $1,500 to be used for like purposes. During the last ten years, the church has expended $6,755.99 for missionary work, and during the fifty years just closed, a total of $10,827.06 was expended for that work alone. $50,000 has been donated to educational advantages. Prior to 1873, $146 was paid to the poor, but since then $3,500 has been paid out for that purpose. During the fifty years the aggregate amount expended from the various funds was about $205,000.

Rev. Dr. Lewis followed with a brief address, in which he stated that to-night we are extending hands over a period of 183 years. The one word befitting the honor of the occasion, he said, was "Thanksgiving." A hymn was sung, and the audience dismissed with the benediction.

Chicken Thieves This Time.

Mr. George Mager of Union Village is in hard luck again. A few weeks ago THE PRESS told how his home was burned, and now his coops have been stripped of forty good laying hens. This live stock was about all the personal property the unfortunate man had left. However, quite a number of the farmers in the neighborhood who have also suffered, have become so incensed that the culprits will probably be caught and their own nest broken up, speedily.

A gang of chicken thieves who operated extensively in the same vicinity, last Winter, were mostly sent to jail. The present gang is supposed to be a new lot.

Sam Small at Reform Hall.

The national reputation of "Sam Small" (Rev. Samuel Small) not only as a temperance lecturer but as a minister of the Gospel, makes it unnecessary to enlarge upon the rare opportunity offered Plainfielders for hearing this eloquent speaker on a subject so absorbing as the temperance question has already become. Such eloquence and soul stirring pathos, mingled with laughable incidents and illustrations, makes an evening spent in listening to him, one long to be remembered.

Secure a seat early and go prepared to be not only greatly amused, but instructed. Doors open at 7.15 o'clock.

She Denied Her Husband Beat Her.

Officer Lynch was summoned by telephone to a house near Netherwood, yesterday, on complaint of one of the neighbors, who charged that a Dutchman was beating his wife. The officer was hurriedly driven to the place in a hack, but when he arrived there, quiet was restored and he found the woman busily engaged ironing. She denied that anything unusual had taken place, but the neighbors declare that her husband threw her from the porch and otherwise maltreated her.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

A "Lesson on Forgiveness:" Matt. 18: 21-35—The Eighth Lesson of the International Course for 1888.

Yesterday the air was balmy as Spring, and the sun shone forth in splendor and warmth, as though delighted to be released from the cold embrace of Winter. The great army of Sunday schools greeted with joy the Lord's "Lesson on Forgiveness." It proves that we can go to Him and ask forgiveness, and that we must forgive those around us with the same spirit that the Lord forgives us. It may seem difficult to forgive an injury or wrong, but as often as forgiveness is asked we should freely and heartily grant it, without the least malice. If we have wronged or offended others we should take the Lord with us and ask their forgiveness.

The Lesson also speaks of debt. We should pay all honest debts as far as lies within our power and means to do so. Go to your creditor and give him an explanation of your resources and your intention to meet the debt as soon as possible. What an absurdity a prayer like the following would be: "My neighbor is covetous and unmanly towards me, but not one-hundredth part as much so as I have been to Thee, O Lord, and I cannot forgive him. I pray Thee to deal by me a I have by him. He owes me and has striven hard to pay but cannot, and I must sell him out of house and home to get my pay. I cannot forgive him the debt. But, O Lord, I owe Thee ten times that amount, and have sinned against Thee openly and in secret to gain this world's goods. O Lord, deal with me as I have with my neighbor, I pray Thee." Would such a prayer be of any service to any one, or would it give the least satisfaction or contentment? No matter how wealthy we may be, we can never pay the Lord for His goodness and kindness to us. We must pay Him on the installment plan, by giving Him a little every day, every hour; work for Him with our hands, with our head, with our minds and with our hearts, and when it comes to a settlement He will balance the account and give a receipt in full, and we will be free from debt and sin.

The Lesson is one it would always be well to remember at all times and in all places, and under all circumstances. It would also we well for Sunday school teachers to review it in connection with next Sunday's lesson, in order to more fully instill it into the minds of all the scholars

On next Sunday, Feb. 26, Lesson IX—"The Rich Young Ruler;" Matt., 19: 16-26. All should read it carefully and search out the references before Sunday next.

Reform Club Meeting.

As usual there was a large attendance at the Reform Hall meeting last night. President French, with Musical Director Vanderbeck and a full choir were promptly at their respective posts of duty. Chaplain Honeyman being absent, the devotional services were conducted by Rev. E. L. Livermore, of the New Market Seventh Day Baptist church.

Mr. Livermore was the regularly appointed speaker for the occasion and most ably did he acquit himself. A pleasant appearing gentleman, of good voice and words, he attracted and held the undivided attention of hearers from commencement to close of his remarks. After paying a flattering tribute to the Club, its purposes and the practical benefits it had conferred upon many people, Mr. Livermore bore decided testimony against the terrible wrongs inflicted by the liquor traffic, opposed licenses of every name and kind, and presented strong figure arguments to prove the fallacy of what was termed and applauded as high license. No license could possibly be made high enough to receive his vote, because, in his opinion, no moral right existed to legally recognize and uphold evil. To him prohibition was the only sure and proper remedy. President French followed with a brief appeal for pledge signers, several young men responded, and the meeting closed with benediction pronounced by Mr. Livermore.

To Our Readers.

If you have not a very pressing engagement elsewhere, take our advice and go to the next Philharmonic concert, Tuesday night, 21st inst, at Music Hall. If you ask a reason for this advice we refer you to our advertisement; is it not an inviting programme? Note the names of the masters and the works.

Mr. Whitney Mockridge, the tenor, who appears on this occasion, possesses a beautiful voice and excellent method, and is everywhere winning laurels. Seats and tickets on sale at Reynolds' pharmacy, as usual.

—Many citizens of Rahway signed a petition to Assemblyman Ulrich, asking the passage of a bill to make legal the adjustment of past due taxes and assessments. It applies only to taxes and assessments levied prior to 1886, and was introduced last Monday night.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Coming Down Gracefully—Men Now in the House Who Have Been Senators—Others Who Have Also Held Higher Positions.

[Special Correspondence.]

It is not often that men who have held a higher station accept a seat in the House of Representatives. The rules seem to be, among American statesmen, that it is a step backward to accept any lower office than the highest to which a man may be chosen. So it is that after a man has once been President of the United States, and returns to private life, he is a good deal of a nonentity. If he reaches that high position when he is a young man he has many years before him that to most people would seem very dull and fruitless. General Grant was the youngest man who ever held the position of President, and after his two terms with ordinary health and care of himself he ought to have had before him twenty-five years of life. His journey around the world, and the attempt to give him a third term made his post-Presidental career more exciting than is the usual lot of Presidents. Most of our great Presidents were old men when they first entered the White House. Jefferson was sixty, John Adams was sixty-four, Andrew Jackson was sixty-eight. Harrison was the oldest of all the Presidents and was in his seventy-second year when elected. Jefferson lived twenty years after his second term closed, but he spent it in the quiet rural life of his Virginia home, and was little heard of. John Tyler, after he had been President, becoming disgusted with the roads in his neighborhood in Virginia, sought and obtained the office of pathmaster. Millard Fillmore lived a very quiet and uneventful life after retiring from the Presidency; the only office, it is said, which he held subsequently being that of notary public, which was conferred upon him as a joke.

NORWOOD.

John Quincy Adams, after having been President of the United States, was returned to Congress, and there began the anti-slavery struggle by speeches of the greatest force and courage. He was privileged to die with the harness on, falling one day in the House in a fit of apoplexy, and expiring some hours afterwards while lying on a sofa in the room of the Speaker of the House, a little triangular apartment just out of the statuary hall, and now used as the office of the Clerk of the House. Andrew Johnson, after having been President, was elected to the Senate; an honor which he relished highly, regarding it as a vindication from the charges made against him by the leaders of the Republican party.

Eaton, of Connecticut, sat in the Forty-ninth Congress. In the Fiftieth Congress there are three ex-Senators—Buckalew, of Pennsylvania; Norwood, of Georgia, and Whitthorne, of Tennessee.

WHITTHORNE.

Buckalew represents the Scranton (Pa.) district. He is a rock-ribbed Democrat of the Pennsylvania school, and was a warm personal friend of James Buchanan and Jere Black. He is now sixty-five years old, still hale and rugged, a tall, spare, smooth-faced old gentleman, wearing rather a solemn countenance, and rarely speaking to any one. He served a number of years as a diplomat; first in 1854 as a commissioner to arrange the treaty with Paraguay, and later in 1858 when Mr. Buchanan made him Minister to Ecuador. He was elected to the Senate in 1863, by a majority of one vote; he is a lawyer of fine ability, and an excellent political manager; he was chairman of the Pennsylvania State Democratic Committee as far back as 1857.

Norwood was a member of the Forty-ninth Congress, as well as the Fiftieth. He is a native Georgian, now fifty-seven years old. He was educated in his own State, graduating at Emory College, Judge Lamar's alma mater. He is a stout, robust man, of medium height, with a full brown beard, large frank eyes, and a face altogether that resembles that of Henry George. His home is in Savannah, where he has practiced law for the last thirty-five years. He was the first Southern Democrat to be elected to the Senate, being chosen to that place in November, 1871, and after a contest for the seat with Foster Blodgett, was admitted the following December. His term expired on the 3d of March, 1877. Norwood's ambition is the Governorship of Georgia. He is a genial, able and popular man, and the coast counties of his State are very strong supporters of his name in any and every campaign for the Governorship. The hill and mountain counties, however, have always been too strong for him.

BUCKALEW.

Whitthorne, of Tennesse, is the third member of the House who has been a member of the Senate. He is a fine-looking old gentleman with a delicate Burgundy complexion and snow-white hair and beard. He is now sixty-two years old, and was born in Tennessee at a time when the pioneer was very careful to have his rifle with him while plowing his fields. He was educated in Tennessee, studied law there, and has practiced in Marshall County ever since. He was a member of the Tennessee Legislature nearly ten years, and in 1869 was on the Breckinridge electoral ticket.

During the war he was in the Confederate army, serving most of the time as Adjutant-General under General Harris, now Tennessee's senior Senator. Congress removed his disabilities in 1870, and he was a member of the Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Congresses. When Senator Jackson was appointed to the United States Circuit bench Governor Bate, the present junior Senator from Tennessee, appointed Whitthorne to fill the vacancy. The Legislature subsequently elected him to fill out the unexpired term. It was the understanding that Governor Bate should be elected for the succeeding long term, and Mr. Whitthorne was elected a member of the Fiftieth Congress while sitting in the Senate.

Among men in the House who have held other and possibly higher positions than that of Congressman is Mr. Hitt, of Illinois, who has been Assistant Secretary of State; John H. Gear, of Iowa, who has been Governor of his State; John D. Long, who has been Governor of Massachusetts; Mr. Cox, of New York, who has been Minister to Turkey; Jehu Baker, of Illinois, who has been Minister to Venezuela; William Walter Phelps, who has been Minister to Austria.

J. A. TREESDELL.

The actor who was caught in the act was removed from the scene.—*Texas Siftings.*

MATTERS OF HISTORY.

Gold wire was first made in Italy about 1350.

Appius Claudius invented aqueducts about 300 B. C.

The first copyright bill passed by Congress became a law in 1790.

The plague which visited the city of London in 1603 killed 36,209 persons.

The University of Edinburgh was founded in 1851, and Trinity College, Dublin, in 1593.

Amund founded the kingdom of Sweden in 1019; and Canute the Great made himself King of Denmark in 1014.

Bombs were invented at Venlo in 1495, and used for the first time by the Turks at the siege of Rhodes, in 1522.

Stereotyping was invented by William Gid, a Scotch goldsmith, who first designed the process in Edinburg in 1730.

The foundation of the Mogul Empire was laid by Mahamond, the Mohammedan Sultan of Glizna, who, about A. D. 1000, invaded India twelve times.

Anthracite coal was first used by two Connecticut blacksmiths named Gore, in 1768-69. Judge Jesse Fell, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., was the first to use it for domestic purposes, in 1808.

The origin of "Yankee Doodle" is involved in obscurity. It is said to be the tune of an old English nursery song called "Lucy Lockett," which was current in the days of Charles I.

John Walker, an English chemist, invented friction matches in 1829. Alonzo S. Stephens, of Springfield, Mass., was the first to secure a patent on the invention in the United States.

The present city of New Orleans was founded by the French Governor Bienville, in 1718, when a party of convicts was ordered to clear up the swamp that was chosen as its site.

The longest criminal trial on record was that of Warren Hastings for maladministration in India. It was commenced February 13, 1788, and continued for seven years and three months.

Coal gas was first produced by Dr. Clayton in 1739, and first applied as an illuminating medium by Murdock in Cornwall, Eng., in 1792. The first display of gaslight was in Birmingham, Eng., in 1802.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS AND PUBLIC HEALTH TO THE MAYOR AND COUNCIL.

Mayor and Council of the Borough of North Plainfield in account with the Borough Road Fund, 1887:

DEBIT.

Balance Road Fund 1886	$ 137.83
Received from Collector on account taxes 1886	5.59
Amount voted to be raised for road purposes	1,500.00
Realized from sale of dirt	23.45
	$1,666.87

CONTRA.

City Nat. Bank Discount on $800 note	$ 26.86
" " " " $500 note	16.78
Peebles & Co., for tools	7.90
J. P. Laire & Co., for tools, (estimated)	2.00
J. K. Arnold, for tools	1.08
J. Emmons, gravel	10.00
Geo. Conover, sand for crosswalks	1.00
August Zeitterlin, gravel	12.20
Edward Gavin, gravel	21.00
Geo. Angleman, gravel	22.00
John A. Thickstun, crosswalk, (stone)	25.00
F. A. Dunham, grade, Washington ave.	29.50
" " Somerset street	15.00
Jasper Wilson, crushed stone	619.92
Pay Roll, June 11,	$ 51.00
" " " 18,	75.65
" " " 25,	109.90
" " July 2,	64.08
" " " 9,	21.74
" " " 16,	50.79
" " " 23,	42.63
" " Aug 13,	33.75
" " " 20,	94.48
" " " 27,	92.88
	$636.90
Pay Roll Sept 3,	$ 19.75
" " " 17,	70.03
" " " 24,	8.00
" " Oct 15,	16.37
" " " 22,	32.24
" " Nov 5,	35.24
" " Dec 3,	33.49
Brought For'd	636.90
Total pay rolls	852.02
Total Expenditure	$1,662.26
To Balance	4.61
	$1,666.87

RECAPITULATION.

Premium on $800 note	$ 26.86
" " $550 "	16.78
Tools	10.98
Crushed stone for roads	619.92
Gravel for roads	65.20
Material for crosswalks	26.00
Labor on roads	852.02
Establishing grades on Washington avenue and Somerset street	44.50
Total expenditures	$1,662.26
Cash	26.86
"	16.78
"	14.10
Warrants 1 to 16 inclusive	1,312.89
Warrant 8	15.90
" 12	7.20
Warrants 18, 19, 20	84.82
Warrant 25	21.14
" 29	34.49
	$1,533.98
Total claims paid	1,533.98
Total unsettled claims	128.28

Unsettled claims are as follows:

Jasper Wilson	$ 101.28
J. P. Laire & Co. (estimated)	2.00
J. A. Thickstun	25.00
Total unsettled claims	$ 128.28

In the month of June of last year the Mayor and Clerk were authorized to execute a note for $800, in the name of the Mayor and Council of the Borough in favor of the City National Bank of the City of Plainfield.

And again in the month of August they were authorized to execute another obligation or note for $550 in favor of the same institution.

These notes were made and the amounts realized were $774.14 and $533.22 respectively.

Against which an account was opened known as special road fund account. This sum was slightly increased by sale of dirt taken from Somerset street.

SPECIAL ROAD FUND 1887.

Realized on $800 note	$ 774.14
Realized on $550 note	533.22
Sale of dirt to various parties	9.35
	$1,316.71
Pay roll, June 11	51.00
" " " 18	85.65
" " " 25	109.90
" " July 2	65.08
" " " 9	21.74
" " " 16	50.79
" " " 30	42.63
J. Wilson for stone	300.00
Pay roll, August 13	33.75
" " " 20	94.48
" " " 27	111.58
" " Sept. 3	24.55
" " " 17	78.63
" " " 24	8.00
" " Oct. 15	16.37
J. Wilson for stone	218.64
Total	$1,312.89
Cash in City National Bank	3.82
	$1,316.71

SIDEWALKS.

The following were laid by the owners after notice from the Mayor and Council and had been petitioned for by citizens of the Borough:

Somerset street.
Woodland Est., 30 ft.
Eliza Jennings, 50 ft.
Jane Mundy, 100 ft.
Israel C. Coon, East (25 ft.)
Sarah C. Lewis, 30 ft.
Martha Clare, 75 ft.
Wm. Uhrhahn, 30 ft.
Daniel Cory, 150 ft.
Washington ave,
Chester C. Manville, (175 ft.)
Jane Boome, 150 ft.
Rev. Edw. Embury, (150 ft.)
J. P. Emmons, 170 ft.
Linden ave
Martin Pischinski.

Manning ave.
John H. French, 150 ft.
Samuel Ayers, 200 ft.
Lutkins & Hummer, (50 ft.
Maria Wilson, 50 ft.
R. W. Mahaffee, 50 ft.
John W. Schenck, 50 ft.
White & Stelle, 50 ft.
Park place.
Lutkins & Hummer, (repaired 275 ft.)
Brook avenue.
Mr. Schwed, 200 ft.
Craig place.
E. H. Hannigan, 138 ft.
Total laid by owners. (2,548 ft.)
Total laid by M. and C. (577 ft., 6 in.)
(125 ft.)
Total, (3,125 ft., 6 in.)
Chatham street.
Boyce estate, 75 ft.

It is estimated that there is still in the hands of the Committee one thousand feet or over that have been petitioned for and will be laid as soon as the weather will permit.

The amount expended for actual improvements on the roads for labor and materials is $1,538.18, and is located and classified as follows:

Location.	Material.	Labor.	Total.
Craig place		8.00	8.00
Chatham street	4.00	75	4.75
Duer street	10.50	10.00	20.50
Emily street	18.00	7.62	25.62
Grandview avenue		10.50	10 50
Green Brook road		3.00	3.00
General scraping of streets		72.00	72.00
Grove street		3.25	3.25
Harmony street		2.00	2.00
Madison avenue		28.75	28.75
Manning avenue		4.50	4.50
Mercer avenue		5.50	5.50
Mountain avenue		71.25	71.25
Park place		2 50	2.50
Rockview avenue		13.50	13.50
Somerset street	652.12	575.01	1,227.13
Washington avenue	17.24	18.19	35.43
	$701.86	836.32	1,538.18

We have examined the above report and find it correct.

F. M. SLATER,
I. F. RIKER,
D. R. WEAVER, } Auditing Committee.

SIDEWALKS.

Sidewalks laid during the past year by the Mayor and Council at the expense of the property owners who failed to comply with the Borough Ordinance after having legal notification:

Manning ave
Lewis Mundy, 50 ft. at 15c per ft. $ 7.50
Duer street
P. M. French, 139 ft. at 15c per ft. 20.85
Sycamore avenue
F. S. Brown, 94-6 ft. at 15c per ft. 14.17
Jackson avenue
Wm Braise, 50 ft. at 15c per ft. 7.50
A. B. Jimerson, 50 ft. at 15c per foot 7.50
J. N. Moore, 25 feet at 15c per ft. 3.75
Ed. Johnson, 169 ft. at 15c per ft. 25 35

Total No. of ft., 577-6. Total cost, $86.62

It will be observed that a large proportion of the labor and improvements made this year has been confined to one locality. It was the intention of this committee to have made a more equal division of the repairs and improvements but for circumstances over which we had no control. It was intended to spend on Somerset street from the brook to Jackson avenue, a sum not to exceed eight hundred dollars. This work was completed at a cost a trifle in excess of that amount.

We then had left enough of our appropriation to make some substantial improvements in some other portion of the borough. The committee had been appealed to from time to time by some of the citizens of that portion of the borough known as Washington park inquiring how much the Mayor and Council could appropriate toward proposed improvements in that locality, the citizens to co-operate with the Mayor and Council. This committee reported same to the Mayor and Council and that body would doubtless have consented to the expenditure of the balance of the appropriation towards proposed improvements there, but for the freshet which occurred about this time, making it obligatory with the Mayor and Council to make repairs on upper Somerset, which nearly exhausted our appropriation. Shortly afterward a portion of the citizens of Washington park, desirous of having three of their leading thoroughfares macadamized petitioned the Mayor and Council to permit them to do such work partially at their own expense. They were willing to guarantee a certain amount of money for a certain amount of work. After due deliberation the Mayor and Council considered the amount insufficient to complete the work required and the funds in their control for such purposes being so small an amount they were unable to help along the matter or share their part of the expense, and the matter was abandoned, much to the regret of this committee. There are other portions of the borough where the roads require immediate attention: Green Brook road, for instance, is or will be when Spring opens in an almost impassable condition, and repairs and improvements there will be absolutely necessary at an early period of this coming season. This committee have been greatly hindered in their efforts by the smallness of the appropriation heretofore for road purposes. The amount has been insufficient for even the proper repairs on over twenty miles of well traveled streets, not to speak of any permanent improvements such as macadamizing.

During the year the committee have purchased from Mr. Wilson seven hundred and fifty tons of crushed stone at a cost of over six hundred dollars. Most of this was used on Somerset street.

We would now ask that the Mayor and Council recommend that the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500) be raised by tax for road purposes this following year, and that at least one thousand dollars of that amount be used for the purchase of crushed stone of appropriate sizes to be used on Somerset street from Jackson avenue to the Johnston drive and on Washington avenue from the bridge to Rockview avenue and in any other localities where the Mayor and Council may be able to co-operate with private citizens who may desire macadamizing or other permanent improvements in front of their property.

The matter of crosswalks should be looked into more, and more work done in that direction than has been done during the last year, making it more necessary that the sum suggested (twenty-five hundred dollars) should be raised by tax for road purposes.

To further the end of having the work of sidewalk laying continue as it has in the past two years we would ask that you recommend that the maximum amount of fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) be raised by tax for Borough purposes, that portion of the expense of sidewalks laid by the Mayor and Council being paid for from that fund through ultimately falling on the property owner.

Respectfully Submitted,
ALEX. H. MILNE,
HENRY A. McGEE,
IRA F. RIKER, } Committee on Streets and Public Health.

To the Mayor and Council of the Borough of North Plainfield, New Jersey, Feb. 3d, 1887.

Approved Feb. 13th, 1888.

J. H. COOLEY, Mayor.

Attest:
JAS. K. ARNOLD, Clerk.

Third Annual Report of Mayor and Council of the Borough of North Plainfield, Ending March 3, 1888.

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand last report	$ 321.42
Am't tax reported by collector, 1887	966.31
" " " 1886	3.87
Licenses collected	227.50
Fines collected	68.00
	$1,587.10

EXPENDITURES.

Boyce & Hughes, meals	$ 1.50
J. H. Allen, stationery	13.15
Geo. Becker, marshal	50.00
Geo. Becker, marshal and fees	39.55
Naar, Day & Naar, printing	15.00
J. B. Jackson, expenses	5.70
W. L. Force & Bro., printing	12.20
Peter Wooden, rent	20.00
Geo. Becker, fees	7.50
Geo. Becker, marshal	37.50
Warren Engine Co., rent	75.00
J. W. A. Bauerstachs, meal	1.00
Geo. Becker, salary	37.50
Geo. Becker, fees	38.95
T. J. Young, sidewalks	7.50
" "	39.60
Unionist Gazette, printing	23.98
John H. Jackson, salary	75.00
Geo. P. Becker, fees	4.75
Times Printing Company	6.00
Peter Wooden, rent	20.00
Geo. Becker, salary	37.50
John A. Thickstun, coal	4 05
Geo. Becker, marshal	37.50
Geo. Becker, marshal	37.50
Thos. J. Young, sidewalks	39.52
Jas. K. Arnold, salary	75.00
Geo. Becker, marshal	37.50
Geo. Becker, marshal	37.50
	$807.45

UNPAID CLAIMS.

John H. Jackson, counsel	$ 75.00
Warren Engine Co., rent	75.00
Jas. K. Arnold, clerk	75.00
Peter Wooden, rent	20.00
Geo. Becker, marshal	93.75
Election expenses	46.00
Printing	100.00
H. N. Spencer, collector	125.00
C. Austin, tax warrant	5.00
I. Brokaw, assessor	25.00
Sundry expenses	50.00
	689.75
Actual expenditures	807.45
Estimated unpaid claims	689.75
Balance	89.90
	$1,587.10

And the Mayor and Council would respectfully recommend that the sum of ($1500) fifteen hundred dollars be raised by tax for Borough purposes. All of which is respectfully submitted.

F. M. SLATER,
I. F. RIKER,
D. R. WEAVER, } Auditing Committee.

Approved Feb. 13, 1888.

J. H. COOLEY, Mayor.

Attest:
J. K. ARNOLD, Clerk.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 17, 1888.

Allen, G B Mr	Meads, Betty
Anderson, R S	Opdyke, Henry Mrs
Brown, Dinny H	Pettinger, Wm Rev
Cuvillo, Luigi	Person, Matta Miss
Dean, Wm Mrs	Proudfit, David L
Ellis, Mr & Mrs	Randolph, Louis F Mrs
Gearout, A	Spicer, C E
Johnson, Lizzie Miss	Snell, Lizzie Miss
McCrystel, Alice Miss	Van Horne, Mr L E
Madden, Thomas	Wright, Agnes Mrs
Myers, L Miss	Watkins, E M

persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

WANTED—A girl for General Housework. Address, Mrs. George Thatcher, Westfield, N. J. 2-18-2

STORE FIXTURES.—For sale at a Bargain, Counters, Shelving, &c., complete for a large store. Nearly new; worth $250; will sell for $150. Apply to C. E. Clarke, 22 North Av. 2-18-tf

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Bardi, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND Division Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use; in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORB. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

Y. M. C. A. SERIES.

THIRD CONCERT
BY THE
New York Philharmonic Club.
MR. WHITNEY MOCKRIDGE, TENOR.
Stillman Music Hall,
Tuesday Evening, February 21,
At 8:15 o'clock.

Tickets at Reynolds' Pharmacy. Reserved Seat Tickets for 3d and 4th Concerts, $1 50. Single Admission, with Reserved Seat, $1. 2-20-2

MUSIC HALL.
One Night Only.
Friday Evening, Feb'y 24th.
ABBEY'S
Double Mammoth Spectacular
Uncle Tom's Cabin
COMPANY.
2 - Uniformed Brass Bands - 2
White and Colored, and the great and only *MYSTIC QUARTETTE*—the only DOUBLE COMPANY IN EXISTENCE.

A laugh for every minute—smiles and tears blended together. Two comical, ludicrous musical Marks. A pack of ferocious, man-hunting blood-hounds.

Kate Partington, the world-renowned Topsy. Gracie Peck, the beautiful and phenomenal child actress, as Eva. Gus T. Wallace, earth's greatest Uncle Tom. Engaged for this season, the only genuine "South Carolina Jubilee Singers and Plantation Troubadors"; the æsthetic trained donkey Leon; the smallest Shetland pony in the world. A street parade given at 12 o'clock.

Popular prices of admission—35, 50 and 75cts. Reserved seats now on sale at Field & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's drug stores. 2-20-4

-SKATING-
—AT—
"THE CRESCENT,"
Plainfield, N. J.
FEBRUARY 22,
AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
2-16-6

PEOPLE'S
MASS MEETING!
"License or No License."
MUSIC HALL,
TO-NIGHT!
AT 8 O'CLOCK.
Come One! Come All!
FULL BRASS BAND IN ATTENDANCE.
2-17-3

SAM SMALL.
"From the Bar-room to the Pulpit!"
At Reform Hall,
Tuesday Evening, 21st Inst.
RESERVED SEATS, - 25 CENTS.
DOORS OPEN 7:15.
Tickets for sale at Reynolds' and Shaw's Drug Stores. 2-13-18-20

MUST BE SOLD
Before MARCH 1st,
Our entire Stock of
Millinery and Fancy Goods!
Bargains in
DRESS BUTTONS, RIBBONS,
LACES, RUCHINGS, HATS,
FEATHERS, FLOWERS, SATINS,
VELVETS, EMBROIDERIES,
WORSTEDS, YARNS,
CANVAS AND FANCY ARTICLES.
J. H. Honeyman & Co.,
NEXT TO POST OFFICE.
2-10-14

STEPHEN O. STAATS,
Real Estate Broker
AND
FIRE INSURANCE.
No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.
Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.
P. O. BOX 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.
New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

MUSIC HALL!
Wednesday Evening, February 22,
[WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.]
MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG
And her Superb Company of European Artists, in *VERDI'S GRAND OPERA,*
"IL TROVATORE,"
In *FULL COSTUME* and *STAGE SETTINGS.*
Seats on sale commencing Tuesday morning, Feb. 14, at the Pharmacies of J. G. Miller and Field & Randolph. *No Advance in Prices.*
2-11-9

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We keep the *STYLES, SIZES* and *WIDTHS.* We *QUOTE NO PRICES IN NEWSPAPERS,* but the
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10-29-tf

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CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.
COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.
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Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price.
12-21-tf

WASHINGTON MATTERS

DEMOCRATS TO DECIDE UPON THEIR NEXT CONVENTION.

The Case of Mr. Stevens--Government Telegraph Bill--The Temperance Committee--Omnibus Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The Democratic National Committee, which meets here on Wednesday next to determine the time and place for holding the next National Convention, is composed of the following members: Alabama, Henry C. Temple; Arkansas, S. W. Fordyce; California, M. F. Tarpey; Colorado, Charles S. Thomas; Connecticut, William H. Barnum; Delaware, Ignatius C. Grubb; Florida, Samuel Pasco; Georgia, Patrick Walsh; Illinois, S. Corning Judd; Indiana, Austin H. Brown; Iowa, M. M. Ham; Kansas, C. W. Blair; Kentucky, Henry D. McHenry; Louisiana, B. F. Jonas; Maine, William Henry Clifford; Maryland, A. P. Gorman; Massachusetts, Frederick O. Prince; Michigan, Daniel M. Dickinson; Minnesota, P. H. Kelley; Mississippi, C. A. Johnson; Missouri, J. Griff Frother; Nebraska, James E. Boyd; Nevada, John H. Dennis; New Hampshire, A. W. Salloway; New Jersey, Miles Ross; New York, vacant; North Carolina, M. W. Ransom; Ohio, W. W. Armstrong; Oregon, A. Noltner; Pennsylvania, William A. Wallace; Rhode Island, J. B. Barnby; South Carolina, F. W. Dawson; Tennessee, Robert F. Dooney; Texas, O. T. Holt; Vermont, B. B. Smalley; Virginia, John S. Barbour; West Virginia, Henry G. Davis; Wisconsin, William F. Vilas; Arizona, W. K. Mead; Dakota, W. H. Day; District of Columbia, William Dickson; Idaho, John Holley; Montana, W. J. McCormick; New Mexico, G. W. Fox; Utah, J. B. Rosenborough; Washington Territory, J. H. Kuhn; Wyoming, M. E. Post.

The officeholders of the committee are as follows: S. Corning Judd, postmaster at Chicago; Austin H. Brown, of Indiana, chief of a division in the Treasury; M. M. Ham, of Iowa, postmaster at Dubuque; B. F. Jones, of Louisiana collector of customs at New Orleans; Don M. Dickinson of Michigan, Postmaster-General; W. W. Armstrong of Ohio, postmaster at Cleveland; B. B. Smalley of Vermont, collector at Burlington, and William F. Villas of Wisconsin, Secretary of the Interior. Messrs. W. K. Mead of Arizona and M. H. Day of Dakota have been appointed to Territorial positions.

Some of these gentlemen will, in all probability, be presented by proxies, but not because they are officeholders. The President's letter concerning the participation of officeholders in politics is not construed here to apply to the present case.

A local paper has information that Chairman *Murphy*, of the New York State Committee will be selected to fill the vacancy on the National Committee occasioned by the death of Hubert O. Thompson. But a few of the committeemen have arrived on the scene as yet. A majority of them will be here by to night, however, and then the canvass will begin.

The Friends of Pay Inspector John H. Stevenson, the suspended general storekeepers of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, are in much anxiety as to whether the report of the Court of Inquiry which investigated the charges against him is to be acted upon before Mr. Cleveland and Secretary Whitney start for Florida on Tuesday. It will be remembered that the charges against the Pay Inspector were that he sold at private sale, and without official authority, four boilers constructed for the steamers Richmond. He admitted the responsibility for the sale of the boilers, and the inquiry was to determine whether there were sufficient grounds for a court martial. The Secretary has reviewed the findings of the court and submitted them to the President for executive action.

Seven Representatives have introduced bills relating to Government telegraph lines. Mr. Edmunds was on hand early in December, with his old bill of last session, proposing the construction of four trunk lines to connect Washington with the northeastern, northwestern, southwestern and southeastern parts of the United States by a postal telegraph system. He proposes an expenditure of $2,000,000 on the plant during the first year, directs that the lines be built by the Engineer Corps of the army, and places the system under the care and management of the Postmaster-General.

Representative Weaver, of Iowa, and Smith, of Wisconsin, have introduced similar bills in the House. Both propose a Government telegraph pure and simple, to be constructed entirely by the Government; no lines to be purchased from existing companies. The system is to extend to and furnish telegraph offices in every town of four hundred inhabitants or more.

General Weaver wants $25,000,000 and Representative Smith $10,000,000 to carry out their respective projects. Representative Timothy J. Campbell introduced in the House a bill appropriating $800,000 for the removal of a ledge of rocks opposite Tenth and Eleventh streets in the East River. The rock is now ten feet below water, and Lieutenant-Colonel Walter Macfarland of the Engineer Corps, under instructions contained in the last River and Harbor act, recommends that it be cut away to a depth of twenty feet below water. This will involve the removal of 80,000 cubic feet of rock at a cost of $10 per cubic foot.

The Secretary has also submitted to the President the reports of the court-martial and the Medical Board in the case of Lieutenant Emory H. Taunt, charged with absenting himself without leave from the Nipsic, to which vessel he was attached, and disobedience of orders. His peculiar wanderings and conduct led to the belief that he was insane, and he was afterward examined by a medical board.

Taunt is a man of striking appearance, and was a great favorite with his brother officers. His stateroom on the Nipsic was hung with trophies that he has collected on his various cruises, including the head of a Polar bear which he shot when with the Greely Relief Expedition and a necklace made of human teeth which he captured from a cannibal chief in Central Africa. He married one of the daughters of Rear-Admiral English.

The Senate District Committee gave audience Saturday to the local champions of prohibition, and several hours of animated discussion followed. Miss Frances Willard, President of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, was the principal speaker. She was replied to by several gentlemen, who inveighed against sumptuary legislation of every description, and declared that such laws were impossible of execution. The discussion was closed by Dr. Mary Walker, in a five minutes' speech against prohibition. Dr. Walker said that tobacco was much more injurious than whiskey, and yet, it was not proposed to prohibit the use of that article.

Mr. W. W. Corcoran Very Ill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—W. W. Corcoran, the venerable philanthropist, was reported very ill last night. He has never fully recovered from the recent paralytic shock.

ACROSS THE CONTINENT

FERDINAND IN DANGER OF LOSING HIS OCCUPATION.

Ireland at the Vatican—Russia Anxious for Neutrality—The Crown Prince. Notes From Paris.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The note Russia is reported to have sent to the powers, boldly asserting her claim to complete domination of Bulgaria, will lead to the ousting of Prince Ferdinand. The note indicates that the negotiations between Russia and Austria on the Bulgarian question have reached a deadlock. Germany alone could persuade Austria to accept a Russian protectorate of Bulgaria. It is not thought that Bismarck will take the responsibility of coercing Austria.

The note will revive the old squabble among the powers over the interpretation of the Berlin treaty. There is little chance of concerted action. This is perhaps what Russia counts upon as a means of enabling her to slip in and take possession of her small neighbor while the powers are quarrelling over the interpretation of the treaty.

It is rumored that Lord Salisbury will soon announce an Eastern policy, boldly anti-Russian.

It is believed that the Government has determined upon a wholesale conversion of the public debt. Financiers favor a 2½ per cent for the new obligation.

THE IRISH CAUSE AT ROME.

The Pope Hears the Arguments of Both the English and Irish.

ROME, Feb. 23.—There is a hard struggle between England and Ireland for ascendency at the vatican. Great bitterness has been caused by the apparent success of the Duke of Norfolk's recent efforts and by the suspicion that Mgr. Agliardi, the Archbishop Cæsarea and certain Roman prelates are in the pay of the British government and are giving information to the London press.

A dignitary at the Propaganda gives the following *resume* of the controversy:—

"At the Propaganda," he says, "the Irish question is known to be giving the Holy Father the gravest preoccupation. Catholic Ireland—by which Pope Leo means not only Ireland but Irishmen all over the world—is providentially marked out as a missionary of the Christian idea. Wherever Irishmen go they build a church and spread the gospel. They support Catholic interests are in two hemispheres. Even in England the priests are mostly of Irish descent. In the colonies the Church would have languished had not the Irish clergy come to the rescue. Such being the case, it behooves the Vicar of Christ not to crush the nationalist movement.

"The other side of the question, as urged by the Duke of Norfolk, shows that home rule is only another word for separation. The fact that special penal laws no longer exist, and every Irishmen enjoys the privileges of a British subject, proves that there is no inherent principle of persecution in England's dealings with Ireland.

"Moreover, a party has arisen in England, headed by Gladstone, prepared to take up the Irish question in the largest sense. Such being the case, and Scotland being as much an integral part of the United Kingdom as Ireland, it would be fatal to the interests of the Holy See and its Catholic subjects all over the world to allow it to go forth that the Pope is on the side of rebellious agitation.

"In conclusion, the English party at the Vatican draw a parallel between the section of the Holy See in Germany and its influence for good between Ireland and England."

STARVATION IN JAIL.

Two Members of the House of Commons Released From Prison Half-Starved.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—R. Cuninghame Graham, Member of Parliament for Lanarkshire, and John Burns, the socialist leader, who were convicted of having taken part in an unlawful assembly in Trafalgar Square and were sentenced therefor to six weeks imprisonment each, were released from the Pentonville prison Saturday. A crowd had gathered around the prison, and when the men emerged they were given an ovation. Upon being set at Liberty both rushed to an obscure coffee house and ate an enormous breakfast. They declared that they were almost starved while in prison.

DUBLIN, Feb. 20.—Mr. John Hooper, member of Parliament for Cork and editor of the Cork *Herald*, who was sentenced to a term of two months imprisonment for publishing in his paper reports of meetings of suppressed branches of the National League, was released from Tullamore jail Saturday. During his incarceration he was punished for refusing to consort with criminals.

Russia Anxious for England's Neutrality.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—The *Post's* St. Petersburg special says that Russia is seeking England's neutrality, believing that England holds the key to the situation by her navy. Russia argues that if Germany triumphs she will seize Holland and menace England. The correspondent urges Lord Salisbury to take advantage of England's commanding position to secure Russian concessions to England in regard to Asia and Africa. The Czar and Lord Sallisbury he says, are the principal factors in European politics at present.

The Prince May Live to Wear the Crown.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—An official bulletin says the wound in the Crown Prince's throat presents a favorable appearance and is gradually closing. The cough is the same as on Saturday, with a little more expectoration. The patient's appetite is excellent. Other reports state that the cough is troublesome and that the matter expectorated is tinged with blood.

Wilfrid Blunt's Jury.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—One of the jury who tried Wilfrid Blunt and disagreed says that eleven of the jury favored finding for Mr. Blunt on the issue that the meeting was not likely to endanger the public peace. Ten favored finding for him on the other issues. Five of the jury were Protestants and seven Catholics. Eight were Parnellites and four Unionists.

To Be Strangled in New Caledonia.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—The Anarchist Galls, who created a sensation in Paris last year by firing a pistol from the gallery of the stock exchange at the brokers below, and was sentenced to twenty years' penal servitude, has been sentenced to death for attacking his guards at New Caledonia with a pickax.

France Fitting Out Her Fighting Fleet.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—*Le Temps* announces that there is great activity in French arsenals. The fighting fleet is being fitted for active service.

Dust and Ashes.

ROME, Feb. 20.—Prince Corte, formerly Ambassador to England, is dead.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 8 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

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PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y

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Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

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A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon.
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Funeral Directors.
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Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-30 y

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CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON
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For Hand and Machine use. For sale by
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GREAT MARK DOWN SALE
to clear out most of our Large Stock of
WINTER GOODS,
in order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.
A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT. has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEWMARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.
An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.
LEDERER'S,
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QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.
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8-16-t

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JUST RECEIVED—A full line of POULTRY FOOD, BEEF SCRAPS, BONE MEAL, OYSTER SHELLS, EGG FOOD, ETC. 11-29-tf

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HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.
Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1
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GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

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J. W. VANSICKLE,
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etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

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21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—8-23-tf

POLICE AND PIRATES.

A Thrilling Battle on the Chesapeake Bay. Death of a Pirate Captain.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 20.—A battle occurred on the Chesapeake Bay on Saturday night between the pirate oyster dredgers and the police boat Folly, which resulted in the death of Capt. Wm. Frank Whitehouse, whose home was in Baltimore, at No. 309 North Carolina street. Capt. Whitehouse was a native of Norfolk, but had been a resident of Baltimore for years. He was in command of the oyster schooner Albert Nickel of this city. When the Nickel towed into Annapolis harbor this morning the scene upon the deck was a warlike one.

On the deck lay the dead body of Capt Whitehouse, covered with a heavy tarpaulin. Alongside the canvass lay a number of sixteen-repeating rifles, and scattered all over the deck were the empty shells of discharged cartridges. Parallel with the bulwarks of the Nickel ran a crimson stain.

Saturday night, about 8 o'clock, the Folly, Captain George W Clarke, of the State fishery force commanding, lay in her beat off Hackett's Point. From Sandy Point, a mile away, came the sound of falling and winding of dredgers, showing that there was unlawful work going on on the bar.

The Folly weighed anchor. As she approached the captain saw seven vessels on Sandy Point, and heard a voice say: "Here comes Clarke. What rae you going to do?"

The answer came from the Nickel: "Stand your ground, surround him and don't let him take you."

The Folly came up and called to the Nickel to heave to. Her captain refused to do so and put on more sail to make off. Meantime the other vessels disposed themselves so as to surround the Folly. Captain Clarke avoided this by tacking and keeping along with the Nickel.

Being within thirty yards of the vessels Captain Clarke hailed Captain Whitehouse to surrender. Finding that the Nickel had no intention to surrender. Captain Clarke ordered his men to fire into the rigging of the Nickel.

Four or five shots were then fired. Then the Nickel opened on the Folly. She was joined in the attack by two others of the dredgers, and for ten minutes the Folly engaged the three vessels in a fight of the warmest character.

TASCOT IS THE MURDERER.

A Confederate Says He Murdered Mr. Snell—Tascott's Record.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—Any lingering doubts as to the guilt of young William B. Tascott, who is being sought by the police for the murder of Amos J. Snell, the millionaire, were ended Saturday n by the arrest of a man who confesses that he acted as an assistant to Tascott on the night of the murder and patrolled the streets outside the dwelling while the burglary and murder took place within. Who the arrested man is the police keep secret, the heads of the department have made a statement which would seem to settle the question of Tascott's guilt. After closely questioning the confederate the police induced him to make a sworn confession in which he declared that he became acquainted with Tascott not long ago at a billiard hall in West Madison street. The men became intimate very quickly and for several weeks they were together daily. Very early on the morning of the murder they went to Mr. Snell's house, which had been selected as a promising place for a burglary.

The young man's father, J. B. Tascott, is an old, wealthy, and respected resident of Chicago. The son's opportunities for success in life were excellent, but he seemed to have little liking for every-day honesty.

His police record is of considerable length, although he is only 21 years old. As a boy he became known as an expert thief, ransacking stores frequently and disposing of the proceeds of his thefts to keep him in pocket money, as he explained to his friends, his allowance from his father not reaching his ideas of what was needful.

An Attempt to Abduct a Young Girl.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Feb. 20.—Oscela Mills Clearfield County, is in a state of intense excitement over an attempted adduction of Gertie Walker, the fourteen-year-old daughter of R. J. Walker, proprietor of a planing mill at that place. The little girl was out playing with companions Saturday afternoon, and on leaving them started for her home alone. Not reaching there her parents became alarmed, and searching parties were out all night seeking for her in all directions. In an old abandoned cellar were found the child's cap and also pieces of rope and other indications showing that she had been gagged. The search was continued yesterday and resulted in finding the little girl tied in an office in Osceola Mills, where she had been left by her abductors.

Not Willing to Starve to Death.

BILLINGS, Mont., Feb. 20.—The laborers of the delinquent Rocky Fork and Cooke City Railroad who did not receive their pay have been supported by Yellowstone County for the past month. The County Commissioners refused to issue any more meal tickets. Upon hearing this a mob of 100, by threats of personal violence, forced the Chairman of the Board to guarantee two more days' food. Incendiarism and riot are feared by the citizens and danger is imminent. The road's director's are all in New York. No satisfaction can be obtained from them by wire.

The Dead Woman Identified.

CAMDEN, N. J., Feb. 20.—The body of the woman found lying in a ditch in the lower part of Camden has been identified as that of Mrs. Helen Devans. The post-mortem shows her neck to be broken and it is thought that she was murdered and her body placed in the ditch. She had been twice married, the last time unhappily, and was living as domestic with a family on Fourth street, at the the time of her death. Mrs. Devans was a woman of good character.

A Shoemakers' Assembly Suspended.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 20.—There were only 150 of the 3,000 shoemakers working in the city Saturday in the shops of the Association. Jackson Assembly, shoemakers, has been suspended, and Master Workman Burke will probably be expelled from the order. It is expected that Jefferson Assembly, finishers, will also be summarily dealt with by District Master Workman Cavanaugh.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 20.—The cylinder head of a boiler in the Mohawk Valley Cotton Mills, in the eastern portion of this city, blew out Saturday afternoon, killing John Walker, the assisant engineer. His head and one arm were blown off. He leaves a large family.

A Delay for Gould and Sage.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—The proceedings before the Grand Jury for the indictment of Say Gould and Russell Sage are delayed by the death of Mrs. Cornelia Haven, the mother of the foreman of the jury, Mr. George G. Haven, which occurred on Saturday.

A MANIAC AT THE THROTTLE.

An Insane Engineer Runs His Engine for Three Hours.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Saturday night at 6 o'clock Charles Curier, engineer on yard engine No. 17, plying between this city and Windsor Beach, became suddenly crazy while on his engine. His fireman noticing his strange actions, tried to run the engine to the roadhouse, but he was set upon by the madman and knocked senseless with a big hammer. Coming to himself, he managed to crawl to the edge of the cab and jump on a snowbank, receiving little injury.

The mad engineer ran the engine past the Windsor station, and cast on the main line.

The alarm was given by the fireman, and officials at Webster, eighteen miles east of Windsor Beach, stopped all trains and turned the switch so as to ditch the madman's engine should he try to pass the station.

For three hours he ran the engine backward and forward on the stretch of track until his coal gave out, when he was captured.

Output of Coal in the Lehigh Region.

WILKESBARRE, Feb. 20.—The report of Mine Inspector Williams of the third anthracite district for 1887, to be published to-day shows the amount of coal mined in the district as follows: By the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal Company, 2,178,150 tons; Delaware and Hudson Coal Company, 1,106,146 tons; Susquehanna Coal Company, 1,561,33[illegible] tons; Kingston Coal Company, 869,518; individual companies, 1,825,339 tons; total, 7,540,758 tons. The excess over last year's production is 605,438 tons. The number of mine employes fatally injured during the year was 65, or one to every 116,011 tons of coal mined. The number of persons seriously injured was 295, or one to each 25,561 tons of coal mined. The number of widows resulting was 33, and orphans 120. The number of fatalities exceeds that of 1886 by seven.

Wyoming Miners Ask for Higher Wages.

SCRANTON, Penn., Feb. 21.—There will probably be a stormy time at the meeting of District Assembly No. 16, in Scranton. Answers to the Assembly's request that miners' wages in the Wyoming and Lackawanna region be increased 15 per cent will be received. A number of companies refuse to recognize the authority of the assembly, because the request was made through men who are not employed in the mines. The miners in the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Company's collieries have passed resolutions stating that while the assembly was not authorized to speak for them, and while they feel that their wages should be increased, yet they will not strike, if their request is denied.

The Lost Power of a Trades Assembly.

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 20.—A special meeting of the Essex Trades Assembly of this city was called at 3 p. m. yesterday to take action against a bill pending in the Legislature amending the law of last winter which makes it unlawful for drivers and conductrs on horse cars to work except at consecutive hours. Only eight persons responded and these relegated the matter to the Board of Trustees. Two years ago the assembly contained 100 trade organizations, and now only eighteen are nominally represented. A delegate said at the meeting yesterday looking about him: "Our power is gone."

Preparing for the President

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 21.—Great enthusiasm is manifested throughout Florida in view of the anticipated visit of the President and Mrs. Cleveland, and several thousand dollars have been raised here to decorate the city and entertain the distinguished guests. Eight triumphal arches will be erected across the streets, and various committees are at work making preparations. The carriage of Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland will be a bower of fragrant orange blossoms.

And still Another.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 20.—The Daniells block, on Custom House street, was gutted by fire last night. The loss is about $30,000. This block was destroyed by fire in 1877, and was entirely rebuilt in ninety days. While the fire in the Daniells building was in progress the Lebanon stocking mill in Pawtucket was burned. Loss, $45,000. It gave employment to 100 hands. There were two other smaller fires during the evening.

Paralyzed in the Pulpit.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Rev. W. Brooks, D. D., lecturer on natural philosophy in Madison University at Hamilton, was stricken with paralysis yesterday and is in a critical condition. He was at the moment conducting services in a chapel which he had built at Randallsville, a Hamlet about three miles from Hamilton.

Twelve Firemen Injured.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Feb. 20.—A dozen firemen were severly injured, five of them are seriously, and as many more were bruised in a fire Saturday afternoon. The fire originated in the furniture establishment of Henry Ten Broeck, on Burnett street. The building is owned by Peter Zimmerman, and was valued at $5,000.

Stain and Cromwell Indicted.

BANGOR, Me., Feb. 20.—Nothwithstanding the efforts that have been made to set up alibis for Stain, the Grand Jury Saturday reported indictments against Stain and Cromwell charging them with the murder of Cashier Barron, of the Dexter Bank. The trial will begin Monday morning.

A Mill and a Barn Burned in Waverly

WAVERBY, N. J., Feb. 20.—A grist mill and a barn belonging to James Edwards, of Waverly, N. J., were destroyed by fire last night with their contents. The buildings were stocked with grain and farm products. All the farming implements were destroyed.

Agreed to Go to Work.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Feb. 20.—The miners' strike is over; the settlement agreed upon between Master Workman Lewis and President Corbin has been ratified by the miners of the Shenandoah Valley and work will be resumed to-day.

TELEGRAPHIC TID-BITS.

Utah made her fifth appeal at Washington Saturday to be admitted into the Union. The matter is still under consideration.

The packing-box factory of Doernberg & Goodman, 522 to 528 East Twentieth street, New York City, was destroyed by fire Saturday night, involving a loss of $35,000.

The reports of sixty-one railroads for January show a gross increase of 2.9 per cent. over the same month in 1887, 24 per cent. over 1886, and 12 per cent. over 1885. The mileage has increased 17.2 per cent. since 1887.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—For New England, Eastern Pennsylvania, Eastern New York and New Jersey, light rains, followed by fair weather, fresh to brisk winds shifting to westerly.

DEATH DEALING TORNADO

MANY PERSONS SWEPT INTO THE GREAT BEYOND.

Nearly Fifty Reported Killed—Over One Hundred Wounded—The City Practically Destroyed.

MOUNT VERNON, Ill., Feb. 20.—A tornado struck this city about 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The storm came from the northwest, and sweeping around in a half circle razed the town, levelling half of it and setting fire to the remainder.

High above the fierce wind could be heard the crackling of flames and groans of the dying.

The Western Union telegraph office was destroyed, and and all the wires broken except the one leading to Evansville, Ind.

Assistance was telegraphed for to Evansville, and special train with five engines and reels, also a number of physicians were immediately sent to the rescue.

The entire town of Mt. Vernon is practically destroyed. The Louisville and Nashville station is in ruins. Engineer Cummings of the Louisville and Nashville road, was instantly killed in the early part of the storm. The latest reports from the scene state that so far forty-eight bodies have them taken from the ruins.

It is estimated that 250 people are injured. Owing to the absence of telegraphic facilities it is impossible at this hour to ascertain any list of the killed and wounded.

Relief trains will be sent from Evansville and St. Louis as soon as possible. The same storm is reported as devastating portions of the State of Kentucky near Nortonville, but no particulars are obtainable.

Mount Vernon is the capital of Jefferson county, Illinois. It had a population of a little over 2,000. It is seventy-seven miles southeast of St. Louis and about twenty miles southeast of Centralia.

It contained a courthouse, two banks, four churches, two newspaper offices, two steam flour mills, a woolen mill, a saw mill and some railroad shops of the St. Louis and Southeastern Railroad Company.

LABOR IN CONNECTICUT.

Protected Workmen Complain That the Employers Get All the Profits.

WATERBURY, Conn., Feb 20.—Commissioner S. M. Hotchkiss, of the Connecticut Bureau of Labor Statistics has made public his third annual report. The printed volume contains 494 pages.

The report contains papers on discontent among the laboring class—the first by a capitalist, the second by a Knight of Labor, the third by a member of the Land and Labor League, the fourth by a socialist, and the fifth by a lawyer. The Commissioner reports that workmen complain that their wages are not in keeping with the requirements of the age, though sufficient to clothe, feed and house them, and are not in fair proportion to the profits. He says employers facilitated him in his investigations. The report, in a word, deals impartially with capital and labor alike.

The Weekly Wages law, he says, is obeyed, but he is led to believe there are violations of the Ten-Hour law for women and children. During 1886 71 strikes were successful and 73 failed. Of those which were successful 23 were ordered by labor organizations, and of those which failed 29 were ordered. The average loss by strikes for tix years was $145,248. In 1886, 10 lockouts occurred. The loss to employers by lockouts for six years was about $200,000.

Kicking Against Corbin.

HUNTINGTON, L. I., Feb. 20.—The residents of this village and of Northport are now engaged in an agitation looking to improved facilities for those villages from the Long Island Railroad Company. It is claimed that Mr. Corbin's action has retarded the growth of the north shore of Long Island by the meager railroad facilities. That there are but two trains a day running to New York, one before daylight and the other late in the afternoon. Mail from New York City in the winter months does not reach them until late in the afternoon, and they are only forty miles from the city. Mr. Corbin replies, stating that he has investigated the grievances, and says that the people have no right to complain. The Board of Railroad Commissioners have set down Tuesday, February 21, for a hearing in the case at the Chamber of Commerce in New York City.

Wages in Pennsylvania Iron Mills.

SCRANTON, Feb. 20.—Pay days at the mills of the Lackawana Iron and Coal Company and the Scranton Steel Company in this city come late in each month, and the extent of the reduction made on Jan. 1 in the wages of the men has just been ascertained. In certain grades it falls below a dollar a day, or panic prices, and in the cases of the skilled employes the cut reaches a dollar and upwards. There is much dissatisfaction among the workmen.

High License in Boston.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 20.—The Metropolitan Board of Police in executive session have increased the fees for liquor license to $1,000 from $800 for all retailers. The three grades of licenses of the first-class are raised from $800, $500, and $350 to $1,000, $600 and $400, respectively. Licenses of the second-class are raised from $175 to $200. Unless the number of licenses falls off, this action will put over $75,000 into the Treasury.

A Verdict Against Patrick Ford.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Feb. 20.—A verdict of $200 against Patrick Ford, editor and proprietor of The *Irish World*, of New York, was rendered by a jury in the Ulster County Circuit Court here Saturday. The plaintiff is Peter Grimes, a resident of this city, who sued Mr. Ford for libel because of an article which appeared in The *Irish World* in January, 1886. Mr. Ford disclaimed all personal knowledge of the publication.

A Trenton Man Killed in Rochester.

ROCHESTER, Feb. 20.—E. T. Edwards, a young man who came here just three days ago from his home in Trenton, N. J., to enter a clothing store, was crushed yesterday in an elevator at the Windsor Hotel. He attempted to jump on a moving elevator, but slipped and fell. His head and shoulders were caught between the car and side of the wall and caushed.

Victory for Standard Oil.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Judge Haight handed down a decision Saturday authorizing the receiver of the Bugalo Lubricating Company to accept $25,000 cash to have all suits against the Standard Oil Company withdrawn. This is a victory for the Standard, as the amount involved in the original suits is nearly half a million dollars.

Signed By All the Companies.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—The street car men have succeeded in having contracts for the current year signed by all the street car companies.

LICENSE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The New Law Differently Interpreted by the County Judges.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 20.—The new license law of this State is just going into effect in the various counties, and nearly every judge puts a different interpretation upon it. For example, in Lehigh county Judge Albright rules that under the act of 1887 there is no distinction between the licenses of hotels and restaurants. Under the old law restaurants lincenses gave authority to sell malt liquors and light wines only, while hotel licenses added the right to sell spirituous liquors and all kinds of intoxicants. In some counties the judges have become more stringent under the new law, and fewer licenses have been granted, but in this county Judge Simonton, whose license court closed last week, granted license to every applicant, and there will be at least thirty more licensed houses in the county this year than last. During the sitting of the court a memorial was presented, signed by all the preachers in the city, protesting against the issue of any licenses. The fact that all applications were granted is therefore regarded as significant. The result is a large increase in the revenues of the State and county. Judge Simonton does not agree with Judge Albright in the scope of a restaurant license, but holds them to the old regulation.

ANOTHER FIRE AT PROVIDENCE.

The Theatre Comique Burned Down and Actresses Lose Their Wardrobes.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 20.—The Theatre Comique in this city was burned down early yesteday morning. Being a wooden building the flames made short work of it. The members of the Lily Clay Burlesque Company lost all their costumes. Manager McGee puts his loss at $15,000, on which he has $6,500 insurance. Mr. Rhinehardt's violin, which he valued at $1,000, was burned. The whole block was much damaged.

The records of the original prospectors of the town of Providence, which went back to the original parcelling of the land by Roger Williams and his companions, were destroyed in Wednesday's fire.

Nyack Has a $30,000 Fire.

NYACK, N. Y., Feb. 20.—A very destructive fire occurred in this place an hour before noon yesterday, destroying Voorhis Hall, one of the principal buildings in the centre of the town occasioning a loss of about $25,000 or $30,000, on which there was insurance of from $15,000 to $10,000. Flames were first seen issuing from the roof of Voorhis Hall and licking the eaves on all sides. The steam engines and truck companies were promptly at work, but it was impossible to check the flames until the whole exterior of the building was gutted. The valuable scenery, the stage, the side walls, and the ceiling were destroyed, and the roof fell in with a crash. Doerch's shoe store had its stock injured to the amount of $2,000, and was insured for $1,500. The Kensington Hotel, at the upper end of the block, was badly deluged with water. The origin of the fire is not known.

Preparing to Boycott Cigars.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—The cigarmakers expect the evictions from Kerbs & Spies' tenement houses to begin this week and are making preparations to take care of the people if they are turned out. There are about sixty families of strikers in these houses. The Strike Committee is making preparations for a vigorous boycott on the firms against whom strikes are now in progress. They are preparing a circular giving the names of the retailers who are selling the boycott cigars, and these will be sent to every labor organization in the country, with a request to let those stores alone until the strike has been settled.

Accidents on the Erie Railroad.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Feb. 02.—On the Erie Railway a big coal train ran into the rear end of a way freight train at Washingtonville, twelve miles from here, and caused a bad wreck Saturday afternoon. The caboose was smashed, an engine was badly damaged and three or four loaded freight cars were burned. The loss is about $15,000. Erie passenger train No. 6 struck the team of Owen Doyle at Howell's depot Friday afternoon, killing both horses and fatally injurying Mr. Doyle, who is nearly seventy years old.

Dangling From an Asylum Grating.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Henry Decker, a patient at the State Lunatic Asylum in this city, committed suicide Saturday by hanging himself to a window grating with bed sheet. He had served a twelve years' sentence in Pennsylvania for killing his father-in-law, and a year ago was arrested in Binghampton for arson in the second degree, when his insanity became apparent and he was sent to the asylum.

Suing Her Husband for $50,000.

JAMAICA, L. I., Feb. 20.—Mrs. Hannah Bailey of Jamaica, L. I., has brought suit against her husband, William T. Bailey of Far Rockaway, to recover $50,000 which she advanced to him several years ago to improve a tract of property which he had purchased at this place with the understanding that Mr. Bailey was to pay a just share of the profits. This he failed to do and Mrs. Bailey sued.

Horace Greely's Birth Place.

NASHUA, N. H., Feb. 20.—The little low studded farmhouse in which Horace Greely was born Feb. 3, 1811, together with 129 acres of farm land, now belonging to Fred Cotton, will be sold at public auction at Amherst for taxes, amounting to $30.25. A picture of the house appears in the "History of Amherst," written by D. F. Secomb, now City Librarian of Concord.

Hanged Himself in His Cowshed.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Feb. 19.—Jerome Hildebrandt, of Liberty Corners, Saturday hung himself in the cowshed on his farm. He was forty-nine years old, industrious and steady, but had been brooding over reverses in business. Some years ago his mother committed suicide in the same manner.

Suicide of a Land Office Clerk.

DENVER, Col., Feb 20.—D. F. Lindsay, a clerk in the United States Land Office here, committed suicide Saturday night. Yesterday it was discovered that his accounts were $5,000 short, and it is believed his inability to replace the money and fear of discovery prompted him to take his life.

Will This Be Arbitrated?

OTTAWA, Feb. 20.—It is semi-officially announced that as soon as the fisheries treaty is sanctioned the dispute about the boundary between Alaska and British Columbia will be referred to arbitration.

King John's Defeat by the Soudan Rebels.

ROME, Feb. 20.—A despatch from Massowah says: "The King of Abyssinians is disquited over the confirmed news of the severe defeat of his troops at the hands of the dervishes."

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44 a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.09, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.42, 8.00, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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NO. 5 W. FRONT STREET.
9-20-y

A. WILLETT,
No. 6 Park Avenue,
Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

PIERSON'S,
No. 42 West Front Street.
—IS THE PLACE TO BUY—
THE BEST
Carpenter and Machinists' Tools, Rochester Lamps, and all Kinds of House Furnishing Goods! at N. Y. Prices.
1-24-1m.

BAZAR STORE.
VANEMBURGH & WHITE
18 West Front Street.

Special Cutlery Sale.

We have placed on sale 500 dozen of Table Cutlery, consisting of Knives and Forks, Tea Spoons, Table Spoons, Cake and Pie Knives. These goods are made by the Rogers' Sheffield Cutlery Co., and Landers, Ferry & Clark Manufacturing Co., and are all *FIRST-CLASS GOODS.*

Tea Knives, worth $3 00—our price—$1.50 per dozen.
Dessert Knives, worth $4 00—our price—$2 00 per dozen.
Knives and Forks, worth $5 00—our price—$2 50 per dozen.
Tea Spoons, worth $2 50—our price—$1 25 per doz.
" " " $4 00 " " $2 00 "
Table Spoons, worth 60c. each—our price—30c. each.
Sugar Shells, worth 50c. each—our price—25c. each.
Cake Knives, worth $3 50 each—our price—$1 25 each.
Salt and Mustard Spoons, worth 35c. each—our price—15c. each.
Eight-inch Shears, worth $1 50 each—our price—60c. each.
Six-inch Shears, worth $1 00 each—our price—30c. each.

These goods are worthy the attention of every Housekeeper.
We are offering many *BARGAINS* throughout every *DEPARTMENT.* 12-2-tf

J. P. Laire & Co.
SPECIAL SALE,
Parlor Stoves,
Horse Blankets and Robes,
Plush Laps, Sleigh Bells,
Skates, Sleighs, Etc.
Will be sold Below Cost!
—TELEPHONE CALL, No. 72.— 10my1

John A. Thickstun,
DEALER IN
BEST QUALITIES
COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave my10t

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J. B. MILLER & Bro.,
Proprietors.
FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
A First-Class Family Resort. my10-tf

FORCE'S HOTEL,
NORTH AVE., NEAR R. R. DEPOT.
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JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.
Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

E. P. THORN,
No. 17 Park Avenue,
—Wholesale and Retail Dealer in—
Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.
Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my10y1

THE PLAINFIELD
ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.
OFFICE:
Lighting Station,
Madison Avenue.
Lighting by Incandescence
For Stores, Offices and Business Purposes, for Public Buildings, Churches, and for Domestic Lighting.

NO HEAT,
NO SMOKE,
NO FIRE,
NO MATCHES.
NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE,
NO TARNISHED GILDINGS,
NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

SOLE AGENCY.
We are the Sole Agents of the Celebrated
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Pantaloons and Overalls.
They Never Rip.
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No. 7 East Front Street. my10tf

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS

IS AN EVENING EDITION OF THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTIONALIST AND IS ISSUED EVERY DAY—EXCEPTING SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS—AT FIVE O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON; SENT THROUGH THE POST OFFICE AT $5.00 A YEAR, OR DELIVERED BY CARRIER AT 10 CENTS A WEEK. SINGLE COPIES 2 CENTS.

IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—To-morrow being a national holiday no paper will be issued from this office.

—There will be fine music by the full band for the merry skaters at The Crescent, to-morrow afternoon and evening.

—A pocket-book containing a sum of money—picked up on Park avenue, yesterday—is awaiting identification at this office.

—One year ago Saturday, Feb. 18, this city was visited with a severe thunder shower, accompanied by vivid flashes of lightning.

—The severity of the weather does not prohibit a Plainfield audience from turning out, as was evidenced by the monster gathering in Music Hall last evening.

—In speaking Saturday of our deceased contemporary on Somerset street, the types put it *diseased* and a few papers were printed before the *error* was discovered. We beg pardon to that extent.

—A pocket book containing money, papers and a lock of hair was picked up on Park avenue at the corner of Front street, on Saturday morning, by Mr. M. Quinn, who traced its ownership to a lady on West Sixth street.

—The teachers and scholars of the Warren Mission Industrial School are requested to be on hand promptly, next Saturday afternoon. That date is "Promotion Saturday," which occurs bi-monthly and is a specially busy day.

—The fourth anniversary of the Plainfield Reform Club will take place in the Hall, Wednesday evening, Feb. 22. Speakers from abroad, as well as some of our own city orators, will address the meeting. All are welcome. Exercises begin at 7.30 o'clock.

—Amoskeag Council, No. 25, O. A. F., will hold a meeting in Odd Fellows rooms, Coward's building, Thursday night, at 8 o'clock. All members are requested to be present for business of importance. A team from Farrier Council of Jersey City will be present and work the Cole ritual.

—Charles Grunewald, well known as "Dutch" Grunewald, was seriously injured at a fire in New Brunswick. Despatches to the New York papers say that both ankles and three ribs were broken by a ladder falling upon him. He was formerly employed by the telephone company in this city.

—People in some portions of the city complain that the culverts at some of the street corners are not high enough nor the pipes large enough to carry off the volume of water, such as fell yesterday. The consequence was that the water backed up in front of residences in many places, so that pedestrians had to wade through it ankle deep.

—The Directors of the Plainfield Building and Loan Association held their regular monthly meeting last night. Considerable routine business was transacted, and Messrs. L. E. Barkalew, W. R. Codington and B. F. Coriell were appointed a committee to examine securities and audit accounts. The annual meeting of the Association will be held March 26th.

—Messrs. R. W. Rice & Co., the grocers, successors to Mr. Wm. H. Shotwell of Duer and Emily streets, North Plainfield, have struck a rich bargain on Florida oranges, which they propose that their customers shall profit by. They have on hand a stock of large and delicious Florida oranges, which average 128 to the box, and the price is but $3.75 per box—or an average of less than three cents each.

Follow the Crowd, To-morrow.

The Crescent will re-open, to-morrow afternoon and evening, for roller skating. The Plainfield Cornet Band of twenty pieces will furnish a fine programme of music on both occasions, the building will be thoroughly heated, and even those who do not skate can enjoy the concert and the scene of gayety. The floor was never in better condition, and the skates have all been overhauled.

MISS KELLOGG ILL.

A Greater Prima Donna Substituted. The World Renowned Hungarian, Ilma De Murska, and Her Company.

A well known citizen having rented Music Hall for $75 and paid the rent in advance, and engaged Miss Kellogg for a certainty of $300, and incurred other expenses for orchestra, printing, advertising, etc., the whole exceeding $500—last night received a telegram announcing that Miss Kellogg's physicians positively forbade her using her voice on Wednesday. This would have overwhelmed a man of less enterprise, but the gentleman in question did not propose to lose the hundreds of dollars he had already expended and for which he was liable, and at the same time suffer the wrath of Music Hall patrons. He started for New York at once, ascertained that Ilma De Murska and her company were resting preparatory to beginning their tour around the world next week. He sought her manager. The manager was sorry, but the Mme. insisted upon absolute rest and would not listen to the suggestion of her singing in opera on Wednesday. Still the determined citizen did not despair. He increased the certainty to be paid, and offered to assume expenses that regularly should be met by the company. This settled the question with the manager. He in turn found means of persuading the prima donna, and the battle was won.

Musical critics everywhere concede that De Murska as a prima donna stands head and shoulders above Kellogg. The former is now at her best.

All who desire may have their money refunded by presenting their tickets at the drug store at which they were purchased at any time before 6:30 on the night of the performance. At that hour all moneys will be turned over to the account of the De Murska performance. Those who propose to surrender their tickets are requested to do so at once to enable the demand for De Murska tickets to be supplied.

At Somerville, where Miss Kellogg was to sing to-night, the announcement is made that "the tickets purchased will be good for some other date." At other places where Miss Kellogg's sickness has cancelled her engagement, we are told that the managers will wait until the audience is assembled and then announce that her place will be filled by another.

The honorable action, as noted above, of the gentleman who had engaged Miss Kellogg for this city, is therefore especially worthy of note. Mme De Murska will appear, probably, in the third act of "Trovatore," and the last act of "Faust."

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Lieutenant and Mrs. E. A. Edwards of Galesburg, Illinois, have been spending a few days with George Wharton Edwards, Central avenue.

Next Thursday afternoon at five o'clock at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Brooks, on Broadway and Sixth street, their daughter, Elizabeth, will be married to Lewis R. Scofield of Elizabeth.

Mr. Charles Powlison of this city—now attending the School of Christian Workers at Springfield, Mass.,—was one of the delegates to the recent N. Y. Convention of Y. M. C. A's. He spent Sunday with friends in Plainfield.

At St. Mary's church, yesterday morning at half-past nine o'clock, occurred the funeral of the late Mrs. Mary McDonnell, who died on Friday. A solemn requiem mass was celebrated for the repose of the deceased's soul, after which interment was made in St. Mary's cemetery.

They Have a Place to Go if They So Desire.

MR. EDITOR:—Permit me to correct a statement made by one of the speakers at the mass meeting held in Music Hall last evening. He stated that there was no place in the city where a reformed man could go in the evening—a place comfortable, warmed, and lighted, where he could have reading and some innocent amusements.

Where has he been keeping himself all these four years, or since the Reform Club parlors have been in operation? These parlors are open daily, and every evening from 7 until 10.30 o'clock, and all are welcome; and there the daily and weekly papers may be found, as well as the innocent amusements.

COM.

This Evening's Entertainment.

At their hall on Somerset street this evening, the athletic, singing and dramatic sections of the Plainfield Gesang and Turn Verein will give a combined entertainment consisting of athletic, vocal and dramatic exercises. The entertainment will begin at eight o'clock sharp, and will be followed by dancing. The programme includes four parts, and was arranged in happy anticipation of pleasing all. An orchestra will furnish music for dancing.

—The postoffice will be closed after 10 a. m. to-morrow.

MONSTER MASS MEETING.

"LICENSE OR NO LICENSE" DISCUSSED AT MUSIC HALL.

An Audience Estimated to Number Nearly 1,000 Persons Brave the Storm to Listen to Eloquent Addresses by Eminent Divines, and Ladies of the W. C. T. U.—Remonstrances Presented, Petitions Read and Resolutions Adopted—War Declared Against the Saloons.

The severe rain storm which prevailed in this city all of yesterday did not deter an immense audience from gathering in Music Hall last evening, to listen to a spirited discussion on the subject of "License or No License." Judging from the number of persons who braved the storm and flocked into Music Hall, public sentiment has been aroused to such an extent that the saloons must eventually be banished from our fair city. Seats in the spacious auditorium were reserved for the members of the Plainfield Reform Club, the Berean Class and other organizations. The Cornet Band was present and discoursed popular airs. The platform decorations were simple and neat, while over the stage was suspended a banner bearing the inscription: "For God, for Home and Native Land"—the motto of the W. C. T. U. Among those honored with a seat on the platform a PRESS reporter noticed the following: Rev. Drs. Yerkes, Ketcham, VanMeter, Lewis, Rodman, and Rev. Messrs. Dilts, Richards, Schenck, W. J. Leonard and Mitchell of the city clergymen; Mrs. S. J. C. Downes, President of the State W. C. T. U.; Mrs. J. T. Ellis, Corresponding Secretary of the State W. C. T. U.; Mrs. Geo. F. Opdyke, President of the local union; Mrs. Dr. T. H. Tomlinson, Mrs. Rev. W. E. Honeyman, Miss Clementine Yates, Editor and Mrs. A. M. Powell, Mrs. P. M. French, Councilman and Mrs. F. E. Marsh, City Clerk O. B. Leonard, Councilman M. M. Dunham and Messrs. Geo. F. Opdyke, J. K. Kirkner, L. W. Serrell, Dr. A. Utter and others. Mrs. Geo. F. Opdyke presided at the opening, and Dr. Ketcham led in prayer, at the conclusion of which a quartette composed of Mrs. S. Collins, Miss Julia Ketcham and Messrs. F. W. and E. E. Runyon, chanted the Lord's Prayer very prettily.

Mrs. Opdyke then addressed the audience. In substance she said: We are not here to-night in the interest of any political party, but because our children and our homes are in danger on account of the open saloons; the ladies of the W. C. T. U. ask you to consider the evils in this community, which are brought about by the saloons, either directly or indirectly; we do not attack any individual for the liquor dealer is protected by law, but we mothers demand that our homes shall not be defiled by these temptations. She called Dr. Lewis to the chair, adding, we want to show our deference to the church—our pastors. The doctor, upon taking the chair, said he wanted to be on the side of right. The issue, he said, was not a question of high or low license; he argued upon the extinction of the traffic, because public sentiment was against the open saloon, and against its recognition by the authorities; we have therefore to ask of those whom we put in power, that they recognize the fact of this public opinion; to our city fathers, give the men and women one chance to be heard through their homes, the pulpit and the press.

Rev. Mr. Richards was the next speaker. He protested against granting licenses, and particularly so in the locality of the new Hope chapel. Mrs. Downs followed with a review of the work accomplished by the W. C. T. U. She declared herself to be an advocate of free liquor, and insisted that the biggest blot upon the nation today, was the government exacting a revenue for the traffic; let the saloon be wiped out for the good of the people; today the nation is accountable before God for receiving this sin.

Rev. E. M. Rodman followed. His address was interspersed with witty sayings. "For fifty years," the Doctor said, "the people of the United States have been discussing the subject of license or no license. What brings this immense crowd out tonight, when the streets are in such a delightful condition as Mrs. Downs has previously alluded to. She evidently rode; I walked; do these men ask for license because it will benefit Plainfield?" The speaker dwelt at length on the recent fire in Second street, and considered it a wise plan to burn all the saloons. "It would be a glorious thing," he continued "if the Christian men and Christian women of Plainfield would say to Mrs. Opdyke, 'lease that place, or buy it, and establish there the headquarters of the W. C. T. U.'" To this Mrs. Opdyke said: "Doctor we say Amen;" "Mrs. Opdyke is ready to receive checks," answered the speaker, (great applause). The doctor said he was rather apprehensive that a license would be granted in the vicinity of the Hope chapel, and insisted on establishing an attractive place where the poor laboring man could go and enjoy himself in an innocent, rational way. He alluded, jokingly, to the Holly Tree Inn, and concluded by saying "I am for no license."

Editor Powell was the next speaker introduced. He said there were honorable men in the Council, in a small minority, perhaps, who would vote for license on principle; there are other honorable men who would not vote for license if the revenue was stricken out; will they accept the few thousand dollars as an equivalent for the misery and ruin brought upon innumerable homes; what would the revenue amount to if their own homes were invaded? It would not be a fallacy if I prophesied here to-night that Plainfield has seen its last license Council; this is a growing question and it is growing with mighty power and rapidity; with the W. C. T. U. working together for the combined good of the people, the majority of the citizens of Plainfield will *not* accept the license fee as equivalent for the ruin and peril wrought by the saloons. Let the edict go forth, no license for Plainfield.

Rev. Dr. VanMeter followed with a sound talk on temperance, alluding particularly to the proposed new saloon in the Fourth ward. He spoke touching words concerning the misfortune that befell a family removing from Worcester to Plainfield, recently, and said that the parents would sooner see their children breathe their last on the depot platform, than to have them become drunkards or drunkards' wives.

The band discoursed some music and Rev. Dr. Lewis in behalf of the Board of Education read a protest against licensing a place near the Pond Tool Works, because the Board was about to locate a new school building there.

Rev. Mr. Mitchell, pastor of Mt. Olive Baptist church, also entered a protest in the interest of his church. He thought it was high time to submit the matter to the people. "There are now," said he, "two saloons near Mt. Olive church, and another license is asked for within fifty feet of the church door." The vicinity of the church was the battle ground for drunken men when put out of the saloons, and night after night, he said, his family has been awakened by fights and brawls. He considered it a weakness for the Council to compromise by granting any licenses. He extended a cordial invitation to any of the Councilmen to spend a few nights with him under his hospitable roof, and see for themselves if his protest was not worthy of recognition.

Mr. L. W. Serrell presented a document several feet in length, which he said was a protest on behalf of the business men in the Southwest section of the city, representing property valued at $200,000 or $300,000. The paper will be presented to the Council at its meeting on Monday evening, and contains the names of sixty-eight persons, including representatives from the Potter Press Works and Pond Tool Works.

Rev. Drs. Ketcham and Yerkes were announced in the order named, and each delivered a telling address advocating the suppression of the saloons. The latter alluded to the "X's" on the license applications. Mrs. Ellis was the last speaker introduced. In her usual polished style she spoke of the evils arising from intemperance, and insisted that it was impossible for a saloon to be run without boys just as much as it was for a saw-mill to run without logs.

City Clerk Leonard read the following resolutions which were overwhelmingly adopted by a rising vote:

Resolved, That the influence of the liquor saloon in Plainfield is detrimental to the best interests of the city; that the liquor traffic here and elsewhere in the State, is the enemy of good society; a fruitful source of corruption in our local politics, and with its avowed purpose of seeking to control charter elections, is a menace to the public welfare and deserves the condemnation of all men and women.

Resolved, That we declare war against the saloon, and hold it to be the supreme duty of our citizens to favor the adoption of such measures as shall restrict its power and control, its influences, and that undeterred by any temporary defeat, we propose to agitate and appeal, and protest and pray against an iniquity which disturbs the peace of earth and defies the wrath of heaven.

Resolved, That profoundly impressed with the great evils inseparable from the liquor traffic, its perils to the homes and best welfare of the City of Plainfield, we respectfully and earnestly request the Honorable Common Council to refuse henceforth all licenses for the sale of intoxicating beverages.

Resolved, That a deputation to present the foregoing resolutions, in behalf of this meeting, to the Common Council, be appointed by the chairman.

Rev. Dr. Lewis was elected chairman of the Committee to present the above resolutions to the Council, and the appointment of the remaining members was deferred. The committee will be announced in THE PRESS when appointed. Rev. Mr. Schenck dismissed the audience with the benediction.

LETTER FROM COUNCILMAN TAYLOR.

The following letter was this morning received from Councilman Taylor:

DEAR MRS. OPDYKE:—Your kind invitation to be present at the Temperance mass meeting to-night is received and fully appreciated. I shall be unable to be present on account of illness, yet I shall be with you in spirit and will be glad if the sentiment and feeling there aroused should wipe away every vestige of the vile traffic from our fair city.

Very Respectfully,
WM. TAYLOR.

Philadelphia, Feb. 20, 1888.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

PLAINFIELD HONORED.

New Jersey to be Congratulated Upon the Selection of a Prominent Resident of This City as State School Trustee.

TRENTON, Feb. 21.—Mr. F. X. Schoonmaker of Plainfield was today selected as State School Trustee. There were many candidates for the position, including some of the wealthiest and most prominent residents in the State, and gentlemen long and highly connected with its educational affairs. The selection is therefore especially flattering because it is made after a careful consideration of the merits of all.

THAT CHURCH BELL AND THE FIREMEN.

The Sexton Who Rings it Has Something to Say—And One Who's No Fireman Suggests a New Way.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE PRESS:—I noticed in THE PRESS of Saturday evening the complaint of "A Fireman" about the way I ring the new bell of St Mary's church. In reply I beg to inform him:

1st—That if he cannot distinguish between the sound of the "fire bell" and the bell of St. Mary's church, he would do worse than to submit his ears to the syringe of any of the medical gentlemen of Plainfield, or get Niagara Falls passed through them—if it wouldn't injure his uniform.

2d—I wish to inform him that the way to ring a bell of a Catholic church is not learned in a "bell foundry," but is rung now just the same as it was ordered by our ritual, centuries before America was discovered.

3d—St. Mary's bell *never* rings with *four successive taps*, as "A Fireman" gratuitously states—but always with *three*.

Formerly the ambition of some "firemen" in this city was to raise a blaze; now, it seems, some want to raise a fight. If the firemen do their duty to the Common Council—as I do mine at St. Mary's—every bell can have its own swing without offence.

MAURICE HIGGINS, Sexton.

EDITORS PRESS:—Noting what your correspondents have said regarding the confusion resulting from the similarity of the tone of the new bell of St. Mary's (R. C.) church to the fire alarm bell, I thought it might not be amiss to propose a way to get out of the muddle.

When Chief Waters promulgated his order giving the new fire alarm signal, there arose in my mind the very difficulty described by "A Fireman" in your issue of Saturday. All bells as ordinarily rung, are struck in "sets" of two strokes each, caused by the necessary sweep or swing of the bell. Between every two strokes, therefore, a pause may be made; but the ringer may strike the bell 2, 4, 6 or 8 times before making a pause. I am not acquainted with the mechanical working of the fire alarm by electricity, but, as I understand it, the bell remains stationary when struck, and the order and regularity of the strokes are entirely at the will of the operator. This being the case, it seems very easy to arrange a code of signals for a fire alarm which could not, by any possibility, be taken for anything else. Suppose something like this:—

1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4

the dots under the numerals 1, 2, 3, designating the strokes in the bell, and the spaces under each figure 4 representing the pauses between each "set" of strokes, each "set" being composed of an *odd number* of strokes, and we have a system of signals which, it seems to me, can not be easily struck on any bell rung in the ordinary manner.

It strikes me that a pause of one minute between each "set" of strokes is much too long. If the strokes are given at intervals of two seconds between each stroke, a pause of five or six seconds is certainly long enough.

These suggestions may not be in order, perhaps, but such as they are, they are offered with a desire to simplify a very important matter. At least, they may lead to something better than the present order of things.

By the way, what has become of the signal giving the number of the district in which a fire is raging? It is not heard any more. For the time it was in use, *when properly given*, it was greatly appreciated by the community.

NOT A FIREMAN.

WOMAN'S WORK IN THE CHURCH.

Extracts From the Address Delivered by Mrs. T. H. Tomlinson at the Bi-Centennial of the Seventh-Day Church.

Mrs. Tomlinson's address opened with a review of the works of the women of Bible history, and how to women then and since, had, she said, "been given a deep spiritual nature that seeks after the Infinite, and a desire to assist in the grand work of soul saving. She has been permitted to do this both in the earlier and later centuries, not only in the Tabernacle, Temple and Church, but in national redemption from the enemy."

"The women of this Church—whose Bi-Centennial we celebrate at this time—" she continued, "have been faithful." Out of a membership of fifty-seven at its organization, thirty were women of whom nine are still living. From the record of the Sabbath School since 1854, it is shown that women have generally been in the majority as teachers. In the year 1876, Rev. L. C. Rogers organized a Woman's Auxiliary Tract Society with the following officers: President, Mrs. Dr. Utter; Vice President, Mrs. Chas. Potter, Jr.; Rec. Secretary, Mrs. . H. Tomlinson; Cor. Secretary, Mrs. J. M. Titsworth; Treasurer, Mrs. F. S. Wells. The membership continued large and the great interest taken resulted in the holding of novel entertainments that netted satisfactory sums for the S ciety's treasury. In the past twelve years has been raised by the Society for the promotion of Sabbath truth, $1,084.43.

In the year 1844 a Benevolent Society was formed by the ladies to aid the weak churches of the denomination in the "far West," known at that time as New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio. Later a China Mission was started and the Rev. and Mrs. Carpenter were sent by the church. No records being in existence an extended record of the early work of the Society could not be given. In 1876 it was re-organized—after laying dormant a few years—with the following officers: President, Mrs. D. E. Maxson; Vice President, Mrs. F. S. Wells; Secretary, Mrs. J. D. Spicer; Treasurer, Mrs. W. B. Maxson; Directresses, Mrs. Dr. Stillman, Mrs. C. Potter, Jr., Mrs. J. F. Hubbard and Mrs. D. L. Randolph. With a membership of twenty-nine the meetings were well attended. Work and money is donated to minister's families living in the West, the China Mission, the N. Y. Home of the Friendless, the Brooklyn Colored Orphans' Asylum, the Freedmen in Virginia, Plainfield's Children's Home, Relief Association, Muhlenberg Hospital, Women's Christian Temperance Union, in aiding individuals, and towards the Society's own church. Donations that in twelve years, as stated in THE PRESS a few weeks ago, have amounted to $1,198.35.

The young ladies of the Sabbath School met at Mrs. F. S. Wells', March 28, 1880, and organized a Young Ladies' Mission Society with the following officers: President, Miss Anna E. Titsworth; Vice President, Miss Florence Potter; Rec. Secretary, Miss Sarah Y. Randolph; Treasurer, Miss Flora Randolph. The minutes show that the last meeting was held, Jan. 7, 1883, and that the collections, meanwhile, amounted to $159.85. Mrs. Tomlinson closed her address in the following words of strong appeal:

"While we have had no permanent missionary society, our interest has not abated, and we trust ere long to consolidate our forces of denominational work into that of the Woman's Board. Surely dear women great opportunities are before us, for where the Lord sends us, he sends an opportunity to work for Him. Never were so many women called of God to assist in Missionary, Temperance and Evangelical work, and it seems as though these were the days Joel predicts, when the spirit of God should be poured upon us, that we should be enabled to do our part towards purifying and evangelizing the nation and world. Any unfaithfulness on our part, though it seem insignificant or unimportant, will mar the whole. We may not choose our work or our opportunities; but our faithfulness in our work will be the measure of our love and honor to Christ, who gives us the place, and sees the end from the beginning how necessary it is to the complete whole, and to the perfection of the design. Did the inspired prophet foresee in his vision of the coming of the kingdom of Christ in these latter days, the call of God for woman's work? Was his voice meant to reach away down through the ages with trumpet tone, the ear of every idler in the vineyard? Rise up ye women that are at ease; hear my voice ye careless daughters, give ear unto my speech. Tremble ye women that are at ease, be troubled ye careless ones. Many days and years shall ye be troubled ye careless women, for the vintage shall fail the gathering shall not come.

"They shall lament! How long?

"Until the spirit be poured out from on high, and the wilderness be a fruitful field, and the fruitful field be counted as a forest. When judgment shall dwell in the wilderness, and righteousness remain in the fruitful field. And the work of righteousness shall be peace, and the effect of righteousness, quietness and assurance forever.

"Blessed are ye that sow beside all waters."

NEW YORK LETTER.

Thompson Street, the Thoroughfare of "Little Africa"—Castes in Colored Society—Dens of Vice—A Rich Field for Missionary Work—The Voudoo Woman.

[Special Correspondence.]

THOMPSON street has, to the ears of the New Yorker who is acquainted with the odd quarters of this great city, a decidedly Ethiopian sound. It conjures up, before his mind's eye, pictures in black and white, colored lotharios and dusky belles, the tum-tum of the many banjo, and, too frequently, the awful gashing of the horrible razor, a weapon which, in the hands of our colored brother, is capable of inflicting the most ghastly wounds. For Thompson street is the heart and center of Little Africa. That district which is bounded on the west by Sullivan street, on the north by Third, on the east by Wooster and on the south by Houston, embracing about twelve city blocks, is the habitat of the free and untrameled New York negro, a class of men and women as different to the Southern or Western darkey as if they belonged to unrelated races. I do not mean that even a large majority of the colored population of this city are centered here. You will find colored families all over the city, occupying modest houses or floors in large tenements. Decent, law-abiding citizens, living in very much the same fashion as their white neighbors.

But the "Thompson street moke," as the inhabitants of Little Africa are called, is a creature *sui generis*, unique, and worthy of study. He is a strange combination of the vicious astuteness of the typical New York "hoboy," and the simple credulity of the plantation darkey. He dresses, if he can raise the money, in the most *outre* Bowery styles, wears the highest collars, the loudest cravats, the most pronounced checked clothes, the most ostentatious bogus jewelry, and, under all circumstances, a light, flexible cane. In other matters he follows, as closely as he can, the leaders of fashion on the other end of Fifth avenue, but no fiat of the fickle goddess can persuade him to adopt the heavy and clumsy English stick in place of his graceful whalebone or rattan. He delights in policy, and has a superstitious awe of Voudooism. It was through this superstition that I made my first acquaintance with Little Africa and its denizens, an acquaintance which has since furnished me much amusement, some profit, and not a little information.

There are times when Broadway, with its ever-changing panorama of restless humanity, tires me. I want to see some of the side scenes of life, to give a fresh turn to this great metropolitan kaleidoscope and see the men and women who form a part of its shifting figures, in a new light. It was in such a mood that, some time ago, I swung out of Broadway, and wandered, rather aimlessly, down Third street toward South Fifth avenue. As I crossed that absurdly mis-named thoroughfare, and turned toward Thompson street, my attention was attracted by a small tin sign on the door of one of the houses. It was a queerly painted affair, and read:

GENUINE AFRIKAN
VOUDOO PRINCESS
FROM AFRIKA
50 CENTS

While I was gazing at the sign and wondering whether to squander fifty cents in gratifying my curiosity or not, I was accosted by a veritable specimen of the Thompson street "make." His tight fitting spring bottom trousers were in style in about 1871. His low crowned derby was the correct style of 1880, but his whalebone cane and Alaska diamond cluster pin proclaimed him to be a dude of the first water, albeit a trifle down on his luck.

"Say, boss!" he remarked in an insinuating tone. "Ef yous gwine to see the Voudoo woman jist ask her 'bout my dream. I had a powerful dream an I'd like ter play it but I haint got but half a dollar an' ef I goes to her I'll get the numbers but wont have no money. Ef I don't go to her I'll have the money but I wont know the numbers. Say, boss, if you'll ask her for me I'll give you half."

That decided me, the notion of going into partnership with a broken down colored sport to "buck agin policy," was irresistible. I have never been able to master the intricacies of policy. It looks to me like a species of gambling in which all the chances are in favor of the banker. Here was my chance to learn something more about it.

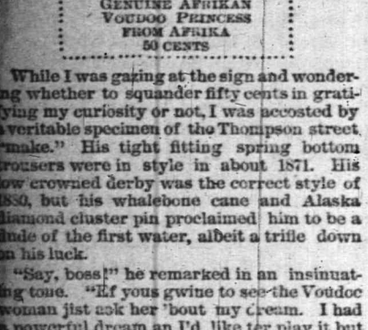
"I've got two dollars and a half," said I, with the air of a Vanderbilt, "and I'll lend you half a dollar if you will let me in on the numbers, but you must tell the Voudoo woman the dream yourself."

"Golly, all right, boss," responded my sable friend, with glistening eyes. "We'll have ten dollars 'fore six o'clock."

"Is this woman reliable?" I asked, as we mounted the steps."

"She hain't got but one eye. The debbil has got the other, and she kin see better with the eye she hain't got than with the one she has," replied he in an awestruck whisper.

That struck me as an original and amusing idea, and one which placed his Satanic Majesty in a very congenial position, as superintendent of policy drawings. I followed my guide up the broad, solid stairway of the



SCENE IN A DANCE HALL IN "LITTLE AFRICA."

old Dutch mansion, and entered the front room on the second floor, where the genuine Voudoo Princess was seated beside a small stove. She recognized my partner at once, but favored me with a decidedly unfriendly glance out of her single eye. He stated the case clearly, and told his dream, some thing about a black cat and a whitewash pail which I did not catch. She turned her back upon him, muttered some sentences in a language in which I detected several words of Creole patois, but which my sporting partner afterwards informed me was the peculiar language of her august master, the devil. "Three—nine—thirteen," she announced in a most business-like tone, and I paid my fifty cents.

"Can't I do nuffin for the white gentleman?" she queried, and upon my hesitating she rolled off a series of astounding offers which if true would have made her fortune and landed her in Sing Sing in six months. Again my curiosity triumphed and I am now the possessor of a vial full of rusty needles in water in which, if I choose, I may put a lock of my hated rival's hair. I then throw it over my shoulder at midnight, and walk on without looking back. The needles will at once enter the anatomy of my hated rival and cause him much trouble. I also have a package of some mysterious powder which an anylitical chemist of my acquaintance assures me is borax. This will cause any young lady I may take a fancy to to fall violently in love with me. I have, too, a small brown pebble which will frustrate any similar tricks which might be played upon me by any enemy of mine. The whole outfit cost me seventy-five cents. But the voudoo princess, who was shrewd enough in her way, must have thought that she had been interviewed by the most credulous white man on Manhattan island.

From the den of the sorceress we went to the temple of fortune, in other words, the policy shop on Thompson street. It was situated in a hall bedroom up two flights of stairs. The clerk was a white man, who looked at me with suspicion, taking me, I

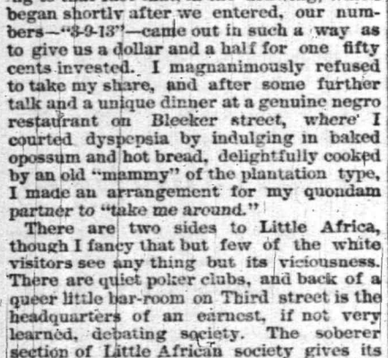
A POLICY SHOP.

fancy, for a detective. I think it was owing to that fact that, in the drawing, which began shortly after we entered, our numbers—"3-9-13"—came out in such a way as to give us a dollar and a half for one fifty cents invested. I magnanimously refused to take my share, and after some further talk and a unique dinner at a genuine negro restaurant on Bleeker street, where I courted dyspepsia by indulging in baked opossum and hot bread, delightfully cooked by an old "mammy" of the plantation type, I made an arrangement for my quondam partner to "take me around."

There are two sides to Little Africa, though I fancy that but few of the white visitors see any thing but its viciousness. There are quiet poker clubs, and back of a queer little bar-room on Third street is the headquarters of an earnest, if not very learned, debating society. The soberer section of Little African society gives its parties, where dancing, banjo playing and singing furnish an evening of orderly social amusement. But in this society the average white man has no part. He is looked upon with distrust. My guide was, fortunately, one of those happy-go-lucky, bohemian sort of fellows who are welcome everywhere, and I found as strictly-defined laws of caste in the home of the boss kalsominer who had been frugal, saved his money and bought his daughters a piano, as in the palace of his wealthier prototype further up town.

To be sure his wife took in washing and his white-wash pail stood beside her tubs, but he recognized no fraternity with the "low flung niggers," who frequented the "Black and Tan," the "Flat Iron" and the "Livery Stable."

All of these horrible dives have, thanks to a vigorous police administration, been closed. The "Black and Tan" is probably the most notorious, though it was by no means the worst. It was kept by Frank Stevenson, a colored pugilist, and his patrons were certain of some sort of protection. The Livery Stable, on Mercer street, was so-called from the fact that it was situated on the second floor of a large stable. It was a long narrow room, about one hundred by twenty-five feet, and by ten o'clock every night the place was crowded with the very lowest class of negroes, men and women, and a still more degraded class of whites. It was no uncommon sight then, to see two burly negresses fighting over the possession of their white lover or to have razors drawn by colored men in a dispute about a white woman. The color line was nowhere.



A MAMMY WHO TAKES IN WASHING.

A narrow bar at one end furnished the material to keep the fights going, and a fiddler and banjoist furnished music for those who wished to dance. Along toward morning the place would become the nearest realization of hell on earth I have ever seen. I have seen the blood spurt from a man's face as the cheek was cut to the bone with a razor, and I have hurried away powerless to stop the fighting, and wondering if these creatures could really be human beings like myself.

I do not write of these things simply because they are sensational, nor do I study these phases of life solely on account of novelty. There are similar scenes and incidents in every city, and it seems to me that the better class of our people should know of them. Very few New Yorkers really know their own city, and that is the main reason why it is as bad as it is. We have a missionary field, a necessity for practical and intelligent charitable work here in New York, and in every large town in the United States, which goes beyond any possible call from other countries. We spend, as a people, millions every year to better the condition of foreign nations. Let us keep our own doorsteps clean before we go to polishing our neighbor's door-knob.

ALLAN FOREMAN.

Any Mother Knows This is True.

"I see in this medical journal, that is filled with scientific jaw-breakers, a learned dissertation on the reason that the percentage of bow-legs among boys is eight times greater than among girls," said Dr. Probe to his bright little wife.

"And what does it say?" she asked.

"Oh, the reason adduced is purely scientific, and altogether unsatisfactory to a mind accustomed to browse around in search of common sense truth."

"Well, my dear, any mother who has ever turned a boy's pockets wrong side out could throw more light upon the subject than any physician, from Hippocrates to Mary Walker

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.09, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m.. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 6.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.29, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44 a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, 3. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.09, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.09, 11.08, a. m 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.09, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m.; 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.05, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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And all other Kinds of SKATES!
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MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!
—AND—
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Black Stockings, and you will wear no other kind.

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Fruits and Vegetables
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SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE.
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PIERSON'S,
No. 42 West Front Street.
—IS THE PLACE TO BUY—
THE BEST
Carpenter and Machinists' Tools,
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of House Furnishing Goods,
at N. Y. Prices.
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VANEMBURGH & WHITE
18 West Front Street.

Special Cutlery Sale.

We have placed on sale 500 dozen of Table Cutlery, consisting of Knives and Forks, Tea Spoons, Table Spoons, Cake and Pie Knives. These goods are made by the Rogers' Sheffield Cutlery Co., and Landers, Ferry & Clark Manufacturing Co, and are all *FIRST-CLASS GOODS.*

Tea Knives, worth $3 00—our price—$1.50 per dozen.
Dessert Knives, worth $4 00—our price—$2 00 per dozen.
Knives and Forks, worth $5 00—our price—$2 50 per dozen.
Tea Spoons, worth $2 50—our price—$1 25 per doz.
" " " $4 00 " " $2 00 "
Table Spoons, worth 60c. each—our price—30c. each.
Sugar Shells, worth 50c. each—our price—25c. each.
Cake Knives, worth $3 50 each—our price—$1 25 each.
Salt and Mustard Spoons, worth 35c. each—our price—15c. each.
Eight-inch Shears, worth $1 50 each—our price—60c. each.
Six-inch Shears, worth $1 00 each—our price—30c. each.

These goods are worthy the attention of every Housekeeper.

We are offering many *BARGAINS* throughout every *DEPARTMENT.*
12-2-tf

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HARDWARE,
HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
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CONTINENTAL AFFAIRS

STILL DISCUSSING THE QUEEN'S SPEECH IN THE COMMONS.

San Remo's Invalid—Eastern War Clouds. Touching Prince Ferdinands Power. Duel Between Newspaper Men.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—In the House of Commons last evening Mr. Cuninghame Graham, M. P., for Lanarkshire, who has just been released from a six week's imprisonment for participation in the Trafalgar Square meetings, which had been proclaimed, asked Mr. Matthews, the Home Secretary, if Trafalgar Square was still under Government proclamation. The Secretary answered that it was.

The Liberals believe that the victory which they gained at Southwark was largely due to Sir Charles Warren's Trafalgar Square Tactics, and Mr. Graham's object in asking the question was to revive the matter and use the same lever in the coming election at Deptford.

The Right Honorable Henry Chaplin, member for Sleaford, resuming the debate upon the address, in reply to the Queen's speech, commented on the prolonged depression in agriculture in the kingdom. He said it was of far greater importance than the Irish question and must have early attention. Mr. Chaplin said that he would like to know from the Government what the farmers had a right to expect from them.

In reply, Lord John Manners admitted the existence of a terrible condition in agriculture, and that to relieve it the Government had decided to ask the House of Commons to consent to a bill creating a department of agriculture.

Sir James Fergusson, Political Secretary of the Foreign Office, denied the report that any military or naval action had been taken, or was intended, against Venezuela. He said that negotiations respecting the doubtful territory had occured between British Guiana and Venezuela, and the latter country had proposed to arbitrate the matter.

While England was not averse to Arbitration she was unable to accept the basis upon which Venezuela proposed to settle the matter, whereupon the contemplated negotiations had temporarily stopped.

Referring to the occupation of the New Heorides by the French, Sir James Fergusson said that the French troops would evacuate the islands within four months from Nov. 16, the date settled upon the agreement which had been signed.

SAN REMO'S ROYAL PATIENT.

Belief That the Crown Prince is Worse Than Reported in the Bulletin.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The *Times* has received a telegram from Berlin which confirms the pessimistic reports in regard to the Crown Prince, and a settled unbelief prevails here respecting the bulletins which are issued about his condition. It is considered that these bulletins are sent out with a view of soothing the people, and that, as in the case of all great men who are seriously ill, little dependence can be placed on the daily or hourly reports as he grows worse.

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—It is understood that owing to further unsatisactory news received in regard to the Crown Prince, Prince Bismark is to hold a conference with the Emperor and Prince William.

—Emperor William appeared at his usual window yesterday, surrounded by a number of his court. The people were very enthusiastic at the sight of their beloved monarch, and the vast crowd sang the national anthem, while many wept.

The *Freisinnige Zeitung* assorts that Herr von Zastrow, the head of one of the departments of the Home Ministry, and a devoted adherent of Minister von Puttkamer, is to be appointed "reporting counselor" to Prince william, and adds that no Prince except the Crown Prince has ever had such a counselor allotted to him.

SAN REMO, Feb. 21.—To-day's bulletin states that the Crown Prince's sleep last night was disturbed by violent fits of coughing. He was without fever, however, and his general condition is fairly good.

GROWING MORE WARLIKE.

Menacing Movements of Russian Troops. Why Should Austria Yield?

VIENNA, Feb. 21.—A despatch received here from Odessa says that thirty-six Russian military trains have left that place and proceeded toward Kascheneff.

The *Pester Lloyd* asserts that a memorandum of England's views on the Eastern question has been sent to Austria and Italy, and that England's views are found to be identical with those of Austria and Italy.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—The *Standard* says: "With so many friends as she now has, why should Austria yield to Russian menaces? We imagine that the unofficial negotiations now in progress will make it quite clear that if Russia formally reopens the Bulgarian question, the result will be either a fresh rebuff or war."

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 21.—Roumania has notified the Porte that Austria has given her assurance that a Russian violation of Roumanian territory would be considered a movement against Austria and form a casus belli.

Russia's Bulgarian Projects.

BERLIN, Feb. 21.—Count Schouvaloff, the Russian Ambassador, in an interview with Count Herbert Bismarck suggested that the Power unite in advising the Porte, as Suzerain of Bulgaria, to declare Prince Ferdinand's exercise of power illegal. It is reported that Prince Bismarck has advised Count Kalnoky to assent to the suggestion if Russian pledges that the declaration shall be accompanied by no coercive measures. Count Kalnoky left Vienna for Pesth to consult with the Emperor. Nothing practical is expected from the negotiations.

Newspaper Men in a Real Duel.

VIENNA, Feb. 21.—A duel has been fought near Presburg, between Dr. Meisner, Vienna correspondent of the Cologne *Gazette*, and Herr Frischaver of the Vienna *Tagblott*. Dr. Meisner received a slight contusion in the side. The duel was the result of a newspaper quarrel.

Great Britain Has a Blizzard.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—A great snow storm is reported from all parts of the United Kingdom. Thousands of sheep in the pens have been buried in the snow and several deaths from exposure have occurred.

Fire Losses of $400,000.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 21.—The total losses from the fire in Daniels' block and Riverside and Lebanon Mills in Pawtucket are now estimated at $400,000. Four bucket shops were burned out in Daniels' block.

Mr. Corcoran's Critical Condition.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The condition of W. W. Corcoran is such that he may die at any moment. His relatives and closest friends have all been telegraphed for.

HOBOKEN'S CONFLAGRATION.

A Disastrous Fire, in Which a Life Is Lost, and Several Persons are Injured.

HOBOKEN, N. J., Feb. 21.—Gantzberg's theatre, Nos. 61, 63 and 65 Washington street, this city, was totally destroyed by fire early this morning, causing a loss of one life and perhaps fatally injuring others. The building was a frame one, very old, and burned like tinder, so that an hour after the discovery of the flames the place was a mass of smouldering ruins.

Upon the arrival of the engines a second alarm was sent out, followed immediately by a third and general alarm, calling all the department's wagons to the scene.

On the first floor of the theatre were the living apartments of Mr. Gantzberg and his family. With them were lodging Otto Labes, a brother-in-law of Gantzberg, and two female performers. Labes was the musical director of the place.

When the fire broke out Gantzberg, his family and lodgers were asleep in their apartments and were not aware of the fire until the fire department arrived. Then when Mr. Gantzberg awoke he realized the perilous position of his family, and hastily awakening them jumped with them to the ground, sustaining but slight injuries.

But his little son Otto, twelve years of age, was forgotten in the mad rush for safety, and the unforturate child was severely burned about the legs. He was also partly suffocated when rescued by a fireman and was removed to St. Mary's Hospital. It is feared he will die.

Lobes' apartments were situated apart from those of the Gantzberg family, and he, too, was forgotten by the panic stricken manager. The result was that when he was rescued he was almost suffocated. He was taken to the police station, and was attended by doctors, but their efforts were unavailing, the man dying at five o'clock.

Several were severely injured.

The fire spread to the adjoining buildings, and the one on the left, occupied on the ground floor as a butcher's establishment and on the upper floors as lawyers' offices and dwelling apartments, was completely destroyed. The one on the right—a three-story brick building burned fiercely for some time. In the rear Cronheims theatre and Hertier's ice house caught fire and were badly burned.

Some scenery in Cronheim's was destroyed. The losses are not known. In addition to the theatre a number of sets of scenery, and all the household effects of the Gantzberg family were destroyed. Gantzberg claims that his wife loses a considerable amount of jewelry and diamonds.

The performers had all left their wardrobes at the theatre, and they were destroyed. The losses will reach $50,000.

THE SOCIALISTS TRIUMPHANT.

They Outvote Chicago's Conservative Workmen—The American Flag Hissed.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—There was a sharp struggle between conservative members of the Trade and Labor Assembly and Anarchists and Socialists from the Central Labor Union at the meeting of the former organization. The conservatives wished to exclude the representatives of the Central Labor Union. The charge that the Central Labor Union had insulted the American flag was received by the Anarchists with hisses, and Richard Powers, of the Seamen's Union declared that when the flag was hissed it was time to do something. The man who would hiss the flag was a traitor and should be treated as such.

Great excitement ensued for about five minutes, during which time delegates arose, yelled, hissed, stormed, waved hats, umbrellas or whatever else was convenient. Powers continued, and said that if the Central Labor Union was admitted the conservatives would withdraw. Finally, after much turmoil, the question of admitting the delegate was put, and the Socialists won by a large majority. A split in the Trade and Labor Assembly is now inevitable.

Trying to Kill a Clergyman.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 21.—Rev. O. H. Still of East Greenwich is chief of the Law and Order League, which has prosecuted successfully liquor sellers. Threats were made to blow his house up. On Saturday he discovered a large quantity of arsenic in his well, enough to kill the whole family. On Sunday early a dynamite cartridge placed at his front door exploded with great force shaking the house and breaking the windows. A concerted plan to kill him is believed to exist. Great excitement prevails and a special town meeting has been called to take action on the case.

Dead Beside Her Shaggy Pet.

BOSTON, Feb. 21.—Mrs. Sarah Balam, living at No. 1 Fisher avenue, Roxbury, found the body of a male infant behind a clump of bushes at the side of the avenue, near Parker street. With it lay the body of a large dog, which had been killed by a blow upon the head. The police were called and found that the child's death had been caused by strangulation, a white cloth having been tied about its neck. The infant was about six months old.

Alleged Murder in Camden.

CAMDEN, Feb. 21.—The police of this city believe that Miss Mary Petersen, an aged maiden colored lady, was murdered some time between Friday night and last evening. The door was broken by policemen who found her prostrate body lying upon the floor of her room. There were no marks of violence, although the neck appeared as though the woman had been choked to death.

A Triumph for King Kalakaua

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 21.—The steamer Alameda, which arrived from Australia and Honolulu, brings information that the Supreme Court of Hawaii has decided that under the constitution of 1887 the King's right to veto is a personal one and that he is not required to consult his Cabinet in exercising that right.

Sioux City Liquor Houses Closed.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Feb. 21.—The wholesale liquor houses of William Lerch and E. J. Ressigue, were closed by the Sheriff at the instance of the Law and Order League for making sales in violation of the Clark law. This closes up all the wholesale liquor houses in the city.

Hoboken Loses Its Railroad Suit.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—In the suit in the city of Hoboken brought against the Pennsylvania Railroad as an alien corporation, the Supreme Court has sustained the lower Federal Courts' decisions, which were adverse to the city.

Old Mr. Williams Kills Himself.

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 21.—George Williams, aged 80 years, an inmate of the Old People's Home, committed suicide by cutting his throat yesterday morning.

Reported Collapse of the Strike.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 21.—The Reading Coal and Iron Company are reported to have thirty-nine collieries in operation the entire number except six.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

WM. K. MCCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE,
Architect,
North avenue, opposite depot.
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist.
Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder.
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work. 9-15-tf

C. J. NOEL,
Carpenter and Builder
OFFICE—4 WEST THIRD STREET,
Shop, South Second St., PLAINFIELD, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED. 11-22-tf

C. E. JOHNSON,
[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN.]
CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

C. NIELSEN,
Carpenter and Builder,
31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder.
Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37.
Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 29 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44. Personal attendance night or day by GEORGE M. STILES. my9tf

P. HOAGLAND'S
City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

S. E. FLOWER,
Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

CARL PETERSON,
Florist
Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Cut Flowers at Low Prices Beautiful designs for weddings and funerals. 10-28m3

A. SWALM.
Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,
Paper Hanging A Specialty.
No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,
Bookseller and Stationer.
No. 7 Park Avenue.
A full line Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,
Livery Stables.
North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

CHARLES E. RUNK,
Coal Dealer.
39 NORTH AVENUE.
Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-3 y

USE
CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON
Best Six Cord,
For Hand and Machine use. For sale by
I. LEDERER.
1-2-6m No. 9 WEST FRONT STREET.

GREAT MARK DOWN SALE
to clear out most of our Large Stock of
WINTER GOODS,
in order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.
A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT. has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEWMARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.
An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.
LEDERER'S,
No. 9 West Front Street.
1-2-6m

TRY OUR
QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD,
HENRY LIEFKE,
NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.
8-16-t

GEO. D. MORRISON,
FLOUR AND FEED STORE,
NORTH AVE., OPP. RAILROAD DEPOT.
JUST RECEIVED—A full line of POULTRY FOOD, BEEF SCRAPS, BONE MEAL, OYSTER SHELLS, EGG FOOD, ETC. 11-29-tf

WEST END COAL YARD
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.
Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1
WALTER L. HETFIELD. JOHN M. HETFIELD.

FRANK LINKE,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

H. C. DRAKE,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed Estimates furnished. my10y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,
Furniture and Freight Express.
P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

The Excitement Not Over.
The rush at R. J. Shaw's still continues and daily scores of people call for a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Kemp's Balsam, the standard family remedy, is sold on a guarantee and never fails to give entire satisfaction. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial size free.

ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

VALENTINES!
All Kinds and Low Prices, at
ALLEN'S, the Stationer,
No. 23 EAST FRONT STREET. 10my

J. C. POPE & CO.,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,
Lumber and Coal Merchants,
CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,
PLAINFIELD.
All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD,
DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

J. W. VANSICKLE,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5 23-tf

A WOMAN WORKING MIRACLES.

Mrs. Woodworth Exercises the Faith Cure With Wonderful Success.

CHAMBERSBURG, Pa., Feb. 21.—Mrs. Maria B. Woodworth, the trance evangelist, has been in this place for the past two weeks and numbers her miracles by the score. She preaches nightly to 2,500 persons. The moment she sits down the young women begin vociferously to sing, and while this is going on Mrs. Woodworth performs her miracles and cures and goes into trances.

One of the greatest cures was upon ex-Sheriff Josiah Flitcher. Mr. Flitcher, almost a year ago, had a paralytic stroke which rendered the right side of his body nearly helpless. He said he had faith, and Mrs. Woodworth told him to kneel down and she would pray that his affliction might be removed. Mrs. Woodworth then offered a prayer, and while she was doing so rubbed him vigorously on his side and arms and legs. She then told him to arise, and he did so without assistance, and raising his paralyzed arm above his head, thanked God and Mrs. Woodworth for the miracle. Mr. Flitcher walked home without the use of his cane, and has not used it since.

Mrs. John Lochbaum, of this place, has been helpless with rheumatism in her shoulders for thirty years. She requested Mrs. Woodworth to pray for her relief. Mrs. Woodworth told her she would pray for the healing of her infirmities, but made this condition, that Mrs. Lochbaum should consecrate her life to God and work for his glorification if cured. Mrs. Lochbaum consented to the conditions and the evangelist prayed earnestly for the return of strength to the shoulders and arms of the woman. When she had finished Mrs. Lochbaum found that she could raise her arms to her head, and going to the altar she took down her hair and arranged it again.

MR. GALLAGHER MUST ANSWER.

He is Charged With Forgery and is locked Up in Prison.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 21.—William J. Gallagher, the former political partner of Joseph C. Mackin in this city, who for some years has been a resident of Chicago, was brought here Sunday night by detectives and lodged in Moyamensing Prison. Gallagher was arrested in Chicago for election crookedness, and when imprisoned a detainer was lodged against him for forging the name of ex-Councilman Abraham Thompson, of this city.

Gallagher claims that the notes upon which he has been indicted are not forgeries, and that he was not a fugitive from justice. He says he had visited Philadelphia several times since the charges were made, and could have been arrested at any time. He believes the suit was begun to force him to make a confession concerning the Chicago election frauds, for participation in which Mackin is still in Joliet Penitentiary. Mr. Thompson declares that he lost $1,800 through Gallagher's forgeries.

Only Small Operators Respond.

SCRANTON, Pa., Feb. 21.—A meeting of District Assembly 16, K. of L., was held here yesterday to act on the reply of coal operators to the demand for a 15 per cent. increase in the wages of miners. Answers were received from the small operators only, the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western and the Delaware and Hudson companies refusing to communicate their decision to the assembly. The operators who did reply were favorable to an advance provided the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western and Delaware and Hudson granted the demand. The question of a strike was discussed and was referred to the District Executive Board with full power to act. The Board meets on Wednesday and its decision will be final.

The Divorce Mill in Boston.

BOSTON, Feb. 21.—The new divorce mill created by the last Legislature began to grind in Boston yesterday. It gives the Superior Court, instead of the Supreme, jurisdiction in all divorce cases, and the first session was held yesterday before Judge Dewey. He began on a list of 173 cases all filed within a month or two, in which by far the greater proportion of the petitioners are the wives. Several divorces in uncontested cases were granted yesterday.

Bills Approved By the President.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The President has approved the act authorizing the Choctaw Coal and Railway Company to construct and operate railways through the Indian Territory; the act authorizing the construction of a bridge over the Missouri river near Lexington, Missouri, and the act to enable the Assistant Secretary of the Interior to sign patents.

Instructed to Work for Cleveland.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 21.—At the Democratic caucus yesterday delegates were elected to the First Assembly Disirict Convention of Jefferson County, and a resolu was unanimously adopted expressing a wish for the renomination of Mr. Cleveland and instructing the delegates to use their vote and influence to that effect.

Patriotic Senators.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The Senators, on motion of Mr. Hoar, adopted resolutions providing that on Wednesday, Washington's Birthday, the presiding officer of the Senate shall read at the close of the meeting hour Washington's farewell address. Mr. Voorhis will then move to adjourn out of respect to Washington's memory.

Cured Himself By Telegraph.

WABASH, Ind., Feb. 21.—For some time past telegraph wire No. 4 along the line of the Wabash road has refused to work, and the line repairers at last found that four miles east of this city an old man had cut the wire, run the line into his house and utilized the electricity as a cure for rheumatism.

Panic in the Coke Business.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 21.—Half of the coke ovens have shut down. Shipments are lighter than they have been for years. The price has gone down to $1.50 per ton. The operators made another futile effort to form a syndicate yesterday.

Cutting Freight Rates on Iron.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 21.—The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road made a cut of twenty-five per cent. on iron and nails from the Mississipi River to Kansas City and other Missouri points yesterday. The freight war still continues.

Tascott Likely to Be Caught.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—There is little doubt that the police are on the track of W. B. Tascott, the supposed murderer of A. J. Snell. He has been seen within a hundred miles of the city, and his arrest in a day or two is almost certain.

Bookbinder Goerk's Suicide.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 21.—William Goerk, a bookbinder from Masillon, Ohio, was found dead this morning. The suicide was committed with opium.

ROBBED WHILE BEING BAPTIZED

Thieves Enter the Dressing Room of Tremont Temple in Boston.

BOSTON, Feb. 21.—After the usual morning service in Tremont Temple Sunday a number of people signified their willingness to submit to baptism. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Emery J. Haynes, and was very impressive.

Among those who entered the baptistry were two brothers named Perry. After disrobing in the private rooms under the platform and doning the long gowns used on such occasions, the young men joined the others on the platform and awaited their turn.

After the service was over both repaired to the room where their clothes were deposited and dressed. Thy were about to leave the church when one of them put his hand in his watch pocket to see what time it was. But the watch wasn't there.

His brother's was also gone, and a large sum of money left in their pockets had also disappeared. No clew as to who the thieves were could be obtained.

Two Thousand Lives Lost.

SHANGHAI, Feb. 21.—A terrific earthquake has occurred in the Province of Yunnan Two thousand lives are reported to have been lost.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

A move is on foot among the laboring men of Mansfield, Ohio, to start a co-operative store.

Ninety-three saloon keepers were arrested in New York city Sunday for violating the excise law.

Miss Libbie Halstead of Orange, N. J., was found drowned Sunday morning in a large tank in the attic of her mother's house.

Mr. Austin Corbin, President of the Reading Railroad has made a personal gift of $20, 00 to the destitute miners and their families.

The Bristol Rubber Works, which had been closed down for several weeks, were started up last week. About 400 hands resumed work,

During the past week the clerks employed in the print works at Fall River were given a month's notice in which to seek new positions.

The steamship Tourmina from Hamburg with 221 passengers, and the Schiedam from Rotterdam with 282 passengers arrived at Castle Garden Sunday.

The Boston and Sandwich Glass Company, in Sandwich, Mass., closed every department of its factory on Saturday, owing to a disagreement with the employes.

John McGuire, aged 75, died suddenly of heart disease while listening to Dr. McGlynn's address at a meeting of the Anti-Poverty Society in New York City last Sunday.

A demand for nine hours a day, with wages at the ten hour rate, caused the strike of 800 marble workers in Brooklyn recently, the employers refusing to accede to the demands.

In the election in the Southwark district of London, on Friday last, the Gladstonian candidate was successful by a majority of 1,200 votes, a gain of 1,100 since the last previous election, in a total poll of about 6,000.

It is now shown that little Gertie Walker of Osceola Mills, Clearfield County, Pa., was kidnapped by a young man named W. A. Kinsloe and taken to the attic of the *Wage Earner's Journal* newspaper office, whence she escaped by cutting the ropes with which she was bound with a pocket knife while her captor was out. Kinsloe has been arrested.

There were filed with the proper department at Harrisburg, Pa., articles of association of the projected Binghampton and Williamsport Railroad. As contemplated the road will be about 90 miles in length and will be built by the Wyalusing route, crossing the Susquehanna River near the town so named. The capital stock of the company is fixed at $1,200,000.

Louis N. Fleury, postmaster at Paso del Norte, Mexico, was arrested last night by Mexican officers charged with mail robbing. About a year ago several registered packages of diamonds came through the mails in bond from Hamburg, Germany, addressed to Murion & Co., City of Mexico. They never reached their destination. The packages were said to contain $40,000 worth of diamonds. Suspicion fell on Fleury, but he declared his innocence. Last June one of Fleury's clerks absconded and has since borne the blame of the alleged thefts. Vast numbers of separate offences are charged, among them two thefts of diamonds, the value of one lot being $40,000 and the other $25,000. Jewelry and diamonds to the value of between $2,000 and $3,000 were found in his rooms.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—For New England, Eastern Pennsylvania, Eastern New York and New Jersey, colder, fair weather, preceded by light rains, fresh to brisk westerly winds, diminishing in force.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Money on call to-day 2¼ per cent.

BONDS.

		Closing Saturday.	Closing To-day.
3½s.	1891, reg.	106¾	10..
4½s.	1891, coup.	107⅞	10..
4s.	1907, reg	125¾	126¾
4s.	1907, coup.	125¾	126

STOCK MARKET.

THREE O'CLOCK—The stock market was heavy in the morning, with fractional declines in a few stocks, and entirely without feature during the afternoon. Bonds were dull and featureless.

	Closing Saturday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	59	53¾
Central Pacific	31¾	31¾
Chicago, Bur. & Q	129	128¾
Delaware & Hudson	110⅝	110
Del. Lack. & West	131⅛	130¾
Erie	27½	26¾
Erie, pref	64	62
Lake Shore	92⅜	91⅝
Louis. & Nash	60⅜	59¾
Michigan Central	83	81¼
Missouri Pacific	86	85
New Jersey Central	80⅛	80⅝
New York Central & Hud	108	107¾
New York & New Eng	38⅛	37⅜
Northwestern	108⅞	108⅝
Oregon Navigation	93¼	93½
Pacific Mail	36⅜	37
Reading	67½	66⅝
Rock Island	112⅝	113
St. Paul	77	76¼
Union Pacific	57	56⅝
Western Union	78¾	78¼

PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat—Market quiet. No. 1 red, 92¾c.a c.; extra red, 91 c.a c.; No. 2 red, 89½c.a89¾c.; in elevator, 89¼c.a90 c. delivered; No. 3 87½c.a c.; state white, 92¾c.a c.; No. 1 white 92 c.a c.

February, c.; March, 89⅝c.; April, 90¾ c.; May, 91¾c. June, 91¾c.; December, 93¾c.

Corn—Market quiet. No. 2, at 60 c.; in elevator and 59½c. delivered; No. 3, 58½c.a58¾ c., and steamer, 59½c.a c., elevator, 60c.

February, 61 c.; March, 59½c.; May, 59½; June, 59 c.

Oats—Market quiet. No. 1 white, 42¾c. No. 2 white, 40 c.a41½c.; No. 3 white, 39 c.a40 c. No. 1 mixed, 40 c. No. 1 mixed, 38½c.a c. No. 2 mixed, 38½c.; rejected, 37 c. No. 2 Chicago, 39¾c.

February, c.; March, 38 c.; May, 38 c. May, 37⅞c.

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market steady. Creamery—Eastern, —c.a—c.; western, 25 c.a28 c. Elgin, 28 c.a 31c.; imitation, 21 c.a24 c. Dairy—Eastern, half-firkin tubs, 24 c.a27 c.; eastern, Welsh tubs, 20 c.a25.; eastern firkins, 19 c.a23 c.; eastern dairies, complete, 20 c.a25 c.; western 18cc.a23c. Factory—Fresh, 18c.a23c.

Cheese—Market steady. Factory—New York, cheddar, 12 c.a12¾c.; western, flat, 11¼c.a11¾c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 6 c.a10 c., skims, 1 c.a1¾; state skims, 2 c.a5c.

Eggs—Market steady. Fresh—Eastern firsts, 23 c.; southern firsts, 22 c.a23 c.; western firsts, 22 c.a22½. Limed—Eastern firsts, 13½c.; western firsts, 14 c.a15 c.; Canadian firsts, 13½c.a14½c.; imported, 15 c.a20 c.

A BUSY DAY IN CONGRESS.

A LARGE NUMBER OF BILLS UPON VARIOUS SUBJECTS.

Secretary Endicott's Report on the Battle Flags—The President's Message—Mr. Cumming's Draw-Back Bill, Etc.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Secretary Endicots has made a report regarding the celebrated battle flag order. He gives his reasons for hiding the flags in a garret in the War Department, by saying that the law required only foreign captured battle flags to be kept where the public can see them. He gives a brief statement about the flags in possession of the department by saying that of the whole number captured and deposited with the department, 236 were United States flags originally captured by Confederates and recaptured from them, and 544 were Confederate flags taken by the United States troops, making a total of 780.

When received they were deposited in a vacant attic room of a building on Seventeenth street occupied by the clerks of the Adjutant General's office. In 1867 the superintendent of buildings without instructions, as far as can be ascertained, had them removed to his office, where a few were placed upon the walls and the remainder upon shelves or in pigeon holes. At this time an inventory of these flags was entered in a book in which was also entered a description and brief history of the capture of those that could be indentified as belonging to particular organizations.

They remained there until the latter part of 1874. The Secretary then goes on to say that while some of the Confederate flags have since been given to the companies or regiments capturing them, no flags have passed out of the custody of the department that were in such custody when he assumed charge of the department. The order to return them and the order revoking it are given and the statement is made that no flags were actually returned under the first order.

Chairman Bland of the Committee on Postoffices and Postroads introduced an elaborate bill, changing the classification and salaries of postmasters and rearranging the whole basis of their service.

The force of postmasters is divided into three classes. The first, those whose offices have receipts of $30,000 or over; the second, those between $15,000 and $30,000, all others comprising the third class. The President appoints the first and second class, while the third one is appointed by the Postmaster General, and hold their offices during his pleasure.

The salary of the Postmaster at New York is fixed at $8,000, Washington $5,000, and all other salaries are scheduled on the amount of recipts, running from $30,000, with a salary of $2,500, to $6,0,000 and upward, with a salary of $6,000.

The second class offices are arranged in the same way, running from $2,1,0 receipts, with a salary of $1,0,0 to $30,000, with a salary of $2,4,0. Third class postmasters receive salaries on a similar scale, based, however, on the business of their respective offices, sales of stamps, etc., and clerical service, and other allowances are provided for first and second class offices.

Among the papers introduced in the Senate yesterday were petitions from Hudson, Cortland and Alpine, N. Y., in favor of the Per Diem Pension bill, petitions from wool growers of Michigan and Trempelau, Wis., asking for the passage of the schedule of wool duties arranged at the conference of growers, manufacturers and dealers at their meeting here in January; a petition from the West Branch lumbermen's Executive Committee of Pennsylvania against the petition which Mr. Mills refused to listen to or consider in the House, and a petition from the New York Produce Exchange in favor of an international marine conference regarding the safety of life at sea.

The New York Board of Aldermen also sent a petition asking for the refunding of money raised by the city to assist the Government in carrying on the war. They show that in 1861 a mass meeting at Cooper Institute decided to give the Government $1,000,000 raised by the issue of city bonds and that the interest on that amount to date is $1,307,0-0.52. From this amount they take $104,429.79, which has been refunded, and ask that the Government refund the balance of $2,292,659.73.

A bill was introduced by Representative Cummings to amend the statutes relating to the allowance of drawback on exports of domestic manufactures. It provides that articles manufactured in the United States wholly of imported materials and exported, there shall be a duty equal to the duties paid on the materials used and no more. In case any part of an article so manufactured and exported be made wholly from imported materials and be so distinctly separate from the other part or parts of the article that its measure or quantity may be ascertained, a drawback shall be allowed on that part equal to the duties paid on the materials used in its manufacture and no more. On gunpowder made from imported saltpetre exported, there shall be allowed a drawback equal to the duty paid on the imported saltpetre and no more.

Mr. Felix Campbell also introduced a bill on the same subject and to the same effect.

There was ungovernable curiosity manifested on the Republican side when the President's message transmitting the Fisheries Treaty was received by the Senate. Senator Frye, of Maine, was so impatient he followed the messenger immediately to the Vice President's desk and had the envelope opened. He was the first to read the document. Senator Teller and then half a dozen others came up. There was a short conference on the floor later between these gentlemen and some earnest talk.

The Senate sat for over an hour in executive session discussing the treaty and the President's recommendation that it be given to the public at once. Senator Edmunds is said to have insisted that the treaty take the regular course, and this sent it over for a day. The prom se is, however, that it will be made public to-day.

Representative Heard has introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution, article 2, providing that "the executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America, who shall hold his office during a term of eight years, and shall be ineligible for re-election."

Many Deaths in Shaffer's Family.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa., Feb. 21.—Isaac Shaffer, of this place, received a telegram one day last week announcing the death of a sister in Bellefonte. While he and his wife were getting ready to go to the funeral Mr. Shaffer was informed by telegraph of the death of a brother in Hallidaysburg. Mr. and Mrs. Shaffer attended the sister's funeral, and were about starting for Hallidaysburg to attend the brother's funeral when a third telegram brought the news to Mr. Shaffer of the death of another brother in Baltimore.

PARTIAL RESUMPTION

A PORTION OF THE MINERS RETURN TO THEIR WORK.

The Same Scale of Wages to Be Paid. Dissatisfied With the Order—Refusing to Work at St. Clair.

READING, Feb 21—Affairs among the striking miners of the Schuylkill regions were in a complicated state last night. After an idleness of seven weeks, they get Master Workman Lewis's orders to go back to work. The result is that about one-half of the Reading Company's collieries were in operation and the strikers who contemplated going back to work at the remainder are in an unsettled state

Men who have resumed and men who are still on strike say that the company has induced them to go back to work by a trick and that Mr. Lewis was a party to it. They now feel that Mr. Lewis has made a complete and unconditional surrendder. Immediately upon returning to the collieries yesterday the strikers found themselves confronted by rules in substance as follows:

The striking miners and laborers would be taken back unconditionally, but the company could not guarantee in all cases to restore the men to their old positions, as in some cases, where the collieries had been running, these places had been taken by other men. The engineers who remained on duty after the strike began, and who were suspended for refusing to do work outside of their legitimate duty, and whose places were supplied by others, will be taken back as soon as the company can find places for them.

Engineers who remained on duty after the strike began and who refused to obey orders in the line of their legitimate duties and for that disebedience of orders were discharged from the company's service, will not be taken on again in any event The country does not regard them as strikers bacause they did not go out as strikers, but remained on duty and refused to obey orders which the company deemed necessary for the preservation of its property.

Before noon there was already an open revolt among some of the men. In accordance with the stringent rules the officials began making discrimination at some of the collieries of men who have shown themselves most active in the strike. There was a general dismissal of engineers and others who refused to hoist or handle coal during the late effort to work the collieries with non-union labor. Engineers and others were so discharged at the West Shenandoah, Shenandoah City, Turkey, Run and Kohinoor and other collieries. This greatly incensed the miners and some few stopped work. Last night Shenandoah was filled by an excited body of men. Mr. Lewis may be asked to order a new strike, but it will never be generally obeyed. Some are satisfied to remain at work, while others favor joining the striking railroaders, and this division shows that the strikers are hopelessly beaten.

In some portions of the Schuylkill regions the men are still out. This is true around Tremont and in the Heckscherville Valley, where the men at Richardson, Thomaston, Glendower and other collieries refused to go to work. Around St. Clair the mine hands refused to go to work. Around Mahanoy City, Shamokin, Locust Gap, Frackville, Shenandoah, Ashland and Pottsville, the men were generally at work. This was the situation last night. The railroaders led by John L. Lee, are still trying to stir up the dissatisfied.

Mr. Lewis says: "The men have not backed down, but on the contrary they have secured a recognition of organized labor and a full understanding that a fair conference shall be held on the question of an advance of wages."

Nevertheless no conference about wages has been arranged for, and the company refuses to receive committees of workingmen for this purpose.

Yesterday every individual colliery which has been paying the advance knocked off this increase and announced that they would only pay the old wages.

THAT NAIL COMBINATION.

Several Factories Shutting Down in Order to Maintain Prices.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 21.—The effect of the great nail combination in the East is becoming perceptible in this district. Zug & Co. are not making nails at present. It was reported yesterday that Chess, Cook & Co. and the Etna Iron and Steel Works at Newcastle propose to shut down in order to maintain prices, which are now $1.90 and two cents off. Jones & Laughlin have shipped about forty thousand kegs this year to their Chicago warehouse from this city to find a market for their products.

Pittsburg possesess an immunity from all outside competition. The price is so low here prevents either factories in the eastern part of the State or at Wheeling from shipping into this market. The estimated stock throughout the country is nearly one million kegs, of which the Eastern Association has 550,000 and the Western 340,000 kegs. The Western Association has in it twenty-two tactories, but two of these are not making nails and have been not for some time.

CINCINNATI'S BANK TROUBLES.

Cashier Hopkins Will Be Sentenced—Miss Holmes to Regain Her Liberty.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 21.—Judge Sage has overruled the motion of Benjamin E. Hopkin's counsel for a new trial and an arrest of judgment. He will be sentenced as soon as he is able to appear in court. Hopkins is very ill and says he will never leave the jail alive.

The indictment against Eugene Zimmerman, a director of the defunct Fidelity Bank, was nolled last Saturday.

Broker Wiltshire's indictment will be nolled and Miss Josie Holmes will regain her liberty.

This ends the prosecution against the Fidelity offenders.

Waterlogged Off Stormy Hatteras.

CAPE MAY, N. J., Feb.—Yesterday afternoon the crew of the schooner Edward G. Taulane, which was found waterlogged and abandoned off Cape Hatteras on the 17th, were landed here by the bark Crown Jewel, having been taken off the shipwrecked vessel a short while after its discovery.

Mayor Hewitt Reduces Wages.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 21.—The heaters, puddlers, roughers, strikers in, hook runners and other employes of the iron works controlled by Mayor Hewitt, of New York, have been notified of a reduction of ten per cent. in wages all round. They take the news calmly and will accept the reduction.

A Self-Confessed Incendiary.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 16.—John McLaughlin charged with arson in setting fire to his dwelling and grocery store in Germantown recently with intent to defraud insurance companies, pleaded guilty, and was sentencd to four years and six months in the Eastern Penitentiary.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 17, 1888.

Allen, G B Mr	Meads, Betty
Anderson, R S	Opdyke, Henry Mrs
Brown, Dinny H	Pettinger, Wm Rev
Cuvillo, Luigi	Person, Matta Miss
Dean, Wm Mrs	Proudfit, David L
Ellis, Mr & Mrs	Randolph, Louis F Mrs
Gearout, A	Spicer, C E
Johnson, Lizzie Miss	Snell, Lizzie Miss
McCrystel, Alice Miss	Van Horne, Mr L E
Madden, Thomas	Wright, Agnes Mrs
Myers, L Miss	Watkins, E M

persons calling for above please say advertised.
W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

TO LET—House corner of Warren and Race streets, North Plainfield. Also rooms in house on Manning avenue. Apply to D. H. Thickstun, 37 Central avenue.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—New House, 9 Rooms, Barn, Large grounds, on East Front street, opposite J. T. Johnson's place. Rent $27.50 per month. Price to sell $4,500. Terms easy. Apply to M. M. Thorn.

STORE FIXTURES.—For sale at a Bargain. Counters, Shelving, &c., complete for a large store. Nearly new; worth $250; will sell for $150. Apply to C. E. Clarke, 22 North Av. 2-18-tf

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P. V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were *no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had*, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use: in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORB. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

Y. M. C. A. SERIES.

THIRD CONCERT BY THE **New York Philharmonic Club.**

MR. WHITNEY MOCKRIDGE, TENOR.

Stillman Music Hall,

TO-NIGHT !

At 8:15 o'clock.

Tickets at Reynolds' Pharmacy. Reserved Seat Tickets for 3d and 4th Concerts, $1 50. Single Admission, with Reserved Seat, $1. 2-20-2

SAM SMALL.

"From the Bar-room to the Pulpit !"

At Reform Hall,

TO-NIGHT !

RESERVED SEATS, - - 25 CENTS.

DOORS OPEN 7:15.

Tickets for sale at Reynolds' and Shaw's Drug Stores. 2-13-18-20

Report of the Condition OF THE City National Bank,

At Plainfield, in the State of New Jersey, at the close of business,

FEBRUARY 14th, 1888.

RESCOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$287,762 33
Overdrafts	1,700 52
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	70,000 00
Other bonds	2,000 00
Due from approved reserve agents	59,523 08
Due from other National Banks	672 04
Due from State Banks and bankers	30,049 95
Furniture and Fixtures	2,000 00
Checks and other cash items	2,155 86
Bills of other banks	385 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	125 71
Specie	9,003 00
Legal tender notes	13,706 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (five per cent of circulation)	3,150 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than per cent redemption fund	1,130 00
Total	$483,363 49

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$150,000 00
Surplus fund	20,000 00
Undivided profits	5,691 00
National Bank notes outstanding	63,000 42
Dividends unpaid	1,180 50
Individual deposits subject to check	234,381 83
Demand certificates of deposit	4,778 84
Cashier's checks outstanding	260 50
Due to other National Banks	3,282 96
Due to State Banks and bankers	787 44
Total	$483,363 49

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, } ss.
COUNTY OF UNION, }

I, F. H. Gardner, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. F. H. GARDNER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of February 1888. J. C. POPE, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
CHARLES HYDE,
E. R. POPE, } Directors.
JAS. T. CLASSON,

MUST BE SOLD

Before MARCH 1st,

Our entire Stock of

Millinery and Fancy Goods!

Bargains in

DRESS BUTTONS, RIBBONS, LACES, RUCHINGS, HATS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, SATINS, VELVETS, EMBROIDERIES, WORSTEDS, YARNS, CANVAS AND FANCY ARTICLES.

J. H. Honeyman & Co.,

NEXT TO POST OFFICE. 2-10-14

-SKATING-

—AT—

"THE CRESCENT,"

Plainfield, N. J.

FEBRUARY 22,

AFTERNOON AND EVENING. 2-16-6

MUSIC HALL !

Wednesday Evening, February 22,

[WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.]

Owing to sudden illness of Miss Kellogg, she has cancelled engagements everywhere, and the *GREAT HUNGARIAN PRIMA DONNA*,

ILMA DE MURSKA,

and her Company, were last night substituted. The only prima donna who ever received as many as 14 recalls before the curtain.

Seats on sale commencing Tuesday morning, Feb. 14, at the Pharmacies of J. G. Miller and Field & Randolph. *No Advance in Prices.* 2-11-9

MUSIC HALL.

One Night Only.

Friday Evening, Feb'y 24th.

ABBEY'S

Double Mammoth Spectacular

Uncle Tom's Cabin

COMPANY.

2 - Uniformed Brass Bands - 2

White and Colored, and the great and only *MYSTIC QUARTETTE*—the only DOUBLE COMPANY IN EXISTENCE.

A laugh for every minute—smiles and tears blended together. Two comical, ludicrous musical Marks. A pack of ferocious, man-hunting blood-hounds.

Kate Partington, the world-renowned Topsy. Gracie Peck, the beautiful and phenomenal child actress, as Eva. Gus T. Wallace, earth's greatest Uncle Tom. Engaged for this season, the only genuine "South Carolina Jubilee Singers and Plantation Troubadors"; the æsthetic trained donkey Leon; the smallest Shetland pony in the world. A street parade given at 12 o'clock.

Popular prices of admission—35, 50 and 75cts. Reserved seats now on sale at Field & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's drug stores. 2-20-4

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.

P. O. Box 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

A. F. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.

WARDEN & FOWLER,

Wholesale and Retail

CONFECTIONERS,

NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,

between North ave. and Second street,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-10-tf

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,

Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,

Gold and Silver Jewelry,

—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN !

AT DOANE'S,

9 PARK AVENUE. 12-16-tf

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

PAYING 7 PER CENT.

ANNUALLY, NEGOTIATED BY THE

HAMILTON LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,

(Incorporated.)

Semi-Annual Coupon Bonds running five years Interest and principal payable at the office of

BROWN BROTHERS & CO., N. Y.

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E. C. DAVIDSON, Vice-Pres't Hamilton L. & T. Co. Kearney, Nebraska.
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Gen. JOHN M. THAYER, Gov. State of Nebraska, Lincoln, Nebraska.
W. P. ALDRICH, Empire Print Works, New York City.
J. L. HUEY, Cashier Arkansas City Bank, Arkansas City, Kan.
PETER REED, Dundee Dye and Print Works, Passaic, N. J.
F. W. POPPLE, Vice-Pres't Hamilton L. & T. Co., 150 Broadway, New York City.
JOHN N. BEACH, of Teift, Weller & Co., New York City.
MOSES E. WORTHEN, Manhattan Print Works, New York City.
F. Y. ROBERTSON, Cashier First National Bank, Kearney, Nebraska.
JOHN T. GRANGER, Treasurer F. W. & D. C. R. R., 1 Broadway, New York City.

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CRAIG A. MARSH, Attorney,

Corner Front and Somerset Sts.,

PLAINFIELD, N. J. 2-2-3meow

PECK'S CORNER.

LOOK at New White Goods

AT

PECK'S

We Claim Nothing

Except that we have our Goods made by the *LEADING MANUFACTURERS.*

THEY ARE GOOD GOODS !

We keep the *STYLES, SIZES* and *WIDTHS.* We *QUOTE NO PRICES IN NEWSPAPERS*, but the

Prices are all RIGHT, and we keep the STOCK.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

[THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE,]

22 WEST FRONT STREET. 10my

C. FRANK FRENCH,

69 SOMERSET ST.,

Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box* 1,062.

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FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.

Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

THE SHAWMUT.

Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*

TRY IT!

Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm. 1-30 tf

GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE. 10-29-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST. 12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.

21 *WEST FRONT STREET. PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m, to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only.* Telephone Call 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

12-2-tf PROPRIETORS.

100 DOZEN

Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons

To hire for *FESTIVALS AND PARTIES*,

At Collier's, 3 Park Avenue,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER AND ENGRAVER.

Established, 19 *YEARS.* N. B.—NO BOTCHING. 1-14-tf

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

[Successor to T. J. Carey,]

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT St.,

Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

YOU

CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR ?

TRY

DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL

AT

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods

Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price. 12-21-tf

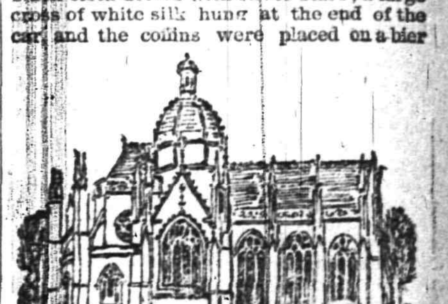
NAPOLEON'S TOMB.

The Late Emperor's Last Resting-Place in the Mausoleum at Farnborough.

EUGENIE.

According to the wish of the late Emperor Napoleon his remains and those of the Prince Imperial have been removed from Chislehurst to Farnborough, where they were placed in a mausoleum built by the Empress Eugenie. The Empress desired to erect a mausoleum at Chislehurst, but was unable to secure the ground necessary. On the first week in January, on the fifteenth anniversary of the Emperor's death, the body of the unfortunate sovereign and that of his equally unfortunate son, were carried on two gun-carriages, by an escort of royal artillerymen from Woolwich, from their resting-place in the chapel of St. Mary's at Chislehurst, to the station, and under charge of Monsignor Goddard, and the Empress' loyal friends, Marquis de Bassano and M. Pietri, were placed on the cars and taken to Farnborough.

The mortuary car was hung inside with black cloth dotted with silver stars; a large cross of white silk hung at the end of the car, and the coffins were placed on a bier



THE FARNBOROUGH MAUSOLEUM.

running the whole length of the car and covered with violet cloth. Candles in silver sconces lighted the dark interior, and Monsignor Goddard and the escort entering the car, the doors were closed, and the special car was on its way. In an hour Farnborough was reached, where another escort of royal artillery was in waiting. A large box of wreaths sent by friends of the unfortunate royal family from Paris was opened and the coffins were entirely covered by them. Again the coffins were placed on the long, smooth, shining brass guns, and with an escort of eight mounted artillerymen, their drawn sabres glittering in the sunlight, the sad procession made its way through the village over the fir-crowned hill to the great white mausoleum. Here Father Ambrose and Father Vilord, chaplains at Aldershot, conducted simple services at the re-interment.

The Empress is rapidly ageing, and is already an old woman before her time. Her misfortunes have weighed heavily upon her. Few women in this century have undergone greater trials. The overthrow of the empire, the death of her husband, the slaughter of her darling son under the assegais of South African savages, were afflictions enough to almost unsettle her intellect. She lives a very quiet, sad life, giving her thoughts almost entirely to her dead. Her only diversion has been to minister faithfully to the poor of Chislehurst. In her new home at Farnborough this will still form a large part of her life.

NATURAL GAS.

What It Did Some Hundred Years Ago in China—A Possible Lake.

The old saying "that there's nothing new under the sun" seems to be true about natural gas, which is regarded as such a remarkable modern discovery. It has been recently learned that the Chinese used natural gas in the far interior of China seven hundred years ago, and indeed there seems to be a vague, almost pre-historic tradition that to natural gas China owes one of the most terrible disasters in all her history. The story goes, that after a large district, somewhere in the region of Thibet, had used natural gas for purposes of heat and illumination many years, there resulted from the exhaustion of the gas from the bowels of the earth a mighty collapse and sinking of the earth, by which hundreds of thousands of people perished, and a large inland sea was formed which is to-day the only evidence of the awful cataclysm.

A member of the United States Geological Survey says that the same thing may happen in this country. It is quite as possible, said he, as ever it was in China, and is likely to come sooner, because the consumption of natural gas is so much greater with us. There are now in use in Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Ohio something like two thousand gas wells of all sizes. The average

MAP OF POSSIBLE LAKE.

bore for gas supplies is six inches in diameter. You can imagine what a drain a thousand of these must be on the subterranean reservoir of gas when you remember that they are flowing both night and day for both heating, lighting, and manufacturing purposes. There are in the Allegheny Valley gas jets as large around as a man's body that have been burning twenty years; belching forth a terrible blast of flame from forty to fifty feet high, and burning day and night casting a light for miles around. Every day or two you hear of new gas wells being fired. If ever such a collapse should occur it may take one or two States out of the Union and we should be obliged to reconstruct the geography of the Ohio valley. Undoubtedly a large lake would be formed, coming in part from Lake Erie and the Ohio river. If ever such a calamity does occur John Sherman and old Pop Paine will have to resign their seats in the Senate and go west to higher ground.

J. A. T.

Kentucky to the Rescue.

"Will you kindly direct me to the bar," said a commercial traveler to a Des Moines hotel clerk.

"The bar is closed, sir," replied the clerk. "This is a temperance house."

"You don't say so?"

"Yes, sir; I don't believe you can buy a drink in the city."

"Is that a fact?"

"Yes, sir."

"Have you any Kentucky men in the house?"

"Oh, yes; four or five."

"Just ring the bell and have a boy trot my card to one of them; I don't care which. I can surely catch on with one of them."

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

BY THE WAY.

—The Rev. Dr. Talmage's sermon on our fourth page today.

—Washington's Birthday was quietly observed in this city yesterday.

—The Forty Hours' Devotion which began in St. Joseph's church on Sunday, came to an end on Tuesday morning.

—Dr. Green will give a free lecture in Reform Hall this evening on "The Effects of Alcohol on the Human System." The lecture will be accompanied by stereopticon views, and an invitation is extended to all.

—The assemblage of merry skaters at The Crescent, last evening, was favored with an exhibition of skating by a lady and gentleman visiting this city, that has never been excelled in grace and skill on the surface of any rink.

—An extra edition of THE PRESS, Saturday evening, announced the passage by the House at Trenton, of the Local Option bill. This was the only paper in the State that published the news on that day. Now is the time to subscribe.

—Street Commissioner Angleman has been taking advantage of the mild weather and most of the streets in the business portion of the city have been scraped and leveled off. As soon as the weather will permit, more of the public thoroughfares will be gone over.

—A delegation of Amoskeag Council, No. 25, O. A. F., of this city, attended the meeting of Henry Farrier Council, O.A.F., of Jersey City, on Tuesday evening. Those who attended from this city were, A. Saltzman, E. Mosher, F. Gleanzer, J. Cooney and J. Gable.

—One of the strangest of the many strange things in a theatrical way, is the hold that the time-worn drama of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" has upon the masses. Abbey's Double Company appear again in the play at Music Hall, to-morrow evening, and a large audience will doubtless be attracted.

—The meeting at the "Y" rooms last Tuesday afternoon, was, as usual, full of interest. Quarterly reports were read and a parlor entertainment, to which the public will soon be invited, was considered. A sewing circle was also organized, to meet for the first time on Tuesday afternoon, March 6, at four o'clock.

The Entertainment of the Plainfield Gesang and Turn Verein.

This affair of Tuesday evening was a grand success in every way and most enjoyable, as the demonstration of the audience proved by their continual demand for encores which were graciously acceded to by the gentlemanly members and artists of the above association. The audience consisted of the *elite* of the German society of Plainfield with a congenial mixture of all nationalities. The programme was fully carried out and consisted of exercises in athletics, vocalisms and dramatics by members of the various sections of the mother society. The entertainment was a strictly private affair, no one being admitted without an invitation for which the inviting member was responsible; notwithstanding which the hall was crowded to its fullest capacity. Prof. Hasselmann the musical director of the Saengerbund certainly deserves a great deal of credit for his patience and perseverance as the results of the evening's entertainment showed by the appreciation of those present.

If any features of the programme should be specially commended, they are the clever acts of Capt. George Laible, the athletes, and a sketch that was only too short in which Messrs. H. Haurand, E. Marx and H. Klinsman were very entertaining. The *Neger Standchen*—which is German for a negro song-and-dance—was omitted as one of the members was too timid to black-up.

"Reminiscences of the Allegory"

Is the name given to the reception tendered to those who took part in the recent allegory, at Assembly Hall on Tuesday evening. Over one hundred young people were present, many of them in full dress. Music for promenading and dancing was furnished by Orlando of New York City, and Ramonetti of this city, furnished the supper. After the grand march and a waltz or two, toasts were responded to as follows, Mr. Will Runyon acting in the capacity of toastmaster: Fred Newman, "The Indian;" Howard Huntington, "Columbus;" Charles Frost, "Pilgrim Chaplain;" Smith Brothers, "Bummers." The brothers sang some songs, and were heartily encored. Miss West responded to "Pioneer Mother;" Bert Peck to "Washington." Miss Holmes was called upon, but she did not respond, and a letter of regret was read from Miss Bowers, who was unable to attend. Miss Julia E. Bulkley, the Principal, was called upon, but she concluded not to respond. During the evening general sociability prevailed and adjournment was made about 2 a. m., yesterday, after some college songs were sung. The Invitation Committee was composed of the following persons: Miss Emma E. West, Miss Kate Potter, Mr. Fred B. Newman and Mr. Will N. Runyon.

The Philharmonic Concert.

There have been good concerts in Plainfield before, but never a better one of its kind than that of Tuesday night. From first to last the programme was most satisfactory, the players were in good form and the audience appreciative. The opening number (Symphonic No. 3, Haydn) was delightfully given in all its movements, and at once put the people in a receptive mood for Mr. Mockridge's Romanza, a selection from "Aida." This gentleman has never before appeared in Plainfield, but his performance bore out all the promises made for him. Possessed of a smooth, powerful voice and an excellent method, he sang with much feeling and with perfect ease. In response to a persistent recall, he gave a song by Fay, "Tell her I love her so."

The third number, Liszt's Rhapsodie Hongrois, No. 2, displayed the superb instrumentation of the club, and was full of charming contrasts of tone and time. Perhaps the enthusiasm of the audience reached its climax, however, with the last exquisite strains of Mr. Arnold's violin solo (airs Hongrois, Ernst), in which the artist was at his best.

Following this came a beautiful gavotte and serenade, with flute obligato by Mr. Weiner. The contrast between the light and lively touch of the gavotte and the tender sentiment of the serenade, was very delightful.

Mr. Mockridge's pure, vibrant tones were shown in rendering Balfe's well-known "Come into the garden, Maude," and won for him another determined encore. Throughout the evening the pleasure of the audience was very evident, and the Philharmonics have plainly strengthened their hold upon our people.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mr. George Thatcher, the greatest of all minstrels, writes for THE PRESS a most entertaining letter anent Miss Kellogg's failure to materialize in Plainfield. It will appear in these columns to-morrow.

Mrs. O. B. Whitford, wife of Elder Whitford of Westerly, R. I., and Mr. C. H. Stanton, who were the delegates from that place to the Seventh Day church anniversary in this city, left on their return home this morning. During their visit here they have been the guests of Mrs. C. A. Potter.

Mr. John Ellsworth Danielson, M. D., and Miss Mamie E. Maxwell, both of Brooklyn, were married last evening at the residence of the bride's parents on Woodbine street. The groom is one of Brooklyn's rising young physicians, and the bride is a niece of Mrs. A. L. Force of North Plainfield, at whose residence on Duer street, Dr. and Mrs. Danielson arrived today to spend a happy honeymoon.

At the Welsh Holiday Festival in New York city, yesterday, the most interesting and enjoyable feature of the programme was the vocal contest between the Courtney male quartette of New York and a quartette of Plymouth, Pa,, for a prize of $20 offered by W. A. Pond & Co., for the best singing of Holden's "Flower of Liberty." The Courtney quartette, of which Mr. Elmer E. Runyon of this city was one, were awarded the prize.

The Mass Meeting Deputation.

The deputation which will represent the late temperance mass meeting before the Common Council on Monday evening next, is made up of men who represent the best citizens and the highest interests of our city. The words of such a deputation must carry weight with all thoughtful men. The deputation will be:

A. H. Lewis.	W. B. Ostrom,
J. D. Yerkes,	J. W. Jackson,
Mason W. Tyler,	A. M. Powell,
Jacob Kirkner,	P. P. VanArsdale.

Accident at Westfield.

The tender of the engine attached to the Philadelphia express train which arrives in this city at 11:44 a. m., daily, jumped the track at the Westfield crossing yesterday, but fortunately none of the passenger cars left the track. The train run some distance before the engineer could get it under control. Another engine was substituted for the disabled one, and the train reached this city about a half hour late.

G. A. R. Notice.

Comrades of Post 73 are requested to assemble at Post Headquarters, Friday morning, Feb. 24, at 8 o'clock, fully uniformed, to act as escort to the remains of our late Comrade Col. Thos. Rafferty of Lincoln Post, No. 13, Dept. New York.

By order
JAMES M. ATWOOD, Com'r.

Official:
WM ADDIS, Adjt.

Injured at Fanwood.

Chas. Godown, a carpenter from Flemington, engaged by Mr. John Bodine of this city, in the construction of a new dwelling house for the Central New Jersey Land Improvement Company at Fanwood, slipped on an ice-covered block, yesterday morning, and falling sustained a severe sprain of the ankle. A physician dressed the wound, after which the injured man was taken to his home.

1884-1888.

FOURTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE REFORM CLUB.

Appropriate Exercises Held in Reform Hall Las Evening—Followed by a Collation.

Yesterday was the anniversary of the birth of Gen. George Washington, the father of this country. It was also a memorable event on account of its being the fourth anniversary of the organization of the Plainfield Reform Club, and the event was celebrated in an appropriate manner at Reform Hall last evening. During the day Mr. John Linbarger, a worthy member of the Club, tastefully decorated the hall with flags and bunting, and stands of cut flowers and potted callas from the conservatory of Mrs. John Lindsay, were neatly arranged about the pulpit platform, emitting a delightful fragrance. The music for the occasion was in charge of Freeholder Vanderbeek, and the addition of a cornetist, in the person of Mr. Wm. Stevenson, who has kindly volunteered his services in the future, was an attractive feature. A beautiful steel engraving of Gen. George Washington, in whose honor the day was observed, occupied a prominent position on the platform, while from the arch above was suspended a glaring red banner, with the following inscription in gilt letters: "P. R. C—Dare to Do Right"—the motto of the Reform Club. President French presided and announced for the opening a hymn "Bye-and-bye. Rev. Mr. Honeyman, the Club's chaplain, read the 118th Psalm, and led in prayer. "Columbia," a solo and chorus by Mr. Vanderbeek and choir, was then sung, after which President French stated that it was expected that Mrs. Opdyke, President of the local W. C. T. U., would be present, so as to show that there was no division between the W. C. T. U. and the Club. Mrs. Opdyke, however, was detained at home by the sudden illness of her mother, and although she was not present in person, her heart was with the Club. He further stated that the anniversary was of a jubilee nature; there is no discord in the Club, he said, and nothing but harmony prevails among its officers; the glorious work carried on for the past four years, he said, he hoped would be carried on for years to come; the sentiments expressed by the Club, have resulted in its popularity; no man comes on the Reform Club platform, muzzled; all are free to express their opinion. In concluding he said, we are now on the eve of a new dawn, when no saloons will be permitted and licensed by the Council.

Mr. Wm. H. Sampson followed, and alluded to the Hall as a memorial of God's help to the Club. Rev. E. M. Rodman was next introduced by President French, as "one whose views on temperance are already known." The reverend doctor said he was thankful for that sort of an introduction, for it had been intimated that the members of the Club had a crow to pick with him, on account of an assertion he made in Music Hall on Monday evening. He creditably vindicated himself, even if his remarks extended over the alloted time.

Messrs. John H. Cuthbert, Editor Wm. J. Leonard, Judge Harper, Rev. W. E. Honeyman and Capt. Wm. B. Ostrom, each spoke in the order named, and Dr. H. H. Lowrie submitted the following resolutions, designed to present to the Council on Monday evening, which were unanimously adopted:

Memorial to the Common Council: Gentlemen:

The Plainfield Reform Club assembled to celebrate its fourth anniversary, and remembering the work it has done and is doing to rescue men from the evils of intemperance, desires to utter its protest against the granting of any liquor licenses asked for. And it begs the Hon. Common Council to aid it to this extent by removing from our city the temptations which the open saloon ever presents to those who are addicted to strong drink, as well as to our young men who may as yet be untouched by the evil.

H. H. LOWRIE,
H. N. SPENCER,
A. VANDERBEEK,
JAS. MCGEE,
GEO. T. BROWN.
Ex. Com.

The audience then adjourned to the basement where refreshments were served by the ladies of the W. C. T. U.

"Detective Murphy" in Trouble.

It was reported on the street today that Edwin S. Worsley, alias "Murphy the Informer," met a Plainfield man in a West street saloon, New York, last evening, and "Murphy" began to brag of his knowledge of certain information that would result in sending several other Plainfielders to State Prison for a long term, including the man he was talking to. A row ensued, and it is alleged "Murphy" threatened to put a ball through the Plainfield man. "Murphy" was promptly knocked down, and then kicked for falling. A policeman arrested him, and today it is said he was committed for 30 days for threatening to shoot.

—German classes at the Y. M. C. A., this evening.

Sam Small at Reform Hall.

On Tuesday evening last, Reform Hall was comfortably filled, the occasion being the first appearance in our city of Sam Small, the great temperance orator and preacher of Atlanta, Ga. The hall was tastefully decorated through ut. After the singing by the choir of a temperance ode in its usual pleasing manner, under the skillful leadership of Freeholder A. M. Vanderbeek, Dr. Utter introduced Mr. Park of Cranford, President of Prohibition League of Union county, under the direction of which the entire affair was given, who acted as presiding officer. The meeting was not under the auspices or control of the Reform Club.

After singing by the choir "The world is moving on," prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Ketcham. Mr. Park made a few brief remarks as to Prohibition movement, and introduced the speaker of the evening. Mr. Small said that a man was passing through a market and his attention was attracted by glittering cages wherein were confined little song-birds. One of the cages was purchased and a few minutes afterward the door was opened and the bird freed; after a little fluttering it commenced to soar upward, and finally started off toward its mountain home. Cage after cage was purchased, and the little song-birds were all enjoying their freedom. Upon the question being asked as to why he purchased the cages and freed the song-birds he replied that he himself had been similarly situated, and knew what freedom meant. At this point the speaker gave a brief and effective description of the drink habit in himself; how his wife had prevailed upon him with tears in her eyes, and for the sake of their children, to desist and give it up; how the aid of one of Atlanta's Judges had been sought and a printed protest distributed to every saloon keeper in Atlanta, warning them not to sell her husband any accursed rum, but to no avail; how the services of a detective were procured to shadow her husband, but all these did not have the desired effect. Still he kept on. However, in one of his sober moments he had heard that Rev. Sam Jones was going to preach one Sunday in a village near his home, and concluded he would go and hear him. The Sunday came, and with his two children he wended his way to the village. Under the powerful preaching of the Rev. Jones, he was convinced and convicted that he was doing wrong. He returned to his home and continued drinking and carousing for several days trying to stave off his conviction, until finally one bright morning at his home he dropped upon his knees and asked God to have "mercy upon him a sinner." The prayer was answered. His wife could not believe her eyes. One of the children got down upon its knees and put its tiny hands together and said, "I believe that my papa is going to be a better man, for God told me so." For the past twenty-nine months the Lord had kept him, and through His grace he was determined to keep right on. The Speaker was humorous at times, and hearty laughter and applause was accorded his witty sayings. The closing remarks of Mr. Small were pathetic and the audience was held, as it were, spell-bound.

She Was Not a Rhapsodie Hongrois.

Music Hall was filled below stairs by an aristocratic audience, last evening, that was thoroughly entertained by the first appearance in this city of the Hungarian soprano, Mme. de Murska. No artist that has trod our local boards, ever created a greater sensation.

The others who supported the star in a mixed programme of ballad and operatic music without an orchestra, easily outshone her in vocal talent. Mme. Helen Norman possesses a pure contralto voice, rich and mellow, of very good range—going low with full tones, and the higher notes clear. She sang as an *encore*, "Tit for Tat." The tenor, Mr. T. H. Persse, was an easy, pleasing singer, of good even tone though not very powerful. The bass, Mr. Edward Connell, had a remarkably splendid voice, big and well managed. Upon a recall he repeated his selection, Pinsuti's "Bedouin Love Song."

Mme. Ilma de Murska, however, even spoiled the quartette she sang in. She excels Miss Kellogg only in years, and has a voice of clarionet tones exclusively. If she was liked at all, it was in the act from "Trovatore" that closed the programme. In the "Good-Night" quartette from "Martha," Mme. Murska's voice was like a reed-instrument with a beautifully blended accompaniment by the other voices.

Mr. Connell read at the close of the programme—by request and the footlights—a copy of Miss Kellogg's physician's certificate to the effect that she was ill of bronchitis. Mr. Strakosch—who is Miss Kellogg's manager although he is her husband—sent the family's regrets, which was kind, but spoiled it all by congratulating the audience that it had been able to secure so excellent a company to fill the place.

—Another Song Service will be given in Crescent Avenue church, by a choir of twenty-five voices, next Sunday evening at 7.30 o'clock.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

THE LOCAL OPTION BILL PASSED.

TRENTON, Feb. 23—The Local Option Bill which passed the House on Tuesday has just passed the Senate today by a vote of 12 to 6. The bill thus becomes a law, provided the Governor signs it, but the general opinion prevails here that Governor Green will veto it.

THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION TO BE HELD AT ST. LOUIS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23—St. Louis was selected on the second ballot today, as the place of holding the next Democratic National Convention. The date is fixed Tuesday, June 5.

COWLING RELEASED.

ELIZABETH, Feb. 23—Charles Cowling, who was committed to the County Jail from Plainfield, by Justice Nash, on Friday, February 10, on a charge of improper relations with his sister-in-law, Alice Moore, and for refusing to pay $25 cash and to furnish a bond in the sum of $150 to guarantee the payment of $2 weekly, was arraigned before the Court of Special Sessions today. Judge McCormick ordered his release. Cowling immediately took a train for Plainfield.

To The Public.

To enable its patrons to distinguish between such attractions that are produced by the Music Hall Association and those produced on occasions when the hall is rented to others, all newspaper advertisements of the former class of attractions will contain in the upper right hand corner, the initials "M. H. A."

The association is unable to control the advertisements of the latter class of attractions, but will see to it that no misrepresentations pass unnoticed when discovered by or reported to the officers of the association.

The gentleman who rented the hall for Feb. 22d, has declared that the error in advertising "no increase in prices" was an inadvertence. He states that when it was pointed out, he sent a messenger ordering correction. The explanation given was that Miss Kellogg's agent suggested increasing prices to $1.50, as was done when Mrs. Langtry appeared, but after discussion it was decided not to increase to $1.50 but to have the same series of prices as usual, viz., 50, 75 and $1, the only change being to increase the number of $1 seats. He intended to so advertise.

It may be added that the certificate of Miss Kellogg's physician declaring her sudden illness and inability to appear was shown to the officers of the Association.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Secretary.

North Plainfield Township Committee Meeting.

The North Plainfield Township Committee met in Warren engine house last evening, to close up its business for the year. Chairman Amos Vail and Committeemen Harrison Coddington and Rudolphus Fairchild were present. Clerk William D. Craig recorded the doings. The minutes of the last meeting were approved as read. Bills were presented as follows: Warren Engine Co.. rent, $75; W. R. Codington, services as Counsel, $69.50; J. H. Jackson, services, $10; County Clerk Schomp, recording bonds, deeds, etc., $16.25; W. D. Craig, services as Clerk, $44.80; H. N. Spencer, services as Town Clerk, *pro tem*, 23.10; Chas. E. Austin, issuing warrants, $13.60; D. I. Smalley, services Overseer of Poor, $150.75; R. R. Fairchild, services as Committeeman, $50; H. Coddington, services as Committeeman, $50, and $150 for services as Township Treasurer; I. Brokaw, services as Assessor, $394.06; H. N. Spencer, services as Collector, $567.04; D. I. Smalley, poor bill, $1,074.28. All of the above bills were ordered paid, with the exception of the claim of County Clerk Schomp, which was returned to be properly sworn to. The meeting then adjourned subject to a call by the chair.

Real Estate Transfers

In North Plainfied Township, were made on Feb. 1st and 2d, as follows:

Feb. 1—James A. Marsh et ux. to Charles S. Dewey, three lots in North Plainfield, $1,075. Charles S. Dewey to George Codington, same property, $1,075. Elisha Coriell to Jules Stephany, property in North Plainfield, $300. Wm. L. Smalley et ux. to Newton B. Smalley, property in North Plainfield, $5,000, deed dated July 1, 1885. Joseph B. Stone to A. I. and N. B. Smalley, property in North Plainfield, $3,500.

Feb. 2—Edward Eden to W. S. King, interest in property in North Plainfield, $650.

Fined Ten Dollars.

A man from Somerville, was bound to stretch himself out on the newly-painted seats in the waiting room at the depot last evening, and attempted to assault Chief Carey when spoken to by the latter. The Chief promptly arrested him and this morning Judge Suydam fined him ten dollars.

Good Shooting.

The advertised classified sweepstake shooting match for a $300 guaranteed purse on the grounds of the Middlesex Gun Club at Dunellen, yesterday, brought out a large number of pigeon shooters and spectators. The weather was fine and the birds furnished by President Robinson, a good lot. Promptly at 11 o'clock thirteen contestants faced the traps and commenced a trial of skill with the trigger. The scores below will show that some good shooting was done, and the Middlesex Gun Club must be awarded the palm for furnishing as fine an entertainment for pigeon shooters, as came off in the State on Washington's Birthday. Everything passed off pleasantly and quietly. Before, during and after the event of the day (the above-mentioned sweepstake) there were trials of skill at inanimate targets and live birds by those who did not care to enter the big match. Among those present and participants were "Uncle Billy" Siegler, of Montclair, N. J., winner of the first money in the great Long Branch tournament last week; "Pop" Hughes, of Jersey City; genial Fred Quinlin of New York; Al. Bailey, of Asbury Park, President of the Matawan Club; Gus Manitz and Harry Quad of Orange Valley, N. J.; Al. Heritage, (Old South Paw) of the Jersey City Heights Gun Club; Geo. Heft, Germantown, Pa.: J. B. Seifrund, Philadelphia, Pa.; H. Harris, Delair, N. J. As usual, our good natured German fellow citizen, Charley Smith, was the life of the crowd. "Bless the Dutch" was frequently heard when he made a good kill, and it is doubtful if there was a person on the ground that did not regret his loosing his twenty-fourth bird, which fell dead a couple of feet beyond the back dead-line. This shoot has demonstrated the fact that the Middlesex Gun Club can draw a good crowd of good shooters on their grounds at any time. The members know how to cater to those who attend, and make them feel at home. In the near future there will be a team race between members of the Club, in which the champion female shooter, Miss Annie Oakley, will participate. Mr. Williams of Elizabeth, acted in a perfectly satisfactory manner as referee. His decisions were at all times just. Messrs. Hoff and Thomas pulled the traps with fairness. The ever courteous and respected Vice President of the Club, Mr. S. G. Smith, was not present, in consequence of severe sickness. His presence and his 12-gauge Parker was sadly missed. Messrs. "Warry" Squires and J. Neighbor catered to the crowd in a satisfactory manner, by serving them with eatables. Below is given the score of the big sweepstake:

Conditions of match—25 live birds each, $32.50 entrance fee.

Quinlan, 29 yards—2 1 0 1 1 2 0 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 1 0 1 2 0 2 2 1 2 1 1—21.

Jersey, 29 yards—2 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 0 0 2 2 2 1 2 1 1—23.

White, 28 yards—0 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 0 2 1 2 1 1 1—23.

Disbrow, 28 yards—1 1 1 2 1 1 0 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 0 1 1 2 1 2 1 0 1—22.

Manitz, 28 yards—1 2 1 0 1 0 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 1 1 1 0—22

Brady, 28 yards—1 1 2 1 2 1 0 1 2 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 0 1 1 1—22.

Forrest, 27 yards—1 1 1 2 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2—20.

Dickens, 28 yards—0 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 0 2 2 2 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 0 1 0—21.

C. Smith, 28 yards—1 2 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 0 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1—23.

Bailey, 27 yards—1 2 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 0 1 0 2 2 1 2 2 2 0—21.

Yeomans, 28 yards—2 2 2 2 1 0 1 0 2 1 2 0 1 1 0 0 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 1—20.

Siegler, 31 yards—1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 0 2 2 1 1—22.

Hughes, 28 yards—1 1 0 1 1 2 1 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 1 2 0 2 2 1 0 1 1—17.

Figure 2 denotes use of second barrel.

Jersey, White and C. Smith divided first money—40 per cent.

Disbrow, Manitz, Brady and Siegler divided second money—30 per cent.

Quinlan, Dickens and Bailey divided third money—20 per cent.

Forest and Yeomans divided fourth money—10 per cent.

NEW MARKET.

Broad Brim Turns Up Again.

Mr. Horner has sold out his butcher shop and route to Mr. John Haynes, who promises to improve the class of meat supplied at a reduction in price.

The streets are being improved in lighting, Mr. Rogers, Mr. Lloyd Nelson and Mr. Farrier having all placed lamps in front of their premises, much to the convenience of public travel. Next!

The Board of School Trustees met on Saturday evening last, and decided to submit to the ratepayers a proposal to erect a new school house. It is a marvel that the present dilapidated structure has not been condemned by the County Superintendent long ago. It is a disgrace to any community and would not be tolerated in the wild West. If New Market ever takes rank as a suburban resort, she will have to make a better appearance in public buildings for educational purposes and not lay a century behind in enterprise o advancement.

BROAD BRIM.

—One drunk and disorderly person was captured by the police on Tuesday night. Yesterday he was released upon payment of a ten dollar fine.

STILL TRYING TO LOCATE

THE DEMOCRATS STILL IN CONFERENCE AT WASHINGTON.

July 3 is the Date of Meeting—Eloquent Pleas for New York and Other Places—San Francisco Leads.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—The Democratic National Committee met here at noon yesterday to select a time and place for holding the Democratic National Convention for the nomination of candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency. The federal office holders who are on the committee are represented by proxies, as well as those members who were unable to attend.

Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Vermont, Utah, Wisconsin and West Virginia are represented by proxies.

After General S. F. Hunt had spoken for Cincinnati, W. A. Preller for Chicago and Mayor Francis and Senator Vest for St. Louis, Hon. S. S. Cox made a brief plea for New York. He said that all the attractions claimed for other cities were possessed in greater abundance by the metropolis. In not one point could any advantage be claimed by Cincinnati or Chicago, or St. Louis or San Francisco. He urged that nothing should be left undone that could help to strengthen the hands of the party workers in so a close state and one upon the vote of which so much depended. Mr. Cox was followed by Horatio C. King, of Nevada and Colonel Tarpy of San Francisco, who advocated going to the Golden Gate.

The selection of a date for the meeting, a choice of men to fill vacancies and arguments in behalf of various cities occupied a large share of the afternoon. There are forty-seven votes, twenty-four being thus required to locate the convention. The committee proceeded to fill Hubert O. Thompson's place by the election of William Steinway.

The time for holding the convention provoked a great deal of discussion. Senator Gorman made a short speech in favor of holding a late meeting while Scott made half a dozen, occupying about an hour, in favor of an early convention.

Mr. McHenry of Kentucky spoke in favor of an early meeting. He denied that Gorman had expressed a decided opinion one way or the other. Pasco followed Scott and opposed an early date. He was followed by Gorman, who kept the floor nearly half an hour.

It was finally decided to call the convention for July 3, and a recess was taken.

On the reassembling of the committee balloting was begun on the place in which the convention should be held.

On the first ballot San Francisco and St. Louis had twelve votes each and the remainder were divided between New York, Cincinnati and Chicago.

The second, third and fourth ballots were identical—San Francisco 17, Chicago 16, St. Louis 14. Then a recess of ten minutes was taken.

The fifth ballot showed 16 votes for Chicago, 16 for St. Louis and 15 for San Francisco.

The sixth developed no change. Then the voting was as follows:

Seventh Ballot—Chicago, 15; St. Louis, 16; San Francisco, 16.

Eighth Ballot—St. Louis, 14; San Francisco, 18.

Ninth Ballot—Chicago, 15; St. Louis, 13; San Francisco, 18; Cincinnati, 1.

Tenth Ballot—Chicago, 14; St. Louis, 13; San Francisco, 19; Cincinnati 1.

Eleventh Ballot—Chicago, 15; St. Louis, 14; San Francisco, 17; Cincinnati, 1.

The Committee then adjourned to meet again at 10 a. m. to-day.

THE MURDER OF JOHN SLAVIN.

E. C. Fox Arrested for a Murder Committed Over a Year Ago.

CANANDAIGUA, N. Y., Feb. 23.—Edward C. Fox, arrested here for murder, was taken to Brockport yesterday afternoon.

In July 1886, John Slavin, a tailor of Brockport, after having been on a week's spree, suddenly died. A Coroner's jury found that he died from concussion of the brain superinduced by a fall.

Fox was suspected of having struck the blow which caused his death in McGovern's saloon, but Andy Teeter, the only witness to the fray, was missing. When he turned up a little later Fox swore out a warrant for his arrest on a trumped-up charge of a burglary, and he again left to elude the officers.

He was not again seen until Saturday, when he was taken into custody at Waterloo and held as a witness.

On Monday he told the whole story of the crime, stating that after insulting and exasperating Slavin, Fox struck him a terrific blow on the neck and jaw, which laid him at his feet and caused his death.

Ursuline Nuns Leaving for France.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 23.—The mesdames of the Ursuline Academy, on account of trouble with Bishop Phelan, are quietly leaving, it is believed, for France, whence they came twenty years ago. The Ursuline order had established a college here worth $320,000, which they have now offered for sale. The officials of the Catholic church are greatly excited, and are making an effort to intercept the nuns. The trouble was caused by the bishop's action in deposing Mme Alphonse, who had been at the head of the institution for seventeen years, and appointing Mme. St. Gertrude in her place.

Mr. Larue Returns to Danbury.

DANBURY, Conn., Feb. 23.—Mr. Larue returned this morning from a visit to his family in New Haven, and is now attending to business. He denies all knowledge of the crime, and says he is ready to meet all accusation that may be brought against him. Examination of Haskell's letters discloses the fact that they contain nothing implicating Larue in the girl's being sent to Easton. They are mostly notes of endearment and making appointments for meeting.

Leviathan Statistics.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—The United States Hydrographic Office is making an effort to get some exact information in regard to the whaling industry—a sort of census of the whalers for example. All United States ship masters, as well as those engaged in the whaling trade, are requested to forward to the Government Hydrographer the number of whales they see, the kind, the latitude in which they are found, etc.

Phil Armour for Cottonseed Lard.

WASAINGTON Feb. 23.—Mr. Phil D. Armour and a representative of the cottonseed oil industry appeared before the House Committee on Agriculture yesterday in regard to the Lard bill. Their arguments were similar to those presented to the Senate Committee a few days ago.

Beginning to Ship Coal.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 23.—There is an unexpected rise in the rivers. Coal men have begun shipments. Five million bushels will be started for Cincinnati and Louisville within forty-eight hours.

MINERS STILL UNEASY

MEETING TO DECIDE UPON ORDERING ANOTHER STRIKE.

One Thousand Out of Work—Supt. Whiting Explains—Armed Men in the Regions.

READING, Feb. 23.—There is no abatement of the excitement or the complaints in the coal regions attending the wholesale discharge of miners who went to the different collieries to resume work under the recent agreement. The Joint Committee went into session at Pottsville yesterday forenoon to decide upon ordering another strike. The committee has collected the names of over 1,000 miners who lost their places in this way. It is expected that it will be morning before they will arrive at a conclusion.

In an interview yesterday Superintendent Whiting explains why these men lost their jobs. He said: "Any man who while drawing pay in our employ refused to perform any of the regular duties pertaining to his job will not be re-employed in like position again. For instance, engineers who refused to hoist "scab" coal, as they term it, will never again be employed as engineers. We will not discharge hands to make it possible for every striker and discharged employe to get back again.

National Master Workman Lewis is investigating the stories of the miners and says that if he finds that they are true another strike will be ordered. Tower City was regarded as a weak point by those who favor keeping up the strike. The miners passed a resolution that either none or all would work. Some of them were told that they could have no work, and the 300 miners at once marched back to their homes. The labor assemblies at Lowberry, Newton and Tremont passed resolutions declaring that they will continue the strike, and they will redouble their efforts to make it a success for the 8 per cent. advance and no discrimination. The latest last night was that a strike may be ordered in a few days; that not all will obey it, and that the dissatisfied element is becoming disorderly.

The coal regions are in a very unsettled state and the reports from all the collieries yesterday show that fewer mines were worked than at any time since the men were ordered to resume. There is a settled feeling that a small element of the strikers will be goaded on to desperate measures before the trouble is over.

The coal regions are literally swarming with armed officers. Out of the 22,000 men formerly employed by the Reading Company not more than 10,000 have resumed in accordance with the Lewis-Corbin agreement.

TROUBLE IN THE PHŒNIX CLUB.

Jacob Lauchheimer Fined $100 for Assaulting a Member of the Board.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 23.—On Park avenue near Centre street, is located the club house of the Phœnix Club, an organization composed of members of the best Hebrew society in the city. It is a very popular club, and its entertainments, frequently given, and to which ladies are admitted, are highly agreeable features of the social season.

Though always attracting more or less public attention, the Phœnix Club is just now an object of interest to all because Jacob H. Lauchheimer, member of a prominent wholesale clothing firm, has been fined $100 and costs by Judge Phelps in the Criminal Court, for assaulting Mathew Keyser, one of the club's Board of Governors.

Mr. Lauchheimer's own testimony aided in convicting him, and the jury soon found him "guilty." He said that he had applied for admission to the Phœnix Club, and was indorsed by Simon Lohman. Mr. Keyser, blackballed Mr. Lauchheimer, though the majority of the ballots were in favor of his admission.

Further, it was testified that Keyser spoke to Lohman uncomplimentarily concerning the clothing merchant's character, and the latter hearing of this called upon Keyser several times for an explanation. On Dec. 16 Lauchheimer met his detractor at Howard and Baltimore streets, and finally demanded to know the causes of the utterances concerning him. Keyser flatly refused to say anything and the other slapped him in the face.

Mr. Lauchheimer's good character was amply supported by witnesses, but a physician testified that Mr. Keyser was a small man and in delicate health, and that he had so suffered from nervous prostration that the doctor sent him to Old Point Comfort. This evidence operated against Lauchheimer, as the Judge took it into consideration, finding him accordingly.

THE CIGARMAKERS.

Union No. 90 Denouncing "Combines" and "Trusts"—The Committee Complained of.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The machinery that keeps the troubles of the striking cigarmakers in a state of constant fermentation took a rest yesterday, only to start up again to-day with increased energy. There is a disposition among a large number of union members to seek grievances, and they have only to grumble about something new in order to attain distinction. Union No. 90 has passed resolutions denouncing "trusts," "combines," etc., and it is predicted that outside of the regular strike discussions at various local meetings in New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City, to-night and to-morrow night, the usual fresh crop of resolutions against menacing evils will be passed and promulgated. Some of the cigarmakers complain that the strike committee is too much like a close corporation, and the laborers actually out of work cannot obtain information as to what is going on. They are directly concerned in every step, and protest against being kept in the dark until some decided action is carried into operation.

A Meteor Visits Monmouth.

MONMOUTH, Feb. 23.—At 9:30 last night this village was startled by a terrific roar or explosion, which was felt to jar the walls and windows of many buildings. At the same time many witnessed a scene of magnificent grandeur. The sky was lit up with a monster meteor which shot through space with lighining rapidity. Reports from neighboring towns show that all experienced the shock.

A Decision in Favor of Local Option.

BISMARCK, Dak., Feb. 23.—The Supreme Court has decided a case brought to test the local option or prohibition law passed at the late election, for which sixty-four out of eighty-five counties voted. It was decided that the local option law must reign supreme in those sixty-four counties.

Prince Ferdinand and the Pope.

ROME, Feb. 23.—Mgr. Menini, apostolic delegate at Sofia, has forwarded to the Pope a letter from Prince Ferdinand congratulating His Holiness upon his jubilee, and expressing a desire to assist in the propagation of Catholocism in Bulgaria.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 17, 1888.

Allen, G B Mr	Meads, Betty
Anderson, E S	Opdyke, Henry Mrs
Brown, Dinny H	Pettinger, Wm Rev
Cuvillo, Luigi	Person, Matta Miss
Dean, Wm Mrs	Proudfit, David L
Ellis, Mr & Mrs	Randolph, Louis F Mrs
Gearout, A	Spicer, C E
Johnson, Lizzie Miss	Snell, Lizzie Miss
McCrystel, Alice Miss	Van Horne, Mr L E
Madden, Thomas	Wright, Agnes Mrs
Myers, L Miss	Watkins, E M

persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Sale Delivery Window.

Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

MARRIAGES.

DANIELSON—MAXWELL—At the residence of the bride's parents, 114 Woodbine st., Brooklyn, N. Y., by Rev. Wm. Hammond, Mr. J. Ellsworth Danielson, M. D., and Miss Mamie E. Maxwell, both of Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

TO LET—House corner of Warren and Race streets, North Plainfield. Also rooms in house on Manning avenue. Apply to D. H. Thickstun, 37 Central avenue.

GERMAN Chambermaid and Waitress wants a situation. Call for 3 days, corner Prospect and Hillside Ave. 2-23-2

FOUND.—A purse containing money and papers, which owner can have by proving property and paying for advertising. J. Becker, with Schwed Bros., the Clothiers. 2-23-2

WANTED—A Cook and Laundress. Please call at 21 Putnam ave. 2-23-2

DON'T FORGET—That Honeyman & Co's. closing out sale will continue for only a few more days. The entire stock must be sold.

FOR SALE, AT DUNELLEN—House, Barn and two acres. Fruit and shade; one-half mile to Depot; easy terms. Inquire of A. S. Titsworth, 26 North avenue, Plainfield, or Dunellen.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—39 West Front street, Plainfield. Call or address the owner, Wm. Lattenfeld, (Bakery) 39 Mott Street, New York. 2-23-6

STORE FIXTURES.—For sale at a Bargain, Counters, shelving, &c., complete for a large store. Nearly new; worth $250; will sell for $150. Apply to C. E. Clarke, 22 North Av. 2-18-tf

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P. V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND Division Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use: in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHOBB. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 2026-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 100 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

"M. H. A."

MUSIC HALL!

Wednesday Evening, February 29.

JAMES O'NEILL

PRESENTING

MONTE CRISTO

With a Brilliant Cast, Elaborate New Scenery, Realistic Stage Pictures painted expressly for this Play.

Grand Effects! Correct Appointments! and Appropriate Costumes!

The Entire Production *PERFECT IN EVERY DETAIL.*

Prices as usual. Sale of seats begin at Field & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's, Feb. 27. 2-22-6

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Material—the best.

Workmanship—first-class.

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Charges—moderate.

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MUST BE SOLD

Before MARCH 1st,

Our entire Stock of

Millinery and Fancy Goods!

Bargains in

DRESS BUTTONS, RIBBONS,
LACES, RUCHINGS, HATS,
FEATHERS, FLOWERS, SATINS,
VELVETS. EMBROIDERIES,
WORSTEDS. YARNS,
CANVAS AND FANCY ARTICLES.

J. H. Honeyman & Co.,

NEXT TO POST OFFICE. 2-10-14

MUSIC HALL.

One Night Only.

Friday Evening, Feb'y 24th.

ABBEY'S

Double Mammoth Spectacular

Uncle Tom's Cabin

COMPANY.

2 - Uniformed Brass Bands - 2

White and Colored, and the great and only *MYSTIC QUARTETTE*—the only DOUBLE COMPANY IN EXISTENCE.

A laugh for every minute—smiles and tears blended together. Two comical, ludicrous musical Marks. A pack of ferocious, man-hunting blood-hounds.

Kate Partington, the world-renowned Topsy. Gracie Peck, the beautiful and phenomenal child actress, as Eva. Gus T. Wallace, earth's greatest Uncle Tom. Engaged for this season, the only genuine "South Carolina Jubilee Singers and Plantation Troubadors"; the æsthetic trained donkey Leon; the smallest Shetland pony in the world. A street parade given at 12 o'clock. Popular prices of admission—35, 50 and 75cts. Reserved seats now on sale at Field & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's drug stores. 2-20-4

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.

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New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

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WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,

Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,

Gold and Silver Jewelry,

—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

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PECK'S CORNER.

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Except that we have our Goods made by the *LEADING MANUFACTURERS.*

THEY ARE GOOD GOODS!

We keep the *STYLES, SIZES* and *WIDTHS* We *QUOTE NO PRICES IN NEWSPAPERS,* but the

Prices are all RIGHT, and we keep the STOCK.

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EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

10-29-tf

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Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

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CITY PHARMACY.

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CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

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100 DOZEN

Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons

To hire for *FESTIVALS AND PARTIES,*

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WATCHMAKER, JEWELER AND ENGRAVER.

Established, 19 *YEARS.* N. B.—NO BOTCHING. 1-14-tf

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[Successor to T. J. Carey.]

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Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. ☞Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

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CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?
TRY
DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL
AT
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods

Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price.

12-21-tf

TRYING TO HANG STAIN.

A Reformed Crook's Testimony in the Dexter Murder Trial.

BANGOR, Me., Feb. 23.—On this, the tenth anniversary of the great tragedy at the Dexter bank, the court room in this city was packed with an audience composed of mostly women, who had come to hear the trial of the two men who are accused of killing Treasurer Barron and of the robbery of the bank. Yesterday John Harvey, who has been hunted up by the prosecution as one of their strong witnesses, appeared. Harvey was one of the Stain gang, but says he has *reformed.* He had *known* Stain forty years, Cromwell sixteen years, and young Stain thirty years. He had also heard the gang talking of operating in Maine, it being a good field. When he left Stain's, he went to Charlestown, Mass., State prison for three years. Got out of there in February, 1884. In 1878 at Stain's place in Medfield, Harvey saw burglars of a crude sort.

"In the fall of 1882," said Harvey, "Cromwell told me that Stain was down on him, 'but old Stain,' added Cromwell, 'is down on his s—n, and won't give him any money. We ought to have Charley out of Maine, for he knows enough to hang us.'" Harvey said Cromwell told him all about Barron being knocked down, gagged and handcuffed, adding that young Stain knew all about it. Cromwell, according to Harvey's story, said:

"Stain and I did the job, and Charley knows enough about it hang us both. If he tells the Down Easters, we are gone sure."

Harvey said that Cromwell told him first of the Dexter job, and that his next information was from young Stain, who in July, 1878, said that he had a great mind to *give his father away.* The only other points of interest in Harvey's testimony were that he never said that young Stain was the greatest liar on earth.

Mrs. Miller, who keeps a boarding house in Bangor, thinks that among three men she received as lodgers on Feb. 23, 1878, she recognizes one as Stain. There were a great many recognitions of both men, which, in fact, amounted to nothing, as no one of the witnesses were willing to take oath on the subject. One country lawyer of Anson, was willing to swear that he had seen Stain and Cromwell pass through that town, and a very plump and strong-minded lady, Mrs. Amanda B. Cleaves, was very certain that she not only saw Stain in Dexter on Feb. 22, 1878, but that she saw him and Cromwell come out of the Dexter bank twice on that day, on the second time at 6 p. m., joining a third man in the middle of the street. This lady on cross-examination said she felt a "thrill" go through her when she first met Stain, and that after she met him the second time she felt that there was "something going wrong in Dexter that day." She had never mentioned this except to an intimate friend, and when asked why she had never told her experience in the interest of justice, she said: "Oh, I had such a horror!"

A CHAMBERMAID'S CHAMPION.

Austin Corbin Appears in the Role of a Philanthropist.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—Austin Corbin, the railroad man, recently championed the cause of a chambermaid and gave instructions to Wm. H. Kelly, a lawyer, to bring suit to recover $37.50 alleged to be due her. The chambermaid is Elise Ott, in the employ of George S. Edgell, the son-in-law of Mr. Corbin. The young woman was formerly in the employ of Frank R. Montgomery, who is with Milliken & Co., brokers, 70 Broadway.

"I want you to take hold of this case," said Mr. Corbin to Lawyer Kelly, "and make the fellow pay up. Put on all the screws, and squeeze him hard till he pays the girl what he owes her."

Mr. Kelly was not over anxious to take up the case, but Mr. Corbin told him to go ahead, no matter if it cost four times as much to collect the money as the claim amounted to. So Mr. Kelly went ahead.

Suit was brought against Montgomery on December 24 before Justice Kelly, and judgment was given against him by default for $39.87, including $2.37 for costs. Captain George Smith, one of the oldest marshals in the city, went to levy on the goods, but found the man had gone to Jersey City. All attempts to collect the judgment failed, and an action was begun to compel Montgomery to appear in supplementary proceedings. H. Percy a professional process server, after persistent and numerous efforts, finally served the papers upon him on February 11, in Milliken's office. Montgomery did not appear before the court, and an order has now been granted to compel him to show cause why he should not be committed for contempt.

Mr. Montgomery is still dodging the court officers, while the bill of costs is mounting up, and the servant is still minus her three months' wages.

One Killed, Fifteen Injured.

DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 23.—Yesterday morning, an explosion of dynamite occurred in the rock cut on Fourth street and eighteen men were injured. Eight are now in the hospital. One died upon reaching the hospital, and others cannot live. Men and rocks were hurled many feet by the shock. The explosion was caused by some cartridges fused last Saturday, but had not exploded, and the men resumed work about them. A few taps on the drill served to set off the unexploded cartridges with results as stated. A Coroner's inquest will be held as soon as possible.

Robbed of $2,400 on a Train.

MONTREAL, Feb. 23.—Abbe Hamel, was robbed yesterday of $2,400 on a Delaware & Hudson train while en route to this city. At Plattsburgh he left the train for breakfast, leaving the satchel containing the money on the seat. Shortly after leaving Plattsburgh he missed the money. A woman who got out at Plattsburgh is suspected of taking it. Detectives are investigating.

Two Elopers Kill Themselves.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 23.—Charles Wingard and Annie Fox, his neice, who eloped from Monroe, Mich., and were arrested at Canton, Ohio, and taken to Alliance, yesterday morning, were left together without attendants, when each committed suicide with a pistol. The girl died instantly. Wingard is dying.

Telegraph Operators' Wages Reduced.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 23.—The Western Union has made a big cut in operators' salaries, and discharged several men. It is asserted that business is very dull and the outlook far from encouraging.

Preparing for Increased Emigration.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The Cunard and other steamship companies are arranging to run extra steamers on their routes. It is expected that there will be a large increase in Irish emigration this year.

McKenna Gets Off Easily.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 23.—Michael McKenna was convicted of murder in the second degree yesterday.

WENDELL PHILLIPS EULOGIZED.

Michael Davitt Writes a Letter in Praise of the Silver-Tongued Orator.

BOSTON, Feb. 23.—The following letter, inclosing $25, has been received by John Boyle O'Reilly, one of the directors of the Wendell Phillips Hall Association:

DUBLIN, Feb. 10, 1888.

DEAR O'REILLY: I heartily regret I cannot be with you at Tremont Temple on the 22d. If I could at all spare the necessary time it would give me unalloyed pleasure to be there and take part in the work which is to be inaugurated to the memory of one whom all Irishmen loved when alive, and who, in his latest utterances, had always a kind and defending word for Ireland.

If Wendell Phillips has not earned a memorial for his name from the people of America, no man has ever had a just tribute paid to his services in any cause. No man has ever lived who represented more fully in his life, labor and genius the true spirit of American liberty than he who could not, or would not, keep an oath of allegiance to a Constitution that recognized human slavery; who was the inspired apostle of the movement for its abolition; who electrified the English-speaking world in his impassioned oration over the grave of John Brown, who refused to recognize the emancipation of the negro to be anything short of full and free citizenship; whose labors with the cause of the working classes, temperance, the rights of women and of every social, moral and economic reform continued all his life, till the very portals of the other world closed upon him.

No other name in American history embodies as fully the fundamental principles of the Declaration of Independence as does that of Wendell Phillips. His interpretation of the great truths of that immortal character was not blunted by prejudices or narrowed by geographical boundaries. He preached liberty as a gospel for mankind, and not as a creed for a favored people or nation.

He was the first of your great public men who recognized and denounced the iniquity of English rule in Ireland, and no tongue on either side of the Atlantic has pleaded more eloquently for Ireland's rights to freedom than his.

It is but fitting, therefore, that Irishmen should wish Godspeed to any movement which has for its object the honoring and the commemoration of the name of Wendell Phillips.

My own regret is I cannot do all I would wish to testify my love and admiration for his memory; but I will deem it an honor if the enclosed trifle is accepted by the committee towards the cost of the eminently appropriate building which is intended to erect and dedicate to his name in Boston.

Yours very truly,
MICHAEL DAVITT.

THE RURAL HUSBAND WAS ALIVE

A Georgia Railroad Man and Another Man's Wife Create a Scandal.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 23.—On the evening of Jan. 26 James G. Craig, a prominent attache of the Piedmont Air Line, walked into the office of the Union House, accompanied by a handsome woman of twenty-two years and a little girl of eight. He registered as "James G. Craig, wife and daughter Georgia." They were assigned to desirable rooms, first floor, front, and the beautiful companion of the popular young railroader attracted much attention. Not many days elapsed before the fair young woman became the most popular guest of the hotel.

One day a stranger made his appearance at the hotel and unfolded a tale that sparkled with romance and sensation. An investigation was instituted and it was discovered that the man and the woman were not husband and wife. The woman's name is Mrs. Clements, wife of a rural merchant, and was supposed by her confiding husband to be visiting her mother in this city. Two large Saratoga trunks, two small ones, a valise, sewing-machine, canary bird and art decorations were all held for the board bill, which remains unpaid. Mr. Lewis secured two warrants against the guilty man, which were promptly executed. The woman is now in a house on Collins street.

A Republican Feast in Michigan.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 23.—A thousand Republicans from all parts of the state of Michigan sat down to the banquet of the Michigan Club yesterday, in celebration of Washington's birthday. Many guests also came from Washington on the invitation of Senator Palmer. The hall was trimmed with flags, and on its walls were hung portraits of Washington, Lincoln, Grant, Garfield and Zach Chandler. Speeches were made by Senator Hawley, ex-Senator Harrison and Messrs. Emerty, McComas, Mc, Kinley, Cannon and Raum. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed. In the course of the evening Senator Palmer read a letter of regret from Senator John Sherman, who was to have been present.

Rhode Island Prohibitionists.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 23.—The Prohibitory Convention yesterday nominated the following ticket: For Governor, George W. Gould, of North Providence; Lieutenant-Governor, H. T. Scott, of Newport; Attorney-General, John T. Bladgett, of Providence; General Treasurer, A. B. Chadsey, of South Kingstown, who is the incumbent having secured the Democratic and Prohibition nomination last spring.

Searching for an Heiress.

NEWBURGH, Feb. 23.—Detective Dalton, of Jersey City, came here yesterday afternoon looking for the daughter of the late John Hayden, of Brooklyn. He says that Patrick Hayden, a large liquor dealer of Jersey City, who died a year ago, was a brother of John Hayden, and that the daughter of the latter, if living, inherits $50,000 of his property. She is supposed to be living here.

Bankers to Hear Mr. Carnegie.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—Great preparations are being made at Kinsleys for the twenty-third regular dinner of the Banker's Club which will be given Thursday evening. Andrew Carnegie will address the club upon "The rights of citizens; are they respected by labor and capital?" It is expected that Chauncey M. Depew will be present.

Holiday Doings at the Capitol.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—The Senate, after listening to the reading, by President Ingalls, of Washington's farewell address, adjourned without transacting any further business. The House of Representatives had no session at all, and the executive departments were closed.

Electric Light Men on Patents.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 23.—The electric light convention has instructed its legal committee to present a bill to Congress providing for a renovation of the Patent Department and the appointment of more efficient officers.

Prince William off For San Remo.

BERLIN, Feb. 23.—Prince William is going to San Remo to visit his father, although advices continue favorable. The wound made by the operation of tracheotomy is reported to have entirely healed.

Manager Chalet, of Pittsburg, Dead.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 23.—William Chalet manager of the Grand Opera House, and a prominent member of the order of Elks, died yesterday of typhoid pneumonia, aged 38 years.

SKATES!

Club Skates!

Ladies' Skates!

And all other Kinds of SKATES!

Sleighs! Coasters!

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

—AND—

Sporting Goods!

Can be obtained at the new firm of

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.,

At 33 PARK AVENUE.

(*Successors to A. Vanderbeek.*)

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

my10-1y

-:Black Stockings:-

That will NOT FADE, CROCK, or STAIN the FEET. Try a Pair of

SMITH & ANGELL'S

Black Stockings, and you will wear no other kind.

The color cannot be removed by acids—in fact washing improves the color.

The dye being vegetable does not INJURE the GOODS.

Every pair warranted as above, and if not found as represented, RETURN THEM and your MONEY will be REFUNDED.

SOLD ONLY BY

Howard A. Pope,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

my10y1

R. W. RICE & Co.,

[Successor to Wm. H. Shotwell.]

FINE GROCERIES,

Fruits and Vegetables

IN THEIR SEASON.

North Plainfield, - New Jersey.

CORNER DUER & EMILY STREETS.

1-12-tf

W. MESSERSCHMIDT,

Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing Goods,

23½ West Front Street, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

CLOTHING CLEANED AND REPAIRED.

10-4-tf

GO TO

"ADAMS',"

10 PARK AVENUE,

For PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, WINDOW GLASS, ETC.

Fine lot of

Paper Hangings

IN STOCK.

Orders Taken for Paper Hanging and Decorating.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

7-11-tf

DROP IN

and see for yourself my superior stock of

HATS, CAPS,

AND

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

Also our elegant line of

NECK-WEAR.

A. C. HORTON,

(*Successor to F. A. Pope.*)

NO. 5 W. FRONT STREET.

9-20-y

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE.

my10tf

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong.

5-27-tf

WM. K. McCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law.

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.

Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot.

my9

B. FOSGATE,

Architect,

North avenue, opposite depot.

PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors-at-Law,

Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street.

my10tf

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,

Homœopathist.

(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.

my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law.

Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.

Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts.

my9tf

DR. PLATT,

90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.

Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M.

my9tf

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder.

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work. 9-15-tf

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter and Builder

OFFICE—4 WEST THIRD STREET,

Shop, South Second St., PLAINFIELD, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

11-22-tf

C. E. JOHNSON,

[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN.]

CARPENTER and BUILDER.

Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.

JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

C. NIELSEN,

Carpenter and Builder,

31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder.

Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,

Undertakers and Embalmers.

58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37. Office of Hillside Cemetery.

A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon.

my9tf

FORD & STILES,

Funeral Directors.

and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 29 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44. Personal attendance night or day by GEORGE M. STILES.

my9tf

P. HOAGLAND'S

City Express.

Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

S. E. FLOWER,

Picture Frames.

of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

CARL PETERSON,

Florist

Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Cut Flowers at Low Prices Beautiful designs for weddings and funerals. 10-28m3

A. SWALM.

Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,

Paper Hanging A Specialty.

No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,

Bookseller and Stationer.

No. 7 Park Avenue.

A full line Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,

Livery Stables.

North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121. my9tf

CHARLES E. RUNK,

Coal Dealer.

39 NORTH AVENUE.

Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-20 y

USE

CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON

Best Six Cord,

For Hand and Machine use. For sale by

I. LEDERER.

1-2-6m No. 9 WEST FRONT STREET.

GREAT MARK DOWN SALE

to clear out most of our Large Stock of

WINTER GOODS,

in order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.

A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT. has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEW MARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.

An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.

LEDERER'S,

No. 9 West Front Street.

1-2-6m

TRY OUR

QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-16-z

GEO. D. MORRISON,

FLOUR AND FEED STORE,

NORTH AVE., OPP. RAILROAD DEPOT.

JUST RECEIVED—A full line of POULTRY FOOD, BEEF SCRAPS, BONE MEAL, OYSTER SHELLS, EGG FOOD, ETC.

11-29-tf

WEST END COAL YARD

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.

Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—3-25-y1

WALTER L. HETFIELD. JOHN M' HETFIELD.

FRANK LINKE,

Bottler

of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

H. C. DRAKE,

House Painter.

Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,

Furniture and Freight Express.

P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

ROBERT JAHN,

Tin and Coppersmith,

Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

A Family Gathering.

Have you a father? Have you a mother? Have you a son or daughter, sister or a brother who has not yet taken Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the guaranteed remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup and all Throat and Lung troubles? If so, why? when a sample bottle is gladly given to you *free* by R. J. Shaw and the large size costs only 50c and $1.00.

ARNOLD,

The Grocer.

Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets, North Plainfield, N. J.

my9y1

VALENTINES!

All Kinds and Low Prices, at

ALLEN'S, the Stationer,

No. 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

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J. C. POPE & CO,

INSURANCE AGENTS,

No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,

Lumber and Coal Merchants,

CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,

PLAINFIELD.

All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.

ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,

WESTFIELD, N. J.

FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.

BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.

GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD,

DEALER IN

Lumber and Masons' Materials,

OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST.

10my1y

J. W. VANSICKLE,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Fresh and Salt Meats,

etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,

Furniture Dealer,

21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.08, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 6.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44 a. m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.42, 8.00, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

FISHER & MONFORT,

PHOTOGRAPHERS,

15 East Front St., near the Post Office.

CABINETS, $3.50 PER DOZEN.

All the latest improvements in Photography.

No extra charge for Children or Babies.

CHAS. W. FISHER. G. WM. MONFORT.

my10y1

P. H. BENNETT,

(*Successor to B. H. Backman*)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city. 8-2-tf

George R. Rockafellow,

(*Successor to W. N. Rowe.*)

HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE

PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. 9-8-t

Howell & Hardy,

Fancy and Staple Groceries,

CHOICE TEA, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Creamery and Dairy Butter,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.,

North Avenue, Opposite Depot,

PLAINFIELD, N, J.

11-26-tf

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves & Ranges,

Cutlery,

Sleigh Bells.

Skates,

13 EAST FRONT STREET,

Next Post Office.

THE PRESIDENT IN THE SOUTH.

An Ovation in Savannah—He Will Visit Charleston on His Return.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 23.—The Presidential train passed Ashley Junction about 5 o'clock yesterday morning and proceeded to Savannah. The Mayor and committee joined the Presidential party at the junction and have extended them an invitation to visit Charleston on their return North. It is expected that the President and Mrs. Cleveland will be able to spend four or five hours on Saturday morning, and preparations are now being made to give them a warm and enthusiastic reception.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 23.—President Cleveland and party arrived in Savannah at 8 o'clock yesterday morning. They were met at the depot by Mayor Rufus E. Lester and a reception committee composed of prominent citizens.

The President said he could not spend more than an hour in Savannah, and after shaking hands with about twenty city officials and leading citizens, the members of his party were conducted to carriages for a drive around the city.

Mayor Lester and Capt. Robert Talligant, chairman of the reception committee, occupied seats in the carriage with the President and Mrs. Cleveland.

The second carriage was occupied by Secretary and Mrs. Whitney, accompanied by Gen. Alexander and Fleming Dubignon, and the third by Col. and Mrs. Lamont, Col. Estill and Judge Adams.

The Georgia Hussars and Chatham Artillery were drawn up in front of the depot. Five thousand people cheered as the party drove off.

The artillery, which fired a salute when the train rolled in, did not act as an escort, but the cavalry performed that duty.

The day was misty, but the President rode most of the time with uncovered head. The streets were lined with people. The carriages started off at a rapid pace and were driven as quickly as possible through the principal streets. Only one stop was made, at the Telfair Academy of Arts and Science.

Will Sir John MacDonald be Converted?

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 23.—Sensation is caused here by the regular attendance of Sir John MacDonald and Lady MacDonald at the revival services being held in connection with a Methodist mission. Sir John has always been looked upon as an agnostic, and rarely has been seen in church for years. He admits he has been greatly impressed by the services, and has asked the revivalists to remain another week.

Insurance Commissioner Pillsbury Dead.

CONCORD, N. H., Feb. 23.—Hon. Oliver Pillsbury, State Insurance Commissioner, died yesterday aged 71. He was formerly a well-known teacher and later served in the Executive Council, the Legislature and the city government, and was for many years a member and president of the School Board. He was appointed Insurance Commissioner in 1883, an office which he held until his death.

Hawaii Has a Little Cyclone.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 23.—The steamer Australia, from Honolulu, reports that a tidal wave cyclone struck Hawaii on Feb. 6. Wharves, warehouses and plantations were greatly damaged. There were no fatalities. The loss is estimated at $10,000. A schooner was wrecked while at anchor.

Charity from New York.

BILLINGS, Mont., Feb. 23.—The turbulent state of affairs in regard to the idle Rocky Fort Railroad laborers brought $5,000 from New York by wire yesterday to relieve the city from danger. The financial situation is serious, as the defaulting road owes thousands of dollars to merchants.

Washington's Birthday in Mexico

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 23, via Galveston.—Washington's birthday was generally observed, with flags flying on all Government buildings and on Foreign Legations. The American colony had an open-air celebration, and later there was a reception at the United States Legation.

Favoring a Big Exposition.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—The Washington Monument Association, at its meeting yesterday, adopted resolutions in favor of a congress of republics in 1889 and an exposition in 1892, to be participated in by North America, Central America and South America.

For the Exposition Traffic.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 23.—After the 26th instant the Pennsylvania railroad will run through trains from New York to Jacksonville, Fla., for two week every day, except Sundays and Thursdays, to accommodate the exposition traffic.

TELEGRAPHIC TID-BITS.

The income of the Duke of Westminster is $50 a minute.

The Passaic Common Council has decided not to go behind the returns of the recent firemen's election.

The property which has been selected as a site for the new market in Newark will have to be condemned according to law.

Albert, the pedestrian, is reported to have said that he cleared over $9,000 by the recent six-day race in Madison Square Garden, New York.

The boiler in the sawmill of Levi Newell, four miles east of Morenci, Mich., exploded Tuesday, killing Fireman Wm. Smith and terribly injuring Levi Newell.

John McGuire, who dropped dead at Dr. McGlynn's Anti-Poverty Meeting Sunday night in New York City, was refused burial in Calvary Cemetery because, it is said, he is not a "good Cathlic."

Graff, Bennett & Co., iron manufacturers of this city, filed a deed of assignment to P. H. Miller, of Pittsburg, Tuesday. The secured liabilities are about $600,000 and the unsecured liabilities from $300,000 to $800,000.

At the charter election in Syracuse, New York, Tuesday, William B. Kirk, member of the Democratic State Committee, was elected Mayor by over 800 majority. Last year the Republicans carried the city by 2,000 majority.

The election for Common Council at Pittsburg Tuesday resulted in the election of thirty-three Republicans and thirteen Democrats. The Citizens' League, which endorsed a number of the regular candidates, succeeded in electing fourteen members, who have pledged themselves to pure government.

George Parker, a delapidated looking tramp, was arraigned in the Harlem, N. Y., Police Court Wednesday morning as a vagrant. On being searched $178 was found concealed in his tattered garments. He said he was trying to save the money for his wife and family, who live in Boston. He was sent up for a month.

The complete report for 1887 of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, issued gives these figures: Floating debt, $17,000; current liabilities, $6,201,427.64, a decrease from 1886 of $23,560,846.74. The new general mortgage bonds that have been issued amount to $38,899,921; present interest charges, $5,496,301; charges after refunding, $3,595,897. The bonds reserved for additional betterments, etc., amount to $10,100,000.

WOMAN'S HAPPINESS.

It Can Only be Secured Through Christian Usefulness.

The Only Road to Happiness is a Continuous Effort to Make Others Happy—Dr. Talmage's Seventh Discourse in His Series of Sermons to Women.

In the seventh of his series of "Sermons to the Women of America, with Important Hints to Men," Rev. Dr. Talmage took for his text the following words: "She that liveth in pleasure is dead while she liveth." He said:

The editor of a Boston newspaper a few days ago wrote, asking me these terse questions: "What is the road to happiness?" and "Ought happiness to be the chief aim of life?" My answer was this: "The road to happiness is the continous effort to make others happy. The chief aim of life ought to be usefulness, not happiness, but happiness always follows usefulness." This morning's text in a strong way sets forth the truth that a woman who seeks in worldly advantage her chief enjoyment will come to disappointment and death. "She that liveth in pleasure is dead while she liveth."

My friends, you all want to be happy. You have had a great many recipes by which it is proposed to give you satisfaction—solid satisfaction. At times you feel a thorough unrest. You know as well as other people what it is to be depressed. As dark shadows sometimes fall upon the geography of the school girl as on the page of the spectacled philosopher. I have seen as cloudy days in May as in November. There are no deeper sighs breathed by the grandmother than by the granddaughter. I correct the popular impression that people are happier in childhood and youth than they ever will be again. If we live aright, the older the happier. The happiest woman that I ever knew was a Christian octogenarian: her hair white as white could be; the sunlight of heaven late in the afternoon gilding the peaks of snow. I have to say to a great many of the young people that the most miserable time you are ever to have is just now. As you advance in life, as you come out into the world and you have your head and heart all full of good, honest, practical Christian work, then you will know what it is to be happy. There are those who would have us believe that life is chasing thistle-down and grasping bubbles. We have not found it so. To many of us it has been discovering diamonds larger than the Kohinoor, and I think that our joy will continue to increase until nothing short of the everlasting jubilee of heaven will be able to express it.

Horatio Greenough, at the close of the hardest life a man ever lives—the life of an American artist—wrote: "I don't want to leave this world until I give some sign that, born by the grace of God in this land, I have found life to be a very cheerful thing, and not the dark and bitter thing with which my early prospects were clouded."

Albert Barnes, the good Christian, known the world over, stood in his pulpit in Philadelphia, at seventy or eighty years of age, and said: "This world is so very attractive to me, I am very sorry I shall have to leave it."

I know that Solomon said some very dolorous things about this world, and three times declared: "Vanity of vanities, all is vanity." I suppose it was a reference to those times in his career when his seven hundred wives almost pestered the life out of him. But I would rather turn to the description he gave after his conversion when he says in another place: "Her ways are ways of pleasantness, and all her paths are peace." It is reasonable to expect it will be so. The longer the fruit hangs on the tree, the riper and more mellow it ought to grow. You plant one grain of corn and it will send up a stalk with two ears, each having nine hundred and fifty grains, so that one grain planted will produce nineteen hundred grains. And ought not the implantation of a grain of Christian principle in a youthful soul develop into a large crop of gladness on earth and to a harvest of eternal joy in heaven? Hear me, then, while I discourse upon some of the mistakes which young people make in regard to happiness, and point out to the young women what I consider to be the source of complete satisfaction.

And, in the first place, I advise you not to build your happiness upon mere social position. Persons at your age, looking off upon life, are apt to think that if, by some stroke of what is called good luck, you could arrive in an elevated and affluent position, a little higher, than that in which God has called you to live, you would be completely happy. Infinite mistake! The palace floor of Ahasuerus is red with the blood of Vashti's broken heart. There have been no more scalding tears wept than those which coursed the cheeks of Josephine. If the sob of unhappy womanhood in the great cities could break through the tapestried wall, that sob would come along your streets today like the simoon of the desert. Sometimes I have heard in the rustling of the robes on the city pavement the hiss of the adders that followed in the wake. You have come out from your home and you have looked up at the great house and covet a life under those arches, when, perhaps, at that very moment, within that house, there may have been the wringing of hands, the start of horror, and the very agony of hell. I knew such an one. Her father's house was plain, most of the people who came there were plain; but, by a chance in fortune such as sometimes comes, a hand had been offered that led her into a brilliant sphere. All the neighbors congratulated her upon her grand prospects; but what an exchange! On her side it was a heart full of generous impulse and affection. On his side it was a soul dry and withered as the stubble of the field. On her side it was a father's house, where God was honored and the Sabbath light flooded the rooms with the very mirth of Heaven. On his side it was a gorgeous residence, and the coming of mighty men to be entertained there; but within it were revelry and godlessness. Hardly had the orange blossoms of the marriage feast lost their fragrance, than the night of discontent began to cast here and there its shadow. Cruelties and unkindness changed all those splendid trappings into a hollow mockery. The platters of solid silver, the caskets of pure gold, the head-dress of gleaming diamonds, were there, but no God, no peace, no kind words, no Christian sympathy. The festal music that broke on the captive's ear turned out to be a dirge, and the wreath in the plush was a reptile coil, and the upholstery that swayed in the wind was the wing of a destroying angel, and the bead-drops on the pitcher were the sweat of everlasting despair. O, how many rivalries and unhappiness is among those who seek in social life their chief happiness! It matters not how fine you have things, there are other people who have it finer. Taking out your watch to tell the hour of the day, some one will correct your timepiece by pulling out a watch more richly chased and jeweled. Ride in a carriage that cost you eight hundred dollars, and before you get around the park you will meet one that cost two thousand dollars. Have on your wall a picture by Copley, and before night you will hear of some one who has a picture fresh from the studio of Church or Bierstadt.

All that this world can do for you in silver and gold, in Axminster plush, in Gobelin tapestry, in wide halls, in lordly acquaintanceship, will not give you the ten thousandth part of a grain of solid satisfaction. The English lord, moving in the very highest sphere, was one day found seated with his chin on his hand and his elbow on the window-sill, looking out and saying: "O, I wish I could exchange places with that dog!"

Mere social position will never give happiness to a woman's soul. I have had wide and continuous observation, and I tell the young women that they who build on mere social position their soul's immortal happiness are building on the sand.

Suppose that a young woman expends the brightness of her early life in this unsatisfactory struggle, and omits the present opportunity of usefulness in the home circle; what a mistake!

So surely as the years roll around, that home in which you now dwell will become extinct. The parents will be gone, the property will go into other possession, you yourself will be in other relationship and that home which only a year ago was full of congratulation, will be extinguished.

When that period comes you will look back to see what you did or what you neglected to do in the way of making home happy. It will be too late to correct mistakes. If you did not smooth the path of your parents toward the tomb; if you did not make their last days bright and happy; if you allowed the younger sisters of your family to come up without feeling that there had been a Christian example set on your part, there will be nothing but bitterness of lamentation. That bitterness will be increased by all the surroundings of that home; by every chair, by every picture, by the old-time mantel ornaments, by every thing you can think of as connected with that home. All these things will rouse up agonizing memories. Young women, have you any thing to do in the way of making your father's home happy? Now is the time to attend to it, or leave it forever undone. Time is flying very quickly away. I suppose you notice the wrinkles are gathering and accumulating on those kindly faces that have so long looked upon you; there is frost in the locks; the foot is not as firm in its step as it used to be; and they will soon be gone. The heaviest clod that ever falls on a parent's coffin-lid is the memory of an ungrateful daughter. O, make their last days bright and beautiful. Do not act as though they were in the way. Ask their counsel, seek their prayers, and, after long years have passed and you go out to see the grave where they sleep, you will find growing all over the mound something lovelier than cypress, something sweeter than the rose, something chaster than the lily—the bright and beautiful memories of filial kindness performed ere the dying hand dropped on you a benediction, and you closed the lids over the weary eyes of the worn-out pilgrim. Better that, in the hour of your birth, you had been struck with orphanage, and that you had been handed over into the cold arms of the world, rather than that you should have been brought up under a father's care or a mother's tenderness, at last to scoff at their example and deride their influence; and on the day when you followed them in long procession to the tomb, to find that you are followed by a still larger procession of unfilial deeds done and wrong words uttered. The one procession will leave its burden in the tomb and disband; but that longer procession of ghastly memories will forever march and forever wail. O, it is a good time for a young woman when she is in her father's house. How careful they are of her welfare. How watchful those parents are of all her interests. Seated at the morning repast, father at one end of the table, children on either side and between; but the years will roll on, and great changes will be effected, and one will be missed from one end of the table, and another will be missed from the other end of the table. God pity that young woman's soul who, in that dark hour, has nothing but regretful recollections.

I go further, and advise you not to depend for enjoyment upon mere personal attractions. It would be sheer hypocrisy, because we may not have it ourselves, to despise, or affect to despise, beauty in others. When God gives it, he gives it as a blessing and as a means of usefulness. David and his army were coming down from the mountains to destroy Nabal and his flocks and vineyards. The beautiful Abigail, the wife of Nabal, went out to arrest him when he came down from the mountains, and she succeeded. Coming to the foot of the hill, she knelt. David with his army of sworn men came down over the cliffs, and when he saw her kneeling at the foot of the hill, he cried "Halt!" to his men, and the caves echoed it: "Halt! halt!" That one beautiful woman kneeling at the foot of the hill had arrested all those armed troops. A dew drop dashed back Niagara. The Bible sets before us the portraits of Sarah and Rebecca, and Abishag, Absalom's sister, and Job's daughters, and says: "They were fair to look upon." By outdoor exercise, and by skillful arrangement of apparel, let women make themselves attractive. The sloven has one mission, and that to excite our loathing and disgust. But, alas! for those who depend upon personal charms for their happiness. Beauty is such a subtle thing, it does not seem to depend upon facial proportions, or upon the sparkle of the eye, or upon the flush of the cheek. You sometimes find it among irregular features. It is the soul shining through the face that makes one beautiful. But alas! for those who depend upon mere personal charms. They will come to disappointment and to a great fret. There are so many different opinions about what are personal charms, and then sickness, and trouble, and age, do make such ravages. The poorest god that a woman ever worships is her own face. The saddest sight in all the world is a woman who has built every thing on good looks, when the charms begin to vanish. O, how they try to cover the wrinkles and hide the ravages of time! When time, with iron-shod feet, steps on a face, the hoof-marks remain, and you can not hide them. It is silly to try to hide them. I think the most repulsive fool in all the world is an old fool.

Why, my dear friends, should you be ashamed to be getting old? It is a sign—it is prima facie evidence that you have behaved tolerably well or you would not have lived to this time. The grandest thing, I think, is eternity, and that is made up of countless years. When the Bible would set forth the attractiveness of Jesus Christ, it says: "His hair was white as snow." But when the color goes from the cheek, and the luster from the eye, and the spring from the step, and the gracefulness from the gait, alas! for those who have built their time and their eternity upon good looks. But all the passage of years can not take out of one's face benignity, and kindness, and compassion, and faith. Culture your heart and you culture your face. The brightest glory that ever beamed from a woman's face is the religion of Jesus Christ. In the last war two hundred wounded soldiers came to Philadelphia one night, and came unheralded, and they had to extemporize a hospital for them, and the Christian women of my church and of other churches went out that night to take care of the poor wounded fellows. That night I saw a Christian woman go through the wards of the hospital, her sleeves rolled up, ready for hard work, her hair disheveled in the excitement of the hour. Her face was plain, very plain; but after the wounds were washed and the new bandages were put around the splintered limbs, and the exhausted boy fell off in his first pleasant sleep, she put her hand on his brow and he started in his dream and said: "O, I thought an angel touched me!" There may have been no classic elegance in the features of Mrs. Harris, who came into the hospital after the "Seven Days" awful fight, as she sat down by a wounded drummer boy and heard him soliloquize: "A ball through my body, and my poor mother will never again see her boy. What a pity it is!" And she leaned over him and said: "Shall I be your mother?" And he looked up and said: "Yes, I'll try to think she's here. Please write a long letter to her and tell her all about it, and send her a lock of my hair and comfort her. But I would like to have you tell her how much I suffered—yes, I would like you to do that for she would feel so for me. Hold my hand while I die." There may have been no classic elegance in her features, but all the hospitals of Harrison's Landing and Fortress Monroe would have agreed that she was beautiful; and if any rough man in all that ward had insulted her, some wounded soldier would have leaped from his couch, on his best foot, and struck him dead with a crutch.

Again: I advise you not to depend for happiness upon the flatteries of men. It is a poor compliment to your sex that so many men feel obliged in your presence to offer unmeaning compliments. Men capable of elegant and elaborate conversation elsewhere, sometimes feel called upon at the door of the drawing-room to drop their common sense and to dole out sickening flatteries. They say things about your dress and your appearance that you know, and they know, are false. They say you are an angel. You know you are not. Determined to tell the truth in office and shop, they consider it honorable to lie to a woman. The same thing that they told you on this side of the drawing-room, three minutes ago they said to some one on the other side of the drawing-room. O, let no one trample or your self-respect! The meanest thing on which a woman can build her happiness is the flatteries of men.

Again: I charge you not to depend for happiness upon the discipleship of worldliness. I have seen men as vain of their old-fashioned and their eccentric hat as your brainless top is proud of his dangling fooleries. Fashion sometimes makes a reasonable demand of us and then we ought to yield to it. The daisies of the field have their fashion of color and leaf; the honeysuckles have their fashion of ear-drop; and the snowflakes flung out of the winter heavens have their fashion of exquisiteness. After the summer shower the sky weds the earth with ring of rainbow. And I do not think we have a right to despise the elegancies and fashions of this world, especially if they make reasonable demands upon us; but the discipleship and worship of fashion is death to the body and death to the soul. I am glad the world is improving. Look at the fashion plates of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, and you will find that the world is not so extravagant and extraordinary now as it was then, and all the marvelous things that the granddaughter will do will never equal that done by the grandmother. Go still farther back, to the Bible time, and you will find that in those times fashion wielded a more terrible scepter. You have only to turn to the third chapter of Isaiah, a portion of the Scriptures from which I once preached to you a sermon, to read: "Because the daughters of Zion are haughty, and walk with stretched-forth necks and wanton eyes, walking and mincing as they go, and making a tinkling with their feet. In that day the Lord will take away the bravery of their tinkling ornaments about their feet, and their cauls, and their round tires like the moon, the chain, and the bracelets, and the mufflers, the bonnets, and the head-bands, and the tablets, and the ear-rings, the rings, and the nose-jewels, the changeable suits of apparel, and the mantles, and the wimples, and the crisping pins, the glasses, and the fine linen, and the hoods, and the veils." Only think of a woman having all that on! I am glad that the world is getting better, and that fashion which has dominated in the world so ruinously in other days has for a little time, for a little degree at any rate, relaxed its energies. All the splendors and the extravaganza of this world dyed into your robe and flung over your shoulder can not wrap peace around your heart for a single moment. The gayest wardrobe will utter no voice of condolence in the day of trouble and darkness. That woman is grandly dressed, and only she, who is wrapped in the robe of a Saviour's righteousness. The home may be very humble, the hat may be very plain, the frock may be very coarse; but the halo of Heaven settles in the room when she wears it, and the faintest touch of the resurrection angel will change that garment into raiment exceeding white, so as no fuller on earth could whiten it. I come to you, young women, to-day, to say that this world can not make you happy. I know it is a bright world, with glorious sunshine, and golden rivers, and fire-worked sunset, and bird orchestra; and the darkest cave has its crystals, and the wrathiest wave its foam-wreath, and the coldest midnight its flaming aurora; but God will put out all these lights with the blast of His own nostrils, and the glories of this world will perish in the final conflagration. You will never be happy until you get your sins forgiven and allow Christ Jesus to take full possession of your soul. He will be your friend in every perplexity. He will be your comfort in every trial. He will be your defender in every strait. I do not ask you to bring, like Mary, the spices to the sepulcher of a dead Christ, but to bring your all to the feet of a living Jesus. His word is peace. His look is love. His hand is help. His touch is life. His smile is heaven. O, come, then, in flocks and groups. Come, like the the south wind over banks of myrrh. Come, like the morning light tripping over the mountains. Wreathe all your affections on Christ's brow, set all your gems in Christ's coronet, pour all your voices into Christ's song, and let this Sabbath air rustle with the wings of rejoicing angels and the towers of God ring out the news of souls saved.

"This world its fancied pearl may crave,
'Tis not the pearl for me;
'Twill dim its luster in the grave,
'Twill perish in the sea.
But there's a pearl of price untold,
Which never can be bought with gold;
O, that's the pearl for me."

The snow was very deep, and it was still falling rapidly, when, in the first year of my ministry, I hastened to see a young woman die. It was a very humble home. She was an orphan, her father had been shipwrecked on the banks of Newfoundland. She had earned her own living. As I entered the room I saw nothing attractive. No tapestry. Not even a cushioned chair. The snow on the window casement was not whiter than the cheek of that dying girl. It was a face never to be forgotten. Sweetness and majesty of soul, and faith in God had given her a matchless beauty, and the sculptor who could have caught the outlines of those features and frozen them into stone would have made himself immortal. With her large brown eyes she looked calmly into the great eternity. I sat down by her bedside and said: "Now tell me all your troubles and sorrows and struggles and doubts." She replied: "I have no doubts or struggles. It is all plain to me. Jesus has smoothed the way for my feet. I wish when you go to your pulpit next Sunday, you would tell the young people that religion will make them happy. 'O, death, where is thy sting?' Mr. Talmage, I wonder if this is not the bliss of dying?" I said: "Yes, I think it must be." I lingered around the couch. The sun was setting, and her sister lighted a candle. She lighted the candle for me. The dying girl, the dawn of heaven in her face, needed no candle. I rose to go, and she said: "I thank you for coming. Good night! When we meet again it will be in heaven—in heaven! Good night! good night!" For her it was good night to tears, good night to poverty, good night to death; but when the sun arose again it was good morning. The light of another day had burst in upon her soul. Good morning! The angels were singing her welcome home, and the hand of Christ was putting upon her brow a garland. Good morning! Her sun rising. Her palm waving. Her spirit exulting before the throne of God. Good morning! good morning! The white lily of poor Margaret's cheek had blushed into the rose of health immortal, and the snows through which we carried her to the country graveyard were symbols of that robe which she wears, so white that no fuller on earth could whiten it.

My sister, my daughter, may your last end be like hers!

SAVE YOUR HANDS.

Precautions Which Should Be Adopted by All Housekeepers.

Women who have done housework a long time are in some instances troubled by enlargement of the joints of the fingers and hands. This trouble is brought on by the exposure of the hands to the extremes of temperature, and especially by putting them in hot and cold water, and letting cold air come in contact with them after having had them in water. This may be avoided in several ways which I will mention.

A handled dish-mop can be used for all but the very worst dishes, and the hands hardly be wet. Another of these mops can be profitable utilized in cleaning lamp chimneys. With a self-wringing mop a floor can be washed without wetting the hands; a model housekeeper of my acquaintance uses one, and says that with but half the labor it is as effective as a common mop.

A pair of mittens should be kept expressly for wear when hanging out clothes; they are best knit, but two thicknesses of old flannel make quite serviceable ones. Another pair of mittens should be kept for out-door wear, for making beds in cold rooms, or any work which chills the hands and can be done in mittens.

Wearing an old pair of thick gloves, or better yet, loose mittens made from an old rubber blanket, when blacking stoves, does away with the necessity of washing the hands after the operation. A little whisk broom is useful in cleaning windows; the glass can be washed and rinsed with it, and for the corners it is especially nice.

In rinsing clothes a stick can be used to press the suds from the articles in the tub and lift them to the surface, where only the tips of the fingers need be used in feeding them to the wringer.

Apples or vegetables to be pared in winter should be brought from the cellar in season to allow of their surfaces being warmed before being handled.

Clothes taken from the line in cold weather should either be handled in mittens or allowed to stand awhile in a warm room before being folded or sprinkled; for the latter operation warm water should be used. A tin box with a perforated cover, such as pepper and spice are sold in, makes a good sprinkler.

It may be thought too much trouble to do work in this way, and doubtless it will take more time at first; but it will be found after a fair trial to be in reality superior to the old method. At all events it will pay in the end. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

If any one is already afflicted with enlarged joints, such precautions will greatly retard the progress of the disease—in some cases arfest it, and one instance is known to me of a partial cure being effected.—*Cor. Farm and Home.*

SIGNS OF INJUSTICE.

Circumstances Under Which They Are Most Readily Noticed.

There is no time when a man has a keener eye for signs of injustice than when he has himself outraged justice, and is realizing a measure of its penalties. Years ago a prominent American railroad president betrayed his trust, raised money on a fraudulent issue of stock, embezzled funds by the half million dollars and then fled the country, taking more or less of his spoils with him. During the investigation of his criminal transactions, it was supposed that among other sums he had misappropriated a few hundred dollars which were not to be found; and accordingly that item was included in the published statement of his stealings. But just here there happened to be a mistake; and the absconded swindler wrote from Europe to one of the New York dailies, protesting against the gross injustice which was done him in this suspicion. He seemed, in fact, to be less disturbed over his crime and its exposure than over the slightest exaggeration of, or error in, its minor details as passed upon by the public. And his state of mind illustrates the feeling of many a man as to the duty of others to be strictly just toward him when he has practically made himself an outlaw. So long as an evil-doer, or a foolish-doer, can go unhindered in his chosen course of wrong or folly, he seems to forget that there is such a thing as justice; but when he finds himself on the public pillory, he scans every missile thrown at him, and if one of these be larger than what he now supposes to be the regulation size, he is disposed to grieve over this harsh world's cruel injustice. A sense of justice is a desirable trait in any man; but it is better that a man should exercise that trait in looking at his own duty to be just toward others, than in looking at the conduct of others when justice is being meted out to him for his violations of the right.—*S. S. Times.*

—It does seem to be true that honesty counts for more than formerly in the estimation in which public men are now held in this country. "He makes mistakes, but is honest," is said of one man with a tone of kindness; "he is cautious and tricky, but very smart," is said of another in a tone that indicates disgust. This is a sign of progress.—*Christian Advocate.*

—The way to economize time is to stick to regular hours of work. One need not be a clock, but by following one closely he may understand the secret of its accomplishment.—*Standard.*

—The start is already made; if we have gone wrong so much has been lost and can never be recovered. The wasted hour or moment is forever beyond our recall.—*United Presbyterian.*

—Rumors are among the best things in the world to let alone.

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" " " $4 00 " " $2 00 "
Table Spoons, worth 60c. each—our price—30c. each.
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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—Rehearsal at the Warren Union Mission to-night, commencing at 7:30. All are invited.

—Regular monthly meeting of the Middlesex Gun Club to-morrow evening at Force's Hotel.

—A valuable work horse belonging to Jacob Gulick of Ninth street, broke his leg on Wednesday, and Jones & Co., were engaged to kill the animal.

—All members of the B. C. F. are requested to meet at their rooms, this evening, at 8:30 sharp, business of importance will be transacted, after which the meeting will close with a grand concert.

—Services are held in the German Reformed church on Craig place, every Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Next Sunday's services will be at 10:30 a. m., and 8 p. m. Subject: "The unsaved model man." All are always welcome.

—This is the eighth and most successful week of the series of revival meetings held in Cutter's Hall, under the auspices of the Plainfield Berean Class. The meetings will doubtless be continued throughout next week.

—The Abbey Dramatic Troupe will give Uncle Tom's Cabin at Music Hall, this evening—but not under the Music Hall management. The company is a double one, two *Topsys*, two lawyers and an *Eva* only four years old. Her name is Baby Peck. The piece is nicely mounted and even the dogs perform their parts with entire success.

He Fell in the Brook.

"Alec" Harris, a local sportsman of Green Brook, is just now being ridiculed by his friends in this city, for falling in the brook. "Alec" was seated in a 2x6 ft. skiff gliding over the turbid waters of Green Brook in search of musk rats, a few days ago, when he discovered a huge rat crawling along the bank of the brook. He stood up in the boat for an instant, then there was a "bang-bang" and a splash, and a moment later "Alec's" head appeared above the surface of the water. The recoil from the gun had upset the boat, and for a time betting was about even as to which was the rat and which was "Alec." The next day he spent several hours grappling for his gun with a garden rake, and finally succeeded in landing it.

Rail Notes of Interest.

The parlor-car rates have been reduced one-half, and the price of a chair between this city and New York is now 25 cents. The price from here to any station on the Reading railroad—Trenton, Philadelphia, etc.,—is fifty cents.

Messrs. Meeker & Hedden have been awarded the contract for the erection of the commodious and handsome new depot that is to be erected at Jersey City in place of the frame shanty where the Central's passengers have been landed for so many years. The work of erection will begin at once, and the structure when completed will be a costly one and most convenient.

A through parlor-car to Atlantic City is now attached to the 12.33 train from Plainfield.

A Milk Wagon Wrecked.

A horse attached to a milk wagon belonging to a man named Terry of Short Hills, became frightened on West Fourth street, about half-past eight o'clock this morning, and ran away. The frightened animal ran along Union street to Third, thence along that thoroughfare to the vicinity of Liberty and Fourth streets, where he was captured. The wagon was wrecked and about 35 quarts of milk was strewn in the roadway.

At Bethel Mission.

The members of Bethel Mission enjoyed another of their pleasant evening entertainments, last night. There were stereopticon views manipulated by Mr. Benj. Sutton, recitations by Mr. W. D. Murray, and an address by Mr. Wm. H. Sampson. The date has been fixed for another concert, April 5.

WORKING THE COLE RITUAL.

The O. A. F. Initiates John W. Murray, Jr.,—Delegates from Jersey City, Bayonne and Elizabeth Attend the Ceremony—Followed by a Collation and Speech-Making.

A team from Farrier Council, O. A. F., of Jersey City, came to Plainfield last evening, accompanied by delegates from the Bayonne and Elizabeth Councils, and worked the initiation according to the Cole ritual, on one member of Amoskeag Council, No. 25, O. A. F., of this city. The candidate upon whom the degree was worked was Mr. John W. Murray, Jr., Foreman of Alert Hose Co. The initiation services were held in Odd Fellows Hall on Park avenue, and were strictly private, only members of the Order being admitted to the room. At the conclusion of the exercises the members of Amoskeag Council and their friends, to the number of about seventy-five, adjourned to the Republican Association headquarters on East Front street, where a sumptuous collation was in waiting for them. The members and guests marched into the hall and took their seats on either side of a table extending almost the entire length of the room. For half an hour thereafter there was a lull in the conversation, while cold meats, salads, cake, fruit and coffee disappeared with remarkable rapidity. Secretary Wm. Cole, of Jersey City, Secretary of the State Council, occupied a seat at the head of the table, and President B. A. Mumford, of Amoskeag Council, was seated on his left. The latter presided and delivered a short address of welcome, to which Secretary Cole responded on behalf of the visiting delegates, stating that the Order of American Firemen was one of friendship and brotherly love among the firemen. In spite of the unfavorable comments made by certain journals, he said, the Order is increasing in numbers every month, and is destined to be a great and powerful organization. He alluded to both the National and State Councils, adding that the latter was the first to adopt a ritual and a pass-word. He congratulated the Plainfield Council upon its progress under such favorable circumstances, and expressed great surprise at the hospitality extended to himself and brother firemen by the Plainfield "boys." Brief addresses were made by Capt. Barker, Capt. Lovell, Chief Geo. W. Devlin—the latter, Chief of the Elizabeth Fire Department—Messrs Russell Brown, T. O. Doane, John W. Murray, Jr., V. W. Nash, Thos. Keller. Other addresses were made by the following persons: President Pitt, of the Elizabeth Council; Brother Bolio, a member of the State Council from Hudson county; Secretary Lambertson, of Farrier Council; Joseph A. Hubbard, Treasurer of the Firemen's Relief Association of this city; ex-Chief Jennings and others. Ex-Chief Saltzman was called upon, but respectfully declined. Mr. J. E. Flannery favored the guests with a song entitled "Little Sam." Several rousing cheers were given, after which the visitors were escorted to the station, where they took passage on the 11.23 p. m. train for home, each one expressing himself as highly pleased with the courteous treatment he had received. The Entertainment Committee was composed of the following persons: Messrs. A. Saltzman, J. B. Gable, L. J. Spicer, Edw. Mosher, Frank Fine.

A Romantic Story From Dunellen.

Reports have been current on the streets for a few days past, that an elopement took place at Dunellen during the latter part of last week, and the principals in the alleged romance were named as a married man and the twenty-year-old daughter of a saloon keeper. In order to ascertain the facts in the matter, a PRESS reporter went to Dunellen last evening and interviewed several persons, including the father of the girl. The reporter was told that the young woman went to New York city to visit an aunt on Thursday of last week, and two days later the married man disappeared from home. On Tuesday of this week the young woman returned home, but denied all knowledge of the whereabouts of the man. On Tuesday a telegram was received from the missing man stating that he was in Chicago, and would write in a few days. No direct cause is assigned for his sudden disappearance, but it is surmised that he left Dunellen to better his condition. It is also stated that he was accompanied by a well-known mason from this city, who is also married.

A Just Recognition.

Judge Bartine, presiding Judge at the Somerset County Courts at Somerville, has received official notification from Chief Justice Beasley of his appointment as presiding Judge in the Hunterdon County Courts at Flemington, until the vacancy caused by the death of the late Judge Sanderson is filled. The Judge, during his term of office at Somerville has always been considered impartial in his ruling, and the appointment was well merited.

KEYS DEFEATS STOKES.

The State Championship Won by Mr. R. H. Keys of the Plainfield Chess Club.

The Plainfield Chess Club now holds the championship trophy, and they propose to hold it forever.

The New Jersey State Chess Association met on Wednesday, at Rutherford, where 52 members came together for a good time generally. Of these 32 sat down to play for the championship of the State, which has for the two previous years been held by Mr. E. C. Stokes of Millville. The championship emblem, a handsome silver cup, was presented by the Elizabeth Chess Club to be offered for annual competition, and this time it is taken by a representative of the Plainfield Chess Club, Mr. R. H. Keys.

The next annual tournament is to be held at Plainfield, and as we have the talent here in our young men, which only needs development, there is no reason why it should not remain as a trophy of their prowess. It is to be hoped that the effort to build up the Plainfield Chess Club will meet with the encouragement and support of all lovers of the game here. The club now has fifteen members, but has room enough and would cordially welcome into its fold the many other resident players here.

Below is the final and winning game, between Mr. Keys and a member of the Hoboken chess club.

White. PLAINFIELD.	Black. HOBOKEN.
French Defense.	
1 P to K 4	P to K 3
2 P to Q 4	P to Q 4
3 P to K 5	P to Q B 4
4 P to Q B 3	Kt to Q B 3
5 B to Q Kt 5	Q to Q Kt 3
6 B takes Kt	P takes B
7 Kt to K 2	B to R 3
8 Castles	P takes P
9 P takes P	B takes Kt
10 Q takes B	Q takes P
11 Q Kt to B 3	Q to Kt 3
12 B to Kt 5	B to K 2
13 B to B 4	P to K R 3
14 Kt to Q R 4	Q to Kt 4
15 Q to B 2	P to Q B 4
16 P to Q Kt 4	R to B sq
17 Q R to B sq	P to Q 5
18 Q to K 4	P to Kt 4
19 B to Q 2	Q to B 3
20 Q to Q 3	P to B 4
21 P takes P (en passant)	Kt takes P
22 Q to Kt 6 ch	K to Q 2
23 Kt takes P ch	B takes Kt
24 Q takes Kt	Q R to K B sq
25 Q to Kt 7 ch	K to Q sq
26 P to Q Kt 4	K R to Kt sq
27 R takes B	Q takes R
28 Q takes K B	Q to K B 4
29 Q to Kt 2	R to B 3
30 Q takes P	P to K 4
31 P to Kt 5	Q to K 3
32 P to Kt 6	R to B 2
33 P to Kt 7 and wins.	

The Value of the Fire Department's Property.

THE PRESS is able to give in full, as below, the appraisement of the apparatus and other property of the Fire Department, as furnished the Common Council by Mr. Osceola Currier, of Newark, the expert engaged for that purpose by the city authorities:

Hook & Ladder truck	$ 700	
Ladders and buckets	93	$ 793
Engine No. 1, 3d class, good	2,400	
Hose carriage	50	
800 feet rubber hose, good	480	
Other appurtenances	95	3,025
Engine No. 2, 2d class, good	2,800	
Hose carriage	50	
1,000 feet rubber hose, good	600	
Other appurtenances	106	3,556
Engine No. 3, 2d class, fair	1,600	
Hose carriage	30	
750 feet rubber hose, good	600	
Other appurtenances	71	2,301
Alert hose carriage	50	
400 feet rubber hose, good	240	
300 feet cotton hose, fair	140	
Pipes	19	449
		$10,124

OSCEOLA CURRIER.

February 2d, 1888.

A Suit for Divorce.

Mrs. Charles Cowling, whose husband was released from the County Jail at Elizabeth, as stated in THE PRESS of yesterday, has instituted proceedings against her husband for absolute divorce; on the ground of unfaithfulness, of which he was convicted before Justices Nash and Kyte on the 10th inst., and committed to jail in default of furnishing bonds in the sum of $150 to guarantee the payment of two dollars weekly. Mrs. Cowling's friends have agreed to pay the counsel fees, and Messrs. Jackson & Codington have been retained in her behalf. A petition for absolute divorce has already been filed in the Court of Chancery at Trenton. Cowling, when released from jail yesterday, went immediately to his home in North Plainfield, but his wife refused to recognize him as her husband. It is said that the parlor carpet was saturated with his tears, and to all of his entreaties and promises of reformation his wife turned a deaf ear. While the case is pending in the Courts the children are being cared for at the Home, and Mrs. Cowling is at present stopping with a family on Duer street.

—An orchestra will be organized at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, Monday evening next at nine o'clock.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mr. George Washington Angleman of West Fourth street, is very low with typhoid pneumonia.

Mr. John S. Woodruff of New York spent Washington's Birthday with Mr. Herbert Peck of this city.

The greatly improved condition of Mrs. Leslie Daniel, is a source of much gratification to her relatives and friends.

We are sorry to learn of the serious illness of Mr. Seymour G. Smith. His many friends hope to soon see him about again.

Mr. Frank Putnam, the gentlemanly clerk in Mr. Seeley Edsall's store, returned yesterday from a short trip to Norwich, Conn.

Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Tallmage and Mrs. Egee, all of Ninth street and First place, start today for a two weeks' sojourn at Atlantic City.

Mr. F. M. Whitely, Jr., arrived at the home of his parents on Steiner place, North Plainfield, yesterday morning. He weighs 10½ pounds, and has come to stay.

An addition has recently been made to the choir of the Netherwood chapel in the person of Master Harry Roberts of North avenue, whose sweet alto voice can be heard in the choir during Lent.

Mr. D. S. Berry is moving into his new house on Craig Place, North Plainfield, and Mr. C. E. Boss, Principal of the North Plainfield Public School, will occupy the house vacated by Mr. Berry.

The law offices of Messrs. Jackson & Codington, at the corner of Park avenue and Second street, have been decidedly changed in appearance. The walls have been attractively papered by Edward C. Morse, and the ceilings and woodwork painted by Wm. B. Ayers.

A christening party was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Leggett, on Richmond street, last evening. A select few were present. The Rev. Cornelius Schenck officiated, using the Episcopal form of baptism. The handsome boy who was the cause of it all, was christened Charles Bertram.

At the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Brooks of Broadway and Sixth street, last evening, were married Miss Elizabeth E. Brooks and Mr. Lewis R. Schofield of Newark. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Cornelius Schenck, in the presence of the relatives and immediate friends of the bride and groom.

A select musicale was held, last evening, at the residence of L. E. Howard, Esq., on First place. The hostess is an enthusiastic musician of much genius and skill as was evidenced by her rendition of a most difficult classical duett with Mr. A. Venino. Miss Grace Howard also played, Miss Holmes sang, and others contributed to the evening's pleasure.

OBITUARY.

COLONEL THOMAS RAFFERTY.

The funeral took place yesterday afternoon of Colonel Thomas Rafferty, who died at his residence on Rockview avenue, during Tuesday last, at the age of sixty-five years. A large number of prominent military men were present—among the scores of personal friends from all over the country—including Generals Sickles and Ward. The deceased was one of the firm of Rafferty & Williams, and a well-known member of the Produce Exchange.

His war record as Colonel of one of the regiments forming part of what was then known as "the Irish Brigade" is one as brilliant as that of any of New York's Irish officers who distinguished themselves during the War of the Rebellion. Whether in the Wilderness or along the Rapidan, Rafferty was ever in front of his troops, leaving the army only when peace was declared.

Col. Rafferty united with the old Mulberry street church of New York at the age of eighteen, being converted under the preaching of Elder Jacob Knapp.

He was one of the leading spirits in the organization of the present Tabernacle Baptist church, of which he was a prominent member, with the exception of a few years' residence in Brooklyn, up to the time of his removal to Plainfield about a year since.

At the time the war broke out he was a member of the Bedford Avenue Baptist church of Brooklyn, and was the recipient of a flag from the ladies of that church, and also a sword presented to him by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Hutchings.

He engaged in church work with the same earnestness and zeal that characterized his life as a business man and soldier, and for many years occupied positions of S. S. Superintendent, Trustee and Deacon in the churches above named. His strong religious convictions, and strict sense of duty, were fully exemplified during all his experience through the war, as those associated with him can testify.

The noble qualities of the man were manifested in his family relations, of which he was a model husband and an indulgent father. He leaves a wife and four daughters, all of whom reside in this city.

THATCHER VS KELLOGG.

The Only George Has Something to Say About Clara, and Tells How He and His Minstrels Keep Their Voices In Condition.

MY DEAR MR. EDITOR:—Burns once wrote "Man's inhumanity to man, makes countless thousands mourn." Don't you think woman's indisposition has the same effect—if we are to judge by the disappointment I hear was occasioned by Miss Kellogg's failure to materialize? Don't think I am paving the way for a like disappointment by alluding to Miss Kellogg or Bobby Burns. You see I call him Bobby, not because I knew him personally, but we of the minstrel persuasion have a *penchant* (how's that) for familiarity. But I digress. I am forgetting what I want to say—or perhaps I had better say, I am forgetting what I shouldn't say—but I will say, there is no immediate danger of any serious difficulty with my voice incapacitating me from service next Friday evening in Plainfield. My voice—you may not be aware—is of an unsimilar register, and cultivated in a different school from Clara's—there I go again, I mean, Miss Kellogg's—and my physician (who is considered the best veterinary in Jersey) assures me that on Fridays during Lent my voice is always to be relied on. But that is not what I want to say. Now to the point. Excuse me for a moment, and I will continue. It is "swabbing time." You don't know what that is? I'll explain. At this hour, our vocal corps, including myself, every day go through a course of training—to wit—as follows: 1 Turkish bath, 1¾ troches, 1 drachm of glycerine, 1 insertion in thorax of swab. N. B.—an ordinary gatling gun swab is used for this last luxury. Then we try one stanza of "White Wings" in unison, and if no one drops dead, we all strike high C together, shake hands all around, and close by offering a prayer of gratitude that Heaven has given us so few one-night stands, and such good appetites. I'll finish this scrawl as soon as the treatment is over.

12 M.

Congratulate me, its over, and my high C was perfect. To prove it you will find it enclosed. Please return by mail, as I want to use it in Orange, next Thursday evening. Now to business! I was going to say, I shall be pleased to see you at our performance, next Friday night, at Music Hall, for I believe THE PRESS to be something of a critic, and I want it to sit in cold judgment on our entertainment which is generally conceded to be the strongest we have yet offered to a misguided public. Since we last appeared in Plainfield, we have made many radical changes, and the press notices (written by ourselves) have been absolutely cordial. However we'll be there—every one of us—*sans* colds, *sans* coughs, *sans* indisposition—and as Clara, dear girl, didn't take all the money out of our town, perhaps we may be able to get enough to reassure our satirical and doubting friends that there is something besides "skeeters" in Jersey.

Yours localoptionally and otherwise,

GEORGE THATCHER.

Lecture in Reform Hall.

A large and appreciative audience greeted Dr. Green of New York as a lecturer in Reform Hall last evening. The Doctor by means of a powerful stereopticon showed distinctly upon canvas the wonderful mechanism of the human body, with oratorical ability explaining its detailed workings, and pointing out causes of disease and death, placing foremost among them the use of liquor, both as a beverage and medicine. Dr. Green bore down severely upon the poisonous compounds palmed off as distilled and fermented liquors, and the nostrums manufactured therefrom and called medicine. He also denounced those retail drug stores where that mysterious thing, the soda water fountain, does duty as a drinking saloon. The highly interesting lecture of the learned Doctor closed with religious views upon the screen, during the showing of which Miss Alice Smith accompanied on the organ and publicly received thanks.

Plainfield Dogs Get Special Prizes.

At the most successful of all New York's dog shows, which is just closing at the Madison Square Garden, Plainfield bred dogs—as is the way with everything that's Plainfield bred—went to the front. Three special prizes were awarded as follows to James L. Anthony, Esq., of Belvidere avenue, Netherwood, owner of the Graphic Kennels:

For the best kennel of pointers; for the best heavy-weight female pointer in the show, to Revel III, of the same kennel; and for the best pointer dog placed in any American field trial, to Lad of Bow, also of the Graphic Kennels.

Letters of Administration Granted.

Letters of administration on the estate of the late Firman Walker, by consent of the widow and children, were yesterday issued to Mr. William R. Codington, of the law firm of Jackson & Codington of this city, by Surrogate Huff of Somerset county. The estate is valued at $4,000.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

AN AGED PHILANTHROPIST DEAD.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24—After many months of extreme feebleness, W. W. Corcoran died this morning at half-past six o'clock, in the ninetieth year of his age. His end was perfectly peaceful, and while the direct cause of his death was senile bronchitis, his energies were past the rallying point.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE W. C. T. U.

One of the Applicants For License States His Position—A Saloon Keeper by Compulsion and Not by Choice.

TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE W.C.T.U.:—Pardon me for taking the liberty of addressing you in reference to an invitation received from you to attend a meeting to be held in Music Hall, on Monday evening, Feb. 20th. I attended the meeting and have to take exception to the remarks of some of the gentlemen who addressed the meeting on that occasion, and, although about to enter into the liquor business, I consider myself equal to any and better than some that took part in that demonstration. I have lived in this city for the last thirty-six years, and defy anyone to say that I have violated the law in one single instance, or that I was ever seen under the influence of liquor, something that a great portion of those so-called reformers, who took part in your meeting cannot say; furthermore they never will see me under its influence whether I engage in the liquor business or not. I think it was unfair to single me out from the others who are at present engaged in the same business which I contend is just as legitimate and infinitely more so than the Wall street Broker, who robs his victims by wholesale and is considered a respectable member of society, while, as some of your speakers put it, the liquor dealer has to be content with a retail business and is considered a scoundrel because his operations are not on as extensive a scale as his more fortunate Wall street brother. To return to my own case; I want it distinctly understood that I am not partial to the liquor business as one in which I would like to engage, but necessity compels me to do so. I have had the fortune—or rather misfortune—to have three houses built on South Second street, near the Potter Press Works, one of which is a store which I have had in the hands of three real estate agents to rent for the last two months, none of which have procured me a single applicant, therefore it becomes a necessity rather than a choice to start the liquor business as it is the easiest business to start of any that I know of, as the wholesale liquor men are always willing to assist any one that they find deserving of it, which is something that no other class of business men are willing to do. One of your speakers asks why those men go into the business, and his answer was "gain." Will the gentleman be kind enough to inform me where the business man is that enters any business for any other motive but for gain. I have yet failed to have seen one, and some of the men who are always ready to enter their protests against other men entering whatever business they see fit, yet reserving the right for themselves are not content with so small gains as the liquor dealer is compelled to accept.

My store is yet to let and will be until the license is granted, provided some one rents it that will take it for five years, and give me good security for the rent. If no one rents it in that time I think it is evidence enough that those engaged in the temperance crusade are not sincere and cannot in justice oppose granting me a license.

Respectfully yours,

JAMES E. O'NEILL.

Middlesex Still Ahead.

The wonderful female shooter, Miss Annie Oakley, beat the English champion, Wm. Graham, at a live pigeon shooting match at Merchantsville, N. J., on Washington's Birthday. The conditions of the match were at 50 live birds each, Miss Oakley to stand at 25 yards and Graham 31 yards. Miss Oakley killed 47 to Graham's 45. She shot in better form than ever and killed 44 of her birds inside of 20 yards from the trap. This match was a conclusion of three between the above parties, each having won a previous match. This victory for Miss Oakley is a proud one and well deserved. The little lady has the distinction of being an honorary member of the Middlesex Gun Club of Dunellen. She is well named "Little Sure Shot."

James O'Neill in "Monte Cristo."

At Music Hall, Wednesday, Feb. 29, Mr. James O'Neill will present "Monte Cristo" for the first time in this city. Mr. O'Neill has surrounded himself with a splendid company, and has spared no expense in this great romantic drama. He has his own scenery, costumes, properties and calcium lights, giving a complete performance.

THEY LOCATE AT LAST

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION WILL MEET IN ST. LOUIS.

Two Ballots Told the Tale—New York Gets One Vote—Unanimous for St. Louis The Date Changed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The Democratic National Committed reassembled in Willard's Hall a little after 10 o'clock yesterday morning with closed doors. There was a crowd of anxious workers from San Francisco, St. Louis, Chicago and New York waiting in the lobby, and all sorts of rumors were afloat about the changes in the prospects of each and all of the three leading cities ballotted for yesterday had grown out of the conferences of the night.

A break was to occur in the ranks of San Francisco's supporters, and they were to go to New York or Chicago, and thus end the contest at once in favor of either of these cities. On the other hand, there was to be a move for reconsideration of the date of holding the convention, which, if successful, would fix it early in June, and this would injure to the benfit and be a victory for St. Louis. Yet with all these conflicting rumors, the workers from the three leading cities talked confidently of winning the prize, but waited anxiously the early developments of the morning session.

As soon as the committee was called to order Mr. Scott offered a motion to lay aside pending business and consider a motion to change the date of meeting of the convention to an earlier day. This was defeated by a vote of 28 ayes, 24 nays. The balloting for place of meeting then began. The first ballot resulted: Chicago, 16; San Francisco, 17; St. Louis, 13: New York, 1.

After the first ballot a recess was taken for a few moments. Another effort to change the date of meeting will probably be made.

On the second ballot St. Louis was selected unanimously.

After the selection of St. Louis, it was decided to hold the Convention June 5.

ANOTHER SECRET WEDDING.

A Grand Niece of Chief Justice Chase Marries Mr. William B. Leduc.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The last secret wedding occurred here at noon on Monday, when Miss Annie Chase, of Philadelphia, a grand niece of the late Chief Justice Chase, and Mr. Wm. B. Leduc, son of Gen. Leduc, of Minnesota, formerly Commissioner of Agriculture, under President Hayes, were made one. The young couple met by appointment and went to the parsonage of Trinity Episcopal church, where they were married by Rev. Dr. Addison. The attachment grew out of an innocent flirtation which the young people continued until they found themselves before the parson to continue the game for the rest of their lives.

There is no apparent reason why the matter should have been kept secret, as no opposition existed to the marriage. Mr. Leduc is well known in Washington and is a most exemplary young man. He holds a $1,400 post in the Second Controller's office of the Treasury, where he has been for the past six years. He accompanied his wife yesterday as far as Wilmington and returned here last night, as he could not absent himself from his duties. Mrs. Leduc will break the news to her friends in Philadelphia and expects to come back in ten days.

FIGHT WITH THE YAQUI INDIANS

Ten Indians Killed and Several Mexican Soldiers Wounded.

NOAGLES, Ariz., Feb. 24.—The Mexican troops under Capt. Encisco, had another fight with the rebellious Yaqui Indians at the village of Batach, in the wilds of the Bucaled Mountains. The Indians were well fortified in a strong position where they resisted the attack of the soldiers with commendable bravery. The battle lasted from 2 o'clock in the afternoon until dark. Next morning the militia renewed the attack on the fortification, but found that the Indians had fled, carrying off their wounded, some of their dead, and the leader's body. Ten dead Indians were found in the pits. The military forces lost two killed and a large number wounded. Gen. Guerra, who commanded the forces fighting the Yaquis, ordered the troops stationed at Potam to form a combination with Encisco with the object to reinforce the troops stationed at other points in the field.

Cut to Pieces On the Rail.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Feb. 24.—Edward Rowen visited the Morgue in this city and identified by her hair, hat, shawl and finger ring the remains of a woman placed there yesterday as those of his wife. Mrs. Rowen left her home Wednesday to visit her husband's people on the east side, and at nine o'clock in the evening, while walking on the tracks of the New Haven Railroad, she stepped from one track to the other to allow an express train to pass, not observing a freight train approaching on the other. She was struck by the engine and literally torn to pieces by the wheels, portions of her body being scattered along the track for a distance of nearly a mile. She was twenty-nine years old, and a native of this city.

A Tax Collector' Hard Fortune.

WINNIPEG, Man., Feb. 24.—Robert Railton was met yesterday on the prairie, near Indian Head, by two highwaymen on horseback. They were armed, and ordered "hands up." Railton refused and they fired at him. This frightened his horse and he was thrown from his carriage. Finding Railton unarmed, they kicked him senseless, robbed him, blindfolded him, tied him to the back of his horse, led the animal a long distance out on the prairie, and left him to his fate. He may die.

Michael Finnegan Was the Suicide.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 24.—The man who committed suicide close to the City Hall at Camden has been identified as Michael Finnegan of 713 South Third street, Philadelphia, and his victim is now recognized as a woman named Amelia, who lived at South Camden. No motive has as yet been given for the crime, nor any facts as to the relations existing between the two.

Aid for Sufferers from the Cyclone.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Mayor Hewitt yesterday received a despatch from Mayor George H. Wernell of Mount Vernon, Ill., appealing in the name of humanity to the citizens of New York for funds to relieve the sufferers by the recent cyclone. The Mayor says that he will receive and forward all subscriptions.

Newark to Get Her Public Building.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The House of Representatives passed the bill appropriating $350,000 for a public building at Newark late yesterday afternoon.

Wyoming Knights Are Not to Strike.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 24.—The Knights of Labor miners of the Wyoming region have abandoned their contemplated strike.

WOES OF THE MINERS

STARVATION CAUSED THEM TO STRIKE FOR BREAD.

The Committee Examines a Legislator. Startling Relations—Rules the Miners Were Compelled to Submit to.

HAZLETON, Pann., Feb. 24.—The Congressional investigating committee resumed its inquiry into the coal strikes in Hazle Hall, in this city, yesterday morning. The first witness called was D. M. Evans, a member of the Legislature from Luzerne county, and a practical miner. Withess explained what was meant by the Lehigh coal region as distihct from the Schuylkill region and Wyoming region. The distinction was purely geographical. He said that the men in this—the Lehigh—region were on strike, and that the situation did not warrant the name of a lock-out. He proceded to relate the story of the strike, its causes, and its progress. Wages, he said, had decreased from $14 for miners, $12 for laborers, and $11 a week for dead work, to $11.34 for miners, the others in proportion. These wages were upon the basis of coal at $5 a ton at tidewater. The miners believed that coal was no cheaper now than in 1871 and that the operators could pay at least as high wages now as then. He related the demands made in August last and the refusal of the operators to treat with the men, the men's fruitless efforts to get a hearing, and finally the strike of September 10. Since the srtike the men have sought to have the differences arbitrated, but none of the operators would listen to their appeals and the strike has gone on. Witness proceeded to give a list of the large operators of the region and said that he did not know of any interest the railroads companies had in the Lehigh region except as transportation companies. Before the strike there were 30,000 men at work in and about the mines of the Lehigh region. The circular which was sent to the operators on September 5, asking that they should confer with the men, did not threaten a strike, but merely asked that the operators should confer with their men about the wages which they thought too low. No attention whatever has been paid to this although the men did not ask even that the operators should recognize their labor organization. The strike followed. Witness said that the condition of the men in the region was pitiable, they could not under the store system and the rates paid get enough to eat and wear. Some of the miners never saw a dollar in cash and it was difficult for many of them to purchase a calico dress for their wives. Miners with large families, who worked hard every day in the week, were always in debt to the company stores and worked practically for their food and clothing, and that was none too good. Witness himself who always worked when there was work to do, could not make more than $30 a month, and he believed that the average earnings of the miners was not more than $30 a month. The company took the taxes, generally $1.95 a year, out of the wages of the miners. The tax collectors are allowed by law 5 per cent. for collecting these taxes, but the operators who collect the tax get 2 per cent, and the collectors 3 per cent. of this commission. By special act the operatons in Luzerne and some other counties are allowed to collect this money.

The witness said that the men who lived right at the mines were charged $2.10 a ton for stove coal and were compelled to pay for so much a year whether they used it or not. This also was taken out of the wages. Each married man was also compelled to pay $9 a year for a company doctor and each single man $6 a year. He thought that the operators preferred this plan of furnishing a doctor and deducting the money from their wages because the men had such a hard time making both ends meet that they would have nothing left for a doctor when they were taken sick and thus might become a burden upon the operators as occupants of company houses, which they could not pay for. The men did not like this, but must submit or go elsewhere. The operators also owned the houses and charged $5.25 to $5.75 a month for houses which could be built for $250 and the ground is worth less than $200. In addition to this, when there is a birth in the family the operator took from the man's wages an extra $7 or $8 for the doctor, which was in addition to 75 cents a month taken out for sickness or no sickness.

The witness described the company store system, which he said was a combination at the different collieries of mining and storekeeping by the operators, who reap the benefit of excessive charges for provisions and clothing, as well as the profits of the mining operations. He said that of his own knowledge the company stores charged from 10 to 15 per cent. more than the individual stores, and that many of the miners were practically compelled of necessity to buy their supplies at these stores. When asked whether the miners were discharged if they dealt elsewhere, he said no, not that, but there were many other ways in which they were coerced. A miner who refused to deal at the company's stores would find, for instance, when his breast of coal was worked out that there was no other to be found for him, and was then compelled to return to the grade of an inside laborer or leave the mine. As a general thing, however, the real reason why the men were held in the vise of the company was that they were so badly paid that they were compelled to hold on to the company for the necessities of life, and were thus held in hopeless bondage from month to month. Witness said that of the 20,00 miners, and miners' laborers who had worked in the Lehigh region half had left, many of them going to the Wyoming Valley. Of those left 8,000 were being fed by contributions from the Knights of Labor. Of these 80 per cent. are married and have families. In answer to cross-examination he said that those who are in the company houses are not now paying rent, but the operators hope to get their money when work starts up again. At present there are less than 10 miners at work in the region. The demand made from the operators is for a 15 per cent. advance, which would amount to about $2.27 a day for miners.

Why They Favor Reciprocity.

OTTAWA, Feb. 24.—Nearly every salt manufacturer in the Dominion has been an advocate for commercial union for the past twenty years, the salt trade has been in a depressed condition, the value of salt sent into the American market last year having dropped from $149,434 in 1874 to $9,463.

Big Damages for Scaring a Horse.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Feb. 24.—Dr. Bailey was given judgment for $2,000 and costs against the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad for damages sustained by being thrown from a wagon last summer when his horse was frightened by a whistle of one of the defendants' engines.

Mrs. Lincoln's Sister Dead.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 24.—Mrs. Elizabeth P. Edwards, wife of Hon. Ninian W Edwards, and sister of Mrs. Abraham Lincoln' died suddenly here yesterday.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 22, 1887.

Barker, Mrs N R	Low Ellen P
Crane, Mrs G C	McWrey, John
Davison, W E.	Opdyke, Mary E
Gill, Maggie	Steward, Matilda
Hooper, Theodore	Scott, Winfried
Hall, Margaret L	Stevens, Hattie
Hinkle, Bessie B	Stokly, Daniel
Johnson, Ella	Sarsig, Mamie
Kennedy, Luella	Thompson, Lizzie
King, Hatie (2)	Thompson, Mrs Dr
Kane, Andrew	Wheeler, W G
Lindsley, Mrs R. W.	Watt, Lizzie
Leich, John	Waits, Gennie
Yonsor, Mary	

Persons calling for above please say advertised

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window. Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word each insertion.

FRESH LAID COUNTRY EGGS delivered daily. Only market prices charged. Give me a trial. Address Box 1,071 2-24 6

TWELVE GOOD LAYING HENS for Sale. 75c. each. Address Hens, PRESS office. 2-24-2

WANTED—A reliable single man as coachman and vegetable gardener, and who can milk. Steady employment the year around to the right man. Address X. Y. V., PRESS office.

GERMAN Chambermaid and Waitress wants a situation. Call for 3 days, corner Prospect and Hillside Ave. 2-23 2

FOUND.—A purse containing money and papers, which owner can have by proving property and paying for advertising. J. Becker, with Schwed Bros., the Clothiers. 2-23-2

WANTED—A Cook and Laundress. Please call at 21 Putnam ave. 2-23-2

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—39 West Front street, Plainfield. Call or address the owner, Wm. Battenfeld, (Bakery) 39 Mott Street, New York. 2-23-6

STORE FIXTURES.—For sale at a Bargain, Counters, Shelving, &c., complete for a large store. Nearly new; worth $250; will sell for $150. Apply to C. E. Clarke, 22 North Av. 2-18-tf

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P. V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use; in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORB. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

MUSIC HALL.

TO-NIGHT!

ABBEY'S

Double Mammoth Spectacular

Uncle Tom's Cabin

COMPANY.

2 - Uniformed Brass Bands - 2

White and Colored, and the grrat and only *MYSTIC QUARTETTE*—the only DOUBLE COMPANY IN EXISTENCE.

A laugh for every minute—smiles and tears blended together. Two comical, ludicrous musical Marks. A pack of ferocious, man-hunting blood-hounds.

Kate Partington, the world-renowned Topsy. Gracie Peck, the beautiful and phenomenal child actress, as Eva. Gus T. Wallace, earth's greatest Uncle Tom. Engaged for this season, the only genuine "South Carolina Jubilee Singers and Plantation Troubadors"; the æsthetic trained donkey Leon; the smallest Shetland pony in the world. A street parade given at 12 o'clock.

Popular prices of admission—35, 50 and 75cts. Reserved seats now on sale at Field & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's drug stores. 2-20-4

Printing!

Material—the best.

Workmanship—first-class.

Delivery—prompt.

Charges—moderate.

PRESS AND CONSTITUTIONALIST

PRINTING HOUSE.

IF YOU WANT A PIANO,

You want the Best;

You want it Guaranteed;

You want the Lowest Price;

And You Want Everything

That only I can--and will--offer you.

J. A. DEMAREST,

No. 3 North Avenue,

Sole Agent for the PEASE pianos.

I refer to those now owning these celebrated instruments in this city. 2-24

A Victor Tricycle,

Second Hand but in Good Condition.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

Address,

TRICYCLE,

2-24 PRESS Office.

"M. H. A."

MUSIC HALL!

Wednesday Evening, February 29.

JAMES O'NEILL

PRESENTING

MONTE CRISTO

With a Brilliant Cast, Elaborate New Scenery, Realistic Stage Pictures painted expressly for this Play.

Grand Effects! Correct Appointments! and Appropriate Costumes!

The Entire Production *PERFECT IN EVERY DETAIL.*

Prices as usual. Sale of seats begin at Field & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's, Feb. 27. 2-23-6

MUST BE SOLD

Before MARCH 1st,

Our entire Stock of

Millinery and Fancy Goods!

Bargains in

DRESS BUTTONS, RIBBONS,
LACES, RUCHINGS, HATS,
FEATHERS, FLOWERS, SATINS,
VELVETS. EMBROIDERIES,
WORSTEDS, YARNS,
CANVAS AND FANCY ARTICLES.

J. H. Honeyman & Co.,

NEXT TO POST OFFICE.

2-10-14

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.

P. O. BOX 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

A. F. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.

WARDEN & FOWLER,

Wholesale and Retail

CONFECTIONERS,

NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,

between North ave. and Second street,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-10-tf

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,

Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,

Gold and Silver Jewelry,

—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

AT DOANE'S,

9 PARK AVENUE. 12-16-tf

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,

Worsteds,

Notions,

STAMPING!

PECK'S CORNER.

Dress Trimmings

Neat and New, can be Found

AT

PECK'S

We Claim Nothing

Except that we have our Goods made by the *LEADING MANUFACTURERS.*

THEY ARE GOOD GOODS!

We keep the *STYLES, SIZES* and *WIDTHS*. We *QUOTE NO PRICES IN NEWSPAPERS*, but the

Prices are all RIGHT, and we keep the STOCK.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

[THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE,]

22 WEST FRONT STREET. 10mv

C. FRANK FRENCH,

69 SOMERSET ST.,

Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box* 1,062.

DEALER IN

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.

Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

THE SHAWMUT.

Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*

TRY IT!

Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm. 1-30 tf

GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

10-29-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST. 12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.

21 *WEST FRONT STREET. PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only.* Telephone Call 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

12-2-tf PROPRIETORS.

100 DOZEN

Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons

To hire for *FESTIVALS AND PARTIES,*

At Collier's, 3 Park Avenue,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER AND ENGRAVER.

Established, 19 *YEARS.* N. B.—NO BOTCHING. 1-14-tf

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

[Successor to T. J. Carey.]

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT St.,

Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. ☞Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

YOU

CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?

TRY

DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL

AT

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods

Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price.

12-21-tf

WASHINGTON LETTER.

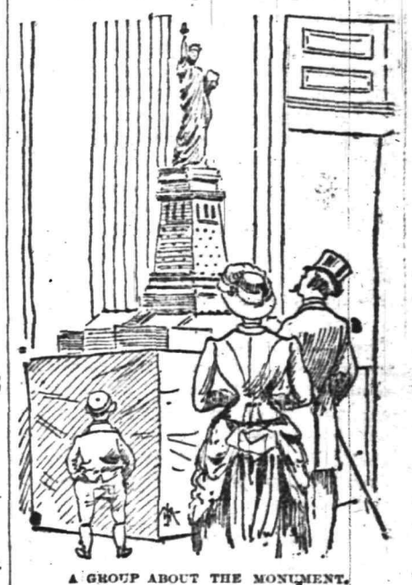
Sights and Scenes About the Capitol—Bridal Couples—The Whispering Galleries—Old Aunt Clara.

It is wonderful how the scenes about the capitol seem ever new and interesting in spite of the fact that we know just such things have been going on year after year for nearly half a century. There is always an air of novelty and romance about the grand old building and its occupants that time can never wear away. Here are the spaces through which year after year have trod the feet of the Nation's heroes, here their voices have echoed, here have been decided the fate of States and peoples, and here wrapped up in the untold scenes of an unknown future lies the fate of the great Republic for centuries to come.

To those who visit the Capitol—and of the fifty millions of people in this country, perhaps not more than three millions have ever seen the great white dome of the Capitol—its scenes are ever interesting and full of change. To them it is a rare treat to see the faces of famous men; to hear even the dull routine of business in the House or Senate; to watch the pages skipping about between grave and reverend Senators; to see Mr. Carlisle ruling the House with his ivory gavel; to see Senator Ingalls rapidly dispatching business in the Senate. The great historic pictures, the frescoes, the Liberty statue in the rotunda, the winding passage underneath the main floor of the Capitol, or those that lead to the top of the dome; the various committee-rooms; the bronze doors; the statuary in the old House of Representatives—all these things engage the attention of visitors for hours and hours, day after day, until those of us who are used to these things and spend our lives in the midst of them constantly, wonder where on earth all the people come from who can find any thing new or entertaining in them.

The bridal couples who linger about the Capitol are always an interesting study. Never a day passes that there are not from six to twenty of them here. Indeed the guides about the Capitol would starve were it not for the wedding parties who visit Washington. Somehow the freshness and illusion of their new relations lend a special charm to the sights about the great building. In learning the history of paintings and statues and listening to the time-worn and apocryphal stories of the guides, their minds seem to be relieved from the consciousness of recent events, and in the study of these interesting things they gradually become accustomed to each other like sober-minded cattle who get acquainted with their yoke by bearing it patiently.

No bride who visits the Capitol ever fails to ask for the whispering stones. She has heard of them no matter where she lives—whether in Maine, or Oregon. These wonderful stones are in the tile floor of statuary hall. There are two sets of them—one nearly in the center and distant from each other about twenty feet; the others are in a north and south line through the chamber and sixty feet apart. Standing on these stones, the newly-made husbands and wives delight to whisper soft confidences to each other. The acoustic properties of the room are such that the slightest whisper is taken



A GROUP ABOUT THE MONUMENT.

up and carried across the intervening space, so that it is heard perfectly. Indeed there are probably many accoustic centers of the room, for as one walks across it he hears a jumbling succession of words and half sentences like this:

"The bill will not—is he coming up to-day to see—that statue of Garfield is—what a pretty clo—there's a pretty girl, and—Senator Spooner says Senator Hoar—stol—her pocket-book right there by that stat—New York Seventh camped here—John Quincy Adams wrote—sun dial—died in that room—party to-night wasn't re-elected—take off sugar tax—there's old Sparks—special message on tariff—Mrs. Cleveland in the Senate—chewing tobacco fearfully—statue cross-eyed—"

There is another thing that no bride would fail to do, and that is to patronize Aunt Clara, who sells notions just off the rotunda. She is a poor old demented lady, who makes her living by selling photographs of public men, guide-books, souvenirs made out of the pulp of macerated greenbacks, and a great variety of things of that sort. She looks like an old witch, and it is hard to say whether she is French or German. To those who enjoy her confidence she talks with great freedom and very interestingly at times. At others, she is as incoherent as Hamlet's Ophelia or as reticent as the sphinx. Her story is somewhat romantic. In early life she was a beautiful woman, and she lived for a number of years in Washington. She knew intimately Clay and Webster, Calhoun and Tom Benton, and if you are so fortunate as to get her to talk about them, she can tell many an interesting story.

After a time it became necessary for her to leave Washington and she made her home in New Orleans, where her taste in matters of dress made her a successful milliner. She built up a fine business and made a snug little fortune. When the war broke out she rashly avowed her Union sentiments, with the consequence that her store was sacked and she was obliged to leave the city with her children, a refugee, penniless and dependent, not knowing which way to turn. The terrible strain upon her mind unsettled her reason and she has been a harmless victim of dementia ever since. In some way she wandered to Washington, and old-timers remembered how she used to sit in the Senate gallery and wave a little silk flag whenever a Union speech was made. This at length became rather annoying, and several of the Senators, Charles Sumner among them, decided to give her something to do so as to keep her out of the Senate, and she was allowed to set up her notion stand in one of the Senate corridors. After a time she was moved over on the House side of the rotunda and for twenty-five years she has been one of the familiar landmarks of the Capitol. She owns a comfortable house, has sent her boy through Yale College and given her daughter the benefit of extended European travel. NORD.

GEORGE'S ULTIMATE AIM

THE LABOR LEADER SPEAKS OF M'GLYNN'S COUP D'ETAT.

Why He Will Support Cleveland—His Split With Dr. McGlynn—Views on the U. L. P.—Facts About the Society.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—In his *Standard* to-day Henry George gives his *reasons for* no longer acting under the Presidency o of Dr. McGlynn in the Anti-Poverty Socie ty, and also why he will support Mr Cleveland's candidacy for the President of the United States. He says that he not only voted for the arch-protectionist, Hor ace Greely, but worked for his nomination, because it then seemed to him that his nomination and election would clear the way for bringing up economic issues by burying the issues that grew out of the war. In the same way he is now in favor of the nomination of Cleveland, because his nomination and election on the tariff issue would, he believes, best clear the way for bringing into practical politics something far more important than tariff reform. It makes no difference to him what Mr. Cleveland may think of Mr. George's ultimate aims. To force the issue which he stands for will best clear the way for bringing into practical politics what Mr. George aims at. He does not care how little weight his support of Mr. Cleveland may be; he hastened to avow it as soon as he was reasonably satisfied that he would not go back on his tariff message. And he did this at once, not merely because the best and timeliest conference of single tax men was being held in the columns o the *Standard*, but because scheming to de feat Mr. Cleveland's nomination on the plea that his election was going on in the Democratic party, and every feather's weight of evidence that he would be stronger, not weaker, because he had as sumed to lead his party toward freedom would tell as against this plea and help to defeat this scheme.

Mr. George regards Mr. Cleveland's nomination as far more important than his election. The stand he has taken in his message and the public attention he has aroused will give his nomination the certainty of a campaign on the tariff issue, no matter what the platform of his party may be. Believing that the fight against the protective tariff is not merely the first great national step that can be taken toward the real and permanent emancipation of labor, but that it will do more to educate the American people in economic principles, Mr. George regards Mr. Cleveland's nomination as a more important political event than anything that has occured since the close of the war

Some of his friends in the West think he ought not to have expressed his intention to support Mr. Cleveland in case he represented the free trade side of the tariff question until a national conference of single tax men had debated and decided what would be best. But, replies Mr. George, the national party of which these gentlemen speak has no existence; it has not yet passed the nebulous and expectant state. Such a conference, moreover, if intended to serve the purpose of Republican protectionism in the doubtful states, as he has for some time known to be intended, could most easily be packed at the cost of a most trivial sum. For, outside of a few localities, the United Labor Party has no organizations that could elect representative delegates, much less defray the expenses of delegates to a national conference. Such a conference must therefore be necessarily made up of volunteers who could afford to pay their own expenses without thought of return. What proportion of the most enthusiastic friends of the party could afford to do that? And how easy it would be by the intelligent use of a comparatively small fund to pack such a conference with the representatives of the views of a minority by simply furnishing, unknown to each other, men of that way of thinking with part or all of the money needed to enable them to attend. How efficacious the use of even a small amount of money may be in securing control of a nebulous party can be seen in the fact that the ability to hire an office, to pay a few salaries, and to buy stationery and postage stamps has in New York given to three men such importance that they virtually assume dictatorship.

Dr. McGlynn, he remarks, has on several occasions spoken with much stress of a conference held in Cincinnati by the citizens of a number of Western States, which he considers the voice of the West demanding that, no matter how circumstances may have changed, the United Labor men must forthwith proceed to make a national party and put a Presidential candidate in the field.

As to the split in the Anti-Poverty Society, Mr. George remarks that Dr. McGlynn's coup d'etat in packing the Executive Committee of the Society and the views and sentiments to which he gave expression on that occasion made it impossible for self-respecting men longer to act under his Presidency, and he heartily approves of the action of a majority of the committee in leaving the room. He felt glad to know that before he had returned to New York the majority of the committee had unanimously come to the conclusion to abandon to Dr. McGlynn the entire management or the society. The spectacle of two anti-poverty societies in New York would be both shameful and ridiculous and would only hurt the cause. And although legality and right are with the majority of the committee, although Dr. McGlynn did not originate the idea of the Anti-Poverty Society, and its formation only took the part of a friend counseling with friends, it was also true that Mr. George ands his friends wanted Dr. McGlynn to be the head of the society, and that its great success was largely due to the popularity and eloquence of Dr. McGlynn, and that its membership and audiences have been largely made up of that devoted personal following which whatever be his qualties as a politician, testify to his qualities as a priest.

A REFORM PARTY'S TICKET.

A. E. Redstone of California for President, J. A. Colvin of Kansas, Vice-President.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—After a series of meetings in the Industrial Reform party, forty-five men and four women—a Presidential ticket has been agreed upon, as follows:—

J. E. Redstone, of California, for President.

J. A. Colvin, of Kansas, for Vice President.

This is not the same party that nominated Mrs. Belva Lockwood for the Presidency in 1884, but it is its legitimate political heir and successor, and Mrs. Lockwood is numbered among its originators and founders, although she is not participating in the present Convention.

Affairs of a Defunct Iron Firm.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 24.—The court appointed appraisers to place a value upon the works of Groff, Bennett & Co., and arrange for the assignee to continue in operation two of the mills.

M'GLYNN'S CABLE TO ROME.

Was It a Declaration of Independence from the "Ecclesiastical Machine?"

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—A cablegram which Dr. McGlynn sent to Rome late Saturday night has cause some people to believe that the president of the Anti-Poverty Society is striving to secure a reversal of the judgment against him. The indications, however, are that the deposed priest has officially announced to Cardinal Simeoni his severance from what he terms the "ecclesiastical machine."

The message which Dr. McGlynn sent was written in Latin. It was after midnight when it was handed to Receiver Hills at the main office of the Western Union Telegraph Company. Dr. McGlynn passed over a fifty dollar bill in payment of the message, and when informed by Mr. Hills that he could not change so large a bill at that late hour, the doctor said: "You can keep the bill and I will call for the change."

Nothing could be learned of the contents of the cablegram. Night Chief Dwight Case and Operator Keene of the cable department are said to have studied it, but they have been in the business too long to divulge what they know.

One operator referred to the address made by Dr. McGlynn at the Anti-Poverty meeting at the Academy of Music on Feb 6 for the key to the message. Dr. McGlynn that evening said: "Some good ecclesiastical friends, after I had been suspended and then at last excommunicated, tried to reopen this case of mine, and, with a sort of negative passive acquiescence on my part, they have been writing to Rome voluminous statements. Now, it is my determination, which I avow before you here, that the first letter I send to Rome will be simply to disavow the action of these kind friends of mine, and to tell Rome that I have no case before it whatsoever."

A REVOLUTIONARY TORY'S GOLD

Dug Up By an Eastern Shore Man While Digging a Post Hole.

TASLEY, Va., Feb. 24.—Several years ago a party of persons came to Pungoteague. Accomac county, from England, and spent a large amount of money in excavating on a farm. To all inquiries they were looking for treasure buried there by a wealthy English resident of Accomac county during the Revolutionary war, who went to England during the struggle and never returned. No attention was paid to them and their seach proved futile.

A few days ago a tenant on the same farm named Alonzo Mears, while digging a post hole, unearthed an iron pot filled with gold and silver coins, some of which bear the image of Charles II. and others of George III. Mr. Mears is very reticent about the matter and refused to divulge the amount, but it is certainly very large as it took two men besides himself to carry the pot to the house. The rest of the farm is being dug rapidly by anxious treasure-seekers, but without avail as yet

Shot By His Brother.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 24.—Charles Holton son of a wealthy and prominent furniture dealer of this city, was shot and fatally wounded by his brother, Ethan Allan Holton, yesterday morning. Charlie is nineteen years of age and Ethan sixteen. Since the Snell murder Charlie Holden bought a dark lantern and revolver, keeping the latter under his pillow. While the boys were dressing this morning Ethan picked up the weapon, and, pointing it playfully at Charlie, exclaimed, "You're a dead man." The revolver happened to be at full cock, the hammer fell and Charlie fell to the floor with a bullet in his breast. Physicians say he cannot live.

A New Trial for Greenwald and Miller.

BROOKLYN, Feb., 24.—John Greenwald, the convicted murderer of Lyman S. Weeks has been granted a new trial by the Court of Appeals, and Charles, alias "Butch" Miller, who is indicted for the same crime, was arraigned in the Court of Sessions yesterday to answer to an indictment for burglary. The indictment charges them with entering the house of George Mohringer of 82 McDougal street on the night of January 30, 1887. It was the interjection of this burglary into the murder trial that secured a new trial for Greenwald. Prominent lawyers state that Greenwald cannot be convicted of either crime.

Fixing for a Big Railroad Extension.

DENVER, Feb. 24.—Negotiations have been for some time pending and are now almost perfected between the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, the St. Louis and San Francisco, and the Atlantic and Pacific roads, by which Rock Island secures a through line to the coast by building 250 miles of road, the line to tap the St. Louis and San Francisco at Lathrop, I. T.

Daniel Oakey Shoots Himself.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Daniel Oakey of the Union Trust Company who was with Sherman on his famous march to the sea, and who contributed an article to the *Century* this winter recounting their terrible experiences during the Georgia campaign, killed himself yesterday in a Bleeker street shooting gallery. He was prominent in G. A. R. circles and a member of the Society of the Loyal Legion.

Serious Floods in the Bay State.

PALMER, Mass, Feb. 24.—The disastrous work of the flood throughout this section is much worse than was supposed. The water has subsided, and a fine view of the submerged valley is obtained. The highway and one large railroad bridge in this town are gone and many more are weakened. The total damage is about $20,000.

Ohio Men Have a Fatal Duel.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Feb. 24.—A duel was fought with shotguns at Oak Harbor, near here, yesterday, between Wm. Lindley and John Tibbett. Lindley was instantly killed. Liudley married a sister of Tibbett and the latter swore he would kill him. Tibbett has fled.

Plumb's Charges to Be Probed Into.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The House Committee has called a special meeting for Saturday to investigate Mr. Plumb's charges that there was an error in the engrossing of the law under which the four per cent. bonds were issued.

Blaine Sends a Short Cable Message.

TRENTON, Feb. 24.—A brief cablegram from Florence, Italy, was read at the dinner of the Young Men's Republican club. It was this: "Tell Sewell and Phelps they must carry New Jersey this fall. James G. Blaine."

Doc Wilson is off for Europe.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 24.—"Doc" Wilson has succeeded in settling all the suits against him and is about to sail for Europe He is still supplied with money by some unknown benefactor.

Subjecting No Man's Land to Law.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The Senate passed yesterday a bill extending the general laws of the United States over No Man's Land.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 24 street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 8-27-tf

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE,
Architect,
North avenue, opposite depot.
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist.
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

R. V. SAUMS,
Carpenter and Builder.
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work. 9-15-tf

C. J. NOEL,
Carpenter and Builder
OFFICE—4 WEST THIRD STREET,
Shop, South Second St., PLAINFIELD, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED. 11-22-tf

C. E. JOHNSON,
(Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,)
CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

C. NIELSEN,
Carpenter and Builder,
31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder.
Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37.
Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 29 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44. Personal attendance night or day by GEORGE M. STILES, my9tf

P. HOAGLAND'S
City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

S. E. FLOWER,
Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

CARL PETERSON,
Florist
Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Cut Flowers at Low Prices Beautiful designs for weddings and funerals. 10-28m3

A. SWALM.
Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,
Paper Hanging A Specialty.
No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,
Bookseller and Stationer.
No. 7 Park Avenue.
A full line Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,
Livery Stables.
North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

CHARLES E. RUNK,
Coal Dealer.
39 NORTH AVENUE.
Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-20 y

USE
CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON
Best Six Cord,
For Hand and Machine use. For sale by
I. LEDERER.
1-2-6m No. 9 WEST FRONT STREET.

GREAT MARK DOWN SALE
to clear out most of our Large Stock of
WINTER GOODS,
in order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.
A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT. has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEW MARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.
An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.
LEDERER'S,
No. 9 West Front Street.
1-2-6m

TRY OUR
QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.
HENRY LIEFKE,
NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.
8-16-t

GEO. D. MORRISON,
FLOUR AND FEED STORE,
NORTH AVE., OPP. RAILROAD DEPOT.
JUST RECEIVED—A full line of POULTRY FOOD, BEEF SCRAPS, BONE MEAL, OYSTER SHELLS, EGG FOOD, ETC. 11-29-tf

WEST END COAL YARD
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.
Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1
WALTER L. HETFIELD. JOHN M' HETFIELD.

FRANK LINKE,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1355, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

H. C. DRAKE,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,
Furniture and Freight Express.
P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

Card of Thanks.
If the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam should publish a card of thanks, containing expressions of gratitude which come to him daily, from those who have been cured of severe throat and lung troubles by the use of Kemp's Balsam, it would fill a fair-sized book. How much better to invite all to call on R. J. Shaw and get a free sample bottle that you may test for yourself its power. Large bottles 50c. and $1.00

ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

VALENTINES!
All Kinds and Low Prices, at
ALLEN'S, the Stationer,
No. 23 EAST FRONT STREET. 10my

J. C. POPE & CO,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,
Lumber and Coal Merchants,
CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,
PLAINFIELD.
All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD,
DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

J. W. VANSICKLE,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—8-25-tf

ELOPED WITH A YOUNG QUACK.

A School Girl Runs Away With a Man Almost a Stranger to Her.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 24.—A romantic elopement occurred here yesterday, the persons being Miss Eva Black, the seventeen-year-old daughter of Dr. H. H. Black, and young Dr. Flint, who represents himself as a healer of throats and lungs, and who is undoubtedly a quack. He first came to town about six months ago, and soon after coming he made the acquaintance of the girl.

He took his meals at a restaurant where he could see her pass, as she went to school and the restaurant keeper says he frequently left his meal and joined her as she passed.

He had a partner whose name is Joe Burdett, and the restaurant keeper heard them conversing about her. The meetings of the couple were clandestine and were kept up during the stay of the doctor in the city, which was several weeks. He then left, but it seems that he has been keeping up a correspondence with her, and having procured a lock box for her at the Post Office, it was not discovered by her parents until a short time ago, when they intercepted some of the letters and learned what was going on.

Wednesday the Doctor returned to the city and the parents got information that an elopement was planned for yesterday. The father took no steps to prevent it further than to watch the girl's movements, and intended after they had got together to have a warrant issued for the arrest of the man for abduction. But the birds were more wary than the hunter. At a few minutes to noon a hack with the blinds lowered drove up to the corner of Quincy and and Eighth streets and the girl tripped down the steps leading from the high school rooms, and hurrying to the spot was driven rapidly southwest, and has not been seen since. It is reported that they have gone to Horton, Kansas.

The girl is short and plump, and rather pretty. The man is well dressed and seems to have plenty of money. It is reported that he once spirited a young girl away from her home in Denver under similar circumstances and then deserted her. A warrant has been sworn out against Flint and his accomplice on a charge of abduction.

IN GOVERNOR GREEN'S HANDS.

New Jersey's Local Option Bill Has Passed the Senate and Assembly.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb 24.—The Senate yesterday passed the Combination High License and Local Option bill by a vote of 12 to 6, the Republicans voting in the affirmative. The bill has now passed both houses, but the belief is general that Governor Green will veto it, and it is understood that ex- Governor Abbett and Attorney General Stockton are in consultation with him over the intended veto message in order to make it as strong and as elaborate as possible.

It is expected that it will be voted on constitutional grounds in the main. He must act upon it within a few days, and the last day for sending in the veto will be on Wednesday of next week. Then it would lie over one day after being read, under the rules, and on the day following could be overridden, which event is very probable.

No fears are expressed as to the future fate of the measure because on its repassage it will receive every vote that was cast for it on the first roll call. The Democrats will likely appeal to the courts, which act would serve as a stay to the operation of the law for about a year.

The Supreme Court would be first called upon to decide the question, and then either side could take it before the Court of Errors and Appeal. The friends of the measure are very confident that even if the question comes before a court composed of a majority of Democratic Judge that the act will be declared constitutional.

The Color Line in Religion.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 24.—A meeting of the seceding delegates from the last Episcopal Diocesan Convention was held here yesterday to agree upon the plan of the campaign. The bone of contention is the negro in the church. At the last convention Bishop Howe ruled that the clerical delegates were entitled to seats without examination into credentials. This ruling admitted the colored Rector of St. Mark's church, a congregation composed of the elite colored people of the city. Thereupon between thirty and forty delegates and several clergymen seceded. The convention meets again in May, and this conference was for the purpose of agreeing upon the plan to be pursued. The proceedings were secret, but it is said that there will be no compromise.

Mr. Cleveland in the Land of Flowers.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., Feb. 24.—The President and his party visited the Sub-Tropical Exposition yesterday morning, and were delighted and astonished by the grand display. After three hours they left at 11:50 on the special train for this city, where they were the guests of H. M. Flagler. They were received here by a committee of citizens, several military organizations, the school children, the firemen, etc., and escorted through the brilliantly decorated streets to the Hotel Ponce de Leon.

Damage Suits the Sequel.

WORCESTER, Mass., Feb. 24.—Edwin Ames, of this city, has brought suit against the Boston and Albany railroad Company, for $50,000 damages for causing the death of his son last August. This is the second suit for that amount growing out of the accident at North Grafton, where young Ames was killed and his sister permanently injured by being struck by an express train as they were driving across the track.

Curate Ford Gets a Slight Promotion.

MARLBORO, Mass., Feb 24.—Rev. K. F. Ford, curate of the Immaculate Conception, of which Rev. Father Kenna is pastor, has been appointed superintendent of Father Roche's Working Boys' Home in Boston. It will be remembered that this is the home about which the story was started that Father Roche's accounts were irregular.

Tank Cars No Excuse for Unfairness.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—In the cases against railroads in the South and West for giving preference in freight rates per gallon to Standard oil in tank cars over that of other shippers in barrels, the Interstate Commerce Commission yesterday decided that such distinction was unjust and must be abandoned.

Dolph's Bill on the Submarine Cable.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Senator Dolph's bill to carry into effect the recommendations of the International Convention for the protection of submarine cables was yesterday passed by the Senate.

Greeley's Birthplace Not to be Sold.

NASHUA, N. H., Feb. 24.—The item which has appeared in nearly every large daily throughout the country, that Horace Greeley's birthplace at Amherst was to be sold for taxes, is unfounded.

CANADA'S PARLIAMENT OPENS.

The Speech from the Throne Expresses Satisfaction Over the Treaty.

OTTAWA, Feb. 24.—Parliament met yesterday afternoon. The Governor General, Lord Lansdowne, read the speech from the throne, which refers to the general prosperity of the country, to the exceptionally large harvest in the Northwest and the movement of trade and commerce, which has been well maintained.

The fishery treaty is referred to as an honorable and satisfactory adjustment of the question for both countries. A measure giving effect to its provisions will be submitted to Parliament at an early date.

A measure for the consolidation of the railway act in the direction of suggestions by the railway commission will also be presented, as well as an amendment to the existing contraverted election act. The improvement and extension of the franchise act are promised, as well as a bill making applicable to Manitoba and the Territories a larger portion of the modern laws of England, in respect to which no legislation has yet been had by the Parliament of Canada, although it possesses the jurisdiction.

Other measures to be anticipated relate to the judiciary, to the civil service act, and to the audit of public accounts. The principal interest will center in the measure to give effect to the fishery treaty, and that successfully accomplished is quite sufficient to signalize the session.

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

The latest English boxer who talks of meeting Sullivan for four or six rounds is named Wolf Bendoff.

A male child born recently in the fourth ward New York, is named James Gelespie Blaine Garfield Arthur Snodgrass.

Peter Panchot, the pedestrian, is in a bad way financially and his friends are getting up a subscription to help him home to Minnesota.

The four young children of Michael Hennessey, who have been lying at the pest house outside the city of Elizabeth, N. J., with small-pox, died Tuesday night.

The Western Union made a big cut in operators' salaries, and discharged several men, at Milwaukee Tuesday. It is asserted that business is very dull and the outlook is far from encouraging.

President Corbin of the Reading Company was at his Wall street office on Wednesday and lots of callers congratulated him on the victory he had won in the mining strike. He held almost a levee at the office where he appeared.

Senator Blair, of New Hampshire, is of Scotch-Irish descent, and is a stright, tall, brown-haired man, with a strawberry blonde complexion, a sandy beard and blue eyes. He is noted as a temperance advocate a great friend of the Indians, and is in favor of woman's rights.

The Supreme Court of Dakota Tuesday decided a case brought to test the local option or prohibition law passed at the late election, for which sixty-four out of eighty-five counties voted It was decided that the local option law must reign supreme in those sixty-four counties.

Ex-Judge John Wescott, of Camden, N. J., is in all probability one of the best amateur boxers in the state of New Jersey. He is well knit, supple and as spry as a squirrel. He literally boxed his way through college, paying for his tuition at Yale by giving lessons in the manly art of self-defense.

Mrs. Rachel Stillwaggon, of Flushing, L. I., who spells her name with two "gs," because Gen. Scott in sending her an order some years ago spelled it that way, recently celebrated her 102d birthday. The woman has been a widow forty years, and her faculties are still keen. She has two children, four grandchildren and one great grandchild.

The citizens of East Greenwich, R. I., held a mass meeting Tuesday evening and formed a new Law and Order League. Lawyer Allen announced that the State Chemist had completed his analysis of the powder found in the well and declared it to be arsenic. The liquor dealers were warned that every place would be raided and closed.

The Sisters of the Ursuline Order in Philadelphia, who recently rebelled against the church interfering with their temporal affairs, are preparing quietly for their homes in France. The Sisters have a handsome convent which cost nearly $300,000, but have resolved to desert their beautiful home and return to their native land. A number of the Sisters have already succeeded in eluding the vigilance of the Superiors, and the others are watching their opportunity to escape.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—For New England, Eastern Pennsylvania, Eastern New York and New Jersey, fair, followed by light rains; light to fresh winds, generally from east to south; stationary temperature.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Money on call to-day 2½ per cent.

BONDS.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
5's,	1891, reg.	107	107
4½s,	1891, coup	108	108
4s,	1907, reg	125¾	126
4s,	1907, coup	126	126

STOCK MARKET.

THREE O'CLOCK.—Prices on the stock market were firm to-day on a dull business, with features in the Richmond Terminal stocks. Bonds were dull but moderately strong. Sterling exchange rates were advanced ½ cent.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	53	53¼
Central Pacific	37	36¾
Chicago, Bur. & Q	127¼	127¼
Delaware & Hudson	127¾	110
Del. Lack. & West	110	130¾
Erie	130¾	27¼
Erie, pref	26¾	63
Lake Shore	62	61
Louis. & Nash	91¾	59¾
Michigan Central	59¾	
Missouri Pacific	82¾	85¼
New Jersey Central	84¾	80¾
New York Central & Hud	80¾	107¾
New York & New Eng	107¾	36
Northwestern	37¼	106¾
Oregon Navagation	85¾	91¾
Pacific Mail	39¾	39¼
Reading	69¾	69¾
Rock Island	113	114
St. Paul	76¾	77¼
Union Pacific	56¾	56¾
Western Union	78¾	78¾

PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat—Market quiet. No. 1 red, 92 c.a c.; extra red, 90¾c.a c.; No. 2 red, 89 c.a c.; in elevator, 89 c.a89¾c. delivered; No. 3 87 c. a c.; state white, 91½c.a c.; No. 1 white, 91 c.a c. No. 1 northern, 89¾c.

February, c.; March, 89 c.; April, 90⅛ c.; May, 90¼c.; June, 90¾c.; December, 93¾c.

Corn—Market quiet. No. 2, at 60 c.; in elevator 59½c. and delivered; No. 3, 58¼c.a58¾ c., and steamer, 58¼c.a c., elevator, 60c.

February, 60 c.; March, 58⅝c.; May, 58¾ June, 58¼c.

Oats—Market quiet. No. 1 white, 42 c. No. 2 white, 39½c.a41 c. No. 3 white, 38½c.a39 c. No. 1 mixed, 39 c. No. 2 mixed, 37½c.a38¼c. No. 3 mixed, 37 c.; rejected, 36 c. No. 2 Chicago, 39 c.

February, 37 c.; March, 37½c.; May, 37½c. June, c.

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market quiet. Creamery—Eastern, —c.a—c.; western, 25 c.a28 c. Elgin, 28 c.a 30c.; imitation, 20 c.a24 c. Dairy—Eastern, half-firkin tubs, 23 c.a27 c.; eastern, Welsh tubs, 20 c.a25.; eastern firkins, 20 c.a23 c.; eastern dairies, entire, 20 c.a24 c.; western 18c.a22c. Factory—Fresh, 18c.a23c.

Cheese—Market quiet. Factory—New York, cheddar, 12 c.a12½c.; western, flat, 11½c.a12 c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 6 c.a10 c., skims, 1 c.a1½; state skims, 3 c.a5c.

Eggs—Market firm. Fresh—Eastern firsts, 23 c.; southern firsts, 22½c.a23¼c.; western firsts, 21½c.a22 c. Limed—Eastern firsts, 13½c. western firsts, 13½c.a14½c.; Canadian firsts 13 c.a14½c.; imported, 15 c.a20 c.

TOO LATE.

A True Story—Its Perusal Should Make Us More Charitable.

"MAMMA, mamma," wailed a tiny, feeble voice, "tum take baby."

It was a lonely tenement room, utterly bare of any thing like cosy home comfort. A dilapidated bedstead and furnishings stood in one corner, a rusty stove, a basket with a few lonesome lumps of fuel in it, a rickety old chair with one broken rocker, were the principal furniture.

In this chair a little girl, whose pinched white face showed painfully the effects of close air and semi-starvation, sat in it rocking as far as the broken rocker would allow, and crooning a dismal little ditty in time to her fast-falling tears.

A baby lay back in her arms, a golden-haired little creature with great blue eyes, which under happier circumstances—fresh air, warmth and proper food—would have been beautiful; but now, its pinched face, staring eyes, and wan deathly look, were enough to melt a heart of stone to pity.

The child moaned on in its pitiful wail for "mamma, mamma," and the little girl sang on amid her tears, while the otherwise deathly quiet of the room was broken by an occasional footstep stumbling up or down the long dark staircase without, varied by sounds of quarreling children in the other rooms, sounds of blows and screams of pain, for the ill-smelling tenement house was swarming with occupants of all ages and all degrees of misery.

Once a drunken man stumbled along the narrow passage, swearing and cursing, and weeping little Jane clasped the wailing baby closer to her beating heart, but she had taken the precaution to turn the key in the rusty lock, and after trying the door and giving it a kick, the man shuffled on to his own wretched room.

Meantime the mother rubbed away on a washing she was doing in a wealthy home on Beacon street, with a heart as heavy as lead, while the tears stole down her cheeks and mingled with the foam of the suds.

She had stayed at home for two whole days already, days that meant little short of starvation for the little family; but the babe was so sick she could not resist its pitiful pleadings for her care.

To-day, however, her work was in a place where she well knew a failure to appear would cause the certain loss of future work, and she tore herself away from the baby, though it strained her very heart-strings to do so.

Mrs. Chauncey had no intention of being a hard woman, and would have been surprised had any one ventured to tell her she was so, but she was certainly unsympathetic. The sorrows of the poor were nothing to her, and in her employment of them, if one failed in any particular, she discharged them and filled the vacant place with another as unconcernedly as she would supply a missing cog in any of her kitchen machinery.

There was a sad history preceding this chapter in the washerwoman's experience.

She had once been a happy bride, giving her heart and hand with the blind devotion with which woman bestows herself upon the man of her choice; a long vista of happy years stretched out before her in anticipation, in which husband, home, and little children were the central figures.

True she knew that her husband occasionally accepted a treat from his friends, just one glass once in a while, but she thought nothing of it. Compared with many

AND CROONING A DISMAL LITTLE DITTY.

others, he was a model of temperance and good principles. She did not know of the inherited taste which lay lurking in his nature, waiting for a supply of liquid fire to warm it to a never dying flame, but she found it out afterward, when the husband no longer wafted for a treat, but stepped into the ever-ready saloon and supplied the craving which was beginning to dominate him.

It was when little Jane was born that he came home *drunk* for the first time in consequence of the absurd custom of celebrating such events by unlimited treating, and the wife suffered keener anguish than that of the birth throes, when he stumbled into her presence in his maudlin condition.

After that his downward course was rapid; from their neat cottage they went to tenement rooms, from rooms to one room, the miserable shelter where little Jane is rocking the baby.

In a saloon brawl two years ago he had killed a man, and for this had been sent up for life, and the worse than widow had set about making a living for herself and the child.

Death is a terrible thing, but there are living deaths which are infinitely more tragical, more pathetic than the grass-covered grave in the green cemetery.

Then came the baby, born amid tears, poverty and disgrace; no cap-crowned nurse greeted her advent into the world, not even a physician, and little Jane, aided and advised by a kind neighbor who was even poorer than they, took the scanty care of the mother and child which they received.

The mother had almost resented the thought of another mouth to feed, another form to clothe in her destitution, but the mother love came with the blue-eyed baby, and much as she had loved little Jane, this little one, born amid such adverse circumstances, crept into her heart as no other living thing had ever done, and became the very idol of her lonely heart.

Plain print dresses had seemed good enough for little Jane's babyhood, but white—pure white—seemed the only suitable wear for the smiling, golden-haired visitor, and many a night she sat up after her day's toil for others was done, to wash and iron the one fine white and embroidered robe which was left of Jane's infant wardrobe, that her darling might be fresh and sweet through the day.

Little Jane shared this idolizing love for the fair little blossom in the dingy room, and together they worked and made sacrifices uncomplainingly that the little one might be shielded from the hardships of their lot, while she laughed and crowed and contributed her share of sunshine to alleviate the sorrows she knew so little of, until the sickness came, the result of poverty and privation, blanching the cheek and dimming the blue eyes of the little comforter.

It seemed to the mother that the wash had never been so large at Mrs. Chauncey's as she hurried through the monotonous rub, suds and rinse, and nothing but the thought of the money she would receive, and which she needed so sorely, upheld her aching heart during the anxious day. She was nearly done now and Mrs. Chauncey came into the wash-room; she was not in a pleasant humor to-day. Her dressmaker had disappointed her, and Mr. Chauncey had refused her the new style sealskin cloak she had asked him for, on the plea of hard times, and she spoke to the tired and sorrowing woman coldly and fretfully: "It seems to me, Mrs. Dunlap, the washing has dragged unusually to-day."

"An' sure, mim, it's unusually large," said the cook, who chanced to be in the room, pointing to the great basket of clothes ready for the line.

She was as near being a privileged character in Mr. Chauncey's household as any one in it, for her place could not be easily supplied, as she well knew.

"Is it, indeed," replied Mrs. Chauncey, coldly. "I was not aware of it, but I came in, Mrs. Dunlap, to say that I haven't the money to pay you to-day; you may come on Friday and do the ironing, and I will pay you then," and she turned and sailed loftily from the room.

"Are yees going to faint, woman?" cried the cook in alarm, as the poor mother stood

"IT SEEMS TO ME, MRS. DUNLAP."

looking after her with a face from which every vestige of color had fled, and bringing a chair, the kind-hearted woman seated her in it with gentle force.

The kindly touch unlocked the fountain of the mother's grief, and amid her sobs of distress told the friendly cook the story of her troubles.

"I'll lind ye the money mesilf," cried the woman, wiping her eyes with her apron, her warm Irish heart responding at once to the sad story; she had had children herself, and knew the depths of the mother love. "Put on your things an' hurry home as quick as iver ye can, an' I'll hang the clothes to dry, an' clane up the wash room." Mrs. Dunlap looked up in grateful surprise. "An' here's a fine, fat orange I bought for me sister's little by, but it'll do the poor sick baby more good," and she tucked the fruit into Mrs. Dunlap's pocket as she spoke.

The mother gladly took advantage of the kind offer, and while she was hurrying on her poor, thin shawl and shabby bonnet, the cook was making up a parcel of cold victuals, luxuries to her in her penury, but unavailable in Mrs. Chauncey's luxurious kitchen.

She hurried home, only stopping to purchase a few necessities with the money the cook had lent her, and ascended the long, dark staircase with an anxious heart.

Little Jane met her at the door. "Oh, I am so glad you have come, mamma," she said, in a hushed voice. "Baby has mourned for you all day, but she is asleep now."

The mother approached the wretched bed where the baby lay, the little hands crossed peacefully over her breast, the golden hair, which the mother loved so much to curl and fondle, lying in disordered rings upon the strained, white forehead, the blue eyes closed and oh, so still.

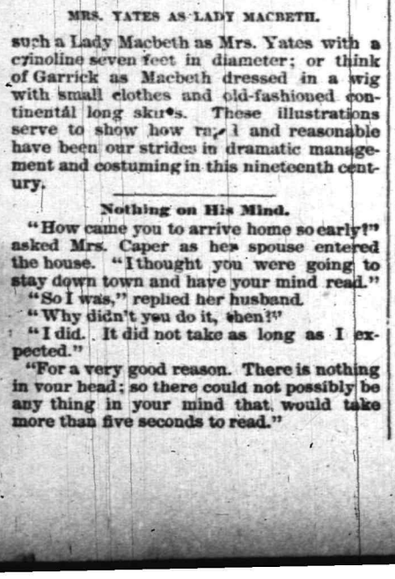
There was no need for little Jane to speak in low tones, and it seemed as if the stricken mother was turned to stone as she stood there, a living statue of dumb, unspeakable anguish; the baby was *dead*.

MRS. F. M. HOWARD.

Old-Time Stage Characters.

Lovers of the modern stage who have seen Salvini or Ristori, Edwin Booth or Irving, can hardly realize what the drama actually was in its early stages. Dr. Donan's "Annals of the Stage," which has been re-published this season, revised and edited by Mr. Lowe, gives some idea of what the old-time theatre-goer saw. It probably contains the finest collection of English theatrical portraits ever issued. Here appear the faces and costumes of Quinn and George Frederick Cook, Mrs. Woffington, Mrs. Yates, Garrick and Edmund Kean, Elizabeth Barry, Cibber and scores of others famous in the history of English drama. The picture of Quinn as Coriolanus shows how confusing and ill-timed were the ideas of costuming in vogue a hundred years ago. Imagine

GARRICK AS MACBETH.



MRS. YATES AS LADY MACBETH.

such a Lady Macbeth as Mrs. Yates with a crinoline seven feet in diameter; or think of Garrick as Macbeth dressed in a wig with small clothes and old-fashioned continental long skirts. These illustrations serve to show how rapid and reasonable have been our strides in dramatic management and costuming in this nineteenth century.

Nothing on His Mind.

"How came you to arrive home so early?" asked Mrs. Caper as her spouse entered the house. "I thought you were going to stay down town and have your mind read."

"So I was," replied her husband.

"Why didn't you do it, then?"

"I did. It did not take as long as I expected."

"For a very good reason. There is nothing in your head; so there could not possibly be any thing in your mind that would take more than five seconds to read."

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 5.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.52 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44 a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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Tea Knives, worth $3 00—our price—$1.50 per dozen.
Dessert Knives, worth $4 00—our price—$2 00 per dozen.
Knives and Forks, worth $5 00—our price—$2 50 per dozen.
Tea Spoons, worth $2 50—our price—$1 25 per doz.
" " " $4 00 " " $2 00 "
Table Spoons, worth 60c. each—our price—30c. each.
Sugar Shells, worth 50c. each—our price—25c. each.
Cake Knives, worth $3 50 each—our price—$1 25 each.
Salt and Mustard Spoons, worth 35c. each—our price—15c. each.
Eight-inch Shears, worth $1 50 each—our price—60c. each.
Six-inch Shears, worth $1 00 each—our price—30c. each.

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We are offering many *BARGAINS* throughout every *DEPARTMENT.*

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THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

BY THE WAY.

—A telephone pay-station has been established at Fanwood.

—The weather today has been a sort of mixture, including rain, hail, snow, and blow.

—For yesterday's news as published in THE PRESS, see to-night's *Evening* ——. Free adv.

—Liberty street between the railroad and Front street is more easily traveled in a boat than on foot.

—At a regular meeting of Major Anderson Post, No. 109, G. A. R., held on Thursday evening, one new member was elected.

—An orchestra will be organized at the Y. M. C. A., on Monday evening at *nine* o'clock. Men with musical instuments invited to be present.

—On Monday evening will occur the annual "circus" in the Council chamber. A few reserved seats in the lobby can still be obtained at the "usual prices."

—The capacity of the sewers at the corner of Park avenue and Front street, were inadequate to carry off the increased volume of water that fell this morning, and the water was backed up nearly on a level with the sidewalks.

—Four gymnasts from the Brooklyn Y. M. C. A. gymnasium will add special interest to the programme at the reception to be given the employees of the Pond Machine Tool Works, at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, on Tuesday evening next.

—One of the great nuisances in this city, especially at night, is a howling dog, ready to run out and bark at every passer-by. We know of several canines of this kind, and perhaps the most effectual way to rid the community of them is to administer a dose of strychnine.

—Rev. A. B. Dilts will conduct the Young Men's Meeting on Monday evening at Y. M. C. A. Hall. Good singing, with accompaniment of a good number of instrumental pieces. The meeting will begin promptly at 8 o'clock and close at nine o'clock sharp. All men welcome.

—If the Road Overseer of the Borough would take a walk along some of the principal streets, he could plainly see the uneveness of the grade, where water stands in deep pools and board walks are floating around promiscuously or are regular squirt-guns when stepped upon. The attention of the authorities is particularly called to this matter of a proper grade that the surplus water may run off instead of becoming stagnant pools as Summer weather approaches.

Nearly Lost Her Life.

An elderly looking lady, neatly dressed, narrowly escaped being run over by a locomotive at the Park avenue railroad bridge yesterday about 10 a. m. Passengers and others at the depot noticed the woman walking along the track between the depot and Park avenue, but supposing that she was waiting for a passenger train, paid no particular attention to her. The lady reached the Park avenue bridge and stood for a few moments, on the West bound track, looking toward Front street. Presently a "wild-cat" engine came thundering along, and although the engineer blew the whistle, the woman did not notice the approaching locomotive until it was within a few feet of her. She leaped once and cleared the track, just as the engine passed by. Several persons who witnessed the incident, turned their heads, expecting the woman to be killed outright.

A New Business Firm.

Today were signed the papers conveying to Messrs. Frank W. and Elmer E. Runyon the business and the lease of the building at the corner of Park avenue and Second street, formerly in the hands of Frank C. Green.

The new proprietors have taken possession at once, and will open Monday under the firm name of Runyon & Co. They will continue as dealers in furniture and upholsterings. The undertaking business of A. M. Runyon & Son., will still be carried on under the personal supervision of Messrs. Alex M. and Elmer E. Runyon.

The March of Improvement.

The tenants at 17 and 19 East Front street, opposite the Y. M. C. A., building, will have to move out by April 1st, as the two-story frame building they occupy will be torn down and handsome stores and apartments will be erected on the site. The owner of the property is wealthy and much interested, personally and financially, in the good growth of Plainfield. Whatever he adds to it will be a credit and adornment to the city.

Chief Carey's Preference Acceded To.

In the Orphans' Court at Flemington, this morning, Craig A. Marsh, Esq., acting for Mr. Tunis J. Carey, of this city, opposed the appointment of the oldest son of the deceased as administrator of the estate of Mr. Carey's father-in-law. After Mr. Marsh had submitted his brief the Court decided in his client's favor, and an administrator was chosen in accordance with Mr. Carey's desires.

SERVICE OF SONG.

The Programme and Choir For To-morrow Evening.

The next service of song, to be given to-morrow evening in the Crescent Avenue church, partakes of music simpler than that of the last. This may not prove so impressive to some, nor so gratifying to others; but it will be more satisfactory to those who fear that the large crowds who have attended these special services have been attracted only to please their ears, and those who disapprove of the hiring of a professional soloist for the occasion will feel more complacent.

The pastor will preach a short sermon from Matt. XX: 6—"Why stand ye here all the day idle?" There will be responsive readings and singing by the congregation. The selections to be rendered exclusively by the choir, and those who will be included in the latter, are as follows:

Organ—Fantasia, C Minor,	CARNALL.
Jesus Shall Reign	KARL WILHELM.
Where Hast Thou Gleaned To-day?	BLISS.
Ah! My Heart is Heavy Laden—Duet and Choir,	BLISS.
Not Half Has Ever Been Told,	PRESBREY.
Come to Jesus,	STEBBINS.
Let the Saviour In,	EXCELL.
It is Well,	BLISS.
Organ—Largo,	HANDEL.

SOPRANO.	ALTO.
Mrs. J. K. Myers,	Miss Alice Holmes,
Miss Annie H. Gilbert,	Miss Jennie L. Demarest,
Miss Augusta Holmes,	Mrs. S. R. Struthers,
Miss Lulu Kaufman,	Miss Clara O. Dunn,
Miss May Tomlinson,	Miss M. E. Demarest,
Miss E. C. Fehrmann,	Miss Kitty Kaufman.
Miss Carrie C. Dewey.	
TENOR.	**BASS.**
Mr. S. R. Struthers.	Mr. A. J. Gavet,
Mr. E. B. Ryder,	Mr. C. Arthur Baynon,
Mr. W. R. Cock,	Mr. A. W. Duxbury,
Mr. C. W. Beebe,	Mr. Frank E. Newman,
Mr. E. E. Runyon,	Mr. A. T. Slausson,
Mr. Fred. W. Waltz.	Mr. G. Harry Squires.
Mr. Howard W. Beebe.	Mr. Wm. B. Gilbert.

Miss JESSIE M. UTTER, Organist.
MR. I. C. PIERSON, Leader.

Sunday Services.

Training class at the Y. M. C. C., to-morrow at nine a. m.

Mr. S. A. Haines of Netherwood is the speaker announced to address the Reform Club meeting to-morrow evening.

Rev. J. B. Cleaver will preach Sunday evening at Cutter's Hall, subject: "Which church did Christ Build." Services commence at 7:45. All are welcome. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m.

In the Park Avenue Baptist church to-morrow, there will be preaching by the pastor, Rev. Asa Reed Dilts, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Morning theme: "The New Birth." Evening theme: "Christ Crucified."

The subject to-morrow afternoon at the evangelistic services in Reform Hall, under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., will be, "What shall we do?" A cordial invitation is extended to everybody to attend; the exercises being of special interest to non-professors of religion. Christian workers are requested to participate in the meeting by brief remarks and prayer. Service begins at four o'clock.

Two Wealthy Citizens Ill.

The familiar figures of Frazee and Daniel Lee, of Two Bridges, two bachelors whose wealth cannot be estimated, have been missed from the streets for several weeks past. Frazee Lee, one of the brothers, sustained serious injuries by falling from the hay mow in his barn, but under the careful treatment of Dr. Long the aged man is now in a fair way of recovering. Daniel, the other brother, has been confined to the house for some time past by illness, but his condition is reported as improved. The Messrs. Lee Brothers are the owners of a large tract of land in this city, a part of which is located on East Front street, between Park avenue and Peace street. Most of their property is unimproved.

Still Copying From THE PRESS.

The Plainfield *Evening* —— continues its audacious and unbecoming course of copying from these columns the news of the day before. Among other items in our shameless contemporary of Friday, taken from THE PRESS of Thursday, was the report of the North Plainfield Township meeting held on Wednesday evening.

Always a day or two ahead, THE PRESS is awarded without dispute the title of "The Only Newspaper Published in Plainfield." Now is the time to subscribe.

Lecture at Reform Hall.

A fair audience assembled in Reform Hall last evening to listen to a free lecture by Dr. Greene of New York city, and to witness an exhibition of stereopticon views. The lecturer took the audience on a tour to ancient Greece and showed them beautiful cathedrals, the coliseum, the sports of the Amphitheatre, Gladiatorial combats, Greek and Roman statues, the beauties of Switzerland, the Rhine, Venice, Naples and Rome, all of which were thoroughly enjoyed by the audience.

A CLEVER BOARDING-HOUSE THIEF.

JOHN JOSEPH GREETON.

The above cut is a fair likeness of John Joseph Greeton, alias "John Reginald Talbot, the Second," who eloped from his boarding house on Cottage Place, this city, on the morning of the 8th instant, alongwith about $200 worth of jewelry and clothing belonging to his fellow boarders, an account of whose capture at Bryn Mawr, near Philadelphia, by Chief Carey, on Thursday, Feb. 16th, was told in detail in these columns on the following day. Greeton not only stole jewelry and clothing from the boarding house but he worked upon the good graces of Emily Pettinger, a domestic employed by a family on Broadway, until he "worked" eight month's wages from her. Today THE PRESS makes the first contribution to Chief Carey's rogue's gallery. The Chief is to be commended upon the efficient manner in which he worked up the case, and the subsequent arrest of Greeton, who is considered one of the meanest sort of thieves. The prisoner when committed to the County Jail by Justice Nash on Friday of last week, promised the authorities that he would plead guilty to the triple charge against him in the Court of Special Sessions at Elizabeth on Thursday, and thus save the county the necessary expense of putting the case on trial.

It was arranged with the Prosecutor, so that the latter would accept the plea, and Greeton would receive his sentence at once. On Thursday, however, the prisoner was not arraigned, for some unexplained reason, and the case may now be postponed until the opening of the Spring term. Chief Carey has recovered all the stolen articles, but they will be retained by him until the case is disposed of. The photograph from which the above likeness was taken, was gotten with considerable difficulty, and only after four sittings. The prisoner evidently did not care to have his photograph sent to various parts of the country, for fear it might be recognized by the police of other cities.

Plainfield Wins.

For want of space THE PRESS has neglected to notice a chicken fight at East Newark, on the eve of Washington's Birthday, between birds owned in this city and Brooklyn. But sixty-five persons witnessed the main, including several from this city. The birds weighed-in from four pounds, fourteen ounces, down to three pounds, fourteen ounces, and the fight was for $10 a battle. Plainfield won the first and second battles in twenty and forty-five minutes respectively; Brooklyn the third and fourth in fifteen and twenty-five minutes; Plainfield the fifth in fifteen minutes; Brooklyn the sixth in thirty-five minutes. The seventh battle was a draw, and the eighth and ninth battles were won by the Plainfield birds. Total number of battles won: Plainfield, five; Brooklyn, three. The main will probably be repeated.

A Surprised Party.

A gentleman who resides on an avenue running parallel, and not far distant, to Park avenue, was returning home along the latter thoroughfare a few Saturday evenings ago, when he met the enemy and he was his. It was rather dark, but as the gentleman neared Arlington place he thought he passed a chicken stretched as though frozen on the sidewalk. He turned back and stretched forth one hand to pick it up—clasping his many bundles of groceries under the other arm.

When he reached home he quietly took off "every stitch" out-doors, and stole in the house with just his sorrow and a big hunk of experience. The next day he buried the clothes and the groceries, and on Monday morning went to New York without an overcoat.

He Won the Hat.

Albert Snedeker made a bet of a new hat on the evening of Monday, that he could throw two well known sports in this city, whose combined weight is about 363 pounds. The wrestling took place at a resort on Park avenue, and the conditions were the best two in three. Snedeker threw his men in short order, thereby winning the bet. The winner is now matched to wrestle a man from New Brunswick, who claims the proud title of a champion. The match is set down for March 5, and is for a purse of $50. It will probably take place in this city.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Gershom Frazee wants to know why the weather today is like a Republican protectionist journal. *He* says, "because it is so windy."

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Van Winkle of Roseville, N. J., have been visiting, for a few days, ex-City Treasurer Van Winkle, of Central avenue, father of the former.

There is not only one but a half-dozen members of the Plainfield Chess Club who will insure the possession in this city forever of the State trophy won by Mr. R. B. Keys.

Mrs. F. X. Schoonmaker, wife of State School Trustee Schoonmaker of Putnam avenue, has been ill for some days but is now recovering slowly from what threatened to be an attack of pneumonia.

Mr. M. Schuck is lying dangerously ill at his home, corner of Sixth and Union streets, from consumption, and his condition is considered hopeless. Mr. Schuck has resided at his present location for the pas 36 years.

Mr. Beekman and family of Evona were tendered a sociable, Thursday evening, by a number of the *elite* of Plainfield, Dunellen and Evona. The carpets and furniture were removed from the spacious double parlors, and dancing was participated in till the small hours.

The *Evening Chronicle* of Virginia City, Nevada, published recently three columns concerning the wedding of Mr. John Randolph Vail, of the Santa Anita Ranch, to the daughter of the Hon. Richard Rising. The groom is a nephew of Mr. Mahlon Vail of Park avenue, and a near relative of ex-Postmaster Wallace Vail. Among a list of presents that fill a column, was one from Mrs. Catherine Webster of this city who was present at the ceremony. Among those who sent cablegrams of congratulation, were Mrs. Mackay of London, and the Princess Colonna de Galatro of Paris.

All Licenses Will Probably be Granted.

The protests that will be presented the Common Council, Monday evening, against the granting of liquor licenses, will be written and oral, special and general, extensive and extended. The temperance people of the city will continue their earnest contention against the granting of *any* licenses, and against the granting of certain ones in particular.

The struggle, possibly, will be in vain. Every applicant who has conformed to the requirements of the ordinance the city has adopted, will probably be granted a license in whatever location is designated. Some of the anti-license workers express a belief—born of a last hope—that Councilman Dumont will not vote for the granting of licenses to a certain few places termed as extra-hazardous. This belief is reasonably vain. There is no restrictive-location clause in the ordinance, and if all other requirements and provisions of the city's law are fulfilled, Councilman Dumont is by duty bound to vote as the people at large elected him to vote.

A Church Sociable at the Kirkner Residence.

The young people of the Congregational church held a "Whittier "Sociable" at the residence of the Hon. Jacob Kirkner, last evening. The parlors were full, and everyone present was completely gratified. There were charades in which many took part, and some beautiful solos by Miss Kirkner. Mrs. B. T. Barnes, who had consented to play, was unable to be present, and Mr. E. E. Runyon was also unavoidably absent. A very bountiful supper was served during the evening.

Wholesale Slaughter of Chickens.

Mr. Daniel Terry, a milkman, residing in the Short Hills, found when he entered his barn yard a few mornings ago, that seventeen of his chickens had been killed during the night. The fowls laid in all parts of the yard, and a black hen weighing about six pounds was found a quarter of a mile from the place. Nearly all of the chickens were bitten through the back, and it is supposed that a dog visited the roost during the night, and played havoc with the poultry.

Organizing a New Order.

Invitations have been issued to a number of prominent gentlemen in this city requesting them to be present at No. 20 West Front street, Monday evening next, at eight o'clock. A preliminary meeting is proposed for the purpose of taking steps in the formation of a Lodge of Knights of Honor, in this city.

The call is signed by J. Purcell Baker, Grand Dictator, K. of H., of N. J., and by Mr. J. G. Betzler of this city.

Wont Go to Europe Right Away.

Mr. H. C. Hedges, of the Barnum & Bailey consolidated "greatest show on earth," was in Plainfield yesterday and dropped in to shake hands with THE PRESS. Mr. Hedges is Mr. Barnum's representative, and so knows whereof he speaketh when he says that they will open at Madison Square Garden, New York, on the 16th of April.

Mrs. Susan Ramsey in Trouble.

The coroners jury in the case of the unfortunate Newark girl who died at Easton, recently, returned their verdict, yesterday morning, to the effect that Jennie Osborne came to her death at the hands of parties unknown, but it believed "that Mrs. S. L. Ramsey of Plainfield, N. J., Dr. H. M. Cox of Port Murray, N. J., George Evans of Jersey City, Charles Haskill, alias Lareau, of Danbury, Conn., and John W. Pace of Easton are either principals or accessories to the crime."

Mrs. Ramsey, Dr. Cox and Pace were placed under arrest, and it is likely that Evans and Lareau will be arrested at once.

Dr. Cox's bail was fixed at $3,500, Pace's at $3,000 and Mrs. Ramsey's at $1,500. All the prisoners are held for the April session of the Criminal Court. Mrs. Ramsey promptly furnished bail and was released. She arrived in Plainfield this morning at 8:40.

Pace kept the hotel at Easton where the girl was in company with Evans, and where she died in the hands of Dr. Cox and nurse Ramsey. Haskill is another who was attentive to the victim during her life.

Defense That is Unnecessary.

MR. EDITOR:—As a false impression exists about town on the following subject, will you please do me the favor to insert the following in today's issue:

"DECEPTION" BY PROHIBITIONISTS.

On Sunday evening, Feb. 12, it was publicly announced to four or five hundred people at Reform Hall that Sam Small would lecture there on the 21st inst., under an engagement with the *Prohibitionists*. This lecture was again announced the next Sunday evening. The Hall was engaged (not by myself) for that purpose, of the Executive Committee of the Plainfield Reform Club. Some misunderstanding about that matter was corrected with them, and some dissatisfaction existed, which does not interest the public, all of which is past. Thus it was publicly known that the lecture was under the auspices of the Prohibitionists. So much for "deception" charged.

A. UTTER,
Ch'n Com. of Arrangements.

The Old Notion Is Exploded and the New Way Is the Cheapest.

EDITOR OF THE PRESS:—Will you kindly settle a dispute between two of your readers, by answering the following questions which they have agreed to submit to you:

1st. Is not the old notion that it is unprofessional for lawyers to advertise themselves like other business men, exploded?

2d. Do you not consider that an advertisement of a lawyer, gotten up by himself, and following closely the pattern laid down by the proprietor of "St. Jacobs Oil," and printed in a conspicuous part of the paper, is more apt to attract attention and therefore more sensible than a modest card on an inside page?

Yours truly
IGNORAMUS.

Work For the City Council.

The Council on Monday evening is likely to be over-run with petitions and remonstrances against granting the extra saloon licenses in the fourth ward. Thus far petitions have been prepared as follows: One containing the names of 140 employees of the Potter Press Works; another from the trustees of Mt. Olive Baptist church, containing upward of 200 signatures; another one largely signed by the employees of the Pond Tool Works; one from the W. C. T. U., besides the resolutions adopted at the Reform Club anniversary on Wednesday evening. Other petitions will in all probability be presented, with the same end in view,

Alert's Claim the Carriage.

EDITOR PRESS:—In your issue of last evening I notice that the expert, Mr. Osceola Currier, has in his appraisement of the apparatus of the Fire Department the following: "Alert Hose Carriage, $50." Allow me to state that the carriage referred to, was bought and paid for by the members of Alert's company and is the property of Alert Hose Company, and not of the Plainfield Fire Department.

A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY.

Hummer—Ramsey.

Mr. John M. Hummer the genial ticket agent at Stanton, N. J., and brother of Mr. L. A. Hummer of this city, was united in marriage, on Thursday last, to Miss Cora Ramsey, at her father's residence at Lebanon, N. J., at 12 o'clock m. The presents were numerous and costly. After an elegant collation, the happy couple left for an extended trip to Washington, D. C., and its immediate vicinity.

—When Cain killed Abel, it is said
He had completely lost his head,
His trunk to brazen wrath instead
Was wedded.
There's better stuff than this, by far,
For topping canes; at Colliers are
These articles, away 'bove par—
Gold-headed.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

KILLED HIMSELF.

One of the Most Popular Young Men of the State Commits Suicide.

CLINTON, N. J., Feb. 25—Jack Leigh, son of the Hon. John T. Leigh of this place, shot himself dead this morning at eight o'clock. The deceased was about thirty years of age, unmarried, and very popular with all who knew him. No cause for the suicide is assigned. He was in the employ of the Lehigh Valley R. R., of which his father is a prominent stockholder, and stationed at its Philadelphia office. He was on a visit here at his father's residence on Leigh avenue, when the act was committed.

WHO'S HURT.

Anti-License Wants to Know Where Sam Small Cut Deep.

EDITOR PRESS:—Judging from the tone of the local papers, particularly their reports and comments on the lecture of the Rev. Sam'l Small, the public is rapidly reaching the conclusion that THE PRESS is the most friendly to the cause of temperance. Both of the so-called Republican papers say that Mr. Small was "unnecessarily severe" on ministers, and one of them puts it in stronger terms. If a lecture like that hurts temperance Republicans the general conclusion will be that they need to be hurt; and as to the clergy Dr. Rodman says that it did not hurt *him* and that he was very much pleased with Mr. Small, and protests against calling him "Sam."

Now everyone knew before the lecture that Mr. Small was a Prohibitionist and didn't favor the temporizing policy of either the Republican or Democratic party in dealing with the rum traffic. Everyone also knew that he advocates reform among clergymen—a change in their method of dealing with the traffic.

An interested public would like to know which of our noted galaxy of clergymen were hurt by the sayings of the lecturer.

ANTI-LICENSE.

DUNELLEN ITEMS.

Mr. A. P. Sutphen has been confined to the house for a few days past, from illness bordering on pneumonia.

A number of Indians (?) gave an entertainment of a miscellaneous nature at Maier's Hotel on Wednesday evening.

Mr. Will Doty and Miss Lizzie Van Deusen were united in marriage by the Rev. Mr. Skellinger, pastor of the Presbyterian church, on Wednesday evening. The bride and groom immediately went to the residence of Mr. Doolittle on Prospect avenue, where a Martha Washington Tea Party was in progress, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society, where they were heartily congratulated.

The Central Railroad Company is experimenting here with patent danger signals at the railroad crossings. At each of the crossings a gong is located, and when the locomotive is within several hundred yards of the crossing, the gong is rung by electricity, and continues to ring until the train has passed. By the adoption of this method of warning drivers and pedestrians of the approach of a train, the Company will do away with flagmen at the railroad crossings.

WESTFIELD.

The Prohibitionists of this place will meet in the Town Room on Saturday next, to nominate candidates for the coming township election.

To-morrow the Locust Grove Sunday School will celebrate its seventeenth anniversary. The address will be delivered by Rev. Mr. Parks of Scotch Plains.

Mr. Price of Westfield, has purchased another tract of land of Mr. Wm. Stitt and proposes to at once commence the erection of several dwelling houses thereon. Westfield is booming.

SOUTH PLAINFIELD.

Monday was pay day with the hands employed on the new South Plainfield and Roselle Railroad. Between three and four hundred men were obliged to stand in the rain for a long time awaiting their turn to pass up to the pay-master's window and draw their pay. A considerable amount of the men's wages is spent with the merchants here, and some of it goes to Plainfield.

—Noah was the first man who strictly observed Lent. He lived on water for forty days and forty nights.

—Complaint is made of a peddler who puts up on South Second street, near Muhlenburg Hospital. It is said that the man owns an apology for a horse, but has no stable for the animal. All of Thursday night and yesterday, it is alleged the horse was obliged to remain out of doors, with scarcely a blanket to protect him from the cold.

A BIG STRIKE IMMINENT

LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS AND FIREMEN THIS TIME.

They Want Classification of Wages Abolished—Objecting to Green Hands—What the Officials Say.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—Unless something happens within a few days, the Chaicgo, Burlington and Quincy Railroad will be tied up from one end to the other. Freight as well as passenger traffic will be stopped, and most of the switch engines will be abandoned. The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen have decided upon a strike as a last attempt to enforce their demands upon the railroad company, and both organizations are very strong on the road. Three circumstances give this threatened strike especial importance. One is the size of the railway system, another the fact that the engineers' brotherhood has been looked upon as unalterably opposed to strikes; the third and most significant is the sanction which Chief Arthur gave yesterday to the decision of the enginemen. The point now at issue is the abolition of all classification in the wages of engineers, a move settled upon the brotherhood at its convention here last October. The principal reason for this step, as Mr. Arthur explains, was that the railroads were beginning to discharge men who had been in the service a long time and were drawing better pay, and to put in their places men who were not veterans in the trade, but were capable of doing the work just as well, and willing to take lower wages. The result was that engineers of long experience had difficulty in getting work and the general standard of wages was reduced. The same rule applied to the firemen, who got 55 to 60 per cent. of the pay of the engineers. The pay was by miles, 3 cents a mile being the minimum rate for road service, but getting 4 cents and over.

Chief Arthur, of the engineers and Grand Master J. T. Sargent of the firemen have succeeded in introducing a uniform scale of wages for all engineers on road service on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, the Chicago and Northwestern, the Chicago and Alton, the Wabash, the Chicago and Atlantic, the Atchisen, Topeka and Santa Fe, and other Western Lines. The new scale is 3½ cents a mile for freight engineers and 4 cents for passenger engineers and 60 per cent. for the firemen. All their negotiations were successful until they called on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Road. For three weeks past a committee of the engineers and firemen of that road, with Messrs. Arthur and Sargent at the head, have been negotiating with General Manager Stone and Superintendent Bessler to bring about a similar arrangement. At present the road is working under an arrangement made last year with Vice-President Potter. It makes special arrangements with its men by the trip, and the engineers complain that they get the worst of this arrangement.

The officials of the railroads say that to grant the mands of the engineers and firemen would greatly increase expenses by advancing the average of wages, and refused to accede to it. A final meeting was called at the Grand Pacific Hotel last evening without result, and the representatives of the men decided to try to force the railroad to their terms.

The committee of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy men this morning announced to Arthur and Sargent that they had decided to call out all the engineers and firemen on the road as far as the two brotherhoods controlled them. The two chiefs gave their sanction to that decision and pledged the support of their organizations to the strikers. The exact time when the order will be issued has not yet been determined. The engineers and firemen on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy number about 1,5 0.

"I have given the official sanction of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers to the resolution of the Burlington men," said Chief Arthur, "because I think they have asked nothing but what is right and fair. We have asked no more than the other roads have granted, and if they can grant it there is no reason why the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy cannot. It would average the wages of the men and possibly advance the average a little, but it would be very little, and the road could well afford it as well as all the trunk lines can. I think that if the men are called out it will tie up the road from end to end."

HE COULD NOT MARRY HER.

Private Secretary Kritzky Deserts His Prospective Bride at the Last Moment.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 25.—Charles A. Kritzky, private Secretary of Vice-President Smith of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, and Miss Alice Cunningham were engaged to be married Wednesday night. In the afternoon she received the following note:

Alice, I am compelled to ask you to postpone our wedding for the present. It grieves me as much, if not more than you, as I am put in the very unenviable plight of a liar and coward. I hope you will know me better than to think I am either. The facts are that it will be necessary for me to leave town and wait for the storm to blow over and gossip ceases. You know it is impossible for me to get leave of absence and unwise for me to ask it. When the date was fixed I supposed I would be out of Louisville at that time. Believe me, it is folly and madness to marry tonight. I am very much ashamed that I didn't have the courage to insist upon a postponement last night. There is nothing in my past conduct toward you that would lead you to doubt my sincerity. I hope that you will be brave and not grieve over this. I am half crazy myself, and utterly unfit for anything. We will risk the bad luck until such day as we can quietly make our arrangements for our reunion.

Kritzky went to Miss Cunningham's house last night and was kicked out by her father. Miss Cunningham is a beautiful girl of 18, and nothing is known against her. Her family, however, live in a disreputable neighborhood, and her sister, Mrs. Paul, figured in a sensational suit, in which John DeWitt tried to recover a debt from her husband.

Train Despatcher Killed on the Rail.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 25.—R. E. Luby, formerly chief train despatcher of the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham road, resigned his position last Saturday. When starting for New York last night his foot slipped and he fell, the wheels of the car passing over his head and severing it from the body. He came here from Watertown, Wis., where his parents reside.

Chief Mate Curtis Not Fatally Hurt.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 25.—Chief Mate Curtis, of the ship Tillie E. Starbuck was stabbed by James Cook, a mutinous seaman, while the vessel was lying in the Delaware River last night. He then shot Cook through the thigh. Neither wound is fatal.

$16,000 for Loss of Both Feet.

TROY, O., Feb. 25.—The jury in the case of Mike Donahue, against the D. and M. road yesterday, gave the plaintiff $16,000 damages for the loss of both feet.

THE U. S. LEGISLATURE

TWO PENSION BILLS DISCUSSED BEFORE THE HOUSE.

Mr. McAdoo's Bill Reported Adversely—Defeat of the Lottery Bill—Urging Chinese Restriction.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Senator Manderson, in a strong speech, opened the fight yesterday in behalf of the Pension bill which President Cleveland vetoed last year. The bill has the support of the Grand Army posts everywhere, and is the result of their combined judgment as to the measure necessary to be passed for the relief of helpless soldiers and their dependent relatives. It is entitled "A bill granting pensions to ex-soldiers and sailors who are incapacitated for the performance of manual labor, and providing for pensions to dependent relatives of deceased soldiers and sailors.

With thorough legal specification it provides: First, that pensions of dependent parents shall commence from the date of actual dependence if the claim was made before July 1, 18-0, and from the date of subsequent dependence or filling if made after. Second, that men who have served more than three months, and are now totally incapaciated shall receive $12 per month; and third, that dependent relatives of the deceased invalid pensioners shall be placed on the pension rolls without regard to the cause of death of such pensioner, and that the increase of pension for minor children shall be $5 per month instead of $2 unless a minor child is insane or otherwise helpless, in which case the pension is to continue during the life or disability of the child.

The Senator commenced his speech by reviewing the failure of the former bill by the President's action, showing that the House had passed the bill by a vote of 184 to 76, and that no vote had been recorded against it in the Senate. The House tried to pass the veto, but only gave it 175 votes against 125. Such opposition to the clear will of Congress as was shown in the veto, the Senator said, had no precedent in the history of the Republican party, although it would have had no following.

Continuing, he said that he regarded the veto as a destroying veto, couched in language of condemnation and much verbosity. There had been no question of constitutional wright in the vetoed bill; it had involved simply the question of wisdom and expediency. He thought that the majority of the ex-soldiers agreed that the time had not yet come for a service pension law; they simply demanded that their disabled and crippled comrades should be taken from pauper homes and almshouses and should be furnished with the means of subsistence.

They had the authority, if not action, of President Cleveland to support such a demand, for in his annual message of 1886 he said: "Every heart responds to a tender consideration for the men who, having served their country long and well, are reduced to destitution and dependence."

The cost of the measure was not the question, but whether it was just and right.

The House Committee on Invalid Pensions yesterday unanimously directed Mr. Morrill of Kansas to report favorably the bill to place on the pension rolls the names of the surviving officers and enlisted men, including marines, malitia, and volunteers, of the military and naval service of the United States who served in the late war of the rebellion, and who were prisoners of war for sixty days or more, and who are now suffering from any disability which can reasonably be presumed to be the result of exposure and hardships endured while in confinement as prisoners of war, and not the result of their own misconduct or vicious habits, and pay them the pension now provided by law for similar disabilities, provided that this section shall not be construed to allow any person to receive more than one pension. The bill also provides that all surviving officers and enlisted men, including marines, militia, and volunteers of the military and naval service of the United States who served in the late war of the rebellion, and who were prisoners of war for a period of thirty days or more, shall receive the sum of $2 for each and every day they were held in confinement as prisoners of war, to be paid by the Secretary of the Interior.

Favorable reports were also ordered on the bills to increase the pension for total deafness to $30 and to limit the charges of examining surgeons in pension cases to $2 for each case.

After a long discussion, in which Representatives McAdoo and Phelps of New Jersey participated, the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries decided by a majority vote, to report adversely on the McAdoo bill for the protection of the menhaden fisheries. A minority report will be presented to the House by Representatives Cummings, McMillin, Springer, and perhaps one other member of the committee, favoring the passage of the bill.

The bill prohibiting newspapers containing lottery advertisements from transmission through the mails was defeated in the House Committee on Post Offices. The vote stood 7 against the bill and 6 for it. Mr. Merriam of New York will make the majority report of the House, and Mr. Lind of Minnesota will prepare the minority report recommending the passage of the bill.

Oliver K. Reed, President of the Laundryman's National Associaton, and B. W. Ecclestone, its Secretary, both of Philadelphia, were at the Capitol yesterday urging Senators and Representatives, especially the Committee on Foreign Relations and on Foreign Affairs, to pass Senator Mitchell's bill absolutely prohibiting Chinese immigration.

Trenton's Police Force Wins it's Suit.

TRENTON, Feb. 25.—The Supreme Court yesterday morning rendered a decision in the case of the Trenton police force against the inhabitants of the city, declaring that the Republican Common Council, which came into power last spring, has no right to discharge members of the force who were appointed under the act making the term of office during good behavior. The Common Council, in May last, passed an ordinance making the term of office one year.

Cave Tried to Kill His Son.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 25.—Thomas Cave of 3428 Emerald street has been committed to await trial on the charge of attempting to murder his son Robert, 18 years old. The two had an altercation, and the father stabbed his son in the leg with a penknife. The boy is in the hospital, and the father will remain in prison to await the result of his injuries.

Three Men Killed by an Explosion.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 25.—A still in the Atlas Refining Company's Works exploded yesterday morning, killing one man and wounding two fatally. The building caught fire and was only saved by the promptness of the firemen.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 22, 1887.

Barker, Mrs N R	Low Ellen P
Crane, Mrs G C	McWrey, John
Davison, W E	Opdyke, Mary E
Gill, Maggie	Steward, Matilda
Hooper, Theodore	Scott, Winfried
Hall, Margaret L	Stevens, Hattie
Hinkle, Bessie B	Stokly, Daniel
Johnson, Ella	Sarsig, Mamie
Kennedy, Luella	Thompson, Lizzie
King, Hatie (2)	Thompson, Mrs Dr
Kane, Andrew	Wheeler, W G
Lindsley, Mrs R. W.	Watt, Lizzie
Leich, John	Waits, Gennie
	Yonsor, Mary

Persons calling for above please say advertised

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m,
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

HONEYMAN & CO.'S closing out sale will continue for only one more week. Twenty ounces of Zephyr for One Dollar. Bargains in Buchings, Ribbons, &c.

FOR SALE, AT DUNELLEN—House, Barn and two acres. Fruit and shade; one-half mile to Depot; easy terms. Inquire of A. S. Titsworth, 26 North avenue, Plainfield, or Dunellen. 2-25

TO LET—House and Store containing 11 rooms, No. 76 East 4th street. S. O. Staats, 39 North avenue.

TO LET—Residence on Somerset st., now occupied by Rev. W. E. Honeyman; also the Berry Homestead property, corner Somerset street and Linden avenue. Barn on each place. Rent reasonable. Lutkens & Hummer, No. 37 Park avenue. 2-25-tf

FRESH LAID COUNTRY EGGS delivered daily. Only market prices charged. Give me a trial. Address Box 1,071 2-24 6

TWELVE GOOD LAYING HENS for Sale. 75c. each. Address Hens, PRESS office. 2-24-2

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—39 West Front street, Plainfield. Call or address the owner, Wm. Battenfeld, (Bakery) 39 Mott Street, New York. 2-23-6

STORE FIXTURES.—For sale at a Bargain, Counters, Sheiving, &c., complete for a large store. Nearly new; worth $250; will sell for $150. Apply to C. E. Clarke, 22 North Av. 2-18-tf

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P. V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Supt., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use: in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office.. ELIZABETH SCHORR. 9-29-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

"M. H. A."

MUSIC HALL,

FRIDAY, MARCH 2nd, 1888.

THATCHER, PRIMROSE & WEST'S

45—GREAT ARTISTS—45

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME!

Archery Club Song and Dance (New),

Volunteer Fire Brigade (New).

A rollicking burlesque on New York's latest melodramatic success, A DARK SECRET, entitled

A BLACK SECRET

INCIDENTAL.—The "Volunteer-Thistle" Yacht Race. Our Steam Launch, the "Black Secret." The Dance of the Dolls. The Trained Donkey. The Hanlon Beach Rack. Five Cubic Feet of Real Water. Our leading lady (N.B.—No substitute) will be hurled headlong into this immense body of genuine water by our Heavy Villian, and triumphantly rescued by our Waterproof Hero. Prices 50, 75 & 1.00. Sale of seats begin Feb'y 28, at J. G. Miller's and Field & Randolph's Pharmacies.

Printing!

Material—the best.

Workmanship—first-class.

Delivery—prompt.

Charges—moderate.

PRESS AND CONSTITUTIONALIST

PRINTING HOUSE.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between P. W. McDONOUGH and H. J. MARTIN, at No. 20 Somerset street, under the firm name of McDonough & Martin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. H. J. Martin will continue the business at the old stand, and will receipt for all bills due the late firm, and pay all claims against the same.

PETER W. McDONOUGH,
HORACE J. MARTIN.

2-25-6

IF YOU WANT A PIANO,

You want the Best;

You want it Guaranteed;

You want the Lowest Price;

And You Want Everything

That only I can--and will--offer you.

J. A. DEMAREST,

No. 3 North Avenue,

Sole Agent for the PEASE pianos.

I refer to those now owning these celebrated instruments in this city. 2-24

A Victor Tricycle,

Second Hand but in Good Condition.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

Address,

TRICYCLE,

2-24 PRESS Office.

"M. H. A."

MUSIC HALL!

Wednesday Evening, February 29.

JAMES O'NEILL

PRESENTING

MONTE CRISTO

With a Brilliant Cast, Elaborate New Scenery, Realistic Stage Pictures painted expressly for this Play.

Grand Effects! Correct Appointments! and Appropriate Costumes!

The Entire Production *PERFECT IN EVERY DETAIL.*

Prices as usual. Sale of seats begin at Field & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's, Feb. 27. 2-23-6

MUST BE SOLD

Before MARCH 1st,

Our entire Stock of

Millinery and Fancy Goods!

Bargains in

DRESS BUTTONS, RIBBONS,
LACES, RUCHINGS, HATS,
FEATHERS, FLOWERS, SATINS,
VELVETS. EMBROIDERIES,
WORSTEDS, YARNS,
CANVAS AND FANCY ARTICLES.

J. H. Honeyman & Co.,

NEXT TO POST OFFICE. 2-10-14

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.

P. O. BOX 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

A. F. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.

WARDEN & FOWLER,

Wholesale and Retail

CONFECTIONERS,

NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,

between North ave. and Second street,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-10-tf

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,

Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,

Gold and Silver Jewelry,

—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

AT DOANE'S,

9 PARK AVENUE. 12-16-tf

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,

Worsteds,

Notions.

STAMPING!

PECK'S CORNER.

Dress Trimmings

Neat and New, can be Found

AT

PECK'S

We Claim Nothing

Except that we have our Goods made by the *LEADING MANUFACTURERS.*

THEY ARE GOOD GOODS!

We keep the *STYLES, SIZES* and *WIDTHS.* We *QUOTE NO PRICES IN NEWSPAPERS,* but the

Prices are all RIGHT, and we keep the STOCK.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

[THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE,]

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

C. FRANK FRENCH,

69 SOMERSET ST.,

Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box 1,062.*

DEALER IN

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.

Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

THE SHAWMUT.

Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*

TRY IT!

Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm. 1-30 tf

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

EVERYTHING AT NEW YORK PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

10-29-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST. 12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.

21 *WEST FRONT STREET. PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only.* Telephone Call 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

12-2-tf PROPRIETORS.

100 DOZEN

Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons

To hire for *FESTIVALS AND PARTIES,*

At Collier's, 3 Park Avenue,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER AND ENGRAVER.

Established, 19 *YEARS.* N. B.—*NO BOTCHING.* 1-14-tf

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

[Successor to T. J. Carey,]

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT St.,

Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

YOU CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL AT DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods

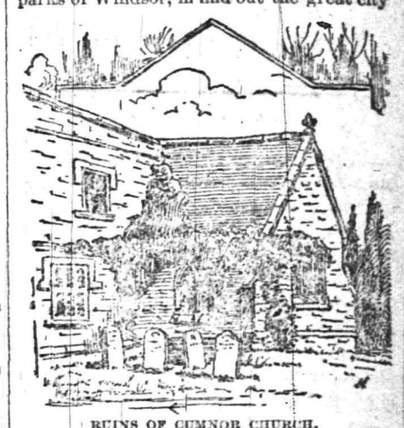
Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price.

12-21-tf

A ROMANTIC NOOK.

Godstow Nunnery and Cumnor Church—Two Places Rich in Historic and Legendary Lore.

Rivers have ever been the home of romance, both in fact and in fiction—in history and in fable, and the picturesque Thames is no exception to the rule. From the clear-water spring in the Cotswold hills to the broad estuary at the Nore—all through the meadows of Gloucestershire and Oxford, past the royal forests and parks of Windsor, in and out the great city



RUINS OF CUMNOR CHURCH.

of London, with its two thousand years of good, bad and indifferent record, and on by the low marshes of Essex, and the chalk hills of Kent—every inch of that river's banks could tell some interesting story.

Perhaps there is no more romantic spot in all England than the nook of quiet country which borders that portion of the Thames where it forms the boundary between the extreme western part of the counties of Oxford and Berkshire.

On the one side of the river is Cumnor, full of memories of the ill-fated Amy Robsart. Her story, sad enough, is matter of history, and a great deal that is not history has been made out of her tragic ending by Sir Walter Scott in his famous novel of "Kenilworth." It will be remembered that the Countess Amy was the wife of the ambitious Earl of Leicester, who imagined that the only hindrance to his marriage with Queen Elizabeth was—his wife. So, with the assistance of his right bower (also an ambitious man) Sir Richard Varney and his servant, Anthony Foster, the poor woman was secreted in Cumnor Hall. She was finally strangled and thrown down-stairs—the latter to give color to the report circulated by Leicester, that she had accidentally killed herself. The entire story of her murder was afterwards confessed by Leicester's accomplice, but not until that nobleman had been already banished from Elizabeth's court.

Just across the river, on the Oxfordshire side, is Godstow Nunnery, where "Fair Rosamond" spent the latter portion of her life, and within whose walls she was buried. "Fair Rosamond" was a historical personage, whose beauty has been sung in story by no less a poet than Shakespeare. She was the daughter of Lord Clifford, and by her beauty and winsome ways attracted the attention, and finally won the affection

RUINS OF GODSTOW NUNNERY.

of King Henry I. The King was already married, but it should, in justice to Rosamond's memory be said, that she did not know it when she encouraged the Monarch's attentions.

The famous "bower" which Henry built for his mistress was at Woodstock, some miles distant; but it was at Godstow he first met her, and it was at Godstow where she died.

Both Cumnor Hall and Woodstock "Bower" have long since disappeared; but Cumnor Church is the same as when the unfortunate Countess Amy doubtless worshiped there, and Godstow Nunnery is in fair condition, seeing that it has been a "ruin" well nigh three hundred years.

W. H. S. ATKINSON.

A Peculiar Experiment with the Sensitive Plant.

De Candolle tried the highly interesting experiment of throwing a very brilliant light upon sensitive plants during the night and conversely, by keeping them in intense darkness during the day. The plants apparently deceived by the transposition closed up their leaflets and slept in the artificial gloom during the whole day, and during the continuance of the artificial light remained open and awake throughout the entire night. Other interesting peculiarities of similar nature, however, are often manifested by this remarkable plant under various experiments. Thus science by penetrating the secrets of nature and unfolding fascinating mysteries, reveals remarkable and unexpected phenomena that excite the wonder and continued admiration of all who are interested in nature's glorious handiwork.

A Ribbon Dealer's Chat.

Of all fashions that fluctuate rapidly none are more volatile than those which govern ribbons. The greater proportion of these fancy but necessary articles of woman's toilet come from Europe, whence we get our fashions. The round that a certain kind of ribbon makes is curious to note. It gets its prestige in Paris. In two months it is in New York and four months later in St. Louis. Four months afterwards it reaches Denver and the far West. You can't get a novelty in ribbon here by telegraph as you do news. It must be about six months behind Paris or New York. This is an axiom. If a milliner brings a novelty here about the time it becomes popular abroad, it will not go. Six months later it will be worn by all the ladies. It requires good judgment to forecast the length of time a fashion in ribbons which used to be all the rage, but which are not frequently used, and are only manufactured abroad. Last year moire ribbons were all the go, and it may be something else next year.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

THERE is some reason for the admiration generally felt for blue eyes. A connoisseur in eyes states that nine-tenths of the railroad men, pilots and others who are selected for their keenness and correctness of vision have blue eyes. Brown eyes are beautiful. Gray eyes usually denote intelligence, and hazel eyes bespeak a talent for music. The commonest color of eyes is gray, and the rarest violet.

IT is an easy thing to be a philosopher, but it is hard to make it pay.—*Journal of Education.*

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE

LIBERALS DEFEAT THE GLADSTONIAN CANDIDATE.

Another Operation on the Prince—Amending the Irish Land Act—Russia Gets a Loan—Irish Notes.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The Parliamentary election in the Doncaster division of West Riding of Yorkshire to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Walter S. Shirley (Liberal) was held yesterday and resulted in a victory for the Liberal Unionists, their candidate, Hon. W. H. Fitzwillia, receiving 4,634 votes, against 5,423 for Mr. Spencer Balfour, the Gladstonian candidate. In the previous election the the vote was: Mr. Shirley (Liberal) 5,05?; Hon. W. H. Fitzwilliam (Liberal-Unionist), 4,7??.

The Government's victory was a complete surprise. It is certain that it was brought about by the landed influence of Mr. Fitzwilliam. Coupled with the facts that the liberals will not contest the election in Hampstead, where a vacancy exists by reason of the election of Sir Henry Holland, Colonial Secretary, to the peerage, the result of the election in Doncaster renders the Liberal-Unionists very jubilant.

THE CROWN PRINCE'S THROAT.

A Critical Operation To Be Performed To-Day.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—A despacth from San Remo says the critical operation is to be performed upon the German Crown Prince to-day.

SAN REMO, Feb. 25.—The official bulletin says that the Crown Prince has a normal temperature, coughs less frequently, expectorates less and has no headache.

During the first part of last night his rest was disturbed by his coughing, but afterwards he slept well. He is depressed by the death of his nephew, Prince Louis of Baden. The Crown Prince appeared twice on the balcony of his residence today and was greeted with enthusiastic cheers by the crowd outside, which included many Germans. Prof. Gebhardt is coming to San Remo.

A Bill to Amend the Irish Land Act.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—A number of Unionist members of Parliament have approved a bill initiated by T. W. Russell, amending the arrears clause of the Land act by empowering the Court to spread arrears over an extended period, besides reducing the amount. The Government will probably assent to the measure in order to do away with Parnellite and Gladstonian proposals in the same line.

RUSSIA AND BULGARIA.

Loans to the Czar Limited by Fears of War—The German Army, Etc.

VIENNA, Feb. 25.—It is reported that a syndicate of French, Belgian and Dutch bankers has advanced to Russia the sum of $30,000,000, refusing to grant a larger loan unless the Bulgarian question is settled peacefully.

BERLIN, Feb. 24.—Important changes in the command of the army are expected to be made soon. It is reported that Gen. Count von Waldersee will be transferred to the Hanoverian corps; that Gen. Haeseler will succeed Gen. von Waldersee as Quartermaster-General; that Gen. von Blumenthal will resign on account of old age and will be appointed Inspector, and that Gen. Grollman will succeed Gen. von Blumenthal in the command of the Fourth corps.

A New English Organization.

LONDON, Feb. 25. The prospectus has been issued of the London Produce Clearing house Company (limited). This company which has a capital of 1,000,000 pounds, proposes to place on a secure basis, by a system of deposits, dealing in produce for future delivery, the want of which has caused a considerable diversion of English business to foreign markets. Coffee, sugar, metals, cotton, corn, seeds etc., come within the sphere of the company. Among the names attached to the prospectus are those of the Barings, Rothschilds, Fruhling & Goschen, Hambros, Huths and Schroders

Montpensier Defies Sagasta.

MADRID, Feb. 25.—The newspapers here state that the Duke of Monpensier has notified the Government that he will return to Spain at the end of the present week, notwithstanding Prime Minister Sagasta's warning.

Notes from Ireland.

DUBLIN, Feb. 25.—At Ennis yesterday Mr. Lloyd the English Home-Rule delegate, was sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment under the Crimes act for inciting tenants not to pay rent.

Mr. Lloyd told the Bench that a few more Liberal victories like those at Edinburgh and Southwark would sweep Toryism out of the country, whereupon he was seized by two constables and hurried from the court room. He is now in Limerick jail.

At Listowel to-day the prisoners Moriarty and Hayes, who are charged with the murder of Farmer Fitzmaurice, near Tralee, were committed for trial. The magistrate strongly condemned the local National Leaguers, whom he accused of inciting the people to commit murder.

Moonlighters have raided several houses at Lismore and seized a number of arms.

STOLE TO KEEP FROM STARVING

Mrs. Hoffman is Sentenced to Ten Months Imprisonment—Her Second Offense.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Feb. 25.—Mrs. Emma Hoffman, who Thursday plead guilty of petty larceny, was arraigned before Judge Martine in General Sessions for sentence yesterday. She is the wife of Henry Hoffman, the furniture worker, who, during a strike, killed Hermann Weininger, in self-defense last fall and was acquitted. Her husband cannot obtain work, as the trades unions are all against him, and the family are reduced to starvation. Mrs. Hoffman claims that she took the property and pawned it to obtain food.

Judge Martine said that her case was one that aroused sympathy and at first appeared to deserve clemency, but careful inquiry brought out the fact that the woman had been convicted of crime before.

Mrs. Hoffman, who is a pale, thin woman, burst into tears at this announcement, and protested that she was innocent of the former crime of which she had been convicted. The Judge went on to say that she took the clothing from a friend who had given her a home and shelter, and sentenced her to ten months in the penitentiary.

A High-Priced Stallion.

DETROIT, Feb. 25.—United States Senator Stockbridge, of Michigan, to-day sold his noted stallion Bell Boy to Frankfort, Ky., parties for $35,00. Last year Senator Stockbridge purchased him from Senator Stanford of California, for $5,00. To-day's price is the highest ever before paid for a three-year old.

HER HUSBAND'S PANTALOONS.

Mrs. Roberts Gives Them to Her Suitor and He Will not Marry Her.

IONA, Mich., Feb. 25.—State Senator Roof came into court here yesterday to defend a breach of promise action begun against him by a widow named Roberts, a good looking woman anywhere between forty and sixty years old.

Mr. Roof, she alleges, courted her almost a score of years ago. She claims that he wrote her a large number of letters, which have mysteriously disappeared. She thinks they were stolen. She swears that the proposal was made fifteen years ago. She was several months in making up her mind to accept, and then the marriage was postponed several years to give time for her to finish a house she was building. According to the plaintiff's story, as told in court, she testified to receiving proposals from other men during the Roof engagement, and it seems to have been a mania among men of the vicinity to propose to the Widow Roberts. In most cases it was fatal, for three out of five would-be husbands, she says, are dead.

Great merriment was caused in court when Mrs. Roberts testified what presents she gave Mr. Roof. Among several souvenirs she swears she bestowed on him as a testimonial of her affections were two pairs of pantaloons which belonged to her dead husband. Asked to describe the garments, she said they were real nice pantaloons She thought she also gave him a couple of her lamented husband's coats.

Mr. Roof is a prominent man, and his defense is that he never paid the plaintiff any attention.

THE PRESIDENT IN FLORIDA.

Sailing on Indian River and Admiring His Tropical Surroundings.

TITUSVILLE, Fla., Feb. 25.—The President's party arrived here at 7 o'clock yesterday morning, and after a short rest took a pleasant sail up the Indian River.

SANDFORD, Fla., Feb. 25.—The President party arrived here at 4:30 yesterday. It was received by 1,,000 people. The President visited the South Florida Exposition, at which he expressed gratification. He went to Winter Park at 5 o'clock, one of the prettiest winter resorts in the South. The party returned to Jacksonville last night and will reach Charleston at 8 o'clock this morning. After spending an hour in riding about the city they will leave for Washington, arriving there about 2 o'clock Sunday morning.

ROCKLEDGE, Fla., Feb. 25.—The Presidential party arrived here at 5:30 p. m., after a most enjoyable sail down the Indian River to see its beautiful and novel scenery. The weather could not be better. All of the party are greatly interested in the tropical groves and forests along both shores. The party landed at Captain G. S. Hardee's grove.

Seth Wadham's Legacies.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—Seth Wadhams, who died in California on February 6 and was buried from the Fourth Presbyterian Church last Sunday, left an estate estimated to be worth more than $25?,000. Among the legacies to be paid by the administrators are: Nursery and Half Orphan Asylum, $30,00?; Old People's Home, $3?,00?. Minor legacies are given to various other institutions and individuals. It is understood that not long before his death Mr. Wadhams gave to an old friend and companion his stock in the Washington Ice Company, valued at more than $100?00, thus lessening by that much the amount disposed of by his will.

Still Hunting Tascott.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 25.—The police have been working vigorously on the clew furnished them by Newsdealer Murrell regarding the Tascott case, but have as yet discovered nothing but an unauthorized rumor to the effect that the murderer went north in the direction of Manitoba as soon as he discovered that his connection with the Snell murder was known. Murrell believes that Tascott is in the city, and every avenue of escape is guarded.

JUNEAU, Wis., Feb. 24.—A man bearing the description of Tascott was arrested here last by the City Marshall and lodged in jail. He gave his name as Gilmore.

Attempt to Cremate a Family.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 25.—An attempt was made in this county Wednesday night by a gang of unknown men to cremate a family alive. A white man, William Myers, had been living with a colored woman and had several children. A party of men, to punish his conduct surrounded the house, barred up all doors and windows on the outside and set the building on fire in several places. An axe was in the house, and with this Myers cut a hole in the door in time to save himself and the other inmates from a terrible death, but they were severely burned.

Hot After the French Fishermen, Too.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Feb. 25—The government has chartered two steamers to enforce the bait law against the French fishermen. They are to be employed only for two months from the 6th of March. This is a great disappointment to Newfoundland fishermen. The Harbor Grace *Standard* suggests a practical solution of the French fishery problem by Newfoundland giving the French fishermen free trade in bait and fish, provided France abolishes the bounties now paid by fishermen on fish exported to foreign countries.

Base Ball Changes.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 25.—"Tip" O'Neill, the champion batter of the association, signed last night with the Browns. He says he feels confident that when the club gets down to work it will give Brooklyn and Cincinnati a strong race. James McGarr, the short stop, secured from the Athletics in place of Gleason, was signed by wire yesterday.

Killed by Falling Some Sixty Feet.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Feb. 25.—Horace Walmsley, a negro, aged 65 years, was struck yesterday morning by a train on the Air Line road while crossing a bridge, and hurled to the ice, sixty feet below. He was picked up alive, but died while being taken to his home.

An Old War Bomb Is Exploded.

EAST ARMUCHIE, Ga., Feb. 25.—While cooking dinner yesterday over an open fire Mrs. Frank Gibson was seriously injured by an explosion. Her husband found a war bomb in the field, and had tried to use it for an andiron.

Barclay Peak Gets a New Trial.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 25.—The Supreme Court yesterday granted a new new trial to Barclay Peak, convicted of having killed Katie Anderson. It is expressed the opinion that he could not be convicted of murder.

Indians Will Soon Turn Out Intruders.

TALEQUAH, Ind. T., Feb. 25.—Having been decreed the right of deciding who belongs to their tribe and who does not, the Cherokees have decided to turn out the intruders within ninety days.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE,
Architect,
North avenue, opposite depot.
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist.
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

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Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work. 9-15-tf

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[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN.]
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A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

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Funeral Directors.
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City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

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Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

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Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,
Paper Hanging A Specialty.
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A full line Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

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North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

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Coal Dealer.
39 NORTH AVENUE.
Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-2? y

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CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON
Best Six Cord,
For Hand and Machine use. For sale by
I. LEDERER.
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GREAT MARK DOWN SALE
to clear out most of our Large Stock of
WINTER GOODS,
in order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.
A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT. has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEW-MARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.
An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.
LEDERER'S,
No. 9 West Front Street.
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QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.
HENRY LIEFKE,
NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.
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GEO. D. MORRISON,
FLOUR AND FEED STORE,
NORTH AVE., OPP. RAILROAD DEPOT.
JUST RECEIVED—A full line of POULTRY FOOD, BEEF SCRAPS, BONE MEAL, OYSTER SHELLS, EGG FOOD, ETC. 11-29-tf

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HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.
Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1
WALTER L. HETFIELD. JOHN M. HETFIELD.

FRANK LINKE,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail Box 1355, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

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House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed Estimates furnished. my10y1

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Furniture and Freight Express.
P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

A Few Pointers.
The recent statistics of the number of deaths show that the large majority die with Consumption. This disease may commence with an apparently harmless cough which can be cured instantly by Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, which is guaranteed to cure and relieve all cases. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial size free. For sale by R. J. Shaw.

ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
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All Kinds and Low Prices, at
ALLEN'S, the Stationer,
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FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD,
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Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my17

J. W. VANSICKLE,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-13-tf

MR CORCORAN'S PEACEFUL END

A Prodigious Hand of Charity Severed With the Scythe of Death—His Career.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—W. W. Corcoran died here yesterday morning of senile bronchitis in the 90th year of his age. His end was peaceful. The duration of his present illness was but two weeks, though he has been gradually failing for the past year.

Mr. Corcoran was born in Georgetown, Dec. 27, 1798. His father, Thomas Corcoran, was born in Limerick, Ireland, and, coming to this country in 1783, married Hannah Lemmon, of Baltimore, in 1788. The son at the age of 18 entered into the dry goods business with two elder brothers. George Peabody was soon afterward taken into the firm. They were at first successful, but under the stress of the financial panic of 18?3, failed with assets that paid their creditors 5? per cent. Several years later Mr. Corcoran began business again, taking charge of the Real estate in the District of Columbia belonging to the United States, managing it safely and profitably until 1845, when he went into the banking business with George W. Riggs in the building formerly occupied by the old United States Bank at Washington. The business was successful, but Mr. Corcoran's financial ventures were so extensive that Mr. Riggs becoming afraid, withdrew from the firm. Mr. Corcoran, carrying on the business alone, found himself with $12,000,000 of the Mexican war loan on his hands in a falling market. He went to London, enlisted great banking houses there in support of a loan that seemed perilous, but they subsequently rose to a high premium, and laid the basis of a fortune that at the time of his death amounted to $?5,00?,00?. He retired from active participation in the banking business in 1854, and found plenty to do in the management of his property affairs. He bought large tracts of real estate here, erected buildings, increased his income in every direction, and began those works of philanthrophy which will make his name remembered by the side of his early partner, George Peabody.

Plans of benevolence seem to have taken the foremost place in his solicitudes of later years. The fruition of some of them are seen here in the beautiful Oak Hill Cemetery in Georgetown, the Corcoran Art Gallery in this city, with a magnificent endowment, the "Louise" Home for Improverished Gentlewomen, name indicating his love and memory for a wife and daughter, both of whom are dead, countless gifts to churches, church homes, rich benefactions to colleges and universities and theological seminaries, ceaseless contributions to institutions of public charity; besides thousands of dollars given away to needy individuals. It is estimated that Mr. Corcoran's charities, including private ones, exceed in the aggregate $8,000,0 0.

Mr. Corcoran has long made his home in Washington the seat of an elegant hospitality and a centre of social influence, the favorite meeting place of scholars, artists, statesmen, diplomatists and distinguished strangers.

Mr. Corcoran in 1835 married Louise Amory Morris, daughter of Commodore Charles Morris. Mrs. Corcoran died five years ago. Their first child, a boy, died when an infant, and an only daughter, Louise, who married George Eustis, a brother of the present Senator Eustis, died in 1867, leaving two sons and a daughter, who will undoubtedly inherit the bulk of Mr. Corcoran's fortune.

Bald Knobbers Are at Work Again.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 25.—A Bald Knobbers' outrage occurred yesterday morning at 3 o'clock, near Springfield, Mo. Albert Adair, his mother-in-law and L. J. Kenworthy were taken from their home, tied to a tree, and whipped with hickory withes until they fainted from loss of blood. Kenworthy recognized the whippers, and yesterday had warrants issued for Charles Ray, Pike Thompson, William Duke, William Huddeston and Sam Andrews.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Russia officially declares Prince Ferdinand a usurper.

Evictions on the Ponsonby estates in Youghal, Ireland, have been resumed.

Striking weavers at Flors, France, rioted in the streets and the military was called out.

Sixty-nine of the 171 savings banks of Masachusetts have unclaimed deposits aggregating 619,'55.

Letter stampers in the Chicago Postoffice struck because they were made to work on Washington's Birthday.

Premier Tirard brings matters to a crisis in the Chamber of Deputies, in Paris, and wins by a majority of eighteen.

The New York police are looking for a swindler who represented himself as Harry Beecher, the captain of the Yale football team.

Israel Lucas, the defaulting treasurer of Auglaize county, Ohio, who was arrested in Canada, has compromised with the county for $12,00?. He stole $31,000.

Bayshore, L. I., has a curiosity in the shape of a two-legged calf. It was born on the farm of Jonah Robbins. It is black and white in color and weighs about sixty pounds.

Report has it that Prince Albert Victor has been betrothed to his cousin, Princess Alexander of Greece, and the Princess Victoria of England to the Duke of Sparta, Crown Prince of Greece.

Ann Hughes, an Irish woman, 102 years old, was sent to Bellevue Hospital, in New York city Thursday. She was found in a dying condition and without care in a Spring street tenement house.

A man near Rushville, Neb., while digging in a well twenty feet below the surface, unearthed the jawbone of an antidiluvian animal of prodigious size. From the tip of the chin to the larger or upper end it measured three feet and seven inches, and the teeth were over two inches long.

The maddest man in Omaha is a party the name of S. R. Johnson. A few years ago he could have bought the Coronada Islands in San Diego Bay, but didn't. A syndicate jumped in, paid $110,000 for the land, and within the last year has sold nearly three million dollars worth. What is left is held at $10,?00,000.

Commissioner Donovan, of the State Board of Arbitration and Mediation, has been notified to appear before the Committee on Labor of the House of Representatives at Washington next Monday week and give his views on the bill now pending making eight hours a day's work for the postmen of the United States.

Col. John W. Hewitt, ex-Speakers of the Arkansas Legislature, is slowly dying at Marianne, of a cancerous growth on the tongue. His disease is very much like that from which Gen. Grant died. He has no hope of recovery and, having put all his business affairs in order, is calmly awaiting the approach of death.

A Mrs. Woodworth has been performing some wonderful faith cures at Chambersburg, Pa. Abner Kyle, who had been deaf for ten years, recovered his hearing the moment she prayed for him. Mrs. Lochbaum, whose arms had been helpless because of rheumatism, and Mrs. Alton, who had suffered terribly from neuralgia for years, were instantly cured by the faith evangelist.

The village of Little Chute, near Neenah, Wis., is settled almost entirely by Hollanders, the majority of whom make their living by manufacturing wooden shoes, and all of whom wear them. Several times a year they have a dance, which lasts three days and in which everybody joins, old and young. These dances are always held in the day time, the people believing that dancing at night is immoral.

REBUILDING THE TOWN.

Work at Mt. Vernon, Ill., Rapidly Progressing—Contributions Pouring In.

MT. VERNON, Ill., Feb. 25.—The work of rebuilding is under full headway. Every man that can handle an axe or shovel is employed and there is a call for more men.

The wounded are getting along very well, except several of those most severely injured at the Court House, who will probably die. There are thirty wounded now at the Supreme Court House.

The Appellate Court, which meets in the Supreme Court House, is to meet Tuesday next and will adjourn over, as the wounded there cannot be moved. The doctors attending the wounded and the relief committees have divided the city into districts to facilitate their work.

Excursion trains are still running on all roads. The Jacksonville and Southeastern brought an excursion over the Louisville and Nashville railroad of about 600 people, and an excursion on the Louisville and Nashville from Evansville brought about 5?0 Besides these the regular trains were packed.

Contributions are coming in liberally from all over the country, but the committee is so worried over the work that it is unable to arrange the list in detail.

A man tried to commit suicide and was locked up in the jail and deprived of all weapons or means by which he might injure himself. His reason, no doubt, was dethroned by the great strain of the last few days.

Proposed Land Allotment.

GREEN BAY, Wis., Feb. 25.—A bill recently introduced in the House by Representative Hudd, of Wisconsin, provided for the apportionment of Indian lands on the Oneida Reservation, a territory located near Green Bay, containing 6,400 acres. By its provisions each Indian male head of a family is to receive 160 acres, each single male over twenty-one years 80 acres. These tracts are to be held in trust by the government for twenty-five years, after which, providing the allottee in the meantime takes the oath of citizenship, he is to receive a quit-claim deed from the government. The measure will eventually open up the tract to white settlers.

Has Oil Been Struck in Chicago?

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—Something very much like oil has been struck in the water tunnel shaft on the lake front, and as a natural consequence there is no little excitement. A constant stream of water and quicksand three inches in diameter is pouring out of the shaft and through a small wooden trough wends it snake-like way to the lake. The water is almost entirely covered with a black, oily substance which, when skimmed off and put by itself, soon forms into a soft pliable cake resembling a black sponge. The odor from this, however, bears no resemblance to that of petroleum, and the men around the shaft are puzzled.

Beckwith's Last and Only Hope.

ALBANY, Feb. 25.—Governor Hill listened to arguments for and against the commutation of Beckwith, the Columbia county murderer, this afternoon. Beckwith has been sentenced to death five times. The Court of Appeals has finally decided against him, and the Governor is his only hope. Beckwith is violent, and will give the Sheriff more trouble, it is expected, if the sentence of the law is to be carried out.

Prohibitionists Uneasy.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—Leading Prohibitionists are greatly chagrined over the fact that the date of the Democratic convention at St. Louis is the same as that of the National Prohibition Convention at Indianapolis. They fear the Prohibitionists will attract little attention, and that the press will have little space to give them. It is probable that the date will be changed.

The Grand Jury on Gould and Sage.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The time of the Grand Jury yesterday was almost entirely taken up with the consideration of the charges against Messrs. Gould and Sage. Sidney Dillon, James M. Hamm, formerly treasurer of the Kansas Pacific, and A. H. Calef, private secretary of Russell Sage were examined.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—For New England, Eastern Pennsylvania, Eastern New York and New Jersey, rain, followed by clearing weather fresh to brisk winds, shifting to south and west.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Money on call to-day 2¼ per cent.

BONDS.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
3½s.	1891, reg.	107	107
4½s.	1891, coup	106	107?
4s.	1907, reg	126	125?
4s.	1907, coup	126	125?

STOCK MARKET.

THREE O'CLOCK.—Western Union led an active movement in the Gould stocks this morning, and the rest of the market followed the upward movement. There was some increase in activity. Bonds continued dull; sterling exchange strong.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	57¼	57¼
Central Pacific	40¾	39?
Chicago, Bur. & Q	127¼	127?
Delaware & Hudson	110	110
Del. Lack. & West.	136¾	136
Erie	27⅛	26?
Erie, pref	62	61
Lake Shore	91	91?
Louis. & Nash	50?⅛	50?
Michigan Central		
Missouri Pacific	85⅛	85?
New Jersey Central	80¾	81?
New York Central & Hud	107¾	107?
New York & New Eng	36	37?
Northwestern	105⅞	105?
Oregon Navagation	93¼	91
Pacific Mail	39¼	39?
Reading	66¾	66?
Rock Island	114	113?
St. Paul	77⅛	77?
Union Pacific	56⅞	56?
Western Union	78?8	70?

PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat—Market quiet. No. 1 red, 92 c.a c.; extra red, 90¾c.a c.; No. 2 red, 89 c.a c.; in elevator, 88¾c.a89¾c. delivered; No. 3 81½c. a c.; state white, 91¾c.a92 c.; No. 1 white, 91 c.a91¾c. No. 1 northern, 89¾c.

February, c.; March, 89 c.; April, 90¼ c.; May, 90¾c.; June, 90?6c.; December, 86½c.

Corn—Market quiet. No. 2, at 58¾c.; in elevator 58¾c. and delivered; No. 3, 58¼c.a— c., and steamer, 58¾c.a c., elevator, 60c.

February, 57¾c.; March, 58?6c.; May, 58?6; June, 58¾c.

Oats—Market quiet. No. 1 white, 42 c., No. 2 white, 39 c.a40 c. No. 3 white, 38 c.a39 c. No. 1 mixed, 39 c. No. 2 mixed, 37½c.a38 c. No. 3 mixed, 37 c.; rejected, 36 c. No. 2 Chicago, 38¾c.

February, 37 c.; March, 37 c.; May, 37½c. June, c.

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market quiet. Creamery—Eastern, —c.a—c.; western, 25 c.a28 c. Elgin, 27 c.a 30c.; imitation, 20 c.a24 c. Dairy—Eastern, half-firkin tubs, 24 c.a26 c.; eastern, Welsh tubs, 20 c.a25.; eastern firkins, 20 c.a23 c.; eastern dairies, entire, 20 c.a24 c.; western 18cc.a22c. Factory—Fresh, 18c.a23c.

Cheese—Market quiet. Factory—New York, cheddar, 12 c.a12½c.; western, flat, 11½c.a12 c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 7 c.a10 c., skims, 1 c.a1½; state skims, 3 c.a6c.

Eggs—Market firm. Fresh—Eastern firsts, 25 c.; southern firsts, 24 c.a24½c.; western firsts, 24 c.a25 . Limed—Eastern firsts, 13½c.; western firsts, 13½c.a14 c.; Canadian firsts, 13 c.a14½c.; imported, 15 c.a20 c.

"THE AGE."

A Journalistic Wooing; Being a Romance of To-day.

THE AGE was the greatest daily of modern times; the *Age* building the most colossal structure of the metropolis; the *Age* editor the most conspicuous figure in journalism. Every day at ten o'clock Mr. Henry T. Field, the editor, when in the city, stepped from his carriage, took the arm of his daughter, Miss Carolyn, and ascended to the editorial sanctum. For at least an hour he remained closeted with his charming daughter, engaged no one knew in what manner. When Miss Carolyn emerged and descended by the elevator, the managing and city editors entered the sanctum and consulted with the chief about the duties of the day. Then the manager apportioned editorial work among the sub-editors, and the city man issued instructions to the reporters.

Miss Carolyn was the divinity of the staff of the *Age*, and the editorial and reportorial hearts beat with renewed activity as she passed silently to and from the office. When it became rumored that she read the sheet from beginning to end each morning, detecting and reporting its weaknesses to her father, like an experienced journalist, there were instantaneous and perpetual efforts to elevate the standard of fine writing. To inspiration was added conjecture as to whether she ever saw the manager's copy of the paper which had the name of the author blue-penciled across each article. Whenever one of the staff was censured or praised, he wondered if she were the author of his notice from the sanctum.

One day a brilliant piece of news was found among Mr. Field's mail. Enclosed was a note which read:

"At your disposal,

"JAMES WOOD."

"Field vs. Wood," mused the great editor. He read the manuscript entire, contrary to his custom, and showed it to Miss Carolyn, whose brown eyes sparkled with interest as she perused. The editor himself arranged the copy with headlines, and sent it through the pneumatic tubes to the composing rooms. Contemporary journals were intensely annoyed the next morning at their rival's exclusive presentation of an important piece of news. During the night the Associated Press and correspondents, who had access to the proof-sheets of the paper, telegraphed the news everywhere, credited to the *Age*. Mr. Field appreciated the "beat," and instructed the manager to send Wood in to him when he appeared.

Mr. Wood did not put in an immediate appearance at the *Age* office. For two weeks daily he sent in big news articles, which showed splendid newspaperial energy. He seemed to find "beats" where the commercial, railroad, marine, real estate, religious and social reporters in their monotonous daily routine signally failed. What to them was overlooked and seemed trivial, to him, when traced to proper sources, developed into an extensive mine of news. His news was not only supplemental to that which the *Age* procured through its regular channels, but it naturally made the paper a per cent. stronger.

Two weeks after the appearance of the first news article, Mr. Wood stepped out of the elevator as Miss Carolyn entered. He paused an instant to look at the young lady, then turned and entered the manager's room.

"Well, sir!" exclaimed the manager as abruptly as is usual with machine editors.

"My name is Wood."

The manager took a slip of paper, wrote a few lines and handed it to the young man, who glanced at it and started for the door.

The slip was an order for two hundred dollars.

"I should like to attach you to the staff," remarked the manager.

"How much?"

"We can afford fifty dollars per week to you."

"I accept."

Newspaper men are given to brevity in conversation. No doubt Mr. Wood had received some training in journalism. His acts and his conversation stamped him as having been aptly educated for the sanctum. He entered the service of the *Age*. He continued to furnish a quote of exclusive news in addition to his daily assignments. He drew one salary and earned two, for which, in any profession, the reward is at the top in the end. He sought no favors and was consequently favored. He succeeded.

Mr. Wood had one particular weakness. He managed to meet Miss Carolyn every day at the door of the elevator, but the only sign of recognition was the evident glance of mutual interest.

Every time an editor stepped down and out Mr. Wood walked in and up. As he was gradually promoted, his salary correspondingly grew. His sarcasm, originality, sense of justice, keen scent of news and good judgment combined to shape him as

"IS MR. FIELD IN?"

the man of the *Age*. He attempted no social advancement. There is a suspicion that women were slow to appreciate him, and perceive his possibilities, which annoyed him intensely and, perhaps, tended to sharpen his pen with satire, sarcasm and cynicism.

During two years' occupation on the paper no word passed between him and Miss Carolyn.

One day Mr. Field left the office and called in Mr. Wood to act for him. At last he sat in the executive chair of the sanctum sanctorum. He seemed to fill it comfortably so far as measurement was concerned. He paused for a moment to speculate on the probable successor of Mr. Field. Certainly the owner of the paper would not let the *Age* go out of the family at his death. Who was to be the future editor?

Had Field any relatives or kin for the place, or would some man be employed for the editorship by the estate? He turned his attention to the desk and its accumulated business. Men entered and spoke to him, but he referred them to different departments without looking up. He was playing editor. There was silence for a time, then the door opened. Still the pencil flew and the brain throbbed at its point.

"Is Mr. Field in?" spoke a sweet voice that had all the music of nature in it.

Still the head bent low and the pencil flew as the man replied: "He has stepped out for a time. If it is about poetry, miss, please see the literary editor in room 26; if about type-writing, try room 24 in the corner."

"Suppose it is not about those subjects?"

"If it is a subscription for a pair of slippers for the pastor, try the cashier on the first floor." Still not looking up.

The young lady laughed heartily, shut the door and took a vacant chair beside the desk. "I will sit here, if you don't mind, until papa comes in."

Mr. Wood looked up very suddenly and quite sheepishly. Then he arose, took his hat and started for the door. "I resign the office to your charge, Miss Field. You are more capable than I to fill the editorial chair."

"Did papa not tell you to remain here until he returned?"

"I believe he did, Miss Field."

"Then sit down. You must do as he says, always. Permit me at the same time to protest that I have no fitness for the editorial place. Next to papa I think you the most capable editor."

The man drew his seat nearer to her and searched for news in her eyes. She was a beautiful, refreshing vision to him on this crisp, frosty, January day. He felt a small Dakota blizzard sweeping through him. It seemed to him like a Waterloo day, on which he must play the part of Wellington or Napoleon. Had he not always acted according to the motives of expediency which prompted him?

"I appreciate that compliment most," he remarked, "because it comes from you. This is the abode of journalism and a journalist's methods are like to those of the heathen Chinee, 'peculiar.' You are the daughter of a journalist and fully con-

"WHAT DOES THIS MEAN?" HE DEMANDED.

versant with the men concerned and the methods which enter into and govern the profession. I am something of a journalist myself. Suppose I should tell you something in a journalistic manner, would you listen?"

"Nothing could give me more pleasure, coming, as you say—"

"Journalism is a convent in which I am buried from the world. My only reputation in this office and the only value I attach to it is the pleasure of giving it to someone very dear to me. Since the first day of my entrance into this building two years ago, I have felt as I did that day when I passed on inside to look at you, that I would like to give my name and reputation to you. That is my journalistic narrative. You said you would listen and you have done so. We can never know each other any better than we do now through a mere introduction and parlor acquaintance. Your daily glance has been my inspiration and to it is due the fact that I am where I am. Here is my resignation ready to sign. Scorn me if you will. Let me sign it and go; but if you can return a little love for my idolization of you, accept what I have and am and help me to rise higher—speak. I can endure these days of silence no longer."

"But this is blackmail."

"How?"

"You compel me to marry you in order to save the paper from ruin."

The man laughed in spite of himself. "My services are of no importance to a paper the moment I leave it. The paper always moves on with thousands ready to push it, but the man goes out leaving no vacuum behind. Pardon the abruptness of my proposal and tell your father the truth. He knows I venerate him next to my love for you. See! I have signed. Adieu."

Miss Carolyn took the resignation and set it on fire while one hand lightly placed on his shoulder detained him. "Since this romance is to be conducted on such a strict journalistic basis," she said, softly, "I would like to have a little something to say in the matter. I have had both eyes on you since the day you mention. I have thought sometimes you might make an effort to get acquainted, but when I considered that the good of the paper was concerned I forgave you and loved you. You ask me to take your good name from you. I can not do that—but you can take mine from me."

The door opened and Mr. Field entered. His daughter was in the arms of the young man he had entrusted with the chair and he was certain their lips were very close, suspiciously close together.

"What does this mean?" he demanded.

"A wedding very soon, papa."

"Well, young man, we appreciate enterprise here and pay for it at the highest rates. If your services on this paper call for any thing else than the cash-box and my own daughter I hope you won't fail to mention it. He seems to be struck dumb with a sudden attack of modesty, Carolyn. What do you suppose he wants?"

"The *Age*, papa."

"Well, he can have it," said the old man, turning to go. And in time he did.

WILLIAM H. BALLOU.

Little Talker Bothered Him.

"Every time I call on Arabella and her little brother has a short talk with me, it keeps me wondering all the way home," said Pallette to Flipkins as they sipped coffee together.

"And, prythee, why dost thou wonder?" quoth Flipkins.

"Well, I have been through college, and I can't understand why it is that dear little toddling youngster, who is too small to lift a dictionary, can ask questions that would puzzle a college professor and send him to the foot of the class."

A Plumber Downed.

"Of all the wonders that have ever come to pass!" exclaimed Dallywag to DeTon.

"What astonishes you now?" questioned DeTon.

"Why, Stebbins, the soda-water man, has foreclosed a mortgage on the house of old Gouge."

"I don't see any thing wonderful in that."

"You don't! Well, you will when I tell you that old Gouge is a plumber."

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44 a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.36, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.25, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

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No extra charge for Children or Babies.

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BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city.

8-2-tf

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(Successor to W. N. Rowe.)

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PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

9-8-t

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Fancy and Staple Groceries,

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Creamery and Dairy Butter,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.,

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11-26-tf

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13 EAST FRONT STREET,

Next Post Office.

SKATES!

Club Skates!

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And all other Kinds of SKATES!

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PLAINFIELD, N. J.

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That will NOT FADE, CROCK, or STAIN the FEET. Try a Pair of

SMITH & ANGELL'S

Black Stockings, and you will wear no other kind.

The color cannot be removed by acids—in fact washing improves the color.

The dye being vegetable does not INJURE the GOODS.

Every pair warranted as above, and if not found as represented, RETURN THEM and your MONEY will be REFUNDED.

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Howard A. Pope,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

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[Successor to Wm. H. Shotwell.]

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Fruits and Vegetables

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7-12-tf

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For PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, WINDOW GLASS, Etc.

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HATS, CAPS,

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Gent's Furnishing Goods.

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9-20-y

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SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

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No. 42 West Front Street.

IS THE PLACE TO BUY

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1-24-1m.

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VANEMBURGH & WHITE

18 West Front Street.

Special Cutlery Sale.

We have placed on sale 500 dozen of Table Cutlery, consisting of Knives and Forks, Tea Spoons, Table Spoons, Cake and Pie Knives. These goods are made by the Rogers' Sheffield Cutlery Co., and Landers, Ferry & Clark Manufacturing Co, and are all FIRST-CLASS GOODS.

Tea Knives, worth $3 00—our price—$1.50 per dozen.
Dessert Knives, worth $4 00—our price—$2 00 per dozen.
Knives and Forks, worth $5 00—our price—$2 50 per dozen.
Tea Spoons, worth $2 50—our price—$1 25 per doz.
" " " $4 00 " " $2 00 "
Table Spoons, worth 60c. each—our price—30c. each.
Sugar Shells, worth 50c. each—our price—25c. each.
Cake Knives, worth $3 50 each—our price—$1 25 each.
Salt and Mustard Spoons, worth 35c. each—our price—15c. each.
Eight-inch Shears, worth $1 50 each—our price—60c. each.
Six-inch Shears, worth $1 00 each—our price—30c. each.

These goods are worthy the attention of every Housekeeper.

We are offering many BARGAINS throughout every DEPARTMENT,

12-2-tf

J. P. Laire & Co.

HARDWARE,

HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

STOVES, RANGES,

LAWN AND GARDEN SEEDS,

GARDEN TOOLS,

MACHINISTS' TOOLS,

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NO MATCHES.

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No. 7 East Front Street.

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THOMAS STEPHENSON

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—This month has produced about every kind of weather but drouth and sunstroke.

—The new firm of Runyon & Co., announce their opening as furniture dealers on the next page of today.

—Plainfield Lodge, I. O. O. F., will work the initiatory degree to-night. All the brethren are urged to be present.

—The regular monthly meeting of the Plainfield Building Loan Association will be held in Cutter's Hall this evening.

—Most of the pavements about town are cleared of snow, for the first time this winter, thanks to the rain of Saturday.

—The Weather Bureau issue a manifesto today warning all to expect a cold wave that is to reach here to-morrow morning.

—Young Peoples prayer meeting to-night, in the lecture room of the Trinity Reformed church. Visitors are welcome.

—Several new pianos and organs, just received by A. Vanderbeek of 33 Park avenue, are elsewhere offered for sale very cheap.

—The Sunday closing movement was strictly observed by our merchants yesterday, and even a cigar could not be purchased without considerable difficulty.

—Some of the incandescent electric lamps have already been placed under the railroad bridges, and those under the Madison avenue bridge are now lighted nightly.

—Secretary W. Hardy has called a meeting of the Crescent Glee Club for to-morrow evening at eight o'clock. Business of importance is to be transacted and a full attendance is requested.

—The next in the course of free entertainments given under the auspices of the Reform Club, will be held in Reform Hall on the evening of March 8th, and will consist of a lecture by Rev. Dr. Ketcham.

—Saturday closed the eighth week of the revival services in Cutter's Hall, under the auspices of the Plainfield Berean Class. The meetings throughout have been largely attended, and much good has resulted from them.

—Assembly bill No. 265, introduced by Mr. Jones, compels Chinese laundrymen to give a ticket for clothes received, stating the same in the English language, and also closes all laundries on Sunday. Penalty for violation $50 fine, 30 days imprisonment, or both.

—The District Messenger boys appeared on the streets this morning with their annual change of costume. The boys looked quite "new" in their beautiful suits of blue cloth, with bright brass buttons and regulation caps. The boys requested that this item be published in THE PRESS of today.

The Pond Works Fire-Well.

Gazelle Engine No. 1, was taken to the Pond Tool Works, this morning, and a test made of the ability of the steamer and the capacity of the new fire-well that the Pond company is building on its premises. The steamer forced a stream through an open butt, twenty-one feet above the nozzle. Adding the height of the engine and the depth of the well, the steamer was raising the water twenty-four feet, six inches.

The well is twenty feet in diameter, with an eight-inch brick wall laid in cement. There is now eight feet of water in the well, but it is being dug deeper. Suction from it will eventually be connected with fire-plugs in different parts of the Works.

Broke His Neck.

"Fido," an exceedingly small canine of the black and tan species, belonging to Mr. W. Krausse of Duer street, North Plainfield, fell down a flight of stairs at his owner's residence, a few days ago, and broke his neck. The animal was four years old, weighed a trifle over three pounds, and was considered valuable on account of his hatred for rats.

PARTIGULAR MENTION.

Miss Ella Milligan of West Fourth street, is spending a few weeks among relatives in Flanders and Bartleyville.

Rev. E. M. Rodman, rector of Grace church, this city, is announced to preach in St. John's church at Somerville, this afternoon.

Mr. John M. C. Marsh of Westfield, N. J., celebrated his forth-sixth birthday on Saturday, with a grand turkey supper, to which the immediate members of the family were invited.

Mrs. W. F. Adams left Plainfield today for the pine forests of Virginia. She will be accompanied by her son, Edwin M. Adams, and the trip is made for the benefit of the latter's health.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kingston, of East Second street, will tender the Crescent Glee Club a reception at their residence, on Wednesday evening. The club will meet at their rooms at 7:45 o'clock.

Mr. John Milliken, better known as "Uncle John," an old hatter by trade, and for many years a resident of Bound Brook, is lying ill at the home of his son-in-law on West Fourth street, with pneumonia.

The property situated on West Fourth street, near Park avenue, and occupied by the family of Mr. Edward D. Pound, has recently been purchased by Mr. N. W. French, the miller. The consideration was $3,500.

Mr. Winfield S. Angleman spent Sunday with his parents in this city. He intends to continue as manager of Charles Dickens, until June, at least, and will then decide upon which of a number of like engagements offered him, he will accept.

The Elizabeth *Journal* thus alludes to Plainfield's honored citizen: "Mr. F. X. Schoonmaker, of Plainfield, has been selected as State School Trustee. He is a prominent resident of Plainfield, and the citizens there feel greatly honored."

Dr. Van Meter, of the M. E. church, preached an eloquent discourse, yesterday morning, from Galatians 6: 14—"But God forbid that I should glory save in the cross of our Lord Jesus Christ, by whom the world is crucified unto me, and I unto the world."

Because of ill health, Mrs. J. K. Myers did not take part in the Service of Song at Crescent Avenue church, last evening. Mrs. W. E. Davenport took the place of the leading soprano. The programme as given in full in THE PRESS of Saturday, was rendered. The attendance was as large as usual.

Rev. Cornelius Schenck, pastor of Trinity Reformed church, as usual gave his large audience a very able sermon yesterday morning, his text being taken from the last verse of the third chapter of St. John's Gospel—"He that believeth on the Son hath everlasting life." In the evening he delivered a plain, practical discourse about Zacchæus the rich Publican:—Luke 19: 3rd and 4th verses, closing with an earnest appeal to all who had never sought Christ.

Mrs. Ramsey Has Nothing to Say.

Saturday's *Evening* —— stated, "Mrs. Ramsey has been given in charge of officers until bail can be got for her." Saturday's PRESS stated, "Mrs. Ramsey promptly furnished bail, and arrived in Plainfield this morning at 8:40."

The latter statement was, of course, the correct one. Mrs. Ramsey upon her arrival went at once to the residence of a friend in this city, where she remained over Sunday. This morning she left for Philadelphia to meet her father.

In reply to inquiries by a PRESS reporter as to whether she had anything to say in relation to the verdict implicating her in the death of Jennie Osborne by malpractice, at Easton, Mrs. Ramsey said she could only make her defense at the proper time. "The papers," she said, "are making a great sensation of the unfortunate affair, and are exciting the feelings of the public against innocent persons." Mrs. Ramsey appears very much broken down in health and spirits by the occurrence.

The Suicide of Jack Leigh.

The funeral of young Leigh, whose suicide was exclusively published in THE PRESS of Saturday, will take place on Wednesday at the residence of the deceased's father, John T. Leigh, Esq., Clinton, N. J.

The unfortunate young man was well known in this city, but no one can imagine a cause for his act. A letter received from Clinton, Saturday, throws no light on the mystery. The deceased was in the Treasurer's office of the Lehigh Valley R. R., at Philadelphia. Last week he sold all the furniture of his apartments in that city, and sent his piano to a neice in Clinton. Saturday morning, about eight o'clock, a favorite sister was sitting with a friend from Dunellen who was visiting her, in the parlor of her father's house. Startled by the report of a pistol, Miss Leigh sprang upstairs to the room her brother occupied, and found him stretched dead across the bed, with a bullet through his head.

SHAMELESS.

The Dishonesty of the "Evening ——" In Filling Its Columns.

Here is a "wrinkle" for degraded journalists which THE PRESS will give without charge. It shows one way—and a shameless and dishonest way—of getting news. Take 15 items from the THE PRESS of Friday last, and take 15 items from the *Evening* —— of Saturday last, and test them in the implacable parallel column.

From THE PRESS of Friday, Feb. 24.	From the *Evening* —— of Saturday, Feb. 25.
A valuable work horse belonging to Jacob Gulick of Ninth street, broke his leg on Wednesday.	A work horse owned by Jacob Gulick of Ninth street broke his leg, Wednesday.
The parlor car rates have been reduced, and the price of a chair between this city and New York is now 25 cents.	Today the Central Railroad company made the price of parlor car seats between Plainfield and New York twenty-five cents.
Mrs. Charles Cowling has instituted proceedings against her husband for absolute divorce, on the ground of unfaithfulness.	Mrs. Charles Cowling has begun proceedings for divorce against her husband on the ground of unfaithfulness.
We are sorry to learn of the serious illness of Mr. Seymour G. Smith. His many friends hope to soon see him about again.	Friends of Seymour G. Smith regret his serious illness.
The greatly improved condition of Mrs. Leslie Daniel, is a source of much gratification to her friends.	Mrs. Leslie M. Daniel is improving, much to the gratification of her friends.
An addition has recently been made to the choir of the Netherwood chapel in the person of Master Harry Roberts.	Master Harry Roberts is the latest acquisition to the Netherwood chapel choir.
Messrs. Meeker & Hedden have been awarded the contract for the new depot that is to be erected at Jersey City.	It was reported yesterday that the contract had been awarded for a new Union Station [mark the "station"], to be located in Jersey City.
The members of Bethel Mission enjoyed another entertainment last night. There were stereopticon views manipulated by Mr. Benj. Sutton, recitations by Mr. W. D. Murray, and an address by Mr. Wm. H. Sampson.	Messrs. Wm. H. Sampson, Benj. Sutton and W. D. Murray were leaders in an entertainment at Bethel chapel Thursday night.
At the New York dog show which is just closing, three special prizes were awarded as follows to James O'L. Anthony, Esq., of Belvidere avenue, Netherwood.	James L. Anthony of Belvidere avenue, Netherwood, won the special prizes at an exhibition just closing at Madison Square Garden, New York City.
Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Tallmage and Mrs. Egee, all of Ninth street and First place, start today for a two weeks' sojourn at Atlantic City.	Mrs. Egee, Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Tallmage, all of Ninth street and First place, left Plainfield yesterday for a two weeks' visit at Atlantic City.
The law offices of Messrs. Jackson & Codington, have been decidedly changed in appearance. The walls have been attractively papered and the ceilings and woodwork painted.	Messrs. Jackson & Codington, the Park avenue law-firm, have to listen to a great deal of commendatory talk from visitors, because of the handsome interior which their re-decorated and re-fitted offices present.
A christening party was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Leggett, on Richmond street, last evening. Rev. Cornelius Schenck officiated. The handsome boy who was the cause of it all, was christened Charles Bertram.	A christening party over Charles Bertram Leggett, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Leggett of Richmond street, was held at the parents' residence Thursday evening. The Rev. Cornelius Schenck officiated.
Mr. D. S. Berry is moving into his new house on Craig place, North Plainfield, and Mr. C. E. Boss, Principal of the North Plainfield Public School, will occupy the house vacated by Mr. Berry.	Mr. D. S. Berry is moving into his new residence on Craig place, North Plainfield. The house vacated by him will be occupied by Mr. C. E. Boss, Principal of the North Plainfield Public School.
A select musicale was held, last evening, at the residence of L. E. Howard, Esq., on First place. The hostess is an enthusiastic musician of much genius and skill as was evidenced by her rendition of a most difficult classical duett with Mr. A. Venino. Miss Grace Howard also played, Miss Holmes sang, and others contributed to the evening's pleasure.	A select musicale was given at the residence of Mr. L. E. Howard of First place, Thursday evening. The hostess exhibited great skill in a classical duet with Mr. A. Venino. Miss Grace Howard also played, Miss Holmes sang, and others contributed pleasingly.
Below is the final and winning game, between Mr. Keys and a member of the Hoboken chess club.	The scores of the championship chess game is republished today as corrected. The score we published yesterday was from Mr. Keys' original record, though it was not Mr. Keys' game.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

All men interested in mechanical drawing are invited to meet at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms, to-morrow evening.

A meeting to discuss the advisability of forming a Junior Training Class, will be held at the Y. M. C. A. this evening. All interested are invited.

An orchestra will be organized at the Y. M. C. A. this evening at *nine* o'clock. All interested are especially invited to be present with their instruments.

An unusually large orchestra will accompany the singing at the Young Men's Meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening. The Rev. A. R. Dilts will deliver a short address, which will be preceded and followed by hearty singing. Meeting begins at eight and closes promptly at nine o'clock.

The Young Men's Christian Association will organize a class in mechanical Drawing, at their rooms, Tuesday evening of this week. The class will be taught by Prof. A. A. Titsworth an experienced and well qualified teacher, who will be assisted by Messrs. A. J. Gavett, George Titsworth and Rudolph Eckstrom. Members of the Association, and any other men interested, can obtain further information upon application at the rooms.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Mary, the five-year-old daughter of John and Norah Bergen, of No. 23 Cottage place, died today, aged 5 years and eight months.

Mrs. Sarah Carr, a widow lady, aged 60 years, died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs Mary Taylor, with whom she was stopping, on East Front street yesterday. Death resulted from inflammation of the bowels. The deceased was born in Ireland, and had been a resident of this State for the past twelve years. Two daughters survive her. The funeral will take place on Wednesday at one p. m. Interment in St Mary's cemetery.

The death occurred on Saturday of Mr. George Hallock, an old and highly respected resident of North Plainfield. The deceased was in the 82d year of his age at the time of his death, and was prominently identified with the Society of Friends. He was a cousin of Fitz Green Hallock, the poet. The funeral will take place from the late residence of the deceased, No. 137 Grove street, on Third Day, (Tuesday) at 3 p. m. Interment at Chappaqua, N. Y., on the following day.

At his late residence on West Fourth street about two o'clock this morning, occurred the death of George Washington Angleman, son of Street Commissioner Geo. M. Angleman. His death resulted from typhoid pneumonia, after a confinement to the house of about ten days. The deceased was both well and favorably known in this city, where he was possessed of a large circle of friends and acquaintances. He was 41 years of age, and had the misfortune to lose his estimable mother a few weeks ago. Besides a widow, two sons survive him. The funeral obsequies will take place from the house, No. 54 West Fourth street, on Wednesday at 2.30 p. m. Interment will be made in the Methodist cemetery.

Plainfield Birds to Race.

At a meeting of the Plainfield Homing Club, held Thursday evening of last week, it was decided to have the first club race of old birds on Wednesday, May 30, from Havre de Grace, Md. During last Summer, which was the first year of the Club's existence, the races described in THE PRESS were all by young birds. These chicks now come under the designation of old birds, and are the brave pigeons who will race on Decoration Day.

New Jersey has the honor of being the first State to pass a law for the protection of these carrier pigeons. Mr. Richard R. Stevens, a member of the Plainfield Homing Club, and also of the Middlesex Gun Club, deserves all the credit of pushing the bill through, and he is getting it. Homing fanciers of other States and high officials of the Philadelphia and other federations, have addressed Mr. Stevens personal letters of approval and thanks.

Mrs. Ellis Will Return.

In answer to numerous inquiries and requests it can now be definitely stated that Mrs. J. T. Ellis, Corresponding Secretary of the State W. C. T. U., who conducted such a successful series of evangelistic meetings, under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., in this city, week before last, will return to Plainfield and resume the meetings about the 15th of March. Mrs. Ellis has decided to return only at the earnest solicitations of many of her friends, and her work, for a while at least, will be confined exclusively to Warren Mission chapel in North Plainfield. Councilman Dunham and others were instrumental in exacting from Mrs. Ellis a promise to return, and this information will be gladly heralded by hundreds of people, both in this city and North Plainfield.

The Four O'Clock Meeting.

A large and successful meeting was held yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in Reform Hall, under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., at which several requests for prayer were presented and earnestly remembered. Many Christian workers added interest by their brief, but enthusiastic remarks. Several new members of the Union were present, who have recently been added through the valuable efforts of Mrs. Ellis, which greatly encouraged the old and faithful members. The Crescent Glee Club had charge of the singing and rendered excellent music, which apparently was much enjoyed by the large congregation present.

Vincent Chapel Sociable.

The ladies of the M. E. church will hold a sociable in Vincent chapel next Friday evening, one of a series of sociables to be held there on the first Friday evening of every month. They are for the express purpose of bringing the membership and congregation of the church together in order to give them an opportunity of getting better acquainted with one another. The pastor of the church, Dr. Van Meter, expresses the hope that these sociables will be well attended, and that they will be highly successful in accomplishing the desired result.

Reform Club Meeting—27 Signers.

The auditorium of Reform Hall was well filled last evening to listen to Mr. S. A. Haines, of Netherwood, on the temperance question. After devotional exercises Mr. Haines said that at the Bay of Fundy the tide rose 60 feet, and it was a great thing to see it come in. So the temperance tide was rising and coming in very strong everywhere. In Michigan thirty-five counties have recently gone for prohibition. In Iowa and Kansas the work is grand, and even in Kentucky they are working mightily. In Minneapolis the high license is decreasing the number of saloons, although it is doubtful if there is any less liquor consumed. In China, 4,000 years ago, they fined a man for the first drunk, whipped him for the second and beheaded him for the third. In Atlanta they fine for the first drunk and put the man in prison for the second, and also place his name on a "black list," so that no saloon keeper can sell to the man without a heavy fine. It seems that China was clear ahead of us 4,000 years ago, for she took a third step, which was very effective. Iowa has done nobly, but the druggists sell as much liquor as medicine, and men get it by lying, for drinking and lying go together as a rule. A man told him that stores in Sioux City were to rent and the city was going to ruin, but it was false. He looked in vain for a single empty store or to see anything like ruin. In Kansas it is almost impossible to get liquor. Bob Burdette says that in Wichita there were stores, churches, colleges, street railways, electric lights, etc., but no saloons, and everything was booming, but before prohibition no such prosperity was found. The same state of things exists all over that State, and prohibition does prohibit out there. Let every man and woman take hold here, and some day like prosperity would come to us.

Col. Hill, of New York, was introduced and made a short address, telling of the growing interest in temperance in every direction, after which President French made an excellent speech as to the gilded saloons in New York, and their dangerous influences. Mr. Haines made the appeal for signers, followed by an earnest entreaty by Mrs. Geo. F. Opdyke, President of the W. C. T. U., for women to come forward and pledge themselves. Amidst great enthusiasm and deep feeling twenty-seven came forward and put their names to the pledge, most of them being young men. Several ladies heeded Mrs. Opdyke's advice and boldly stepped to the front and declared themselves for temperance. After the benediction the audience slowly dispersed, greatly delighted with the evening's services and with the great result.

Berean Services.

Cutter Hall was filled, last evening, with an intelligent audience which gave the most earnest attention while Rev. J. B. Cleaver answered the question propounded by one of the young converts as to "which is the true church?" Having read the portion of scripture where our Saviour assured Peter "He would build His church upon the Rock," the speaker then proceeded to lay down certain propositions founded upon the teachings of God's work to show that there was but one recognized church—founded at Jerusalem—on the day of Pentecost, by his Apostles, and in fulfillment of His requirements. That the arguments produced a profound effect was clearly evidenced upon the countenances of the hearers. The singing which constitutes a prominent part in these services, which have continued nightly for eight weeks, is very soul-inspiring. God has been evidently moving in a wonderful manner upon the hearts of men at these meetings, and the work is still on the increase. Meetings will be held every evening this week, commencing Tuesday at 8 p. m. All are welcome to come and bring some unconverted friend with them.

A Story in One Chapter.

Many of our readers will doubtless remember "Uncle" Jesse Thorn, as he is familiarly called, who, although almost a centenarian, frequently walks from New Market to this city, and invariably drops into THE PRESS office to shake hands with the staff. It appears that "Uncle Jesse" came to town on one of his periodical trips, recently, and called at a house on New street. While there the conversation drifted to Westfield, and "Uncle Jesse" called to mind the fact of having sold a horse to Deacon Randolph of Westfield, over fifty years ago, for which he never received his pay. After the caller had departed the New street resident addressed a letter to Deacon Randolph of Westfield, informing him of the conversation, and to his utter surprise "Uncle Jesse" received a check for $50 a few days ago—the purchase price of the animal. Deacon Randolph, it is said, became financially embarrassed about the time the transaction took place, but gladly cancelled the debt when his attention was called to it, even though it was of fifty years standing.

—The Democrats of North Plainfield will meet at Saengerbund Hall, next Wednesday evening, when a number of interesting speakers will be present.

OUR CITY'S LIGHTS.

Some Interesting Facts About the Electric Light That Now Illumines Plainfield.

So general has become the use of the incandescent electric light in this city, that it is an object of universal interest and curiosity. To satisfy all with a description of the creation of the electricity, how it is handled and distributed, and the nature of the lamp and why the glow, THE PRESS presents its readers the article below written especially for these columns by Mr. Alex P. Wright, C. E., who built up the plant of the Plainfield Electric Light Co., and established it on a paying basis by sheer personal ability.

In 1805 Sir Humphrey Davy discovered the principle of the electric arc, and in 1809, before gas was used for lighting, Albermarle street in London was illuminated experimentally by electric light, and a few who at that time were thought to be visionary in their ideas, predicted the use of the electric arc for street lighting. Later, when Starr and King in 1846 experimented on incandescent electric lamps, and patented their inventions, little was thought of their work and their lamps were looked upon as scientific toys. And yet the incandescent lamp of Starr & King was precisely the same in principle as the incandescent light of today. Only two years ago, notwithstanding all the developements and improvements in electric lighting, the idea of any extensive use of incandescent lights for domestic purposes was hardly expected. The systems at that time in use limited the area of commercial distribution to within about half a mile of the lighting station. Lighting stations were usually erected in the heart of the business portion of a town or city, and as a rule the business places only were lighted and even then the suppliers of light tried as far as possible to choose their customers. Today we have in Plainfield a new system of distribution which may be extended in all directions to almost unlimited distances, that is, as far as practical requirements are concerned and this may be done commercially and with economy. Without in any way detracting from the merits of our old friend coal gas, which has served us for many years, let us look at the electric light and its attendant advantages.

The incandescent lamp consist of a fine filament or wire of carbon, usually bent into the form of a hairpin or horseshoe, although it is capable of assuming many forms, enclosed in a glass bulb or globe from which the air has been exhausted. To the ends of the carbon filament platinum wires are connected which are brought out through the glass, great care being taken that they are properly sealed by fusion in order to prevent the leakage of the surrounding air into the bulb.

The filaments of carbon are prepared from various materials such as cane, paper, and linen or silk threads. Starr & King in their first experiments used a platinum wire or foil instead of a carbon filament, but this was soon abandoned on account of the limited range of temperature to which its use was restricted to obtain brilliant incandescence without fusion of the metal and the consequent destruction of the lamp.

To be continued.

Poisoned His Dog.

A valuable bull-dog belonging to a man named Schwear of South avenue, died suddenly a few days ago, with all the symptoms of poisoning. It will be remembered that Schwear had a law suit with one of his neighbors recently, about a lot of chickens which he claimed were a nuisance. The suit did not result favorably to the complainant, and he now declares that his neighbor poisoned his dog.

Pulled Its Nails Out.

During the severe storm of Saturday morning, one of three houses in course of erection for Charles Hand, on the Coriell Farm at Evona, was blown down. The frame was all up and sheeted for two stories, and ready for the rafters. It had been nailed, however, with wire nails that all pulled out, and the timbers and boards were scattered all over the vicinity.

"Monte Cristo."

The popularity of "Monte Cristo" was attested by the large audience which filled the Globe Theatre last evening. It is perhaps enough to say of this impersonation that there is not another actor on the American stage so well fitted to succeed Mr. Fechter in this *role* as Mr. O'Neill.—*Boston Herald.*

The Council Meeting.

The City Council will meet this evening to consider the liquor license applications and to hear remonstrances against granting the same. There is little doubt, however, that all the applications will be granted, in spite of the largely signed petitions against them.

—Several promotions from baggage masters to conductors have been made on the Central Railroad, but the announcement has not yet been made public.

BEGINNING THE STRIKE

ONE THOUSAND AND SIX HUNDRED MEN QUIT WORK.

The Company Refused to Yield—Knights of Labor to Take Their Places—The Company's Story.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—The anticipated strike of the 1,600 locomotive engineers and firemen on all lines of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad is now on. The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers gave the railroad company thirty-six hours to decide as to whether they would accede to its demands for a uniform tariff of three and a half cents a mile on all lines. These hours of grace expired at 4 o'clock this morning. The officials refused to come to the proposed terms, because they will not have terms dictated to them, and because the greater care necessary on main lines, in their opinion, merits better pay.

The fight promises to be a hard one between the Brotherhood and the Knights of Labor. The latter still nurse a grievance against the Brotherhood, asserting that had its members not aided the railroads in the strike on the Union Pacific in 1886, as well as in the more recent Reading troubles, the strikes would have been effectual. They recall also the action adverse to their interests of the Brotherhood in the freight handlers' strike in Chicago.

A Knights of Labor official says the order will take no action, but their members have been notified of the situation and informed that if they desire to fill the strikers' places there can certainly be no objection. It is not believed that the engineers among the Knights are sufficiently numerous to supply the places of the 900 strikers without weakening their grip on the roads they leave so as to let the Brotherhood succeed them.

No trains will leave on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy lines to-day from this city except the 3 a. m. fast mail, and possibly a few surburban trains.

General Manager Stone said last night: "The subject conceding the men's demands was fully considered, and it was determined that we could not grant what they asked without destroying the discipline of the road. The suburban and fast mail trains will be run as usual, and all suburban freights will be taken care of. Freight for competitive points will be also handled, too, but all local points will have to be abandoned for the time being. We have already made arrangements for 300 men to come here from Philadelphia and take the places of the strikers, and they will be here in time to save us from serious inconvenience."

Now that the fight is at hand, a statement of facts in the case has been prepared by the company in pamphlet form, and will be distributed so that the public can form its own ideas of the merits of the difficulty. The statement includes the formal demand of the engineers and firemen for a revision of the schedule of wages, the letter sent out by the company to the engineers and firemen of all its lines, in which it defined its position and gave reasons why it could not comply with their request. The demands of the men are: That no engineer or fireman shall be called at a reasonable time before leaving time, and that time shall be taken from the round-house register instead of the conductor's register or train sheet. The principal part of the pay schedule demanded is as follows:

Passenger engineers running four-wheel connected engines shall receive 3½ cents per mile; six-wheel connected engines 3 8-10 cents per mile; all passenger firemen firing four-wheel engines, 2 1-10 cent per mile; six-wheel connected engines 2½ cents per mile; 160 miles or less to constitute a day's work, over 100 miles at the same rate per mile.

All freight engineers running four-wheeled connected, 4 cents per mile; six-wheel connected engines, 4 3-10 cents per mile; all freight firemen firing four-wheel connected connected engines, 2 4-10 cents per mile; six-wheel connected engines, 2 6-10 cents per mile; 100 miles or less to constitute a day's work; over 100 miles at the same rate per mile.

Engineers, running consolidated (eight-wheel connected) engines 4½ cents per mile; firemen firing consolidated engines, 3 4-10 cents per mile; two firemen on each consolidated engine; 100 miles or less a day's work; over 100 miles at the same rate per mile. On freight runs which occupy more than 10 hours to the 100 miles, overtime shall be paid at the rate of 40 cents per hour for engineers and 20 cents per hour for firemen.

Local freight runs on Middle Iowa Division will be allowed one trip and one-half each way, overtime to be allowed after being on the road 15 hours. Men in snow plough service (when on duty) shall be paid at the rate of $6 per day for engineers and $3.6 per day, 10 hours or less to constitute a day's work; all over 10 hours to be paid at the rate of sixty cents per hour for engineers and 36 cents per hour for firemen. Engineers and firemen on weed-destroying engines shall be paid at the same rate as in the snow plough service.

Switch engineers to receive $3 and firemen $1 80 per day of 12 hours or less. All over 12 hours to be paid; Engineers 30 cents per hour and firemen 18 cents per hour, except in Chicago and Kansas City yards, where 10 hours or less will constitute a day at $3 per day for engineers and $1 80 per day for firemen. Hostlers shall be paid at the rate of 2 40 per day of 12 hours.

Besides this the men made demands about extra time pay, &c., but the fight turns on the substitution of this new scale of wages, which does away with classifications for the existing arrangement, entered into in 1886.

ENGINEERS TO GO WEST.

The Knights Will Look Out for Chicago Burlington and Quincy.

READING, Pa., Feb. 27.—A committee of three, representing the Knights of Labor Reading railroad engineers and firemen who lost their positions in the recent strike and were obliged to give way to Brotherhood men, left for Chicago last night to confer with officials of the Chicago Burlington and Quincy railroad and note the progress of the troubles on that road.

If the Brotherhood men on that road go on a strike, the committee will telegraph East and summon to Chicago, all the Knights of Labor engineers and firemen they can. It is estimated that 300 engineers and 400 firemen, all Knights in the Reading company's territory, are out of jobs, and that the great majority will respond to any demand made upon them by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy officials.

An agent of the latter road has been in this vicinity, notably at Reading, Pottsville, Shamokin, Ashland and other points, and, influenced by the offer of good wages and steady employment, several hundred have consented to go to Chicago if they are wanted.

Manipulating Panama Canal Stock.

PARIS, Feb. 27.—On the Bourse last week Panama Canal shares rose 15 francs. The De Lesseps clique are spreading reports that their efforts to obtain Government approval for a lottery loan have met with success.

ATTACKING THE BILLS

THOSE LARGE APPROPRIATIONS AROUSE MR. BLAND.

He Fiercely Attacks the Public Building Bills—Dibble and Browne as Defenders.

Mr. Yost's Pension Bill etc.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Mr. Bland, of Missouri, made a savage attack on the public building bills in the House Saturday. The House was in Committee of the Whole, and the floor was accorded to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds. The first bill called up was one appropriating $75,000 additional for the public building in Chattanooga. Mr. Bland opposed the bill, and spoke especially in opposition to the manner in which the House acted upon such measures. He said that it was a matter of ambition for a member to show his constituents his influence and power by securing a building for his district. As a member who had a bill for such a purposes pending could not antagonize a similar bill championed by a brother member, one-half of the House was involved in log-rolling.

Mr. Dibble of South Carolina defended the committee, and described the manner in which it secured the information as to the needs of the Government upon which it based its report.

Mr. Browne of Indiana expressed the hope that the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds would report favorably every bill that asked the construction of a public building in every city, town, or village where the needs of the public service ddmanded it. He knew of no better way to use the surplus in the Treasury than by sending it into the sovereign States for buildings for Post Offices and Federal courts. He would welcome postoffices into his sovereign State as he would welcome a national bank and Bland silver dollars which were illustrative, the one of the glory and the other of the power to make seventy cents worth of silver equal to one dollar.

Mr. Bland said he was glad that this speech had come from the other side of the House. It was the expression of the opinion that the House was here to dispose of the surplus in wasteful extravagance, instead of to reduce taxation. That was the issue in the House and would be the issue in the next campaign. The hundred million surplus in the Treasury came from the taxes paid by the laboring men. Every dollar paid in the Treasury had cost the taxpayer at least $5. The $100,000,000 in the Treasury represented $4 0,000,000 which had gone into the hands of capitalists and monopolists and trusts under the infamous system of protective tariff. The government had a debt upon which the money should be paid, and he was sorry that the gentleman from Texas, Mr. Mills, had not brought forward his bill which authorized such payment. He did not wonder that gentlemen on the other side had voted solidly for all the public building measures. They desired to take the money from the Treasury to perpetuate a system of taxation which was onerous and burdensome. He had been attempting in vain to secure a yea and nay vote on the passage of these measures, for he did not desire that the gentlemen on the other side should go into the next campaign charging the Democratic party with extravagance without themselves going upon record.

Mr. Bland then offered an amendment providing that no public buildings shall hereafter be constructed unless some one of the Executive Department shall first certify to Congress that no suitable accomodation for the service of the Government can be obtained in the city or towns specified at a less rental than $5,000 a year. The amendment was ruled out of order and the bill was agreed to.

Upon the next bill, appropriating $250,000 for the purchase of a site for a public building at Buffalo. Mr. Bland renewed his attack upon the tariff, and advocated the reduction of the surplus by the payment of the bonded debt. He appealed to the House to cease its waste of money on these public buildings, and to come down to the Democratic doctrine of economy and reduction of taxation. He referred to the President's message, as a Democrat, denouncing every attempt to take the people's money from the Treasury by the Blair Educational bill, public building measures, and other squandering propositions. He would not permit a handful of men to sweep these bills through in shame and scandal, but he would avail himself of his constitutional right to require a quorum to vote on every proposition.

The next bill was the Senate bill appropriating $1,200,000 for a building at Omaha, with a proposed substitute appropriating $500,000 for the purchase of a site, but making no appropriation for the building. Mr. Bland, however, by offering numerous amendments, prevented a vote being taken on the bill.

The youngest looking man in the House, and one of the very smallest physically, is Mr. Yost, a Republican member from West Virginia. He jumped into the arena of debate for the first time Saturday. He had a bill to pay a pension of $30 per month, with arrears from 1866, to the widow of Major Ralph Kirby, a hero of the Florida and other wars, who died more than forty years ago. Some of the members attacked the bill, and many of them crowded down into the area in front of the Speaker's desk, and began a cross-fire debate. Mr. Yost took a hand in it, and made a lively little five minute speech. It made many friends for his bill, which he carried by a good majority. Mr. Yost claimed that the Government is indebted to Mrs. Kirby in the sum of $40,000, but that, as she was 78 years of age, and nearing her grave, he was willing that the pension should be allowed, in lieu of what was rightfully due her.

The condition of the work on the naval vessels being built at Cramp's shipyard is stated as follows: Ways are being put under the gunboat Yorktown preparatory to her launching; the dynamite cruiser (unnamed, is ready for the ways, and will be launched a few days later than the Yorktown. Both these vessels will be launched inside of a month. The cruiser Baltimore is in frame and all plated up, and her deck beams are crossed for all decks. Everything is in readiness for work on the cruisers Newark and Philadelphia. The blocking is all down for laying the keel of the former, and the keel of the latter will be laid inside of six weeks.

Arrangements were perfected at the Treasury Department Saturday for the transfer on March 1 of the office of Assistant Treasurer at New York from Mr. C. J. Canda to Judge Alexander McCue. The official bond of Judge McCue was received at the department Saturday morning. It is for $4 0,000.

To Force England to Terms.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—The Irish volunteers met at Halcyon Hall last evening, and discussed to the method of forcing England to give up her misrule of Ireland.

Mr. W. W. Corcoran's Funeral.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Mr. Corcoran's funeral takes place at 2 p.m. to-day.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST-OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 22, 1887.

Barker, Mrs N B	Low Ellen P
Crane, Mrs G C	McWrey, John
Davison, W E	Opdyke, Mary E
Gill, Maggie	Steward, Matilda
Hooper, Theodore	Scott, Winfried
Hall, Margaret L	Stevens, Hattie
Hinkle, Bessie B	Stokly, Daniel
Johnson, Ella	Sarsig, Mamie
Kennedy, Luella	Thompson, Lizzie
King, Hatie (2)	Thompson, Mrs Dr
Kane, Andrew	Wheeler, W G
Lindsley, Mrs R. W.	Watt, Lizzie
Leich, John	Waits, Gennie
	Yonsor, Mary

Persons calling for above please say advertised

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

WANTED—A Heavy Work Horse at once. Price must be low. Or would hire one by the day. Address Jones & Co., P. O. Box 1,410. 2-27-2

FOR SALE—A St. Bernard (bitch) pup, three months old. Has a first-class pedigree. Address Harry, Box 1,392.

TO RENT—House on Craig Place containing 11 rooms; all improvements. Five minutes walk from depot. Inquire of P. M. French. 2-27-3

FOR SALE—One horse and two cows. John P. Wolfe, 33 Linden av., P. O. Box 73. 2-27-2

GIRL WANTED—General Housework. 78 Duer street.

TO LET—Residence on Somerset st., now occupied by Rev. W. E. Honeyman; also the Berry Homestead property, corner Somerset street and Linden avenue. Barn on each place. Rent reasonable. Lutkens & Hummer, No. 37 Park avenue. 2-25-tf

FRESH LAID COUNTRY EGGS delivered daily. Only market prices charged. Give me a trial. Address Box 1,071. 2-24 6

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—39 West Front street, Plainfield. Call or address the owner, Wm. Battenfeld, (Bakery) 39 Mott Street, New York. 2-23-6

STORE FIXTURES.—For sale at a Bargain, Counters, Shelving, &c., complete for a large store. Nearly new; worth $250; will sell for $150. Apply to C. E. Clarke, 22 North Av. 2-18-tf

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIVISION Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use: in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORB. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 122 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

A BICYCLE FOR SALE.

52 Inch Expert Full Nickelled. Fine Condition. Two Saddles and all Fixtures Complete. Will sell at a BARGAIN. Owner leaving the city. DRAWER G., Plainfield P. O.

Messrs P. W. and E. E. RUNYON have today taken possession of the establishment formerly occupied by Frank C. Green, at PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET, and will conduct therein a FURNITURE and UPHOLSTERY BUSINESS under the firm name of RUNYON & CO. 2-27

SEVERAL NEW and ELEGANT

Pianos and Organs

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale

VERY CHEAP!

A. Vanderbeek, 33 Park Ave. 2-27-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between P. W. McDONOUGH and H. J. MARTIN, at No. 20 Somerset street, under the firm name of McDonough & Martin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. H. J. Martin will continue the business at the old stand, and will receipt for all bills due the late firm, and pay all claims against the same.

PETER W. McDONOUGH,
HORACE J. MARTIN.

2-35-6

"M. H. A."

MUSIC HALL,

FRIDAY, MARCH 2nd, 1888.

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45—GREAT ARTISTS—45

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME!

Archery Club Song and Dance (New),

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A rollicking burlesque on New York's latest melodramatic success, A DARK SECRET, entitled

A BLACK SECRET

INCIDENTAL.—The "Volunteer-Thistle" Yacht Race. Our Steam Launch, the "Black Secret." The Dance of the Dolls. The Trained Donkey. The Hanlon Beach Rack. Five Cubic Feet of Real Water. Our leading lady (N.B.—No substitute) will be hurled headlong into this immense body of genuine water by our Heavy Villian, and triumphantly rescued by our Waterproof Hero. Prices 50, 75 & 1.00. Sale of seats begin Feb'y 28, at *J. G. Millers' and Field & Randolph's Pharmacies.*

IF YOU WANT A PIANO,

You want the Best;

You want it Guaranteed;

You want the Lowest Price;

And You Want Everything

That only I can--and will--offer you.

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Sole Agent for the PEASE pianos.

I refer to those now owning these celebrated instruments in this city. 2-24

A Victor Tricycle,

Second Hand but in Good Condition.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

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MUSIC HALL!

Wednesday Evening, February 29.

JAMES O'NEILL

PRESENTING

MONTE CRISTO

With a Brilliant Cast, Elaborate New Scenery, Realistic Stage Pictures painted expressly for this Play.

Grand Effects! Correct Appointments! and Appropriate Costumes!

The Entire Production *PERFECT IN EVERY DETAIL.*

Prices as usual. Sale of seats begin at Field & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's, Feb. 27. 2-23-6

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CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?
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OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

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Except that we have our Goods made by the *LEADING MANUFACTURERS.*

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We keep the *STYLES, SIZES* and *WIDTHS.* We *QUOTE NO PRICES IN NEWSPAPERS,* but the

Prices are all RIGHT, and we keep the STOCK.

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CONFECTIONERS,

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Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 2-10-tf

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WATCHES,

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Gold and Silver Jewelry,

—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

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CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

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100 DOZEN

Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons

To hire for *FESTIVALS AND PARTIES,*

At Collier's, 3 Park Avenue,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER AND ENGRAVER.

Established, 19 *YEARS.* N. B.—No BOTCHING. 1-14-tf

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AT
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S
JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods

Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price.

12-21-tf

"TRY, TRY AGAIN."

A Gaudy Old Aphorism Which Proved a Dismal Failure—It Don't Work When Applied to Short Hand.

NOTHING else in the world will knock a cherished idol off the pedestal it occupies in your mind equally as quick as the club of practical experience. In the days of our fanciful youth, we are apt to imagine golden, but impractical schemes to be accomplished in the dim future. These high-flown projects can be likened unto beautifully decorated glass ten pins, set in the alley of futurity in which the plain, unvarnished ball of time makes but one strike, and the game is over.

During my juvenile period, which began at the time when I discarded cock-tailed petticoats and donned knee-shorts, and was supposed to have ended when I acquired full grown pants, I was daily taught through means of gaudily printed aphorisms, the elementary principles of success. Chief among them was the time-worn: "If at first you don't succeed, try, try again." Now, my reader, if your brain box could be opened with a trephine and its bare contents talked at a vear to impress you favorably with this maxim, to all probability, the belief that it is an infallible truism would not lodge itself deeper in your animated scrap-case than it has at present. This was, once, exactly my own situation. To illustrate the truth contained in these words, we have had related to us numerous fables in which undaunted heroes, after many failures, were allowed to succeed in bold, hazardous enterprises. There is the exceedingly fresh and marvelous tale of Bruce and the spider. As, of course, you have never heard it, it is quite proper for me to relate it here.

While the valiant Bruce lay trembling with fear on a pallet of straw, in a thatched hut so small that he could lie on his back and kick holes in the roof, he noticed a daddy-longlegs who was vainly endeavoring to stretch a tight-rope between the toe of his buskin and the tip of his very cold nose. It tried again and again to lasso his proboscis. Twelve times it failed; the thirteenth attempt was successful, and it at once struck the desponding would-be monarch that if an insect could show so much perseverance and sand in his craw, a man ought be ashamed to throw up the sponge. With renewed spirit (old Scotch) he set himself to his own great task, and at the end of eight years he freed Scotland and became its King.

Now, it is quite obvious that the moral to be drawn from this fable (some say the story is true) is—repeated endeavors are crowned with success. If you think such is the case, apply the principle in the moral to one of your air-castles; but if it fails you, do not be discouraged, as you have all the rest of your life to waste in further trials. But life is short. Therefore, it behooves you to make your experiments with something at which you have a reasonable right to expect success. Many times it is the project that is at fault and not the person. In my particular case, my experiments with the proverb as applied to a favorite and certainly attainable—by some—project, were exasperating failures, and I am down on the rule and condemn it in consequence.

Each dweller on this mundane crust has at some period of his or her existence possessed a hobby-horse and has been lured on to test its good riding points through means of this fallacious saying: "Try, try again."

After I was some less than a century in age, I possessed one; and you may think that it was a high-kicker, too. I wanted to harness that hobby-horse and to drive him in style. My first attempt was a failure. And so was my second, third, fourth, and I know not how many more. When I was about to forfeit gate money and solace myself by committing to memory all the begots and begats in Genesis, some pusillanimous disciple of the Author of Evil resurrected the fable of Bruce and the spider to lure my brain to certain destruction. For shame's sake, I made another attempt; but my hobby-horse backed right out through its crupper-strap, leaving me with a harness on my hands and no horse to use it. I made recourse to the story on boils in the book of Job, in which it tells of his patience and mode of practicing in the old school, and from it I derived much consolation and was again saved from despair.

My hobby-horse was short-hand. But that little compound word is a miserable misnomer. It is the name of a base conspiracy to wreck the proud intellect of man over the intricate mazes of a phonographic labyrinth composed of amputated members, insect bodies—principally flies—tea-chest inscriptions, algebraic and geometrical signs and a conglomeration of pharmaceutic and nautical symbols; all jumbled together kaleidoscopic with animaculæ eyeballs and interpolated with signs of the Zodiac. And short-hand is the synonym—properly pseudonym—for the diabolical script of the king of hades; worse by far than Chinese, Congo or Hibernoceltic characters. Yet, I wrestled with it. Spirits of old malt! I did.

Fourteen o'clock in the sweet, good morning found me working over it fast asleep and trying to take down my snores verbatim. Yes, I was; and if I have failed to acquire short-hand, I have not failed to retain my long-hand. And if I only knew who he is and where he lives, I would like to reach out my long hand and grip by the scruff of the neck the man who originated the art of tachygraphy with fly-legs. I would drop him into the mineral springs of the warm domain where the sulphur seethes and sizzles and the brimstone bubbles and boils. I would give to him the chance to change his profession of tachygrapher to that of topographer and his descriptions would be red-hot. And the man who indited the motto, "Try, try again," well, I'd try and try again on him. No want of success could be attributed to a lack of application. His wife would shut her door in his face and tell him she had no cold victuals for tramps, if he could manage to crawl home. He would be a success—a perfect prize picture. BURT ARNOLD.

A Modern Episode.

"Where do you attend church?"

"At the Unity."

"Are you a member?"

"Oh, dear, yes! and you should have been there at my baptism. Mamma had a gorgeous bonnet and apparel imported from Paris especially for the occasion. Why, when she took the bonnet and held it aloft while my head was being sprinkled, you should have heard the suppressed exclamations of admiration in the audience. After service all the girls went into ecstacies over it."

"How do you like the Sunday school there?"

"Oh, it is delightful! I have a class and mamma arrays me bewitchingly, and the young men look over my way more than they do at Beryl Gilhooly, which makes her two awfully mad for any thing. You just ought to join us."

"I think I will. I have seriously contemplated it for some time and now am convinced it is my duty."

MEN who wait for luck to make them rich are generally compelled to leave the settling of their funeral expenses to their relatives.—*Baltimore American.*

IRISH INDEPENDENCE

MR. GLADSTONE ON THE QUESTION OF IRISH AUTONOMY.

The Cost to Keep Ireland in a State of Discontent—America's Relation to Ireland—An Increasing Demand.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Mr. William E. Gladstone's article on "Ireland's Demand for Home Rule," which will appear this week in the March number of the *Contemporary Review*, is a singularly able paper, and will be read with interest both here and in America. At the outset Mr. Gladstone reiterates the principle which he has maintained ever since the question of Irish autonomy was opened two years ago, namely, that the adjustment of this great question can only be effected by the cooperation of the two historic parties of British politics, to whom it offers a common ground for action.

"It is a measure," he says, "which acknowledges and consecrates the traditions of the country that calls for its application. It is a measure which restores ancient and prescriptive rights long enjoyed in principle and in 1783 most solemnly and not less unanimously acknowledged by Great Britain. I descend to a much lower order of ideas when I add it is a measure which, whatever particular form it may take, must certainly diminish the weight and activity at St. Stephen's of an element which, whether by its nature democratic or not—and on this point there may be serious doubts—is and must be under its present circumstances discontented and estranged, and on that account inclined to promote political and administrative innovations."

Gladstone goes on to point out some of the unparalleled infelicities in connection with England's present relations with Ireland, asserting that Ireland is governed in civil matters worse than England or Scotland and at about twice the annual cost per head. In civil charges any army charges together it costs eighty-two shillings per head annually to keep the Irishman in a chronic state of discontent, while for little more than thirteen shillings the Englishman is better provided and generally contented.

Regarding the contributions to Home Rule from America Mr. Gladstone says: "The vast tribute which for so many years was paid by America to the landlords of Ireland did not shock the most sensitive. Yet the sums, comparatively trifling, which America has contributed more recently towards enabling the impoverished tenantry to sustain their Parliamentary struggle have become the subject of indignant denunciation. But America seems to be of the opinion that in the matter of this Irish question she has some title to complain of us for vexing her with a cause of internal trouble. Whether this be so or not, there can be little that she suffers in her internal politics from the unsettled state of the Irish question. It is obviously to her interest that the various races and nationalities represented by the crowds of emigrants to her shores should as rapidly as possible melt down and merge into the great American unity. In the case of the Irish portion, the lines of cleavage are numerous between them and the general community. Speaking generally, the vast community is Anglo-Saxon, Protestant and rich, while the Irish generally are Celtic, Roman Catholic and poor. But all these distinctions would be gradually softened away and blurred if it were not that one master sentiment holding the entire Irish element together, maintains and is maintained by these secondary divisions. It is not too much to say that Irish-Americans are subject to action of many influences, disposing them even to embroil the United States with England, and if happily it should be found that these influences now govern the minds of no more than a handful surely the reason will be that America observes the confessed and the amazing accession of power which within two years the cause of Irish autonomy has received throughout the United Kingdom, and hails the reasonable prospect which this accession opens to them of an early and effectual settlement."

Mr. Gladestone then climbs on to the wall by which the Unionists have hedged themselves off from the Home Rule party and calmly surveys the battle ground from their own standpoint. A legislative Siamese union with Ireland, he points out, would not constitute strength. Rule by a mixed force of police and military which cannot be diminished till the present political controversy is settled, begets only a kind of secondary security and confidence.

Mr. Gladstone asks: "Would the heart of Ireland beat in unison with our heart? Would she have the same joys and sorrows in our successes and defeats? Taxes must in such an event be largely and severely laid upon the three countries and upon all classes of inhabitants. Would those taxes be cheerfully paid in Ireland if the military demands thickened? and especially if military reverses came upon us, could we fall back upon our Irish garrison of thirty or forty thousand men, all told, as a reserve force to reinforce our wasted ranks for the purposes of the war? Notoriously the case is far otherwise, and the high likelihood, if not the certainty, rather is that in order to build or bolster up that confidence which we have chosen to build on sand in preference to rock, we must add to the demands from other quarters an increase of demand for Ireland, so that she would be not only as she now is—a drain upon our strength, but a drain increasing within our own borders in proportion to the growth of need or calamity beyond them."

Several pages are devoted to Lord Salisbury's chief arguments against Home Rule for Ireland. Mr. Gladstone, holding them up in the clear light of history, shows that examples of other powerful nations studied in an historic spirit are fruitful, instructive and highly encouraging to a policy of local autonomy for Ireland.

MR. CLEVELAND AT HOME.

Flowers and Pet Alligators the Souvenirs of His Southern Trip.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The Presidential train, bearing President and Mrs. Cleveland, Secretary Lamar and Mrs. Whitney and Colonel and Mrs. Lamont, has arrived here. The party was immediately driven home. The baggage car was loaded with flowers.

The President and members of the party spent the day quietly resting from the fatigue of the journey. The pair of baby alligators, which were among the numerous presents given Mrs. Cleveland, have been given a place of honor at the White House along with the parrots and dogs and pet cats. Colonel Lamont said last evening that the President and all the members of the party were delighted with the trip and exceedingly interested and instructed by what they saw, and consider the time most profitably spent.

Five Births in Fourteen Months.

WINCHESTER, O., Feb. 27.—Mrs. McNulty gave birth to three children Saturday night, making five in fourteen months. All are alive.

CANADA AND THE NEW TREATY.

It Will Not Cause Her to Stop Hunting Fishermen with Cruisers.

OTTAWA, Feb. 27.—Hon. Peter Mitchell, ex-Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and now in the opposition, has called a caucus of the opposition members to discuss the fishery treaty and decide upon their policy. It is anticipated that the treaty will pass the House by a majority of seventy or eighty votes.

It is officially announced that the fishery fleet will continue to be maintained, as the settlement is not so complete as to enable the government to abolish its cruisers and devote the money required for their maintenance to some more useful purpose.

The feeling among the members is that the division of opinion on the fishery treaty will run on purely party lines. The opposition maintain that the Government has put itself in a fix, that if the Government was right last year in enforcing the treaty of 1818 in seizing American vessels it will be acting inconsistently in asking Parliament to ratify a treaty which is merely an interpretation of the treaty of 1818 and concedes these very privileges.

In the minds of a majority of members the feeling is one of relief that the subject is about to be disposed of and what threatened to become a fruitful source of trouble between neighboring countries got rid of for good.

Hon. william MadDougall says that the position he took throughout the discussion of this subject in letters to the press has been justified and sustained. His contention has all along been that the United States fishermen were entitled to what are called truck and trade privileges in Canadian ports, notwithstanding anything that might be contained in the former fishery treaty, these privileges being claimed from the ordinary commercial treaty between Great Britain and the United States, which, in his opinion, overrides the fishery treaty. He says the Canadian Government demanded too much and that it was plain all along that Sir Charles Tupper would have to make considerable concessions.

ARBITRATING MINERS' WAGES.

Reading's General Manager and a Committee Already in Conference.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Feb. 27.—At the meeting of the miners' joint committee, at which was ratified the action of National District Master Workman Lewis in ordering off the strike, a sub-committee was appointed to negotiate with the Reading Coal and Iron Company upon the subject of a new basis of wages. This sub-committee met in this city Saturday and organized with John T. Little as chairman, and Daniel Duffy, Secretary. The committee then waited upon General Superintendent Whiting and informed him of its readiness to discuss and arrange a basis. A conference of two hours' duration was held and the subject thoroughly though informally discussed. The interview was entirely harmonious, though no definite action was taken. The conference will be resumed at an early day when it is expected that a final conclusion will be reached.

Reading Men Take Up the Gauntlet.

READING, Pa., Feb. 26.—The strike of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road is an event of considerable interest to the two hundred engineers on the Reading Railroad who lost their positions during the recent trainmen's troubles. The engineers were Knights of Labor, and most of their positions were obtained by Brotherhood men whom they had supplanted ten years before. They now propose to retaliate, and movement to this effect is started along the line of the Reading Road wherever these Knights of Labor engineers are now located. They propose offering themselves for the places of the striking Brotherhood men, and a delegation will leave for Chicago early next this week with more to follow.

Russia's War Preparations.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Advices from Odessa say that a large quantity of cavalry accoutrements, tools, forges, and other warlike materials is awaiting at Elisabetgrad transportation to the frontier.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 27.—It is reported that the Porte has rejected Russia's suggestion that Turkish troops occupy Bulgaria.

Neither England, Austria, nor Italy supported the proposals submitted to the Porte yesterday by M. Nelidoff, the Russian Ambassador. The Grand Vizier, owing to M. Nelidoff's pressure, has decided to reject the Bulgarian proposals for a reason able customs tariff.

The Big Ice Gorge Gives Way.

LANCASTER, Penn., Feb. 27.—The great ice gorge which threatened the Pennsylvania Railroad Bridge across the Susquehanna River at Columbia, passed off Saturday night without doing any damage to the structure. although the water released did much damage along the river banks. The river at Columbia is falling. The gorges at Washington and Turkey Hill remain intact. Ice covers the tract of the Columbia and Port Deposit Railroad to the depth of five feet for some miles, and between 400 and 500 men were engaged yesterday in trying to clear the track. The railroad track from Columbia to Marietta has been cleared and travel resumed.

Engineers to Take Strikers' Places.

READING, Pa., Feb. 27.—It was learned here last night that an agent of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad has been in this vicinity for the past several days recruiting striking engineers and firemen of the Reading Railroad whose places were taken by the Brotherhood men to send to Chicago in case a strike should occur on the Western Road. It is said that he has obtained the promise of quite a number to go West.

A Deaf Mute Cut to Pieces.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb 27.—Charles Morris, a sixteen-year-old deaf mute, was struck by a train on the Pennsylvania Railroad between this city and Bordentown at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. His head was taken off and he was literally cut to pieces. He was a pupil at the State school for deaf mutes, and had undertaken to walk to Bordentown for exercises. His parents live at Millville.

Thirty-five Millions Wanted.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 27.—A meeting of the stockholders of the Tehauntepec Ship Railway was held here Saturday to consider the advisability of sending J. P. Andrews, of Pittsburg, to Europe to negotiate a loan of $35,000,000. Among those in attendance are William Windom, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, and Congressman John Rice, of Massachusetts. No definite action has been taken yet.

A Dry Goods Firm Fails.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., Feb. 27.—Weinsheimer & Newhard, the oldest dry goods firm in this city, have failed. Their liabilities are $50,000; assets nominal.

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

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Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE,
Architect,
North avenue, opposite depot.
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

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Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

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(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

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Mason and Builder.
Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37. Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 29 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44. Personal attendance night or day by GEORGE M. STILES. my9tf

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Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

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A full line Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

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39 NORTH AVENUE.
Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-30 y

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CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON
Best Six Cord,
For Hand and Machine use. For sale by
I. LEDERER.
1-2-6m No. 9 WEST FRONT STREET.

GREAT MARK DOWN SALE
to clear out most of our Large Stock of
WINTER GOODS,
in order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.
A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT, has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEW-MARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.
An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.
LEDERER'S,
No. 9 West Front Street.
1-2-6m

TRY OUR
QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.
HENRY LIEFKE,
NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.
8-16-t

GEO. D. MORRISON,
FLOUR AND FEED STORE,
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WEST END COAL YARD
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.
Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1
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Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention my18tf

H. C. DRAKE,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed
Estimates furnished. my10y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,
Furniture and Freight Express.
P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

One of Many.
VICTOR, N. Y., Feb 1st, 1887.
Mr. O. F. Woodward, Dear Sir: Send me ½ gross Kemp's Balsam, 50c. size, and a few *samples. I certainly* know that Kemp's Balsam is the best selling cough cure. I have fifteen other cough and lung remedies on my shelves, and Kemp's Balsam sells 10 to 1 best of all. Respectfully yours, F. E. COBB. Sold by R. J. Shaw, at 50c. and $1.00. Sample bottle free.

ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

VALENTINES!
All Kinds and Low Prices, at
ALLEN'S, the Stationer,
No. 23 EAST FRONT STREET.
10my

J. C. POPE & CO,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,
Lumber and Coal Merchants,
CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,
PLAINFIELD.
All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD,
DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

J. W. VANSICKLE,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5 25-tf

NEWS FROM CHINA.

Death of an American Vice Consul and Four Thousand Chinese Laborers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 27.—The steamer San Pable arrived from Hong Kong and Yokohama yesterday morning. China papers announce the death of Gideon Nye, United States Vice Consul at Canton. He was the oldest foreign resident in China, having been there since 1883. He amassed a fortune of about $6,000,000, and afterward lost it all. At the time of his death he was writing a history of China's relations with foreign parties.

A few additional details are given of the second disaster on the Yellow River which occurred December 4, and resulted in the drowning of three mandarins and four thousand Chinese laborers. The men were at work at the time repairing the damage caused by the previous floods. Two thousand bamboo rafts had been laden with stones in order to form a breakwater, but the rafts, with all the people on them, were engulfed as soon as they reached the middle of the river. Great suffering is reported from the flooded districts. Cold weather came on and the country was soon flooded over, making it impossible for boats to run. It is estimated that twenty thousand millet stalks will be needed to stop the great gap, each stack requiring fifty large carts to bring it to the spot. So far the utmost exertions have not succeeded in collecting more than thirty stacks a day. Eight million taels have already been expended on repairs.

TO AID THE STRIKING MINERS.

Master Workman Quinn Declaims Against the Legislators.

JERSEY CITY, Feb. 27.—The Oakland Avenue Rink, was crowded last night with sympathizers of the striking miners of Pennsylvania. Master Workman Quinn of District Assembly 49 said:

"You have heard that the strike in the coal regions of Pennsylvania has been partly settled. That may be true as far as it goes, but the strikes will never be settled until the miners own the mines. Corbin must understand that labor controls this country as far as it can. Do you know that you people here are owned by the Pennsylvania railroad, which controls the Legislature at Trenton, and you must abide by the laws that are made there.

"A workman, if he has any faith in the ballot, must necessarily belong to some organization. The press proclaims that this is an age of organization. There is a remedy by which the laboring man can gain his rights, and that is to elect representatives who are in sympathy with every thing that pertains to labor. Don't elect the lawyer, for he will never legislate for you; it is not to his interest to do so. Send laboring men to Congress and the Senate. They know what you most need."

Dr. Edward McGlynn, who had been advertised to address the meeting, failed to put in an appearance.

Was Mingo Jack Guilty?

EATONTOWN, N. J., Feb. 27.—The belief that Mingo Jack was innocent of the assault on Angeline Herbert here two years ago, for which he was lynched, is becoming general among the residents. Several of the negroes who are accessories in the Hamilton murder at Long Branch state that George Carney was also implicated in the assault on Angelina Herbert. Carney is now in the jail at Freehold for an assault upon a servant of Mrs. Lyddy, at Elberon, a short time ago. The same negroes are responsible for the statement that Carney was the man who assaulted the Herbert woman. They claim that the victim of the assault failed to correctly describe her assailant at the Coronor's inquest over Mingo Jack. These disclosures would have been made before by the negroes, they say, if they had not been greatly in fear of Carney.

Manager Locke Put Under Aarrest.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Manager Locke of the National Opera Company was arrested last evening charged by Sylvia and Bertha Pearson, members of his company, with giving them checks at Richmond on Corson & McCartney of this city, with whom he had no funds. Mr. Locke says the checks were given with the understanding that he had no funds with Corson & McCartney, but that the checks were not to be presented until he could deposit the money to meet them. He was taken to police headquarters, but was subsequently released on bail.

A Schooner Wrecked and Four Lives Lost.

PORTLAND, Feb. 27.—A messenger from the Ocean House reports a bad wreck near there. The two-masted schooner Nellie Bowers, bound for Rockport with coal, went ashore at Richmond's Island Saturday night. The vessel was dashed on the rocks and completely wrecked. In the struggle to save their lives, Capt. Somers, his two mates, and the cook were drowned. There were eight men all told, four being saved. Richmond's Island is off Cape Elizabeth, and about ten miles from Portland.

An Ironclad Notice.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Thirty-three families in the houses of Sutro & Newmark, cigar manufacturers in East Seventy-third street, have received notices that unless they vacate their apartments by March 1 legal proceedings will be instituted to force them to do so.

Brakeman Doolittle Cut to Pieces.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 27.—Walter Doolittle, of Springfield, a brakeman on the Connecticut railroad, was killed Saturday noon at Chicopee Junction. He fell from the top of a freight car and was cut to pieces.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—For New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, colder, fair weather, light to fresh northwesterly winds.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

Panama is shaken by earthquakes.

Another oil strike has been made in Chicago.

Natural gas has been discovered at Port Arthur Point on Lake Superior.

A fire in New Grand street, Pa., Friday, destroyed nearly $100,000 worth of property

At the Queen's drawing room reception Miss Bonyngs was the only American lady present.

The Bulgarian Government resolves to reject any proposition to dethrone Prince Ferdinand.

Mr. Lloyd, the English Home Rule delegate, has been sent to prison for six months under the Crimes act.

One of the striking girls of the Newmark Cigar Factory in New York city was fined $5 in court Saturday for calling those who were at work "scabs."

Still No. 11 at the Atlas Oil Refinery at Buffalo, containing 6,500 barrels of oil, exploded Friday, doing $2,500 damages and instantly killing an employe.

Mrs. Dr. Smith, of Newark, N. J., well known for her many charitable acts, has contributed $12,000 for the erection of a "play house" for the poor children of that city.

THE CROWN PRINCE'S DISEASE.

Cancerous Matter Found at Last by the Physicians.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—A despatch from San Remo says that the German physicians in attendance on the Crown Prince of Germany have discovered with the microscope cancerous matter in the phlegm coughed up by the patient.

BERLIN, Feb. 26.—The official bulletin from San Remo says that the Crown Prince slept well last night, that his cough and expectoration are less, and that an examination of his chest disclosed no traces of affection of the lungs. The bulletin bears the additional signature of Dr. Kussmaul.

The Paris *Figaro* publishes a dispatch from its correspondent at San Remo containing most astounding statement concerning the condition of the Crown Prince. All Germans at San Remo, the correspondent says, as well as most of the German physicians attening the sufferer, agree that the Prince is afflicted with cancer, complicated with a disease contracted in his youth, which is equally incurable with cancer itself. In his present condition, the dispatch states, the Prince may live a month or six weeks, and perhaps only a week if the next operation, which is inevitable is not successful.

The English residents of San Remo deny that the Prince had cancer, and adhere implicitly to the statements made by Dr. MacKenzie, who hopes to save the patient, though he is the only one of the physicians who does. The conflict of opinion among the physicians causes the Crown Princess much mental suffering. Dr. Bergman doesn't leave the villa even for an hour for fear he will find himself supplanted on his return, and the patient, the correspondent alleges, is really in danger of death from malpractice through the disgraceful jealousies of the men who are gathering in enormous fees for pretending to cure, or at least to releave him.

BUFFALO'S $300,000 FIRE.

The "Express" Newspaper Office Has a Very Narrow Escape from Destruction.

BUFFALO, N. Y., 27.—At 2:45 o'clock yesterday morning fire was discovered in the building adjoining the Michigan Central Railroad building on the south side of Washington, near Exchange street, and next to the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad. It started in the house of Mr. Curtis, a manufacturer of gents' furnishing goods, and spread with fearful rapidity.

The wind blew strong from the south, and the flames communicated with the building occupied by the ticket offices and by a family consisting of a man, his wife and six children. The latter were rescued with no time to spare. The Michigan Central building fell upon this one with a terrible crash.

The flames then shot across the street to the building of the Buffalo *Express*, and were quickly communicated to the Williams' leather establishment, the office of the Empire Fast Freight Line, the Buffalo Upholstering Company, the Thompson paper warehouses, and the Queen City Shirt Manufacturing Company. It was a hard fight for the firemen, and the property was only saved by automatic sprinklers, which had been placed in the buildings.

Mathews & Co. lose heavily by water and smoke on fine lithographic work. The Queen City Shirt Manufacturing Company lose between 9,000 and 10,000 dozen shirts. The buildings on the side of the street where the fire started are a pile of ruins. The escape of the *Express* was a narrow one, and the paper is being issued from the *Times* office. The total loss is figured at over $300,000.

Over Ten Thousand Bills Introduced.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—During the twelve weeks of the session of Congress, which closed Saturday night, there have been introduced 10,020 bills and joint resolutions in the House and Senate. Of this number, thirty-one have passed both branches of Congress and been signed by the President. The number of bills introduced up to date is over thirty per cent. greater than at this period of the last Congress. Should their introduction continue at the same rate the number will reach 20,000 by the end of the session. There have been fifty-three days of session during the twelve weeks since Congress met.

A Water Famine Threatened.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Feb. 27.—The dam of the city waterworks on Lawrence's Brook broke last night from inherent weakness, and 75 feet of it was washed out. It was a double structure. The first wall was built in 1743 and the second wall 100 years ago. The break cuts off all the city water, and there is only six days' supply on hand, not calculating what would be required in case of fire. The mayor has asked that the Deleware and Raritan Canal be filled up to provide against fire. It will take two weeks to start the waterworks.

Favoring the Erie Canal Enlargement.

BUFFALO, Feb. 27.—The Central Labor Union yesterday afternoon passed resolutions favoring the enlargement of the Erie Canal, and urging the Legislature to pass Senator Cantor's bill appropriating $1,000,000 for that purpose. The reasons given were that it would benefit the workingmen and increase the State's commercial prosperity. An amendment that the bill should restrict the hours of labor on the canal improvements to eight a day was rejected by a decided vote.

Favoring the Cantor Canal Bill.

BUFFALO, Feb. 27.—The Central Labor Union yesterday passed resolutions approving Senator Cantor's bill appropriating $1,000,000 for the Erie Canal. Some of the delegates wanted the working day on the improvement restricted to eight hours, but an amendment to that effect was defeated. Representatives will be sent to the mass meeting on Saturday evening in favor of the appropriation.

A Fireman Charged With Arson.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 27.—John P. Fuller, a "call" member of the fire department, has been arrested as an incendiary. He was seen in a yard early yesterday morning where a fire had been started in some oil barrels. He went to his engine house, but gave no alarm of the fire, which was put out by the people living near by who had seen Fuller's actions.

An Italian Stabs His Whole Family.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 27.—In a family quarrel yesterday evening at 1 Howard court, Michael Rosa, an Italian rag-picker, stabbed his father-in-law, Oscanyon Filolia, on the scalp and side of the head, and slashed his mother-in-law, Rosa, on the cheek and neck. His wife Caroline was also stabbed on the lip and head. Rosa was arrested.

Catholic Temperance Men to Gov. Green.

HOBOKEN, N. J., Feb. 27.—At a meeting of the Hudson County Committee of the Catholic Total Abstinence Benefit Societies, held in St. Mary's Hall yesterday afternoon; a resolution was adopted congratulating the Legislature on the passage of the High License bill, and expressing a hope that Gov. Green would sign it.

STREET CHARACTERS.

The Strange and Yet Interesting Specimens of Humanity One Will See on the Streets of a Metropolitan City.

[Special Chicago Correspondence.]

PROMINENT element of the street life of every large city is the class generally denominated street characters. Though not absolutely essential, the public eye has become so accustomed to them that their absence would be marked. Indeed, a street without its full quota of this class would present an unfinished exterior. The number and variety of street characters have greatly increased during recent years. Like the articles at a country sale, they are too numerous to mention. A few of them, however, will justify especial notice as a sample of the entire stock.

One of the most prominent street characters of this, the latter end of the nineteenth century, is the newsboy. His numbers, rather than his size, gives him precedence in a partial enumeration of this class. He, however, occupies more space, according to his size, than any other inhabitant of street surface. He is industrious, persistent, reasonably impudent and frequently unclean.

The newsboy is in season the whole year round. His business may be subject to slight fluctuations, but his stock in trade is the same the year through. The newsboy is generally present. He comes early and remains late. He almost invariably has two or three and sometimes more to help him come. His office is on the street and his place of lodging not unfrequently has an element of intangibility. He is not too modest to ask for patronage, and not so timid but what he can, without a blush or tinge of shame, thrust his goods under your nose and yell like a demon in your ear. He has the art of insinuating himself down to a fine point. When the place where he is and the place where he is not are compared the former is found to be in a large majority. To enumerate the prominent street characters of Chicago and leave the newsboy out, would be a play of Hamlet minus the Prince of Denmark.

Persons generally known as street fakers are prominent characters. Like the balance of mankind the street faker is looking for the almighty dollar, but unlike many others *he is content if he only reaps a fraction of* the dollar. They do business on a limited capital and not unfrequently change with the seasons. In fact, they sometimes have a dismal change. A street faker with a large and varied stock of jewelry one day may on the next loom up as a cutlery merchant or bloom out a basket florist. He caters to the public appetite and befriends the long suffering by dispensing various healing balms. He thrives on the pedestrian trade and resorts to various devices to catch the eyes of the passing throng. He is a jeweler, a doctor, periodical dealer and book seller, a chiropodist and florist, sells buttons and songs, vendt sweets and tooth-picks, while he fairly revels in wealth if he is lucky enough to be the first to introduce a mechanical toy. The street faker is also a numerous class, and plies his trade in sunshine and storm. His extinction would tend to lonesome the streets and remove a recognized landmark.

A very few of this class have places of business where they may be found throughout the year, and in rare cases through a series of years. Their place is a coop on some one of the populous thoroughfares, or a hall or doorway. The waffle man is one of this class. Mr. D. E. Dean has dispensed these punctured biscuits to Chicago people from his improvised stand at the city and county building for years. The pop-corn man on West Madison street is another. Each section has its line of this class. As a general thing, however, the street faker is migratory, and frequently changes his field of operations.

In the spring, when the warm sun bursts the bud, and the grass "comes creeping everywhere" except on the Chicago Custom-house lawns, the ice-cream woman, with her little hand-cart, comes forth, and the lemonade stand dots the landscape. As the weather gets hotter, and the dog-star rages, the latter vendor increases in numbers until he fills every unoccupied nook and doorway in the frequented portions of the city. This character is a tender plant of a tropical variety, is short lived. The first cool wave of approaching fall nips his profession, and it withereth and dieth.

Another street character is the hand organ beggar. Both sexes belong to this class. It is chiefly composed of the lame,

THE HAND-ORGAN GIRL.

the halt and the blind. Sometimes they are well-to-do, but do not display it or their business would be ruined. A prominent member of this class is the stumpy old woman of West Madison street. Fair weather or foul she is at her lamp-post. She turns away at an old squeaky music-box that has sang for charity so long that it has contracted a cracked voice and a wheezy respiration. The organ is more of an object of compassion than the old lady. One's sympathy for it is awakened akin to that bestowed upon the blind girl in the "Two Orphans," who is compelled to sing to attract the public, while the old hag mixes among the pedestrians crying: "Charity, good people, charity."

Then there is the individual whose highest ambition seems to be to exist. He is a character in the way of a street ornament. He toils not, neither does he spin, but he lives, moves, has his being and dresses well enough for the requirements of the class with whom he associates. No one knows from whence he draws his sustenance or what is his ultimate aim or object, if both are not absolutely intangible. The only thing that gives this class any degree of animation is the order of the police to "move on."

Not unfrequently the shabby genteel man is encountered whose acquaintance is readily reached. He is of the class who borrow but never lend. He is invariably hungry and full. He is usually looking for a remittance that never comes. He is a relic of better days—a seed pod of the ripened past. His stock in trade is an article of unadulterated cheek. He is swayed to and fro by the waves of destiny—a veritable human drone.

The young man known by the appellation of "masher" is a street character, although he would not consent to be thus classed if consulted personally. He frequents the fashionable steets and thronged crossings, and stares at the lady passers. If he knew the general contempt that class had for him he would retire from business. He dresses beyond his means, beats his way through life and is a living puzzle to the advocates of the theory that nothing was created in vain.

In contradistinction to the man who rarely moves, and at such times displays a small degree of activity, is the man who is always in a hurry on the street. He desires to convey the impression that he is engulfed in business of pushing moment, but if one is expert enough to shadow him, he will be found, nine cases out of ten, to enter a saloon, or stop and pose in some shady corner for an hour, when he hurries to some other point, without an object or an aim at the termination.

The study of street characters is not devoid of interest. It is a good field from which to learn important lessons in human nature. In rare cases a real philosopher is found among this class. If so there is usually a lack of balance between his philosophy and ambition. As a rule, these street characters are more deserving of the denomination of plagues and excrescences upon the social and business world than any title that would denote merit or worth. They are a class that would be missed, but not on account of any intrinsic value.

THE INDIAN MEDICINE DOCTOR.

EDWARD WARWICK.

HE GOT EVEN.

How One Actor Got Even with Another in Practical Joking.

One of the most original and at the same time comical practical jokes ever played on a mortal man was one in which Mr. James K. W——, a famous actor, figured prominently as victim. The event took place last week at one of the club-rooms in Chicago. A half-dozen performers adjourned after the theatrical entertainment to the rooms in question to enjoy a smoke and a quiet game of billiards. The games had progressed smoothly on the three tables, and the air being somewhat heated, one of the actors, who played "heavy business" with the company, hung his bran new plug hat on an unlighted gas jet just over the row of spectators' chairs, one of which was occupied by Mr. W——. Thinking to have a little fun at his companion's expense, Mr. W—— reached up and turned the gas on full head. The unpleasant smell was soon detected, and they all instituted a search to locate the escaping gas.

A match was lighted and all joints were tried. At last some one held a match in the vicinity of the now gas-permeated hat. An explosion followed and the hat struck the ceiling. When picked up it was found to be intact, but the smell still lingered. Now, the "heavy man" was fond of a practical joke and instantly suspected the perpetrator and internally vowed to "get even" within an hour. Matters had assumed their usual quiet condition and the games progressed, while Mr. W. sat watching the players from his comfortable seat. The brilliant glare of the gas, coupled with the cigar smoke, induced him to close his eyes, and it was not long before an ominous snore was wafted to the ears of the players. Now was the "heavy man's" opportunity. He instructed all present to throw away their cigars, and, this being done he turned out every light and pulled down all the curtains, thus enveloping the room in absolute darkness. Still Mr. W. snored. All the players were then instructed to punch the balls around and count up on the string, just as though they were playing under the full glare of the gas.

This was begun. The heavy man touched Mr. W—'s foot with his cue. A start was heard and the snore ceased. Through the pitchy darkness was heard first a yawn and then a sort of exclamation from Mr. W—'s direction. "It's my shot!" "There's four for me." "Here, you counted one too many," and with these and other sayings the players poked their balls around the tables and slapped the counting checks in the darkness.

"Boys!" said Mr. W—. No answer. "Boys! I say, boys!" cried he. Still they poked. "Are you fellows playing?" asked the victim. "Of course we are. Can't you see we're playing?" said the heavy man.

Then they heard him rise. "Say, fellows, don't deceive me. Are you really playing billiards?"

"Why, certainly, we are." With a wild cry Mr. W—fell forward. "My God! boys, I'm blind!"

Suffice it to say that when the lights were again turned up and Mr. W—was picked up from the floor he acknowledged himself beaten as far as practical jokes were concerned. WEB FRENCH.

Gave the Bed-Bug the Preference.

A Frenchman who recently came over to America stopped at one of the hotels in a western town and in the morning when he came down from his room he stepped up to the counter behind which stood the landlord with his usual accommodating smile.

"Meester," said Frenchy, "ze room ez full a mooch bed-a-bug!"

"Why, what do you mean, sir?" said the hotel man; "we have no bed-bugs in our house. I don't believe you know a bed-bug when you see it!"

"Oh! certainment. I know ze leetle bed-a-bug."

"What are they like?"

"You taka ze bed-a-bug and mashe wiz ze finger. Den you taka ze pol-a-cat and smell him. Zen you smell ze finger and you give ze pol-a-cat ze grand prefaranze!"

One Good Turn Deserves Another.

Alice—Come on, girls. Let's not play with Aggie. She isn't nice.

Aggie displays tauntingly a piece of chewing gum fresh from her mouth.

Alice (turning back and approaching Aggie confidentially)—Give me a piece, Aggie. Don't you know—(with a desperate attempt to arouse her memory)—don't you know I gave you a piece of my bread and jam one time last summer!

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44 a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10,14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10,45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

FISHER & MONFORT,
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
15 East Front St., near the Post Office.
CABINETS, $3.50 PER DOZEN.
All the latest improvements in Photography.
No extra charge for Children or Babies.
CHAS. W. FISHER. G. WM. MONFORT,
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P. H. BENNETT,
(Successor to B. H. Backman)
DEALER IN
BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,
MEATS OF ALL KINDS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.
42 PARK AVENUE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Goods Delivered to any part of the city.
8-2-tf

George R. Rockafellow,
(Successor to W. N. Rowe.)
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
9-8-t

Howell & Hardy,
Fancy and Staple Groceries,
CHOICE TEA, COFFEE AND SPICES.
Creamery and Dairy Butter,
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.,
North Avenue, Opposite Depot,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
11-26-tf

A. M. GRIFFEN,
Stoves & Ranges,
Cutlery,
Sleigh Bells.
Skates,
13 EAST FRONT STREET,
Next Post Office.

SKATES!
Club Skates!
Ladies' Skates!
And all other Kinds of SKATES!
Sleighs! Coasters!
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!
—AND—
Sporting Goods!
Can be obtained at the new firm of
A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.,
At 33 PARK AVENUE.
(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
my10-1y

-:Black Stockings:-
That will NOT FADE, CROCK, or STAIN the FEET. Try a Pair of
SMITH & ANGELL'S
Black Stockings, and you will wear no other kind.
The color cannot be removed by acids—in fact washing improves the color.
The dye being vegetable does not INJURE the GOODS.
Every pair warranted as above, and if not found as represented, RETURN THEM and your MONEY will be REFUNDED.
SOLD ONLY BY
Howard A. Pope,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
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R. W. RICE & Co.,
[Successor to Wm. H. Shotwell.]
FINE GROCERIES,
Fruits and Vegetables
IN THEIR SEASON.
North Plainfield, - New Jersey.
CORNER DUER & EMILY STREETS.
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Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing Goods,
23½ West Front Street, PLAINFIELD, N. J.
CLOTHING CLEANED AND REPAIRED.
10-4-tf

GO TO
"ADAMS',"
10 PARK AVENUE,
For PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, WINDOW GLASS, Etc.
Fine lot of
Paper Hangings
IN STOCK.
Orders Taken for Paper Hanging and Decorating.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED.
7-11-tf

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and see for yourself my superior stock of
HATS, CAPS,
AND
Gent's Furnishing Goods.
Also our elegant line of
NECK-WEAR.
A. C. HORTON,
(Successor to F. A. Pope.)
NO. 5 W. FRONT STREET.
9-20-y

A. WILLETT,
No. 6 Park Avenue,
Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE.
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PIERSON'S,
No. 42 West Front Street.
—IS THE PLACE TO BUY—
THE BEST
Carpenter and Machinists' Tools, Rochester Lamps, and all Kinds of House Furnishing Goods, at N. Y. Prices.
1-24-1m.

BAZAR STORE.
VANEMBURGH & WHITE
18 West Front Street.
Special Cutlery Sale.
We have placed on sale 500 dozen of Table Cutlery, consisting of Knives and Forks, Tea Spoons, Table Spoons, Cake and Pie Knives. These goods are made by the Rogers' Sheffield Cutlery Co., and Landers, Ferry & Clark Manufacturing Co., and are all FIRST-CLASS GOODS.
Tea Knives, worth $3 00—our price—$1.50 per dozen.
Dessert Knives, worth $4 00—our price—$2 00 per dozen.
Knives and Forks, worth $5 00—our price—$2 50 per dozen.
Tea Spoons, worth $2 50—our price—$1 25 per doz.
" " $4 00 " " $2 00 "
Table Spoons, worth 60c. each—our price—30c. each.
Sugar Shells, worth 50c. each—our price—25c. each.
Cake Knives, worth $3 50 each—our price—$1 25 each.
Salt and Mustard Spoons, worth 35c. each—our price—15c. each.
Eight-inch Shears, worth $1 50 each—our price—60c. each.
Six-inch Shears, worth $1 00 each—our price—30c. each.
These goods are worthy the attention of every Housekeeper.
We are offering many BARGAINS throughout every DEPARTMENT,
12-2-tf

J. P. Laire & Co.
HARDWARE,
HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
STOVES, RANGES,
LAWN AND GARDEN SEEDS,
GARDEN TOOLS,
MACHINISTS' TOOLS,
AS USUAL, CHEAP!
—TELEPHONE CALL, No. 72.—
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John A. Thickstun,
DEALER IN
BEST QUALITIES
COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave
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Laings Hotel:
J. B. MILLER & Bro.,
Proprietors.
FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
A First-Class Family Resort.
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FORCE'S HOTEL,
NORTH AVE., NEAR R. R. DEPOT.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.
Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

E. P. THORN,
No. 17 Park Avenue,
—Wholesale and Retail Dealer in—
Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.
Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge.
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ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.
OFFICE:
Lightin Station,
Madison Avenue.
Lighting by Incandescence
For Stores, Offices and Business Purposes, for Public Buildings, Churches, and for Domestic Lighting.
NO HEAT,
NO SMOKE,
NO FIRE,
NO MATCHES.
NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE,
NO TARNISHED GILDINGS,
NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.
WM. H. MOORE, Manager.

SOLE AGENCY.
We are the Sole Agents of the Celebrated
SWEET & ORR'S
Pantaloons and Overalls.
They Never Rip.
SCHWED BROS.,
No. 7 East Front Street.
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THOMAS STEPHENSON

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—Thatcher, Primrose and West's minstrels at Music Hall on Friday evening.

—It is an old saying that cold weather and icy sidewalks will be followed by a late Spring, but plenty of mud.

—Since the city has been lighted by incandescent lamps, about one-half of the gasolene lamps have been done away with.

—A new flooring in the waiting room at the depot will complete the inprovements which have been in progress there for several weeks.

—The North Plainfield Democratic Association will meet in French's Hall, on Wednesday evening, to listen to addresses by well known speakers.

—The Pond Tool Works present a pretty sight early in the evening, to passengers who pass the works in the cars. The large buildings are brilliantly illuminated by electricity.

—Gazelle engine succeeded yesterday, in forcing water through an open butt, at the Pond Tool Works, a distance of a little over 30 feet, while draughting water a distance of 24 feet perpendicular.

—The Plainfield Wall Paper warehouse is a new concern in our city; located over Mr. Rockfellow's store, corner Park and North avenues. They will be accorded more lengthy notice in our columns in a few days. Read their advertisement on the next page.

—Two new locomotives were added to the motive power of the Central railroad last week. They are what are termed "Camel Backs" and are capable of drawing heavy trains. The company expect to place two of these monsters on the road daily until the amount contracted for is supplied, which is about 25 engines.

—A part of the programme at the reception to be given the employees of the Pond Machine Tool Work Company at the Y. M. C. A. this evening will consist of the following pleasing gymnastic exercises performed by members of the Brooklyn Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium: French bar bell course; feats on the horizontal bar; fancy jumping with table and chairs; free gympastics and tumbling.

—The regular meeting of the City Council for March will be held on Monday next. Then will be given Messrs. Stephen Cahoone, V. W. Nash and others an opportunity to be heard with reference to the apportionment of taxes assessed and cost of sales for a certain part of the estate of the late Daniel Martine from 1881 to 1886. The petitioners communicated with the Council to this effect at a subsequent meeting, and March 5th was designated as the time for a hearing in the matter.

—By the Council refusing to grant liquor licenses to Messrs. Staats and O'Neill, is considered by the temperance people as a victory in their favor. It is understood that the temperance people, backed up by legal advice, were prepared, last evening, in the event of one of the license Councilmen being absent, to serve an injunction on the Council, restraining that body from granting any and all licenses, until the legality and right of one of the members to vote on the subject was tested in the Courts.

Run Over by a Horse-Car.

Nicholas VanWinkle, aged twenty years, and the brother of Mr. C. B. Van Winkle, the able assistant in Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh's office, met with a serious accident in New York city this morning. The young man attempted to jump on a Broadway car, and missing his hold, fell to the pavement, directly in front of another car. Before the latter car could be stopped he was rolled over and dragged a distance of thirty feet. The wounds consisted principally of some fractured ribs and the flesh on his right arm was terribly lacerated. This afternoon he was brought to this city and taken in a carriage to his home near Warrenville.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. Kelly and daughter of this city, are registered at the "Everett," Jacksonville, Fla.

The many friends of ex-Mayor Rockfellow will regret to hear that he is still confined to the house by sickness.

It will doubtless be of interest to the many friends of Mr. N. M. Drake, late of Reynolds' pharmacy, to learn that he is engaged in a prosperous and rapidly increasing drug business at Port Jervis.

This afternoon at four o'clock occurred the marriage of Miss Belle, daughter of Mr. J. J. Sharp, and Mr. Nelson Y. Hull, both of this city. The ceremony took place at the bride's residence, corner of Sixth and New streets, and was performed by Rev. Dr. VanMeter, pastor of the M. E. church.

It is said that the ladies of the local W. C. T. U., are in favor of renting the Crescent building slightly in advance of the next municipal election, for the purpose of holding a mass meeting similar to that held in Music Hall on Monday evening, and if necessary to continue the meeting throughout the night.

President John H. French of the Plainfield Reform Club, will this week go to Malone, N. Y., to assume full charge of the pantaloon department in a large clothing manufactory. Mr. French will go for three months on trial, and provided the change is agreeable, he will then remove his family to Malone. Meanwhile he will not resign the Presidency of the Reform Club, but during his absence, the vice-presidents of the club will preside at the meetings.

An Improvement Likely to Become a Ruin.

It was noticed yesterday that there was great activity around the row of partly-finished brick buildings in the rear of the First Baptist church on Grove street, which were begun several months ago. It will be remembered that the contractor was obliged to suspend operations some weeks ago, on account of an undiscovered mortgage on the premises, which came to light after the work was well under way. Yesterday, men were noticed working about the place, and it was supposed that work on the structure was about to be resumed. The contractor informs us, however, that such is not the case. The men have simply been moving away and storing the material used in scaffold work, etc. It is stated that the unfinished structure is likely to remain in its present condition for at least a year-and-a half to come, owing to the complications in the transfer of the property. Meanwhile the building will be left at the mercy of the elements to crumble away. It is to be regretted that the structure could not have been completed, and, judging from the present outlook, it would have found ready tenants in the Spring.

The Executors Settle With Miss Ballou.

Readers of THE PRESS will remember the account in these columns some months ago, of the suit brought by Mrs. James E. Anthony of this city against Miss Jeannette Ballou, to recover $50,000 for alienating her husband's affections. The suit was brought last May, but has not yet come up for trial.

Miss Ballou at the same time was prosecuting a suit, and Mr. Anthony was said to be only waiting its outcome for his decision whether to get a divorce and marry Miss Ballou, or not. Her suit was to set aside the will of her grandfather, Theodore P. Ballou, who died a year ago, on the ground that he was of unsound mind when it was executed. It was settled Friday by the executors agreeing to pay her $800 in addition to bequests in her favor in the will. She receives an annuity of $200 until she is twenty-five years of age, when she will get $3,000.

Whether this is satisfactory to Mr. Anthony, time alone will show.

Mechanics, Attention!

A class in mechanical drawing will be organized this evening at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, to which all young men interested are invited to be present. By and through this instruction a young man who is a carpenter can become his own architect. A machinist his own draughtsman. It is good for a machinist to understand a drawing and be able to work from it. He is a better one if he not only understands it but can *make* it. The best positions in mechanical trades are open only to men who understand mechanical drawing. This class will be under the instruction of Prof. A. A. Titsworth, an experienced teacher, who will be assisted by Messrs. Geo. Titsworth, A. J. Gavett and Rudolph Eckstrom.

Muhlenberg Hospital Report.

The following is the quarterly report of the Secretary of the Board of Managers of Muhlenberg Hospital for the three months ending January 31st, 1888:

Patients admitted	15
Discharged cured	7
Discharged improved	2
Discharged not improved	1
Died	2
Total number treated	34
Dispensary patients	34

W. R. COCK, Secretary.

LICENSES GRANTED.

THE TEMPERANCE PEOPLE SCORE A PARTIAL VICTORY.

Five Hotels and Seven Saloons Licensed to Sell Liquor—The W. C. T. U. Represented in the Council Chamber—O'Neill's Application Sent Back, the Staats License Rejected and Council Refuses to Entertain any Applications from the Vicinity of the Tool Works—Scenes of a Dramatic Nature at the Close of the Session.

The lobby of the Council Chamber was densely filled last evening by a crowd of curious people, who were drawn there simply to note the proceedings of the City Council with reference to granting or rejecting the liquor license applications. The seating capacity of the Council Chamber was taxed to its utmost, and even after settees had been brought in from the City Court room, many persons were obliged to remain standing throughout the proceedings. A dozen members of the W. C. T. U., marched into the Council Chamber and were assigned seats on the right of the entrance. Among those who were honored with a seat inside the railing were: Mrs. Geo. F. Opdyke, President of the Local W. C. T. U., Mrs. Rev. W. E. Honeyman, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Powell, Mrs. Dr. Tomlinson, Mrs. F. E. Marsh, Mrs. French, Miss Yates, Mrs. Woodruff, Mrs. Bennett, Hon. Job Male, Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis, Rev. Dr. Yerkes, ex-Councilmen B. O. Bowers, Rowland Cox, C. M. Goddard, and Messrs. J. W. Jackson, J. K. Kirkner, E. L. Morris, W. B. Ostrom, M. W. Tyler, A. Vanderbeek, C. A. Marsh, Geo. M. Angleman, F. A. Dunham and others. President Marsh called the meeting to order at 8:15 p. m., and the roll-call showed all the members present but Messrs. Squires and Taylor. The minutes of the last two meetings, regular and adjourned, were read and approved, and the following applications for hack, cartmen and peddlers licenses were presented and referred under the heading of

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS.

Hack—Wm. Callahan, Patrick T. Keely (2), D. S. Roberts, Max Newman, Edw. Galbraith, Geo. Belcher, Jno. Sullivan, D. O'Brein, A. Bedden (2), Geo. Steinhardt, Thos. Burns, Dan'l Hibbits (2), M. A. Higgins (3), P. Lynch (2), A. Utzinger, Valentine Utzinger.

Cartmen—Plainfield Engine Co. No. 2, two, P. M. French (2); P. Voorhees; P. Hoagland, (3); L. B. Coddington, (2); E. H. Holmes, (3); W. O. Stevens; W. H. Totten; W. H. Kitchen; J. H. Smith; Geo. M. Angleman, (2); A. B. Summers, (2); Azeriah McClure; Jno. C. Hoff; Wm. Perrine; Spencer Conway; S. G. Taynor; Jno. Kenney.

Peddlers—A. S. Brower, A. Hummer, F. Mobus, John Bell, Edward Cline.

A petition was received from Messrs. C. W. Opdyke, S. A. Ginna and others, residents and property owners on Broadway, asking for the location of two electrical or other lamps on that thoroughfare between Kensington and Hillside avenue. Referred to the Fire, Water and Lamps Committee.

Councilman Dunham, on behalf of the W. C. T. U., presented a batch of protests and remonstrances which included the following: From a number of young boys residing in the vicinity of Potter Press Works, a remonstrance against granting a liquor license in that locality. It was signed by Masters W. S. Stewart, John Hoagland, W. Odam and many others.

From Rev. Mr. Mitchell, W. E. Washington, Mansfield Robinson, Joshua Brandt and others, trustees and members of Mt. Olive Baptist church, a remonstrance against granting a license to Edward Staats for the privilege to sell liquor in O'Donnell's old place opposite the church. The petitioners objected, on the ground that it was unnecessary and a nuisance.

From the Plainfield Reform Club, a memorial adopted at the fourth anniversary celebration on Wednesday last and published in THE PRESS on the following day.

From the W. C. T. U., a protest against granting liquor licenses, stating that pauperism is the outgrowth of intemperance. The protest was signed by Mrs. Geo. F. Opdyke, the worthy President, and other members of the Union, and while City Clerk Leonard read the paper the ladies arose on their feet.

From the Land Improvement Company, representatives of the Potter Press Works, Pond Tool Works and other property owners South of Plainfield avenue, a protest against granting a license to James O'Neill, stating as the one particular reason for such protest that by so doing an irretrievable loss would be sustained by the families now settling in that locality. All the above documents bearing on the license question, were received and placed on file.

President Marsh read a petition from Rev. Dr. Lewis, which had been presented to him personally and stating that the Reverend Doctor, as chairman of a deputation of the citizens of Plainfield was authorized to submit a set of resolutions adopted at the mass meeting in Music Hall, recently. The chair stated that the ladies of the W. C. T. U. had requested that they be heard on the floor of the Council Chamber, and if there was no objection the courtesy of the Council would now be extended to them. As there was no objection, Mrs. Opdyke, on behalf of the noble band of women which she represents addressed a few words to the Council. In part she said: "Mr. President and gentlemen, for the past twenty years I have paid taxes into the treasury of the City of Plainfield, and to-night for the first time I appear before you with the W. C. T. U. to ask you to consider the plea of us mothers and the children who cannot ask for themselves. This is all *my plea, gentlemen.*"

Mrs. Dr. T. H. Tomlinson repeated the following temperance ode:

"We must have the Liquor Tax to pave our streets, says the Politician; but I think if Mothers had control,
They could pave today
The broad highway
With something not so white as the souls
Of the innocent boys at play.
Why can't men pave the business marts
With something harder than women's hearts?
Is there no gold that will serve their turn,
Save the shining gold of the heads that rest
Soft on a loving mother's breast?
Must these go down to a drunkard's grave
In order that we the streets may pave?"

Rev. Dr. Lewis then laid before the Council the resolutions adopted at the mass meeting in Music Hall. He reviewed the arguments presented at the mass meeting in support of the resolutions, and said science, economies and religion, have decided that the sale and use of intoxicating liquors as carried on through the saloon is a grave and threatening peril. Legislation in all civilized countries, recognizes this fact, and treats the traffic as an evil. Whatever may have been true in the past, the time has come in Plainfield when the civil law dignifies and protests the liquor traffic. If the question were not complicated with other municipal interests, a majority of the votes would unquestionably decide against the continuance of the license system. Much the larger half of our citizens, represented by women and minors, whose interests the government is *bound* to protect, and from whose consent, though not expressed in the ballot-box, are opposed to the traffic, and suffer deeply from its evils. License has been fully tried in Plainfield. It has not decreased the number of saloons. Compelled to pay for legal permission, they have naturally done a larger business to meet the extra demands and keep their profits up to high-water mark. It means that more boys and young men must be induced to drink each year, in order to keep business brisk. Boys who are being taught to drink are as essential to the continuance of the traffic as apprentices are to legitimate business. The liquor traffic is the foe of every material interest in Plainfield; It produces nothing which is valuable to society. On the contrary it drains the pockets of the poorer classes of that money which is demanded for food, clothing, social and intellectual culture. It produces 90 per cent. of our paupers, who must be cared for. It is a foe to our schools, of which we are so justly proud. These schools teach the children the baneful effects of alcohol and narcotics on human life and character. The liquor traffic, by the law of heredity, through drinking parents, poisons the blood of childhood. The saloons absorb the wages of the parents, until the city must furnish the children with books, etc. The saloons of Plainfield are the untiring foe of purity, morality and religion. The traffic is a great enemy of the home. It robs wifes of love, protection and kindness—of all that makes home and happiness. It lives on human frailty and fattens on the sinfulness of men. In view of all these things, we believe the time has come when as a matter of self-protection, the legalized sale of intoxicating drinks should be stopped in Plainfield. In presenting this plea, we raise no question as to the vote of any Councilman in the past; we impugn no man's motive at the present. To-night women plead with you for Plainfield's homes, for that protection, love and sympathy which the liquor traffic denies. Dr. Lewis read a lengthy document, showing that careful thought had been exercised in its preparation, concluding with an earnest plea for the Council to refuse all licenses henceforth.

Mr. A. M. Powell, entered a solemn protest on behalf of the boys. He said the boy writer of one of the remonstrances above alluded to was one of a home recently most unhappy on account of drink, but since the new Hope chapel had been established in the Southern section of the city, the father had been induced to give up drinking. He admonished the Councilmen to rise up to the level of true statesmen and do that which is the most good for the greatest number, and by all means to remember the prayer of the boys.

Mr. Jacob Kirkner entered a protest on behalf of the Board of Education, after which the Council resumed its regular order of business, and claims were presented and referred as follows: W. L. Force & Bro., $52.75; O. B. Leonard, $12.50; *Times* Printing and Publishing Co., $57.25; F. A. Dunham, $188 and $52.18; T. W. Morrison $38.50 and $10.40.

Mr. Erickson from the Finance Committee reported that the Board of Education had agreed upon the compensation to be paid the tax collector. He submitted the following resolution, accompanied by a waver from the tax collector, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the compensation of the officer designated by the Common Council as the officer to receive and execute warrants for the collection of taxes be as follows: On taxes collected for years prior to 1881 under tax warrants delivered to him, a commission of ten (10) per cent., and in addition thereto thirty-six (36) cents for every delinquent whose tax including interest and costs shall be collected under said warrants. On taxes collected for years 1881 to 1887 both inclusive under tax warrants delivered to him a commission of four and one-half (4½) per cent. and in addition thereto thirty-six (36) cents for each delinquent as aforesaid in respect to years prior to 1881.

Resolved, That the compensation above provided for shall be in full for the performance of all duties of his office and shall not be construed as extending beyond December 20th, 1888.

E. N. ERICKSON, J. B. DUMONT, } Committee.

In consideration of the appointment at my request of a collector of delinquent taxes, and the fixing of his compensation as named in proposed resolution prepared by Chairman of Finance Committee, I have agreed to arrange with such collector of delinquent taxes for compensation for whatever services I may render as collector in relation to such delinquent taxes; I hereby agree to perform all the duties of my office as collector of taxes for said city without any charge to the City of Plainfield for services in connection with the collection of delinquent taxes down to the year 1887 inclusive, and as to such services to look to the said collector of delinquent taxes only, and I hereby release said city from any and all liability to me in the premises.

This agreement to be construed as applying from Jan. 2, 1888 to Dec. 20, 1888.

JOHN JOHNSON.

E. N. ERICKSON, J. B. DUMONT, } Committee.

Sundry petitions for hack, cartmen and peddlers' licenses were returned as correct by the License Committee and granted.

LIQUOR LICENSES GRANTED.

Mr. Moffett reported back for correction the application of James O'Neill, stating that it contained two signatures of persons who were not citizens. He also reported on the application of Edw. Staats, with the Committee's recommendation to adopt.

Mr. Dumont made a motion in the shape of an amendment, which prevailed, that the License Committee report on all the hotel and saloon applications together.

Mr. Moffett returned as correct sundry applications, and upon Mr. Dumont's motion Council proceeded, to act upon them separately. The application of John E. Beerbower (City Hotel) was first taken from the table and Mr. Dumont moved to grant. He stated in detail his position with reference to granting liquor licenses, and considered it would be a dishonorable act to vote in direct apposition to the views of his constituents by whose vote he was elected. He said his position in the matter was well-known before election, and in his opinion the majority of the people *are not* in favor of "no license." The roll-call on granting Mr Beerbower's application resulted as follows:

Ayes—Messrs. Carey, Dumont, Erickson, Moffett, Randolph, Watson and Wilbur—7.

Nays—Messrs. Marsh and Dunham.

The applications of Jacob Blimm, Fred Caspar, Jas. H. Force, Jas. Conneely, Chas. Goodman, John Rafferty, Chas. Smith, Edw. P. Thorn, J. B. Miller, Joseph T. Sullivan and Patrick Day, were each acted on in the order named, and all were granted by the same vote as recorded above.

The last application to be acted upon was that of Edward Staats, for a hotel license in the building to be known as Staats' Hotel, corner of Liberty and Third streets. This application was rejected by the following vote, six votes in the affirmative being necessary to grant it. Ayes—Messrs. Carey, Moffett, Randolph, Watson and Wilbur—5. Nays—Messrs. Dumont, Dunham, Erickson, Marsh—4.

Mr. Dumont offered the following: "Moved that the application of James O'Neill be returned to him and that the Council decline to entertain any additional petitions or applications for hotel licenses in houses located in the vicinity of the Potter Press Works or the Pond Tool Works."

The motion was carried by the following vote: Ayes—Messrs. Carey, Dumont, Dunham, Erickson, Marsh—5. Nays—Messrs. Moffett, Randolph, Watson and Wilbur—4.

Mr. Randolph spoke in favor of granting Mr. Staats' license and said he considered the applicant was just as much entitled to a license as any of the other applicants.

The Printing Committee returned the printing bills referred to them and they were transferred into the hands of the Auditing Committee.

NEW BUSINESS.

Mr. Dunham called to its third reading the ordinance designed to amend the general hack and peddlers' ordinance, and moved to adopt it on its third reading. The motion was lost.

Mr. Dumont gave notice of his intention to introduce an ordinance amending section 29 of the Fire Department ordinance, ordered engrossed and advertised at the last meeting of the Council, as soon as the ordinance passed its third reading.

The Auditing Committee reported back all claims referred to them during the evening, and they were ordered paid by warrants.

Mr. Dumont said the contract with the N. Y. and N. J. Globe Gas Light Co., would expire early in March, but the Company had kindly consented to extend the service, until the incandescent circuit is completed.

Council then adjourned.

After the meeting was declared adjourned, scenes of a dramatic nature were witnessed by a few spectators who remained in the Council Chamber. One of the license Councilmen, accused a brother Councilman of being a traitor, because he refused to vote in favor of the Staats license. This was resented and a war of words ensued, which only ended when the Janitor began to turn out the lights.

Another Benefit For Plainfield.

Through the efforts of Mr. William Rand, Superintendent of the Woodruff Parlor Car Company, the patrons of the Central Railroad are to enjoy a luxury long anticipated and longed for. On and after Thursday, March 1st, one of the above Company's elegant parlor cars will be attached to the afternoon train leaving New York at 4:30, which will be detached at Bound Brook. On its return trip it will be attached to the train leaving Bound Brook at 8, a. m., the next morning, arriving at New York at 9:25, a. m. This addition of a comfortable and luxurious coach will be a blessing and pleasure to the Plainfield traveling public, as well as to the patrons of the road its entire length of journey. The genial and efficient Superintendent will receive the thanks of all who enjoy the car for his efforts in their behalf.

A Six Days' Walking Match.

A number of well-known citizens, four of whom are cripples, met in a Park avenue cigar store yesterday afternoon, and partly decided to get up a six-days'-go-as-you-please walking match for cripples. The place selected is The Crescent building, but the date of beginning has not yet been announced. Such a scheme would doubtless attract a large number of spectators, even though the contestants did not cover more than five miles a day. The winner is to receive an oyster stew as his share of the proceeds, and the balance will be devoted to erecting a monument to the memory of those who "drop out by the wayside."

WASHINGTONVILLE.

Miss Anna Blazier of Newark, is visiting her friend, Miss Mollie Wilson, at "Seaview Farm," Washingtonville.

The snow and ice is fast leaving the roadbeds in the neighborhood of Washingtonville, and every indication points to an early Spring.

A well-known manufacturer of buttons from Newark has been negotiating for a certain piece of property in this vicinity with a view of locating a factory here.

Important to Pensioners.

All pension claims formerly in the hands of Alex B. Butts of this city, have been taken up by Mr. H. D. Phillips of 119 East State street, Trenton, N. J. Those who have not already placed their claims in his hands, should do so, as Mr. Phillips prosecutes all claims on a law basis, thereby securing their early proof and allowance. Those entitled to pension under any of the new pension laws just passed, should consult Mr. Phillips at once, as he has a life experience in the business.

The Legislature.

House Bill No. 160, which authorizes the issuing of a tax of 1-5 of one per centum on taxable property in cities, towns and boroughs, to be used exclusively for maintenance of a fire department, passed the Senate at Trenton, last evening. The bill was opposed by Paterson, Passaic and Newark, but Corporation Counsel Marsh of this city was instrumental in having it amended so as to overcome the objections.

It Realizes Its Own Decay.

The Plainfield *Evening* —— realizes how it is slowly but surely wasting away. Here is a confession—from Saturday's issue—of its successful decay. "But anyone who wants to grow old successfully ought to come and live in Plainfield."

The McAll Auxiliary.

The annual meeting of the McAll Auxiliary will be held in Grace church chapel, Monday, March 5th, at 2:30 p. m. Officers for the ensuing year will be elected at that time.

A. L. E. LADD, Sec'y *pro tem.*

Middlesex Gun Club.

An adjourned regular meeting of this Club will be held at Force's Hotel, Plainfield, N. J., Saturday evening, March 3d, at 8 o'clock. Business of importance will be transacted.

A MAN AT THE THROTTLE

BUT HE IS NEITHER A KNIGHT NOR A BROTHERHOOD.

Mr. Powderly Arrives—The Brotherhood to Fight Alone—The Knights Will Be Neutral.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—Mr. Powderly arrived here yesterday morning, and was closeted for a time with Chief Arthur. He is supposed to be allied with the railroad officers.

Mr. Perkins, the president of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, arrived this morning and had a conference with Mr. Stone and the managers of the road here. He unqualifiedly indorsed all action taken.

The fast mail to Council Bluffs left the Union depot promptly on time at noon. W. H. Chapman, of Michigan, was at the throttle. He is neither a Brotherhood nor Knight of Labor man. The company assert that everything will be running as usual in a few days. The abandonment of suburban train caused the greatest immediate inconvenience.

Grand Worthy Foreman Griffiths of the Knights of Labor said: "Let the Brotherhood and the road fight it out between themselves. The Knights of Labor will, as as order, be neutral."

There is some prospect of an outbreak among the switchmen, who refuse to handle Chicago, Burlington & Quincy freight. General Passenger Agent Morton said that he would not start a through train until enough men were secured to continue the service without interruption. He will employ only competent men, but their positions will be permanent. He will have all the suburban trains on to-morrow.

Passengers arriving at Chicago with through tickets on the Burlington are cared for at the Union Depot and furnished with transportion over other lines.

Superintendent Bessler said last night: "We have more than fifty men here at the present time who are competent to handle an engine. Some of them have from ten to twenty years' experience on the road. We shall have no trouble."

The company states that it will be much better off to-day. It will have fifty engines manned to-night and from 150 to 200 to-morrow. The suburban engines are being run by machinists and special apprentices, of whom the company has a great many. Many recruits from the East arrived last night.

Engineers of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois road refused yesterday to run trains into the lumber district over Chicago, Burlington and Quincy tracks. This may involve other roads, as the company which has the strike on hand owns the only tracks running into the lumber district.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Iowa, Feb. 28.—Every train on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy was in on time at 6 a. m., yesterday. The engineers and firemen abandoned their engines immediately. No trains are out, all is quiet, and there are no indications of trouble. The ticket agents for the last twenty-four hours have refused to sell long tickets. All perishable freight and live stock is refused.

An attempt was made to run train No. 4 with the conductor at the throttle, but it was unsuccessful because he was incompetent. The switchmen refuse to operate switches for engines which have not two men on board.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 28.—The strike began yesterdry morning. The management is prepared to handle passenger trains. The Chicago train was in on time. The outgoing passenger on the Hannibal and St. Joe left seventeen minutes late. The strikers are not about the yards. No freight is taken. The officials say that everything will be running in two days.

GALESBURG, Ill., Feb. 28.—Supt. Brown took an engine out to run the mail train, after it had been delayed here several hours. Several minor officers are running locomotives. The strikers are gathering in groups in the yards.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 28.—The Burlington and Northern road is selling no tickets here except local ones, and is receiving freight at the owners' risk.

RED OAK, Iowa, Feb. 28.—A mail train going west arrived an hour late, in charge of a non-union engineer. It is the opinion here that the strike was precipitated by the railroad management at this time to effect railroad legislation at Des Moines.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—At the financial headquarters of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad here yesterday it was said that the strike could not have occurred at a better time for the road. A large quantity of its present traffic is said to be unremunerative. In behalf of the road it is asserted that it can afford to spend $500,000 to protect its property and to show that it is independent of any control by labor organizations. The utmost confidence is expressed in the success of the company.

FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND.

That is the Amount Work & Co. Want for Their Injured Business.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 28.—Samuel Work, George F. Work, and Shreeve Ackley, of the banking firm of Work & Co., have entered suits against ex-President Charles J. Harrah, of the People's Passenger Railway Company and Thomas C. Musgrove for $5 0,000 damages, and the Messrs. Work have each instituted individual suits against Mr. Harrah for $5 0,0 0 damages for malicious prosecution. The defendants are charged with conspiring to injure Work & Co.'s banking and brokerage business, and the individual suits against Mr. Harrah are based upon the latter's connection with the criminal charges upon which the Messrs. Work were tried and acquitted in the Court of Quarter Sessions.

The whole affair is an outgrowth of the litigation which followed the transfer of the People's line from Work & Co. to Messrs. Harrah and Musgrove. Mr. Musgrove dnies the allegations of the decendants and asserts that the losses they sustained in handling the stock of the company were due to their own mismanagement. He claims that the criminal suits were instituted because of the revelations growing out of an investigation of the company's affairs.

Close Call for Many Passengers.

MONTREAL, Feb. 28.—The passengers arriving by the Canadian trains from the East report a miraculous escape near Sndbury. The passenger engine being disabled, a freight engine was called into use not furnished with the air brake appliance. On rounding a sharp curve the engineer saw a broken rail three hundred yards ahead. It was useless to attempt to stop the train, so he put on a full head of steam and tried to jump the break. The engine and two cars succeeded. The sleeper and smoker jumped the track, rolling down an embankment with sixteen passengers. All were more or less seriously injured.

Trying Stain and Cromwell.

BANGOR, Me., Feb. 28.—In the Stain case Edward H. Chase, a doctor, testified that young Stain told him he was going to confess and implicate his father, and both went to Mrs. Barron about it. The witness thought Stain said he was present at the time of the murder. The case will end on Wednesday.

AFFAIRS IN NEW JERSEY

ANOTHER BILL PASSED OVER GOVERNOR GREEN'S VETO.

The Farmers Demand That the Milk Law be Improved—The Poor Quality of Jersey Grass—An Investigation.

TRENTON, Feb. 28.—After its weeks of whiskey law trouble, the Senate took hold of a milk bill last night. The bill was one to investigate the severity of the law which keeps Jersey farmers from watering their milk. South Jersey farmers have set up a plea that the grass down their way will not produce milk rich enough to fill the demands of the law, and they have sent hal a dozen delegations here to ask the Legislature to change the law. When the bill came up on its second reading. Farmer McBride of Sussex county, who said his cows found no difficulty in complying with the law, moved that the bill be killed at once by an indefinite postponement Dr. Roe, who represents Gloucester county, where the cows are apparently not as able as in Sussex, had some amendments that he thought would make the bill suit Farmer McBride's cows. But the bill was postponed. Then Farmer McBride moved to reconsider the vote and asked everybody to vote no. Everybody didn't, and the killed bill was reconsidered and set on its feet again. Afterward, however, Dr. Roe withdrew it.

A lively time is expected over the Jersey City Bridge bill this year. McDermitt, of Newark, demanded an investigation, and on his resolution, a committee was ordered ten days ago. McDermitt, however, was not in any hurry to have the committee appointed. But finally the Speaker refused to wait any longer, and told him that unless the resolution was withdrawn, the committee would be appointed to-night. The speaker appointed Messrs. Law, Herbert, Fenner and Riley as the committee, and it is decided that the investigation will be as thorough and immediate as Mr. McDermitt could desire, if not more so. The committee will meet for the first time this afternoon. Pending the investigation the two bridge bills which had already passed the House were ordered laid on the table. The Assembly passed another bill over the Governor's veto last night. It provides for the division of the Eighth ward of Newark. Three vetoes were sent in, including one of a Hudson county park bill. The Governor is still sick at his home in Elizabeth, but his friends say that he will be on time with his veto of the Republican caucus Local-option-high-license bill.

The bill fixing $1.25 a thousand feet as the price of gas was killed by the Hudson County Association's bill for changing the system of indexing deeds in that county was passed.

RANGE CATTLE DOING WELL.

The Reports of Heavy Losses Are Denied—The Stock in Good Condition.

DENVER, Col., Feb. 28.—R. G. Head, President of the International Range Association, and largely interested in the range cattle business, has returned from an extensive trip in southern Colorado, New Mexico and Texas. In an interview he stated that the reports circulated in the East that the loss of range cattle this winter would reach from 50 to 75 per cent. is absolutely false. He said that from personal observation he knew that the range cattle in Colorado, Texas, New Mexico, Indian Territoy, Wyoming and a portion of Arizona were never in better condition at this time of the year than at present, and that the losses this year would be comparatively light; that while the stock is not suffering for feed, snow is needed in Wyoming, Colorado, and Northern New Mexico, while Southern New Mexico, Texas, and the Indian Territory have had an abundance of rain, thereby insuring hardy grass. There has been some mortality among the cattle in a small part of northern Arizona and Texas, south of the Pan Handle, caused principally by overcrowded ranges. Mr. Head prophesies that in the next two years the price of cattle will advance, and those who have held their stock through the depression for the past three years will reap a great financial harvest.

FORTY PERSONS KILLED.

The Explosion of the Ferryboat Julia Produces a Frightful Result.

SOUTH VALLEJO, Cal., Feb 28.—The ferryboat Julia had its boiler blown up here yesterday morning. The steamer, which used petroleum fuel, was about to leave its slip, when the explosion took place, blowing the entire top of the boat off. Petroleum was scattered through the steamer, setting fire also to the wharf. The telegraph and ticket offices were soon destroyed.

The cries of the wounded, burned and drowning were frightful. Assistance came promptly from Vallejo and Mare Island, and the work of recovering the bodies begun.

England Remonstrates with France.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—The government has sent a communication to the French Cabinet with regard to the fitting out of a fleet for the protection of French fishermen in Newfoundland waters. England remonstrates in a friendly spirit, urging that such a measure would be a fruitful source of trouble and lead to a renewal of old disputes. The despatch winds up with a suggestion that a joint commission be appointed to settle the differences between the Canadian and French fishermen. Satisfied with the Washington treaty, England proposes to apply the same means of settlement to France.

Russian Securities Are Weak.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—*The market for* Russian securities is weak, owing to rumors of a heavy bank failure in St. Petersburg, due to a fall in rubles. No political causes are assigned. The reduction of the rate of discount from three to three and one half per cent. by the Bank of France, which rarely makes a change in rate, is considered one of the strongest indications of the preservation of peace which has yet appeared.

Chinaman Still Arriving.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 28.—The steamship Abyssinia, Captain Lee, arrived at this port yesterday from Yokohania. She brought thirty passengers, among whom were seventeen Chinese and also a full cargo of general merchandise. There is no sickness on board. She brought Hong Kong advices up to January 27, and Yokohama dates to February 10.

Salisbury Dickering with the Porte.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—The Paris *Temps* announces that England is negotiating with the Sublime Porte for the cession of Salonica and an island commanding an entrance to the Dardanelles. England promises, in return, to guaratee to the Sultan the possession of Constantinople, the Besphorus, the Dardanelles and all his Asiatic provinces.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 22, 1887.

Barker, Mrs N R	Low Ellen P
Crane, Mrs G C	McWrey, John
Davison, W E	Opdyke, Mary E
Gill, Maggie	Steward, Matilda
Hooper, Theodore	Scott, Winfried
Hall, Margaret L	Stevens, Hattie
Hinkle, Bessie B	Stokly, Daniel
Johnson, Ella	Sarsig, Mamie
Kennedy, Luella	Thompson, Lizzie
King, Hatie (2)	Thompson, Mrs Dr
Kane, Andrew	Wheeler, W G
Lindsley, Mrs R. W.	Watt, Lizzie
Leich, John	Waits, Gennie
Yonsor, Mary	

Persons calling for above please say advertised

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window.

Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

BARRETT—In this city Feb. 27, 1888, of inflammatory rheumatism, Anna H., daughter of Wm. L. and Martha L. Barrett, aged 2 years, 5 months and 3 days.

Funeral services from her late residence, 81 Kensington avenue, Thursday, March 1. Hour of service will be announced to-morrow.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

TO LET—$22.50, or for sale, $3,250; 9 rooms, French roof house. Arlington avenue, opposite Arlington Place. AUG. VAN DEVENTER. 2-28-3-1-3

WANTED—A Heavy Work Horse at once. Price must be low. Or would hire one by the day. Address Jones & Co., P. O. Box 1,410. 2-27-2

TO RENT—House on Craig Place containing 11 rooms; all improvements. Five minutes walk from depot. *Inquire of* P. M. French. 2-27-3

FOR SALE—One horse and two cows. John P. Wolfe, 33 Linden. av., P. O. Box 73. 2-27-2

TO LET—Residence on Somerset st., now occupied by Rev. W. E. Honeyman; also the Berry Homestead property, corner Somerset street and Linden avenue. Barn on each place. Rent reasonable. Lutkens & Hummer, No. 37 Park avenue. 2-25-tf

FRESH LAID COUNTRY EGGS delivered daily. Only market prices charged. Give me a trial. Address Box 1,071. 2-24 6

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—39 West Front street, Plainfield. Call or address the owner, Wm. Battenfeld, Bakery) 39 Mott Street, New York. 2-23-6

STORE FIXTURES.—For sale at a Bargain, Counters, Shelving, &c., complete for a large store. Nearly new; worth $250; will sell for $150. Apply to C. E. Clarke, 22 North Av. 2-18-tf

THE CELEBRATED EUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Stratemeyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use: in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHOEB. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

A BICYCLE FOR SALE.

52 Inch Expert Full Nickelled. Fine Condition. Two Saddles and all Fixtures Complete. Will sell at a BARGAIN. Owner leaving the city. DRAWER G., Plainfield P. O.

Messrs F. W. and E. E. RUNYON have today taken possession of the establishment formerly occupied by Frank C. Green, at PARK AVENUE and SECOND STREET, and will conduct therein a FURNITURE and UPHOLSTERY BUSINESS under the firm name of RUNYON & CO. 2-27

SEVERAL NEW and ELEGANT

Pianos and Organs

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale

VERY CHEAP!

A. Vanderbeek, 33 Park Ave. 2-27-tf

THE PLAINFIELD

WALL PAPER WAREHOUSE,

COR. PARK & NORTH AVES., [2D FLOOR.]

Wall Paper at Wholesale and Retail.

DESIGNERS ON THE PREMISES.

SPECIAL DESIGNS TO ORDER.

Prices Low. Terms Strictly CASH.

EDWARD LOVE, Proprietor. 2-28-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between P. W. McDONOUGH and H. J. MARTIN, at No. 20 Somerset street, under the firm name of McDonough & Martin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. H. J. Martin will continue the business at the old stand, and will receipt for all bills due the late firm, and pay all claims against the same.

PETER W. McDONOUGH,
HORACE J. MARTIN.

2-35-6

"M. H. A."

MUSIC HALL,

FRIDAY, MARCH 2nd, 1888.

THATCHER, PRIMROSE & WEST'S

45—GREAT ARTISTS—45

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME!

Archery Club Song and Dance (New), Volunteer Fire Brigade (New).

A rollicking burlesque on New York's latest melodramatic success, A DARK SECRET, entitled

A BLACK SECRET

INCIDENTAL.—The "Volunteer-Thistle" Yacht Race. Our Steam Launch, the "Black Secret." The Dance of the Dolls. The Trained Donkey. The Hanlon Beach Rack. Five Cubic Feet of Real Water. Our leading lady (N.B.—No substitute) will be hurled headlong into this immense body of genuine water by our Heavy Villian, and triumphantly rescued by our Waterproof Hero. Prices 50, 75 & 1.00. Sale of seats begin Feb'y 28, at J. G. Millers' and Field & Randolph's Pharmacies.

IF YOU WANT A PIANO,

You want the Best;

You want it Guaranteed;

You want the Lowest Price;

And You Want Everything

That only I can—and will—offer you.

J. A. DEMAREST,

No. 3 North Avenue,

Sole Agent for the PEASE pianos.

I refer to those now owning these celebrated instruments in this city. 2-24

A Victor Tricycle,

Second Hand but in Good Condition.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

Address,

TRICYCLE,
PRESS Office.

2-24

"M. H. A."

MUSIC HALL!

Wednesday Evening, February 29.

JAMES O'NEILL

PRESENTING

MONTE CRISTO

With a Brilliant Cast, Elaborate New Scenery, Realistic Stage Pictures painted expressly for this Play.

Grand Effects! Correct Appointments! and Appropriate Costumes!

The Entire Production *PERFECT IN EVERY DETAIL.*

Prices as usual. Sale of seats begin at Field & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's, Feb. 27. 2-23-6

YOU CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

[Successor to T. J. Carey.]

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT St.,
Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. ☞Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

Printing!

Material—the best.

Workmanship—first-class.

Delivery—prompt.

Charges—moderate.

PRESS AND CONSTITUTIONALIST

PRINTING HOUSE.

PECK'S CORNER.

Dress Trimmings

Neat and New, can be Found AT

PECK'S

We Claim Nothing

Except that we have our Goods made by the *LEADING MANUFACTURERS.*

THEY ARE GOOD GOODS!

We keep the *STYLES, SIZES* and *WIDTHS.* We *QUOTE NO PRICES IN NEWSPAPERS,* but the

Prices are all RIGHT, and we keep the STOCK.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

[THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE,]

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

C. FRANK FRENCH,

69 SOMERSET ST.,

Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box* 1,062.

DEALER IN

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.

Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

THE SHAWMUT.

Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*

TRY IT!

Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm. 1-30 tf

A. F. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.

WARDEN & FOWLER,

Wholesale and Retail

CONFECTIONERS,

NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,

between North ave. and Second street,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-10-tf

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.

P. O. BOX 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway, 2-4-tf

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,

Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,

Gold and Silver Jewelry,

—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

AT DOANE'S,

9 PARK AVENUE, 12-16-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST. 12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.

21 *WEST FRONT STREET. PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only.* Telephone Call 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
12-2-tf PROPRIETORS.

100 DOZEN

Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons

To hire for *FESTIVALS AND PARTIES,*

At Collier's, 3 Park Avenue,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER AND ENGRAVER.

Established, 19 *YEARS.* N. B.—NO BOTCHING. 1-14-tf

DON'T FAIL TO CALL AT DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

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YESTERDAY IN CONGRESS

THE LABOR CANDIDATE AND THE TARIFF QUESTION.

To Amend the Laws on Sugar Duties—The Constitution Amendment Bill—Christmas Tree Ornaments Dutiable.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Members of Congress are much interested in the statement repeatedly made lately that Breen, the Democratic-Labor candidate for Congress in the Eleventh Michigan district, did not make his fight on the tariff question. They have investigated the matter a little and it appears that the statement is correct. It is learned that not only did Mr. Breen not pose as a free trader, but that he avoided a discussion of the tariff question. The returns of the election are all in now, and Mr. Seymour, the Republican candidate, has a majority of 378, a loss of about 2,000 Republican votes since 1886. The free traders claim this as a great victory. The truth is, that Mr. Breen is not a free trader at all, and was careful during his canvass to say very little about tariff reduction. Mr. Weston, as the leader of the Michigan Democrats, is opposed to a radical reduction of the wool tariff, unless there is a corresponding cut in the tariff on the manufactured article. As to the tariff on copper and iron ore, the principal articles of commerce in the district where the election was held, both Weston and Breen are willing to leave it just where it is. Lumber and salt, they are willing should go upon the free list, provided only that foreign extort duties shall be removed.

The bill introduced in the House by Mr. Long of Massachusets, at the request of the Home Market Club of Boston, to amend the laws relating to the duties on sugar, taxes on tobacco, and distilled spirits, fixes the following rates of duty on sugar:

Below No. 13 Dutch standard and less than 75 degrees polariscope test, seven-hundreths cent per pound and two-hundreths additional for additional degree; concentrated melada is to be classed as sugar; above 13 and not above 16 D. S., one and thirty-seven hundreths cents per pound; above 16 and not above 20 D, S., one and a half cents per pound; above 20 D. S., one and seventy-five hundreths cents per pound. Molasses below 56 degrees polariscope test, two cents per gallon, and above that figure four cents per gallon. A bounty of $1 for every ton of beets or sugar cane raised and manufactured into sugar in the United States, and for every 100 pounds of sugar or molasses produced from the maple tree, is provided for. No part of the drawback upon exportations of imported merchandise, or of articles made from imported materials, shall hereafter be retained by the United States. All fees of customs officers upon entries of imported goods and goods for importation, and all fees relating to inspection, measurement, clearance manifests, etc., of vessels, are abolished. The taxes on domestic manufactured tobacco are to be reduced 50 per cent., as are also the special taxes on retail dealers in the same commodity. Provision is made for the withdrawal, free of tax, from bonded warehouses of distilled spirits or alcohol to be used for scientific or manufacturing purposes, or in the arts.

Representative Crain has deemed it advisable to modify to some extent the constitutional amendment he offered some time ago in regard to changing the date of the meeting of Congress in each year. He introduced it in an amended form, incorporating with his own idea that of Senator Hoar in regard to the change of inaugural day for presidents.

As amended Mr. Crain's resolution proposes that the term of office of the president shall continue until April 30th, 1889, at noon, and the 30th day of April shall hereafter be substituted for the 4th of March as the commencement and termination of the official term of the President and Vice-President. Also that the 31st day of December, at noon, shall be substituted for the 4th day of March as the commencement and termination of the official term of Senators and Representatives. The Congress in existence when the members of the first house of Representatives are elected after the ratification of this amendment shall hold no annual session after such election, and its term of office shall expire on the 31st day of the following December. The Senators whose existing terms would otherwise expire on the 4th of March next succeeding the day on which the term of the first Congress shall commence after the ratification of this amendment shall continue in office until their successors are chosen. Congress shall assemble at least once in each year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in January unless Congress shall by law appoint a different day.

The Treasury Department has decided that small pieces of tinsel thread woven into a cotton cord and cut into lengths of about three feet for use as ornaments for Christmas trees, are dutiable at the rate of 35 per cent. ad valorem as "toys," and not at the rate of 45 per cent. ad valorem as "manufactures of cottton and metal thread," as assessed by the Collector at New York.

SOME OF LOCKE'S VICTIMS.

Return of a Part of the Wrecked National Opera Company.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Driftwood from the wreck of the National Opera Company, which struck on a financial reef at Washington a few days ago came to New York yesterday morning. A large number of the chorus arrived in a condition of great disgust and some of them entirely without funds.

William Ludwig and Barton McGuckin registered at the Grand Hotel. They said that Manager Locke was perfectly willing to continue the performances, provided the artists did not expect their salaries. When they called for payment they were put off with promises or bogus checks. This could not last, and the arrest of Locke on the charge of making drafts on a bank where he had no funds precipitated the breaking up of the company.

Some of the singer's were in such a wretched condition through lack of back pay that a subscription had to be started to help them out of Washington. It was contributed to by Messrs. McGuckin, Henrichs and Ludwig, and the beneficiaries were delighted at the relief. There is some prospect that the company may be reorganized on a sort of co-operative plan by the singers themselves.

Baum Killed by Burglars.

DAYTON, O., Feb. 28.—Charles E. Baum, the proprietor of the Baum House at Miamisburg, was fatally injured in his bed at midnight by burglars, who had cracked his safe, getting away with $700. Baum opened fire and they returned the shots with fatal results.

Fall River Weavers Strike Again.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Feb. 28.—The American linen mill's weavers are out on strike again. Two thousand looms are idle.

FOUND DEAD IN A FACTORY.

Chicago's Horrible Murder and the Way in Which It Was Discovered.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—Maggie Gaughan, a girl 15 years old, was found murdered yesterday after con in a closet adjoining the boot heel factory on Si e street, in which she was employed. The girl had been missing from her work all day, and her body was discovered when one of the male em loyees went to the closet to get some empty bags.

The girl lay on the floor of the closet with her clothing thrown up over head, indicating a criminal assault. Her head was split open, her face horribly hacked, and her hand cut as though they had been held up in defense.

On the floor beside the dead body lay a hatchet covered with blood. About an hour before the discovery, Zephyr Davis, 17 years old, employed as a porter and errand boy in the factory, had been sent out on an errand, and as he failed to return suspicion was directed toward him, and it was found that at 7:30 in the morning Davis had gone to the house adjoining the factory and asked for a pail of hot water, and the woman who gave it to him noticed that he had blood on his hands.

At 7:15 four girls employed in the factory found the front door locked when they went to begin their day's work. About 8 o'clock the door was opened from the inside by Davis and the girls admitted. As Maggie Gaughan failed to appear it was concluded that she was at home ill.

Davis acted nervously all through the day, and did not go out as usual at dinner time, but stayed in the factory. Being sent on an errand in the middle of the afternoon another boy went to the closet for bags in his place and the murder was discovered in this way. Davis evidently intended to stay around till evening, and then disappear. The police are searching for and expect to arrest him soon.

Feeling Among the New York Knights.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28. Edward E. Kunze, secretary of District Assembly 49, said yesterday about the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy strike: "I don't think there is any disposition on the part of the Knights of Labor to get square with the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. It is true that through their action the Northwestern and other strikes have been lost, and while we may not feel like retaliating in kind the Brotherhood can't expect the Knights to stand by them. In New York we have not many locomotive engineers in the order, but in the west there are a considerable number." Other members of the order are outspoken in their opinion that it would be perfectly right and proper for the order to step in and take the places of the strikers, and in this way not only get revenge for the past actions of the Brotherhood, but to break Chief Arthur's power at the same time.

Anti-Poverty Faction in Court.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The case of the Anti-Poverty Society and Henry George's faction came up Monday before Judge Patterson of the Supreme Court Chambers, for argument on the motion of Dr. McGlynn or an injunction to restrain Henry George and his followers from incorporating an Anti-Poverty Society. Louis F. Post appeared for George and John H. Post for McGlynn. The latter contended that the George men were attempting to organize a new society under the name of the original. Louis F. Post for George said that he and others had been removed by McGlynn without authority, and was endeavoring to organize the original society. Decision was reserved.

Rev. Joe Cook on Free Speech.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—Rev. Joseph Cook began his Monday lecture yesterday with a "prelude" on free speech on public grounds, "Boston Common Under Gag Law." He vigorously assailed the city for the imprisonment of Rev. Mr. Davis, who is now serving a sentence in Suffolk Jail for preaching on Boston Common without a permit. Mr. Cook said: "I hold if we are not degenerate sons of illustrious sires, the time must come when we shall have to make such a protest against this ordinance that the city can no longer be governed by an alliance between gin and Jesuitism." The speaker was applauded.

Jersey Prohibitionists in Council.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 28.—Yesterday morning the State Convention of the Prohibition party of New Jersey was called to order at Union Library Hall, State street. The object of the gathering is to select a new State committee and delegates to the National Convention, which will be held at Indianapolis on June 6, to nominate candidates for President and Vice President. The basis of representation, as fixed by the State Executive Committee, is as follows: One delegate for every twenty-five Prohibition votes or a majority thereof cast at the State election in 1886 for General Clinton B. Fisk.

Guatemalan Insurgents Invade Mexico.

GUAYMAS, Mexico, Feb. 28.—Great excitement prevails here over the news that the Mexican government has chartered a steamer to take troops from Mazatlan to San Benito, where the Guatemalan insurgents are invading Mexican soil. The sloops of war Democrats, Mexico and Juarez will also take troops from Acapulco and other ports The impression here is that Guatemala will not be easily checked.

Asking Money for Atlanta's University.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—At a public meeting here in behalf of the Atlanta, Georgia University an appeal was made for $16,000 to meet current expenses. It was stated that the State appropriation for the university had been given up because it could only be held by barring out white students and making the university strictly a colored institution.

Mrs. Hand's Life Twice Saved.

TRENTON, Feb. 28.—Mrs. George Hand of 402 Wall street, this city, hung herself in the cellar of her house yesterday, and was cut down by her daughter in the nick of time. She then took rough on rats, and, emetics being administered, her life was saved for the second time.

Four Hundred Iron Men on Strike.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 28. Four hundred men at Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s iron and steel works, at Ætna, near this city, stopped work yesterday morning unexpectedly to sustain the pipe mill workers, who refused to accept a 10 per cent. reduction.

Norfolk and Western Earnings.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—The statement of the business of the Norfolk and Western Railroad Company for January, 1888, shows an increase in net earnings of $56,449 as compared with the same month last year.

Big Failure of Furniture Men.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 28.—Wright & Reese, general auctioneer, assigned yesterday to Harlow P. Davock. Their assets are $480,704, and their liabilities $1,736,123

PASSING THE NICARAUGUA BILL.

The United States Senate Indorses It After Some Sharp Sparring.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The Senate has passed the Nicaragua canal bill by a vote which indicated that the opposition was at no time very serious. Mr. Vest made the principal effort to prevent the passage of the measure in its original form.

Mr. Edmunds started off with an amendment providing that nothing in the bill should interfere with any right of the United States under any treaty in force with Nicaragua, and then Mr. Vest followed with another amendment to prevent the United States from being involved in any pecuniary obligation of the company's, which Mr. Edmunds said had been already been incorporated in the bill. A discussion followed and the amendment was rejected.

Then Mr. Vest offered another amendment providing that no part of the capital stock paid in shall be at any time withdrawn or returned to the stockholders, or be in any manner diverted from the proper uses of the corporation; and said that the same was placed in the Tehauntepec bill of last Congress, and also of the Nicaragua bill, on the motion of the Senator from Vermont.

Mr. Edmunds opposed the amendment, and Mr. Teller took the opportunity to declare that the measure ought not to be loaded down with destructive amendments. He thought the capitalists in it were doing a great work, and that they should be encouraged in it. He said that the American people could not allow the French Government to build the Panama Canal and hold it in hostitlity to the United States. They should watch jealously the encroachments of European nations on this continent, and if there was anything American people could do which would give them some control of these transit interest it should be done.

Mr. Vest modified his resolution to allow stock to be returned to the stockholders for the purpose of winding up the corporation, and with that amendment the bill passed by a vote of 38 to 15.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

A New Bill to be Introduced as Soon as the New York Legislature Convenes.

ALBANY, Feb. 28.—A compulsory education bill has been prepared by a committee of school superintendents for introduction as soon as the Legislature reconvenes. Its main provision requires the parents or guardians of children between the ages of eight and fourteen to send them to a public or private school during the sessions of such schools in their locality, unless prevented from doing so by the mental or physical disability of the child or children. A fine of five dollars is imposed on any one who employes a child of the age above named during school hours, and a repetition of the offense invites a fine of ten dollars. Another provision authorizes boards of education and trustees to appoint a truant officer for the territory under their jurisdiction, whose duty it shall be to report every year a correct census of children of the required school age, and to apprehend children found absent from school. To provide against truancy on the part of incorrigible children provision is made for the establishing of a State truant school, to which habitual truants shall be sent for education. This school is to be established with suitable buildings and grounds by a commission consisting of the Governor, the other State officers, and the Superintendent of Public Instruction. The bill will no doubt encounter a good deal of opposition. A similar act was passed in 1874, but it was never practical of enforcement.

NEW YORK'S HIGH-LICENSE BILL

Unless Given a Special Order It May Not Be Reached for Some Time to Come.

ALBANY, Feb. 28.—Mr. Kimball, Chairman of the Assembly Excise Committee, said since he returned from the recess that it was not his intention to ask for a consideration of the High-License Bill in advance of its regular order. He said he thought it would be read in regular order early enough to secure final action. The calendar of general orders is unusually full, owing to the inability of the Assembly to make headway with business in the cramped quarters of the Assembly parlor. Unless the High-License Bill is given a special order, interest in it will be likely to be overshadowed for some time to come by more immediate legislation. It was one of the latest to be reported from the Committee and to be placed on the printed files.

Mr. Carnegie on Western Competition.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 28.—Andrew Carnegie states that, notwithstanding the natural facilities of Pittsburg, the iron and steel manufacturers are unable to compete with Chicago and the Northwest. The cause of this is the advantage of lower freight rates, which makes it possible for the western manufacturers to come to our very doors and take our trade. The steel rail trade, he said, was unusually dull. Last year the consumption was 2,225,000 tons. From the present outlook it will not reach half that amount this year. There is not a steel rail mill in the country that has orders to run them sixty days, and many could not continue in operation a month.

Suffering at Mount Vernon.

MOUNT VERNON, Ill., Feb. 28.—The weather continues extremely cold. The homeless have suffered greatly during the past forty-eight hours. The Finance Committee has issued a card to the general public stating that all subscriptions received will be devoted to the purchase of building material, household furniture and other articles necessary to provide the destitute and needy with shelter. Up to date the committee has received a sufficient quantity of clothes and food to supply all the demands.

Carpenters Want a Nine Hour Day.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—The Carpenters Council of Massachusetts held a meeting to consider the question of the nine hour system. A letter was drawn up addressed to all master builders of this State. The letter notifies master builders that after May 1 nine hours will constitute a day's work, and that it is desired to give work to thousands of men now idle. They ask the builders to appoint a committee to meet them and settle the matter amicably.

Death of Editor Flanagan.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 28.—John J. Flanagan, city editor of the *Observer*, dropped dead while reporting a funeral yesterday. He was one of the best known and most popular men in this section. He was forty-seven years of age, and had been District Deputy of the Order of Elks as well as Exalted Ruler of the Utica lodge of the same order.

Depew, Beaver and Carnegie to Speak.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 28.—Ten divisions of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers met in this city and decided to hold a union meeting of all divisions in the United States here in May. Chauncy M. Depew, Andrew Carnegie and General Beaver are to be the speakers.

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MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
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21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—8 23-tf

ELSTOW.

The Home of a Great Dreamer—John Bunyan—Sketches of His Cottage and the Church Wherein He Used to Worship.

The greatest essayist of modern times, Lord Macaulay, once wrote in the Edinburgh *Review:* "We are not afraid to say that, though there were many clever men in England during the latter half of the seventeenth century, there were only two great creative minds. One of those minds produced the Paradise Lost—the other the Pilgrim's Progress."

In these days of myriads of books and newspapers, the Pilgrim's Progress is not, perhaps, so extensively read as in the days of Lord Macaulay, when children devoured the story of the Pilgrim more eagerly than Jack, the Giant-Killer, and when a reading

BUNYAN'S COTTAGE AT ELSTOW.

man would have been ashamed to admit that he had never perused Bunyan's famous allegory. And so, while American tourists by thousands yearly visit such shrines of departed greatness as Abbotsford and Stratford-on-Avon, most of them are apt to return home without so much as thinking of a journey to Bedford and Elston, where may be found rich memorials of John Bunyan—tinker, preacher, and immortal dreamer.

One of the most interesting, as well as thriving, towns, in that beautiful and fertile district of England, known as the Southern Midlands, is Bedford, located on the Midland railway exactly fifty miles northwest of London. It is the chief town of Bedfordshire, a county which has given the world three distinct social grades. Lord William Russell (and, later, Lord John), from the illustrious aristocratic family, whose head is the Duke of Bedford: John Howard, from among the thriving merchants, whose name, as a philanthropist, is familiar as a household world; John Bunyan, poet and preacher, from the peasantry.

Leaving the main street of Bedford, at that part of the town known as St. Johns, one traverses a lovely, level road, hemmed in by typical English hedgerows, and shaded by elm trees which rival in their magnificent growth their counterparts in Connecticut, and after a walk of rather over a mile, Elstow is reached.

Such a quaint, quiet, secluded village—hidden away from the hurry and bustle of the world, it is one of those rural scenes such as one would scarcely expect to find except in song or story. With its half-timbered cottages, its houses with gabled dormers, overhanging chambers and sixteenth-century porches, nestling along the roadside, the place presents precisely the same appearance which it wore in the days of Bunyan. Two hundred years have effected fewer changes in Elstow than two hundred hours often bring to an American village of the same size.

There is the village green, in the center of the village, where John, in his young and wild days, indulged in his Sunday games; and still standing on that green is the broken pillar of the "Market Cross," a favorite resort of the tinker's son, near which he stood when the "voice from Heaven," afterwards so graphically described by himself, smote his conscience. It was on this green that the old-time pleasure fairs were held, from which Bunyan doubtless drew his famous picture of "Vanity Fair."

The parish church, which is an imposing edifice for so small a village, has been restored, from time to time—though so carefully as to preserve intact its original form and design. The grand old Norman tower, however, which stands some twenty feet apart from the church proper, remains unchanged, and is exactly as it was when Bunyan, two hundred and fifty years ago, stood with the other bell-ringers, on its roughly-paved floor, and rang the chimes. The same stone buttresses, the identical massive door, and the veritable bells in the belfry are all there.

The house in which John Bunyan was born has disappeared, but the cottage in which he resided for six years after his marriage (1649—1655) still remains.

As one wanders about the quaint, dreamy old village, one does not wonder so much

ELSTOW CHURCH.

that such a place should bring forth a "dreamer," and yet it is none the less remarkable that a peasant tinker, born in what was almost a "dark age," should write books which have reached a world-wide circulation.

The Pilgrim's Progress has been translated into, and published in, over one hundred languages, among them the Cree and Dakota dialects of the North American Indians, and occupies a place in every well-selected library.

Returning to Bedford, the traveler finds many reminders of Bunyan. On St Peter's Green is a fine bronze statue, unveiled in 1874, by Dean Stanley, before an immense concourse of people. In the same year, appropriately enough, the present Duke of Bedford donated to the "Bunyan Meeting" a magnificent set of bronze doors, on which are artistically cast scenes from the Pilgrim's Progress.

WM. H. S. ATKINSON.

Couldn't Leave Him Behind.

"What ye hitchin' up yer hosses fer on this cold night?" asked Deacon Prim of his neighbor.

"Goin' ter town," was the reply.

"Goin' ter town! I wudden't ride fifteen miles ter-night wuth 'mometer twenty below fer er farm."

"Waal, deacon, I would; an' I am er goin' ter see Bill Shank's dog fight. They say he's er darlin'."

"Dog fight!" exclaimed the deacon, "jest wait er minute until I run ercrost ther street ter tell Sally I'm er goin' an' I'll be wuth ye. Yer can't leave me behind when there's er dog fight on hand, not ef et's er hundred below zerao."

The Secret of It.

"I notice papers state that the President's commissary found adulterated sugar among the groceries for the White House table," said Hon. John Tariff to his friend General Freetrader.

"You don't say so!" ejaculated the General; "perhaps that's the reason our President has so much sand in his craw."

BOSTON CIGAR MANUFACTURES

They Will Organize a Protective Association Incorporated Under State Laws.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—At a meeting held here nearly every manufacturer in in the city attended for the purpose of forming a protective association.

The plan is to have an organization which shall be incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts, all members to give bonds for fifty dollars for every workman hired by them, and each member to have one vote for every man in his employ.

The bond is to be a legal one in the strictest sense, and the property of the firm giving it will be attached for the face value of the bond if the firm does not keep faith with the association.

Many of the firms that are not members of the present association were represented at the meeting and expressed their intention of becoming members of the organization.

The new association will have nothing to do with the present controversy, leaving the old association to finish the fight in its own way.

TELEGRAPH TID-BITS.

Dr. A. N. Roussell, a young dentist of No. 143 Stuyvesant avenue, Brooklyn, has a dog with gold-filled teeth.

Julius Hildebrand, who for sixteen years was the body servant of Bismarck, is living in Chicago. Mr. Hildebrand says that the great dictator has the temper of an angel.

William Gray, of Chicago, Saturday, paid the first installment of the price asked for the old Libby Prison at Richmond, Va. This insures the removal of the structure to Chicago.

The new Centenary Methodist Episcpal Church, a handsome edifice at the corner of Sumner avenue and Kearney street, Newark, was dedicated Sunday with appropriate ceremonies.

President Diaz, of Mexico, has confirmed the title of Mrs. Burton, of Boston, to a tract of land in Mexico, known as Grisenda de Todas Santos, the value of which is estimated at $10,000,000.

The United States Senate has appropriated $20,000 for the completion of the monument to the memory of George Washington's mother, begun years ago in Northumberland county, Va.

Gustav Winkler, of Milwaukee, Wis., murdered his wife and committed suicide late on Saturday night. Three children, the eldest of whom is three years old, witnessed the double tragedy.

The six-act knitting mill owned by William Scott & Co. was destroyed by fire Sunday. The mill was a four-story structure, and the company had just added two new sets of machinery. Loss will exceed $50,000.

A general emeute is expected in the Russian universities on March 13, the anniversary of the assassination of Emperor Alexander II., and the police are making extensive preparations to quell any disorders that may arise.

Mayor Fitler, of Philadelphia, would not permit the national salute to be fired in honor of Washington's birthday in that city. The salute has been fired on every Washington's birthday anniversary in Philadelphia since Feb. 22, 1790.

The row between Lord Salisbury and Mr. Bradlaugh over the latter's assertion that Lor Salisbury gave his personal check to aid in the promotion of meetings of unemployed workingmen in Trafalgar Square in February, 1886, with the ulterior object of reaping political benefit through the disorderly character of the meetings is to be settled in Court.

Some interesting autographs of men of letters were sold recently in London. In one from Swift the writer declares that so dire is his poverty "that if I come to Mare Park it must be on foot." Stern begs for the loan of 50 pounds. A letter from Goldsmith gives "doleful accounts" of his Italian travels, and one from Fielding complains of his disappointment in money affairs.

Constable W. H. Kelly and his deputy, Jacob Helbert, with a posse of fifteen, armed with a writ of habeas corpus, broke in the door of John Chesrown's house, near Mohicanville Sunday to get possession of Chesrown's aged and imbecile father, they were met by Elias Chesrown, who shot Kelly and Helbert with a double-barreled gun, killing both. The old man has $15,000 worth of property, and two of his sons, Lewis and Peter, had him adjudged an imbecile, Lewis being appointed guardian. Elias was not allowed to see the father, but on Feb. 15, in the absence of Lewis and Peter, he kidnapped the old man and took him to the house where the tragedy occurred.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—For New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey, fair weather, fresh to brisk westerly winds, shifting to southwesterly, stationary, followed by slowly rising temperature.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Money on call to-day 2½ and 3 per cent.

BONDS.

		Closing Saturday.	Closing To-day.
4½s.	1891, reg	107	106⅝
4½s.	1891, coup	108	10[illegible]
6s.	1907, reg	123⅝	125½
6s.	1907, coup	126	125⅞

STOCK MARKET.

THREE O'CLOCK.—To-day's stock market opened with sharp declines in a number of leading stocks, conspicuously Louisville and Nashville. The afternoon market was dull and somewhat firmer. Bonds were more active with a tendency to weakness. Sterling exchange rates were advanced ½ cent.

	Closing Saturday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	57½	58¼
Central Pacific	30¾	29⅞
Chicago, Bur. & Q	127⅜	126
Delaware & Hudson	110	108½
Del. Lack. & West	131	129½
Erie	26¾	25¾
Erie, pref	61	60
Lake Shore	91⅝	91⅛
Louis. & Nash	59⅝	57
Michigan Central		
Missouri Pacific	85⅝	84⅛
New Jersey Central	81⅝	81
New York Central & H	107⅝	108⅞
New York & New Eng	37¾	37⅛
Northwestern	108⅞	107⅞
Oregon Navigation	91	93¾
Pacific Mail	36¾	35
Reading	66⅝	65¼
Rock Island	113¾	113⅜
St. Paul	77⅜	76¾
Union Pacific	56¾	55⅞
Western Union	76⅝	78⅛

PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat—Market quiet. No. 1 red, 92½a c.; extra red, 91½a c.; No. red, 90 a c.; in elevator, 88½a89½c. delivered: No. 3, 87½a c.; state white, 91½a92 c.; No. 1 white, 91 a91½c.; No. 1 northern, 89½c.

February, —c.; March, 89½c.; April, 90½c.; May, 91½c.; June, 91½c.; December, 93½c.

Corn—Market quiet. No. 2, 56½a c.; in elevator, 59½a c. delivered; No. 3, 58½a c.; steamer, 58½a c.; elevator, 60c.

February, 58½c.; March, 58½c.; May, 59½c., June, 58½c.

Oats—Market quiet. No. 1 white, 42 a c.; No. 2 white, 39 a40 c.; No. 3 White, 38 a39 c., No. 1 mixed, 39 a c.; No. 2 mixed, 37½a38 c; No. 3 mixed, 37 a c.; rejected, 36 a c.; No. 2 Chicago, 38½c.

February, 37 c.; March, 37c.; May, 37½c., June, 37 c.

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market quiet. Creamery—Eastern, a c.; western, 25 a28 c.; Elgin, 27 a 30 c.; imitation, 20 a24 c. Dairy—Eastern, half-firkin tubs, 24 a28 c.; eastern, Welsh tubs, 20 a22c c.; eastern firkins, 20 a23 c.; eastern dairies, entire, 20 a24 c.; western, 18 a22 c. Factory—Fresh, 18 a23c.

Cheese—Market quiet. Factory—New York cheddar, 12 a12½c.; western, flat, 11½a12 c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 7 a10 c.; skims, 1 a1½c.; Penn. state skims, 3 a6 c.

Eggs—Market firm. Fresh—Eastern firsts, 25 a c.; southern firsts, 24 a 24½c.; Western firsts, 24 a25 c. Limed—Eastern firsts, 23½a c.; western firsts, 13½a14c.; Canadian firsts, 13 a14 c.; imported, 15 a 17c.

THE FATE OF BAPTISTE.

A Strange Story of Adventure—The Monster of the Gulch.

WHEN Park Penrose came from his Connecticut home to visit his brother in Wisconsin, he immediately fell a victim to the charms of the country. He was an enthusiast as regarded shooting and for days fairly reveled in Elysium. The forests roundabout abounded in squirrels, pigeons and ruffled grouse, and the "oak openings" afforded many a fine shot at the far-famed pinnated grouse, or prairie chicken.

However, most pleasures will pall in time, and on the fifteenth morning after his arrival young Penrose found himself wishing, as he drowsily turned in his bunk, for some new and more exciting phase of the sport. He was even contemplating a speedy return to the East, when his brother entered, unceremoniously, with excitement visibly depicted on his face.

"Hello! George! What's the matter?" said Park, rising to a sitting posture.

"Easier told than remedied!" answered George Penrose, in a rather annoyed tone. "You have heard me speak of my sheep ranch, out across the West Fork? If you've been there you know it's in charge of my man, Baptiste. I hadn't been there for a week, so I rode over this morning to see how things were prospering, and what do you think I found?"

Park was now fully awake and listening interestedly.

"How should I know? What was it?"

"About a quarter of my sheep in the inclosure and perhaps twice as many more wandering about on the prairie outside. The rest are missing—"

"And Baptiste?"

"Missing too. That's the strangest part of it. Nothing about the shanty is disturbed to show that violence has been done. Baptiste is, or always has been, trustworthy, so I can't reasonably blame him until I learn the particulars. Do you mind riding over after breakfast and we will round up the sheep and afterward find the fellow, if possible. He may have encountered some bear or panther and have been seriously hurt!"

Park hastened to announce his willingness and commenced donning his apparel.

"Breakfast is ready, boss!" announced Ole, Penrose's tow-headed cook and general assistant.

The two sat down to a plain but substantial meal, which they hurriedly dispatched. By the time they had finished, Ole had the horses at the door.

Five minutes later, well armed and accompanied by two trusty hounds, they were galloping toward the ranche.

The sheep were found as George had said. After all had been secured in the corral they were counted and nearly one-fourth of the flock found to be missing.

"Now for the trail!" exclaimed Park.

Together they went carefully over the ground outside the corral. Not a fresh track, human or animal, was to be found, except those of the stampeded sheep.

Nevertheless, George Penrose discovered something that interested him. It was a round, shallow mark in the dust, resembling somewhat the trail left by an object dragged over the ground. No tracks were near it, however, and he was puzzled as to the cause of the peculiar mark.

"Here, Nero! Tiger!" The hounds sprang forward. A moment later he was showing them the trail.

For an instant they sniffed at it eagerly. Then there was a most surprising change in their demeanor; their baying ceased, and with drooping tails and hair standing on end the hitherto fearless dogs slunk away toward the shanty, and no amount of persuasion could induce them to take the scent again.

"Come on," said George to his brother. "This will evidently lead us to the solution of the mystery, whatever it is!"

"Shall we not first look for Baptiste?"

"We will be as likely to find him by following this as in any other way!"

Accordingly they turned their horses heads and rode away, following the strange trail.

It wound along the sandy bank of the creek for some distance, then disappeared. Crossing the stream they presently discovered it on the opposite side.

From thence it led across a broad stretch of prairie, then curved to avoid a strip of woods, and finally, late in the afternoon they lost it in a wooded ravine, between two steep and rocky bluffs.

During all this time they had discovered no traces of Baptiste, but occasional bits of

IT WAS A ROUND, SHALLOW MARK IN THE DUST.

wool and bloody sheep hide convinced them that they had not erred in following the trail.

A supper of partridges, shot near by, and a few hard crackers from their pockets and they prepared to spend the night beside a clear spring which bubbled out from under a mossy bowlder.

Park was soon asleep in the ruddy glow of the fire. George, on the opposite side, sat with his back against a tree, enjoying his pipe and listening silently.

After some hours, during which the fire had died to a mere bed of embers, he awakened Park and the two changed places. The young Eastener, however, fatigued by the previous day's ride, was fearfully drowsy. Again and again he tried to arouse himself, but at last tired nature succumbed.

When he was awakened it was by a crash in the bushes near at hand. There was the shrill screaming and neighing of horses, then a peculiar *crunch*, and a sickening, subtle odor filled the air.

He grasped his rifle and sprang forward, joined the next moment by George. As they hurriedly advanced toward the place where the horses were tethered, one of the frightened animals dashed past them with broken *lariet*, snorting wildly.

An instant later they were at the scene of action. In the dim light they could discern the remaining horse lying on the ground, struggling feebly under some creature which they could not distinctly make out.

"It's his death struggle!" cried George. "Shoot!"

The creature, whatever it was, was moving as if to escape. Taking hurried aim they fired.

With a noise something between a hiss and a snort the creature lifted its head high in the air and darted away through the undergrowth. It seemed strangely shaped and of immense propertions.

They sprang to the horse, which lay fairly crushed out of shape.

"Let's follow before it escapes us altogether!" cried Park, and they hastily advanced in the direction taken by the creature.

It soon became light enough to follow the trail. It was the same as that of the previous day, but marked with blood.

Half an hour later they entered a broad gulch, thickly wooded with trees of large size. At the bottom flowed a swift, turbid creek.

Along this they took their course, George in advance.

Presently a cry of surprise and alarm from Park caused his brother to look hastily up from the trail.

As he did so he beheld the most terrible sight his eyes had ever rested upon.

Above him, and depending several feet from the large limb around which it was coiled, was a serpent of enormous size! Its broad, red mouth and wicked fangs were within a yard of his head!

Astounded at the sight he stood as one paralyzed, while the open mouth and fiery eyes were rapidly lowering upon him.

Fortunately, Park Penrose kept his presence of mind. Taking a short step back-

ASTOUNDED AT THE SIGHT, HE STOOD AS ONE PARALYZED.

ward he raised his Winchester, and, as the sharp report echoed among the rocks, a bullet bored its way midway between the blazing eyes.

The noise seemed to awaken George from his momentary stupor. He raised his weapon, and this time the two cracked in unison. But there was little need to fire again, for the dark, sinister folds of the monster slowly uncoiled from the tree, and it fell heavily to the bank.

The hunters hurried forward, but again that strange, nauseating odor assailed them, compelling them to retreat.

The huge reptile struggled powerfully with violent contortions for a few moments and then rolled with a splash into the swiftly flowing creek, where it immediately sank.

Farther up the gulch they found a large fissure in the rocks which had been the creature's den. Around it were scattered bones and wool in profusion, and from the opening came an overpowering stench that forbid further exploration.

Where the strange monster had come from was a mystery which was never solved. But it had probably escaped from some traveling menagerie and wandered to this remote spot.

That afternoon the men returned to the ranch with their remaining horse. The sheep were soon removed to the main ranch across the fork, and the outlying station abandoned.

As for Baptiste, he probably fell a victim to the Monster of the Gulch, as he was never seen again. PAUL H. LEAR.

On the Road to Wealth.

"What are you doing with your apple seeds?" asked Widow Jimson of her oldest boy who was carefully scraping off the table the seeds of half a peck of apples he had just devoured.

"Puttin' 'em in mer pocket," replied the young glutton. "Can't yer see fer yerself? W'ere's yer eyes?"

"For goodness sake! what do you intend doing with them?"

"Sell 'em."

"Sell them! Where?"

"In New York. They give two dollars a bushel for them there."

He Found the Boss.

"I would like to see the boss of the house," said a book agent to a peppery looking female with a peaked nose and a rep top-knot, who opened the door of a Dakota farm-house where he had called.

"Yer dew?" questioned the woman, as she placed her arms akimbo. "Well, stranger, jest lope round inter ther back yard an' ax thet weazen-faced, skimp-legged deacon you'll find weedin' ther tater-patch, an' he'll tell yer ef I don't boss this layout he don't know whu does. Now, whudder yer want er me?"

His Reason.

"What on earth induced you to take rooms on the tenth floor? Any one would think you were too poor to live on the ground floor," exclaimed old Mr. Blowy to his partner, whom he was paying a visit.

"Well, I'll tell you. At my last lodgings I was terribly bothered at night with cats, and, as I read in a scientific journal that cats can't live above a greater elevation than twelve thousand feet, I thought I would get as high up as I could toward the twelve thousand. See?"

Missed His Broth.

"Why are you so pensive, Mose?" asked Colonel Planter of an aged darkey, who was quite a character in his way.

"I'se jess t'inkin', boss, dat's all," replied Mose.

"About what?"

"I'se t'inkin' 'bout how I dun miss mer chic'n broth fer de pas' fo' fi' weeks sence de moon's bin outen de sky ob nights."

She Should Say Not.

"Did yew buy them fer medicated flannels?" inquired Mrs. Nosey of Mrs. Shrinkem, who was busy mending her husband's underwear.

"Medicated flannels?" exclaimed Mrs. Shrinkem. "I should say not. I bo't 'em ter make undershirts fer Simon."

A YOUNG lady who resides at Arkansas City has received refusals from five different gentlemen whom she invited to accompany her to an approaching leap year party.

SAMENESS in dress does not always look well. The man who wears a shiny silk hat does not want a shiny coat to go with it.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44 a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6,05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.42, 8.00, 11.08, a. m 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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9-20-y

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18 West Front Street.
Special Cutlery Sale.
We have placed on sale 500 dozen of Table Cutlery, consisting of Knives and Forks, Tea Spoons, Table Spoons, Cake and Pie Knives. These goods are made by the Rogers' Sheffield Cutlery Co., and Landers, Ferry & Clark Manufacturing Co., and are all FIRST-CLASS GOODS.
Tea Knives, worth $3 00—our price—$1.50 per dozen.
Dessert Knives, worth $4.00—our price—$2 00 per dozen.
Knives and Forks, worth $5 00—our price—$2 50 per dozen.
Tea Spoons, worth $2 50—our price—$1 25 per doz.
" " " $4 00 " " $2 00 "
Table Spoons, worth 60c. each—our price—30c. each.
Sugar Shells, worth 50c. each—our price—25c. each.
Cake Knives, worth $3 50 each—our price—$1 25 each.
Salt and Mustard Spoons, worth 35c. each—our price—15c. each.
Eight-inch Shears, worth $1 50 each—our price—60c. each.
Six-inch Shears, worth $1 00 each—our price—30c. each.
These goods are worthy the attention of every Housekeeper.
We are offering many BARGAINS throughout every DEPARTMENT,
12-2-tf

J. P. Laire & Co.
HARDWARE,
HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
STOVES, RANGES,
LAWN AND GARDEN SEEDS,
GARDEN TOOLS,
MACHINISTS' TOOLS,
AS USUAL, CHEAP!
—TELEPHONE CALL, No. 72.—
10my1

John A. Thickstun,
DEALER IN
BEST QUALITIES
COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave
my10t

Laings Hotel:
J. B. MILLER & Bro.,
Proprietors.
FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
A First-Class Family Resort.
my10-tf

FORCE'S HOTEL,
NORTH AVE., NEAR R. R. DEPOT.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.
Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

E. P. THORN,
No. 17 Park Avenue,
—Wholesale and Retail Dealer in—
Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.
Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge.
my10y1

THE PLAINFIELD
ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.
OFFICE:
Lighting Station,
Madison Avenue.
Lighting by Incandescence
For Stores, Offices and Business Purposes, for Public Buildings, Churches, and for Domestic Lighting.
NO HEAT,
NO SMOKE,
NO FIRE,
NO MATCHES.
NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE,
NO TARNISHED GILDINGS,
NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.
WM. H. MOORE, Manager.

SOLE AGENCY.
We are the Sole Agents of the Celebrated
SWEET & ORR'S
Pantaloons and Overalls.
They Never Rip.
SCHWED BROS.,
No. 7 East Front Street.
my10tf

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1888. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS

IS AN EVENING EDITION OF THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTIONALIST AND IS ISSUED EVERY DAY —EXCEPTING SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS—AT FIVE O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON; SENT THROUGH THE POST OFFICE AT $5.00 A YEAR, OR DELIVERED BY CARRIER AT 10 CENTS A WEEK. SINGLE COPIES 2 CENTS.

IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—The new Caspar building on East Front street, has been christened "Gin Palace."

—The Union County Board of Chosen Freeholders will meet at Elizabeth on Thursday afternoon.

—The season for kites and tops has arrived, and the average school boy is happy in consequence thereof.

—The Presidential election of the present year will be the centennial of Presidential elections, the first having taken place in 1788.

—The sale of seats for Thatcher, Primrose and West's minstrels began yesterday, and already a large number of the best seats have been taken.

—As you pile on the coal and read of another blizzard coming, first remember it will only be about three months until the green grass and spring birds will be here.

—There are under treatment at the State Insane Asylums in Morris Plains and Trenton 1,508 patients, the number having increased nearly two score during the year.

—The eighth of Dr. Talmage's sermons to the women of America, we give in full on our last page of today. "The grandmother and her grandchildren," is the subject.

—The members of the Plainfield Building Loan Association, held a regular meeting in Cutter's Hall on Monday evening, but transacted business only of a routine nature.

—The through parlor car to Atlantic City on the Central Railroad, is attached to the one o'clock p. m. train from New York, and the 8:15 a. m. train from Atlantic City.

—The Music Hall management has been endeavoring for three years past to induce Mr. James O'Neill to appear in this city. It is therefore hoped a full house will favor him to-night.

—Tuesday afternoon Alex. Manning, while piling up lumber in Cook Bros. lumber yard, slipped and fell a distance of about eight feet, sustaining slight bruises about the body, although able to work.

—A beautiful photograph of Thatcher, Primrose and West's entire minstrel combination, as taken on the steps of the Treasury Building at Washington, D. C., is on exhibition at Field & Randolph's drug store.

—A class in mechanical drawing was organized at the Y. M. C. A. rooms last evening. Men who did not join then can do so during the week. First regular meeting of the class will be held Tuesday next. Information can be obtained at the rooms.

—Since the Staats license was refused by the Council at its meeting on Monday evening, the license Councilmen, or most of them, seem determined to vote down the Hotel Netherwood application in case one is presented. This will meet with approval by the temperance advocates.

Entertainments to Come.

Patrons of Reform Hall will doubtless be glad to learn that several rich treats are yet in store for them, in the series of free entertainments given under the auspices of the Reform Club. Those who have attended the recent lectures and musical and literary entertainments pronounce them first-class in every particular and the quality of the entertainments which are soon to follow at short intervals, will be no exception to the rule. On Thursday evening, March 8th, Rev. Dr. Ketcham will lecture in the Hall, and Rev. Drs. J. H. Vincent, A. H. Lewis, D. J. Yerkes and Rev. Messrs. Dilts and Schenck, have each consented to deliver a lecture before the series closes. There will also be two other events in the course, of a literary and musical nature. One of the latter class of entertainments is now being arranged, and will take place in Reform Hall about the middle of April.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Gen. J. Madison Drake, editor of the Elizabeth Sunday *Leader*, was in town yesterday.

Mr. Wm. Flaig, for many years a resident of this city, but lately of Atlantic City, was in town today on business.

Mr. Harry Barnes, a former resident of this city, but now living at Arlington, N. J., has been confined to the house for the past five weeks, a sufferer from pneumonia.

People who were born on February 29 are today celebrating their birthday anniverrary for the first time since 1884. Their next birthday anniversary will occur in 1892.

Charles, the four-year-old son of Mr. Newton Smalley, of North Plainfield, died this morning ill at his parents' residence on Somerset street, of diphtheria and membraneous croup.

Miss Emma Martin, the efficient operator in the telephone central office in this city, is recovering from an attack of pneumonia, which has confined her to the house for several weeks past.

Mr. A. Swalm, proprietor of the North avenue painters' supply store, who is among the small number accorded the privilege of observing their birthday but once in four years, is today quietly celebrating the "eleventh" anniversary of his birth.

Mrs. G. V. H. Weaver is lying dangerously ill at her home on Somerset place, North Plainfield, from paralysis. Mrs. Weaver was stricken down about three weeks ago, and her condition is such as to give her friends grave fears for her recovery.

Master John H. Van Winkle, Jr., observed the 11th anniversary of his birth, at the residence of his father on Duer street, North Plainfield last evening. Relatives and friends, to the extent of about 20 were present, and social amusements were indulged in.

Mr. and Mrs. Mumford of Ninth street and Putnam avenue, after a residence here since 1887, will, on April first, take up their residence in New York city. Mrs. Mumford is a sister of Mrs. H. C. Fahnestock, a well known New York society lady.

A "surprise" party was tendered to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel C. Allen at their home on Mountain avenue, Monday evening. A large number of young people from this city and Scotch Plains were present, and passed the evening in dancing and other social amusements.

Rev. Dr. Green, rector of Grace church, of Providence, R. I., has been called to the rectorship of St. Bartholomew's church, on Fifth avenue, New York, at a salary of $15,000, including the use of rectory, and a guarantee of as much money as he requires to carry on the church work.

The Rev. Marion F. McAllister, of Trinity church, Elizabeth, preached the second sermon in the Lenten evening course at the Church of the Holy Cross, last evening. The Rev. T. Logan Murphy preaches in Perth Amboy on Thursday evening next, being one of a series of weekly Lenten sermons in that parish.

The funeral of the late George Washington Angleman, who died early on Monday morning, took place from the late home of the deceased on West Fourth street this afternoon. Rev. J. B. Cleaver conducted the service, and interment was made in the Methodist cemetery. A detail composed of the following from Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R., acted in the capacity of pall bearers: Robert Walker, Wm. C. Smith, John A. Goodman, Garret Eick, R. J. Walker and Job Coddington.

A surprise party was tendered to Mr. U. B. Crane at his residence on East Fourth street last evening. About forty guests were present, and dancing was indulged in until early this morning. Prof. Frazee furnished the music for dancing and the supper was elegant and sumptuous. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Steiner, Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Drake, Mr. and Mrs. Annenson and Miss Annenson, Mr. and Mrs. David King, Mrs. Geo. H. Polhemus and son, Mrs. Dr. Quick, the Misses Minnie and Matie Young, Miss Laura Force, Miss Tallman, Miss Cole, the Misses Winckler, Mr. Charles Tallman and others.

Prohibition Convention.

The Prohibition State Convention was held at Trenton yesterday. Gen. Clinton B. Fisk was elected chairman, and Rev. J. B. Cleaver of this city opened the session with prayer. The following were elected delegates at large to attend the National Prohibition Convention: Gen. Clinton B. Fisk, Dr. J. B. Graw, Thos. V. Cator and Solomon Parsons. Regular delegates were also elected, those from this District being George F. Opdyke, H. H. Wainwright. Provisional, G. S. Elkman, W. S. Burter, Willesford Dey. Resolutions were adopted urging the name of Gen. Clinton B. Fisk as the standard-bearer of the Prohibition party in the next Presidential campaign.

HOME BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

Another Co-operative Organization Former in Plainfield to Build and Buy Homes for Its Members.

The following certificate will be filed at once in the office of the County Clerk at Elizabeth, and therewith will be incorporated the Home Building and Loan Association of this city:

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION.

To the Clerk of the County of Union:

The subscribers, an association of persons, not less than five in number, do hereby certify that we have formed an association under the provisions of the act entitled "An act to encourage the establishment of Mutual Loan, Homestead and Building Associations," approved April 9, 1875, with the supplements thereto, for the purpose of assisting those who are, or hereafter may become members, in acquiring real estate, making improvements thereon, and removing encumbrances therefrom, by the payment of periodical instalments; and that we have adopted as the name of such association,

"The Home Building and Loan Association of Plainfield, N. J."

to be located and its business transacted in the city of Plainfield.

Witness our hand this twenty-eighth day of February, 1888.

Wm. H. Sampson,	R. B. Keys,
S. R. Struthers,	Edward B. Ryder,
R. W. Ware,	J. A. Robinson,
Oscar S. Teale,	W. F. Bartlett,
Fred C. Lounsbury,	Chas. S. Kissam,

Wm. M. Stillman.

The above certificate was signed at a meeting held in the office of Wm. M. Stillman, Esq., last evening. For many weeks past a number of gentlemen had been quietly considering the outlook for the success of such an organization in Plainfield, and had thoroughly examined into the plans and schemes of various associations of the kind throughout the country. In consequence, when last evening's meeting was held, the association had already secured a sufficient number of earnest working members to establish its organization at once and to assure its future success.

The room was filled when the meeting was opened by Mr. S. R. Struthers, who had been the prime organizer of the movement. Mr. Wm. H. Sampson was chosen Chairman, and Mr. Struthers Secretary. The later stated as the object of the co-operation that was proposed—"by small monthly payments to accumulate a fund which shall be used by the members in building their homes or in paying off any indebtedness of their property." In effect, 250 meet together and each pays $10 per month into a general fund. Then every month the association can buy or build a house for one or another of its number, and there is no more "rent" for that one to pay.

Mr. R. B. Keys explained the different plans adopted by like associations in Philadelphia, where, it is said, sixty thousand wage-earners have built their own homes in this way. Mr. Bartlett, of the Pond Tool Company, endorsed the scheme because of his experience of its benefits among his own employees. Mr. Johnson, of Perth Amboy, and others, informally contributed their own personal knowledge of the advantages of such associations, and Mr. Frank S. Runyon of the Plainfield Building and Loan Association, told of the speedy and permanent success of that organization.

On motion it was resolved to form such an association under the name of the "Home Building and Loan Association, of Plainfield, N. J.," and the certificate of incorporation was signed as above. The Chairman then appointed Messrs. R. B. Keys, S. R. Struthers, W. M. Stillman, F. C. Lounsbury and O. S. Teale as a committee on constitution and by-laws, and Messrs. Albert Beers, A. J. Gavett and others as a committee on nominations.

The next meeting will be held upon a call by the chairman.

Wall Paper Warehouse.

Rev. Edward Love, whose wall paper designing establishment is located at the corner of Park and North avenues, has opened a warehouse in the rooms recently vacated by Mr. R. Waldron the picture frame manufacturer. The rooms are light and airy, and well adapted to Mr. Love's business. It is the intention of the owner to at all times keep on hand a full line of beautifully designed wall paper suitable for the parlor, sitting-room or bed-chamber, at prices ranging from ten to fifty cents a roll. He will also keep on hand a large number of samples from which his patrons can select and match paper. Special designs may be made to order on the premises. Rev. Mr. Love will supply the trade, both wholesale and retail, in general, and the public is invited to call and inspect his attractive salesrooms over ex-Mayor Rockfellow's grocery store.

North Plainfield Democratic Meeting.

Pursuant to a call in THE PRESS today, the Democratic voters of North Plainfield Township are requested to meet in French's Hall on Somerset street, this evening. Business of a routine nature will be transacted, and eminent speakers will be present and address the meeting. A full attendance is desired.

Entertaining the Employees of the Pond Tool Works.

The rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association of this city, were handsomely decorated with flowers, last evening, that had been contributed by kind friends towards the brilliancy of the reception that was accorded the employees of the Pond Tool Works. The rooms were crowded and the entire affair was the greatest of all successes of the kind.

The guests were welcomed in an address by Mr. Wm. D. Murray, President of the Association. Piano solos were rendered by Miss Conger, and vocal solos by Messrs. Andrew J. Gavett and David E. Titsworth, interspersed with feats on the horizontal bar, free gymnastics, tumbling and Indian club exercises by representatives from the Brooklyn gymnasium, including Messrs. Hallock, Prentiss, Plummer and Green Brothers. This admirable exhibition of skill should foster in the minds of the local association a strong desire for like advantages.

Mr. John M. Crane's prestidigitation was another specially enjoyable and successful feature of the occasion. An evening of social intercourse followed the programme, during which refreshments were served, and which closed with a vote of thanks to those who had prepared the evening's pleasures. Sandwiches, cake and coffee were served the guests in general, but for the athletes who had come so far, something extra in the way of oysters was set forth. Particular praise from everybody present was given the coffee.

Reward Demanded for Officer Lynch.

MR. EDITOR:—Knowing that you wish to straighten out all things through your valuable paper, and give justice to everyone, I would like to ask a few questions which may be answered by anyone who can do so. I have been puzzled since the giving of the reward for the conviction of the firebugs, in refereuce to how it came about that Mr. Murphy received all the reward. If I have not been misinformed the one who should have received it got nothing, not even his mileage, neither was he furnished with money to lavish on the firebugs in order to get them to give the secret away. Now, Mr. Editor, I am informed that Officer Lynch for seven weeks not only attended to his work in the daytime, but at night would lay under trees and shrubs, waiting for the firebugs to make their appearance in locations where it was suspected they had buildings in view. If this be the case I think the people of Plainfield should not forget Officer Lynch, as he is with us all the time and watching our property for us. What Mr. Murphy received was earned through Mr. Lynch's knowledge, and the latter had as hard work watching Murphy to keep him straight, as Murphy had to detect the fire fiends. Let some one speak.

A SUBSCRIBER.

Hull—Sharp.

As announced in THE PRESS yesterday, the wedding occurred at the residence of the bride's parents, corner of Sixth and New streets, yesterday afternoon, of Mr. Nelson Y. Hull and Miss Belle Sharp. Rev. Dr. J. B. VanMeter pastor of the M. E. church, and Rev. Mr. Schenck, pastor of Trinity Reformed church, assisted Rev. J. M. Meeker of Jersey City, in performing the ceremony. Many guests were present, including relatives and friends from New York, Newark, Hackensack, Somerville and other distant points, besides the relatives and most intimate friends of the contracting couple residing in this city. The bride was becomingly attired in a bridal dress of white cashmere, and carried a bouquet of beautiful and fragrant roses. The many presents were both substantial and ornamental, showing the high esteem in which the young people are held by their friends. Of the former class the bride received a $500 interest in the White's Patent Lever Co., the gift of Dr. Gregory of New York city, the groom's employer, and a purse of $50 in gold from the M. E. church for her faithful services as a member of the church choir.

North Plainfield Republican Meeting.

A regular meeting of the U. S. Grant Republican Club of North Plainfield was held in Spencer's Hall, last evening, and was largely attended. In the absence of the President Mr. Charles Reed presided, and Mr. John Anderson was elected Secretary *pro tem.* The reading of the minutes and the general order of business was dispensed with. The following persons were admitted to membership in the club, the names having been presented at a former meeting: Alfred R. Vail, H. C. Vail, P. T. B. Nevius, R. W. Vail. The Secretary was, upon motion, authorized to have 500 postal cards printed. The Executive and Finance Committees reported progress, and a motion prevailed authorizing the location of a transparency in front of the club room, with the name of the club and the date of its regular meeting night inscribed thereon. The club adjourned to meet again on Tuesday evening next, and the Corresponding Secretary was requested to notify each member by card to that effect.

OUR CITY'S LIGHTS.

Some Interesting Facts About the Electric Light That Now Illumines Plainfield.

[*Concluded from Monday's Press.*]

Carbon was finally chosen by these inventors on account of the high temperature required for its fusion, and they prepared carbons from several materials, amongst others from cardboard and cane.

When the temperature of a mass of material is increased, as for instance a bar of iron placed in a blacksmith's forge, it at first becomes heated without apparent change in appearance, but as the temperature rises it assumes a dull red, almost black, then red, bright red, cherry red, orange red, orange, and finally a brilliant white at which stage it is said to be incandescent and gives out brilliant light. If an incandescent body would only remain permanent in a state of incandescence it would not be necessary to enclose an incandescent filament in a bulb from which the air had been exhausted. But when in this condition the oxygen of the air rapidly attacks it and it is consumed.

An incandescent light is a mass of incandescent carbon in the form of a filament or wire enclosed in a glass envelope from which the air has been exhausted, and instead of being heated by the blacksmith's forge, as is the bar of iron, is brought to a state of incandescence by an electric current. When a current of electricity is caused to flow through a conductor, such as a copper or iron wire or a filament of carbon, the conductor opposes the passage of the current. The resistance of its flow is greater, or less, according to the size of the conductor and the material of which it is composed, the metals are all good conductors and oppose very little resistance as compared with that of a material like carbon.

Now the current in overcoming this resistance generates a certain amount of heat and if the resistance of the wire be great enough, and it is not of sufficient size to carry the current, the heat generated will bring it to a state of incandescense.

Now if we take a conductor, say of copper, of sufficient size to carry a given current without heating preceptibly, and draw out a portion at its centre to a very small size, and pass this current through the conductors, when it arrives at the thin section, which will have been increased in resistance by its reduction in size, heat will be generated and the wire will become hot at this point and if properly proportioned incandescent giving out light.

Now instead of drawing out a piece of wire, whenever we desire to generate heat enough for incandescence, a carbon filament, surrounded by an exhausted globe, is inserted.

It is very convenient that this proportioning of the size and resistance of a conductor should enable the electrician to keep a portion of the conductor cool whilst other portions are incandescent, otherwise the distribution of current would be dangerous.

It is hoped that the foregoing explanation will have been sufficient for the reader to now understand that a circuit of incandescent lamps may really be considered as one continuous conductor, the carbon filaments being sections of sufficiently high resistance to become heated to incandescence. In order that the heat of the filament may not be brought down to the glass where the conductor passes through it, metal wires are used, of sufficient size and as low resistance as possible, to prevent them becoming greatly heated during the passage of the current, and platinum is chosen because as some heat is conducted both to the glass and the conductors if the glass and the conductors did not expand to the same extent air would either leak around the conductor if it expanded less than the glass, or if more the glasses might crack and admit the external air which would at once consume the lamp.

The lamp-maker takes advantages of the fact that platinum and glass expand and contract with changes of temperature to practically the same extent.

The development of the incandescent lamp has been very rapid but the improvement of the lamp was not all that was required. Machines had to be designed for generating electricity cheaply and in large quantities, and the various mechanical details and fixtures and fittings for its application and distribution also required development. A. P. WRIGHT.

Middlesex Gun Club.

An adjourned regular meeting of this Club will be held at Force's Hotel, Plainfield, N. J., Saturday evening, March 3d, at 8 o'clock. Business of importance will be transacted.

—Benj. T. Harris ("Old Commodore"), for nearly forty years general agent and freight manager of the New Jersey Central Railroad at Phillipsburg, has been removed and the office abolished. His duties have been divided between the freight agents of Easton and Phillipsburg.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

THE GOVERNOR VETOES THE HIGH LICENSE BILL.

The Governor Says, However, that His Action Will Not Affect the Final Passage of the Republican Measure.

TRENTON, Feb. 29—Governor Green's expected veto of the Local Option bill was received by the House of Assembly yesterday afternoon. The galleries were crowded with interested spectators. A deep silence prevailed during the reading of the paper. In it the Governor says his objections are presented in obedience to the constitutional direction, but with no idea that any reason which can be urged will have any effect upon the final passage of the bill. The first section of the act divides the municipalities of the State for the purpose of excise fees into three divisions arranged solely with reference to population. Density of population might be a proper basis to regulate the number of places for the sale, but what possible relevancy has mere number of people without reference to extent of territory, wants, tastes and habits to the question of what should be the minimum license fee.

The fourth section of the act makes provision for the partial or total prohibition of the sale of liquors. Prohibition interferes with personal liberty, depreciates the value of property and destroys an industry in which millions of money is invested and thousands of citizens employed. Legislation which produces such results can only be justified on the ground that the traffic against which it is directed is such an unmitigated evil that the law-making power should not permit it to exist.

If this evil is checked in one part of the State it should be checked in the whole State. If the traffic is a blight, dealers should not be forbidden to sell liquors in one county while from $100 to $250 is paid for the privilege in another.

The License law is rendered moribund or vitalized by the vote at the election, not by the votes of the Legislature. Such law may be so entirely local as to be confined entirely in its operations to the county of Cumberland when it necessarily becomes a violation of that provision of the amended Constitution, which prohibits special and local laws regulating the internal affairs of towns and counties.

The message was laid over until today.

LATER.

TRENTON, Feb. 29—The local option bill has been passed over the Governor's veto, by a vote of a 34 to 24.

James O'Neill

To-night in "Monte Cristo." Read this from an exchange: "Mr. James O'Neill has a loyal following in San Francisco. While he draws to the fashionable part of the Baldwin by his performance of Edmond Dantes (afterward Count of Monte Cristo) all that section of the house can contain, the family circle and gallery are simply packed with his younger admirers. Mr. O'Neill, always a favorite in a romantic drama, seems to have made the character of Dantes his own, and develops all its strong features with fidelity and vigor. His tableau, after escaping from the Chateau d'If, is quite equal to the famous Fechter picture, and his scene with Caderousse and Carconte a bit of base human motive thoroughly unveiled. Shewell's Caderousse is an admirably played character, and that of Carconte, by Miss Kate Fletcher, the embodiment of an avaricious passion to which no crime is an obstacle in satisfying the greed for gain. Mercedes is prettily played by Miss May Wilkes, and as for Noirtier, being in the hands of Mr. J. W. Shannon, it is confided to an artist. 'Monte Cristo' has been performed many a time and oft, and has been, in fact, placed in the list of defunct plays; but, as we see it now at the Baldwin, it must be called a dramatic renaissance."

New Laws.

Governor Green has attached his signature to the following bills, thus making them laws:

Senate, No. 87, exempting from service on juries all members of the New Jersey Pharmaceutical Association, provided they file a certificate of their membership in the County Clerk's office.

Senate, No. 132, providing that Savings Banks shall pay an annual tax on the amount of their deposits of one-half of one per cent; provided, however, that this act shall not apply to Savings Banks having a capital stock.

House 80, providing that Prosecutors of the Pleas shall prosecute bonds that are violated when given for support of children.

House 199, making the yearly salary of the State Treasurer and Comptroller $6,000. The act not to take effect until the commencement of the next ensuing term.

IRE IN UNION SQUARE

HE UNION SQUARE THEATRE COMPLETELY GUTTED.

ree Alarms Sent Out—The Morton House Badly Damaged—Firemen and Others Injured—Theatre's History.

NEW YORK, Feb 29.—Shortly after one clock yesterday an alarm of fire was ut out calling the department to Fourth street and Broadway, where it as discovered that the Union Square eatre was burning. Immediately a second and third alarms was sounded.

The police reserves of the Fourteenth, ghteenth and Nineteenth precincts were mmunicated with, and all ordered out. Within five minutes from the time the st call for the engines was sent out the rton House and the Union Square Theare were a mass of flames, leaping out of e upper windows of the hotel in great eets, and defying the most strenuous efrts of the Fire Department to make any pression upon them.

The first seen of the fire was the glimpse policeman on the corner of Thirteenth reet and Fourth avenue caught of a ngue of flame playing around the wooden ox-like roof over the stage of the Union quare Theatre. He immediately gave the arm.

The firemen saw at once the extent of he blaze, and alarm after alarm was sent ut for assistance. By twenty minutes ast one there were 10,000 people congreated in Union Square and the police had ll they could do to keep them out of he way of the firemen.

The guests in the hotel were startled by he noise of the engines, and leaving their ooms on the upper floors, were met by louds of smoke that forced their way hrough the corridors.

Everybody got out in safety, however, nd no casualities were reported, except a ew slight bruises received by some of the uests in their headlong haste to get down tairs. Some of them jumped whole flights n their hurry.

The firemen, though, were not so fortunate. Three of these brave men, while working on the second floor, were crushed to the floor by the ceiling, which had become water soaked, falling upon them. A call for three ambulances was sent out and the injured men were taken to the New York Hospital.

The Union Square Theatre is a total loss, being completely gutted. The scenery of "Henrietta" is possibly saved, as is also that of a new piece which was to have been produced four weeks hence with an English actress as the star.

The Morton House is badly damaged, the roof burned out and the entire house seriously damaged by water and smoke.

J. M. Hill estimates his loss at $150,000. Robson and Crane saved nearly all their personal effects.

History of the Theatre.

The Union Square Theatre was opened as a variety house in September 11, 1871. The burlesque artists consisted of Messrs. Felix Rogers, George H. Coes, Schmercardi, Kelly, Morgan, Maddleton Hurley and Misses Emma Grattan, Lizzie Milmore and Belle Howitt. The ballet corps consisted of Mlles. Marie and Bertha Bonfanti, the Misses Alexandrina, Caroline Gabrinelle, Amelia Schrotter, Fanny Lucelle, Ida Ross, Ida Greenfield, Viro Tarraud, Lizzie Dark, Louise Le Comte Atherton and Nellie Stanwood.

Fred Foster, Annie Adams, and the Matthews family, all from the London music halls, made their American debut in this theatre. Among those who appeared at this theatre while it was run as a variety house were Hughey Dougherty, the minstrel, James F. Wambold, Ashroft and Morton, Mlle. Geraldine, George Leopold, Lew Rattler, J. Myers, Madeline Hardy, Martinetti-Ravel pantomine troupe. It did not pay as a variety theatre and was renovated by Shook & Palmer, who ran it as a dramatic theatre for some time. It was next leased to Shook & Collier. Last year it was leased to the present manager, J. M. Hill, who had the interior almost entirely rebuilt last Summer. The regular season was opened last Fall with Bronson Howard's comedy, "The Henrietta" which wasso successful that it kept the boards ever since.

History of the Morton House.

The Morton House was opened as a hotel over thirty years ago by Henry Wheeler. He ran it on a small scale, and sold it in 1862 to Thomas Ryan & Sons, who in turn sold it to Jim Morton in 1880. It was known up to this time as the Union Place Hotel. When Mr. Morton took it the name was changed to the Morton House. After Mr. Morton's death the widow married Charles Vernam, who became proprietor of the hotel. Mr. Vernam fitted up the cafe at an expense of $150,000.

REMALEY IMUST NOW ANSWER.

For a Murder Committed Four Years Ago He Will at Last Be Tried.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 29.—After four years the case of Henry Remaley, indicted jointly with Bowser, Weston, Blakely and others, for the murder of Obadiah Hamaker, at the Murrysville gas well riot in 1883, is taken up in the Criminal Court.

Remaley owned the property on which the riot occurred. Bowser and Weston are now serving sentences for their part in the riot. The murder of Hamaker occurred during a dispute over the possession of the gas well drilled in the Murrysville district.

Hamaker and Weston claimed to have leased the property. Special armed guards were employed by Weston and Bowser to guard the well. In the conflict with rifles and pitchforks which followed Hamaker was killed.

Two Girls Killed By a Train.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 29.—Julia and Kate Ford were killed at Frankfort Station by the New York express yesterday. The girls alighted from a way train from Philadelphia and had to cross the tracks. The express flew by without slacking speed and dashed the poor girls to pieces. The crossing is a dangerous one, and many petitions have been made to have the grade lowered.

Both Sides Want to Fight.

MASSOWAH, Feb. 29.—Scouts bring in news that the Negus, on Friday last, arrived at Debaros, nineteen miles from Asmara. He was accompanied by Ras Alula and had many troops. With the Abyssinians advancing and the Italians impatient for battle, action cannot long be delayed.

Carnegie's Iron Firm Shuts Down.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 29.—The iron firm of Carnegie, Phippe & Co. has banked its furnace and one thousand men are thrown out of work.

ECHOES FROM THE STRIKE

CHICAGO KNIGHTS WILL NOT OPPOSE THE BROTHERHOOD.

All the Trains Tied Up—New Recruits From New York—An Attempt to Disdble a Mail Train.

CHICAGO, Feb. 29.—The situation of the great strike now stands about this way: The whole system is seriously crippled; a percentage of the vacant posts have been filled; the Knights of Labor in Chicago have protested against any move on the part of their members to take the places of the strikers; there was a tendency to extend the strike to any line giving the least aid and comfort to the C., B. & Q., and the striking engineers and firemen will not take out mail trains, even though no passengers or freight are carried. There has been no violence at any point and both sides seem confident.

The fast Western mail went out as usual at three yesterday. Just on the outskirts of the city it was discovered that an attempt had been made to disable the engine by putting a coupling pin in the guides. The discovery was made just in time to prevent the cylinder head from being knocked out. The train proceeded.

The fast mail from the West, due here at daylight, was not in up to 10 o'clock. The suburban trains are running fair. All passengers are taken care of.

Last evening Assistant Superintendent Howland, of the Burlington road, and Superintendent of Mails Troy from the postoffice, called on Chief Engineer Arthur at his hotel.

"I have come for information," said Mr. Howland addressing Mr. Arthur. "I have understood from Mr. Stone that no objection would be raised by your men to taking out the fast mail train which leaves at 3 o'cloek to-morrow morning, provided it contained nothing but mail. I am now told by the men that they will not take the train out without orders from you or the United States Marshal. What are the facts?"

"Our position is this," replied Mr. Arthur. "We will offer no obstruction to the carrying of the mails, and were this mail en route to this city we should bring it in, provided the passenger coaches were cut off. But we are under no obligation to start the mail from a centre of distribution. The 'Q' Company has a contract with the Government for carrying the mail; let them carry it or forfeit their contract." Turning to the Postoffice official he added: "We stand ready to settle the trouble on a fair and equitable basis: you should bring such an influence to bear on the company as to bring about its settlement. We cannot take out the mail train, gentlemen."

"Very well," responded Mr. Howland, "I have understood, and I think Mr. Stone understood, from Mr. Hogue of the grievance committee, that the mail service would be handled, and if that were so I wanted to avail myself of that advantage."

"I may not have made myself entirely clear to Mr. Stone," said Mr. Hogue, "but what I meant to say is just what Mr. Arthur says."

DENVER, Col., Feb. 29.—The only train that left here yesterday was the Chicago express. It was a mixed train. The strikers are very quiet and the situation is unchanged.

SCRANTON, Pa., Feb. 29.—A letter will appear this week in the *Knights of Labor Journal* from the pen of General Master Workman Powderly on the strike. It will go into a brief review of the cases in which the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers has deserted the knights to the latter's serious injury, but will advise knights to take the places of the Burlington strikers and let the brotherhood have a monopoly on the "scab" business.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 29.—The rumored tie-up on the Rock Island is unfounded. The trains were running as usual yesterday morning. The situation on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy is unchanged, but officials predict a settlement before the close of the week.

QUINCY, Ill., Feb. 29.—The General Agent of the C., B. & Q. is here and has asked protection from a sheriff's posse, and six policemen are on duty at the depot. The only train out this morning was the Chicago mail and express. The strikers took possession of the engine and threatened the engineer, refusing to allow him to mount. The policemen assisted him and drove off the strikers and the engine pulled out for Galesburg, amid the jibes and jeers of the crowd.

Protection has been asked for the United States mail train. No train has gone out on the Hannibal and St. Joe since yesterday noon and none on the Louisiana branch since Saturday evening. On the St. Louis, Kansas and Northwestern trains nearly on time were run by master mechanics and roadmasters.

GALESBURG, Feb. 29.—Nearly all the trains left yesterday forenoon on time. Five brotherhood engineers loyal to the company have been expelled by the brotherhood, and will be published. Numbers of engineers from the East are arriving. The strikers are quiet.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Feb. 29.—All the "Q" trains are running, but late. The strikers are firm and confident. There is no violence. The strikers are excluded from the yards and round houses. Extra policemen are on duty. Some strikers remain jeering at scabs, but the better class are absent.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 29.—The employing agent of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy has secured nearly a hundred Knights of Labor engineers, to take the places of the brotherhood men who are on strike.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 29.—Fifty locomotive engineers in charge of Pinkerton detectives arrived in this city yesterday morning from New York on route to Chicago to accept positions on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy. They traveled in a special car and stopped here for an hour. They were closely watched by the Brotherhood engineers, but no interview was allowed. Some of the engineers were members of the Knights of Labor.

T. H. Barry, a member of the General Executive Board of the Knights of Labor, was here yesterday morning. He says Powderly is not in Chicago. Barry denounces the Brotherhood engineers for their action in the Reading strike and also in the great Southwest strike. He says the Knights of Labor order will not direct its engineers to accept positions on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, but there is such a bitter feeling in the order against the Brotherhood that he would not be surprised should some of the Knights' engineers go to work on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy.

READING, Feb. 29.—Some thirty striking Reading engineers have gone to Chicago, fifteen having left yesterday. Henry Fox, a well known engineer of Pottsville, received a telegram from General Manager Stone, who ordered all engineers to report to R. J. Linden at Philadelphia. He also stated that William Forsythe, an official of his company, would arrive at the Continental Hotel, Philadelphia, to-day, directing the men wishing employment as engineers to report to him there for examination.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING FEB. 22, 1887.

Barker, Mrs N R	Low Ellen P
Crane, Mrs G C	McWrey, John
Davison, W E	Opdyke, Mary E
Gill, Maggie	Steward, Matilda
Hooper, Theodore	Scott, Winfried
Hall, Margaret L	Stevens, Hattie
Hinkle, Bessie B	Stokly, Daniel
Johnson, Ella	Sarsig, Mamie
Kennedy, Luella	Thompson, Lizzie
King, Hatie (2)	Thompson, Mrs Dr
Kane, Andrew	Wheeler, W G
Lindsley, Mrs R. W.	Watt, Lizzie
Leich, John	Waits, Gennie
	Yonsor, Mary

Persons calling for above please say advertised
W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 8.50, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—8.50 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.30 a. m. to 10.30 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Owners of lock-boxes coming without their keys will please apply for their mail at the Side Delivery Window. Office Closed after 10 A.M. on all National Holidays.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

BARRETT—In this city Feb. 27, 1888, of inflammatory rheumatism, Anna H., daughter of Wm. L. and Martha L. Barrett, aged 2 years, 5 months and 3 days.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

TO LET—$22.50, or for sale, $3,250; 9 rooms, French roof house. Arlington avenue, opposite Arlington Place. AUG. VAN DEVENTER. 2-28-3-1-3

TO RENT—House on Craig Place containing 11 rooms; all improvements. Five minutes walk from depot. Inquire of P. M. French. 2-27-3

FRESH LAID COUNTRY EGGS delivered daily. Only market prices charged. Give me a trial. Address Box 1,071. 2-24-6

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—39 West Front street, Plainfield. Call or address the owner, Wm. Battenfeld, (Bakery) 39 Mott Street, New York. 2-23-6

THE CELEBRATED LUCCA SWEET OIL, BY the gallon, imported by L. Paoli, fruit dealer, No. 16 North Ave. 2-7-tf

WANTED—Good, Honest, Reliable Men as agents, in Plainfield, Somerville, etc. Salary guaranteed and commission. Good reference and bond required. P V. Huff, Ass't Supt., Somerville, or H. J. Strateméyer, Jr., Sup't., 233 Broad street, Elizabeth, N. J. 2-7-1m

A VERY DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM TO LET, with board, at No. 31 W. Second St. A few table boarders can also be accommodated. 1-4-tf

BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!—The report having been circulated in Plainfield that there were no SOMERVILLE BRICK to be had, the public are hereby notified that we have a large stock of *first-class brick* on hand, which we are selling at the lowest market prices. ROSS' Brick-Yard, Somerville, N. J. 12-20-tf

TO LET—HOUSE CORNER SIXTH AND DIvision Streets, furnished or unfurnished; for boarding or private use: in good order; all improvements. Rent very low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Eaton, Division Street, between 5th and 6th. 12-6-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS, FOR GENTLEMEN only, over the Post Office. ELIZABETH SCHORR. 9-22-tf

FOR SALE—MY PROPERTY ON WEST SECond Street. Price Moderate. Terms easy. T. H. TOMLINSON, M. D. 20-6-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO HORSE "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson ave. and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'Reilly Bros., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city. my20tf

Democrats of North Plainfield.

A meeting is to be held in French's Hall, Somerset street, North Plainfield, this (Wednesday) evening.

Signed,
SAMUEL TOWNSEND, Pres.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

The subscriber, surviving Executor of the Estate of Gideon Wooden, deceased, offers for sale a tract of land containing about

22 ACRES,

With a frontage of about 1,660 feet on Park avenue, and about 1,160 feet on Randolph road. This tract is beautifully located to lay out building plots. For full particulars, map, etc., call on

E. R. POPE, Executor,

No. 6 EAST FRONT ST., Plainfield, N. J.
2-29-w&s-8

TUNIS J. CAREY,

51 West Front Street,

All kinds of Second Hand

FURNITURE,

Including Carpets, Bedding & Stoves,

Bought and Sold.

I manufacture first-class Mattresses, and sell them at *WHOLESALE PRICES*, as you will be convinced by calling.

Furniture Repaired with Neatness and Promptness.

2-29tf

SEVERAL NEW and ELEGANT

Pianos and Organs

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale

VERY CHEAP!

A. Vanderbeek, 33 Park Ave.

2-27-tf

"M. H. A."

MUSIC HALL!

TO-NIGHT!

JAMES O'NEILL

PRESENTING

MONTE CRISTO

With a Brilliant Cast, Elaborate New Scenery, Realistic Stage Pictures painted expressly for this Play.

Grand Effects! Correct Appointments! and Appropriate Costumes!

The Entire Production *PERFECT IN EVERY DETAIL.*

Prices as usual. Sale of seats begin at Field & Randolph's and J. G. Miller's, Feb. 27. 2-23-6

RUNYON & CO., Furniture dealers and Upholsterers, at Green's old stand, Park Ave. and 2d Streets, will make a specialty of having all grades of work from the commonest deal kitchen table to the finest art drawing room furnishings of Palmer & Embury and P. H. Rhoner manufacture. 2-27

A BICYCLE FOR SALE.

52 Inch Expert Full Nickelled. Fine Condition. Two Saddles and all Fixtures Complete. Will sell at a BARGAIN. Owner leaving the city. DRAWER G., Plainfield P. O.

THE PLAINFIELD

WALL PAPER WAREHOUSE,

COR. PARK & NORTH AVES., [2D FLOOR.]

Wall Paper at Wholesale and Retail.

DESIGNERS ON THE PREMISES.

SPECIAL DESIGNS TO ORDER.

Prices Low. Terms Strictly CASH.

EDWARD LOVE, Proprietor.
2-28-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between P. W. McDONOUGH and H. J. MARTIN, at No. 20 Somerset street, under the firm name of McDonough & Martin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. H. J. Martin will continue the business at the old stand, and will receipt for all bills due the late firm, and pay all claims against the same.

PETER W. McDONOUGH,
HORACE J. MARTIN.
2-35-6

"M. H. A."

MUSIC HALL,

FRIDAY, MARCH 2nd, 1888.

THATCHER, PRIMROSE & WEST'S

45—GREAT ARTISTS—45

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME!

Archery Club Song and Dance (New), Volunteer Fire Brigade (New).

A rollicking burlesque on New York's latest melodramatic success, A DARK SECRET, entitled

A BLACK SECRET

INCIDENTAL.—The "Volunteer-Thistle" Yacht Race. Our Steam Launch, the "Black Secret." The Dance of the Dolls. The Trained Donkey. The Hanlon Beach Rack. Five Cubic Feet of Real Water. Our leading lady (N.B.—No substitute) will be hurled headlong into this immense body of genuine water by our Heavy Villian, and triumphantly rescued by our Waterproof Hero. Prices 50, 75 & 1.00. Sale of seats begin Feb'y 28, at J. G. Millers' and Field & Randolph's Pharmacies.

IF YOU WANT A PIANO,

You want the Best;

You want it Guaranteed;

You want the Lowest Price;

And You Want Everything

That only I can--and will--offer you.

J. A. DEMAREST,

No. 3 North Avenue,

Sole Agent for the PEASE pianos.

I refer to those now owning these celebrated instruments in this city. 2-24

A Victor Tricycle,

Second Hand but in Good Condition.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

Address,
TRICYCLE,
PRESS Office.
2-24

YOU CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

LEWIS B. CODDINGTON,

[Successor to T. J. Carey.]

Furniture and Freight Express,

OFFICE—51 W. FRONT St.,
Nearly opposite Laing's Hotel.

LARGE COVERED VANS or TRUCKS. Goods delivered to any part of the U. S. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable. P. O. Box 329. Piano moving a specialty. 1-7-tf

PECK'S CORNER.

Dress Trimmings

Neat and New, can be Found AT

PECK'S

We Claim Nothing

Except that we have our Goods made by the *LEADING MANUFACTURERS.*

THEY ARE GOOD GOODS!

We keep the *STYLES, SIZES* and *WIDTHS.* We *QUOTE NO PRICES IN NEWSPAPERS,* but the

Prices are all RIGHT, and we keep the STOCK.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

[THE ONE-PRICE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.]

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10mv

C. FRANK FRENCH,

69 SOMERSET ST.,

Telephone, 32. *P. O. Box* 1,062.

DEALER IN

FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, HAY, STRAW, ETC.

Sole agent for Whitney & Wilson's Celebrated FLOUR,

THE SHAWMUT.

Guaranteed equal to *ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.*

TRY IT!

Sold by—Barkelew & Dunn, R. MacDonald & Son, R. W. Rice & Co. and Sharkey & Blimm. 1-30 tf

A. F. WARDEN. B. J. FOWLER.

WARDEN & FOWLER,

Wholesale and Retail

CONFECTIONERS,

NO. 29 PARK AVENUE,

between North ave. and Second street,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Candies manufactured daily on the premises. Prices Low; Goods First-Class. Also a full line of Wallace's Celebrated Confectionery. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. 9-10-tf

STEPHEN O. STAATS,

Real Estate Broker

AND

FIRE INSURANCE.

No. 39 North Ave., opp. R. R. Station.

Residence—No. 16 WEST 2D STREET.

P. O. BOX 1,277. PLAINFIELD, N. J.

New York Office with J. BLEECKER & SON, 150 Broadway. 2-4-tf

GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES,

Opera Glasses,

Gold and Silver-Headed Canes,

Gold and Silver Jewelry,

—Solid and Plated.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

AT DOANE'S,

9 PARK AVENUE. 12-16-tf

JOHN G. HABERLE,

Manufacturer of

Fine Cigars. Clear Havana Cigars a Specialty.

No. 17 SOMERSET ST. 12-1-1y

CITY PHARMACY.

21 *WEST FRONT STREET. PLAINFIELD, N. J.*

CITY PHARMACY DENTINE—Beautifies the Teeth.

COMPOUND WILD CHERRY SYRUP—Cures Coughs, Colds, &c.

CLOTH CLEANSER—Removes Grease Spots, &c.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED AT REASONABLE PRICES.

SUNDAY HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 4 to 9 p. m., for the Sale of *Medicines Only.* Telephone Call 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
PROPRIETORS.
12-2-tf

100 DOZEN

Silver Knives, Forks and Spoons

To hire for *FESTIVALS AND PARTIES,*

At Collier's, 3 Park Avenue,

WATCHMAKER, JEWELER AND ENGRAVER.
Established, 19 *YEARS.* N. B.—NO BOTCHING. 1-14-tf

DON'T FAIL TO CALL AT DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S

JEWELERS, 13 Park Avenue,

To select your

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S

PRESENTS. Their stock of Goods

Cannot be Beaten, either in Quality or Price.

12-21-tf

OUR BUSY CONGRESSMEN

A CAUSTIC DEBATE ON THE G. A. R. PENSION BILL.

The Tariff Bill to Be Heard To-morrow. What the Bill Provides for—Cigarmakers Before the Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The members of the Grand Army of the Republic again had possession of the Senate chamber, and their friends and enemies indulged in some very vigorous talk yesterday. Manderson, Davis, Plumb, Blair, Hoar, Teller, and one or two others on the Republican side crossed swords with Beck, Blackburn, Faulkner and a few more. Senator Plumb referred to the possible action of the President on the present bill and was promptly called to order. Mr. Beck savagely replied to Plumb and the other Senators, and vigorously defended the President. Plumb said he had no particular reverence for the President as a man. Individually he was but a man to him. Then he dropped into poetry and said Mr. Cleveland was but a primrose on the river's bank. He would discuss his actions if he chose. Several Senators put in a word for the Grand Army, and pleaded for justice for the old veterans. Joe Blackburn who had been intently listening to the proceedings, finally obtained the floor and made the big speech of the day. He said that there is but one well-organized, fully equipped, and efficient political organization in the country, and that is the society of the Grand Army of the Republic. Senators Hoar, Manderson and others replied to Blackburn in rather caustic language, and the former defended the Grand Army members as veterans who were deserving of the utmost deference that could be paid them. Blackburn returned to the fight and accused the Republican Senators of repeatedly and persistently violating the the rule by referring to the President's action. Then he expressed the hope that if the bill passed the Senate it would die in the House, or if it passed the House that the President would veto it. In the midst of the debate, some of the Senators not liking the drift it was taking, put a stop to it by securing an executive session. The battle will be continued to-day at the point where it was left off yesterday morning.

Chairman Mills, of the Ways and Means Committee, yesterday authorized a positive statement to the effect that the Tariff bill will be reported to the full committee and given to the pubic at the regular meeting of the committee on March 1st. At the meeting which was held yesterday, the injunction of secrecy which has been laid on the members from the beginning, was strongly renewed, and they consequently very reluctant to talk upon the contents of the measure. Enough has been gathered, however, to authorize the following absolute statement:

The bill will add to the free list, wool, lumber, salt, tinplate, jute, hemp, flax, manilla and other fibers as well as a number of chemicals used in the manufactures. Large cuts are made in all wearing apparel into the composition of which wool enters. In the coarser grades and in flannels this cut amounts to nearly one-half, although it is not so deep in the finer grades. The duty on sugar is reduced 20 per cent. The bill contains no proposition to reduce the existing duties on jewelry, precious stones and articles of luxury of that kind.

Neither is any reduction proposed on furs. The administrative features which were reported from the Ways and Means Committee on the last Congress embraced in their recent bill, and the jobbing and outrageous discrimination between woolen goods and worsted goods of the same value which is now closing and almost bankrupting so many manufacturing establishments, will be corrected. The total amount of revenue reduction contemplated by the bill in its tariff features is about fifty-three millions, while the internal revenue will be reduced to the extent of about twenty-two millions, making the total reduction about seventy-five millions.

Representatives of the Cigarmakers' International Union from New York, Boston and Baltimore, were before the subcommitte of the Ways and Means Committee on internal revenue. They stated that they represented 25,000 laborers, and asked that the existing duties on cigars, cigarettes and cheroots should be maintained on the ground that the reduction of these duties would not inure to the benefit of the producer of tobacco, but would hurt the men employed in the manufacture of the articles made.

The House yesterday passed the bill providing for the erection of an Appraisers' building and perhaps a new Custom House in New York. It authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase a site at a cost of not over $850,000, for a building for the Appraisers' department, and to erect on it at a cost not to exceed $650,000, a building which shall be "plain and without porticos, towers or needless ornamentation. Or the Secretary may, in his discretion, purchase a site large enough for a new Custom House, as well as the Appraisers' building," or two sites, near to each other, for the two buildings, but the cost not to exceed $1,500,000. In this case, however, appropriation is made of $350,000 for the Appraisers' building only, and the appropriating of money for a new Custom House is left to future Congresses. Congressman Cox was the leading supporter of the bill. It passed unanimously.

Senator Vance presented a bulky petition which he said came from 3,000 people not citizens of Illinois or New Jersey, but residing in the city of Washington, praying that no law be enacted establishing prohibition in the District of Columbia. A few moments later Senator Cullom put in a petition praying that prohibition legislation be enacted, and saying that it did not come from the citizens of the District of Columbia. Then the able Senators smiled at each other, and business was resumed.

A Blaze in the "Five Points."

NEW YORK, Feb. 29.—Fire broke out on the fourth floor of No. 54 Park street a few minutes before 4 o'clock last night. Donaldson Bros. occupied the whole of both buildings. They employ about 150 men and women, and are probably the largest lithographic printers in the country. Their loss will be about $35,000, one-fourth of which is to the building. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Gov. Green Vetoes the High License Bill.

TRENTON, Feb. 29.—Governor Green's veto of the County Option—High License bill came into the House of Assembly yesterday afternoon just before the usual time for adjournment. It was taken up immediately, read through, listened to with respect and laid over until to-day, under the rule of the constitution.

Burning of a Large Cotton Mill.

LONDON, Feb. 29.—Green's cotton mill, at Blackburn, containing 22,000 spindles, has been destroyed by fire. The loss is $100,000.

IRONCLAD TEMPERANCE BILL.

Only Registered Pharmacists Will Be Allowed to Sell Liquor.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 29—The joint committee of both Houses of the State Legislature has prepared a bill for the sale of liquors. It authorizes permits to sell only to registered pharmacist. Applications for permits must be made to the district judge in open court and must be signed by a majority of the property owners in the ward and not less than twenty-five women, the wives of property holders. A bond is also required in the sum of $3,000. The statements set forth in the application must be proved in open court and any person may appear to resist the application. Permits can only be granted to each 2,500 of population. If no pharmacists apply the court may appoint some discreet person to sell. All liquors must be purchased through the County auditor by those holding permits. Purchasers from pharmacists must make oath to their application, and if not known to the pharmacist, must be identified. The penalty for false statement of a purchaser is the same as for perjury. No liquors can be sold to minors, intoxicated persons or those in the habit of getting intoxicated. The penalty for violation by a pharmacist is a fine of $100 and all the penalties of the Clark law.

It is an ironclad bill throughout and will effectually close out the drug store saloons.

Foreign Notes.

LONDON, Feb. 29.—Mr. Hoare, Liberal-Unionist, was yesterday elected without opposition to the House of Commons for Hampstead to fill the vacancy caused by the elevation of Sir Henry Holland, Colonial Secretary to the peerage.

The *Daily News* says that Mr. Blunt's friends have been informed that Mr. Blunt has been subjected to harsher treatment in prison since the trial.

LIMERICK, Feb. 29.—Mr. Cox, Member of Parliament, who was sentenced to a months' imprisonment for making a speech inciting tenants to conspiracy, was released yesterday. A crowd gathered to greet him on his release and Mr. Cox made a speech, denouncing Chief Secretary Balfour and maintaining that the National League was stronger than ever. He was afterwards presented with numerous addresses.

Returning Stolen Money.

BANGOR, Me.—Feb. 29.—About $30,000 taken at the time of the time of the Peter Bennett robery has been sent to this city by friends of the prisoners will be turned over to the court by an uncle of Whitney Weitney had a farm in his own name at the time of his arrest, and this he made over while in jail to his father, whose home it was. Peter Bennett heard of this and placed an attachment upon it. The reward notice issued by Bennett reads that $1,000 will be paid for the arrest of the burglars and $4,000 for the return of the money The relatives of Whitney, by returning the money, hope to get the reward and with this redeem the farm, allowing the officers who made the arrests to divide only the $1,000. It was understood last night that the Chief-Justice would not consent to that sort of a deal.

Reducing the Price of Coal.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 29.—The Reading Railroad Company reduced its price of coal at the mines to $2.25 per ton and announced the following prices for March for anthracite for shipment beyond the Delaware capes and from Elizabethport, N. J.: from Port Richmond, hard white ash lump and steamboat coal, $4.25; broken, $4; egg, $4.15; stove, $4.65; chestnut, $4.40; free burning white ash broken, $3.85; egg, $4; stove, $4.65; chestnut, $4.40. From Elizabethport, hard white ash lump and steamboat coal, $4.50; broken, $4.25; egg, $4.40; stove, $4.85; chestnut, $4.65; free burning white ash broken, $4.15; egg, $4.25; stove, $4.85; chestnut, $4.65.

Affairs of the Lehigh Coal Company.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 29.—The Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company had its annual meeting yesterday. The annual report of the Board of Managers was adopted and the agreement with the Central Railroad Company of New Jersey was ratified. The agreement with the Jersey Central is in effect a better security for the $2,310,000 gold loan falling due Dec. 15, 1887, in the shape of a deposit in pledge with a trust company. The 7 per cent. interest to be paid by the company on account of the construction of the Lehigh and Susquehanna Railroad has accumulated, making the construction account amount to over $900,000.

A Non-Union Man Badly Beaten.

MCCOOK, Neb. Feb. 29.—A non-unionist engineer who was running an engine in the yards here yesterday, was requested to quit work by the brotherhood men. On his refusing to do so, he was dragged from the cab and almost beaten to death. The strikers then killed the engine. The leaders of the assault were arrested, taken before a justice and bound over. This action has so incensed the strikers that fears are entertained for the safety of the town. A request has been telegraphed to Lincoln that the militia be ordered out.

No Interference With Carriage of Mails.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The Postoffice Department has been in constant communication with officials of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road yesterday, and reports that all mails on that road have gone out on time and will continue to do so. Postmaster General Dickinson said last evening that the matter had been satisfactorily arranged, and there will be no interference with the carriage of mails on the road.

Lehigh Miners to Resume Work.

HAZELTON, Penn., Feb. 29.—Linderman & Skeer one of the largest coal mining firms id the Lehigh regions announced yesterday that that they will resume on Thursday morning next. This announcement the is result of a settlement with their employes by the terms of which the men are to go back to work unconditionally. The firm employs 1,200 hands.

Run Into By a Burlington Freight.

CHICAGO, Feb. 29.—A dispatch from Rock Island, Ill., says: "Passenger train No. 1 on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road last evening was run into by a freight on the Mendota branch of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy at East Clinton, near Fulton Junction. The Milwaukee engine and mail and express cars were all demolished and the baggage car was turned over

Boulanger Again in Trouble.

PARIS, Feb. 29—The connivance of Gen. Boulanger with the promoters of his candidacy in the districts where elections for vacancies in the Chamber of Deputies were held on Sunday, has been proved. The ministers are consideritg the question of punishing him.

SKATES!

Club Skates!

Ladies' Skates!

And all other Kinds of SKATES!

Sleighs! Coasters!

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

—AND—

Sporting Goods!

Can be obtained at the new firm of

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.,

At 33 PARK AVENUE.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

my10-1y

-:Black Stockings:-

That will NOT FADE, CROCK, or STAIN the FEET. Try a Pair of

SMITH & ANGELL'S

Black Stockings, and you will wear no other kind.

The color cannot be removed by acids—in fact washing improves the color.

☞The dye being vegetable does not INJURE the GOODS.

Every pair warranted as above, and if not found as represented, RETURN THEM and your MONEY will be REFUNDED.

SOLD ONLY BY

Howard A. Pope,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

my10y1

R. W. RICE & Co.,

[Successor to Wm. H. Shotwell.]

FINE GROCERIES,

Fruits and Vegetables

IN THEIR SEASON.

North Plainfield, - New Jersey.

CORNER DUER & EMILY STREETS.

1-12-tf

W. MESSERSCHMIDT,

Hats, Caps and Gent's Furnishing Goods,

23½ West Front Street, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

CLOTHING CLEANED AND REPAIRED.

10-4-tf

GO TO

"ADAMS',"

10 PARK AVENUE,

For PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, WINDOW GLASS, ETC.

Fine lot of

Paper Hangings

IN STOCK.

Orders Taken for Paper Hanging and Decorating.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

7-11-tf

DROP IN

and see for yourself my superior stock of

HATS, CAPS,

AND

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

Also our elegant line of

NECK - WEAR.

A. C. HORTON,

(Successor to F. A. Pope.)

NO. 5 W. FRONT STREET.

9-20-y

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE.

my10tf

Professional Cards.

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong.

5-27-tf

WM. K. MCCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law.

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.

Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot.

my9

B. FOSGATE,

Architect,

North avenue, opposite depot.

PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors-at-Law,

Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

O. L JENKINS, M. D.,

Homoeopathist.

(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law.

Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.

Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

DR. PLATT,

90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.

Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

R. V. SAUMS,

Carpenter and Builder.

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work. 9-15-tf

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter and Builder

OFFICE—4 WEST THIRD STREET,

Shop, South Second St., PLAINFIELD, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED. 11-22-tf

C. E. JOHNSON,

[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,]

CARPENTER and BUILDER.

Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.

☞JOBBING A SPECIALTY.☜ my10tf

C. NIELSEN,

Carpenter and Builder,

31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. ☞Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder.

Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,

Undertakers and Embalmers.

58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37.

Office of Hillside Cemetery.

A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,

Funeral Directors.

and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 29 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44. Personal attendance night or day by GEORGE M. STILES. my9tf

P. HOAGLAND'S

City Express.

Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

S. E. FLOWER,

Picture Frames.

of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

CARL PETERSON,

Florist

Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Cut Flowers at Low Prices Beautiful designs for weddings and funerals. 10-28m3

A. SWALM.

Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,

Paper Hanging A Specialty.

No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,

Bookseller and Stationer.

No. 7 Park Avenue.

A full line Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,

Livery Stables.

North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

CHARLES E. RUNK,

Coal Dealer.

39 NORTH AVENUE.

Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-30 y

USE

CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON

Best Six Cord,

For Hand and Machine use. For sale by

I. LEDERER.

1-2-6m No. 9 WEST FRONT STREET.

GREAT MARK DOWN SALE

to clear out most of our Large Stock of

WINTER GOODS.

in order that we may have more room to make improvements in our store.

A REDUCTION OF THIRTY PER CENT. has been made on all our CLOAKS, WRAPS, NEWMARKETS and WOOLEN GOODS.

An Immense Reduction in Prices on our Comfortables, Blankets, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc., will also be found.

LEDERER'S,

No. 9 West Front Street.

1-2-6m

TRY OUR

QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-16-t

GEO. D. MORRISON,

FLOUR AND FEED STORE,

NORTH AVE., OPP. RAILROAD DEPOT.

JUST RECEIVED—A full line of POULTRY FOOD, BEEF SCRAPS, BONE MEAL, OYSTER SHELLS, EGG FOOD, ETC. 11-29-tf

WEST END COAL YARD

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

ALL SIZES of COAL $5.50 PER TON.

Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1

WALTER L. HETFIELD. JOHN M' HETFIELD.

FRANK LINKE,

Bottler

of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

H. C. DRAKE,

House Painter.

Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,

Furniture and Freight Express.

P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

ROBERT JAHN,

Tin and Coppersmith,

Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

To-Night and To-Morrow Night,

And each day and night during this week one can get at R. J. Shaw's, Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, acknowledged to be the most successful remedy ever sold for the cure of Coughs, Croup, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma and Consumption. Get a bottle *to-day* and keep it always in the house, so you can check your cold at once. Price 50c. and $1.00. Sample bottles free. 8-16-y

ARNOLD,

The Grocer.

Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,

North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

VALENTINES!

All Kinds and Low Prices, at

ALLEN'S, the Stationer,

No. 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

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J. C. POPE & CO,

INSURANCE AGENTS,

No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,

Lumber and Coal Merchants,

CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,

PLAINFIELD.

☞All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.☜

ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,

WESTFIELD, N. J.

FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.

BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.

GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD,

DEALER IN

Lumber and Masons' Materials,

OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

J. W. VANSICKLE,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Fresh and Salt Meats,

etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,

Furniture Dealer,

21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—8-25-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect December 8, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.00, 8.19, 8.35, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.55, 7.03, 5.39, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.29, 6.59, 7.29, 7.58, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.54, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05, 6.55, 7.03, 8.29, 9.18, 11.23, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.05, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.54, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.50, 11.15 p. m. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, 11.30, 11.44 a.m. 2.02, 3.30, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 6.58, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9 29, 10.45, 12.43, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.34, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 7.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.40, 8.15, 8.40, 11.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.05, 9.21, a. m., 2.02, 4.34, 5.02, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.34, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, etc. Sundays, to Easton.

8.05, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.02, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.02 and 5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.

6,02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m.

For Perth Amboy—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m. 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

For Matawan—3.27, 5.43, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sunday—8.57 a. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.05*, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m., 1.15, night. Sunday—5.10*, 9.39, a. m., 6.24, p. m., 1.22, night.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 7.30*, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.45, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.20, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.00*, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

FISHER & MONFORT,

PHOTOGRAPHERS,

15 East Front St., near the Post Office.

CABINETS, $3.50 PER DOZEN.

All the latest improvements in Photography.

No extra charge for Children or Babies.

CHAS. W. FISHER. G. WM. MONFORT.

my10y1

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

☞ *Goods Delivered to any part of the city.* ☜

8-2-tf

George R. Rockafellow,

(Successor to W. N. Rowe.)

HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE

PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

9-8-t

Howell & Hardy,

Fancy and Staple Groceries,

CHOICE TEA, COFFEE AND SPICES.

Creamery and Dairy Butter,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c.,

North Avenue, Opposite Depot,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

11-26-tf

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Stoves & Ranges,

Cutlery,

Sleigh Bells.

Skates,

13 EAST FRONT STREET,

Next Post Office.

OPIUM SMUGGLING.

Indications of its Enormous Extent Between Ontario and the United States.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 29.—American authorities, as British Columbia members of Parliament state, are awakening to a realization of the enormous extent to which the smuggling of contraband opium is carried on between that province and the United States. In six years the importation of crude opium for refining purposes into British Columbia has increased from 17,000 to 105,000 pounds. The Celestials pay the duty to the Canadian Government. Last year's figures show an increase of 33⅓ per cent. over the previous year. There are now in operation near and at Victoria thirteen opium factories, any one of which is sufficient to meet the local demands. The output is sent across the line, but the returns show no receipts of duty. Several experts from China have arrived lately to run the business.

Members think that measures should be taken to restrict the traffic in the interests of the public, as the whites are acquiring the opium habit.

Tubeworkers Win by Arbitration.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 29.—The six thousand tubeworkers of Pittsburg are jubilant. In the case of the Pittsburg Tube Works Company, where the firm demanded a reduction in wages of from ten to fifteen per cent. and at last submitted to arbitration, the umpire, John Semple, Jr., has just rendered a decision in favor of the employes, who are members of the Knights of Labor. Similar reductions have been demanded in four other large tube works, but this is supposed to settle all.

A New Date Probable.

CHICAGO, Feb. 29.—The fact that the national conventions of the Prohibitionists and Democrats are fixed for the same day, has aroused the Eastern Prohibition leaders, and the the national headquarters are now being deluged with dispatches urging that the convention be held May 30. Gen. Clinton B. Fisk also strongly favors this change. The probality is that the Prohibitionists will be first in the field.

To Move a Great Hotel.

HARRISBURG, Pa. Feb. 29.—The Dauphi Car Works have a contract to make a large number of cars for the Iron Car Company of New York, and 100 of these cars are to be used in removing the big Brighton Beach Hotel. When the hotel has been lifted onto the hundred cars, ten engines will draw the house to solid ground 600 feet away. The cars will be so arranged that there will be an equal strain on all parts of the building.

Counterfeiter McCarthy Again Captured.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 29.—John Wilson, who was arrested for passing counterfeit money, and who promptly shaved off his beard to prevent identification, has been fully identified as Pete McCarthy, known as the "king of the counterfeiters." He has given the Treasury officers more trouble than any other counterfeiter ever known.

Big Fire in Fulton Street.

NEW YORK, Feb. 29.—Fire broke out soon after 12 o'clock last night in Markowitz's cigar store, 110 Fulton street, and spread rapidly to the adjoining establishments of John Falion and Vanderburgh, Wells & Co., dealers in printers' supplies. "The Study," a saloon owned by Wm. A. Jennings, was soon ablaze and the flames climbed rapidly to the upper story of the block.

Calling a Republican Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The chairman of the Republican Senate and House Caucus Committees has issued calls for a joint Republican caucus to be held in the chambers of the house on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of naming the Republican Congressional Committee and considering questions of party policy in regard to legislation.

For and Against Anti-Trust Laws.

ALBANY, Feb. 29.—John E. Parsons and Henry Havemeyer made arguments yesterday afternoon before the Assembly Judiciary Committee in opposition to the Anti-Trust bill introduced in the Assembly by Mr. McKenna and in the Senate by Senator Canton. An argument in favor of the bill becoming a law was made by Mr. M. C. T. Crane.

France's Ultimatum to Italy.

PARIS, Feb. 29.—The Government yesterday morning intimated to Italy that proposals for the renewal of the Commercial Treaty were unalterable. Italy must accept or refuse. This is the last day to decide. Should Italy fail to come to terms, trade from March 1 will become subject to the jarring tariffs of the two countries.

To Aid Letter Carriers.

ALBANY, Feb. 29.—Mr. Cantor yesterday submitted a resolution asking the Congressional delegation of the State to unite in the support of the bills pending in Congress to reduce the hours of labor and increase the compensantation of letter carriers. It was then unanimously adopted.

Trying to Prove Stain's Alibi.

BANGOR, Me., Feb. 29.—In the Stain case the defense attemped to show that a man named Joel Richardson, resembling Stain, was mistaken for the latter on the day of the murder. Witnesses were produced to prove an alibi and were severely cross-examined by the prosecution.

One "Wet" County in Twenty-eight.

DETROIT, Feb. 29.—Twenty-eight counties in Michigan have voted for prohibition under the Local Option law. The first county to go "wet" was Washtenaw, which voted by a majority of 1,550 against prohibition.

Irish Judges Open Court.

DUBLIN, Feb. 29.—Judges Palles, Harrison and Holmes, opening the Assizes at Meath, Westmeath and Clare respectively, spoke of the improved condition of the country and pointed out the diminution of serious crime.

Belgian Financiers in Russia.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 29.—Agents of the principal banks of Belgium have gone to St. Petersburg, on invitation of the Russian Minister of Finance, to confer on the subject of important financial operations.

Striking for a Nine-Hour Day.

PITTSBYTG, Pa., Feb. 29.—The painters and decorators of Allegheny County will begin a strike on Monday for a nine-hour day, with no reduction of wages.

Hearing Debate on Election Bills.

ALBANY, Feb. 29.—The Assembly Judiciary committee will give a hearing on all the "purity of election" bills on Thursday at 8:30 p. m.

THE GRANDMOTHER.

Her Influence for Good or Evil Upon Her Grandchildren.

How Her Words and Deeds May Affect Future Generations—Dr. Talmage's Eloquent Tribute to the Aged Women of America.

"The Grandmother and Her Grandchildren" was the subject of Dr. Talmage's eighth discourse in his series of "Sermons to the Women of America," and his text was from II. Timothy, 1. 5: "The unfeigned faith that is in thee, which dwelt first in thy grandmother Lois." The eloquent preacher said:

In this love letter which Paul, the old minister, is writing to Timothy, the young minister, the family record is brought out. Paul practically says: "Timothy, what a good grandmother you had. You ought to be better than most folks, because not only was your mother good, but your grandmother. Two preceding generations of piety ought to give you a mighty push in the right direction." The fact was that Timothy needed encouragement. He was in poor health, having a weak stomach, and was a dyspeptic, and Paul prescribed for him a tonic, "a little wine for thy stomach's sake;" not much wine, but a little wine, and only as a medicine. And if the wine then had been as much adulterated with logwood and strychnine as our modern wines, he would not have prescribed any.

But Timothy, not strong physically, is encouraged spiritually by the recital of grandmotherly excellence, Paul hinting to him, as I hint this day to you, that God sometimes gathers up as in a reservoir away back of the active generations of to-day a godly influence, and then in response to prayer lets down the power upon children and grandchildren and great-grandchildren. The world is woefully in want of a table of statistics in regard to what is the protractedness and immensity of influence of one good woman in the church and world. We have accounts of how much evil has been wrought by Margaret, the mother of criminals, who lived near a hundred years ago, and of how many hundreds of criminals her deccendants furnished for the penitentiary and the gallows, and how many hundreds of thousands of dollars they cost this country in their arraignment and prison support as well as in the property they burglarized or destroyed. But will not some one come out with brain comprehensive enough and heart warm enough and pen keen enough to give us the facts in regard to some good woman of a hundred years ago, and let us know how many Christian men and women and reformers and useful people have been found among her descendants, and how many asylums and colleges and churches they built, and how many millions of dollars they contributed for humanitarian and Christian purposes?

The good women whose tombstones were planted in the Eighteenth century are more alive for good in the Nineteenth century than they were before, as the good women of this Nineteenth century will be more alive for good in the Twentieth century than now. Mark you, I have no idea that the grandmothers were any better than their granddaughters. You can not get very old people to talk much about how things were when they were boys and girls. They have a reticence and non-committalism which makes me think they feel themselves to be the custodians of the reputation of their early comrades. While our dear old folks are rehearsing the follies of the present, if you put them on the witness stand and cross-examine them as to how things were seventy years ago the silence becomes oppressive.

A celebrated Frenchman by the name of Volney visited this country in 1796, and he says of women's diet in those times: "If a premium was offered for a regimen most destructive to health, none could be devised more efficacious for these ends than that in use among these people." That eclipses our lobster salad at midnight. Everybody talks about the dissipation of modern society and how womanly health goes down under it, but it was worse a hundred years ago, for the chaplain of a French regiment in our Revolutionary war wrote in 1782, in his book of American women, saying: "They are tall and well proportioned, their features are generally regular, their complexions are generally fair and without color. At twenty years of age the women have no longer the freshness of youth. At thirty or forty they are decrepit." In 1812 a foreign consul wrote a book entitled "A Sketch of the United States at the commencement of the Present Century," and he says of the women of those times: "At the age of thirty all their charms have disappeared." One glance at the portraits of the women a hundred years ago and their style of dress makes us wonder how they ever got their breath. All this makes me think that the express rail train is no more an improvement on the old canal boat, or the telegraph no more an improvement on the old saddlebags, than the women of our day are an inprovement on the women of the last century.

But still, notwithstanding that these times were so much worse than ours, there was a glorious race of Godly women seventy or a hundred years ago, who held the world back from sin and lifted it toward virtue, and without their exalted and sanctified influence before this the last good influence would have perished from the earth. Indeed, all over this land there are seated today—not so much in churches, for many of them are too feeble to come—a great many aged grandmothers. They sometimes feel that the world has gone past them and they have an idea that they are of little account. Their head sometimes gets aching from the racket of the grandchildren down stairs or in the next room. They steady themselves by the banisters as they go up and down. When they get a cold it hangs on to them longer than it used to. They can not bear to have the grandchildren punished, even when they deserve it, and have so relaxed their ideas of family discipline that they would spoil all the youngsters of the household by too great leniency. These old folks are the resort when great troubles come, and there is a calming and soothing power in the touch of an aged hand that is almost supernatural. They feel that they are almost through with the journey of life and read the old book more than they used to, hardly knowing which most they enjoy, the Old Testament or the New, and often stop and dwell tearfully over the family record half way between. We hail them to-day, whether in the house of God or at the homestead. Blessed is that household that has in it a Grandmother Lois. Where she is angels are hovering round and God is in the room. May her last days be like those lovely autumnal days that we call Indian summer.

I never knew the joy of having a grandmother; that is the disadvantage of being the youngest child of the family. The elder members only have that benediction. But though she went up out of this life before I began it, I have heard of her faith in God, that brought all her children into the kingdom and two of them into the ministry, and then brought all her grandchildren into the kingdom, myself the last and least worthy. Is it not time that you and I do two things, swing open the picture gallery of the wrinkled faces and stooped shoulders of the past, and call down from their heavenly thrones the godly grandmothers, to give them our thanks and then persuade the mothers of to-day that they are living for all time, and that against the sides of every cradle in which a child is rocked beat the two eternities!

Here we have an untried, undiscussed, and unexplored subject. You often hear about your influence upon your own children—I am not talking about that. What about your influence upon the twentieth century, upon the thirtieth century, upon the fortieth century, upon the year two thousand, upon the year four thousand, if the world lasts so long. The world stood four thousand years before Christ came; it is not unreasonable to suppose that it may stand four thousand years after His arrival. Four thousand years the world swung off in sin, four thousand years it may be swinging back into righteousness. By the ordinary rate of multiplication of the world's population in a century your descendents will be over six hundred, and by two centuries at least over a hundred thousand, perhaps two hundred thousand, and upon every one of them you, the mother of to-day, will have an influence for good or evil. And if in two centuries your decendants shall have with their names filled a scroll of hundreds of thousands, will some angel from Heaven to whom is given the capacity to calculate the number of the stars of heaven and the sands of the seashore, step down and tell us how many descendants you will have in the four thousandth year of the world's possible continuance. Do not let the grandmothers any longer think that they are retired, and sit clear back out of sight from the world, feeling that they have no relation to it. The mothers of the last century are to-day in the senates and parliaments, the palaces, the pulpits, the banking houses, the professional chairs, the prisons, the almshouses, the company of midnight brigands, the cellars, the ditches of this century. You have been thinking about the importance of having the right influence upon one nursery. You have been thinking of the importance of getting those two little feet on the right path. You have been thinking of your child's destiny for the next eighty years, if it should pass on to be an octogenarian. That is well, but my subject sweeps a thousand years, a million years, a quadrillion of years. I can not stop at one cradle, I am looking at the cradles that reach all round the world and across all time. I am not talking of mother Eunice, I am talking of grandmother Lois. The only way you can tell the force of a current is by sailing up stream; or the force of an ocean wave, by running the ship against it. Running along with it we can not appreciate the force. In estimating maternal influence we generally run along with it down the stream of time, and so we don't understand the full force. Let us come up to it from the eternity side, after it has been working on for centuries, and see all the good it has done and all the evil it has accomplished multiplied in magnificent or appalling compound interest. The difference between that mother's influence on her children now and the influence when it has been multiplied in hundreds of thousands of lives, is the difference between the Mississippi River way up at the top of the continent starting from the little Lake Itasca, seven miles long and one wide, and its mouth at the Gulf of Mexico, where navies might ride. Between the birth of that river and its burial in the sea the Missouri pours in, and the Ohio pours in, and the Arkansas pours in, and the Red, and White, and Yazoo Rivers pour in, and all the States and Territories between the Allegheny and Rocky Mountains make contribution. Now, in order to test the power of a mother's influence, we need to come in off the ocean of eternity and sail up toward the one cradle, and we will find ten thousand tributaries of influence pouring in and pouring down. But it is after all one great river of power rolling on and rolling forever. Who can fathom it? Who can bridge it? Who can stop it? Had not mothers better be intensifying their prayers? Had they not better be elevating their example? Had they not better be rousing themselves with the consideration that by their faithfulness or neglect they are starting an influence which will be stupendous after the last mountain of earth is flat, and the last sea is dried up, and the last flake of the ashes of a consumed world shall have been blown away, and all the telescopes of other worlds directed to the track around which our world once swung shall discover not so much as a cinder of the burned-down and swept-off planet? In Ceylon there is a granite column thirty-six square feet in size, which is thought by the natives to decide the world's continuance. An angel, with robes spun with zephyrs, is once a century to descend to sweep the hem of that robe across the granite, and when by that attrition the column is worn away they say time will end. But by that process that granite column would be worn out of existence before mother's influence will begin to give way.

If a mother tell a child if he is not good some bugaboo will come and catch him, the fear excited may make the child a coward, and the fact that there is no bugaboo may make him a liar, and the echo of that false alarm may be heard after fifteen generations have been born and have expired. If a mother promises a child a reward for good behavior, and after the good behavior forgets to give the reward, the cheat may crop out in some faithlessness half a thousand years further on. If a mother culture a child's vanity, and eulogize his curls, and extol the night-black or sky-blue or nut-brown of the child's eyes, and call out in his presence the admiration of spectators, pride and arrogance may be prolonged after half a dozen family records have been obliterated. If a mother express doubt about some statement of the holy Bible in a child's presence, long after the gates of this historical era have closed, and the gates of another era have opened, the result may be seen in a champion blasphemer. But, on the other hand, if a mother walking with a child see a suffering one by the wayside and says: "My child, give that ten-cent piece to that lame boy," the result may be seen on the other side of the following century in some George Muller building a whole village of orphanages. If a mother sit almost every evening by the trundle bed of a child and teach it lessons of a Saviour's love and a Saviour's example, of the importance of truth and the horror of a lie, and the virtues of industry, and kindness, and sympathy and self-sacrifice, long after the mother has gone and the child has gone, and the lettering on both the tombstones shall have been washed out by the storms of innumerable winters, there may be standing, as a result of those trundle-bed lessons, flaming evangels, world moving reformers, circulating summer fields, weeping Paysons, thundering Whitefields, emancipating Washingtons.

Good or bad influence may skip one generation or two generations, but it will be sure to land in the third or fourth generation, just as the Ten Commandments, speaking of the visitation of God on families, says nothing about the second generation, but entirely skips the second and speaks of the third and fourth generation: "Visiting the inquities of the fathers upon the third and fourth generations of them that hate me." Parental influence, right and wrong, may jump over a generation, but it will come down further on as sure as you sit there and I stand here. Timothy's ministry was projected by his grandmother, Lois. There are men and women here, the sons and daughters of the Christian church, who are such as a result of the consecration of great-great-grandmothers. Why, who do you think the Lord is? You talk as though His memory was weak. He can no easier remember a prayer five minutes than he can five centuries. This explains what we often see—some man or woman distinguished for benevolence when the father and mother were distinguished for penuriousness; or you see some young man or woman with a bad father and a hard mother come out gloriously for Christ and make the church sob and shout and sing under their exhortations. We stand in corners of the vestry and whisper over the matter and say: "How is this, such great piety in sons and daughters of such parental worldliness and sin?" I will explain it to you if you will fetch me the old family Bible containing the full record. Let some septuagenarian look with me clear upon the page of births and marriages, and tell me who that woman was with the old-fashioned name of Jemima or Betsy or Mehitabel. Ah, there she is, the old grandmother or great grandmother, who had enough religion to saturate a century.

There she is, the dear old soul, Grandmother Lois. In our beautiful Greenwood—(may we all sleep there when our work is done, for when I get up in the resurrection morning I want my congregation all around me)—in Greenwood there is the resting-place of George W. Bethune, once a minister of Brooklyn Heights, his name never spoken among intelligent Americans without suggesting two things—eloquence and evangelism. In the same tomb sleeps his grandmother, Isabella Graham, who was the chief inspiration of his ministry. You are not surprised at the poetry and pathos and pulpit power of the grandson when you read of the faith and devotion of this wonderful ancestress. When you read this letter, in which she poured out her widowed soul in longings for her son's salvation, you will not wonder that succeeding generations have been blessed:

NEW YORK, May 20, 1791.

This day my son left me in bitter wringing of heart; he is again launched on the ocean, God's ocean. The Lord saved him from shipwreck, brought him to my home, and allowed me once more to indulge my affections over him. He has been with me but a short time, and ill have I improved it; he has gone from my sight and my heart bursts with tumultuous grief. Lord have mercy on the widow's son, "the only son of his mother."

I ask nothing in all this world for him; I repeat my petition, save his soul alive, give him salvation from sin. It is not the danger of the seas that distresses me: it is not the hardship he must undergo; it is not the dread of never seeing him more in this world; it is because I can not discern the fulfillment of the promise in him. I can not discern the new birth nor its fruit, but every symptom of captivity to Satan, the world and self-will. This, this is what distresses me; and in connection with this his being shut out from ordinances at a distance from Christians; shut up with those who forget God, profane His name and break His Sabbaths; men who often live and die like beasts, yet are accountable creatures, who must answer for every moment of time and every word, thought and action. O, Lord, many wonders hast Thou shown me; Thy ways of dealing with me and mine have not been common ones; add this wonder to the rest. Call, convert, regenerate and establish a sailor in the faith. Lord, all things are possible with Thee; glorify Thy Son and extend His kingdom by sea and land; take the prey from the strong. I roll from Him over upon Thee. Many friends try to comfort me; miserable comforters are they all. Thou art the God of consolation; only confirm to me Thy precious word, on which Thou causedst me to hope in the day when Thou saidst to me: "Leave thy fatherless children; I will preserve them alive." Only let this life be spiritual life and I put a blank in thy hand as to all temporal things.

I wait for thy salvation. Amen.

With such a grandmother, would you not have a right to expect a George W. Bethune? and all the thousands converted through his ministry may date the saving power back to Isabella Graham.

God fill the earth and the heavens with such grandmothers; we must some day go up and thank these dear old souls. Surely God will let us go up and tell them of the results of their influence. Among our first questions in Heaven will be: "Where is grandmother?" They will point her out, for we would hardly know her even if we had seen her on earth, so bent over with years once and there so straight, so dim of eye through the blinding of earthly tears and now her eye as clear as Heaven, so full of aches and pains once and so agile with celestial health, the wrinkles blooming into carnation roses, and her step like the roe on the mountains. Yes, I must see her, my grandmother on my father's side, Mary McCoy, descendant of the Scotch. When I first spoke to an audience in Glasgow, Scotland, and felt somewhat diffident, being a stranger, I began by telling them my grandmother was a Scotch woman, and then there went up a shout of welcome which made me feel as easy as I do here. I must see her.

You must see those women of the early nineteenth century, the answer of whose prayers is in your welfare to-day. God bless all the aged women up and dow the land and in all lands! What a happy thing Pomponius Atticus had to say when making the funeral address of his mother: "Though I have resided with her sixty-seven years I was never once reconciled to her because there never happened the least discord between us, and consequently there was no need of reconciliation." Make it as easy for the old folks as you can. When they are sick get for them the best doctors. Give them your arm when the streets are slippery. Stay with them all the time you can. Go home and see the old folks. Find the place for them in the hymn book. Never be ashamed if they prefer styles of apparel a little antiquated. Never say anything that implies they are in the way. Make the road for the last mile as smooth as you can. O, my! how you will miss her when she is gone. I would give the house from over my head to see mother. I have so many things I would like to tell her, things that have happened in the twenty-four years since she went away. Morning, noon and night let us thank God for the good influences that have come down from good mothers all the way back. Timothy, don't forget your mother Eunice, and don't forget your grandmother Lois. And hand down to others this patrimony of blessing. Pass along the coronets. Make religion an heirloom from generation to generation. Mothers of America, consecrate yourselves to God and you will help consecrate all the ages following! Do not dwell so much on your hardships that you miss your chance of wielding an influence that shall look down upon you from the tower of an endless future. I know Martin Luther was right when he consoled his wife over the death of their daughter by saying: "Don't take on so, wife; remember that this is a hard world for girls." Yes, I go further and say: It is a hard world for women. Aye, I go further and say: It is a hard world for men. But for all women and men who trust their bodies and souls in the hand of Christ the shining gates will swing open. Don't you see the sickly pallor on the sky? That is the pallor on the cold cheek of the dying night. Don't you see the bright ening of the clouds? That is the flush on the warm forehead of the morning. Cheer up, you are coming within sight of the Celestial City.

Cairo, capital of Egypt, was called "City of Victory." Athens, capital of Greece, was called "City of the Violet Crown;" Baalbeck was called "City of the Sun," London was called "The City of Masts." Lucian's imaginary metropolis beyond the Zodiac was called "The City of Lanterns." But the city to which you journey hath all these in one, the victory, the crowns, the masts of those who have been harbored after the storm. Aye, all but the lanterns and the sun, because they have no need of any other light, since the Lamb is the light thereof.

ADVICE ON MARRIAGE.

A Woman's Views on One of the Most Important Questions of Life.

Parents who have the happiness and well-being of their daughters at heart are inclined to be watchful when some young man wishes to carry off the daughter they have loved and cared for all her life; and parents generally are sensible enough to know what is best for their daughters, and can understand a man's motives far better than the girls can. If they have real reason to think their daughter is sought for mercenary reasons, they would be derelict indeed if they did not oppose.

No, it is not because the parents are any more watchful of their daughters than parents ever have been; but the daughters as well as the parents prefer to judge who are the "prizes," of which there is but the smallest number. The prizes are not those young men who smoke and smoke and chew and chew until they are so narcotized and nicotinized that they haven't an idea above a cigar or a glass of rum. The prizes are not those who pass by on the other side to avoid meeting their tailor or shoemaker.

The reason girls do not marry is because they are better educated than girls were formerly; therefore, their perceptive faculties are cultivated, and they see how the large majority of married women are unhappy. Girls are educated to be independent and self-supporting, and when a girl can earn what money she wants she is contented, and does not have to marry for a home. Half the girls that do marry do so because they want homes, and because they do not know how to do any thing that is remunerative.

If you will notice the lists of those to whom marriage licenses are granted, the majority of the women are twenty-five years old and upward, which shows that girls are not in a hurry to marry.

Girls, don't imagine that a man is going to do any better after marrying than before. He usually deteriorates. If he chews, smokes, drinks intoxicants, is careless, is impolite, marrying won't change him. Don't marry a man to reform him. You can't do it. He will drag you down, if possible; at least, he will ruin your happiness.

Girls, fit yourselves for something useful. Learn to do something well, and do it, even if your parents are able to keep you without work. Be a success. It is your duty to work as well as your brother. There are so many employments open to women that there is no excuse for a woman to marry for a home. If a man has nothing, let him make something. If he has nothing when he is old enough to marry, it is not likely he ever will have.—*Mary Johns, in Farm and Fireside.*

VALUE OF POLITENESS.

An Art Intended to Put All Classes of People at Their Ease.

Politeness has been defined as "kindness kindly conferred," and this is perhaps as good a definition as can be given. Innate kindness of heart generates courtesy, since politeness is an art intended to put people at their ease. "Be affable and courteous in growth that you may be honored in age," is an aphorism that all young people should remember in this age of disrespect to elders. If a person beneath you in social standing bows to you, it should be courteously returned. La Fontaine, the French author of the immortal fables, said: "A bow is like a like a note drawn at sight, and if you acknowledge it you must pay the full amount," That is, it must be returned in the same spirit that it is given.

Once, while walking in Washington with a friend, the distinguished Daniel Webster returned the very low bow of a colored man. "Do you bow in that way to all darkies?" asked the friend, with a sneer.

"Would you have me outdone by a negro?" replied the statesman.

There was wisdom in his reply. None of us can afford to be less courteous than those we consider our inferiors socially. Under no ordinary circumstances should an acquaintance be cut in the street, and unless a very grave offense has been committed, the friends of former days should be met with, at least, a cordial bow.

"Good morning and good evening" are correct salutations when addressing acquaintances. "How are you?" is a more familiar form of speech which is much in vogue among friends of every grade of society; but the bow which accompanies it should always be respectfully low, and not a mere nod of the head.

Upon the mothers and sisters in the home the instruction of the boys in politeness depends. Girls take to "good manners" as naturally as ducks to the water, but in the case of boys it is a matter of line upon line and precept upon precept. A young man may acquire a good deal after he enters society; but the best manners are those to which he has always been accustomed, which grew up with him from his babyhood, and are a part of his very being.—*Christian at Work.*

Let the Children Help.

I speak from experience. My music was put away when number two came to us, and when, in sixteen months, number three came and the piano was sold, the prospect looked dark. But I played my old sonatas on the babies' backs as I patted the colic away, and I sang my old songs as I worked over my button-holes, until times brightened, as I knew they would. If a mother of six children takes all the responsibility, all the care of them, and does all the work too, there is a mistake somewhere in her management. Children are made happy by being allowed to help. I have a Scotch family living near me which serves as a good model. There are ten of them, but they are all so delightful it keeps you regretting that there are not more. When the third baby came it was called the baby of the oldest. The latter was deputed to pick up after it, amuse it, and later to dress it, etc. The fourth was the adopted child of number two, the fifth of number three. Number six looked to number four as her foster-mother, while seven was accounted the charge of five.—*Cor. Babyhood.*

—Evils in the journey of life are like the hills which alarm travelers upon their road; they both appear great at a distance, but when we approach them we find that they are far less insurmountable than we had conceived them.

—Observe a method in the distribution of your time.—*Bishop Horne.*

—No need to be a cripple because crutches are cheap.

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